§ 93.321

- (1) The certificate holder conducts its operations in conformance with the routes and airspace authorizations as specified in its Grand Canyon National Park Special Flight Rules Area operations specifications:
- (2) The certificate holder must have executed a written contract with the Hualapai Indian Nation which grants the certificate holder a trespass permit and specifies the maximum number of flights to be permitted to land at Grand Canyon West Airport and at other sites located in the vicinity of that airport and operates in compliance with that contract; and
- (3) The certificate holder must have a valid operations specification that authorizes the certificate holder to conduct the operations specified in the contract with the Hualapai Indian Nation and specifically approves the number of operations that may transit the Grand Canyon National Park Special Flight Rules Area under this exception.
- (g) Certificate holders conducting commercial air tours at or above 14,500 feet MSL but below 18,000 feet MSL who did not receive initial allocations in 1999 because they were not required to report during the base year may operate without an allocation when conducting air tours at those altitudes. Certificate holders conducting commercial air tours in the area affected by the eastward shift of the SFRA who did not receive initial allocations in 1999 because they were not required to report during the base year may continue to operate on the specified routes without an allocation in the area bounded by longitude line 111 degrees 42 minutes east and longitude line 111 degrees 36 minutes east. This exception does not include operation in the Zuni Point corridor.

 $[65~{\rm FR}~17732,~{\rm Apr.}~4,~2000]$

§93.321 Transfer and termination of allocations.

- (a) Allocations are not a property interest; they are an operating privilege subject to absolute FAA control.
- (b) Allocations are subject to the following conditions:
- (1) The Administrator will re-authorize and re-distribute allocations no earlier than two years from the effective date of this rule.

- (2) Allocations that are held by the FAA at the time of reallocation may be distributed among remaining certificate holders, proportionate to the size of each certificate holder's allocation.
- (3) The aggregate SFRA allocations will not exceed the number of operations reported to the FAA for the base year beginning on May 1, 1997 and ending on April 30, 1998, except as adjusted to incorporate operations occurring for the base year of April 1, 2000 and ending on March 31, 2001, that operate at or above 14,500 feet MSL and below 18,000 feet MSL and operations in the area affected by the eastward shift of the SFRA bounded by longitude line 111 degrees 42 minutes east to longitude 111 degrees 36 minutes east.
- (4) Allocations may be transferred among Part 135 or Part 121 certificate holders, subject to all of the following:
- (i) Such transactions are subject to all other applicable requirements of this chapter.
- (ii) Allocations authorizing commercial air tours outside the Dragon and Zuni Point corridors may not be transferred into the Dragon and Zuni Point corridors. Allocations authorizing commercial air tours within the Dragon and Zuni Point corridors may be transferred outside of the Dragon and Zuni Point corridors.
- (iii) A certificate holder must notify in writing the Las Vegas Flight Standards District Office within 10 calendar days of a transfer of allocations. This notification must identify the parties involved, the type of transfer (permanent or temporary) and the number of allocations transferred. Permanent transfers are not effective until the Flight Standards District Office reissues the operations specifications reflecting the transfer. Temporary transfers are effective upon notification.
- (5) An allocation will revert to the FAA upon voluntary cessation of commercial air tours within the SFRA for any consecutive 180-day period unless the certificate holder notifies the FSDO in writing, prior to the expiration of the 180-day time period, of the following: the reason why the certificate holder has not conducted any commercial air tours during the consecutive 180-day period; and the date

the certificate holder intends on resuming commercial air tours operations. The FSDO will notify the certificate holder of any extension to the consecutive 180-days. A certificate holder may be granted one extension.

- (6) The FAA retains the right to redistribute, reduce, or revoke allocations based on:
- (i) Efficiency of airspace;
- (ii) Voluntary surrender of allocations;
- (iii) Involuntary cessation of operations; and
 - (iv) Aviation safety.

[65 FR 17733, Apr. 4, 2000]

§93.323 Flight plans.

Each certificate holder conducting a commercial SFRA operation must file a visual flight rules (VFR) flight plan in accordance with §91.153. This section does not apply to operations conducted in accordance with §93.309(g). The flight plan must be on file with a FAA Flight Service Station prior to each flight. Each VFR flight plan must identify the purpose of the flight in the "remarks" section according to one of the types set forth in the "Las Vegas"

Flight Standards District Office Grand Canyon National Park Special Flight Rules Area Procedures Manual' which is available from the Las Vegas Flight Standards District Office.

[65 FR 17733, Apr. 4, 2000]

§93.325 Quarterly reporting.

- (a) Each certificate holder must submit in writing, within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter, the total number of commercial SFRA operations conducted for that quarter. Quarterly reports must be filed with the Las Vegas Flight Standards District Office.
- (b) Each quarterly report must contain the following information.
 - (1) Make and model of aircraft;
- (2) Identification number (registration number) for each aircraft;
- (3) Departure airport for each segment flown;
- (4) Departure date and actual Universal Coordinated Time, as applicable for each segment flown;
 - (5) Type of operation; and
 - (6) Route(s) flown.

[65 FR 17733, Apr. 4, 2000]