Portland–Salem, OR–WA National Compensation Survey September 2006



U.S. Department of Labor Elaine L. Chao, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Philip L. Rones, Deputy Commissioner

July 2007

Bulletin 3135-76

Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private establishments and government agencies that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at:

Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, call (202) 691–6199, or send an e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are presented in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the core bulletin, and in an ASCII file containing the published table formats.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

Material in this bulletin is in the public domain and, with appropriate credit, may be reproduced without permission. This information will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691–5200; Federal Relay Service: 1–800–877–8339.

Contents

Introdu	oction
Tables:	: :
1.	Summary: Mean hourly earnings and weekly hours for selected worker
	and establishment characteristics
2.	Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings for full-time and part-time workers
2	by work levels
3.	Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings for full-time and part-time workers
4	by work levels
4.	by work levels
5	Combined work levels for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings for full-time
3.	and part-time workers
6	Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles
	Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles
	State and local government workers: Hourly wage percentiles
9.	Full-time civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles
	Part-time civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles
	Full-time civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours
12.	Full-time private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours
13.	Full-time State and local government workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours
14.	Size of establishment: Mean hourly earnings of private industry establishments
	for major occupational groups
15.	Establishments with fewer than 100 workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time private industry workers
16.	Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time private industry workers
	Union and nonunion workers: Mean hourly earnings for major occupational groups
18.	
19.	Industry sector: Mean hourly earnings for private industry workers
	by major occupational group
Append	dixes:
A.	Technical Note
•	Appendix table 1. Number of workers represented by the survey
	Appendix table 2. Survey establishment response
B.	Standard Occupational Classification System

Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Portland–Salem, OR–WA, metropolitan area. Data were collected between March 2006 and April 2007; the average reference month is September 2006. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and an appendix with detailed information on occupational classifications.

Most of the earnings estimates in this bulletin are presented as mean hourly earnings. Mean weekly and annual earnings, and the corresponding hours, also are provided for full-time employees in specific occupations. Some occupations, such as teachers and fire fighters, typically have shorter or longer work schedules than do the majority of full-time workers. The weekly and annual estimates are useful for comparing the earnings of occupations having different work schedules.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Employer Costs for Employee Compensation measures employers' average hourly costs for wages and benefits. NCS also measures the incidence and provisions of benefit plans. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

Changes to the publications

The locality wage publications have undergone a number of significant changes. Beginning with the 3135 bulletin series, the releases employ:

- 1. The 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
- 2. An expanded scope of establishments, lowering the minimum establishment size for private industry from 50 workers to 1 worker
- 3. Imputation for temporary non-response situations
- 4. Benchmarking of estimated employment
- 5. Redesigned tables, to reflect the new classification system and to emphasize work levels

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 800 detailed occupations, listed in Appendix B, are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include high-level and intermediate occupational aggregation, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods producing, service providing, and size of establishment.

Table 2 presents mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational major groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for full-time and part-time workers. Table 3 provides work level data for private industry workers. Table 4 provides similar data for State and local government workers. Table 5 simplifies the work levels by combining them into broader groups within major and detailed occupations, and for full-time and part-time workers.

Tables 6 through 10 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for individual workers within each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers.

Table 11 presents mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings, and the associated hours, for major occupational groups and detailed occupations for full-time workers. Table 12 provides the same type of information for private industry workers. Table 13 provides similar data for State and local government workers.

Table 14 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by high-level occupational aggregations in the private sector. Tables 15 and 16 provide mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings data for full-time employees in private establishments with fewer than 100 workers, and in private establishments with 100 workers or more.

Table 17 presents mean hourly earnings data for union and nonunion workers in all, private, and State and local government establishments by high-level occupational aggregation. Table 18 provides hourly earnings data for time and incentive workers in all and private establishments by high-level occupational aggregation. Table 19 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions within the private sector.

Appendix table 1 presents the number of workers represented by the survey, by high-level occupational aggregation and for all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Appendix table 2 provides the number of establishments in the sampling frame and the number of responding and nonresponding establishments.

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours for selected worker and establishment characteristics, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

		Civilian workers			ate industry workers		State and local government workers			
Worker and establishment characteristics	Hourly earnings		Mean	Hourly earnings		Mean	Hourly earnings		Mean	
	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	
All workers	\$19.98	3.7	36.3	\$19.37	4.3	36.3	\$24.51	3.0	36.3	
Worker characteristics ^{4,5}										
Management, professional, and related	29.21	4.8	37.6	28.92	6.0	38.1	30.30	2.5	35.5	
Management, business, and financial	32.15	5.1	40.4	31.37	5.4	40.4	45.34	6.6	40.0	
Professional and related	28.06	6.3	36.6	27.70	8.7	37.1	29.07	2.0	35.2	
Service	11.77	3.3	31.5	10.60	2.1	31.0	20.69	2.7	35.8	
Sales and office	16.81	5.6	36.7	16.86	6.2	36.6	16.35	3.2	38.1	
Sales and related	18.65	16.5	36.3	18.65	16.6	36.3	-	-	-	
Office and administrative support	15.98	3.1	36.9	15.93	3.5	36.7	16.31	3.5	38.1	
Natural resources, construction, and	10.50	0.1	00.0	10.00	0.0	30.7	10.01	0.0	30.1	
maintenance	26.37	2.4	39.9	26.55	2.7	39.9	24.15	4.8	40.0	
Construction and extraction	27.45	2.7	40.0	27.67	3.1	40.0	24.42	2.7	40.0	
Installation, maintenance, and repair	22.83	7.2	39.6	22.74	8.0	39.5	23.57	9.8	40.0	
Production, transportation, and material	22.00	1 .2	33.0	22.14	0.0	39.5	25.57	3.0	40.0	
moving	15.30	4.6	37.5	15.05	5.0	37.6	20.23	6.8	35.4	
Production	15.83	2.9	39.1	15.79	2.9	39.1	20.23	0.0	33.4	
Transportation and material moving	14.79	9.2	36.0	14.28	10.9	36.1	20.24	6.7	35.3	
Transportation and material moving	14.79	9.2	36.0	14.26	10.9	30.1	20.24	0.7	35.3	
Full time	20.80	3.5	39.6	20.20	4.1	39.5	25.16	3.0	40.2	
Part time	13.00	7.4	21.2	12.36	8.6	21.5	18.35	5.4	19.0	
	. 0.00			.2.00	0.0			0		
Union	22.90	2.5	36.3	22.72	3.8	36.0	23.21	2.0	36.8	
Nonunion	18.90	5.5	36.3	18.55	5.7	36.4	30.77	6.9	34.4	
_ .	40.70		00.0	10.05	4.0	000	04.54		000	
Time	19.72	3.6	36.2	19.05	4.2	36.2	24.51	3.0	36.3	
Incentive	27.93	22.2	38.1	27.93	22.2	38.1	_	_	_	
Establishment characteristics										
Goods producing	(6)	(6)	(6)	_	_		(6)	(6)	(6)	
Service providing	(⁶)	(6)	(⁶)	_	_	_	(⁶) (⁶)	(⁶)	(6)	
Gervice providing	(-)	(')	(')	_	_	_	(-)	(')	(')	
1-99 workers	17.35	4.8	35.5	17.32	4.8	35.5	_	_	_	
100-499 workers	20.10	7.5	36.7	19.99	7.8	36.8	23.28	5.1	33.9	
500 workers or more	24.36	5.4	37.4	24.19	9.1	37.9	24.61	2.8	36.6	
222	21.00] "	0,	2	0	07.0	2		00.0	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

³ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

based on productivity payments study as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

5 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

6 Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-providing industries applies to private industry only. Industries are determined by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

exclusive of overtime.

⁴ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on

Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	T	otal	Full-time	e workers	Part-time workers		
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	
All workers	\$19.98	3.7	\$20.80	3.5	\$13.00	7.4	
Managament accumations	26.04	0.0	26.04	0.0			
Management occupations Level 10	36.01 36.44	8.2 4.4	36.01 36.44	8.2 4.4	_	_	
Level 11	27.23	16.6	27.23	16.6	_	_	
Level 12	51.12	7.4	51.12	7.4	_	_	
Level 13	49.08	7.0	49.08	7.0	_	_	
Not able to be leveled	48.06	4.7	48.06	4.7	_	_	
General and operations managers	35.05	17.4	35.05	17.4	_	_	
Marketing and sales managers	48.10	6.3	48.10	6.3	_	_	
Financial managers	40.43	24.9	40.43	24.9	_	_	
Education administrators	40.39	10.1	40.39	10.1	-	-	
Business and financial operations occupations	28.84	6.5	28.84	6.5	_	_	
Level 6	18.70	3.2	18.70	3.2	_	_	
Level 7	21.69	4.6	21.69	4.6	_	-	
Level 8	29.33	5.3	29.33	5.3	_	-	
Buyers and purchasing agents	23.54	8.8	23.54	8.8	_	_	
Accountants and auditors	24.08	8.8	24.08	8.8	_	_	
Computer and mathematical science occupations	28.41	13.8	28.58	13.8	-	_	
Level 11	40.11	5.8	40.11	5.8	_	_	
Computer software engineers	37.74	5.8	37.74	5.8	_	_	
Computer systems analysts	16.66 34.57	28.1 1.5	16.62 34.57	29.6 1.5	_	_	
Architecture and engineering occupations	32.00	3.8	32.00	3.8	_		
Level 7	24.36	10.0	24.36	10.0	_	_	
Level 8	30.35	4.4	30.35	4.4	_		
Level 9	30.92	6.1	30.92	6.1	_	_	
Level 11	40.67	4.2	40.67	4.2	_	_	
Engineers	38.39	2.5	38.39	2.5	_	_	
Level 9	33.78	8.6	33.78	8.6	_	_	
Level 11	41.62	2.6	41.62	2.6	_	_	
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	37.72	4.2	37.72	4.2	_	_	
Industrial engineers	38.31	5.1	38.31	5.1	_	_	
Engineering technicians, except drafters	22.26	3.7	22.26	3.7	_	_	
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	23.47	6.0	23.47	6.0	_	_	
Life, physical, and social science occupations Level 9	27.38 26.45	5.8 6.8	26.66 26.45	4.7 6.8	- -	-	
Community and social services occupations	17.89	10.0	17.89	10.2	17.78	16.5	
Level 6	14.28	1.1		_	_	_	
Level 9	24.56	5.7	_	_	_	_	
Counselors	24.66	22.5	26.37	23.3	15.21	10.7	
Educational, vocational, and school counselors	24.62	28.2	26.06	29.9	_	_	
Social workers	18.57	8.5	18.57	8.5	_	_	
Legal occupations	47.32	21.3	47.32	21.3	_	_	
Lawyers	59.81	10.1	59.81	10.1	_	_	
Education, training, and library occupations	27.72	6.7	28.65	7.4	20.91	7.0	
Level 2	11.80	4.6	_	_	12.56	4.7	
Level 3	11.46	11.2	_	_	_	_	
Level 4	14.94	.2	- 20.07		_	_	
Level 8 Level 9	31.26	11.8	32.27	11.5	22.62	14.9	
Level 10	30.92 41.03	3.5 7.9	31.45 40.00	2.2 8.9	23.62	14.9	
Level 11	30.93	18.1			_	_	
Postsecondary teachers	38.12	12.2	37.93	13.4	39.87	5.1	
Level 10	40.92	8.0	40.00	8.9	-	_	
Level 11	30.93	18.1	-	-	_	_	
Math and computer teachers, postsecondary	45.72	1.8	_	_	_	_	
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers,							
postsecondary	35.08	7.6	-	-	_	_	

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings 1 for full-time and part-time workers 2 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 3 for full-time and part-time workers 3 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 3 for full-time and part-time workers 3 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 3 for full-time and part-time workers 3 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 3 for full-time and part-time workers 3 by work levels 3.}$

	T	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time workers		
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent	
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	\$32.88	22.6	\$32.22	23.6	_	_	
Primary, secondary, and special education school	*		* -				
teachers	29.17	6.5	29.75	6.7	\$21.24	8.3	
Level 8	33.96	9.7	37.88	2.1	· _	_	
Level 9	30.97	3.5	31.44	2.2	_	_	
Elementary and middle school teachers	30.77	4.9	32.17	3.5	18.74	6.7	
Level 8	32.68	12.0	_	_	_	_	
Level 9	30.86	4.9	31.74	2.8	_	_	
Elementary school teachers, except special							
education	30.35	5.3	31.72	3.3	_	_	
Level 8	31.16	13.7	_	_	_	_	
Level 9	30.34	5.3	31.32	2.8	_	_	
Middle school teachers, except special and							
vocational education	33.04	4.3	34.57	5.2	_	_	
Level 9	34.04	4.4	34.04	4.4	_	-	
Secondary school teachers	32.95	1.1	32.95	1.1	_	-	
Level 9	32.71	1.5	32.70	1.5	_	_	
Secondary school teachers, except special and							
vocational education	32.95	1.1	32.95	1.1	_	_	
Level 9	32.71	1.5	32.70	1.5	_	_	
Special education teachers	29.61	6.5	29.66	6.5	_	_	
Level 9	29.03	6.8	29.03	6.8	_	_	
Special education teachers, preschool,	20.00	0.0	20.00	0.0			
kindergarten, and elementary school	30.00	7.4	30.00	7.4	_	_	
Level 9	29.24	7.6	29.24	7.6	_	_	
Other teachers and instructors	20.42	6.3	_	_	_	_	
Teacher assistants	12.36	9.3	11.29	10.2	14.40	.4	
Level 2	11.80	4.6	-	- 10.2	12.56	4.7	
Level 3	11.46	11.2	_	_	-	"	
Level 4	14.94	.2	_	_	_	l _	
occupations	15.59	24.9	15.46	25.1	-	-	
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations Level 4	28.50	4.9 8.4	28.73	5.5 9.7	26.67	6.1	
	14.07		13.46	-	_	_	
Level 6	23.60	3.6	23.67	3.5	_	_	
Level 7	25.87	16.0	25.78	17.1	_	_	
Level 8	27.54	12.0	25.13	15.5	-	_	
Level 9	33.53	6.2	33.58	6.7	33.00	3.2	
Level 10	44.83	7.5	44.83	7.5	_	_	
Pharmacists	46.44	2.2	46.44	2.2	- 22.54	- 2.7	
Registered nurses	33.32	3.1	33.52	3.3	32.54	2.7	
Level 9	32.26	4.0	32.15	4.1	33.07	3.9	
Therapists Level 9	29.34 30.04	1.9	29.23	1.8	_	_	
		. 31	29.62	3.5	_	-	
		1	10 05		_		
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	-	-	18.05 16.13	4.5		_	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	-		18.05 16.12	4.5 3.7	-	_	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians		1			-	_ _ _	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	_ _ 21.64	- - .8	16.12 -	3.7	- - 10.33		
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	- 21.64 12.14	- .8 9.4	16.12 - 13.16	3.7 - 8.6	- - 10.33	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	- 21.64 12.14 11.80	- - .8 9.4 10.0	16.12 - 13.16 11.94	3.7	- - 10.33 - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 -	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 -	- - 10.33 - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	- 21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43	9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0	16.12 - 13.16 11.94	3.7 - 8.6	- 10.33 - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	- 21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67	9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4	- 10.33 - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	- 21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67 10.53	9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 -	- - 10.33 - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	- 21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67	9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4	10.33 - - - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67 10.53 11.08 15.55	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1 6.4 4.5	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13 - 11.51 - 16.38	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4 - 5.3 - 4.9	- - 10.33 - - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical and clinical laboratory technicians Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses Healthcare support occupations Level 3 Level 4 Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Level 3 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Level 3 Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.67 10.53 11.08 15.55	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1 6.4 4.5	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13 - 11.51 - 16.38 19.39	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4 - 5.3 - 4.9	- - 10.33 - - - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical and clinical laboratory technicians Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses Level 3 Level 4 Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Level 3 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Level 3 Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Level 5 Level 5	21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67 10.53 11.08 15.55	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1 6.4 4.5	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13 - 11.51 - 16.38 19.39 19.17	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4 - 5.3 - 4.9 17.3 6.6	- - 10.33 - - - - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical and clinical laboratory technicians Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses Level 3 Level 4 Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Level 3 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Level 3 Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Level 5 Level 7	- 21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67 10.53 11.08 15.55 19.00 19.17 27.96	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1 6.4 4.5	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13 - 11.51 - 16.38 19.39 19.17 27.96	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4 - 5.3 - 4.9 17.3 6.6 4.3	- 10.33 - - - - - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical and clinical laboratory technicians Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses Healthcare support occupations Level 3 Level 4 Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Level 3 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Level 3 Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Level 5 Level 7 Police officers	- 21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67 10.53 11.08 15.55 19.00 19.17 27.96 27.20	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1 6.4 4.5 17.6 6.6 4.3 2.1	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13 - 11.51 - 16.38 19.39 19.17 27.96 27.20	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4 - 5.3 - 4.9 17.3 6.6 4.3 2.1	- - 10.33 - - - - - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical and clinical laboratory technicians Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses Healthcare support occupations Level 3 Level 4 Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Level 3 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Level 3 Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Level 5 Level 7 Police officers Level 7	21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67 10.53 11.08 15.55 19.00 19.17 27.96 27.20 27.62	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1 6.4 4.5 17.6 6.6 4.3 2.1 3.2	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13 - 11.51 - 16.38 19.39 19.17 27.96 27.20 27.62	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4 - 5.3 - 4.9 17.3 6.6 4.3 2.1 3.2	- - 10.33 - - - - - - - - - -	10.0	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical and clinical laboratory technicians Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses Healthcare support occupations Level 3 Level 4 Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Level 3 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Level 3 Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Level 5 Level 7 Police officers	- 21.64 12.14 11.80 14.12 10.43 10.67 10.53 11.08 15.55 19.00 19.17 27.96 27.20	- .8 9.4 10.0 9.5 6.0 4.5 7.1 6.4 4.5 17.6 6.6 4.3 2.1	16.12 - 13.16 11.94 - 11.13 - 11.51 - 16.38 19.39 19.17 27.96 27.20	3.7 - 8.6 13.0 - 5.4 - 5.3 - 4.9 17.3 6.6 4.3 2.1	- - 10.33 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	10.0	

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings 1 for full-time and part-time workers 2 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 3 for full-time and part-time workers 2 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 3 for full-time and part-time workers 3 for full-time and part-time and part-time workers 3 for full-time and part-time workers 3 for full-time and part-time and part-t$

	To	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Food preparation and serving related occupations	\$9.68 8.06	6.1	\$10.46	8.1	\$8.03 7.88	0.9 1.2
Level 2	9.13	9.7	9.49	11.1	8.23	1.1
Level 3	9.88	8.1	10.19	8.9	-	
Level 4	11.79	7.0	_	_	_	_
Cooks	12.21	3.1	12.23	3.1	_	_
Level 3	11.88	1.5	11.91	1.7	_	_
Cooks, institution and cafeteria	13.34	6.8	_	_	_	_
Food preparation workers	8.25	7.5	_	_		
Food service, tipped	7.83	.4	_	_	7.88	2.4
Level 2	7.74	1.4	_	_	7.89	2.7
Waiters and waitresses	7.68	.6	_	_	_ 7.00	
Fast food and counter workers	8.02	.8	_	_	7.90	.9
Level 1	7.85	.0 2.5	_	_	7.79	.6
Level 2 Combined food preparation and serving workers,	8.42	2.5	_		_	_
including fast food	7.95	.5	_	_	7.89	.7
Level 1	7.93 7.84	.2			-	-'
		_				
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance						
occupations	11.92	5.1	12.47	5.7	10.30	6.1
Level 1	9.76	7.0	10.17	8.9	9.43	9.8
Level 2	11.65	5.8	11.88	6.6	_	_
Level 3	12.78	10.0	13.01	10.5		
Building cleaning workers	11.58	4.1	12.08	4.9	10.32	6.2
Level 1	9.75	7.1	10.17	8.9	9.41	10.1
Level 2	11.67	6.0	11.88	6.6	_	_
Level 3	14.09	11.0	14.79	10.6	_	_
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	11.81	4.6	12.28	5.2	9.85	6.0
Level 1	10.62	4.9	-	5.2	9.00	0.0
Level 2	11.42	7.0	11.65	6.5	_	_
Level 3	14.09	11.0	14.79	10.6	_	_
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	11.07	7.2	11.40	8.0	_	_
Grounds maintenance workers	14.65	14.4		_	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	10.96	10.5	11.25	12.8	9.62	6.0
Level 2 Child care workers	8.76	1.0	_	_	7.94 9.22	1.3
Recreation and fitness workers	10.68	3.0	_	_	10.68	3.0
recordation and nations workers	10.00	0.0			10.00	0.0
Sales and related occupations	18.65	16.5	19.75	16.3	9.20	2.0
Level 2	9.94	10.3	10.24	12.2	8.13	5.3
Level 3	13.19	10.9	13.78	13.3	10.88	6.8
Level 4	13.78	11.6	13.92	11.8	_	_
Level 5	21.80	13.3	21.80	13.3	_	_
Level 6	20.34	8.3	20.34	8.3	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	17.11	11.8	17.11	11.8	_	_
Level 5	18.98	7.6	18.98	7.6	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers Level 5	17.11 18.98	11.8 7.6	17.11 18.98	11.8 7.6	_	_
Retail sales workers	11.98	6.7	12.23	7.6	10.07	3.9
Level 2	9.98	10.2	10.24	12.2	-	5.9
Level 3	13.63	10.3	14.05	13.2	11.64	.9
Level 4	13.50	15.1	-	-	-	-
Cashiers, all workers	10.86	12.2	11.15	12.9	8.97	12.7
Level 2	10.35	13.3	10.70	14.3	_	-
Cashiers	10.86	12.2	11.15	12.9	8.97	12.7
Level 2	10.35	13.3	10.70	14.3	_	-
Retail salespersons	12.22	6.7	12.34	7.2	11.10	11.0
Level 3	14.07	10.3	14.56	13.8	-	_
Office and administrative support accounting	15.00	2.4	15.00	2.0	16.60	44.5
Office and administrative support occupations Level 2	15.98 11.54	3.1 10.7	15.88 11.09	3.2 10.9	16.69 —	11.5
Level 3	12.87	4.5	12.95	5.0	_ 11.84	6.3
LCVCI J	12.01	1 7.5	12.50	1 3.0	11.04	0.3

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 2. {\it Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings}1 for full-time and part-time workers}2 by work levels}3, {\it Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006} \end{tabular}$.$

	To	otal	Full-time	e workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Office and administrative support occupations						
-Continued						
Level 4	\$15.17	3.1	\$15.23	3.0	\$13.63	8.7
Level 5	18.40	4.3	17.21	4.0	_	_
Level 6	20.07	5.1	20.07	5.1	_	_
Level 7	21.92	4.8	21.92	4.8	_	_
Not able to be leveled	15.86	12.2	16.38	15.2	_	-
First-line supervisors/managers of office and	04.04		04.04			
administrative support workers	21.94	7.4	21.94	7.4	_	_
Financial clerks	15.09	6.0	15.08	6.3	_	_
Level 3	11.21	3.0			_	_
Level 4	14.84	4.0	14.87	4.1	_	_
Level 5	18.73	5.1	19.18	4.7	_	-
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	16.53	2.4	16.52	2.5	_	_
Level 4	15.25	2.0	15.25	2.0	_	_
Level 5	18.88	5.0	_	_	_	_
Tellers	12.24	.9	_	_	_	_
Level 3	11.81	.9			_	_
Customer service representatives	16.31	9.9	16.51	9.2	_	_
Level 4	16.57	14.5	16.99	13.2	_	_
Level 6	20.04	3.3	20.04	3.3	_	-
Library assistants, clerical	14.65	5.8	_	_	_	_
Receptionists and information clerks	14.51	7.3	_	_	14.15	11.9
Stock clerks and order fillers	11.63	10.0	_	_	_	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants	19.26	3.5	18.26	7.9	_	_
Level 4	15.18	4.3	15.27	4.5	_	_
Level 5	_	_	17.74	8.3	_	_
Level 6	17.52	7.7	17.52	7.7	_	-
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	19.56	13.8	19.56	13.8	_	-
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	15.58	3.7	15.64	3.8	_	_
Level 4	14.50	3.4	14.62	3.6	_	_
Office clerks, general	14.15	4.0	14.38	4.5	12.16	7.2
Level 3	12.69	5.0	12.86	5.0	_	_
Level 4	15.04	5.8	15.09	5.4	-	_
Construction and extraction occupations	27.45	2.7	27.45	2.7	_	_
Level 5	21.14	4.6	21.14	4.6	_	-
Level 6	29.01	3.3	29.01	3.3	_	_
Level 7	30.85	1.7	30.85	1.7	_	_
Electricians	29.99	7.4	29.99	7.4	_	-
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	29.95	9.1	29.95	9.1	_	_
Level 7	30.51	7.4	30.51	7.4	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	29.71	8.0	29.71	8.0	_	_
Construction and building inspectors	27.06	7.4	27.06	7.4	-	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	22.83	7.2	22.56	8.8	_	_
Level 5	18.96	3.7	18.96	3.7	_	_
Level 7	23.37	4.5	22.69	3.7	_	_
Automotive technicians and repairers	17.73	2.8	17.73	2.8	_	_
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	17.73	2.8	17.73	2.8	_	_
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance						
workers	22.46	8.1	20.84	5.7	_	_
Level 7	23.64	7.7	21.57	3.2	_	-
Maintenance workers, machinery	21.72	3.3	21.72	3.3	_	_
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	22.08	6.4	22.08	6.4	_	_
Production occupations	15.83	2.9	15.93	3.0	_	_
Level 2	10.39	2.9	10.39	2.1	_	_
Level 3	13.44	7.7	12.79	5.3		_
Level 4	14.85	3.5	14.85	3.5	_	_
Level 5	17.68	4.0	17.68	3.5 4.0		_
Level 6		1.0		1.0	_	_
Level 7	18.78 22.64	10.0	18.78 22.64	10.0		_
Level 8		1			-	-
FEAEI O	27.70	3.3	27.70	3.3	_	_

Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	To	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time workers		
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical							
assemblers	\$15.46	7.6	\$15.46	7.6	_	_	
Level 4	16.08	.8	16.08	.8	_	_	
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	15.46	7.6	15.46	7.6	_	_	
Level 4	16.08	.8	16.08	.8	_	_	
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	14.54	10.4	14.54	10.4	_	_	
Computer control programmers and operators	21.81	8.9	21.81	8.9	_	_	
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	22.95	14.5	22.95	14.5	_	_	
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	22.95	14.5	22.95	14.5	_	_	
Printers	17.76	14.8	17.76	14.8	_	_	
Printing machine operators	18.18	1.3	18.18	1.3	_	_	
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	13.86	12.6	13.86	12.6	_	_	
Miscellaneous production workers	12.97	6.2	13.78	2.6	_	_	
Level 2	11.51	4.5	11.51	4.5	_	_	
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.79	9.2	15.30	10.0	\$10.98	4.7	
Level 1	8.89	5.7	8.74	7.4	9.32	7.6	
Level 2	10.68	16.8	10.80	17.8	_	_	
Level 3	13.09	4.0	13.11	4.5	12.67	8.6	
Level 4	18.88	6.4	18.92	6.5	_	_	
Level 5	19.66	4.1	19.94	4.6	_	_	
Level 7	28.20	4.8	28.20	4.8	_	_	
Bus drivers	18.38	9.8	_	_	15.61	4.1	
Level 3	14.12	3.2	_	_	_	_	
Bus drivers, school	14.68	2.0	-	_	14.81	1.5	
Level 3	14.12	3.2	-	_	_	_	
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	16.83	7.4	16.75	7.7	_	_	
Level 4	21.70	5.0	21.70	5.0	_	_	
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	19.62	4.0	19.60	4.2	_	_	
Level 4	19.95	5.5	19.95	5.5	_	_	
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	15.29	24.1	15.29	24.1	_	_	
Industrial truck and tractor operators	13.98	9.9	13.98	9.9	_	_	
Laborers and material movers, hand	11.24	8.0	11.72	9.6	9.78	7.2	
Level 1	9.56	6.1	9.31	3.7	9.92	13.0	
Level 2	10.19	12.2	_	_	_	_	
Level 3	13.15	10.6	_	_	_	_	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,							
hand	12.21	5.4	12.73	7.5	_	_	
Level 1	10.13	3.8	-	_	-	_	
Level 2	11.82	5.9	-	_	_	_	
Level 3	13.15	10.6	l –	_	_	_	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.
² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

4 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings 1 for full-time and part-time workers 2 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 3. The provided Health of the provided Heal$

	T	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
II workers	\$19.37	4.3	\$20.20	4.1	\$12.36	8.6
Management accountions	24.42	0.4	24.42	0.4		
Management occupations Level 10	34.43	9.1 4.4	34.43	9.1 4.4	_	_
Level 11	36.44 27.23	16.6	36.44 27.23	16.6	_	_
Level 12	45.35	5.9	45.35	5.9		
Not able to be leveled	48.59	5.1	48.59	5.1	_	
Marketing and sales managers	48.10	6.3	48.10	6.3	_	_
Financial managers	41.27	25.8	41.27	25.8	_	_
Business and financial operations occupations	28.93	6.6	28.93	6.6	_	_
Level 6	18.70	3.2	18.70	3.2	_	_
Level 7	21.69	4.6	21.69	4.6	_	_
Level 8	30.04	5.0	30.04	5.0	_	_
Buyers and purchasing agents	23.54	8.8	23.54	8.8	_	_
Accountants and auditors	24.16	9.1	24.16	9.1	-	_
Computer and mathematical science occupations	28.28	14.4	28.46	14.5	_	_
Level 11	40.11	5.8	40.11	5.8	_	_
Computer software engineers	37.74	5.8	37.74	5.8	_	_
Computer support specialists	16.66	28.1	16.62	29.6	_	_
Computer systems analysts	34.47	1.9	34.47	1.9	_	_
Architecture and engineering occupations	32.05	4.1	32.05	4.1	_	_
Level 7	24.17	12.0	24.17	12.0	_	_
Level 9	30.74	6.6	30.74	6.6	_	_
Level 11	40.84	4.3	40.84	4.3	_	_
Engineers	38.91	2.3	38.91	2.3	_	_
Level 9	33.93	10.7	33.93	10.7	_	_
Level 11	41.84	2.6	41.84	2.6	_	_
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	37.72	4.2	37.72	4.2	_	_
Industrial engineers Engineering technicians, except drafters	38.31 21.81	5.1 4.6	38.31 21.81	5.1 4.6	_	_
Life, physical, and social science occupations	31.32	7.5	_	_	_	_
Community and social services occupations	15.55	10.0	15.44	10.2	_	_
	40.50	40.0	40.05	47.4		
Education, training, and library occupations	19.50	16.0	19.35 27.24	17.1 15.6	_	_
Postsecondary teachers	32.49	23.6	32.18	24.1	_	_
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	32.49	23.6	32.18	24.1	_	
Primary, secondary, and special education school			32.10		_	_
teachers	15.99	16.7	15.73	18.8	-	-
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	15.38	25.4	15.25	25.6	_	_
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	28.75	5.3	29.08	5.8	25.55	7.5
Level 4	14.07	8.4	13.46	9.7	_	-
Level 6	23.60	3.6	23.67	3.5	_	-
Level 8	32.51	5.3	_	_	_	-
Level 9	34.59	6.3	34.72	6.7	33.07	3.9
Level 10	44.83	7.5	44.83	7.5	_	_
Pharmacists	46.44	2.2	46.44	2.2	- 22 FO	- 21
Registered nurses	33.07 32.32	3.3 4.0	32.99	3.3 4.1	33.50 33.07	3.1 3.9
Level 9 Therapists	32.32 29.23	1.8	32.21 29.23	1.8	- -	3.9
Level 9	29.23 29.62	3.5	29.23 29.62	3.5	_	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	23.02		18.05	4.5	_	_
Medical and clinical laboratory technicians	_	_	16.12	3.7	_	_
Healthcare support occupations	12.13	9.4	13.16	8.6	10.29	10.0
	11.80	10.0	11.94	13.0	-	-
Level 3I						
Level 3 Level 4	14.12	9.5	_	_	_	_

 $\label{thm:continued} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 2 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 2 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels3, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels3, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4. 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4 for full-time and part-time workers4 for full-time and$

	Т	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides –Continued						
Level 3	\$10.67	4.5		_	-	-
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants		7.1	\$11.51	5.3	_	_
Level 3		6.4	_		-	_
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	15.55	4.5	16.38	4.9	_	_
Food preparation and serving related occupations		6.5	10.42	8.4	\$7.87	0.3
Level 2	8.02 9.06	1.1	9.49	11.1	7.82 7.87	.7
Level 3	9.84	8.6	10.14	9.4	-	
Cooks	12.16	3.8	12.16	3.8	_	_
Food preparation workers		7.3	_	_	_	_
Food service, tipped		.6	_	_	7.70	.8
Waiters and waitresses	7.68	.6	_	_	_	_
Fast food and counter workers	7.98	1.0	_	_	7.84	.1
Level 1	7.83	.2	-	-		-
Combined food preparation and serving workers,						
including fast food	7.91	.7	_	_	7.84	.1
Level 1	7.83	.2	_	_	_	_
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance						
occupations	11.28	4.2	11.66	5.0	10.32	6.3
Level 1		6.6	9.59	5.0	_	_
Level 2	11.49	5.7	11.65	6.7	_	_
Level 3	12.67	13.6	12.93	14.1	_	_
Building cleaning workers	11.19	4.2	11.60	5.3	10.32	6.3
Level 1	9.48	6.6	9.59	5.0	-	_
Level 2	11.49	5.7	11.65	6.7	-	_
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and						
housekeeping cleaners		4.8	11.69	5.7	9.83	6.4
Level 1	10.24	4.1	_	_	_	_
Level 2 Maids and housekeeping cleaners	- 11.07	7.2	11.33 11.40	5.7 8.0	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	10.91	10.9	11.25	12.8	9.00	8.1
Level 2	8.75	1.1	_	_	_	_
Sales and related occupations		16.6	19.75	16.5	9.20	2.0
Level 2	9.94	10.3	10.24	12.2	8.13	5.3
Level 3		11.4	13.64	13.9	10.88	6.8
Level 4		11.6	13.92	11.8	_	_
Level 5		13.3	21.80	13.3	_	_
Level 6First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	20.34	8.3	20.34	8.3	_	_
Level 5		11.8 7.6	17.11 18.98	11.8 7.6	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	17.11	11.8	17.11	11.8		_
Level 5	18.98	7.6	18.98	7.6	_	_
Retail sales workers	11.92	6.8	12.17	7.4	10.07	3.9
Level 2	9.98	10.2	10.24	12.2	-	0.5
Level 3	13.51	10.8	13.91	13.8	11.64	.9
Level 4	13.50	15.1	-	-		5
Cashiers, all workers	10.69	12.3	10.97	13.0	8.97	12.7
Level 2	10.35	13.3	10.70	14.3	_	_
Cashiers	10.69	12.3	10.97	13.0	8.97	12.7
Level 2	10.35	13.3	10.70	14.3	_	_
Retail salespersons	12.22	6.7	12.34	7.2	11.10	11.0
Level 3	14.07	10.3	14.56	13.8	_	-
Office and administrative support occupations	15.93	3.5	15.78	3.7	16.91	11.6
Level 2		11.4	10.99	11.2		
Level 3	13.08	5.7	13.18	6.3	11.56	7.0
Level 4	15.15	3.7	15.23	3.5	13.36	9.4
Level 5		4.5	17.19	4.4	_	_
		5.3	19.71	5.3	I —	I –
Level 6	19.71					
Level 6	23.87 15.86	6.7 12.2	23.87 16.38	6.7 15.2	_ _	_

 $\label{thm:continued} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 2 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued 2 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels3, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels3, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4, 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4. 4 for full-time and part-time workers4 by work levels4 for full-time and part-time workers4 for full-time and$

	To	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
First line supervisors/managers of office and						
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	\$21.83	7.3	\$21.83	7.3	_	_
Financial clerks	φ21.03 15.03	6.3	15.02	6.6	_	_
Level 3	11.21	3.0	10.02	0.0	_	_
Level 4	14.72	4.1	14.74	4.2	_	_
Level 5	18.88	5.0		_	_	_
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	16.47	2.5	16.46	2.7	_	_
Level 4	15.06	1.8	15.06	1.8	_	_
Level 5	18.88	5.0	_	_	_	_
Tellers	12.24	.9	_	_	_	_
Level 3	11.81	.9	_	_	_	_
Customer service representatives	16.16	10.0	16.36	9.3	_	_
Level 4	16.57	14.5	16.99	13.2	_	_
Level 6	19.72	2.9	19.72	2.9	_	_
Receptionists and information clerks	14.51	7.3	_	_	\$14.15	11.9
Stock clerks and order fillers	11.33	9.0	_	_	_	-
Secretaries and administrative assistants	19.64	4.1	18.63	9.1	_	-
Level 4	15.19	6.0	15.21	6.3	_	-
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	19.56	13.9	19.56	13.9	_	_
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	15.29	4.6	15.29	4.6	_	_
Office clerks, general	14.79	5.0	15.14	5.7	12.22	8.3
Level 3	13.68	7.9	_		_	_
Level 4	15.62	7.3	15.76	6.5	-	_
Construction and extraction occupations	27.67	3.1	27.67	3.1	_	_
Level 6	29.13	3.4	29.13	3.4	_	_
Level 7	31.07	2.1	31.07	2.1	_	_
Electricians	30.02	7.8	30.02	7.8	_	_
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	29.95	9.1	29.95	9.1	_	_
Level 7 Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	30.51 29.71	7.4	30.51 29.71	7.4 8.0	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	22.74	8.0	22.43	9.9	_	_
Level 5	18.96	3.7	18.96	3.7	_	_
Level 7	23.21	4.1	22.29	2.0	_	-
Automotive technicians and repairers	17.63	3.1	17.63	3.1	_	_
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	17.63	3.1	17.63	3.1	_	_
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	00.40	0.4	00.04			
workers	22.46	8.1	20.84	5.7	_	_
Level 7	23.64	7.7	21.57	3.2	_	_
Maintenance workers, machinery	21.72	3.3	21.72	3.3	_	_
Production occupations	15.79	2.9	15.89	3.0	-	_
Level 2	10.39	2.0	10.39	2.1	_	_
Level 3	13.44	7.7	12.79	5.3	_	_
Level 4	14.78	3.5	14.78	3.5	_	_
Level 5	17.65	4.1	17.65	4.1	_	_
Level 6	18.62	.8	18.62	.8	_	_
Level 7	22.64	10.0	22.64	10.0	_	_
Level 8	27.70	3.3	27.70	3.3	_	_
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	45 40	7.0	45 40	7.0		
assemblers	15.46	7.6	15.46	7.6	_	-
Level 4 Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	16.08	.8	16.08	.8	_	_
Level 4	15.46 16.08	7.6	15.46 16.08	7.6 .8	_	-
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	14.54	10.4	14.54	10.4	_	-
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	22.95	14.5	22.95	14.5	_	_
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	22.95	14.5	22.95	14.5	_	I _
Printers	17.72	15.4	17.72	15.4	_	_
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	13.86	12.6	13.86	12.6	_	_
Miscellaneous production workers	12.97	6.2	13.78	2.6	_	_
Level 2	11.51	4.5	11.51	4.5	-	_
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.28	10.9	14.80	11.6	10.11	6.1
Level 1	8.89	5.7	8.74	7.4	9.32	7.6
FGA61 I		1	l	17.4		
Level 2	10.68	16.8	10.80		_	_

Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Transportation and material moving occupations -Continued						
Level 3	\$13.02	4.3	\$13.09	4.6	_	_
Level 4	18.87	7.6	18.87	7.6	_	_
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	16.81	7.7	16.73	7.9	_	_
Level 4	21.98	5.1	21.98	5.1	_	_
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	19.66	4.1	19.64	4.3	_	_
Level 4	20.05	6.0	20.05	6.0	_	_
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	15.28	24.6	15.28	24.6	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor operators	13.98	9.9	13.98	9.9	_	_
Laborers and material movers, hand	11.13	8.2	11.59	9.9	\$9.78	7.2
Level 1	9.56	6.1	9.31	3.7	9.92	13.0
Level 2	10.19	12.2	_	_	_	_
Level 3	13.15	10.6	_	_	_	_
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,						
hand	12.08	5.6	12.57	7.5	_	_
Level 1	10.13	3.8	_	_	_	_
Level 2	11.82	5.9	_	_	_	_
Level 3	13.15	10.6	_	_	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.
² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

worker with a 35-flour-per-week schedule might be considered a functione employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{l} Table 4. State and local government workers: Mean hourly earnings 1 for full-time and part-time workers 2 by work levels 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 3. The same continuous c$

	Te	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
ıll workers	\$24.51	3.0	\$25.16	3.0	\$18.35	5.4
Management occupations	51.23	5.7	51.23	5.7	_	_
Life, physical, and social science occupations	25.65	4.0	25.65	4.0	_	_
Community and social services occupations	23.22	12.9	23.46	13.1	_	_
Counselors Educational, vocational, and school counselors	30.82 33.72	12.8 11.4	32.36	10.1	-	-
			-		_	_
Legal occupations	26.30	29.9	26.30	29.9	_	_
Education, training, and library occupations Level 2	31.37 12.47	2.1 4.6	33.10 –	1.8	20.77 12.56	7.9 4.7
Level 3	14.58	1.5	_	_	_	-
Level 4	14.94	.2	_	_	_	_
Level 8	34.28	9.5		-	_	_
Level 9	32.52	.1	32.62	.3	_	_
Level 10	45.05	1.5	44.45	1.4	_	_
Level 11	41.78	5.2				-
Postsecondary teachers	43.86	1.6	44.95	2.4	38.85	5.8
Level 10	44.97	1.2	44.45	1.4	_	_
Level 11	41.78	5.2	_	_	_	_
Math and computer teachers, postsecondaryArts, communications, and humanities teachers,	45.72	1.8	_	_	_	_
postsecondary	35.08	7.6	_	_	_	_
Primary, secondary, and special education school						
teachers	32.46	1.0	32.90	1.2	23.97	.9
Level 8	34.05	9.7			_	_
Level 9	32.61	.1	32.63	.3	_	_
Elementary and middle school teachers	32.20	2.2	32.94	2.6	_	_
Level 9	32.48	1.4	32.52	1.6	_	_
Elementary school teachers, except special	22.02	4.7	22.60	1.9		
education Level 9	32.03 32.18	1.7	32.60 32.22	1.0	_	_
Middle school teachers, except special and	32.10	.0	32.22	1.0	_	_
vocational education	33.04	4.3	34.57	5.2	_	_
Level 9	34.04	4.4	34.04	4.4	_	_
Secondary school teachers	33.30	.4	33.32	.2		_
Level 9	33.07	1.1	33.07	.9		_
Secondary school teachers, except special and	00.07	1	00.07			
vocational education	33.30	.4	33.32	.2	_	_
Level 9	33.07	1.1	33.07	.9	_	_
Special education teachers	31.69	1.5	31.75	1.5	_	_
Level 9	31.31	2.9	31.31	2.9	_	_
Special education teachers, preschool,	0.10.		0			
kindergarten, and elementary school	32.48	1.2	32.48	1.2	_	_
Level 9	31.93	2.0	31.93	2.0	_	_
Teacher assistants	14.49	3.1	14.67	8.3	14.40	.4
Level 2	12.47	4.6	_	_	12.56	4.7
Level 3	14.58	1.5	_	_	_	_
Level 4	14.94	.2	_	_	_	_
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	26.71	9.5	25.70	13.0	-	_
Protective service occupations	24.57	5.3	24.93	4.7	-	_
Level 5	20.67	3.2	20.67	3.2	_	_
Level 7	27.96	4.3	27.96	4.3	_	_
Police officers	27.20	2.1	27.20	2.1	_	_
Level 7	27.62	3.2	27.62	3.2	_	_
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	27.20	2.1	27.20	2.1	_	_
Level 7	27.62	3.2	27.62	3.2	_	_
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	17.16	15.0	_	_	_	_
Security guards	17.16	15.0	_	_	_	_
·						

Table 4. State and local government workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels³, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

Food preparation and serving related occupations -Continued Level 2	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
-Continued Level 2 \$12.41 Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	1.6				
-Continued Level 2 \$12.41 Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	1.6				
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	1.6				
		_	-	-	-
occupations	6.8	\$15.88	7.3	_	_
Level 3	6.2	_		_	_
Building cleaning workers	3.3	14.25	3.4	_	_
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	0.0		0.1		
housekeeping cleaners	3.4	14.35	3.4		
Housekeeping cleaners	3.4	14.33	3.4	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	11.0	_	_	\$12.09	11.6
Child care workers	7.6	_	_	14.16	8.3
Crilla dale workers	7.0	_	_	14.10	0.5
Office and administrative support occupations	3.5	16.48	3.7	13.01	5.4
Level 3	2.1	11.88	2.9	-	_
Level 4	.4	15.26	.7	_	_
Level 5	7.9	17.34	8.4	_	
Level 6	7.9	23.50	7.2	_	_
				_	_
Library assistants, clerical	5.8	-	-	-	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants	4.5	16.56	4.8	-	_
Level 4	1.7		_	-	_
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive 15.98	5.3	16.14	5.7	-	_
Level 4 14.78	1.8	-	-	-	_
Office clerks, general	1.9	12.97	1.3	_	_
Level 4	1.5	-	-	-	_
Construction and extraction accounting	2.7	04.40	2.7		
Construction and extraction occupations		24.42		_	_
Level 7	3.2	27.72	3.2	-	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations 23.57	9.8	23.57	9.8	_	_
Level 7	13.0	23.95	13.0	_	_
Level / 23.95	13.0	23.90	13.0	_	_
Transportation and material moving occupations 20.24	6.7	21.48	5.8	15.72	3.9
Level 3	3.0		_		_
Level 4	2.3	19.21	2.6	_	_
Level 5	4.8	-	2.0	_	_
Bus drivers	9.6	_		15.72	3.9
Level 3	3.0	_	_	13.72	J.9 _
Bus drivers, school	1.8	_	_	14.93	_ 1.1
Level 3	3.0	-	_	14.93	1.1
Level 3	3.0	-	_	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{l} Table 5. \textbf{ Combined work levels} 1 for civilian workers: \textbf{Mean hourly earnings}2 for full-time and part-time workers}, \\ \textbf{Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006} \\ \end{tabular}$

	T	otal	Full-time	e workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
All workers	\$19.98	3.7	\$20.80	3.5	\$13.00	7.4
Management accumptions	26.04	8.2	26.01	0.2		
Management occupations Group II	36.01 21.36	6.8	36.01	8.2	_	_
Group III	31.72	9.3	_	_	_	_
Group IV	53.12	8.4	_	_	_	_
General and operations managers	35.05	17.4	35.05	17.4	_	_
Marketing and sales managers	48.10	6.3	48.10	6.3	_	_
Financial managers	40.43	24.9	40.43	24.9	_	_
Education administrators	40.39 39.94	10.1 9.6	40.39	10.1	_	_
Business and financial operations occupations	28.84	6.5	28.84	6.5		
Group II	23.25	5.1	20.04	0.5	_	_
Group III	33.13	11.7	_	_	_	_
Buyers and purchasing agents	23.54	8.8	23.54	8.8	_	_
Accountants and auditors	24.08	8.8	24.08	8.8	_	_
Group II	21.21	5.6	21.21	5.6	_	_
Computer and mathematical science occupations	28.41	13.8	28.58	13.8	_	_
Group II	19.46	19.1	_	_	-	-
Group III	37.18	4.4		-	_	_
Computer software engineers	37.74	5.8	37.74	5.8	_	_
Group III Computer support specialists	38.29 16.66	6.4 28.1	- 16.62	29.6	_	_
Group II	16.66	28.1	16.62	29.6	_	_
Computer systems analysts	34.57	1.5	34.57	1.5	_	_
Group III	34.90	1.9	34.90	1.9	_	_
Architecture and engineering occupations	32.00	3.8	32.00	3.8	_	_
Group II	23.77	2.7	- 02.00	-	_	_
Group III	37.67	5.0	_	_	_	_
Engineers	38.39	2.5	38.39	2.5	_	_
Group II	30.57	3.1	_	_	_	-
Group III	39.75	2.7	-	_	_	_
Industrial engineers, including health and safety Group III	37.72 38.05	4.2 5.4	37.72	4.2	_	_
Industrial engineers	38.31	5.4	38.31	5.1	_	_
Group III	38.77	6.8	38.77	6.8	_	_
Engineering technicians, except drafters	22.26	3.7	22.26	3.7	_	_
Group II	20.98	5.0	_	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	23.47	6.0	23.47	6.0	-	_
Life, physical, and social science occupations	27.38	5.8	26.66	4.7	_	_
Group II	24.48	2.6	_	_	_	_
Group III	28.58	10.7	_	_	_	_
Community and social services occupations	17.89	10.0	17.89	10.2	17.78	16.5
Group II	16.23	8.0	_	_	-	-
Group III	26.70	8.0			45.04	40.7
Counselors	24.66 19.39	22.5 29.3	26.37	23.3	15.21	10.7
Educational, vocational, and school counselors	24.62	28.2	26.06	29.9		_
Group II	19.35	29.8			_	_
Social workers	18.57	8.5	18.57	8.5	_	_
Legal occupations	47.32	21.3	47.32	21.3	_	_
Lawyers	59.81	10.1	59.81	10.1	_	_
Education, training, and library occupations	27.72	6.7	28.65	7.4	20.91	7.0
Group I	12.07	8.6		'		
Group II	21.83	24.0	_	_	_	_
Group III	32.09	3.9	_	_	_	_
Postsecondary teachers	38.12	12.2	37.93	13.4	39.87	5.1
Group III	36.61	11.6	_	_	_	_
Math and computer teachers, postsecondary	45.72	1.8	_	_	_	_

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5. {\bf Combined work levels}^1 \ for \ civilian \ workers: Mean hourly earnings}^2 \ for \ full-time \ and \ part-time \ workers}^3, \ {\bf Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006} \ -- \ {\bf Continued} \end{tabular}$

	Te	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Math and computer teachers, postsecondary						
-Continued						
Group III	\$45.72	1.8	_	_	_	_
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers,	Ψ-13.72	1.0				
postsecondary	35.08	7.6	_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	32.88	22.6	\$32.22	23.6	_	_
Group III	29.00	17.8	Ψ32.22	25.0		
Primary, secondary, and special education school	23.00	17.0	_	_	_	_
teachers	29.17	6.5	29.75	6.7	\$21.24	8.3
Group II	20.00	35.7	29.75	0.7	Ψ21.24	0.5
Group III	30.97	3.5	_	_	_	_
	30.77	4.9	32.17	3.5	18.74	6.7
Elementary and middle school teachers			32.17	3.5	10.74	0.7
Group II	29.92	15.9	_	_	_	_
Group III	30.86	4.9	_	_	_	_
Elementary school teachers, except special	00.05		04.70			
education	30.35	5.3	31.72	3.3	_	_
Group II	30.49	16.4	_		_	-
Group III	30.34	5.3	31.32	2.8	_	-
Middle school teachers, except special and						
vocational education	33.04	4.3	34.57	5.2	_	-
Group III	34.04	4.4	34.04	4.4	_	-
Secondary school teachers	32.95	1.1	32.95	1.1	_	_
Group III	32.71	1.5	_	_	_	_
Secondary school teachers, except special and						
vocational education	32.95	1.1	32.95	1.1	_	_
Group III	32.71	1.5	32.70	1.5	_	_
Special education teachers	29.61	6.5	29.66	6.5	_	_
Group III	29.03	6.8		_	_	_
Special education teachers, preschool,						
kindergarten, and elementary school	30.00	7.4	30.00	7.4	_	_
Group III	29.24	7.6	29.24	7.6	_	_
Other teachers and instructors	20.42	6.3			_	_
Teacher assistants	12.36	9.3	11.29	10.2	14.40	.4
Group I	12.07	8.6	-	-	14.40	.4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media						
occupations	15.59	24.9	15.46	25.1	_	-
Group II	17.21	20.3	-	-	-	_
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	28.50	4.9	28.73	5.5	26.67	6.1
Group I	14.43	8.9	_	_	_	_
Group II	24.26	10.3	_	_	_	_
Group III	35.15	5.5	_		_	_
Pharmacists	46.44	2.2	46.44	2.2	_	_
Group III	46.84	2.6	46.84	2.6	_	_
Registered nurses	33.32	3.1	33.52	3.3	32.54	2.7
Group III	33.53	3.3	33.58	3.4	33.07	3.9
Therapists	29.34	1.9	29.23	1.8	-	_
Group III	30.46	2.0	_	_	_	_
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	-		18.05	4.5	_	_
Medical and clinical laboratory technicians	_	_	16.12	3.7	_	_
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	21.64	.8	10.12	3.7	_	1 _
Group II	21.64	.8	_	_	_	_
lealthcare support occupations	12.14	9.4	13.16	8.6	10.33	10.0
Group I	11.78	9.0	'5.10	5.0	-	10.0
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	10.43	6.0	11.13	5.4	_	1 -
Group I	10.43	5.4	- 11.13] 3.4	_	-
		1		F 2	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	10.53	7.1	11.51	5.3	_	_
Group I	10.31	6.4	11.17	4.5	_	-
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations Group I	15.55 15.17	4.5 6.0	16.38	4.9	_	_
·						
Protective service occupations	19.00	17.6 6.1	19.39	17.3	_	_
Group II	23.34	2.1	27.20	2.1	_	_
Police officers	27.20					

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5. {\bf Combined work levels}^1 \ for \ civilian \ workers: Mean hourly earnings}^2 \ for \ full-time \ and \ part-time \ workers}^3, \ {\bf Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006} \ -- \ {\bf Continued} \end{tabular}$

	T	otal	Full-time	e workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Police officers –Continued						
Group II	\$27.20	2.1	_	_	_	_
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	27.20	2.1	\$27.20	2.1	_	
Group II	27.20	2.1	27.20	2.1	_	_
010up II	21.20	2.1	27.20	2.1		
Food preparation and serving related occupations	9.68	6.1	10.46	8.1	\$8.03	0.9
Group I	9.22	6.7		_	-	- 0.0
Cooks	12.21	3.1	12.23	3.1	_	_
Group I	12.15	3.5	_	_	_	_
Cooks, institution and cafeteria	13.34	6.8	_	_	_	_
Group I	12.95	6.2	_	_	_	_
Food preparation workers	8.25	7.5	_	_	_	_
Group I	8.25	7.5	_	_	_	_
Food service, tipped	7.83	.4	_	_	7.88	2.4
Group I	7.83	.4	_	_	_	
Waiters and waitresses	7.68	.6	_	_	_	_
Group I	7.68	.6	l –	_	_	_
Fast food and counter workers	8.02	.8	l –	_	7.90	.9
Group I	8.02	.8	_	_	_	
Combined food preparation and serving workers,	0.02					
including fast food	7.95	.5	_	_	7.89	.7
Group I	7.95	.5	_	_	7.89	.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance						
occupations	11.92	5.1	12.47	5.7	10.30	6.1
Group I	11.63	4.4	<u> </u>			
Building cleaning workers	11.58	4.1	12.08	4.9	10.32	6.2
Group I	11.58	4.1	_	_	_	-
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and						
housekeeping cleaners	11.81	4.6	12.28	5.2	9.85	6.0
Group I	11.81	4.6	12.28	5.2	9.85	6.0
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	11.07	7.2	11.40	8.0	_	-
Group I Grounds maintenance workers	11.07 14.65	7.2 14.4	11.40	8.0	_	_
Glourius maintenance workers	14.05	14.4	_	_	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	10.96	10.5	11.25	12.8	9.62	6.0
Group I	10.52	13.2	_	_	_	_
Child care workers	_	_	_	_	9.22	12.0
Group I	_	-	_	_	8.65	9.2
Recreation and fitness workers	10.68	3.0	_	-	10.68	3.0
Notice and the last of the second second	40.05	40.5	40.75	40.0	0.00	
Sales and related occupations	18.65	16.5	19.75	16.3	9.20	2.0
Group I	11.90	7.7	_	_	_	_
Group II	22.99	3.9	-	-	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	17.11	11.8	17.11	11.8	_	_
Group II	18.49	7.9	47.44	- 44.0	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	17.11	11.8	17.11	11.8	_	_
Group II	18.49	7.9	18.49	7.9	-	
Retail sales workers	11.98	6.7	12.23	7.4	10.07	3.9
Group I	11.98	7.5	-	40.0	-	10.7
Cashiers, all workers	10.86	12.2	11.15	12.9	8.97	12.7
Group I	10.86	12.2	-	- 12.0	- 0.07	10.7
Cashiers	10.86 10.86	12.2 12.2	11.15 11.15	12.9 12.9	8.97 8.97	12.7 12.7
Group I Retail salespersons	12.22	6.7	12.34	7.2	11.10	11.0
Group I	12.22	8.0	12.46	8.6	11.10	11.0
	0	5.5		3.5		
Office and administrative support occupations	15.98	3.1	15.88	3.2	16.69	11.5
Group I	13.99	3.6	_	_	_	-
Group II	19.57	2.1	_	-	_	-
First-line supervisors/managers of office and						
administrative support workers	21.94	7.4	21.94	7.4	_	-
Group II	20.65	7.0	20.65	7.0	_	-
Financial clerks	15.09	6.0	15.08	6.3	_	_
	12.02	5.2	l _	_	_	I -
Group I	13.93	J.2				

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5. \begin{tabular}{ll} Combined work levels 1 for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings 2 for full-time and part-time workers 3, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} Continued & Continu$

	To	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	\$16.53	2.4	\$16.52	2.5	_	_
Group I	15.25	2.0	15.25	2.0	_	_
Group II	18.36	5.0	18.64	5.2	_	_
Tellers	12.24	.9	-		_	_
Group I	12.24	.9	_			
Customer service representatives	16.31	9.9	16.51	9.2	_	
•	15.34	11.0	15.58	10.3	_	_
Group II	18.92	9.7	18.92	9.7	_	_
Group II	14.65	5.8	10.92	9.7	_	_
Library assistants, clerical	14.65		_	_	_	_
Group I		5.8	_	_	C111F	110
Receptionists and information clerks	14.51	7.3	_	_	\$14.15	11.9
Group I	15.31	7.3	_	_	_	_
Stock clerks and order fillers	11.63	10.0	_	_	_	_
Group I	11.63	10.0		-	_	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants	19.26	3.5	18.26	7.9	_	-
Group I	15.04	3.4	_	_	_	-
Group II	20.65	4.4	_	_	_	-
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	19.56	13.8	19.56	13.8	_	-
Group II	21.73	15.6	21.73	15.6	_	_
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	15.58	3.7	15.64	3.8	_	-
Group I	14.57	2.0	14.64	2.1	_	-
Group II	16.97	8.4	16.97	8.4	_	_
Office clerks, general	14.15	4.0	14.38	4.5	12.16	7.2
Group I	14.03	4.3	14.23	4.8	11.46	6.4
onstruction and extraction occupations	27.45	2.7	27.45	2.7	_	_
Group I	19.06	20.8			_	_
Group II	29.60	4.2	_	_	_	l _
Electricians	29.99	7.4	29.99	7.4	_	_
Group II	32.39	.8	32.39	.8	_	l _
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	29.95	9.1	29.95	9.1	_	_
Group II	30.41	10.3	_	3.1	_	l _
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	29.71	8.0	29.71	8.0		1 _
Group II	30.22	9.7	30.22	9.7	_	_
Construction and building inspectors	27.06	7.4	27.06	7.4	_	_
stallation, maintenance, and repair occupations	22.83	7.2	22.56	8.8	_	_
Group II	23.73	8.0	22.50	0.0	_	_
Automotive technicians and repairers	17.73	2.8	17.73	2.8	_	_
Group II	18.99	6.6	17.73	2.0	_	_
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	17.73	2.8	17.73	2.8	_	_
		I	l		_	-
Group II Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	18.99	6.6	18.99	6.6	_	-
workers	22.46	8.1	20.84	5.7	_	_
Group II	23.80	6.1		-	_	_
Maintenance workers, machinery	21.72	3.3	21.72	3.3	_	_
Group II	21.72	3.3	21.72	3.3	_	_
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair						
workers	22.08	6.4	22.08	6.4	_	_
roduction occupations	15.83	2.9	15.93	3.0	-	_
Group I	12.53	2.0	_	-	_	-
Group II Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	19.82	3.1	_	-	-	_
assemblers	15.46	7.6	15.46	7.6	_	_
Group I	14.19	.9	_	-	_	-
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	15.46	7.6	15.46	7.6	_	-
Group I	14.19	.9	14.19	.9	_	_
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	14.54	10.4	14.54	10.4	_	_
Group I	14.09	12.3	_	-	_	_
Computer control programmers and operators	21.81	8.9	21.81	8.9	_	_
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	22.95	14.5	22.95	14.5	_	_
Group II	24.75	14.5		-	_	_
O10up II		1	22.95	14.5		1 _
Welders cutters solderers and brazors	22 DE					
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers Group II	22.95 24.75	14.5 14.5	24.75	14.5	_	_

Table 5. Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	To	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time	workers
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Printers –Continued						
Group II	\$19.82	5.2	_	_	_	_
Printing machine operators	18.18	1.3	\$18.18	1.3	_	_
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	13.86	12.6	13.86	12.6	_	_
Miscellaneous production workers	12.97	6.2	13.78	2.6	_	_
Group I	12.26	6.8	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.79	9.2	15.30	10.0	\$10.98	4.7
Group I	12.82	8.2	_	_	_	_
Group II	22.23	4.9	_	_	_	_
Bus drivers	18.38	9.8	_	_	15.61	4.1
Group I	14.31	4.0	_	_	_	_
Bus drivers, school	14.68	2.0	_	_	14.81	1.5
Group I	14.31	4.0	_	_	14.38	3.5
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	16.83	7.4	16.75	7.7	_	_
Group I	16.34	9.5	_	_	_	_
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	19.62	4.0	19.60	4.2	_	_
Group I	19.45	5.4	19.45	5.4	_	_
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	15.29	24.1	15.29	24.1	_	_
Group I	15.29	24.1	15.29	24.1	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor operators	13.98	9.9	13.98	9.9	_	_
Group I	13.69	10.4	13.69	10.4	_	_
Laborers and material movers, hand	11.24	8.0	11.72	9.6	9.78	7.2
Group I	10.96	6.6	-	_	_	_
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,						
hand	12.21	5.4	12.73	7.5	_	_
Group I	11.91	4.9	12.26	7.5	_	_

¹ Combined work levels simplify the presentation of work levels by combining levels 1 through 15 into four broad groups. Group I combines levels 1-4, group II combines levels 5-8, group III combines levels 9-12, and group IV combines

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

combines levels 5-8, group III combines levels 9-12, and group IV combines levels 13-15.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

4 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around

a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 6. Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

, , ,	•		•		
Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$8.60	\$11.04	\$16.92	\$25.21	\$34.75
Management occupations	19.03	21.69	33.68	45.53	60.82
General and operations managers		19.23	33.30	45.12	58.18
Marketing and sales managers	32.86	34.84	44.04	60.82	62.50
Financial managers	20.13	20.19	39.40	64.90	64.90
Education administrators	28.53	28.71	45.53	54.67	61.92
Business and financial operations occupations	18.93	23.62	28.52	31.11	44.36
Buyers and purchasing agents	19.00	19.00	23.52	27.80	27.80
Accountants and auditors	18.75	18.93	24.00	27.47	35.39
Computer and mathematical science occupations	10.50	22.85	31.24	36.56	42.16
Computer software engineers	31.24	31.24	38.32	42.23	45.89
Computer support specialists	10.00	10.45	14.91	22.85	24.04
Computer systems analysts	30.55	33.68	34.04	36.33	37.00
Architecture and engineering occupations	19.83	23.15	31.75	40.98	45.31
Engineers		32.19	37.00	43.22	47.49
Industrial engineers, including health and safety		33.00	39.14	41.91	46.65
Industrial engineers	27.91	31.62	41.91	41.91	47.43
Engineering technicians, except drafters		19.28	20.71	24.76	30.32
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	19.29	19.40	21.20	28.35	30.32
Life, physical, and social science occupations	21.54	23.92	25.36	28.28	38.26
Community and social services occupations	11.91	13.94	15.69	19.18	25.82
Counselors	11.54	12.85	23.72	31.87	41.58
Educational, vocational, and school counselors	11.54	12.85	21.98	39.00	41.58
Social workers	13.94	14.65	19.18	22.00	23.00
Legal occupations Lawyers	15.38 38.70	23.17 49.52	49.88 49.88	51.92 67.31	86.54 96.15
Education, training, and library occupations	10.81	17.54	30.03	35.45	40.80
Postsecondary teachers	21.86	29.10	36.67	48.49	51.53
Math and computer teachers, postsecondary	38.68	39.00	46.78	50.25	50.91
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers, postsecondary	19.25	19.76	36.67	41.86	49.37
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	21.86	25.17	30.35	30.89	51.53
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	14.63	23.21	31.88	35.45	38.72
Elementary and middle school teachers	19.29	25.72	32.53	35.80	39.27
Elementary school teachers, except special					
education Middle school teachers, except special and	19.29	25.56	32.65	35.62	38.39
vocational education	21.42	30.03	31.96	39.27	43.82
Secondary school teachers	25.70	30.94	32.07	35.63	39.95
Secondary school teachers, except special and	05.70	20.04	20.07	25.00	20.05
vocational education		30.94	32.07	35.63	39.95
Special education teachers Special education teachers, preschool,	17.47	27.17	30.97	34.50	35.73
kindergarten, and elementary school	17.47	25.06	21.57	24.50	35.73
Other teachers and instructors		25.96 16.81	31.57 22.00	34.50 22.00	22.00
Teacher assistants	10.04	10.04	11.16	14.35	16.75
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	8.75	9.28	16.63	22.61	23.79
•					
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations Pharmacists		20.00 44.92	29.05 45.54	35.16 49.35	44.92 52.25
Registered nurses	26.09	29.14	33.30	37.40	40.00
Therapists		26.34	30.96	32.71	34.10
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses		20.84	21.95	22.39	23.26
Healthcare support occupations	8.58	9.65	10.98	14.75	17.88
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	8.58	9.54	10.03	10.98	12.39
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants		9.54	10.03	10.98	12.56
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	12.00	14.32	15.00	18.67	18.67
	L		l	l	l

Table 6. Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

, , , ,			•		
Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Protective service occupations	\$9.55	\$11.25	\$17.25	\$25.58	\$30.57
Police officers	21.96	24.45	28.01	30.57	30.87
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	21.96	24.45	28.01	30.57	30.87
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.50	7.80	8.15	10.20	14.17
Cooks	8.00	9.25	13.51	14.52	14.52
Cooks, institution and cafeteria	10.33	11.16	12.88	15.49	16.99
Food preparation workers	7.50	7.50	8.00	8.99	10.01
Food service, tipped	7.50	7.50	7.80	7.80	7.80
Waiters and waitresses	7.50	7.50	7.80	7.80	7.80
Fast food and counter workers	7.50	7.80	7.80	8.18	8.60
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	7.50	7.80	7.80	8.18	8.30
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance					
occupations	9.00	10.00	11.00	13.39	16.00
Building cleaning workers	9.00	10.00	11.00	12.88	15.00
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and					
housekeeping cleaners	9.00	10.28	11.00	12.88	16.34
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	7.50	10.00	11.00	12.50	13.99
Grounds maintenance workers	9.00	11.00	15.72	18.14	21.22
Personal care and service occupations	7.55	8.59	8.84	12.04	18.80
Recreation and fitness workers	7.50	7.50	9.25	10.40	20.00
Sales and related occupations	8.00	9.55	14.42	19.10	27.71
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	11.28 11.28	15.50 15.50	15.67 15.67	20.00	21.25 21.25
Retail sales workers	8.00	8.90	10.50	14.12	18.37
Cashiers, all workers	8.00	8.50	10.40	11.97	16.02
Cashiers	8.00	8.50	10.40	11.97	16.02
Retail salespersons	8.08	8.75	10.50	13.00	18.72
Office and administrative support occupationsFirst-line supervisors/managers of office and	10.18	12.75	15.60	19.19	21.32
administrative support workers	15.71	18.16	21.15	24.61	29.23
Financial clerks	11.54	12.22	15.00	16.70	20.14
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	13.46	15.00	16.00	18.00	20.14
Tellers	11.47	12.02	12.02	12.75	12.75
Customer service representatives	9.50	10.42	17.95	21.32	21.32
Library assistants, clerical	10.61	12.90	16.14	16.63	16.63
Receptionists and information clerks	10.00	12.48	16.60	16.91	16.91
Stock clerks and order fillers	8.50	9.00	10.30	14.00	15.99
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.35	15.37	21.15	21.15	24.76
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	13.95	15.00	17.50	20.28	31.01
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	13.68	14.53	14.65	15.37	19.00
Office clerks, general	10.35	11.53	13.28	17.00	17.83
Construction and extraction occupations	16.60	23.00	28.85	31.60	34.99
Electricians		31.60	32.52	32.52	34.75
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	20.90	26.00	30.00	34.49	35.00
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters Construction and building inspectors	20.90 21.24	26.00 24.22	29.00 27.46	34.49 30.66	35.00 30.66
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	14.42	18.00	20.92	25.00	35.57
Automotive technicians and repairers	11.05	14.42	17.50	21.50	24.50
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	11.05	14.42	17.50	21.50	24.50
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance		2			
workers	13.50	19.29	22.30	25.00	31.25
Maintenance workers, machinery	15.00	20.00	22.30	25.00	25.00
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers	16.47	17.60	20.67	24.50	26.50
	9.50	11.00	15.50	18.92	22.65
Production occupations					
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	10.53	13.08	15.52	17.76	19.87
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	10.53 10.53 9.66	13.08 13.08 10.31	15.52 15.52 14.00	17.76 17.76 17.13	19.87 19.87 21.55

Table 6. Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles1, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Computer control programmers and operators Welding, soldering, and brazing workers Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers Printers Printing machine operators Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Miscellaneous production workers Transportation and material moving occupations Bus drivers Bus drivers, school Driver/sales workers and truck drivers Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer Truck drivers, light or delivery services Industrial truck and tractor operators Laborers and material movers, hand Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,	16.47 16.47 12.00 13.00 8.50 7.50 12.65 11.48 7.80 16.00 7.80	\$15.60 16.61 16.61 13.40 17.00 8.92 10.00 9.00 15.10 13.33 13.00 17.92 7.80 10.82 8.50 9.00	\$18.92 21.28 21.28 19.29 19.58 13.97 11.36 13.17 21.77 15.10 16.00 20.04 11.00 11.55 10.00	\$31.55 31.80 31.80 19.86 19.86 14.58 16.11 19.73 21.77 16.30 20.87 20.87 26.17 16.50 12.85	\$34.98 31.80 31.80 25.38 19.86 18.07 20.95 24.04 21.77 16.78 26.17 22.00 26.17 20.72 17.28

Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips. 2 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Table 7. Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles1, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
NII workers	\$8.50	\$10.75	\$16.07	\$24.09	\$34.04
Management occupations	19.03	20.13	32.18	44.47	55.17
			44.04		
Marketing and sales managersFinancial managers	32.86 20.13	34.84 20.13	39.40	60.82 64.90	62.50 64.90
Business and financial operations occupations	18.93	23.62	28.52	31.11	45.64
Buyers and purchasing agents	19.00	19.00	23.52	27.80	27.80
Accountants and auditors	18.75	18.93	24.00	27.47	35.39
Computer and mathematical science occupations	10.50	22.85	31.24	36.56	42.33
Computer software engineers	31.24	31.24	38.32	42.23	45.89
Computer support specialists	10.00	10.45	14.91	22.85	24.04
Computer systems analysts	29.75	34.04	34.04	36.33	36.35
Architecture and engineering occupations	19.83	23.15	31.75	41.88	45.67
Engineers	31.72	32.76	38.50	43.22	47.93
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	27.91	33.00	39.14	41.91	46.65
Industrial engineers	27.91	31.62	41.91	41.91	47.43
Engineering technicians, except drafters	15.78	19.17	20.58	24.76	30.32
Life, physical, and social science occupations	23.24	25.06	30.90	37.02	42.55
Community and social services occupations	11.91	13.55	14.62	16.99	19.18
Education, training, and library occupations	10.04	10.04	17.54	22.81	30.89
Postsecondary teachers	21.86	24.30	30.35	30.89	51.53
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	21.86	24.30	30.35	30.89	51.53
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	9.16	11.92	16.69	20.17	22.81
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	8.75 15.00	9.28 20.00	15.35 30.06	22.61 35.28	23.79 44.92
Pharmacists	44.92	44.92	45.54	49.35	52.25
Registered nurses	26.09	29.14	33.30	36.74	38.50
Therapists	23.01	25.20	30.67	32.29	34.02
Healthcare support occupations	8.58	9.65	10.98	14.75	17.88
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	8.58	9.54	10.03	10.98	12.24
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	8.58	9.54	10.03	10.98	12.52
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	12.00	14.32	15.00	18.67	18.67
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.50	7.80	8.00	10.18	14.17
Cooks	7.80	9.25	13.51	14.52	14.52
Food preparation workers	7.50	7.50	8.00	8.50	10.01
Food service, tipped	7.50	7.50	7.80	7.80	7.80
Waiters and waitresses	7.50	7.50	7.80	7.80	7.80
Fast food and counter workers	7.50	7.80	7.80	8.18	8.30
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	7.50	7.80	7.80	8.18	8.30
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance					
occupations	9.00	10.00	10.84	12.00	14.39
Building cleaning workers	8.64	10.00	10.84	12.00	13.99
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	5.01	.5.55	.5.5.		10.00
housekeeping cleaners	9.00	10.00	10.84	12.00	14.32
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	7.50	10.00	11.00	12.50	13.99
Personal care and service occupations	7.55	8.48	8.84	12.04	18.80
Sales and related occupations	8.00	9.50	14.42	19.10	27.71
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	11.28	15.50	15.67	20.00	21.25
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales					
workers	11.28	15.50	15.67	20.00	21.25
	8.00	8.89	10.50	14.12	18.37
Retail sales workers		1			
Retail sales workers Cashiers, all workers Cashiers	8.00 8.00	8.50 8.50	10.40 10.40	11.97 11.97	16.02 16.02

Table 7. Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles1, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Retail salespersons	\$8.08	\$8.75	\$10.50	\$13.00	\$18.72
Office and administrative support occupations First-line supervisors/managers of office and	10.00	12.75	15.60	19.35	21.32
administrative support workers	15.71	18.16	24.39	24.61	29.23
Financial clerks	11.50	12.02	15.00	16.70	20.14
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	13.46	15.00	15.58	17.66	20.14
Tellers	11.47	12.02	12.02	12.75	12.75
Customer service representatives	9.50	10.27	17.93	21.32	21.32
Receptionists and information clerks	10.00	12.48	16.60	16.91	16.91
Stock clerks and order fillers	8.50	9.00	9.98	13.88	15.99
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.58	16.86	21.15	21.15	24.76
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	13.95	15.00	17.50	20.28	31.01
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	14.53	14.65	14.65	15.37	16.86
Office clerks, general	10.50	12.50	15.22	17.83	17.83
Construction and extraction occupations	15.68	24.00	28.85	32.52	34.99
Electricians	13.23	31.60	32.52	32.52	34.75
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	20.90	26.00	30.00	34.49	35.00
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	20.90	26.00	29.00	34.49	35.00
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	13.50	17.50	20.92	25.00	40.47
Automotive technicians and repairers	11.05	13.21	17.50	21.50	24.50
Automotive service technicians and mechanics Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	11.05	13.21	17.50	21.50	24.50
workers	13.50	19.29	22.30	25.00	31.25
Maintenance workers, machinery	15.00	20.00	22.30	25.00	25.00
Production occupations	9.50	10.98	15.50	19.00	22.58
assemblers	10.53	13.08	15.52	17.76	19.87
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.53	13.08	15.52	17.76	19.87
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.66	10.31	14.00	17.13	21.55
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	16.47	16.61	21.28	31.80	31.80
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	16.47	16.61	21.28	31.80	31.80
Printers	12.00	13.00	19.29	19.86	25.38
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	8.00	8.92	13.97	14.58	18.07
Miscellaneous production workers	8.50	10.00	11.36	16.11	20.95
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.50	8.50	13.12	17.75	24.04
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	7.80	12.50	16.00	20.87	26.17
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	16.00	17.75	20.04	20.87	22.00
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	7.80	7.80	11.00	26.17	26.17
Industrial truck and tractor operators	10.00	10.82	11.55	16.50	20.72
Laborers and material movers, hand	8.00	8.50	10.00	12.44	17.28
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	8.00	9.00	10.50	14.30	18.89

Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

nonproduction bonuses; and tips. 2 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

 $\label{thm:table 8. State and local government workers: Hourly wage percentiles 1, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 \\$

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$12.88	\$16.52	\$21.94	\$31.05	\$38.33
Management occupations	33.68	37.34	56.31	58.18	66.48
Life, physical, and social science occupations	20.77	22.69	25.36	26.34	28.28
Community and social services occupations	15.64 17.26	17.22 24.44	22.57 29.18	26.51 39.33	37.66 41.58
Educational, vocational, and school counselors	21.98	25.30	39.00	41.58	44.60
Legal occupations	12.08	13.96	16.14	41.76	58.66
Education, training, and library occupations	15.63	26.20	32.65	36.83	42.01
Postsecondary teachers	33.04	38.07	46.13	48.87	51.68
Math and computer teachers, postsecondary	38.68	39.00	46.78	50.25	50.91
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers, postsecondary	19.25	19.76	36.67	41.86	49.37
Primary, secondary, and special education school					
teachers	24.87	29.01	32.65	35.80	39.33
Elementary and middle school teachers Elementary school teachers, except special	24.04	28.18	32.65	36.28	39.30
education Middle school teachers, except special and	24.50	28.02	32.65	36.05	38.39
vocational education	21.42	30.03	31.96	39.27	43.82
Secondary school teachers	26.22	31.80	32.07	35.63	40.09
Secondary school teachers, except special and vocational education	26.22	31.80	32.07	35.63	40.09
Special education teachers	26.69	28.11	33.48	34.50	35.73
Special education teachers, preschool,					
kindergarten, and elementary school	26.72	30.97	33.48	35.73	35.87
Teacher assistants	11.91	12.41	14.35	16.63	17.29
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	18.01	20.77	22.91	32.50	43.12
Protective service occupations	16.46	19.43	23.69	29.28	32.83
Police officers	21.96	24.45	28.01	30.57	30.87
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	21.96	24.45	28.01	30.57	30.87
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	11.10	16.14	17.65	19.43	23.69
Security guards	11.10	16.14	17.65	19.43	23.69
Food preparation and serving related occupations	9.94	10.53	11.93	14.23	15.97
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance					
occupations	10.71	12.88	15.56	17.01	21.22
Building cleaning workers	10.71	12.02	14.00	16.52	17.01
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and					
housekeeping cleaners	10.71	11.93	14.25	16.52	17.01
Personal care and service occupations	9.25	9.70	11.27	13.46	17.30
Child care workers	10.86	12.22	13.46	17.30	17.30
Office and administrative assumed accounting	44.04	40.00	45.00	40.00	04.70
Office and administrative support occupations	11.04	13.03	15.68	18.80	21.76
Library assistants, clerical	10.61	12.90	16.14	16.63	16.63
Secretaries and administrative assistants	13.29	14.35	15.29	18.17	19.70
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	13.14	14.31	15.29	16.33	19.00
Office clerks, general	9.81	11.04	12.49	14.97	16.63
Construction and extraction occupations	17.65	19.86	22.20	29.30	30.66

Table 8. State and local government workers: Hourly wage percentiles1, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Transportation and material moving occupations Bus drivers	\$14.95	\$16.99	\$19.89	\$21.77	\$29.12
	12.65	15.10	21.77	21.77	21.77
	12.06	13.64	15.10	16.33	16.78

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

nonproduction bonuses; and tips. 2 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

Table 9. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Full-time workers							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
All workers	\$9.25	\$12.08	\$17.83	\$26.51	\$35.16			
Management occupations	19.03	21.69	33.68	45.53	60.82			
General and operations managers	19.23	19.23	33.30	45.12	58.18			
Marketing and sales managers	32.86	34.84	44.04	60.82	62.50			
Financial managers	20.13	20.19	39.40	64.90	64.90			
Education administrators	28.53	28.71	45.53	54.67	61.92			
Business and financial operations occupations	18.93	23.62	28.52	31.11	44.36			
Buyers and purchasing agents	19.00	19.00	23.52	27.80	27.80			
Accountants and auditors	18.75	18.93	24.00	27.47	35.39			
Computer and mathematical science occupations	10.50	22.85	31.24	36.56	42.30			
Computer software engineers	31.24	31.24	38.32	42.23	45.89			
Computer support specialists	10.00	10.25	14.00	24.04	24.04			
Computer systems analysts	30.55	33.68	34.04	36.33	37.00			
Architecture and engineering occupations	19.83	23.15	31.75	40.98	45.31			
Engineers	31.25	32.19	37.00	43.22	47.49			
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	27.91	33.00	39.14	41.91	46.65			
Industrial engineers	27.91	31.62	41.91	41.91	47.43			
Engineering technicians, except drafters	15.78	19.28	20.71	24.76	30.32			
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	19.29	19.40	21.20	28.35	30.32			
Life, physical, and social science occupations	21.49	23.24	25.36	27.75	34.19			
Community and social services occupations	11.91	13.94	15.69	19.18	25.29			
Counselors	11.54	12.85	26.30	39.00	41.58			
Educational, vocational, and school counselors	11.54	12.85	22.57	39.33	41.58			
Social workers	13.94	14.65	19.18	22.00	23.00			
Legal occupations	15.38	23.17	49.88	51.92	86.54			
Lawyers	38.70	49.52	49.88	67.31	96.15			
Education, training, and library occupations	10.04	21.69	30.89	35.62	41.08			
Postsecondary teachers	21.86	29.10	34.21	48.42	53.43			
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	21.86	24.84	30.35	30.89	51.53			
Primary, secondary, and special education school								
teachers	14.63	25.30	31.96	35.62	39.27			
Elementary and middle school teachers Elementary school teachers, except special	22.81	27.46	32.65	36.25	39.29			
education	22.81	27.14	32.65	35.79	38.39			
Middle school teachers, except special and	22.01	2,,,,,	02.00	00.70	00.00			
vocational education	27.22	31.96	31.96	39.27	43.82			
Secondary school teachers	25.70	31.36	32.07	35.63	40.09			
Secondary school teachers, except special and vocational education	25.70	21.26	22.07	25.62	40.00			
Special education teachers	25.70 18.68	31.36 27.17	32.07 30.97	35.63 34.50	40.09 35.73			
Special education teachers, preschool,	10.00	27.17	30.97	34.30	33.73			
kindergarten, and elementary school	17.47	25.96	31.57	34.50	35.73			
Teacher assistants	10.04	10.04	10.04	11.91	14.54			
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media								
occupations	8.75	9.28	15.35	22.61	23.79			
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	15.00	20.00	29.17	35.16	44.92			
Pharmacists	44.92	44.92	45.54	49.35	52.25			
Registered nurses	26.09	29.14	33.81	37.80	41.35			
Therapists	23.01	25.20	30.67	32.29	34.02			
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	12.80	16.53	17.26	17.86	28.96			
Medical and clinical laboratory technicians	12.57	15.12	16.53	17.86	17.86			
Healthcare support occupations	10.00	10.22	11.61	15.43	18.67			
N1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	9.65	10.03	10.98	11.61	14.00			
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides								
Nursing, psychiatric, and nome nealth aides	10.03 13.00	10.03 14.80	10.98 17.00	11.61 18.67	14.00 18.67			

 $\label{thm:continued} \mbox{Table 9. Full-time1 civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles2, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued$

	Full-time workers							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
Protective service occupations	\$10.00	\$11.50	\$17.65	\$25.86	\$30.87			
Police officers	21.96	24.45	28.01	30.57	30.87			
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	21.96	24.45	28.01	30.57	30.87			
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.50	7.80	9.25	12.08	14.52			
Cooks	8.00	9.25	13.51	14.52	14.52			
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	0.05	10.45	11.24	12.00	17.01			
occupations Building cleaning workers	9.25 9.11	10.45	11.24	13.99 13.99	16.06			
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	9.11	10.62	11.24	13.99	10.00			
housekeeping cleaners	9.50	10.82	11.24	13.78	16.52			
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.64	9.84	11.00	13.76	13.99			
Maids and housekeeping dealiers	0.04	3.04	11.00	15.55	15.55			
Personal care and service occupations	8.08	8.84	8.84	13.26	18.80			
Sales and related occupations	8.40	10.40	15.67	20.19	27.71			
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales	11.28	15.50	15.67	20.00	21.25			
workers	11.28	15.50	15.67	20.00	21.25			
Retail sales workers	8.08	9.00	10.75	14.23	18.37			
Cashiers, all workers	8.00	9.00	10.40	11.97	16.02			
Cashiers	8.00	9.00	10.40	11.97	16.02			
Retail salespersons	8.31	8.90	10.50	13.00	18.72			
Office and administrative support occupations	10.20	12.86	15.50	18.19	21.42			
First-line supervisors/managers of office and	15.71	10.16	04.45	24.64	29.23			
administrative support workers		18.16	21.15	24.61				
Financial clerks	11.54	12.02	15.00	16.73	20.14			
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	13.46	15.00	15.58	18.51	20.14			
Customer service representatives	9.50	10.50	17.95	21.32	21.32			
Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.00	14.65	16.92	22.07	24.76			
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	13.95	15.00	17.50	20.28	31.01			
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive Office clerks, general	14.12 10.50	14.53 11.94	14.65 13.75	15.37 17.21	19.00 17.83			
	40.00	00.00	00.05	04.00	04.00			
Construction and extraction occupations	16.60	23.00	28.85	31.60	34.99			
Electricians	13.23	31.60	32.52	32.52	34.75			
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	20.90	26.00	30.00	34.49	35.00			
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters Construction and building inspectors	20.90 21.24	26.00 24.22	29.00 27.46	34.49 30.66	35.00 30.66			
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Automotive technicians and repairers	14.42 11.05	18.00 14.42	20.92 17.50	24.88 21.50	35.57 24.50			
Automotive technicians and repairers	11.05	14.42	17.50	21.50	24.50			
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance			22.30					
workers Maintenance workers, machinery	13.50 15.00	18.25 20.00	22.30	24.48 25.00	25.00 25.00			
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair	15.00	20.00	22.50	25.00	25.00			
workers	16.47	17.60	20.67	24.50	26.50			
Production occupations	9.61	11.14	15.50	19.26	23.00			
assemblers	10.53	13.08	15.52	17.76	19.87			
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.53	13.08	15.52	17.76	19.87			
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.66	10.31	14.00	17.13	21.55			
Computer control programmers and operators	15.60	15.60	18.92	31.55	34.98			
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	16.47	16.61	21.28	31.80	31.80			
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	16.47	16.61	21.28	31.80	31.80			
Printers	12.00	13.40	19.29	19.86	25.38			
Printing machine operators	13.00	17.00	19.58	19.86	19.86			
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	8.00	8.92	13.97	14.58	18.07			
Miscellaneous production workers	10.00	10.48	11.43	16.11	21.00			
	7.80	9.64	13.17	19.95	24.91			
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.60	9.04						

Table 9. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

Occupation ³	Full-time workers							
	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	\$16.00 7.80 10.00 8.00	\$17.75 7.80 10.82 8.50	\$20.04 11.00 11.55 10.50	\$20.87 26.17 16.50 13.54	\$22.00 26.17 20.72 18.89			
hand	8.00	10.00	11.92	16.25	18.89			

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

a winter with a 35-nour-per-week schedule hight be considered as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

2 Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly

wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Table 10. Part-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Part-time workers							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
All workers	\$7.63	\$7.80	\$10.00	\$16.70	\$21.15			
Education, training, and library occupations	12.36	14.28	17.29	20.72 49.37	38.07			
Postsecondary teachers	19.76	38.07	41.86	49.37	50.00			
Primary, secondary, and special education school	40.50	47.54	47.54	05.70	04.70			
teachers	13.50	17.54	17.54	25.70	34.79			
Elementary and middle school teachers	13.50	17.54	17.54	17.99	26.52			
Teacher assistants	11.82	12.36	14.33	16.75	16.75			
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	14.10	18.17	28.95	33.24	36.15			
Registered nurses	27.06	28.95	33.05	35.71	37.90			
registered fluided	27.00	20.55	00.00	00.71	07.50			
Healthcare support occupations	8.58	8.58	9.54	10.25	14.71			
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.50	7.80	7.80	7.90	8.30			
Food service, tipped	7.50	7.50	7.80	7.80	7.80			
Fast food and counter workers	7.41	7.80	7.80	7.80	8.30			
	7.41	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.30			
Combined food preparation and serving workers,	7.41	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.00			
including fast food	7.41	7.80	7.80	7.80	8.30			
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance								
occupations	7.50	9.00	10.28	10.84	12.50			
Building cleaning workers	7.50	9.00	10.50	10.84	12.50			
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	7.50	3.00	10.50	10.04	12.50			
	8.19	9.00	10.28	10.84	10.84			
housekeeping cleaners	0.19	9.00	10.20	10.04	10.04			
Personal care and service occupations	7.50	7.50	8.01	10.00	13.46			
Child care workers	7.50	7.55	8.01	8.22	13.46			
Recreation and fitness workers	7.50	7.50	9.25	10.40	20.00			
Sales and related occupations	7.69	7.75	7.80	9.09	13.36			
Retail sales workers	7.50	7.75	8.00	11.73	15.42			
Cashiers, all workers	7.50	7.50	8.00	9.35	11.58			
Cashiers	7.50	7.50	8.00	9.35	11.58			
Retail salespersons	7.75	7.75	8.00	13.82	17.18			
1.0.0 0.0.00 0.0		10	0.00	2				
Office and administrative support occupations	9.98	10.86	16.91	21.15	21.15			
Receptionists and information clerks	8.00	12.48	14.50	16.91	16.91			
Office clerks, general	9.79	10.29	10.84	11.95	17.00			
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.50	7.75	9.00	14.00	17.05			
Bus drivers	11.97	13.33	15.35	16.78	21.77			
Bus drivers, school	12.06	13.33	15.35	16.63	16.78			
Laborers and material movers, hand	7.50	7.73	9.00	10.00	14.35			

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.
2 Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	ekly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$20.80	\$17.83	\$824	\$704	39.6	\$42,201	\$36,400	2,029
Management occupations	36.01	33.68	1,482	1,347	41.2	76,565	70,054	2,126
General and operations managers	35.05	33.30	1,438	1,332	41.0	74,801	69,264	2,134
Marketing and sales managers	48.10	44.04	1,924	1,762	40.0	100,046	91,599	2,080
Financial managers	40.43	39.40	1,617	1,576	40.0	84,097	81,954	2,080
Education administrators	40.39	45.53	1,616	1,821	40.0	80,709	94,038	1,998
Business and financial operations								
occupations	28.84	28.52	1,148	1,141	39.8	59,710	59,326	2,070
Buyers and purchasing agents	23.54	23.52	959	941	40.8	49,881	48,926	2,119
Accountants and auditors	24.08	24.00	963	960	40.0	50,085	49,916	2,080
Computer and mathematical science								
occupations	28.58	31.24	1,141	1,249	39.9	59,335	64,971	2,076
Computer software engineers	37.74	38.32	1,509	1,533	40.0	78,493	79,706	2,080
Computer support specialists	16.62	14.00	669	560	40.3	34,812	29,120	2,095
Computer systems analysts	34.57	34.04	1,431	1,432	41.4	74,406	74,441	2,152
Architecture and engineering								
occupations	32.00	31.75	1,291	1,270	40.3	67,106	66,040	2,097
Engineers	38.39	37.00	1,538	1,480	40.1	79,965	76,960	2,083
Industrial engineers, including								
health and safety	37.72	39.14	1,518	1,636	40.3	78,954	85,084	2,093
Industrial engineers	38.31	41.91	1,557	1,676	40.6	80,967	87,164	2,113
Engineering technicians, except						4= 00=		
drafters	22.26	20.71	883	828	39.6	45,895	43,068	2,062
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	23.47	21.20	927	848	39.5	48,224	44,086	2,055
Life, physical, and social science occupations	26.66	25.36	1,090	1,014	40.9	56,100	52,753	2,104
Community and social services								
occupations	17.89	15.69	714	628	39.9	34,333	32,537	1,919
Counselors	26.37	26.30	1,037	1,052	39.3	44,644	47,775	1,693
Educational, vocational, and school			,	, , , ,		,-	, -	,
counselors	26.06	22.57	1,020	1,001	39.1	41,984	39,976	1,611
Social workers	18.57	19.18	743	767	40.0	37,082	39,333	1,997
Legal occupations	47.32	49.88	1,861	1,871	39.3	96,776	97,274	2,045
Lawyers	59.81	49.88	2,330	1,871	39.0	121,183	97,274	2,026
Education, training, and library								
occupations	28.65	30.89	1,125	1,236	39.3	46,312	49,349	1,617
Postsecondary teachers	37.93	34.21	1,495	1,390	39.4	62,466	60,518	1,647
Miscellaneous postsecondary	22.22	20.25	1 207	1 214	40.6	FC 024	F2 200	4 767
teachers Primary, secondary, and special	32.22	30.35	1,307	1,214	40.6	56,931	52,200	1,767
education school teachers	29.75	31.96	1,174	1,278	39.4	46,794	49,516	1,573
Elementary and middle school	20.70	01.00	1,117	1,270	55.4	10,704	10,010	1,575
teachers	32.17	32.65	1,268	1,306	39.4	49,306	50,137	1,532
Elementary school teachers,	31.72	32.65	1 251	1,306	39.4	48,886	50,404	1,541
except special education Middle school teachers, except	31.72	32.00	1,251	1,300	39.4	40,000	30,404	1,341
special and vocational								
education	34.57	31.96	1,354	1,278	39.2	51,458	49,349	1,488
Secondary school teachers	32.95	32.07	1,318	1,283	40.0	50,435	49,725	1,531
Secondary school teachers,								
except special and vocational	22.05	22.07	1 0 1 0	1 202	40.0	E0 435	40.705	1 504
education	32.95 29.66	32.07 30.97	1,318 1 161	1,283	40.0 39.1	50,435	49,725	1,531
Special education teachers	∠3.00	30.97	1,161	1,208	39.1	44,164	44,563	1,489
preschool, kindergarten, and								
elementary school	30.00	31.57	1,171	1,239	39.0	44,435	47,079	1,481
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	,	1	,	,,,,,	,

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	kly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mear annua hours
Teacher assistants	\$11.29	\$10.04	\$434	\$402	38.5	\$20,105	\$20,889	1,780
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	15.46	15.35	618	614	40.0	32,161	31,928	2,080
Healthcare practitioner and technical								
occupations	28.73	29.17	1,104	1,088	38.4	57,238	56,576	1,99
Pharmacists	46.44	45.54	1,858	1,822	40.0	96,594	94,729	2,08
Registered nurses	33.52	33.81	1,289	1,264	38.5	66,523	65,295	1,98
Therapists	29.23	30.67	1,150	1,223	39.3	58,962	63,586	2,01
Clinical laboratory technologists and								
technicians Medical and clinical laboratory	18.05	17.26	716	690	39.6	37,213	35,890	2,06
technicians	16.12	16.53	645	661	40.0	33,525	34,376	2,08
Healthcare support occupations Nursing, psychiatric, and home health	13.16	11.61	481	435	36.5	24,990	22,632	1,90
aides Nursing aides, orderlies, and	11.13	10.98	413	412	37.1	21,469	21,411	1,92
attendants Miscellaneous healthcare support	11.51	10.98	447	412	38.9	23,259	21,411	2,02
occupations	16.38	17.00	584	534	35.7	30,386	27,789	1,85
Protective service occupations	19.39	17.65	793	706	40.9	41,075	36,442	2,11
Police officers	27.20	28.01	1,088	1,120	40.0	56,584	58,261	2,08
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	27.20	28.01	1,088	1,120	40.0	56,584	58,261	2,08
Food preparation and serving related								
occupations	10.46	9.25	398	327	38.1	20,663	17,004	1,97
Cooks	12.23	13.51	461	540	37.7	23,769	28,101	1,94
Building and grounds cleaning and								
maintenance occupations	12.47	11.24	493	440	39.5	25,614	22,880	2,05
Building cleaning workers	12.08	11.24	478	441	39.6	24,878	22,942	2,06
Janitors and cleaners, except	12.00	11.24	470	441	33.0	24,070	22,342	2,00
maids and housekeeping								
	40.00	11 21	490	450	20.0	05.450	22.275	20-
cleaners	12.28	11.24	490	450	39.9	25,456	23,375	2,07
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	11.40	11.00	443	440	38.9	23,035	22,880	2,02
Personal care and service occupations	11.25	8.84	439	354	39.0	22,496	18,383	1,99
•						,		
Sales and related occupations First-line supervisors/managers, sales	19.75	15.67	793	625	40.1	41,220	32,504	2,08
workersFirst-line supervisors/managers of	17.11	15.67	715	700	41.8	37,202	36,400	2,17
retail sales workers	17.11	15.67	715	700	41.8	37,202	36,400	2,17
Retail sales workers	12.23	10.75	488	426	39.9	25,354	22,131	2,07
Cashiers, all workers	11.15	10.40	445	416	39.9	23,140	21,632	2,07
Cashiers	11.15	10.40	445	416	39.9	23,140	21,632	2,07
Retail salespersons	12.34	10.50	492	420	39.8	25,559	21,840	2,07
Office and administrative support								
occupations	15.88	15.50	629	600	39.6	32,525	31,200	2,04
First-line supervisors/managers of								
office and administrative support	04.04	04	6=6		00.0	44.070	40.000	
workers	21.94	21.15	876	846	39.9	44,078	40,633	2,00
Financial clerks	15.08	15.00	602	600	39.9	31,304	31,200	2,07
Bookkeeping, accounting, and								ا
auditing clerks	16.52	15.58	658	623	39.9	34,236	32,415	2,07
Customer service representatives	16.51	17.95	660	717	40.0	34,303	37,294	2,07
Secretaries and administrative								
assistants	18.26	16.92	686	637	37.6	34,908	31,965	1,91

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	Hourly earnings ³ Weekly earnings ⁴ Annual earnings ⁵				5		
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Executive secretaries and								
administrative assistants Secretaries, except legal, medical,	\$19.56	\$17.50	\$782	\$700	40.0	\$40,657	\$36,400	2,078
and executiveOffice clerks, general	15.64 14.38	14.65 13.75	619 575	586 550	39.6 40.0	30,217 29,883	30,472 28,600	1,932 2,078
Construction and extraction								
occupations	27.45	28.85	1,098	1,154	40.0	57,075	60,000	2,079
Electricians	29.99	32.52	1,200	1,301	40.0	62,387	67,646	2,080
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and			.,,	','		,	,	_,,,,,
steamfitters	29.95	30.00	1,198	1,200	40.0	62,287	62,400	2,080
steamfitters	29.71	29.00	1.188	1.160	40.0	61,789	60,320	2.080
Construction and building inspectors	27.06	27.46	1,188	1,098	40.0	56,288	57,117	2,080
· .			,	,		,	1	,
Installation, maintenance, and repair								
occupations Automotive technicians and	22.56	20.92	902	837	40.0	46,927	43,514	2,080
repairers Automotive service technicians and	17.73	17.50	709	700	40.0	36,868	36,400	2,080
mechanicsIndustrial machinery installation,	17.73	17.50	709	700	40.0	36,868	36,400	2,080
repair, and maintenance								
workers	20.84	22.30	834	892	40.0	43,357	46,384	2,080
Maintenance workers, machinery Miscellaneous installation,	21.72	22.30	869	892	40.0	45,174	46,384	2,080
maintenance, and repair								
workers	22.08	20.67	883	827	40.0	45,933	42,994	2,080
Production occupations Electrical, electronics, and	15.93	15.50	633	620	39.8	32,919	32,240	2,066
electromechanical assemblers Electrical and electronic equipment	15.46	15.52	613	621	39.6	31,868	32,273	2,061
assemblers Miscellaneous assemblers and	15.46	15.52	613	621	39.6	31,868	32,273	2,061
fabricators	14.54	14.00	582	560	40.0	30,250	29,120	2,080
operatorsWelding, soldering, and brazing	21.81	18.92	872	757	40.0	45,368	39,347	2,080
workers	22.95	21.28	918	851	40.0	47,744	44,262	2,080
brazers	22.95	21.28	918	851	40.0	47,744	44,262	2.080
Printers	17.76	19.29	710	772	40.0	36,936	40,123	2,080
Printing machine operators	18.18	19.58	727	783	40.0	37,815	40,726	2,080
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers,						,	,	,
and weighers	13.86	13.97	554 554	559	40.0	28,830	29,058	2,080
Miscellaneous production workers	13.78	11.43	551	457	40.0	28,669	23,770	2,080

Table 11. Full-time1 civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	ırnings ³	Weel	kly earnings	₅ 4	Annual earnings ⁵			
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours	
Transportation and material moving occupations	\$15.30	\$13.17	\$607	\$527	39.7	\$31,338	\$27,402	2,048	
drivers Truck drivers, heavy and	16.75	16.00	670	640	40.0	34,850	33,280	2,080	
tractor-trailer Truck drivers, light or delivery	19.60	20.04	784	802	40.0	40,764	41,687	2,080	
services	15.29	11.00	612	440	40.0	31,803	22,880	2,080	
Industrial truck and tractor operators	13.98	11.55	559	462	40.0	29,076	24,024	2,080	
Laborers and material movers, hand Laborers and freight, stock, and	11.72	10.50	467	411	39.9	24,307	21,368	2,074	
material movers, hand	12.73	11.92	507	472	39.8	26,367	24,565	2,072	

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

information.

3 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

4 Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

nours are the nours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

5 Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	ekly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$20.20	\$16.92	\$799	\$667	39.5	\$41,375	\$34,528	2,048
Management occupations	34.43	32.18	1,422	1,284	41.3	73,688	65,505	2,140
Marketing and sales managers	48.10	44.04	1,924	1,762	40.0	100,046	91,599	2,080
Financial managers	41.27	39.40	1,651	1,576	40.0	85,837	81,954	2,080
Business and financial operations								
occupations	28.93	28.52	1,152	1,141	39.8	59,880	59,326	2,070
Buyers and purchasing agents	23.54 24.16	23.52 24.00	959 967	941 960	40.8 40.0	49,881	48,926	2,119
Accountants and auditors	24.16	24.00	967	960	40.0	50,259	49,916	2,080
Computer and mathematical science								
occupations	28.46	31.24	1,136	1,249	39.9	59,080	64,971	2,076
Computer support engineers	37.74 16.62	38.32 14.00	1,509	1,533	40.0 40.3	78,493	79,706	2,080
Computer support specialists Computer systems analysts	34.47	34.04	669 1,456	560 1,454	42.2	34,812 75,691	29,120 75,608	2,095 2,196
Computer systems analysis	34.47	34.04	1,430	1,434	42.2	73,091	7 3,000	2,190
Architecture and engineering								
occupations	32.05	31.75	1,293	1,270	40.3	67,240	66,040	2,098
Engineers	38.91	38.50	1,559	1,540	40.1	81,043	80,070	2,083
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	37.72	39.14	1,518	1,636	40.3	78,954	85,084	2,093
Industrial engineers	38.31	41.91	1,557	1,676	40.6	80,967	87,164	2,113
Engineering technicians, except			,	'		,	- , -	, -
drafters	21.81	20.58	864	823	39.6	44,952	42,815	2,061
Community and social services occupations	15.44	14.62	617	585	40.0	29,614	26,839	1,919
Education, training, and library								
occupations	19.35	17.44	760	655	39.3	36,671	33,100	1,896
Postsecondary teachers	32.18	30.35	1,305	1,191	40.6	57,118	52,200	1,775
Miscellaneous postsecondary	22.40	20.25	4 205	1 101	40.6	F7 110	F2 200	4 775
teachers Primary, secondary, and special	32.18	30.35	1,305	1,191	40.6	57,118	52,200	1,775
education school teachers	15.73	14.50	597	585	38.0	29,287	24,580	1,862
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	15.25	15.35	610	614	40.0	31,718	31,928	2,080
Healthcare practitioner and technical								
occupations	29.08	30.58	1,097	1,086	37.7	56,980	56,478	1,959
Pharmacists	46.44	45.54	1,858	1,822	40.0	96,594	94,729	2,080
Registered nurses	32.99	33.30	1,264	1,243	38.3	65,708	64,621	1,992
Therapists	29.23	30.67	1,150	1,223	39.3	58,962	63,586	2,017
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.05	17.26	716	690	39.6	37,213	35,890	2,062
Medical and clinical laboratory	.0.00				00.0	01,210	00,000	2,002
technicians	16.12	16.53	645	661	40.0	33,525	34,376	2,080
Healthcare support occupations Nursing, psychiatric, and home health	13.16	11.61	481	435	36.5	24,990	22,632	1,900
aides	11.13	10.98	413	412	37.1	21,469	21,411	1,929
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.51	10.98	447	412	38.9	23,259	21,411	2,022
occupations	16.38	17.00	584	534	35.7	30,386	27,789	1,855
Food preparation and serving related								
occupations	10.42	9.25	397	327	38.1	20,609	17,004	1,978
Cooks	12.16	13.51	457	540	37.6	23,694	28,101	1,949
Building and grounds cleaning and								
maintenance occupations	11.66	11.00	459	440	39.4	23,882	22,880	2,049
Building cleaning workers	11.60	11.00	459	440	39.5	23,849	22,880	2,056

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	kly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mear annua hours
Janitors and cleaners, except								
maids and housekeeping								
cleaners	\$11.69	\$11.00	\$465	\$440	39.8	\$24,195	\$22,880	2,070
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	11.40	11.00	443	440	38.9	23,035	22,880	2,02
Personal care and service occupations	11.25	8.84	439	354	39.0	22,486	18,383	1,999
Sales and related occupations	19.75	15.63	793	625	40.1	41,238	32,504	2,088
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	17.11	15.67	715	700	41.8	37,202	36,400	2,17
First-line supervisors/managers of								
retail sales workers	17.11	15.67	715	700	41.8	37,202	36,400	2,17
Retail sales workers	12.17	10.57	485	423	39.9	25,231	21,981	2,07
Cashiers, all workers	10.97	10.40	438	416	39.9	22,758	21,632	2,07
Cashiers	10.97	10.40	438	416	39.9	22,758	21,632	2,07
Retail salespersons	12.34	10.50	492	420	39.8	25,559	21,840	2,07
Office and administrative support occupations	15.78	15.37	624	600	39.6	32,372	31,200	2,05
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support	10.70	10.07	024	000	00.0	02,012	31,200	2,00
workers	21.83	24.39	871	976	39.9	43,718	47,000	2,00
Financial clerks	15.02	15.00	600	600	39.9	31,183	31,200	2,07
Bookkeeping, accounting, and	13.02	13.00	000	000	39.9	31,103	31,200	2,0
auditing clerks	16.46	15.58	656	623	39.9	34,120	32,415	2,07
Customer service representatives	16.36	17.95	654	713	40.0	33,992	37,080	2,07
Secretaries and administrative	10.50	17.55	004	/ 10	40.0	00,002	07,000	2,07
assistants Executive secretaries and	18.63	16.92	694	674	37.2	36,074	35,071	1,93
administrative assistants Secretaries, except legal, medical,	19.56	17.50	782	700	40.0	40,652	36,400	2,07
and executive	15.29	14.65	612	586	40.0	31,805	30,472	2,08
Office clerks, general	15.14	15.45	606	618	40.0	31,495	32,136	2,08
Construction and extraction								
occupations	27.67	28.85	1,106	1,154	40.0	57,527	60,000	2,07
Electricians Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and	30.02	32.52	1,201	1,301	40.0	62,447	67,646	2,08
steamfitters	29.95	30.00	1,198	1,200	40.0	62,287	62,400	2,08
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	29.71	29.00	1,188	1,160	40.0	61,789	60,320	2,08
Installation, maintenance, and repair								
occupations	22.43	20.14	897	806	40.0	46,657	41,891	2,08
Automotive technicians and repairers	17.63	17.50	705	700	40.0	36,669	36,400	2,08
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	17.63	17.50	705	700	40.0	36,669	36,400	2,08
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	17.00	17.50	703		70.0	55,003	55,400	2,00
workers	20.84	22.30	834	892	40.0	43,357	46,384	2,08
Maintenance workers, machinery	21.72	22.30	869	892	40.0	45,174	46,384	2,08
Production occupations	15.89	15.50	632	620	39.7	32,821	32,240	2,06
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers Electrical and electronic equipment	15.46	15.52	613	621	39.6	31,868	32,273	2,06
assemblers Miscellaneous assemblers and	15.46	15.52	613	621	39.6	31,868	32,273	2,06
fabricators	14.54	14.00	582	560	40.0	30,250	29,120	2,08
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	22.95	21.28	918	851	40.0	47,744	44,262	2,08

Table 12. Full-time1 private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 - Continued

	Hourly earnings ³ Wee			kly earnings	s ⁴	Annual earnings ⁵		
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Welders, cutters, solderers, and								
brazers	\$22.95	\$21.28	\$918	\$851	40.0	\$47,744	\$44,262	2,080
Printers	17.72	19.29	709	772	40.0	36,865	40,123	2,080
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers,						,	,	,
and weighers	13.86	13.97	554	559	40.0	28,830	29,058	2,080
Miscellaneous production workers	13.78	11.43	551	457	40.0	28,669	23,770	2,080
Transportation and material moving								
occupations	14.80	13.17	587	527	39.6	30,317	27,402	2,049
Driver/sales workers and truck						,	,	,
drivers	16.73	16.00	669	640	40.0	34,789	33,280	2,080
Truck drivers, heavy and							·	
tractor-trailer	19.64	20.04	786	802	40.0	40,853	41,687	2,080
Truck drivers, light or delivery								
services	15.28	11.00	611	440	40.0	31,775	22,880	2,080
Industrial truck and tractor operators	13.98	11.55	559	462	40.0	29,076	24,024	2,080
Laborers and material movers, hand	11.59	10.00	462	400	39.9	24,027	20,800	2,074
Laborers and freight, stock, and								
material movers, hand	12.57	11.81	501	472	39.8	26,033	24,565	2,071

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of

Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Occupational classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

3 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See

appendix A for more information.

⁴ Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

Table 13. Full-time¹ State and local government workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	kly earnings	s ⁴	Annual earnings ⁵			
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours	
All workers	\$25.16	\$22.69	\$1,010	\$903	40.2	\$47,741	\$45,282	1,898	
Management occupations	51.23	56.31	2,049	2,252	40.0	102,564	99,106	2,002	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	25.65	25.36	1,022	1,014	39.8	52,436	52,753	2,044	
Community and social services occupations	23.46	22.81	933	912	39.7	45,020	45,265	1,919	
Counselors	32.36	29.18	1,263	1,167	39.0	50,774	54,631	1,569	
Legal occupations	26.30	16.14	1,052	646	40.0	54,714	33,575	2,080	
Education, training, and library occupations Postsecondary teachers	33.10 44.95	32.65 46.78	1,299 1,712	1,306 1,789	39.3 38.1	49,983 68,030	50,404 64,398	1,510 1,513	
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	32.90	32.65	1,309	1,306	39.8	49,996	50,404	1,520	
Elementary and middle school teachers	32.94	32.65	1,308	1,306	39.7	49,962	50,404	1,517	
Elementary school teachers, except special education Middle school teachers, except special and vocational	32.60	32.65	1,298	1,306	39.8	49,648	50,404	1,523	
education	34.57 33.32	31.96 32.07	1,354 1,333	1,278 1,283	39.2 40.0	51,458 51,030	49,349 49,725	1,488 1,532	
except special and vocational education	33.32 31.75	32.07 33.48	1,333 1,254	1,283 1,239	40.0 39.5	51,030 47,219	49,725 47,079	1,532 1,487	
preschool, kindergarten, and elementary school	32.48 14.67	33.48 14.35	1,280 521	1,263 556	39.4 35.6	47,960 19,107	47,079 20,135	1,477 1,303	
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	25.70	22.91	1,180	1,330	45.9	59,911	58,864	2,331	
Protective service occupations	24.93 27.20	23.98 28.01	1,035	1,049	41.5 40.0	53,507 56.584	54,434	2,147 2,080	
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	27.20	28.01	1,088 1,088	1,120 1,120	40.0	56,584	58,261 58,261	2,080	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	15.88 14.25	15.69 14.24	635 570	627 570	40.0 40.0	33,031 29,642	32,625 29,619	2,080 2,080	
cleaners	14.35	14.89	574	596	40.0	29,855	30,971	2,080	
Office and administrative support occupations	16.48	15.91	656	636	39.8	33,373	31,884	2,025	
Secretaries and administrative assistants	16.56	15.57	649	623	39.2	29,870	31,252	1,804	
and executiveOffice clerks, general	16.14 12.97	15.29 12.49	629 518	612 500	39.0 39.9	28,280 26,924	28,454 25,979	1,752 2,076	
Construction and extraction occupations	24.42	22.20	977	888	40.0	50,787	46,176	2,080	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	23.57	22.05	943	882	40.0	49,027	45,868	2,080	

Table 13. Full-time¹ State and local government workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 - Continued

	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵			
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours	
Transportation and material moving occupations	\$21.48	\$21.77	\$859	\$871	40.0	\$43,711	\$45,282	2,035	

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time worker with a 33-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of

Thous are the nous an employed to solution overtime.

5 Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

³ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

⁴ Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

Table 14. Size of establishment: Mean hourly earnings1 of private industry establishments for major occupational groups, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

Occupational group ²	Total	1-99 workers	100-499 workers	500 workers or more
All workers	\$19.37	\$17.32	\$19.99	\$24.19
Management, professional, and related	28.92	24.83	31.19	32.35
Management, business, and financial	31.37	28.24	30.55	39.35
Professional and related	27.70	22.38	31.42	29.53
Service	10.60	9.64	11.35	12.86
Sales and office	16.86	15.75	16.36	22.30
Sales and related	18.65	15.94	14.11	_
Office and administrative support	15.93	15.61	16.93	14.74
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	26.55	26.77	26.40	23.71
Construction and extraction	27.67	27.62	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	22.74	24.07	19.20	22.40
Production, transportation, and material moving	15.05	12.95	15.23	18.99
Production		14.95	15.04	18.19
Transportation and material moving	14.28	11.87	15.66	20.06
		Relative err	or ³ (percent)	
All workers	4.3	4.8	7.8	9.1
Management, professional, and related	6.0	6.4	10.7	6.6
Management, business, and financial	5.4	5.2	10.3	5.8
Professional and related	8.7	9.9	12.2	8.2
Service	2.1	2.3	5.3	7.5
Sales and office	6.2	6.3	4.5	26.8
Sales and related	16.6	10.5	7.3	_
Office and administrative support	3.5	7.2	5.4	7.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.7	2.7	8.3	3.9
Construction and extraction	3.1	2.2	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	8.0	12.3	14.9	3.3
Production, transportation, and material moving	5.0	9.3	3.7	4.7
Production	2.9	10.7	1.3	4.4
Transportation and material moving	10.9	13.5	10.6	6.5

Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

³ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 15. Establishments with fewer than 100 workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time1 private industry workers, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	ekly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$18.15	\$15.60	\$712	\$600	39.2	\$36,967	\$31,200	2,036
Management occupations	31.16	28.53	1,271	1,143	40.8	66,080	59,445	2,121
Business and financial operations occupations	27.01	28.52	1,072	1,141	39.7	55,762	59,326	2,064
Architecture and engineering occupations Engineers	30.41 38.38	31.20 43.22	1,255 1,535	1,269 1,729	41.3 40.0	65,284 79,837	65,978 89,891	2,147 2,080
Education, training, and library occupations	17.60	17.47	687	675	39.0	34,832	26,205	1,979
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	25.91	20.00	935	800	36.1	48,529	41,600	1,873
Healthcare support occupations	13.77	12.15	476	476	34.6	24,761	24,752	1,798
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.73	8.00	320	305	36.6	16,609	15,834	1,902
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	11.02	11.00	433	420	39.3	22,512	21,840	2,042
Sales and related occupations First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales	16.94 17.41	14.12 16.14	683 735	565 752	40.3 42.2	35,512 38,230	29,361 39,112	2,096 2,195
workers Retail sales workers Cashiers, all workers Cashiers	17.41 11.54 9.78 9.78	16.14 10.40 9.00 9.00	735 462 391 391	752 416 360 360	42.2 40.0 40.0 40.0	38,230 24,011 20,334 20.334	39,112 21,632 18,720 18,720	2,195 2,080 2,080 2.080
Retail salespersons	11.57	10.50	463	420	40.0	24,067	21,840	2,080
Office and administrative support occupations Financial clerks Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks Customer service representatives Secretaries and administrative assistants	14.93 14.87 15.55 16.68 16.67	14.91 15.00 15.00 17.93 14.75	587 593 619 667 601	581 600 600 717 586	39.3 39.9 39.8 40.0 36.0	30,511 30,829 32,204 34,693 31,245	30,216 31,200 31,200 37,292 30,472	2,044 2,073 2,071 2,080 1,875
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	20.04 15.14	17.18 16.00	802 606	687 640	40.0 40.0	41,687 31,493	35,724	2,080 2,080
Office clerks, general Construction and extraction occupations	27.62	28.47	1,105	1,139	40.0	57,442	33,280 59,218	2,080
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	28.47	29.00	1,139	1,160	40.0	59,225	60,320	2,080
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	23.66	20.92	946	837	40.0	49,206	43,514	2,080
Production occupations	15.05	12.90	595	503	39.6	30,904	26,166	2,054
Transportation and material moving occupations Driver/sales workers and truck drivers Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	12.09 13.70 18.72	10.00 14.31 18.92	483 548 749	400 572 757	40.0 40.0 40.0	25,127 28,503 38,948	20,800 29,754 39,354	2,078 2,080 2,080
Laborers and material movers, hand	9.94	9.00	397	360	40.0	20,665	18,720	2,080

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is

employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

establishment, but classified as part-time in another tirm, where a 4U-nour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

Searnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to

employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime

Table 16. Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Hourly e	arnings ³	Wee	ekly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$22.21	\$18.16	\$885	\$726	39.9	\$45,758	\$37,190	2,060
Management occupations	36.10	35.42	1,500	1,417	41.6	77,626	73,669	2,150
Business and financial operations occupations Accountants and auditors	32.34 24.19	27.80 24.70	1,293 968	1,112 988	40.0 40.0	67,250 50,324	57,820 51,378	2,080 2,080
Computer and mathematical science	00.40	04.04	4.440	4.040	40.0	50.070	04.074	0.000
occupations Computer software engineers	28.42 37.82	31.24 38.32	1,142 1,513	1,249 1,533	40.2 40.0	59,372 78,666	64,971 79,706	2,089 2,080
Architecture and engineering occupations	32.53 39.03	31.75 38.50	1,304 1,564	1,270 1,540	40.1 40.1	67,797 81,315	66,040 80,070	2,084 2,084
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	37.72	41.42	1,519	1,676	40.3	78,975	87,164	2,004
Industrial engineers	38.34	41.91	1,559	1,676	40.7	81,082	87,164	2,115
Engineering technicians, except drafters	22.42	20.94	888	838	39.6	46,168	43,553	2,059
Education, training, and library occupations	21.80	14.63	865	585	39.7	39,013	37,599	1,789
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	22.02	23.79	881	952	40.0	45,806	49,489	2,080
Healthcare practitioner and technical						ŕ		,
occupations	31.73	32.20	1,243	1,249	39.2	64,643	64,960	2,037
Registered nurses	33.40	33.88	1,290	1,282	38.6	67,056	66,643	2,008
Therapists	29.73	30.85	1,172	1,231	39.4	60,938	64,022	2,050
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical and clinical laboratory technicians	18.05 16.12	17.26 16.53	716 645	690 661	39.6 40.0	37,213 33,525	35,890 34,376	2,062 2,080
Healthcare support occupations	12.40	10.98	487	412	39.3	25,313	21,411	2,042
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.46 11.46	10.98 10.98	448 448	412 412	39.1 39.1	23,275 23,275	21,411 21,411	2,031 2,031
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance								
occupations	12.35	11.37	488	450	39.6	25,399	23,379	2,057
Building cleaning workers	11.94	11.24	472	450	39.5	24,523	23,375	2,054
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	11.80	11.24	468	450	39.6	24,315	23,375	2,061
Sales and related occupations	26.86	16.02	1,068	641	39.8	55,533	33,317	2,067
Retail sales workers	13.83	11.97	547	479	39.5	28,434	24,893	2,055
Office and administrative support occupations Financial clerks	16.53 15.20	16.41 14.99	657 608	648 599	39.8 40.0	34,029 31,611	33,269 31,171	2,059 2,080
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	18.77	20.14	751	806	40.0	39,037	41,893	2,080
Customer service representatives	16.27	17.95	650	713	39.9	33,785	37,080	2,077
Secretaries and administrative assistants	21.06	22.94	818	918	38.8	42,521	47,724	2,019
Office clerks, general	15.14	15.34	606	614	40.0	31,497	31,903	2,080
Construction and extraction occupations	27.77	31.27	1,109	1,251	40.0	57,694	65,042	2,078
steamfitters Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	34.29 34.49	35.00 35.00	1,372 1,379	1,400 1,400	40.0 40.0	71,324 71,733	72,796 72,796	2,080 2,080
Installation, maintenance, and repair								
occupations	20.22	20.01	809	800	40.0	42,066	41,621	2,080
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	20.74	22.30	829	892	40.0	43,133	46,384	2,080
Production occupations Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	16.26	15.61	648	624	39.8	33,674	32,469	2,071
assemblers	15.46	15.52	613	621	39.6	31,868	32,273	2,061
assemblers	15.46	15.52	613	621	39.6	31,868	32,273	2,061

Table 16. Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 — Continued

	Hourly earnings ³		Weel	kly earnings	s ⁴	Annual earnings ⁵			
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours	
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators Printers Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and	\$16.71 19.27	\$16.82 19.67	\$668 771	\$673 787	40.0 40.0	\$34,752 40,072	\$34,986 40,914	2,080 2,080	
weighers Transportation and material moving	13.86	13.97	554	559	40.0	28,830	29,058	2,080	
occupations Industrial truck and tractor operators Laborers and material movers, hand Laborers and freight, stock, and material	19.41 18.86 15.12	18.89 20.72 17.28	760 754 599	691 829 498	39.1 40.0 39.6	38,867 39,233 31,151	35,934 43,098 25,877	2,002 2,080 2,060	
movers, hand	15.56	17.28	616	691	39.6	32,028	35,934	2,058	

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is

employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

Earlings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to

employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 17. Union1 and nonunion workers: Mean hourly earnings2 for major occupational groups, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

		Union			Nonunion	
Occupational group ³	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	\$22.90	\$22.72	\$23.21	\$18.90	\$18.55	\$30.77
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related Service Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction and extraction Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving	28.24 - 28.51 17.12 15.65 14.13 15.97 29.17 29.37 27.96 18.93 20.78 18.12	28.17 - 29.58 12.97 15.18 14.13 15.68 29.76 29.81 29.42 18.78 20.81 17.74	28.28 - 28.28 20.42 16.19 - 16.19 24.02 24.26 23.57 19.83 - 19.79	29.52 33.23 27.90 10.52 17.05 19.13 15.99 20.08 21.15 18.78 13.59 14.61 12.16	29.01 32.35 27.57 10.35 17.05 19.14 15.96 19.98 21.01 18.78 13.54 14.61 12.05	37.12 45.34 33.03 23.39 17.05 — 16.88 — — —
Transportation and material moving	10.12	17.74		or ⁴ (percent)	12.00	
All workers	2.5	3.8	2.0	5.5	5.7	6.9
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related Service Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction and extraction Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving	2.0 - 1.9 7.5 2.3 8.1 2.6 3.6 2.7 11.2 3.5 6.5 3.9	5.4 - 6.9 7.9 3.3 8.1 3.8 4.3 3.3 13.5 3.8 6.8 5.3	1.8 - 1.8 2.6 3.7 - 3.7 4.8 2.5 9.8 6.0 - 6.0	6.2 5.4 8.6 2.2 6.7 18.5 3.8 7.1 9.9 2.3 6.2 4.9	6.7 5.9 9.3 2.2 6.9 18.6 3.9 7.4 10.4 2.3 6.2 4.9 13.3	4.8 6.6 3.3 11.4 4.9 - 5.9 - - - -

information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet

¹ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.
2 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.
3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

Table 18. Time and incentive workers1: Mean hourly earnings2 for major occupational groups, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	т:		lass	45
	111	me	Ince	ntive
Occupational group ³	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	Civilian workers	Private industry workers
All workers	\$19.72	\$19.05	\$27.93	\$27.93
Management, professional, and related	29.29	29.02	_	_
Management, business, and financial	32.39	31.60	-	_
Professional and related	28.10	27.74	_	_
Service	11.77	10.60	-	_
Sales and office	15.60	15.51	28.92	28.92
Sales and related	14.38	14.34	30.55	30.55
Office and administrative support	16.01	15.96	_	_
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	26.44	26.63	_	_
Construction and extraction	_	27.67	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	22.95	22.87	_	_
Production, transportation, and material moving	15.30	15.05	_	_
Production	15.83	15.79	_	_
Transportation and material moving	14.79	14.28	-	-
		Relative err	or ⁴ (percent)	
All workers	3.6	4.2	22.2	22.2
Management, professional, and related	5.0	6.3	_	_
Management, business, and financial	5.1	5.4	_	_
Professional and related	6.6	9.2	_	_
Service	3.3	2.1	-	_
Sales and office	3.5	3.9	28.2	28.2
Sales and related	11.6	11.7	25.6	25.6
Office and administrative support	3.1	3.6	_	_
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.5	2.8	_	_
Construction and extraction	_	3.1	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	7.7	8.6	_	_
Production, transportation, and material moving	4.6	5.0	_	_
Production	2.9	2.9	_	_
Transportation and material moving	9.2	10.9	_	_

¹ Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary. Incentive workers are those whose wages are at

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

or salary. Incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 19. Industry sector1: Mean hourly earnings2 for private industry workers by major occupational group, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

	Goods producing		Service providing						
Occupational group ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Infor- mation	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
All workers	-	\$20.77	-	_	_	_	_	_	ı
Management, professional, and related	_	37.30	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Management, business, and financial	_	42.27	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Professional and related		35.21	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service		35.21	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sales and office		17.41	_	_	_	_	l _	l _	_
Sales and related		'	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Office and administrative support		17.64	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Natural resources, construction, and									
maintenance	_	20.07	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	_	21.78	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Production, transportation, and material									
moving	_	15.26	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Production		15.57	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	_	12.66	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)								
All workers	_	5.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management, professional, and									
related	_	.1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management, business, and									
financial		9.4	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Professional and related		5.4	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sales and office		6.8	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
Sales and related		-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_
Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and	_	6.0	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
maintenance	_	6.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material	_	2.6	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
					1				
moving		.3	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Production		1.2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	_	3.9	-	_	-	-	_	_	_

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

¹ Industry sectors are determined by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).
² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.
³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

 $^{^{4}\,}$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all of the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the National Compensation Survey (NCS) includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing one worker or more in private goods-producing industries (mining, construction, and manufacturing); private service-providing industries (trade, transportation, and utilities, information, financial activities, professional and business services, education and health services, leisure and hospitality, and other services); State governments; and local governments employing 50 or more workers. Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government agency within the sampled area.

The Portland–Salem, OR–WA, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Clackamas, Columbia, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, OR; and Clark County, WA.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. Approximately one-fifth of the sample is reselected each year.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Regional Offices and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to clarify and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system
- 3. Characterization of jobs as full-time versus parttime, union versus nonunion, and time versus incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers whose jobs could be characterized by the criteria

identified in the last three steps. If a specific work level could not be determined, wages were still collected.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size. The number of jobs selected followed this schedule:

Number	Number		
of employees	of selected jobs		
1–49	Up to 4		
50-249	6		
250 or more	8		

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. NCS uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. A selected job may fall into any one of about 800 occupational classifications, from accountant to zoologist. When workers could be classified in more than one occupation, they were classified in the occupation that required the higher skill level. When there was no perceptible difference in skill level, the workers were classified in the occupation that described their primary activity.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major group. Occupations can fall into any of 22 major groups. Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the major group to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "point factor leveling" process. Point factor leveling matches certain aspects of a job to specific levels of work with assigned point values. Points for each factor are then totaled to determine the overall work level for the job.

The NCS program is in the process of converting from a nine-factor to a four-factor occupational leveling system. The conversion is being phased in via annual NCS sample replenishment groups and will require several years for full implementation. The four occupational leveling factors are:

- Knowledge
- Job controls and complexity
- Contacts (nature and purpose)
- Physical environment

Each factor consists of several levels, and each level has an associated description and assigned points. A knowledge guide for 24 families of closely related occupations contains short definitions of the point levels of knowledge expected for the occupations and presents relevant examples. The other three factors use identical descriptions for all occupational categories and contain a definition of each point level within each factor.

The description within each factor best matching the job is chosen. The point levels within each factor are designed to describe the thresholds of distinct levels of work. When a job does not meet the full description of a point level, the next lowest point level is used. Points for the four factors are totaled to determine the overall work level. NCS publishes data for up to 15 work levels.

Most supervisory occupations are evaluated based on their duties and responsibilities. A modified approach is used for professional and administrative supervisors when they direct professional work and are paid primarily to supervise. Such supervisory occupations are leveled based on the work level of the highest position reporting to them.

For a complete description of point factor leveling, refer to the publication "National Compensation Survey: Guide for Evaluating Your Firm's Jobs and Pay," available at the BLS National Compensation Survey Internet site at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf.

Combined work levels

This bulletin includes a table which simplifies the presentation of work levels by combining them into four broad groups. The groups were determined by combinations of knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, physical environment, and supervisory duties, and are meant to be comparable across different occupations. The broad groups and the combined work levels are:

Group	Levels			
designation	combined			
Group I	Levels 1–4			
Group II	Levels 5–8			
Group III	Levels 9–12			
Group IV	Levels 13–15			

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free or subsidized room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, tips)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers who are exempt from overtime provisions often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be full time.

Part-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be part time.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are solely tied to an hourly rate or salary.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Level. A ranking within an occupation based on the requirements of the position.

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the BLS National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member during the initial interview, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group.

If average hourly earnings data were not provided by a sample member during the update interview, then missing average hourly earnings were imputed by multiplying prior average hourly earnings by the rate of change in the average hourly earnings of respondents. The regression model that takes into account available establishment characteris-

tics is used to derive the rate of change in the average hourly earnings.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work. The sample weight reflects the inverse of each unit's probability of selection at each sample selection stage and four weight adjustment factors. The first factor adjusts for establishment nonresponse and the second factor adjusts for occupational nonresponse. The third factor adjusts for any special situations that may have occurred during data collection. The fourth factor, postratification, also called benchmarking, is introduced to adjust estimated employment totals to the current counts of employment by industry. The latest available employment counts were used to derive average hourly earnings in this publication.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6 through 10 are computed using earnings reported for individual workers in sampled establishment jobs and their scheduled hours of work. Establishments in the survey may report only individual-worker earnings for each sampled job. For the calculation of percentile estimates, the individual-worker hourly earnings are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution within

each published occupation. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$17.75, with a relative standard error of 1.0 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is from \$17.46 to \$18.04 (\$17.75 minus and plus \$0.29, where \$0.29 is the product of 1.645 times 1.0 percent times \$17.75). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

Appendix table 1. Number of workers $^{\!1}$ represented by the survey, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006

Occupational group ²	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	1,107,100	959,400	147,700
Management, professional, and related	306,500	228.600	77,800
Management, business, and financial	75,800	71,300	4,400
Professional and related	230,700	157,300	73,400
Service	218,600	194,400	24,200
Sales and office	292,400	264,600	27,800
Sales and related	94,100	93,600	
Office and administrative support	198,200	171,000	27,200
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	90,900	84,000	6,900
Construction and extraction	70,000	65,300	4,700
Installation, maintenance, and repair	20,600	18,400	2,200
Production, transportation, and material moving	198,800	187,800	11,000
Production	93,400	92,300	_
Transportation and material moving	105,400	95,500	9,900

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels.
2 Workers are classified by occupation using the

2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

Appendix table 2. Survey establishment response, Portland-Salem, OR-WA, September 2006 $\,$

Establishments	Total	Private industry	State and local government
Total in sampling frame ¹	56,310	56,140	169
Total in sample Responding	451 234	408 202	43 32
Refused or unable to provide data Out of business or not in survey scope	161 56	152 54	9 2

¹ The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports and is based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For private industries, an establishment is usually a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a

government entity.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.