

amount for the succeeding taxable year. The recognized built-in gain carryover consists of that portion of each item of income, gain, loss, and deduction not included in the S corporation's net recognized built-in gain for the year the carryover arose, as determined under paragraph (b) of this section.

(d) *Accounting methods.* In determining its taxable income for pre-limitation amount and taxable income limitation purposes, a corporation must use the accounting method(s) it uses for tax purposes as an S corporation.

(e) *Example.* The rules of this section are illustrated by the following example.

Example: Net recognized built-in gain. X is a calendar year C corporation that elects to become an S corporation on January 1, 1996. X has a net unrealized built-in gain of \$50,000 and no net operating loss or capital loss carryforwards. In 1996, X has a pre-limitation amount of \$20,000, consisting of ordinary income of \$15,000 and capital gain of \$5,000, a taxable income limitation of \$9,600, and a net unrealized built-in gain limitation of \$50,000. Therefore, X's net recognized built-in gain for 1996 is \$9,600, because that is the least of the three amounts described in paragraph (a) of this section. Under paragraph (b) of this section, X's net recognized built-in gain consists of recognized built-in ordinary income of \$7,200 [$\$15,000 \times (\$9,600 / \$20,000) = \$7,200$] and recognized built-in capital gain of \$2,400 [$\$5,000 \times (\$9,600 / \$20,000) = \$2,400$]. Under paragraph (c) of this section, X has a recognized built-in gain carryover to 1997 of \$10,400 ($\$20,000 - \$9,600 = \$10,400$), consisting of \$7,800 ($\$15,000 - \$7,200 = \$7,800$) of recognized built-in ordinary income and \$2,600 ($\$5,000 - \$2,400 = \$2,600$) of recognized built-in capital gain.

[T.D. 8579, 59 FR 66463, Dec. 27, 1994]

§ 1.1374-3 Net unrealized built-in gain.

(a) *In general.* An S corporation's net unrealized built-in gain is the total of the following—

(1) The amount that would be the amount realized if, at the beginning of the first day of the recognition period, the corporation had remained a C corporation and had sold all its assets at fair market value to an unrelated party that assumed all its liabilities; decreased by

(2) Any liability of the corporation that would be included in the amount realized on the sale referred to in para-

graph (a)(1) of this section, but only if the corporation would be allowed a deduction on payment of the liability; decreased by

(3) The aggregate adjusted bases of the corporation's assets at the time of the sale referred to in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; increased or decreased by

(4) The corporation's section 481 adjustments that would be taken into account on the sale referred to in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; and increased by

(5) Any recognized built-in loss that would not be allowed as a deduction under section 382, 383, or 384 on the sale referred to in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(b) *Example.* The rules of this section are illustrated by the following example.

Example: Net unrealized built-in gain. (i) (a) X, a calendar year C corporation using the cash method, elects to become an S corporation on January 1, 1996. On December 31, 1995, X has assets and liabilities as follows:

Assets	FMV	Basis
Factory	\$500,000	\$900,000
Accounts Receivable	300,000	0
Goodwill	250,000	0
Total	1,050,000	900,000
Liabilities	Amount	
Mortgage	\$200,000	
Accounts Payable	100,000	
Total	300,000	

(b) Further, X must include a total of \$60,000 in taxable income in 1996, 1997, and 1998 under section 481(a).

(ii) If, on December 31, 1995, X sold all its assets to a third party that assumed all its liabilities, X's amount realized would be \$1,050,000 ($\$750,000$ cash received + $\$300,000$ liabilities assumed = $\$1,050,000$). Thus, X's net unrealized built-in gain is determined as follows:

Amount realized —	\$1,050,000
Deduction allowed—	(100,000)
Basis of X's assets—	(900,000)
Section 481 adjustments	60,000
Net unrealized built-in gain—	110,000

[T.D. 8579, 59 FR 66464, Dec. 27, 1994]

§ 1.1374-4 Recognized built-in gain or loss.

(a) *Sales and exchanges—(1) In general.* Section 1374(d)(3) or 1374(d)(4) applies to any gain or loss recognized during