§ 1926.154

§ 1926.154 Temporary heating devices.

- (a) Ventilation. (1) Fresh air shall be supplied in sufficient quantities to maintain the health and safety of workmen. Where natural means of fresh air supply is inadequate, mechanical ventilation shall be provided.
- (2) When heaters are used in confined spaces, special care shall be taken to provide sufficient ventilation in order to ensure proper combustion, maintain the health and safety of workmen, and limit temperature rise in the area.
- (b) Clearance and mounting. (1) Temporary heating devices shall be installed to provide clearance to combustible material not less than the amount shown in Table F-4
- (2) Temporary heating devices, which are listed for installation with lesser clearances than specified in Table F-4, may be installed in accordance with their approval.

TABLE F-4

Heating appliances	Minimum clearance, (inches)		
	Sides	Rear	Chimney con- nector
Room heater, circulating typeRoom heater, radiant type	12 36	12 36	18 18

- (3) Heaters not suitable for use on wood floors shall not be set directly upon them or other combustible materials. When such heaters are used, they shall rest on suitable heat insulating material or at least 1-inch concrete, or equivalent. The insulating material shall extend beyond the heater 2 feet or more in all directions.
- (4) Heaters used in the vicinity of combustible tarpaulins, canvas, or similar coverings shall be located at least 10 feet from the coverings. The coverings shall be securely fastened to prevent ignition or upsetting of the heater due to wind action on the covering or other material.
- (c) Stability. Heaters, when in use, shall be set horizontally level, unless otherwise permitted by the manufacturer's markings.
- (d) Solid fuel salamanders. Solid fuel salamanders are prohibited in buildings and on scaffolds.
- (e) Oil-fired heaters. (1) Flammable liquid-fired heaters shall be equipped

with a primary safety control to stop the flow of fuel in the event of flame failure. Barometric or gravity oil feed shall not be considered a primary safety control.

- (2) Heaters designed for barometric or gravity oil feed shall be used only with the integral tanks.
 - (3) [Reserved]
- (4) Heaters specifically designed and approved for use with separate supply tanks may be directly connected for gravity feed, or an automatic pump, from a supply tank.

§ 1926.155 Definitions applicable to this subpart.

- (a) Approved, for the purpose of this subpart, means equipment that has been listed or approved by a nationally recognized testing laboratory such as Factory Mutual Engineering Corp., or Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., or Federal agencies such as Bureau of Mines, or U.S. Coast Guard, which issue approvals for such equipment.
- (b) Closed container means a container so sealed by means of a lid or other device that neither liquid nor vapor will escape from it at ordinary temperatures.
- (c) Combustible liquids mean any liquid having a flash point at or above 140 °F. (60 °C.), and below 200 °F. (93.4 °C.).
- (d) Combustion means any chemical process that involves oxidation sufficient to produce light or heat.
- (e) Fire brigade means an organized group of employees that are knowledgeable, trained, and skilled in the safe evacuation of employees during emergency situations and in assisting in fire fighting operations.
- (f) Fire resistance means so resistant to fire that, for specified time and under conditions of a standard heat intensity, it will not fail structurally and will not permit the side away from the fire to become hotter than a specified temperature. For purposes of this part, fire resistance shall be determined by the Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials, NFPA 251–1969.
- (g) Flammable means capable of being easily ignited, burning intensely, or having a rapid rate of flame spread.
- (h) Flammable liquids means any liquid having a flash point below 140 °F.