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The Money Monitor

...keeping track of how Washington wants to spend your money

Week of September 13-17, 2004

Net five-year cost of House authorizations passed by the House *this week*: \$20,600,000.00

H.R. 2457	Castillo de San Marcos National Monument	
	Preservation and Education Act	\$5.0 million
H.R. 4481	Wilson's Creek National Battlefield Boundary	
	Adjustment Act	\$10.0 million
S. 1576	Harpers Ferry National Historical Park Boundary	
	Revision Act	\$5.6 million
TOTAL FIVE-Y	YEAR COST OF THIS WEEK'S AUTHORIZATIONS	\$20.6 million

Year-to-date total of net five-year costs of House-passed authorizations: \$686,218,380,000.00*

Net five-year change in House-passed mandatory spending *this week*: **\$0.00**

Year-to-date net five-year change in House-passed mandatory spending: \$28,962,000,000.00

Net one-year cost of appropriations passed by the House this week:

Fiscal Year 2004: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2005: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2006: \$0.00

^{*}This figure does not include the authorizations contained in the Energy Policy Act (**H.R. 4503**), which passed the House on June 15, 2004. When CBO completes its estimate of the authorizations in this bill, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

Year-to-date total of net one-year costs of appropriations passed during the 2nd Session of the 108th Congress:

Fiscal Year 2004: \$2,000,000,000.00 Fiscal Year 2005: \$728,606,500,000.00[#] Fiscal Year 2006: \$19,285,000,000.00

Net five-year revenue change by House bills passed *this week*: **\$0.00**

Year-to-date net five-year revenue change by House-passed bills: -\$167,526,500,000.00

An authorization (otherwise known as "discretionary spending") explicitly allows funding for a certain program and / or directs a federal agency to take a certain action. Authorizations express the House's *intent* to spend, however, actual funding is provided through the annual appropriations process. Authorizations with no <u>net</u> cost, bills that would result in no significant <u>net</u> change in mandatory spending or federal revenue, and private-sector costs from federal mandates are not reported here.

Mandatory spending directly establishes an appropriation. No subsequent action is required for the money to be spent. The figures for revenue changes are from "static" estimates by the Joint Committee on Taxation or the Congressional Budget Office. That is, they do not take into account the stimulative effects that tax cuts and certain other revenue reductions have on the national economy.

All numbers in "The Money Monitor" are positive unless otherwise indicated.

Neither the costs of conference reports nor the costs of bills that have already been recorded under substantively similar House-passed legislation are recorded here. "The Money Monitor" only accounts for the costs of bills as they <u>first</u> pass the House (with the exception of bills that contain major cost-related changes upon subsequent House passage—yet BEFORE Senate passage). In short, "The Money Monitor" tracks the House's *original* monetary intent each calendar year.

Most estimates are provided by the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), though some are provided by the Joint Committee on Taxation, the referring House committee, or RSC staff calculations.

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^{*}This figure includes \$25.78 billion in contingent emergency appropriations for FY2005 and has been adjusted to account for previously unrecorded overages in the Agriculture, Interior, and Energy & Water Appropriations Bills.