## § 685.302 Schedule requirements for courses of study by correspondence.

- (a) This section contains requirements relating to the enrollment status of students in schools that offer programs of study by correspondence.
- (b) A school that offers a course of study by correspondence shall establish a schedule for submission of lessons by its students and provide it to a prospective student prior to the student's enrollment.
- (c) The school shall include in its schedule—
- (1) A due date for each lesson in the course;
- (2) A description of the options, if any, available to the student for altering the sequence of lesson submissions from the sequence in which they are otherwise required to be submitted;
- (3) The date by which the course is to be completed; and
- (4) The date by which any resident training must begin, the location of any resident training, and the period of time within which that resident training must be completed.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–0021)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087a et seq.)

[59 FR 61690, Dec. 1, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 33345, June 28, 1995; 64 FR 58972, Nov. 1, 19991

## $\S 685.303$ Processing loan proceeds.

- (a) Purpose. This section establishes rules governing a school's processing of a borrower's Direct Subsidized, Direct Unsubsidized, or Direct PLUS Loan proceeds. The school shall also comply with any rules for processing loan proceeds contained in 34 CFR part 668.
- (b) General—(1)(i) A school that initiates the drawdown of funds. A school may not disburse loan proceeds to a borrower unless the school has obtained an executed, legally enforceable promissory note from the borrower.
- (ii) A school that does not initiate the drawdown of funds. A school may disburse loan proceeds only to a borrower for whom the school has received funds from the Secretary.
- (2)(i) Except in the case of a late disbursement under paragraph (d) of this section, or as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(iii) of this section, a school may

disburse loan proceeds only to a student, or a parent in the case of a PLUS Loan, if the school determines the student has continuously maintained eligibility in accordance with the provisions of §685.200 from the beginning of the loan period described in the promissory note.

- (ii) In the event a student delays attending school for a period of time, the school may consider that student to have maintained eligibility for the loan from the first day of the period of enrollment. However, the school must comply with the requirements under paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- (iii) If, after a school makes the first disbursement to a borrower, the student becomes ineligible due solely to the school's loss of eligibility to participate in the title IV programs or the Direct Loan Program, the school may make subsequent disbursements to the borrower as permitted by 34 CFR part 668
- (iv) If, prior to making any disbursement to a borrower, the student temporarily ceases to be enrolled on at least a half-time basis, the school may make a disbursement and any subsequent disbursement to the student if the school determines and documents in the student's file—
- (A) That the student has resumed enrollment on at least a half-time basis;
- (B) The student's revised cost of attendance; and
- (C) That the student continues to qualify for the entire amount of the loan, notwithstanding any reduction in the student's cost of attendance caused by the student's temporary cessation of enrollment on at least a half-time basis.
- (3) If a registered student withdraws or is expelled prior to the first day of classes of the period of enrollment for which the loan is made, or fails to attend school during that period, or if the school is unable for any other reason to document that the student attended school during that period, the school shall notify the Secretary, within 30 days of the date described in §685.305(a), of the student's withdrawal, expulsion, or failure to attend school, as applicable, and return to the Secretary—