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- (c) The requesting party must provide a complete description of the facts as set forth in subpart B of this part, and pay the costs to the OIG of processing the request for an advisory opinion as set forth in subpart C of this part.
- (d) Nothing in this part limits the investigatory or prosecutorial authority of the OIG, DoJ or any other agency of the Government.

[62 FR 7357, Feb. 19, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 38324, July 16, 1998]

§ 1008.3 Effective period.

The provisions in this part are applicable to requests for advisory opinions submitted on or after February 21, 1997, and before August 21, 2000, and to any requests submitted during any other time period for which the OIG is required by law to issue advisory opinions.

§ 1008.5 Matters subject to advisory opinions.

- (a) An individual or entity may request an advisory opinion from the OIG regarding—
- (1) What constitutes prohibited remuneration within the meaning of section 1128B(b) of the Act;
- (2) Whether an arrangement, or proposed arrangement, satisfies the criteria set forth in section 1128B(b)(3) of the Act for activities that do not result in prohibited remuneration;
- (3) Whether an arrangement, or proposed arrangement, satisfies the criteria set forth in §1001.952 of this chapter for activities that do not result in prohibited remuneration;
- (4) What constitutes an inducement to reduce or limit services under section 1128A(b) of the Act to Medicare or Medicaid program beneficiaries; and
- (5) Whether any activity, or proposed activity, constitutes grounds for the imposition of a sanction under sections 1128, 1128A or 1128B of the Act.
- (b) Exceptions. The OIG will not address through the advisory opinion process—
- (1) What the fair market value will be, or whether fair market value was paid or received, for any goods, services or property; or
- (2) Whether an individual is a bona fide employee within the requirements

of section 3121(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

[62 FR 7357, Feb. 19, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 38324, July 16, 1998]

Subpart B—Preliminary Obligations and Responsibilities of the Requesting Party

§ 1008.11 Who may submit a request.

Any individual or entity may submit a request to the OIG for an advisory opinion regarding an existing arrangement or one which the requestor in good faith specifically plans to undertake. The requestor must be a party to the arrangement, or proposed arrangement, that is the subject of the request.

§ 1008.15 Facts subject to advisory opinions.

- (a) The OIG will consider requests from a requesting party for advisory opinions regarding the application of specific facts to the subject matters set forth in \$1008.5(a) of this part. The facts must relate to an existing arrangement, or one which the requestor in good faith plans to undertake. The plans may be contingent upon receiving a favorable advisory opinion. The advisory opinion request should contain a complete description of the arrangement that the requestor is undertaking, or plans to undertake.
- (b) Requests presenting a general question of interpretation, posing a hypothetical situation, or regarding the activities of third parties do not qualify as advisory opinion requests.
- (c) Advisory opinion request will not be accepted, and/or opinions will not be issued when—
- (1) The request is not related to a named individual or entity;
- (2) The same, or substantially the same, course of action is under investigation, or is or has been the subject of a proceeding involving the Department of Health and Human Services or another governmental agency; or
- (3) An informed opinion cannot be made, or could be made only after extensive investigation, clinical study, testing, or collateral inquiry.

[62 FR 7357, Feb. 19, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 38324, July 16, 1998]