- (3) The requirement for submission of cost data continues up to the time of final reimbursement.
- (e) In submitting its invoice, the carrier must include an index, which cross references the actual cost data submitted with the cost estimate.
- (f) Headings for submission are as follows:
  - (1) Total Project Cost: Summary.
- (i) Cost Elements (Enter appropriate cost elements.)
- (ii) Actual Costs Incurred—Total Cost (Enter those necessary and reasonable costs that were incurred in the efficient completion of CALEA requirements.)
- (iii) Actual Costs Incurred—Unit Cost (Enter the unit costs for each cost element.)
- (iv) Supporting Material (Identify the attachment in which the information supporting the specific cost element may be found.)
- (2) Total Project Costs: Detail (at Switch Level or Project Level, as appropriate.)
- (i) Cost Elements (Enter appropriate cost elements.)
- (ii) Actual Costs Incurred—Total Cost (Enter those necessary and reasonable costs that were incurred in the efficient completion of CALEA requirements.)
- (iii) Actual Costs Incurred—Unit Cost (Enter the unit costs for each cost element.)
- (iv) Supporting Material (Identify the attachment in which the information supporting the specific cost element may be found.)

## §100.18 Audit.

- (a) *General.* In order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of the cost data, the FBI or other representatives of the Government shall have the right to examine and audit all of the carrier's supporting materials.
- (1) These materials include, but are not limited to books, records, documents, and other data, regardless of form (e.g., machine readable media such as disk, tape) or type (e.g., data bases, applications software, data base management software, utilities), including computations and projections related to proposing, negotiating, cost-

ing, or performing CALEA compliance efforts or modifications.

- (2) The right of examination shall extend to all documents necessary to permit adequate evaluation of the cost data submitted, along with the computations and projections used.
- (b) Audits of request for payment. The carrier shall maintain and the FBI or representatives of the Government shall have the right to examine and audit supporting materials.
- (1) These materials include, but are not limited to, books, records, documents, and other evidence and accounting procedures and practices, regardless of form (e.g., machine readable media such as disk, tape) or type (e.g., date bases, applications software, data base management software, utilities), sufficient to reflect properly all costs claimed to have been incurred, or anticipated to be incurred, in performing the CALEA compliance effort.
- (2) This right of examination shall include inspection at all reasonable times of the carrier's plants, or parts of them, engaged in performing the effort.
- (c) Reports. If the carrier is required to furnish cost, funding, or performance reports, the FBI or representatives of the Government shall have the right to examine and audit books, records, other documents, and supporting materials, for the purpose of evaluating the effectiveness of the carrier's policies and procedures to produce data compatible with the objectives of these reports and the data reported.
- (d) Availability. The carrier shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the costs and support material described herein, for examination, audit, or reproduction, until three (3) years after final reimbursement payment. In addition,
- (1) If the CALEA compliance effort is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for three (3) years after any resulting final termination settlement; and
- (2) Records relating to appeals, litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to the CALEA compliance effort shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are disposed of.

## § 100.19

(e) Subcontractors. The carrier shall ensure that all terms and conditions herein are incorporated in any agreement with a subcontractor that may be utilized by the carrier to perform any or all portions of the agreement.

## § 100.19 Adjustments to agreement estimate.

- (a) Adjustments prior to the incurrence of a cost. (1) In accordance with §100.17(d)(2), the carrier shall notify the FBI when any change affecting the level of reimbursement occurs.
- (2) Upon such notification, if the adjustment results in an increase in the estimated reimbursement, the FBI will review the submission and determine if
  - (i) Funds are available;
- (ii) The adjustment is justified and necessary to accomplish the goals of the agreement; and
- (iii) It is in the best interest of the government to approve the expenditure.
- (3) The FBI will provide the decision as to the acceptability of any increase to the carrier in writing.
- (b) Adjustments after the incurrence of a cost. Any cost incurred that exceeds the provision in §100.16(e)(2) will be reviewed by the FBI to determine reasonability, allowability, and if it is in the best interest of the government to approve the expenditure for reimbursement.
- (c) Reduction for defective cost data. (1) The cost shall be reduced accordingly and the agreement shall be modified to reflect the reduction if any cost estimate negotiated in connection with the CALEA compliance effort, or any cost reimbursable under the effort is increased because:
- (i) The carrier or a subcontractor furnished cost data to the government that were not complete, accurate, and current;
- (ii) A subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the cost data to the carrier that were not complete, accurate, and current; or
- (iii) Any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not
- (2) Any reduction in the negotiated cost under  $\S 100.19(c)(1)$  due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the

- subcontract shall be limited to the amount by which either the actual subcontract or the actual cost to the carrier, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the carrier, provided that the actual subcontract cost was not itself affected by defective cost data.
- (3) If the FBI determines under \$100.19(c)(1) that a cost reduction should be made, the carrier shall not raise the following matters as a defense:
- (i) The carrier or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the costs of the agreement would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current cost data had been submitted;
- (ii) The FBI should have known that the cost data at issue were defective even though the carrier or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the FBI;
- (iii) The carrier or subcontractor did not submit accurate cost data. Except as prohibited, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the FBI based upon the facts shall be allowed against the cost reimbursement of an agreement amount reduction if the carrier certifies to the FBI that, to the best of the carrier's knowledge and belief, the carrier is entitled to the offset in the amount requested and the carrier proves that the cost data were available before the date of agreement on the cost of the agreement (or cost of the modification) and that the data were not submitted before such date. An offset shall not be allowed if the understated data were known by the carrier to be understated when the agreement was signed; or the Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the agreement amount would not have increased even if the available data had been submitted before the date of agreement on cost; or
- (4) In the event of an overpayment, the carrier shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at that time such overpayment as was made, with simple interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the carrier