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that employment not be in "close proximity" to machinery or equipment.

- (g) An employer or group of employers granted such a waiver who owns, operates, or causes to be operated any vehicle for the transportation of such minors shall be responsible for assuring that:
- (1) Every such vehicle is in compliance with all applicable Federal and State safety and health standards and with the rules and regulations issued by the Bureau of Motor Carrier Safety, Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation;
- (2) Every such vehicle be designed for transporting passengers and be operated by a lawfully licensed driver; and
- (3) A vehicle liability insurance policy provides insurance in an amount not less than the amounts applicable to vehicles used in the transportation of passengers under the Interstate Commerce Act and its regulations. These amounts currently are as follows:

INSURANCE REQUIRED FOR PASSENGER
FOURMENT

	12 or less pas- sengers	More than 12 pas- sengers
Limit for bodily injuries to or death of 1 person	\$100,000	\$100,000
any 1 accident (subject to a maximum of \$100,000 for bodily injuries to or death of 1 person) Limit for loss or damage in any 1 accident to property of others	300,000	500,000
(excluding cargo)	50,000	50,000

- (h) A copy of the waiver shall be posted or readily available at the site or sites of such employment of such minors during the entire period.
- (i) The employer or group of employers shall maintain and preserve a record of the name, address, and occupation of each minor employed under waiver in accordance the §516.33(b) of this chapter. In addition, the record shall also include the date of birth, the name and address of the school in which the minor is enrolled, and the number of hours worked each day and each week of the designated period. Each employer required to maintain records under this part shall preserve them for a period of at least 2 vears.

(j) A waiver shall be effective for the period designated therein with no provision for amendment

[43 FR 26562, June 21, 1978; 43 FR 28471, June 30, 1978]

§ 575.9 Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the waiver.

If the employer or group of employers granted a waiver pursuant to section 13(c)(4) of the Act and this part do not comply with the terms and conditions set forth in the waiver and this part, the waiver shall be null and void and the employer or group of employers will be subject to civil money penalties under section 16(e) of the Act.

PART 578—MINIMUM WAGE AND OVERTIME VIOLATIONS—CIVIL MONEY PENALTIES

Sec.

578.1 What does this part cover?

578.2 Definitions.

578.3 What types of violations may result in a penalty being assessed?

578.4 Determination of penalty.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 9, Pub. L. 101–157, 103 Stat. 938, sec. 3103, Pub. L. 101–508, 104 Stat. 1388–29 (29 U.S.C. 216(e)), Pub. L. 101–410, 104 Stat. 890 (28 U.S.C. 2461 note), as amended by Pub. L. 104–134, section 31001(s), 110 Stat. 1321–358, 1321–373.

SOURCE: 57 FR 49129, Oct. 29, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§578.1 What does this part cover?

Section 9 of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1989 amended section 16(e) of the Act to provide that any person who repeatedly or willfully violates the minimum wage (section 6) or overtime provisions (section 7) of the Act shall be subject to a civil money penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each such violation. The Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-410), as amended by the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104-134, section 31001(s)), requires that inflationary adjustments be periodically made in these civil money penalties according to a specified cost-of-living formula. This part defines terms necessary for