part does not require the duplication of any equipment required by this chapter.

§135.143 General requirements.

- (a) No person may operate an aircraft under this part unless that aircraft and its equipment meet the applicable regulations of this chapter.
- (b) Except as provided in §135.179, no person may operate an aircraft under this part unless the required instruments and equipment in it have been approved and are in an operable condition.
- (c) ATC transponder equipment installed within the time periods indicated below must meet the performance and environmental requirements of the following TSO's:
- (1) Through January 1, 1992: (i) Any class of TSO-C74b or any class of TSO-C74c as appropriate, provided that the equipment was manufactured before January 1, 1990; or
- (ii) The appropriate class of TSO-C112 (Mode S)
- (2) After January 1, 1992: The appropriate class of TSO-C112 (Mode S). For purposes of paragraph (c)(2) of this section, "installation" does not include—
- (i) Temporary installation of TSO-C74b or TSO-C74c substitute equipment, as appropriate, during maintenance of the permanent equipment;
- (ii) Reinstallation of equipment after temporary removal for maintenance; or
- (iii) For fleet operations, installation of equipment in a fleet aircraft after removal of the equipment for maintenance from another aircraft in the same operator's fleet.

[Doc. No. 16097, 43 FR 46783, Oct. 10, 1978, as amended by Amdt. 135–22, 52 FR 3392, Feb. 3, 1987]

§135.144 Portable electronic devices.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, no person may operate, nor may any operator or pilot in command of an aircraft allow the operation of, any portable electronic device on any of the following U.S.-registered civil aircraft operating under this part.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to—
 - (1) Portable voice recorders;
 - (2) Hearing aids;
 - (3) Heart pacemakers;

- (4) Electric shavers; or
- (5) Any other portable electronic device that the part 119 certificate holder has determined will not cause interference with the navigation or communication system of the aircraft on which it is to be used.
- (c). The determination required by paragraph (b)(5) of this section shall be made by that part 119 certificate holder operating the aircraft on which the particular device is to be used.

[Doc. No. FAA-1998-4954, 64 FR 1080, Jan. 7, 1999]

§ 135.145 Aircraft proving and validation tests.

- (a) No certificate holder may operate an aircraft, other than a turbojet aircraft, for which two pilots are required by this chapter for operations under VFR, if it has not previously proved such an aircraft in operations under this part in at least 25 hours of proving tests acceptable to the Administrator including—
- (1) Five hours of night time, if night flights are to be authorized:
- (2) Five instrument approach procedures under simulated or actual conditions, if IFR flights are to be authorized; and
- (3) Entry into a representative number of en route airports as determined by the Administrator.
- (b) No certificate holder may operate a turbojet airplane if it has not previously proved a turbojet airplane in operations under this part in at least 25 hours of proving tests acceptable to the Administrator including—
- (1) Five hours of night time, if night flights are to be authorized;
- (2) Five instrument approach procedures under simulated or actual conditions, if IFR flights are to be authorized; and
- (3) Entry into a representative number of en route airports as determined by the Administrator.
- (c) No certificate holder may carry passengers in an aircraft during proving tests, except those needed to make the tests and those designated by the Administrator to observe the tests. However, pilot flight training may be conducted during the proving tests.
- (d) Validation testing is required to determine that a certificate holder is