

(f) *Reporting requirements for payments during the transition periods.* States that are eligible for a transition period described in paragraph (e) of this section, and that make payments that exceed the limit under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, must report annually the following information to CMS:

(1) The total Medicaid payments made to each facility for services furnished during the entire State fiscal year.

(2) A reasonable estimate of the amount that would be paid for the services furnished by the facility under Medicare payment principles.

[66 FR 3176, Jan. 12, 2001, as amended at 66 FR 46399, Sept. 5, 2001; 67 FR 2611, Jan. 18, 2002]

OTHER INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT
FACILITIES

§ 447.325 Other inpatient and outpatient facility services: Upper limits of payment.

The agency may pay the customary charges of the provider but must not pay more than the prevailing charges in the locality for comparable services under comparable circumstances.

DRUGS

§ 447.331 Drugs: Aggregate upper limits of payment.

(a) *Multiple source drugs.* Except for brand name drugs that are certified in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, the agency payment for multiple source drugs must not exceed, the amount that would result from the application of the specific limits established in accordance with § 447.332. If a specific limit has not been established under § 447.332, then the rule for “other drugs” set forth in paragraph (b) applies.

(b) *Other drugs.* The agency payments for brand name drugs certified in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section and drugs other than multiple source drugs for which a specific limit has been established under § 447.332 must not exceed in the aggregate, payment levels that the agency has determined by applying the lower of the—

(1) Estimated acquisition costs plus reasonable dispensing fees established by the agency; or

(2) Providers’ usual and customary charges to the general public.

(c) *Certification of brand name drugs.*

(1) The upper limit for payment for multiple source drugs for which a specific limit has been established under § 447.332 does not apply if a physician certifies in his or her own handwriting that a specific brand is medically necessary for a particular recipient.

(2) The agency must decide what certification form and procedure are used.

(3) A checkoff box on a form is not acceptable but a notation like “brand necessary” is allowable.

(4) The agency may allow providers to keep the certification forms if the forms will be available for inspection by the agency or HHS.

[52 FR 28657, July 31, 1987]

§ 447.332 Upper limits for multiple source drugs.

(a) *Establishment and issuance of a listing.* (1) CMS will establish listings that identify and set upper limits for multiple source drugs that meet the following requirements:

(i) All of the formulations of the drug approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) have been evaluated as therapeutically equivalent in the most current edition of their publication, *Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations* (including supplements or in successor publications).

(ii) At least three suppliers list the drug (which has been classified by the FDA as category “A” in its publication, *Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations*, including supplements or in successor publications) based on all listings contained in current editions (or updates) of published compendia of cost information for drugs available for sale nationally.

(2) CMS publishes the list of multiple source drugs for which upper limits have been established and any revisions to the list in Medicaid program instructions.

(3) CMS will identify the sources used in compiling these lists.

(b) *Specific upper limits.* The agency’s payments for multiple source drugs identified and listed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section must not