eligible low-income students who obtain high school diplomas or the equivalent to attend an institution of higher education; and

- (b) Provide financial incentives to enable States, in cooperation with local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, community organizations, and businesses, to provide—
- (1) Additional counseling, mentoring, academic support, outreach, and supportive services to preschool, elementary, middle, and secondary school students who are at risk of dropping out of school; and
- (2) Information to students and their parents about the advantages of obtaining a postsecondary education and their college financing options.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-21)

§ 693.2 Who is eligible to participate under this program?

- (a) States that meet the requirements of §§ 693.10, 693.11, 693.12, 693.13, 693.20 (formula grant program), 693.21, and 693.22 (discretionary grant program) are eligible to receive grants under this program.
- (b) Under the early intervention component, students who meet the requirements of §693.30 are eligible to participate in the State-administered programs under this part.
- (c) Under the scholarship component, students who meet the requirements of §693.40 are eligible to receive scholarships from States under this program.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-22 to 1070a-24)

§ 693.3 What kinds of activities may be assisted under this program?

Under the NEISP Program, a State may use its allotment under \$693.21 or \$693.22 to—

- (a) Provide a variety of early intervention services such as comprehensive mentoring, counseling, outreach, and other supportive services to eligible students enrolled in preschool through grade 12, including prefreshman summer programs; and
- (b) Award scholarships to eligible low-income students for attendance at any institution of higher education participating in the Federal Pell Grant Program.

 $(Authority: 20\ U.S.C.\ 1070a-22\ to\ 1070a-24)$

§ 693.4 What regulations apply to this program?

The following regulations apply to the NEISP Program:

- (a) The regulations in this part 693.
- (b) The Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) as follows:
- (1) If the amount appropriated for the program is less than \$50,000,000, 34 CFR part 75 (Direct Grant Programs).
- (2) If the amount appropriated for the program is \$50,000,000 or more, 34 CFR part 76 (State-Administered Programs).
- (3) 34 CFR part 77 (Definitions That Apply to Department Regulations).
- (4) 34 CFR part 79 (Intergovernmental Review of Department of Education Programs and Activities).
- (5) 34 CFR part 80 (Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments).
- (6) 34 CFR part 82 (New Restrictions on Lobbying).
- (7) 34 CFR part 85 (Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Non-procurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants).
- (8) 34 CFR part 86 (Drug-Free Schools and Campuses).
- (c) Institutional Eligibility Under the Higher Education Act of 1965, as Amended in 34 CFR part 600.
- (d) The Student Assistance General Provisions in 34 CFR part 668.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-21 through 1070a-27)

§ 693.5 What definitions apply to this program?

(a) *Definitions in EDGAR*. The following terms used in this part are defined in 34 CFR 77.1:

Applicant Grantee Application Local educational Award agency (LEA) Private Budget Period Project Project Period Department Elementary school EDGAR Fiscal Year Secretary State

(b) Definitions in subpart A of the Institutional Eligibility regulations, 34 CFR part 600. The following terms used in this part are defined in 34 CFR part 600:

Award year

§ 693.5

Institution of higher education Recognized equivalent of a high school diploma

(c) Definition in the Student Assistance General Provisions regulations, 34 CFR part 668. The following term used in this part is defined in 34 CFR part 668: Academic year

(d) Other definitions that apply to this part. The following definitions also apply to this part:

At-risk student means a preschool through grade 12 student whom a State identifies as being a potential dropout from secondary or postsecondary school.

Disadvantaged student means a student who is either (1) a low-income individual who is also a first-generation college student; or (2) a student with disabilities.

Early intervention program means a program that provides education-related activities such as counseling, mentoring, academic support, outreach, and other supportive services, including providing information on opportunities for postsecondary student financial aid, to students enrolled in preschool through grade 12.

First-generation college student means—

- (1) A student neither of whose parents completed a baccalaureate degree; or
- (2) A student who regularly resides with and receives support from only one parent who did not complete a baccalaureate degree.

HEA means the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

Limited proficiency in English with reference to an individual, means an individual—

- (1)(i) Who was not born in the United States:
- (ii) Whose native language is other than English;
- (iii) Who comes from an environment in which a language other than English is most relied on for communication; or
- (iv) Who is an American Indian or Alaskan Native student and comes from an environment in which a language other than English has had a significant impact on his or her level of proficiency in English; and

(2) Who, as a result of the circumstances described in paragraph (1) of this definition, is unable to learn successfully in classrooms in which instruction is in English because he or she cannot adequately understand, speak, read, or write English.

Low-income individual means an individual whose taxable family income for the year before the year in which he or she is scheduled to receive assistance under this part did not exceed 150 percent of an amount equal to the poverty level determined by using criteria of poverty established by the U.S. Bureau of the Census or a resident who is considered to be a low-income resident by the State in which he or she lives.

Postsecondary education means a program of education beyond the secondary school level.

Priority student means any student within a State in preschool through grade 12 who is eligible—

- (1) To be counted as attending an institution receiving Federal funds under chapter 1 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965;
- (2) To receive free or reduced-price meals under the National School Lunch Act: or
- (3) To receive assistance under the Aid to Families with Dependent Children Act.

Scholarship means an award made to an individual under this part.

Secondary school, as defined under section 1471(21) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, means a day or residential school that provides secondary education, as determined under State law, except that it does not include any education beyond grade 12.

State educational agency (SEA), as defined under section 1471(23) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, means the officer or agency primarily responsible for the State supervision of public elementary and secondary schools.

Student with a disability, as defined in section 3(2) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102(2)), means a student with a physical or mental impairment that substantially

limits one or more of the major life activities of the student and thus requires special education and related services.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-21 through 1070a-27)

Subpart B—How Does a State Obtain a Grant?

§693.10 What must a State do to obtain a grant under this program?

- (a) To obtain a grant, a State shall submit to the Secretary for review and approval an initial plan and annual application for carrying out the activities under the NEISP Program.
- (b) The Secretary approves a State plan that—
- (1) By direction of the State's Governor, designates as the State agency for administering the program under this part, either—
- (i) The State agency that administers the State Student Incentive Grant Program under title IV, part A, subpart 4 of the HEA:
- (ii) The State educational agency; or (iii) Another appropriate State agency approved by the Secretary;
- (2) Provides that the State program under this part shall be known as the "[insert name of the State] National Early Intervention Scholarship and Partnership Program" which may be referred to as the "[State name] NEISP Program,";
- (3) Demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the State will provide for the conduct under the State's NEISP Program of both—
- (i) An early intervention component meeting the requirements under §693.11 as evaluated by the Secretary under the criteria in §693.20 (formula grant program) and §693.22 (discretionary grant program); and
- (ii) A scholarship component meeting the requirements under § 693.12;
- (4) Describes the administrative plan for implementing the State's NEISP Program, including those functions that will be carried out by public and private organizations; and
- (5) Provides assurances that the State will—
- (i) Ensure that the funds provided under this part supplement and do not supplant funds expended for State and

local early intervention programs and State need- and non-need-based student financial grant assistance programs during the fiscal year 2 years prior to the fiscal year in which the State first received funds under this program;

- (ii) Expend, from State, local, or private funds or other acceptable funding methods, not less than one-half of the cost of the program under this part;
- (iii) Specify the methods by which such share of the costs will be paid;
- (iv) Not use less than 25 percent or more than 50 percent of its total NEISP Program funds for the early intervention component, unless the State can satisfactorily demonstrate in its plan submitted to the Secretary that the State has additional means to provide scholarships to students, in accordance with the waiver provision in §693.13(b);
- (v) Expend all of the NEISP Program funds under the scholarship component only to provide scholarships to eligible students; and
- (vi) Conduct and submit to the Secretary a biennial evaluation of the early intervention program assisted under this part in accordance with the requirements in §693.52.
- (c) With the exception of its initial year of participation when each State also must submit the application required under §693.13 at the same time as the State plan under paragraph (b) of this section, the State shall submit annually an application to participate in the NEISP Program in accordance with the requirements in §693.13.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-22 and 1070a-26)

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0677)

§ 693.11 What requirements must be met by the State under the program's early intervention component?

- (a) A State shall demonstrate to the Secretary in its plan submitted according to §693.10(b) how its early intervention component provides services designed to meet the unique needs of the State's eligible students enrolled in preschool through grade 12. These services may include, but are not limited to, the following kinds of activities:
- (1) A continuing system of mentoring and advising that—