(3) Number/percent juveniles successfully completing their restitution orders.
(4) Total amount of restitution collected/completed.
(5) Number obtaining restitution-related employment/job services.
(6) Operational costs per case.
(7) Number of participants rearrested during the program.
(8) Number of participants incarcerated as a result of a rearrest or program failure.
(9) Number retaining restitution-related employment following completion.
(10) Victim satisfaction with the program.
(16) Purpose: Addressing the problem of crime committed against the elderly. (No specific program has been certified by the Bureau. Applicants may propose programs for approval in accordance with the provisions of $\S 33.41$. Many of the programs identified under other purposes indirectly address the problem of crime against the elderly. Victim assistance programs and community crime prevention programs in particular often provide services that meet the special needs of the elderly.)
(17) Purpose: Provide training, technical assistance, and programs to assist state and local law enforcement authorities in rural areas in combating crime, with particular emphasis on violent crime, juvenile delinquency, and crime prevention. (No specific program has been certified by the Bureau. Applicants may propose programs for approval in accordance with the provisions of §33.41. Many of the programs identified under other purposes are equally applicable to rural and urban areas.)
(18)(i) Purpose: Improve the operational effectiveness of law enforcement by integrating and maximizing the effectiveness of police field operations and the use of crime analysis techniques.
(ii) Certified program: Integrated Criminal Apprehension Program (ICAP). This program integrates and directs law enforcement activities relative to the prevention, detection and investigation of serious and violent crime. Components of model programs have included systematic data collection and anal-
ysis, crime analysis, structured planning and service delivery. The program emphasizes better use of existing resources and better management of the patrol operation and investigative process. It results in a process which increases arrests for serious crimes. Program objectives and elements are described in greater detail in the Program Brief on the Integrated Criminal Apprehension Program.
(A) Critical elements:
(1) Commitment of law enforcement agency top management to concept of manpower deployment based on crime analysis.
(2) Modification of agency data gathering methods to enhance planning and crime analysis.
(3) Establishment of crime analysis and planning function.
(4) Implementation of strategies, tactics and processes based on analysis that contribute to better management of criminal investigation and patrol.
(B) Performance indicators:
(1) Number of staff assigned to project.
(2) Types of strategies implementations e.g., directed patrol, crime analysis.
(3) Types of crimes targeted.
(4) Clearance rates (by arrest) for targeted crimes.
(5) Conviction rates for targeted crimes.

## Application Requirements

## § 33.40 General.

Sections 33.40 and 33.41 set forth the required programmatic content of block grant applications.
[50 FR 22990, May 30, 1985, as amended at 63 FR 50761, Sept. 23, 1998]

## § 33.41 Application content.

(a) Format. Applications from the states for criminal justice block grants must be submitted on Standard Form 424, Application for Federal Assistance, at a time specified by the Bureau of Justice Assistance. The Bureau will provide to the states an "Application Kit" that includes SF 424, a list of assurances that the applicant must agree to, a table of fund allocations, and additional guidance on how to prepare

