deficit in any separate category shall not permanently reduce earnings in other separate categories, but after the deemed-paid taxes are computed the separate limitation deficit shall be carried forward in the same separate category in which it was incurred. In addition, because deemed-paid taxes may not exceed taxes paid or accrued by the controlled foreign corporation, in computing deemed-paid taxes with respect to an inclusion out of a separate category that exceeds post-1986 undistributed earnings in that separate category, the numerator of the deemedpaid credit fraction (deemed inclusion from the separate category) may not exceed the denominator (post-1986 undistributed earnings in the separate category).

(5) Examples. The application of this paragraph (i) may be illustrated by the following examples. See §1.952–1(f)(4) for additional illustrations of these rules

Example 1. (i) A, a U.S. person, is the sole shareholder of CFC, a controlled foreign corporation formed on January 1, 1998, whose functional currency is the u. In 1998 CFC earns 100u of general limitation income described in section 904(d)(1)(I) that is not subpart F income and 100u of foreign personal holding company income that is passive income described in section 904(d)(1)(A). In 1998 CFC also incurs a (50u) loss in the shipping category described in section 904(d)(1)(D). CFC's subpart F income for 1998, 100u, does not exceed CFC's current earnings and profits of 150u. Accordingly, all 100u of CFC's subpart F income is included in A's gross income under section 951(a)(1)(A). Under section 904(d)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code and paragraph (i)(1) of this section, A includes 100u of passive limitation income in gross income for 1998.

(ii) For purposes of computing post-1986 undistributed earnings under sections 902, 904(d) and 960 with respect to the subpart F inclusion, the shipping limitation deficit of (50u) is allocated proportionately to reduce general limitation earnings of 100u and passive limitation earnings of 100u. Thus, general limitation earnings are reduced by 25u to 75u (100u general limitation earnings/200u total earnings in positive separate categories \times (50u) shipping deficit = 25u reduction), and passive limitation earnings are reduced by 25u to 75u (100u passive earnings/200u total earnings in positive separate categories × (50u) shipping deficit = 25u reduction). All of CFC's post-1986 foreign income taxes with respect to passive limitation earnings are deemed paid by A under section 960 with respect to the 100u subpart F inclusion of passive income (75u inclusion (numerator limited to denominator under paragraph (i)(4) of this section)/75u passive earnings). After the inclusion and deemed-paid taxes are computed, at the close of 1998 CFC has 100u of general limitation earnings, 0 of passive limitation earnings (100u of foreign personal holding company income — 100u inclusion), and a (50u) deficit in shipping limitation earnings.

Example 2. (i) The facts are the same as in Example 1 with the addition of the following facts. In 1999, CFC distributes 150u to A. CFC has 100u of previously-taxed earnings and profits described in section 959(c)(2) attributable to 1998, all of which is passive limitation earnings and profits. Under section 959(c), 100u of the 150u distribution is deemed to be made from earnings and profits described in section 959(c)(2). The remaining 50u is deemed to be made from earnings and profits described in section 959(c)(3). The entire dividend distribution of 50u is treated as made out of CFC's general limitation earnings and profits. See section 904(d)(3)(D).

- (ii) For purposes of computing post-1986 undistributed earnings under section 902 with respect to the 1999 dividend of 50u, the shipping limitation accumulated deficit of (50u) reduces general limitation earnings and profits of 100u to 50u. Thus, 100% of CFC's post-1986 foreign income taxes with respect to general limitation earnings are deemed paid by A under section 902 with respect to the 1999 dividend of 50u (50u dividend/50u general limitation earnings). After the deemedpaid taxes are computed, at the close of 1999 CFC has 50u of general limitation earnings (100u opening balance-50u distribution), 0 of passive limitation earnings, and a (50u) deficit in shipping limitation earnings.
- (6) Effective date. This paragraph (i) applies to taxable years of a controlled foreign corporation beginning after March 3, 1997.

[T.D. 7120, 36 FR 10852, June 4, 1971; 36 FR 11924, June 23, 1971, as amended by T.D. 7334, 39 FR 44211, Dec. 23, 1974; 40 FR 1014, Jan. 6, 1975; T.D. 7649, 44 FR 60088, 60089, Oct. 18, 1979; T.D. 7843, 47 FR 50472, Nov. 8, 1982; 47 FR 55477, Dec. 10, 1982; T.D. 7961, 49 FR 26225, June 27, 1984; T.D. 8704, 62 FR 21, Jan. 2, 1997]

§ 1.960-2 Interrelation of section 902 and section 960 when dividends are paid by third-, second-, or first-tier corporation.

(a) Scope of this section. This section prescribes rules for the application of section 902 in a case where dividends are paid by a third-, second-, or first-tier corporation, as the case may be,

from its earnings and profits for a taxable year when an amount attributable to such earnings and profits is included in the gross income of a domestic corporation under section 951, or when such earnings and profits are attributable to an amount excluded from the gross income of such foreign corporation under section 959(b) and §1.959-2, with respect to the domestic corporation. In making determinations under this section, any portion of a distribution received from a first-tier corporation by the domestic corporation which is excluded from the domestic corporation's gross income under section 959(a) and §1.959-1, or any portion of a distribution received from an immediately lower-tier corporation by the third-, second-, or first-tier corporation which is excluded from such foreign corporation's gross income under section 959(b) and §1.959-2, shall be treated as a dividend for purposes of taking into account under section 902 any foreign income taxes paid by such third-, second-, or first-tier corporation which are not deemed paid by the domestic corporation under section 960(a)(1) and § 1.960-1.

- (b) Application of section 902(b) to dividends received from an immediately lowertier corporation. For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section and paragraph (c)(1)(i) of §1.960-1, section 902(b) shall apply to all dividends received by the first- or second-tier corporation from the immediately lower-tier corporation other than dividends attributable to earnings and profits of such immediately lower-tier corporation in respect of which an amount is, or has been, included in the gross income of a domestic corporation under section 951 with respect to such immediately lower-tier corporation.
- (c) Application of section 902(a) to dividends received by domestic corporation from first-tier corporation. For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, section 902 (a) shall apply to all dividends received by the domestic corporation for its taxable year from the first-tier corporation other than dividends attributable to earnings and profits of such first-tier corporation in respect of which an amount is, or has been, included in the gross income of a domes-

tic corporation under section 951 with respect to such first-tier corporation.

- (d) Allocation of earnings and profits of a first- or second-tier corporation having income excluded under section 959(b)—(1) First-tier corporations. If the first-tier corporation for its taxable year receives dividends from the second-tier corporation to which in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section 902(b)(1) or section 902(b)(2) applies and other dividends from the second-tier corporation to which such sections do not apply, then in applying section 902(a) pursuant to this section and in applying section 960(a)(1) pursuant to 1.960-1(c)(1)(i), with respect to the foreign income taxes paid and deemed paid by the second-tier corporation which are deemed paid by the first-tier corporation for such taxable year under section 902(b)(1)—
- (i) The earnings and profits of the first-tier corporation for such taxable year shall be considered not to include its earnings and profits which are attributable to the dividends to which section 902(b)(1) does not apply (in determining the domestic corporation's credit for the taxes paid by the secondtier corporation) or which are attributable to the dividends to which sections 902(b)(1) and 902(b)(2) do not apply (in determining the domestic corporation's credit for taxes deemed paid by the second-tier corporation) and
- (ii) For the purposes of so applying section 902(a), distributions to the domestic corporation from such earnings and profits which are attributable to the dividends to which section 902(b)(1) does not apply (in determining the domestic corporation's credit for taxes paid by the second-tier corporation) or which are attributable to the dividends to which sections 902(b)(1) and 902(b)(2) do not apply (in determining the domestic corporation's credit for taxes deemed paid by the second-tier corporation) shall not be treated as a dividend.
- (2) Second-tier corporations. If the second-tier corporation for its taxable year receives dividends from the third-tier corporation to which, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section section 902(b)(2) applies and other dividends from the third-tier corporation to which such section does not apply,

then in applying section 902(b)(1) pursuant to this section, and in applying section 960(a)(1) pursuant to paragraph (c)(1)(i) of §1.960-1, with respect to the foreign taxes deemed paid by the second-tier corporation for such taxable year under section 902(b)(2)—

- (i) The earnings and profits of the second-tier corporation for such taxable year shall be considered not to include its earnings and profits which are attributable to such other dividends from the third-tier corporation, and
- (ii) For the purposes of so applying section 902(b)(1), distributions to the first-tier corporation from such earnings and profits which are attributable to such other dividends from the third-tier corporation shall not be treated as a dividend.
- (e) Separate determinations under sections 902(a), 902(b)(1), and 902(b)(2) in the case of a first-, second-, or third-tier corporation having income excluded under section 956(b). If in the case of a first-, second-, or third-tier corporation to which paragraph (b) or (c) of this section is applied—
- (1) The earnings and profits of such foreign corporation for its taxable year consist of—
- (i) Dividends received from an immediately lower-tier corporation which are attributable to amounts included in the gross income of a domestic corporation under section 951 with respect to the immediately lower- or lower-tier corporations, and
 - (ii) Other earnings and profits, and
- (2) The effective rate of foreign income taxes paid or accrued by such foreign corporation on the dividends described in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section is higher or lower than the effective rate of foreign income taxes attributable to its earnings and profits described in paragraph (e)(1)(ii) of this section,

then, for purposes of applying paragraph (b) or (c) of this section to dividends paid by such foreign corporation to the domestic corporation or the first- or second-tier corporation, sections 902(a), 902(b)(1), and 902(b)(2) shall be applied separately to the portion of the dividend which is attributable to the earnings and profits described in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section and separately to the portion of the divi-

dend which is attributable to the earnings and profits described in paragraph (e)(1)(ii) of this section. In making a separate determination with respect to the earnings and profits described in paragraph (e)(1)(i) or (e)(1)(ii) of this section, only the foreign income taxes paid or accrued (or, in the case of earnings and profits of a first- or secondtier corporation described in paragraph (e)(1)(ii) of this section, deemed to be paid) by such foreign corporation on the income attributable to such earnings and profits shall be taken into account. For purposes of applying this paragraph (e), no part of the foreign income taxes paid, accrued, or deemed to be paid which are attributable to the earnings and profits described in paragraph (e)(1)(ii) of this section shall be attributed to the dividend described in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section; and no part of the foreign income taxes paid or accrued on the dividend described in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section shall be attributed to the earnings and profits described in paragraph (e)(1)(ii) of this section. Furthermore, the effective rate of foreign income taxes paid or accrued shall be determined consistently with the principles of paragraphs (b)(3)(iv) and (viii) and (c) of §1.954-1. Thus, for example, the effective rate of foreign income taxes on dividends received by such foreign corporation shall be determined by taking into account any intercorporate dividends received deduction allowed to such corporation for such dividends.

(f) Illustrations. The application of this section may be illustrated by the following examples. In all of the examples other than examples 6, 7, 9 and 10, it is assumed that the effective rate of foreign income taxes paid or accrued by the first- or second-tier corporation, as the case may be, in respect to dividends received from the immediately lower-tier corporation, is the same as the effective rate of foreign income taxes paid or accrued by the first- or second-tier corporation with respect to its other income:

Example 1. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, N

Corporation is required under section 951 to include \$50 in gross income attributable to the earnings and profits of A Corporation for such year, but is not required to include any amount in gross income under section 951 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation. For such year, B Corporation distributes a dividend of \$45, but A Corporation does not make any distributions. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978 under section 960(a)(1), after applying section 902(b)(1) for such year of A Corporation, are determined as follows upon the basis of the facts assumed:

B Corporation (second-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits	\$100.00
Foreign income taxes (40%)	40.00
Earnings and profits	60.00
Dividends paid to A Corporation	\$45.00
Foreign income taxes paid by B Corporation	Ψ-3.00
on or with respect to its accumulated profits	40.00
Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	40.00
deemed paid by A Corporation for 1978	
under section 902(b)(1) (\$45/\$60×\$40)	30.00
	30.00
A Corporation (first-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits:	
Dividends from B Corporation \$45.00	
Other income 100.00	
Total pretax earnings and	
profits	145.00
Foreign income taxes (20%)	29.00
	116.00
Earnings and profits Foreign income taxes paid, and deemed to be	110.00
paid, by A Corporation on or with respect to	50.00
its earnings and profits (\$29+\$30)	59.00
Amount required to be included in N Corpora-	
tion's gross income under section 951 with	
respect to A Corporation	50.00
Dividends paid to N Corporation	0
N Corporation (domestic corporation):	
Foreign income taxes of A Corporation	
deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978	
under section 960(a)(1) (\$50/\$116×\$59)	25.43

Example 2. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, N Corporation is required under section 951 to include in gross income \$150 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation for such year, which B Corporation distributes during such year. Corporation N is not required for 1978 to include any amount in gross income under section 951 attributable to the earnings and profits of A Corporation, but A Corporation distributes for such year \$135 from its earnings and profits attributable to B Corporation's dividend. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978 under section 960(a)(1)(C) and section 902(a) are determined as follows upon the basis of the facts assumed:

B Corporation (second-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits	\$250.00
Foreign income taxes (20%)	50.00
Earnings and profits	200.00

Amounts required to be included in N Cor-	
poration's gross income under section 951	450.00
with respect to B Corporation	150.00
Dividends paid to A Corporation	150.00
Foreign income taxes paid on or with respect	
to earnings and profits of B Corporation	50.00
A Corporation (first-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits:	
Dividends from B Corporation \$150.00	
Other income 200.00	
Total pretax earnings and profits	350.00
Foreign income taxes (10%)	35.00
Earnings and profits	315.00
Dividends paid to N Corporation	135.00
Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation	133.00
on or with respect to its accumulated profits	35.00
N Corporation (domestic corporation):	33.00
Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	
deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978	07.50
under section 960(a)(1) (\$150/\$200×\$50)	37.50
Foreign income taxes of A Corporation	
deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978	
under section 902(a) (\$135/\$315×\$35)	15.00
Total foreign income taxes deemed	
paid by N Corporation under section	
901	52.50

Example 3. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, N Corporation is required under section 951 to include \$180 in gross income attributable to the earnings and profits of A Corporation for such year, but is not required to include any amount in gross income under section 951 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation. Corporation B distributes from its earnings and profits for 1978 a dividend of \$50. For 1978, A Corporation distributes \$180 from its earnings and profits attributable to the amount required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income for such year with respect to A Corporation and \$20 from its other earnings and profits. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978 under section 960(a)(1) and section 902(a) are determined as follows upon the basis of the facts assumed:

B Corporation (second-tier corporation): \$100.00 Pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes (40%) 40.00 Earnings and profits Dividends paid to A Corporation ... 50.00 Foreign income taxes paid by B Corporation on or with respect to its accumulated profits 40.00 Foreign income taxes of B Corporation deemed paid by A Corporation for 1978 under section 902(b)(1) (\$50/\$60×\$40) 33.33 A Corporation (first-tier corporation): Pretax earnings and profits: Dividends from B Corporation \$50.00 Other income Total pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes (10%) Earnings and profits 225 00

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58.33	Foreign income taxes paid, and deemed to be paid, by A Corporation on or with respect to its earnings and profits (\$25.00+\$33.33) Amounts required to be included in N Cor-
180.00	poration's gross income for 1978 under sec- tion 951 with respect to A Corporation
100.00	Dividends paid to N Corporation:
	Dividends to which section
	902(a) does not apply (from
	A Corporation's earnings
	and profits in respect of
	which an amount is required
	under section 951 to be in-
	cluded in N Corporation's
	gross income with respect to
	A Corporation) 180.00
	Dividends to which section 902(a) applies (from A Cor-
	poration's other earnings
	and profits) 20.00
\$200.00	Total dividends paid to N Corporation
	Corporation (domestic corporation):
	Foreign income taxes of corporations A and B deemed paid by N Corporation under sec-
46.66	tion 960(a)(1) (\$180/\$225×\$58.33)
40.00	Foreign income taxes of corporations A and B
	deemed paid by N Corporation under sec-
5.18	tion 902(a) (\$20/\$225×\$58.33)
	Total foreign income taxes deemed
51.84	paid by N Corporation under section 901
31.04	JUI

Example 4. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, N Corporation is required under section 951 to include in gross income \$150 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation for such year and \$22.50 attributable to the earnings and profits of A Corporation for such year. For 1978, B Corporation distributes \$175, consisting of \$150 from its earnings and profits attributable to amounts required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation and \$25 from its other earnings and profits. Corporation A does not distribute any dividends for 1978. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978 under section 960(a)(1) are determined as follows upon the basis of the facts assumed:

B Corporation (second-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits	\$250.00
Foreign income taxes (20%)	50.00
Earnings and profits	200.00
Amounts required to be included in N Cor-	
poration's gross income under section 951	
for 1978 with respect to B Corporation	150.00

Dividends to which section 902(b) does not apply (from B Corporation's earnings and profits in respect of which an amount is required under section 951 to be in-	
cluded in N Corporation's gross income with respect to	
B Corporation)	
Corporation's other earnings and profits)	
Total dividends paid to A Corporation Foreign income taxes paid by B Corporation	175.00
on or with respect to its accumulated profits Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	50.50
deemed paid by A Corporation for 1978 under section 902(b)(1) (\$25/\$200×\$50) A Corporation (first-tier corporation):	6.25
Pretax earnings and profits	175.00
Foreign income tax (10 percent)	17.50
Earnings and profits	157.50
Earnings and profits after exclusion of amounts attributable to dividends to which section 902(b) does not apply (\$157.50 less	137.30
[\$150 – (\$150×0.10)]) Amount required to be included in N Corpora-	22.50
tion's gross income for 1978 under section	
951 with respect to A Corporation	22.50
Dividends paid to N Corporation	0
N Corporation (domestic corporation):	
Foreign income taxes deemed paid	
by N Corporation under section	
960(a)(1)(C) with respect to A	
Corporation:	
Tax actually paid by A Corporation (\$22.50/	
\$157.50×\$17.50)	
section 902(b)(1) (\$22.50/ \$22.50×\$6.25)	
Fareign income toyon deemed noted by M. O	8.75
Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation under section 960(a)(1)(C) with re-	
spect to B Corporation (\$150/\$200×\$50)	37.50
Total taxes deemed paid under section 960(a)(1)(C)	46.20

Example 5. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, N Corporation is required under section 951 to include in gross income \$150 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation for such year and \$22.50 attributable to the earnings and profits of A Corporation for such year. For 1978, B Corporation distributes \$175, consisting of \$150 from its earnings and profits attributable to amounts required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation and \$25 from its other earnings and profits. For 1978, A Corporation distributes \$225, consisting of \$135 from its earnings

and profits attributable to the amount required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross, income with respect to B Corporation, \$22.50 from its earnings and profits attributable to the amount required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to A Corporation, and \$67.50 from its other earnings and profits. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978 under section 960(a)(1) and section 902(a)(1) are determined as follows upon the basis of the facts assumed:

B Corporation (second-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits	\$250.00
Foreign income taxes (20%)	50.00
Earnings and profits	200.00
Amounts required to be included in N Cor-	
poration's gross income for 1978 under sec-	
tion 951 with respect to B Corporation	150.00
Dividends paid by B Corporation:	
Dividends to which section	
902(b) does not apply (from	
B Corporation's earnings	
and profits in respect of	
which an amount is required	
under section 951 to be in-	
cluded in N Corporation's	
gross income with respect to	
B Corporation) \$150.00	
Dividends to which section	
902(b) applies (from B Cor-	
poration's other earnings	
and profits) \$25.00	
Total dividends paid to A Corporation	\$175.00
Foreign income taxes paid by B Corporation	

on or with respect to its accumulated profits Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	50.00
deemed paid by A Corporation for 1978	
under section 902(b)(1) (\$25/\$200×\$50)	6.25
Corporation (first-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits:	
Dividends received from B	
Corporation 175.00	
Other income 100.00	
Total pretax earnings and profits	275.00
Foreign income taxes (10 percent)	27.50
Earnings and profits	247.50
Earnings and profits after exclusion of	
amounts attributable to dividends to which	
section 902(b) does not apply (\$247.50 less	
[\$150 - (\$150×0.10)])	112.50
Amount required to be included in N Corpora-	
tion's gross income for 1978 under section	
951 with respect to A Corporation	22.50
stributions paid by A Corporation:	
Dividends to which section 902(a)	
does not apply (From A Corpora-	
tion's earnings and profits in re-	
spect of which an amount is required under section 951 to be	
included in N Corporation's gross	
income with respect to A Cor-	
poration) 22.50	
Dividends to which section 902(a)	
applies (from A Corporation's	
applies (from 77 corporations	

other earnings and profits)

poration

Total dividends paid to N Cor-

Α (

Dis

Corporation (domestic corporation):	
Foreign income taxes deemed paid	
by N Corporation under section	
960(a)(1) with respect to—	
B Corporation (\$150/	07.50
\$200×\$50)	37.50
A Corporation:	
Tax paid by A Corporation (\$22.50/	
\$247.50×\$27.50)	
Tax of B Corporation	
deemed paid by A Cor-	
poration under section	
902(b)(1) (\$22.50/ \$112.50×\$6.25) 1.25	3.75
\$112.50×\$6.25) 1.25	3.75
Total taxes deemed paid under	
section 960(a)(1)	41.25
Foreign income taxes deemed paid	
by N Corporation under section	
902(a)(1) with respect to A Cor-	
poration:	
Tax paid by A Corporation	
(\$200.50/\$247.50×\$27.50) 22.50	
Tax of B Corporation deemed	
paid by A Corporation	
(\$67.50/ \$112.50×\$6.25) 3.75	
Total tayon deemed noid under one	
Total taxes deemed paid under section 902(a)(1)	26.52
ιιοπ 302(α)(1)	20.52
Total foreign income taxes deemed paid	
by N Corporation under section 901	67.05

Example 6. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. A and B corporations are organized under the laws of foreign country X. All of B corporation's assets used in a trade or business are located in country X. Country X imposes an income tax of 20 percent on B corporation's income. For 1978, N Corporation is required under section 951 to include in gross income \$100 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation for such year. For 1978, B Corporation distributes \$150, consisting of \$100 from its earnings and profits attributable to the amount required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation and \$50 from its other earnings and profits. Country X imposes an income tax of 10 percent on A Corporation's income but exempts from tax dividends received from B Corporation. N is not required to include any amount in gross income under section 951 for 1978 attributable to the earnings and profits of A Corporation for such year. For 1978, A Corporation distributes \$175, consisting of \$100 from its earnings and profits attributable to the amount required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation, and \$75 from its other earnings and profits. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978 under

202.50

225 00

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section 960(a)(1) and section 902(a) are determined as follows on the basis of the facts assumed:

B Corporation (2d-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits	\$200.00
Foreign income taxes (20%)	40.00
Earnings and profits	160.00
Amount required to be included in N Corpora-	
tion's gross income for 1978 under section 951 with respect to B Corporation	100.00
Dividends paid by B Corporation:	.00.00
Dividends to which section 902(b)	
does not apply (from B corpora-	
tion's earnings and profits in re- spect of which an amount is re-	
quired under section 951 to be	
included in N corporation's gross	
income with respect to B corporation) \$100.00	
British and the state of the st	
902(b)(1) applies (from B cor-	
poration's other earnings and	
profits) 50.00	
Total dividends paid to A corporation	150.00
Foreign income taxes of B corpora-	
tion deemed paid by A corpora- tion for 1978 under section	
902(b)(1) (\$50/\$100× \$40)	
A corporation (1st-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits:	
Dividends received from B corporation	
poration	
Total pretax earnings and	250.00
profits Foreign income taxes:	250.00
On dividends received from B	
corporation None	
On other income (\$100×0.10) 10.00	
Total foreign income taxes	10.00
Earnings and profits: Attributable to dividends received from B cor-	
poration to which section 902(b) does not	
apply	100.00
Attributable to other income:	
Attributable to dividends received	
from B Corporation to which section 902(b)(1) applies 50.00	
Attributable to other income	
(\$100 – \$10) 90.00	
Subtotal	140.00
Total earnings and profits	240.00
Earnings and profits after exclusion of	
amounts attributable to dividends to which section 902(b) does not apply (\$240 – \$100)	140.00
Amount required to be included in N corpora-	140.00
tion's gross income for 1978 under section	
951 with respect to A corporation	None
Dividends paid by A corporation: Dividends to which section	
902(a) does not apply (from	
A corporation's earnings and	
profits in respect of which an	
amount is required under section 951 to be included in	
N corporation's gross in-	
come with respect to A cor-	

come with respect to A corporation)

Dividends to which section 902(a) applies (from A corporation's other earnings and profits)	
Total dividends paid to N corporation N corporation (domestic corporation): Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N cor-	\$175.00
poration under section 960(a)(1) with respect to B corporation (\$100/\$160×\$40) Foreign income taxes deemed paid	25.00
by N corporation under section 902(a) with respect to A corpora- tion (allocation of earnings and profits being made under pars.	
(c)(2) and (d) of this section): Tax paid by A corporation in respect to dividends re-	
ceived from B Corporation to which section 902(b) does not apply (\$100/\$100×\$0) None	
Tax paid by A corporation in respect to its other income (\$75/\$140×\$10)	
Tax paid by B corporation deemed paid by A corporation in respect to such other	
income (\$75/\$140×\$12.50) 6.70	
Total taxes deemed paid under section 902(a)	12.06
tion under section 901 37.06	

Example 7. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, N Corporation is required under section 951 to include in gross income \$150 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation for such year and \$47.50 attributable to the earnings and profits of A Corporation for such year. For 1978, B Corporation distributes \$200, consisting of \$150 from its earnings and profits attributable to the amount required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation and \$50 from its other earnings and profits. The country under the laws of which A Corporation is incorporated imposes an income tax of 5 percent on dividends received from a subsidiary corporation and 20 percent on other income. For 1978, A Corporation distributes \$100 from its earnings and profits to N Corporation, such amount being attributable under paragraph (e) of §1.959-3 to the amount required under section 951 to be included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation for 1978 under section 960(a)(1) and section 902(a) are determined as follows on the basis of the facts assumed:

B Corporation (2d-tier corporation):	
Pretax earnings and profits	\$250.00
Foreign income taxes (20 percent)	150.00
Earnings and profits	200.00

None

Amount required to be included in N Corpora-		Dividends to which section
tion's gross income for 1978 under section		902(a)(1) applies (from A cor-
951 with respect to B corporation	150.00	poration's other earnings and
Dividends paid by B corporation:		profits)
Dividends to which section 902(b) does not apply (from		Total dividends paid to N corporation \$100.00
B corporation's earnings and		N Corporation (domestic corporation):
profits in respect of which an		Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N cor-
amount is required under		poration under section 960(a)(1) with re-
section 951 to be included in		spect to—B corporation (\$150/\$200×\$50) 37.50
N corporation's gross in-		A corporation (allocation of earnings and prof-
come with respect to B cor-		its being made under §1.960-1(c)(3) and
poration) \$150.00 Dividends to which section		par. (d) of this section):
902(b)(1) applies (from B		Tax paid by A corporation
corporation's other earnings		(\$47.50/\$127.50×\$22.50) 8.38
and profits) 50.00		Tax of B corporation deemed paid by A corporation under
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		section 902(b)(1) (\$47.50/
Total dividends paid to A corporation	200.00	\$127.50×\$12.50) 4.66
Foreign income taxes of B corporation		·
deemed paid by A corporation for 1978	12.50	Total
under section 902(b)(1) (\$50/\$200×\$50) A corporation (1st-tier corporation):	12.50	
Pretax earnings and profits:		Total taxes deemed paid
Dividends received from B cor-		under section 960(a)(1) 50.54
poration		Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N corporation under section
Other income 100.00		902(a) with respect to A corpora-
		tion (allocations of earnings and
Total pretax earnings and profits	300.00	profits being made under pars.
Foreign income taxes:		(c)(2) and (d) of this section)
On dividends received from B corporation		(\$100/\$142.50×\$7.50) 5.26
to which section 902(b) does not apply	7.50	Total familiar income toward desired
(\$150× 0.05) On other income:	7.50	Total foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation under section 901 55.80
Dividends received from B		by N Corporation under section 901 55.80
corporation to which		Example 8. Domestic corporation N owns
section 902(b)(1) ap-		all the one class of stock of controlled for-
plies (\$50× 0.05) 2.50		eign corporation A, which owns all the one
Other income of A cor-		class of stock of controlled foreign corpora-
poration (\$100×0.20) 20.00		tion B, which owns all the one class of stock
Tatal	22.50	of controlled foreign corporation C. All such
Total	22.50	corporations use the calendar year as the
Total foreign income taxes	30.00	taxable year. For 1978, N Corporation is re-
Earnings and profits:		quired under section 951 to include \$50 attrib-
Attributable to dividends received from B cor-		utable to the earnings and profits of C Cor-
poration to which section 902(b) does not		poration and \$15 attributable to the earnings
apply (\$150 – \$7.50)	142.50	and profits of B Corporation in its gross in-
Attributable to other income:		come. N Corporation is not required to in-
Attributable to dividends re- ceived from B corporation to		clude any amount in its gross income with
which section 902(b)(1) ap-		respect to A Corporation under section 951 in
plies (\$50 – \$2.50)		1978. For such year, C Corporation distrib-
Attributable to other income		utes \$75 to B Corporation. B Corporation in
(\$100 – \$20 80.00		
		turn distributes \$60 of its earnings and prof-
Total	127.50	its to A Corporation. A Corporation has no
Total earnings and profits	270.00	other earnings and profits for 1978 and dis-
Earnings and profits after exclusion of amounts at-	270.00	tributes \$45 of its earnings and profits to N
tributable to dividends to which section 902(b)		Corporation. The foreign income taxes
does not apply (\$270 less \$142.50)	127.50	deemed paid by N Corporation under section
Amount required to be included in N corporation's		960(a)(1) and section 902(a) are determined as
gross income for 1978 under section 951 with	47.50	follows on the basis of the facts assumed:
respect to A corporation	47.50	C Corporation (third-tier corporation):
Dividends paid by A Corporation:		
Dividends to which section 902(a) does not apply (from A corpora-		Pretax earnings and profits\$150.00
tion's earnings and profits in re-		Foreign taxes paid by C Corporation (30%) 45.00
spect of which an amount is re-		Earnings and profits
quired under section 951 to be		Amount required to be included in gross income of
included in N corporation's gross		N Corporation under section 951 with respect to C Corporation
income with respect to A cor-		Dividend to B Corporation
poration) None		75.00

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Dividend from earnings and profits
to which section 902(b)(2) does
not apply (attributable to
amounts included in N Corpora-
tion's gross income under sec-
tion 951 with respect to C Cor-
poration)

Dividend from earnings and profits to which section 902(b)(2) applies (attributable to amounts not included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to C Corporation) ...

Amount of foreign income taxes of C Corporation deemed paid by B Corporation under section 902(b)(2) and § 1.960-2(b):

Dividend to B Corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under

50.00

section 951 with respect to C Corporation Earnings and profits of C Corporation

\times Taxes paid by C Corporation

Amount to be included in gross income under section 951 of N Corporation with respect to B Cor-\$10.71 poration 15.00 Amount of dividend to A Corporation 60.00 B Corporation (second-tier corporation): Dividend from earnings and profits to which section 902(b)(2) does Pretax earnings and profits: apply (attributable Dividend from C Corporation \$75.00 amounts included in N Corpora-Other earnings and profits 225.00 tion's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Cor-Total pretax earnings and profits \$300.00 30.00 Foreign income taxes paid by B Corporation (40%) 120.00 to which section 902(b)(1) does Earnings and profits .. 180.00 not apply (attributable to amounts included in N Corpora-Earnings and profits attributable to amounts to which section 902(b)(2) does not apply (amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Cor-15.00 poration) tion's gross income under sec-Dividend from other earnings and tion 951 with respect to C Corprofits (attributable to amounts not included in N Corporation's poration (\$50 – (\$50×.40)) Other earnings and profits gross income under section 951 with respect to B or C Corpora-Earnings and profits of B Corporation after exclu-15.00 sion for amounts to which section 902(b)(2) Foreign income taxes of B Corporation deemed does not apply (amounts attributable to earnings paid by A Corporation under section 902(b)(1) and profits which are included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation) (\$180 – \$30) and § 1.960-2(b): 150.00 Dividend to A Corporation less portion of divi – dend from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951

with respect to B Corporation

Earnings and profits of B Corporation

- × Taxes paid by B Corporation

(\$45/\$180×120) Foreign income taxes (of C Corporation) deemed

paid by B Corporation deemed paid by A Corporation under section 902(b)(1) in accordance with § 1.960-2(b) and § 1.960-2(d)(2)(i) and (ii):

\$30.00

Dividend to A Corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation and C Corporation

Earnings and profits of B Corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to C Corporation

Taxes paid by C Corporation

which are deemed paid by

B Corporation

		Earnings and profits of A Corporation after exclu-	
(\$15/\$150×\$10.71)	1.07	sion for amounts to which sections 902(b)(1)	
(ψ10/ψ100/ψ10.71)	1.07	and (2) do not apply (attributable to amounts in-	
A Corporation (first-tier corporation):		cluded in N Corporation's gross income under	
(y (y		section 951 with respect to B or C Corporation)	
Dratay comings and profits.		(\$40.50 – \$27.00)	13.50
Pretax earnings and profits:		Dividend to N Corporation	45.00
Dividend from B Corporation \$60.00		Dividend from earnings and profits	
Other earnings and profits 0		to which section 902(b)(2) does	
		not apply (attributable to	
Total pretax earnings and profits	\$60.00	amounts included in N Corpora-	
Total pretax earnings and profits	Ψ00.00	tion's gross income under sec-	
Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation (10%)	6.00	tion 951 with respect to C Cor-	
Earnings and profits	54.00	poration)\$27.00	
Earnings and profits attributable to	000		
amounts to which section		Dividend from earnings and profits	
902(b)(2) does not apply (attrib-		to which section 902(b)(1) does	
		not apply (attributable to	
utable to amounts previously in-		amounts included in N Corpora-	
cluded in N Corporation's gross		tion's gross income under sec-	
income under section 951 with		tion 951 with respect to B Cor-	
respect to C Corporation)		poration) 13.50	
(\$30 – (\$30X.10))		Dividend from earnings and profits	
Earnings and profits attributable to		to which section 902(a) does not	
amounts to which section		apply (attributable to amounts in-	
902(b)(1) does not apply (attrib-		cluded in N Corporation's gross	
utable to amounts included in N		income under section 951 with	
Corporation's gross income		respect to A Corporation) 0	
under section 951 with respect to		Dividend from other earnings and	
B Corporation) (\$15 – (\$15X.10)) 13.50		profits (attributable to amounts	
Other earnings and profits (\$15—		not included in N Corporation's	
(\$15X.10))		gross income under section 951	
(\$107410))		with respect to A, B, or C Cor-	
Earnings and profits of A Corporation after exclu-		poration) 4.50	
sion for amounts to which section 902(b)(1)		F/	
does not apply (attributable to amounts included		N Corporation (domestic corporation):	
in N Corporation's gross income under section		in Corporation (admestic corporation).	
951 with respect to B Corporation)			
(\$54.00 – \$13.50)	40.50	Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corpora-	
V: + /		tion under section 960(a)(1) and §1.960-	
		1(c)(1)(ii) with respect to C Corporation:	

Amount included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation

Earnings and profits of C Corporation

× Taxes paid by C Corporation

(\$50/\$105×\$45.00)	\$21.43
Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation under section 960(a)(1) and §1.960–1(c)(1)(i) with respect to B Corporation	11.07
Taxes paid by B Corporation:	

Amount included in N Corporation's gros under section 951 with respect to B Corp	oration
Earnings and profits of B Corporation	on × Taxes paid by B Corporation
(\$15/\$180×\$120)\$10.00	Taxes deemed paid by B Corporation in accordance with $1.960-2(d)(2)(i)$:
Amount included in N Corporation's gros under section 951 with respect to B Corp Earnings and profits of B Corporation less and profits attributable to amounts incl in N Corporation's gross income with respect to C Corporation	oration
(\$15/\$150×\$10.71)	Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation under section 902(a): Taxes paid by A Corporation in accordance with §1.960-2(c):
Dividend to N Corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation of A Corporation of A Corporation of A Corporation of A Corporation	n r ion × Taxes paid by A Corporation
(\$45/\$54×\$6)\$5.00	Taxes paid by B Corporation deemed paid by A Corporation in accordance with §§ 1.960–2(c) and 1.960–2(d)(1)(i) and (ii):
Dividend to N Corportion less portion of divided from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A and B Corporations Earnings and profits of A Corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation	Taxes paid by B Corporation which are deemed paid by A Corporation
(\$31.50/\$40.50×\$30.00)	in accordance with $1.960-2(c)$ and $1.960-2(d)(1)(i)$ and (ii):

Dividend to N Corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A, B, and C Corporations

Earnings and profits of A Corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B and C Corporations Taxes deemed paid by B

× Corporation which are deemed paid by A Corporation

Dividend to which section 902(b)(2)

Example 9. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation C. A and B Corporations are organized under the laws of foreign country X. C Corporation is organized under the laws of foreign country Y. All of B Corporation's assets used in a trade or business are located in country X. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, N Corporation is required to include in its gross income under section 951, \$50 attributable to the earnings and profits of C Corporation and \$100 attributable to the earnings and profits of B Corporation. N Corporation is not required to include any amount in its gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation. Country X imposes an income tax of 10 percent on dividends from foreign subsidiaries, 20 percent on dividends from domestic subsidiaries, and 40 percent on other earnings and profits. For 1978, C Corporation distributes \$75 to B Corporation. For such year, B Corporation distributes \$175 of its earnings and profits to A Corporation. A Corporation has no other earnings and profits for 1978 and distributes \$130 of its earnings and profits to N Corporation. The foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation under sections 960(a)(1) and 902(a) are determined as follows on the basis of the facts assumed:

C Corporation (third-tier corporation):

Pretax earnings and profits	\$150.00
Foreign income taxes paid by C Corporation (30%)	45.00
Earnings and profits	105.00
Amount required to be included in gross income of	
N Corporation under section 951 with respect to	
C Corporation	50.00
Dividend to B Corporation	75.00

does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation)	
amount of foreign income taxes of C Corporation deemed paid by B Corporation under section 902(b)(2) and § 1.960–2(b) (\$25/\$105x\$45) (For formula see § 1.960–2(g)(1)(i)(A))	10.71
B Corporation (second-tier corporation	ı):
Pretax earnings and profits: Dividend from C Corporation	_
Total pretax earnings and profits	\$300.00
oreign income taxes paid by B Corporation On dividends received from C Corporation to which section 902(b)(2) does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation) (\$50×.10)	97.50
On other income of B Corporation	
(\$225×.40)	
arrings and profits Attributable to dividend to which section 902(b)(2) does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation) (\$50 - \$5)	202.50
Corporation) (\$25 – \$2.50) \$22.50	

Attributable to other income of B Corporation (\$225 – \$90)

135 00

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Earnings and profits after exclusion of amounts attributable to dividend to which section 902(b)(2) does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation) (\$202.50 – \$45)	Dividend from other earnings and profits (attributable to amounts not included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B or C Corporation)
Portion of dividend to A Corporation from earnings included in N Corporation gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation or lower-tiers Earnings and profits of B Corporation included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation or lower-tiers	Tax paid by B Corporation on dividend received by B Corporation × from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to C Corporation or lower-tiers
(\$45/\$45×\$5)\$5.00 Tax paid by B Corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to C Corpora-	tion or lower-tiers which is deemed paid by A Corporation: $ \\$
Portion of dividend to A Corporation which is from earnings not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation or lower-tiers Earnings and profits of B Corporation not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation or lower-tiers	Tax paid by B Corporation on earnings not included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to C Corporation or lower-tiers
(\$30/157.50×\$92.50)	Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation (20%) Earnings and profits

Total pretax earnings and profits \$175.00

Internal Revenue Service, Treasury	§ 1.960–2
Attributable to other earnings and profits (attributable to amounts not included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B or C Corporation)	Dividend to which section 902(a) does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation's (attributable to amounts not included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to A, B, or C Corporation)
amounts included in N Corpora-	

Amount included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation

80.00

tion's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Cor-

poration)

tion under section 902(a):

Earnings and profits of B Corporation not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation or lower tiers

Tax paid by B Corporation on earnings not included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to C Corporation or lower tiers

Corporation:

Portion of dividend to N Corporation which is from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation or lower tiers

Earnings and profits of A Corporation included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation or lower tiers

(\$36/\$36×\$5)\$5.00

Tax paid by B Corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to C Corporation or lower tiers which is deemed paid by A Corporation

Tax paid by B Corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to C Corporation or lower tiers which is deemed paid by N Corporation:

Portion of dividend to N Corporation which is from earnings not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation or lower tiers

Earnings and profits of A Corporation not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers

Example 10. The facts are the same as in example 9 except that A Corporation has other earnings and profits of \$200 in 1978 and country X imposes a tax of 50 percent on A Corporation's other earnings and profits. A Corporation distributes \$200 of its earnings and profits to N Corporation in 1978. The foreign income taxes paid by N Corporation under sections 960 (a)(1) and 902 (a) are determined as follows on the basis of the facts assumed:

C Corporation (third-tier corporation):

Pretax earnings and profits	\$150.00
Foreign income taxes paid by C Corporation (30%)	45.00
Earnings and profits	105.00
Amount required to be included in gross income of	
N Corporation under section 951 with respect to	
C Corporation	\$50.00
Dividend to B Corporation	75.00

Tax paid by B Corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to C Corporation or lower tiers which is deemed paid by A Corporation

Dividend to which section 902(b)(2)

does not apply (attributable to	
amounts included in N Corpora-	
tion's gross income under sec-	
tion 951 with respect to C Cor-	
poration) 50.00	
Dividend to which section 902(b)(2)	
applies (attributable to amounts	
not included in N Corporation's	
gross income under section 951	
with respect to C Corporation) 25.00	
Amount of foreign income taxes of C Corporation	
deemed paid by B Corporation under section	
902(b)(2) and § 1.960-2(b) (\$25/\$105×\$45)	10.71
(for formula see § 1.960-2(g)(1)(i)(A))	
B Corporation (second-tier corporation):
Pretax earnings and profits:	
Dividend from C Corporation \$75.00	
Other earnings and profits	
Other earnings and profits	
Total pretax earnings and profits	\$300.00
Total pretax earnings and profits	
Total pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	\$300.00 \$97.50
Total pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	
Total pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	
Total pretax earnings and profits	
Total pretax earnings and profits	
Total pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes of B Corporation	
Total pretax earnings and profits	

§ 1.960-2

On other income of B Corporation (\$225×.40) 90.00		On dividend received from B Corporation to which section		
,		902(b)(1) does not apply (attrib-		
Earnings and profits	\$202.50	utable to amounts included in N		
Attributable to dividend to which		Corporation's gross income		
section 902(b)(2) does not apply		under section 951 with respect to		
(attributable to amounts included		B Corporation) (\$100×.20)	20.00	
in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to		On dividend from B Corporation at-		
C Corporation) (\$50–\$5) \$45.00		tributable to B Corporation's		
Attributable to dividend from C Cor-		other earnings and profits (attrib- utable to amounts not included in		
poration to which section		N Corporation's gross income		
902(b)(2) applies (attributable to		with respect to B or C Corpora-		
amounts not included in N Cor-		tion) (\$30×.20)	6.00	
poration's gross income under		On other income of A Corporation	0.00	
section 951 with respect to C		(\$200×.50)	100.00	
Corporation) (\$25–\$2.50)		Earnings and profits		240.00
Attributable to other income of B		Attributable to dividend to which		
Corporation (\$225–\$90) 135.00		section 902(b)(2) does not apply		
Earnings and profits after exclusion of amounts at-		(attributable to amounts included		
tributable to dividend to which section 902(b)(2)		in N Corporation's gross income		
does not apply (attributable to amounts included		under section 951 with respect to C Corporation) (\$45 – \$9)	26.00	
in N Corporation's gross income under section		Attributable to dividend to which	36.00	
951 with respect to C Corporation) (\$202.50–	157.50	section 902(b)(1) does not apply		
\$45) Amount required to be included in N Corporation's	137.30	(attributable to amounts included		
gross income under section 951 with respect to		in N Corporation's gross income		
B Corporation	100.00	with respect to B Corporation)		
Dividend paid by B Corporation	175.00	(\$100 – \$20)	80.00	
Dividend to which section 902(b)(2)	170.00	Attributable to other earnings and		
does not apply (attributable to		profits of A Corporation (attrib-		
amounts included in N Corpora-		utable to amounts not included in		
tion's gross income under sec-		N Corporation's gross income		
tion 951 with respect to C Cor-		with respect to A, B, or C Cor-		
poration) \$45.00		poration) [(\$30 – \$6)+(\$200 – \$100)]	124.00	
Dividend to which section 902(b)(1)		Amount required to be included in N Corp		
does not apply (attributable to		gross income under section 951 with re		
amounts included in N Corpora-		A Corporation		None
tion's gross income under sec-		Earnings and profits after exclusion of amo		
tion 951 with respect to B Cor-		tributable to dividend to which section 9	02(b)(1)	
poration)		does not apply (attributable to amounts		
Dividend from other earnings and profits (attributable to amounts		in N Corporation's gross income under		
not included in N Corporation's		951 with respect to B Corporation)		160.00
gross income with respect to B		Earnings and profits after exclusion of amo		
or C Corporation) 30.00		tributable to dividend to which sections 9 and 902(b)(2) do not apply (attributed)		
Foreign income taxes of B Corporation deemed		amounts included in N Corporation's g		
paid by A Corporation under section 902(b)(1)		come under section 951 with respect to		
with allocation required by § 1.960-2 (e):		Corporation)		124.00
(\$45/\$45×\$5)	5.00	Dividend to N Corporation		200.00
(\$30/\$157.50×\$92.50)	17.62	Dividend attributable to amounts to		
(for formula see § 1.960-2(g)(1)(ii)(A)(2) (i)		which section 902(b)(2) does not		
and (<i>ii</i>))		apply (attributable to amounts in-		
Foreign income taxes (of C Corporation) deemed		cluded in N Corporation's gross		
paid by B Corporation deemed paid by A Cor-		income under section 951 with respect to C Corporation)	\$36.00	
poration under section 902(b)(1): (\$30/\$157.50 ×	0.04	Dividend attributable to amounts to	φ30.00	
\$10.71)	2.04	which section 902(b)(1) does not		
(for formula see § 1.960–2(g)(1)(ii)(B)(1))		apply (attributable to amounts in-		
A Corporation (first-tier corporation):		cluded in N Corporation's gross		
(y (y		income with respect to B Cor-		
Pretax earnings and profits:		poration)	80.00	
Dividend from B Corporation \$175.00		Dividend attributable to amounts to		
Other earnings and profits		which section 902(a) does not		
200.00				
		apply (attributable to amounts in-		
Total pretax earnings and profits	\$375.00	cluded in N Corporation's gross		
Total pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation	\$375.00 135.00	cluded in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with	0	
Total pretax earnings and profits Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation On dividend received from B Cor-	\$375.00 135.00	cluded in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation)	0	
Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation		cluded in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with	0	
Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation On dividend received from B Cor-		cluded in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation) Dividend attributable to A Corpora-	0	
Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation On dividend received from B Corporation to which section 902(b)(2) does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N		cluded in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation)	0	
Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation On dividend received from B Corporation to which section 902(b)(2) does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N Corporation's gross income		cluded in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation) Dividend attributable to A Corporation's other earnings and profits (attributable to amounts not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with	0	
Foreign income taxes paid by A Corporation On dividend received from B Corporation to which section 902(b)(2) does not apply (attributable to amounts included in N		cluded in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation)	0 \$84.00	

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$N\ Corporation$	(domestic	corporation).

Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation under section 960(a)(1) and §1.960–1(c) with respect to C Corporation (\$50\\$150\\$45) ... (for formula see §1.960–2(g)(2)(i)(A))

Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corporation under section 960(a)(1) with respect to B Corporation (allocation of earning and profits being made in accordance with §1.960–1(c)(3) and §1.960–2(e))

 \$21.43

65.53

tion under section 902(a) (separaté tax rate applicable to dividends received by A Corporation allocation required by § 1.960-2(e)) (for formula see § 1.960-2(g)(1)(iii)(A)(2) (i) and (ii)):

formula

2(g)(2)(ii)(B)(1))

see

tion under section 960(a)(1).

Foreign income taxes deemed paid by N Corpora-

Total taxes deemed paid by N Corpora-

(for

Tax paid by A Corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers which is deemed paid by N Corporation:

Portion of dividend to N Corporation which is from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers

Earnings and profits of A Corporation included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers

(\$116/\$116×\$29)\$29.00

Tax paid by A Corporation on dividends received by A Corporation from earnings included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers

Tax paid by A Corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers which is deemed paid by N Corporation:

Portion of dividend to N Corporation which is from earnings not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to A Corporation or lower tiers

Earnings and profits of A Corporation not included in N Corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers

(\$84/\$124×\$106)	\$71.81
Taxes (paid by B Corporation) deemed paid by A Corporation allocation required by §1.960–2(e):	
(\$36/\$36×\$5)	5.00
(\$84/\$124×\$17.62)	11.94
(for formula see § 1.960–2(g)(1)(iii)(B)(2) (i) and (ii))	
Taxes (of C Corporation) deemed paid by B Corporation deemed paid by A Corporation (\$84/	
\$124×\$2.04)	1.38

Tax paid by A Corporation on earnings not included in N Corporation's gross income with respect to B Corporation or lower tiers

(g) Formulas. This paragraph contains formulas for determining a domestic corporation's section 902 and 960 credits when amounts distributed through a chain of ownership have been included in whole or in part in the gross

income of a domestic corporation under section 951 with respect to first-, second-, third-, or lower-tier corporations.

(1) Determination of the section 902 credit—(i) Section 902(b)(2) credit. If the second-tier corporation receives a dividend from a third-tier corporation attributable in whole or in part to amounts included in a domestic corporation's gross income under section

951 with respect to the third- or lowertier corporations, the second-tier corporation's credit for taxes paid by the third-tier corporation under section 902(b)(2) is determined as follows:

(A) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Dividend to second-tier corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of third-tier corporation

× Taxes paid by third-tier corporation

(B) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is higher or lower than the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

(1) Credit for tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividends to second-tier corporation which is from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth-or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of third-tier corporation included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations Tax paid by third-tier corporation on dividend received by third-tier corporation from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations

(2) Credit for tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income

with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to second-tier corporation which is from earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of third-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations Tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations

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and profits-

(ii) Section 902(b)(1) credit. If the first-tier corporation receives a dividend from a second-tier corporation attributable in a whole or in part to amounts included in a domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to the second- or lower-tier corporations, the first-tier corporation's credit for taxes paid and deemed paid by the second-tier corporation under

section 902(b)(1) is determined as follows:

(A) Taxes paid by the second-tier corporation which are deemed paid by the first-tier corporation—(1) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the second-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Dividend to first-tier corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-tier corporation

with respect to second-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation

X Taxes paid by second-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the second-tier corporation is higher or lower than the effective rate of tax on its other earnings

(i) Credit for tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to first-tier corporation which is from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

Tax paid by second-tier corporation on dividend received by second-tier corporation from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

(ii) Credit for tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings not previously

taxed with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations— $\,$

Portion of dividend to first-tier corporation which is from earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

Tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

(B) Taxes deemed paid by the secondtier corporation which are deemed paid by the first-tier corporation— (1) If the effective rate of tax dividends received by the third-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Dividend to first-tier corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- and third-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third-tier corporation

Taxes paid by third-tier

× corporation which are deemed paid by second-tier corporation

- (2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is higher or lower than the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—
- (i) Credit for tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to first-tier corporation which is from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporations included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations

Tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to fourth-or lower-tier corporations which is deemed paid by second-tier corporation

(ii) Credit for tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings not previously

taxed with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to first-tier corporation which is from earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to thirdor lower-tier corporations Tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to fourth- or lowertier corporations which is deemed paid by second-tier corporation

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(iii) Section 902(a) credit. If the domestic corporation receives a dividend from a first-tier corporation attributable in whole or in part to amounts included in a domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to the first- or lower-tier corporations, the domestic corporation's credit for taxes paid and deemed paid

by the first-tier corporation under section 902(a) is determined as follows:

(A) Taxes paid by the first-tier corporation which are deemed paid by domestic corporation—(1) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the first-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Dividend to domestic corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation

× Taxes paid by first-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the first-tier corporation is higher or lower than the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

(i) Credit for tax paid by first-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to domestic corporation which is from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations Tax paid by first-tier corporation on dividends received by first-tier corporation from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations

(ii) Credit for tax paid by first-tier corporation on earnings not previously

taxed with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to domestic corporation which is from earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-or lower-tier corporations Tax paid by first-tier corporation on earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations

(B) Taxes (paid by second-tier corporation) deemed paid by first-tier corporation which are deemed paid by domestic corporation—(1) If the effective rate of tax

on dividends received by the secondtier corporation is the same as its tax rate on other earnings and profits—

Dividend to domestic corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first- and second-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-tier corporation Taxes paid by second-tier corporation which are deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the second-tier corporation is higher or lower than the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

(i) Credit for tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to third-tier or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to domestic corporation which is from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations Tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to third- or lowertier corporations which is deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(ii) Credit for tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings not previously

taxed with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations—

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Portion of dividend to domestic corporation which is from earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations Tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to third- or lowertier corporations which is deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(C) Taxes (of third-tier corporation) deemed paid by first-tier corporation which are deemed paid by domestic corporation—(1) If the effective rate of tax

on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Dividend to domestic corporation less portion of dividend from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-secondand third-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to second- and third-tier corporations Taxes deemed paid by second-tier corporation which are deemed paid by first-tier corporation

- (2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is higher or lower than the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—
- (i) Credit for tax (of third-tier corporation) deemed paid by second-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to domestic corporation which is from earnings included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations Tax deemed paid by second-tier corporation on earnings previously taxed with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations which is deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(ii) Credit for tax (of third-tier corporation) deemed paid by second-tier on earnings not previously taxed with

respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations—

Portion of dividend to domestic corporation which is from earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first- or lower-tier corporations

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation not included in domestic corpation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations Tax deemed paid by sec ond-tier corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corpporations which is deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(2) Determination of domestic corporation's section 960 credit for amounts included in its gross income with respect to a first-, second-, or third-tier corporation which has received a distribution previously included in the gross income of a domestic corporation under section 951—(i) Third-tier credit. If a domestic corporation is required to include an amount in its gross income under section 951 with respect to a third-tier corporation which has received a distribution from a fourth-tier corpora-

tion of amounts included in a domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to the fourth- or lower-tier corporations, the domestic corporation's credit for taxes paid by the third-tier corporation under section 960(a)(1) is determined as follows:

(A) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of third-tier corporation

× Taxes paid by third-tier corporation

(B) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is higher or lower than the ef-

fective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of third-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations

Tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to fourthor lower-tier corporations

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(ii) Second-tier credit. If a domestic corporation is required to include an amount in its gross income under section 951 with respect to a second-tier corporation which has received a distribution from a third-tier corporation of amounts included in a domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to the third- or lower-tier corporations, the domestic corporation's credit for taxes paid and

deemed paid by the second-tier corporation under section 960(a)(1) is determined as follows:

- (A) Credit for taxes paid by the secondtier corporation which are deemed paid by the domestic corporation.
- (1) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the second-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-tier corporation

Earning and profits of second-tier corporation

×Taxes paid by second-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the second-tier is higher or lower than the effective rate

of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

Tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings not included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations

(B) Credit for taxes (of the third-tier corporation) deemed paid by the secondtier corporation under section 902(b)(2)— (1) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to third-tier corporation Taxes paid by third-tier corporation which are deemed paid by second-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is higher or lower than the ef-

fective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of second-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to third- or lower-tier corporation

Tax paid by third-tier corporation on earnings not previously taxed × with respect to fourth- or lowertier corproations which is deemed paid by second-tier corporation

(iii) First-tier credit. If a domestic corporation is required to include amounts in its gross income under section 951 with respect to a first-tier corporation which has received a distribution from a second-tier corporation of amounts included in a domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to the second- or lower-tier corporations, the domestic corporation's credit for taxes paid and

deemed paid by the first-tier corporation under section 960(a)(1) shall be determined as follows:

- (A) Credit for taxes paid by the first-tier corporation.
- (1) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the first-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporations × Taxes paid by first-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the first-tier corporation is higher or lower than the ef-

fective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits— $\,$

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations

Tax paid by first-tier corporation on earnings not included × in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to secondor lower-tier corporations

- (B) Credit for taxes paid by the secondtier corporation deemed paid by the firsttier corporation under section 902(b)(1).
- (1) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the second-tier corporation is the same as the effective

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rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second-tier corporations

Tax paid by second-tier cor-× poration which are deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the second-tier corporation is higher or lower than the ef-

fective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits— $\,$

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporations

Tax paid by second-tier corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to third- or lower-tier corporations which is deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(C) Credit for taxes (of the third-tier corporation) deemed paid by the second-tier corporation which are deemed paid by first-tier corporation under section 902(b)(1).

(1) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is the same as the effective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits—

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation less earnings and profits attributable to amounts included in domestic corporation's gross income with respect to second- and third-tier corporation

Taxes deemed paid by second-tier × corporation which are deemed paid by first-tier corporation

(2) If the effective rate of tax on dividends received by the third-tier corporation is higher or lower than the ef-

fective rate of tax on its other earnings and profits— $\,$

Amount included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to first-tier corporation

Earnings and profits of first-tier corporation not included in domestic corporation's gross income under section 951 with respect to second- or lower-tier corporation

Tax deemed paid by second-tier corporation on earnings not previously taxed with respect to fourth- or lower-tier corporations which is deemed paid by first-tier corporation

[T.D. 7120, 36 FR 10854, June 4, 1971; 36 FR 11924, June 23, 1971, as amended by T.D. 7334, 39 FR 44212, Dec. 23, 1974; 40 FR 1014, Jan. 6, 1975; 40 FR 2802, Jan. 16, 1975; T.D. 7649, 44 FR 60089, Oct. 18, 1979; T.D. 7843, 47 FR 50476, Nov. 8, 1982; 47 FR 55477, Dec. 10, 1982]

§ 1.960-3 Gross-up of amounts included in income under section 951.

(a) General rule for including taxes in income. Any taxes deemed paid by a domestic corporation for the taxable year pursuant to section 960(a)(1) shall, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, be included in the gross income of such corporation for such year as a dividend pursuant to section 78 and §1.78–1.

(b) Certain taxes not included in income. Any taxes deemed paid by a domestic corporation for the taxable year pursuant to section 902(a) or section 960(a)(1) shall not be included in the gross income of such corporation for such year as a dividend pursuant to section 78 and §1.78-1 to the extent that such taxes are paid or accrued by the first-, second-, or third-tier corporation, as the case may be, on or with respect to an amount which is excluded from the gross income of such foreign corporation under section 959(b) and §1.959–2 as distributions from the earnings and profits of another controlled foreign corporation attributable to an amount which is, or has been, required to be included in the gross income of the domestic corporation under section 951.

(c) *Illustrations*. The application of this section may be illustrated by the following examples:

Example 1. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, B

Corporation, after having paid \$20 of foreign income taxes, has \$80 in earnings and profits, which are attributable to the amount required to be included in N Corporation's gross income for such year under section 951 with respect to B Corporation and all of which are distributed to A Corporation in such year. The dividend so received from B Corporation is excluded from A Corporation's gross income under section 959(b) and §1.959-2. An income tax of 10 percent is required to be withheld from such dividend by the foreign country under the laws of which B Corporation is created, and the foreign country under the laws of which A Corporation is created imposes an income tax of \$22 on the dividend received from B Corporation. For 1978, A Corporation's earnings and profits are $50 (580 - [0.10 \times 580] - 22)$, which it distributes in such year to N Corporation. For 1978, N Corporation is required under section 951 to include \$80 in gross income with respect to B Corporation and also is required under the gross-up provisions of section 78 to include in gross income \$20 (\$80/\$80×\$20), the amount equal to the foreign income taxes of B Corporation which are deemed paid by N Corporation under section 960(a)(1). Under paragraph (b) of this section N Corporation is not required to include in gross income the \$30 (\$8+\$22) of foreign income taxes which are paid by A Corporation in connection with the dividend received from B Corporation and which are deemed paid by N Corporation under section 902(a) and paragraph (c) of § 1.960-2.

Example 2. Domestic corporation N owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation A, which owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation B, which in turn owns all the one class of stock of controlled foreign corporation C. All such corporations use the calendar year as the taxable year. For 1978, C Corporation, after having paid \$20 of foreign income taxes, has \$80 in earnings and profits, which are attributable to the amount required to be included in N Corporation's gross income for such year under section 951 with respect to C Corporation and all of which are distributed to B Corporation in such year. After having