- (d) An alien who seeks a redetermination of admissibility pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section shall not be found to be admissible unless he or she:
- (1) Has continued to be employed by the petitioning entity in a qualifying position since issuance of the visa and presents a letter describing the specific qualifying employment the alien will take up upon admission for permanent residence; or
- (2) Is the spouse or child accompanying or following to join such an alien.
- (e) For the purposes of this section, "qualifying position" shall include both the position occupied by the alien at the time the petition in the alien's behalf was approved and any other position within the petitioning entity's organization, regardless of geographical location, which would otherwise meet the requirements for approval of such a petition in the alien's behalf. For the purposes of this section, qualifying employment shall mean any position in the United States of the kind required for approval of such a pe-

 $[56\ FR\ 32506,\ July\ 17,\ 1991,\ as\ amended\ at\ 61\ FR\ 1837,\ Jan.\ 24,\ 1996]$

§ 45.6 Issuance of immigrant visa upon redetermination of admissibility.

When an alien to whom an immigrant visa having extended validity has been issued pursuant to §45.5 of this part applies for a redetermination of admissibility and the consular officer determines that the alien remains admissible to the United States, the consular officer shall issue to the alien a new immigrant visa valid for a period of four months. The applicant shall execute a new application and provide the necessary current supporting documents. The applicant shall pay a new issuance fee. The consular officer shall insert the word "DUPLICATE" Form OF-155A before the word "IMMI-GRANT" on each immigrant visa issued pursuant to this section.

PART 46—CONTROL OF ALIENS DE-PARTING FROM THE UNITED STATES

Sec.

46.1 Definitions.

- 46.2 Authority of departure-control officer to prevent alien's departure from the United States
- 46.3 Aliens whose departure is deemed prejudicial to the interests of the United States.
- 46.4 Procedure in case of alien prevented from departing from the United States.
- 46.5 Hearing procedure before special inquiry officer.
- 46.6 Departure from the Canal Zone, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, or outlying possessions of the United States.
- 46.7 Instructions from the Administrator required in certain cases.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 104, 215, 66 Stat. 174, 190; 8 U.S.C. 1104, 1185.

§ 46.1 Definitions.

For the purposes of this part:

- (a) The term *alien* means any person who is not a citizen or national of the United States.
- (b) The term *Commissioner* means the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.
- (c) The term regional commissioner means an officer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service duly appointed or designated as a regional commissioner, or an officer who has been designated to act as a regional commissioner.
- (d) The term district director means an officer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service duly appointed or designated as a district director, or an officer who has been designated to act as a district director.
- (e) The term *United States* means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Canal Zone, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Swains Island, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and all other territory and waters, continental and insular, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- (f) The term continental United States means the District of Columbia and the several States, except Alaska and Hawaii.
- (g) The term geographical part of the United States means (1) the continental United States, (2) Alaska, (3) Hawaii, (4) Puerto Rico, (5) the Virgin Islands, (6) Guam, (7) the Canal Zone, (8) American Samoa, (9) Swains Island, or (10) the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.