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§ 685.206 Borrower responsibilities and defenses.

- (a) The borrower shall give the school the following information as part of the origination process for a Direct Subsidized, Direct Unsubsidized, or Direct PLUS Loan:
- (1) A statement, as described in 34 CFR part 668, that the loan will be used for the cost of the student's attendance.
- (2) Information demonstrating that the borrower is eligible for the loan.
- (3) Information concerning the outstanding FFEL Program and Direct Loan Program loans of the borrower and, for a parent borrower, of the student, including any Federal Consolidation Loan or Direct Consolidation Loan.
- (4) A statement authorizing the school to release to the Secretary information relevant to the student's eligibility to borrow or to have a parent borrow on the student's behalf (e.g., the student's enrollment status, financial assistance, and employment records).
- (b)(1) The borrower shall promptly notify the Secretary of any change of name, address, student status to less than half-time, employer, or employer's address; and
- (2) The borrower shall promptly notify the school of any change in address during enrollment.
- (c) Borrower defenses. (1) In any proceeding to collect on a Direct Loan, the borrower may assert as a defense against repayment, any act or omission of the school attended by the student that would give rise to a cause of action against the school under applicable State law. These proceedings include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (i) Tax refund offset proceedings under 34 CFR 30.33.
- (ii) Wage garnishment proceedings under section 488A of the Act.
- (iii) Salary offset proceedings for Federal employees under 34 CFR part 31.
- (iv) Credit bureau reporting proceedings under 31 U.S.C. 3711(f).
- (2) If the borrower's defense against repayment is successful, the Secretary notifies the borrower that the borrower is relieved of the obligation to repay

all or part of the loan and associated costs and fees that the borrower would otherwise be obligated to pay. The Secretary affords the borrower such further relief as the Secretary determines is appropriate under the circumstances. Further relief may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- (i) Reimbursing the borrower for amounts paid toward the loan voluntarily or through enforced collection.
- (ii) Determining that the borrower is not in default on the loan and is eligible to receive assistance under title IV of the Act.
- (iii) Updating reports to credit bureaus to which the Secretary previously made adverse credit reports with regard to the borrower's Direct Loan.
- (3) The Secretary may initiate an appropriate proceeding to require the school whose act or omission resulted in the borrower's successful defense against repayment of a Direct Loan to pay to the Secretary the amount of the loan to which the defense applies. However, the Secretary does not initiate such a proceeding after the period for the retention of records described in §685.309(c) unless the school received actual notice of the claim during that period.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–0021)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087a $et\ seq.$)

[59 FR 61690, Dec. 1, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 33345, June 28, 1995; 64 FR 58972, Nov. 1, 1999]

§685.207 Obligation to repay.

- (a) Obligation of repayment in general. (1) A borrower is obligated to repay the full amount of a Direct Loan, including the principal balance, fees, any collection costs charged under §685.202(e), and any interest not subsidized by the Secretary, unless the borrower is relieved of the obligation to repay as provided in this part.
- (2) The borrower's repayment of a Direct Loan may also be subject to the deferment provisions in §685.204, the forbearance provisions in §685.205, and the discharge provisions in §685.212.

- (b) Direct Subsidized Loan repayment. (1) During the period in which a borrower is enrolled at an eligible school on at least a half-time basis, the borrower is in an "in-school" period and is not required to make payments on a Direct Subsidized Loan unless—
- (i) The loan entered repayment before the in-school period began; and
- (ii) The borrower has not been granted a deferment under §685.204.
- (2)(i) When a borrower ceases to be enrolled at an eligible school on at least a half-time basis, a six-month grace period begins, unless the grace period has been previously exhausted.
- (ii)(A) Any borrower who is a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces named in section 10101 of title 10, United States Code and is called or ordered to active duty for a period of more than 30 days is entitled to have the active duty period excluded from the six-month grace period. The excluded period includes the time necessary for the borrower to resume enrollment at the next available regular enrollment period. Any single excluded period may not exceed 3 years.
- (B) Any borrower who is in a grace period when called or ordered to active duty as specified in paragraph (b)(2)(ii)(A) of this section is entitled to a full six-month grace period upon completion of the excluded period.
- (iii) During a grace period, the borrower is not required to make any principal payments on a Direct Subsidized Loan.
- (3) A borrower is not obligated to pay interest on a Direct Subsidized Loan for in-school or grace periods unless the borrower is required to make payments on the loan during those periods under paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (4) The repayment period for a Direct Subsidized Loan begins the day after the grace period ends. A borrower is obligated to repay the loan under paragraph (a) of this section during the repayment period.
- (c) Direct Unsubsidized Loan repayment. (1) During the period in which a borrower is enrolled at an eligible school on at least a half-time basis, the borrower is in an "in-school" period and is not required to make payments of principal on a Direct Unsubsidized Loan unless—

- (i) The loan entered repayment before the in-school period began; and
- (ii) The borrower has not been granted a deferment under §685.204.
- (2)(i) When a borrower ceases to be enrolled at an eligible school on at least a half-time basis, a six-month grace period begins, unless the grace period has been previously exhausted.
- (ii)(A) Any borrower who is a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces named in section 10101 of title 10, United States Code and is called or ordered to active duty for a period of more than 30 days is entitled to have the active duty period excluded from the six-month grace period. The excluded period includes the time necessary for the borrower to resume enrollment at the next available regular enrollment period. Any single excluded period may not exceed 3 years.
- (B) Any borrower who is in a grace period when called or ordered to active duty as specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii)(A) of this section is entitled to a full six-month grace period upon completion of the excluded period.
- (iii) During a grace period, the borrower is not required to make any principal payments on a Direct Unsubsidized Loan.
- (3) A borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues on a Direct Unsubsidized Loan during in-school and grace periods. Interest begins to accrue on the day the first installment is disbursed. Interest that accrues may be capitalized or paid by the borrower.
- (4) The repayment period for a Direct Unsubsidized Loan begins the day after the grace period ends. A borrower is obligated to repay the loan under paragraph (a) of this section during the repayment period.
- (d) Direct PLUS Loan repayment. The repayment period for a Direct PLUS Loan begins on the day the loan is fully disbursed. Interest begins to accrue on the day the first installment is disbursed. A borrower is obligated to repay the loan under paragraph (a) of this section during the repayment period.
- (e) Direct Consolidation Loan repayment. (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (e)(2) and (e)(3) of this section,

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the repayment period for a Direct Consolidation Loan begins and interest begins to accrue on the day the loan is made. The borrower is obligated to repay the loan under paragraph (a) of this section during the repayment period.

- (2) A borrower who obtains a Direct Subsidized Consolidation Loan during an in-school period will be subject to the repayment provisions in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (3) A borrower who obtains a Direct Unsubsidized Consolidation Loan during an in-school period will be subject to the repayment provisions in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (f) Determining the date on which the grace period begins for a borrower in a correspondence program. For a borrower of a Direct Subsidized or Direct Unsubsidized Loan who is a correspondence student, the grace period begins on the earliest of the date—
- (1) The borrower completes the program:
- (2) The borrower falls 60 days behind the due date for submission of a scheduled assignment, according to the schedule required in §685.302. However, a school may grant the borrower one restoration to in-school status if the borrower fails to submit a lesson within this 60-day period after the due date for submission of a particular assignment if, within the 60-day period, the borrower declares, in writing, an intention to continue in the program and an understanding that the required lessons must be submitted on time: or
- (3) That is 60 days following the latest allowable date established by the school for completing the program under the schedule required under §685.302.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087a $et\ seq.$)

[59 FR 61690, Dec. 1, 1994, as amended at 64 FR 58968, Nov. 1, 1999]

§685.208 Repayment plans.

(a) General. (1) A borrower may repay a Direct Subsidized Loan, a Direct Unsubsidized Loan, a Direct Subsidized Consolidation Loan, or a Direct Unsubsidized Consolidation Loan under the standard repayment plan, the extended repayment plan, the graduated repay-

ment plan, or the income contingent repayment plan.

- (2) A borrower may repay a Direct PLUS Loan or a Direct PLUS Consolidation Loan under the standard repayment plan, the extended repayment plan, or the graduated repayment plan.
- (3) The Secretary may provide an alternative repayment plan in accordance with paragraph (g) of this section.
- (4) All Direct Loans obtained by one borrower must be repaid together under the same repayment plan, except that a borrower of a Direct PLUS Loan or a Direct PLUS Consolidation Loan may repay the Direct PLUS Loan or the Direct PLUS Consolidation Loan separately from other Direct Loans obtained by that borrower.
- (b) Standard repayment plan. (1) Under the standard repayment plan, a borrower shall repay a loan in full within ten years from the date the loan entered repayment by making fixed monthly payments.
- (2) Periods of authorized deferment or forbearance are not included in the ten-year repayment period.
- (3) A borrower's payments under the standard repayment plan are at least \$50 per month, except that a borrower's final payment may be less than \$50.
- (4) The number of payments or the fixed monthly repayment amount may be adjusted to reflect changes in the variable interest rate identified in \$685.202(a).
- (c) Extended repayment plan. (1) Under the extended repayment plan, a borrower shall repay a loan in full by making fixed monthly payments within an extended period of time that varies with the total amount of the borrower's loans, as described in paragraph (e) of this section.
- (2) Periods of deferment and forbearance are not included in the number of years of repayment.
- (3) A borrower makes fixed monthly payments of at least \$50, except that a borrower's final payment may be less than \$50.
- (4) The number of payments or the fixed monthly repayment amount may be adjusted to reflect changes in the variable interest rate identified in §685.202(a).
- (d) Graduated repayment plan. (1) Under the graduated repayment plan, a