Milwaukee–Racine, WI National Compensation Survey October 2006



U.S. Department of Labor Elaine L. Chao, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Philip L. Rones, Deputy Commissioner

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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private establishments and government agencies that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at:

Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, call (202) 691–6199, or send an e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are presented in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the core bulletin, and in an ASCII file containing the published table formats.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Contents

ıtrodu	oction
ables	
1.	Summary: Mean hourly earnings and weekly hours for selected worker
2	and establishment characteristics
2.	Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings for full-time and part-time workers
2	by work levels
3.	by work levels
1	State and local government workers: Mean hourly earnings for full-time and part-time workers
т.	by work levels
5	Combined work levels for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings for full-time
٥.	and part-time workers
6.	Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles
	Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles
	State and local government workers: Hourly wage percentiles
	Full-time civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles
10.	Part-time civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles
11.	Full-time civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours
12.	Full-time private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours
13.	Full-time State and local government workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours
14	Size of establishment: Mean hourly earnings of private industry establishments
17.	for major occupational groups
15.	Establishments with fewer than 100 workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time private industry workers
16.	Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual
	earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time private industry workers
17.	Union and nonunion workers: Mean hourly earnings for major occupational groups
	Time and incentive workers: Mean hourly earnings for major occupational groups
ppen	dixes:
A.	Technical Note
	Appendix table 1. Number of workers represented by the survey
_	Appendix table 2. Survey establishment response
В.	Standard Occupational Classification System

Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Milwaukee–Racine, WI, metropolitan area. Data were collected between March 2006 and April 2007; the average reference month is October 2006. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and an appendix with detailed information on occupational classifications.

Most of the earnings estimates in this bulletin are presented as mean hourly earnings. Mean weekly and annual earnings, and the corresponding hours, also are provided for full-time employees in specific occupations. Some occupations, such as teachers and fire fighters, typically have shorter or longer work schedules than do the majority of full-time workers. The weekly and annual estimates are useful for comparing the earnings of occupations having different work schedules.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Employer Costs for Employee Compensation measures employers' average hourly costs for wages and benefits. NCS also measures the incidence and provisions of benefit plans. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

Changes to the publications

The locality wage publications have undergone a number of significant changes. Beginning with the 3135 bulletin series, the releases employ:

- 1. The 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
- 2. An expanded scope of establishments, lowering the minimum establishment size for private industry from 50 workers to 1 worker
- 3. Imputation for temporary non-response situations
- 4. Benchmarking of estimated employment
- 5. Redesigned tables, to reflect the new classification system and to emphasize work levels

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 800 detailed occupations, listed in Appendix B, are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include high-level and intermediate occupational aggregation, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods producing, service providing, and size of establishment.

Table 2 presents mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational major groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for full-time and part-time workers. Table 3 provides work level data for private industry workers. Table 4 provides similar data for State and local government workers. Table 5 simplifies the work levels by combining them into broader groups within major and detailed occupations, and for full-time and part-time workers.

Tables 6 through 10 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for individual workers within each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers.

Table 11 presents mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings, and the associated hours, for major occupational groups and detailed occupations for full-time workers. Table 12 provides the same type of information for private industry workers. Table 13 provides similar data for State and local government workers.

Table 14 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by high-level occupational aggregations in the private sector. Tables 15 and 16 provide mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings data for full-time employees in private establishments with fewer than 100 workers, and in private establishments with 100 workers or more.

Table 17 presents mean hourly earnings data for union and nonunion workers in all, private, and State and local government establishments by high-level occupational aggregation. Table 18 provides hourly earnings data for time and incentive workers in all and private establishments by high-level occupational aggregation.

Appendix table 1 presents the number of workers represented by the survey, by high-level occupational aggregation and for all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Appendix table 2 provides the number of establishments in the sampling frame and the number of responding and nonresponding establishments.

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours for selected worker and establishment characteristics, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

		Civilian workers		Private industry workers			State and	nment	
Worker and establishment characteristics	Hourly earnings		Mean	Hourly earnings		Mean	Hourly earnings		Mean
	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³
All workers	\$19.87	3.0	34.8	\$19.42	3.4	34.9	\$24.93	0.5	34.3
Worker characteristics ^{4,5}									
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related Service Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction and extraction Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving Full time Part time	30.84 37.37 28.27 11.16 15.41 16.50 15.03 21.41 22.78 19.54 15.32 15.84 14.44 21.40 11.03	2.6 6.6 1.7 4.6 7.6 20.8 3.3 2.8 5.1 3.7 5.0 6.8 6.7	37.5 39.4 36.9 27.4 33.8 29.2 35.7 40.1 40.0 40.3 37.6 38.9 35.7	30.94 37.25 28.14 9.71 15.38 16.50 14.97 21.37 22.74 19.45 15.32 15.83 14.44 20.97	3.0 7.1 2.1 6.7 7.8 20.8 3.4 2.9 5.3 3.9 5.0 6.8 7.0	38.3 39.7 37.7 26.6 33.7 29.2 35.7 40.1 40.0 40.3 37.6 38.9 35.5	30.28 38.83 28.91 19.89 16.31 - 16.31 22.26 23.88 20.95 14.91 - 14.33 26.09 17.23	1.7 6.5 1.0 1.6 2.8 - 2.8 3.8 3.8 2.3 17.8 - 21.1	33.7 35.2 33.4 33.1 36.8 - 36.8 40.0 40.0 40.0 39.3 - 39.2 40.0 17.6
Union	23.27 19.18 19.83 20.53	3.4 3.8 2.7 15.3	36.0 34.6 34.6 39.1	22.06 19.09 19.35 20.53	5.6 3.9 3.0 15.3	36.2 34.7 34.6 39.1	25.16 24.04 24.93	.6 4.3 .5	35.8 29.5 34.3
Establishment characteristics									
Goods producing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	_ _		- -	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
1-99 workers	18.09 17.77 24.91	6.2 5.6 4.2	34.5 34.8 35.3	18.04 17.48 24.94	6.3 5.8 5.5	34.5 34.8 35.7	- 25.10 24.78	7.7 .8	- 36.4 34.0

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

³ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

exclusive of overtime.

⁴ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on

based on productivity payments study as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

5 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

6 Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-providing industries applies to private industry only. Industries are determined by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~2.~\textbf{Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings}^1~\textbf{for full-time and part-time workers}^2~\textbf{by work levels}^3,\\ \textbf{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006}$

	T	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
All workers	\$19.87	3.0	\$21.40	2.9	\$11.03	3.3
Management ecoungtions	41.13	7.6	41.16	7.6		
Management occupations Level 9	33.12	9.9	33.12	9.9	_	_
Level 11	38.12	5.4	38.12	5.4		
Level 12	54.35	7.5	54.35	7.5	_	
Not able to be leveled	55.10	10.1	55.30	10.0	_	
Marketing and sales managers	48.85	6.0	48.85	6.0	_	_
Marketing managers	47.52	4.2	47.52	4.2	_	_
Financial managers	33.84	12.7	33.84	12.7	_	_
Industrial production managers	42.15	10.4	42.15	10.4	_	_
Education administrators	38.04	9.9	38.04	9.9	_	_
Education administrators, elementary and secondary	00.01	0.0	00.01	0.0		
school	44.15	6.7	44.15	6.7	_	_
Medical and health services managers	36.90	12.5	36.90	12.5	-	_
Business and financial operations occupations	29.28	6.9	29.00	7.9	-	_
Level 8	26.01	8.8	26.01	8.8	_	_
Level 9	27.25	8.3	27.28	8.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	34.51	14.8	34.51	14.8	_	_
Buyers and purchasing agents	27.19	10.9	27.19	10.9	_	_
Accountants and auditors	23.17	4.6	23.17	4.6	_	_
Computer and mathematical science occupations	29.89	2.1	29.89	2.1	_	_
Level 7	27.12	7.2	27.12	7.2	_	_
Level 8	24.85	3.6	24.85	3.6	_	_
Level 9	29.57	4.8	29.57	4.8	_	_
Level 11	35.53	8.4	35.53	8.4	_	_
Computer programmers	32.81	7.3	32.81	7.3	_	_
Computer software engineers	30.30	5.4	30.30	5.4	_	-
Computer support specialists	26.30	3.8	26.30	3.8	_	-
Computer systems analysts	33.12	4.6	33.12	4.6	_	-
Network systems and data communications analysts	25.15	4.1	25.15	4.1	_	_
Architecture and engineering occupations	28.54	1.7	28.54	1.7	-	_
Level 7	26.52	7.8	26.52	7.8	_	_
Level 9	28.27	3.1 4.5	28.27	3.1 4.5	_	_
Engineers	30.26 28.38	3.1	30.26 28.38	4.5 3.1	_	_
Level 9Industrial engineers, including health and safety	27.42	.8	27.42	.8	_	_
Industrial engineers	27.42	.8	27.42	.8	_	
Engineering technicians, except drafters	25.93	9.3	25.93	9.3	_	
Level 7	28.14	9.3	28.14	9.3		
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	24.64	15.8	24.64	15.8	_	_
Life, physical, and social science occupations	26.72	5.2	26.93	5.3	_	_
Physical scientists	36.49	7.5	36.49	7.5	-	-
Community and social services occupations	18.96	3.2	19.13	3.9	-	_
Level 9	21.80	3.8	22.23	3.6	_	_
Social workers	19.72 17.87	3.1 4.2	19.72 18.10	3.1 6.7	_	_
Education, training, and library occupations	30.69	4.0	32.20	5.0	19.53	8.3
Level 4	9.71	12.2	-	-	-	-
Level 5	15.85	1.9	_	_	_	_
Level 8	19.79 35.48	22.3	- 35.47		- 35.58	
Level 9		.8 4.0		1.0	35.58	3.2
Level 11 Postsecondary teachers	33.68		35.40	5.8		7.2
,	62.09 32.17	12.6	65.60	14.8	34.78	1.2
Level 11 Arts, communications, and humanities teachers,	32.17	5.9	_	_	_	_
postsecondary	32.61	.3	32.61	.3	_	
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	32.61 41.37	5.1	32.01	.s	_	
Primary, secondary, and special education school	71.31] 3.1	_	_	_	-
teachers	28.93	14.1	29.16	14.8		
100011013	20.33	'-+.'	23.10	1 +.0	_	_

 $\label{thm:continued} \mbox{Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, $$ \mbox{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006}$ — $$ \mbox{Continued}$ $$$

	Te	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Drimony appendant and appeals adjusting asheal						
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers –Continued						
Level 9	\$34.51	1.0	\$34.62	0.9	_	_
Elementary and middle school teachers	33.76	1.4	34.44	1.3	_	_
Level 9	34.81	.5	34.90	.4	_	_
Elementary school teachers, except special						
education	33.61	1.8	34.39	1.7	_	_
Level 9	34.82	.8	34.92	.8	_	_
Secondary school teachers Level 9	34.32 34.02	2.1 2.0	34.69 34.19	2.6 2.2	_	_
Secondary school teachers, except special and	34.02	2.0	34.19	2.2	_	_
vocational education	34.32	2.1	34.69	2.6	_	_
Level 9	34.02	2.0	34.19	2.2	_	_
Other teachers and instructors	30.54	8.9	35.09	2.6	\$16.22	22.9
Level 9	35.54	2.4	_		-	-
Teacher assistants	10.40	2.7	-	_	13.09	8.3
Level 4	9.71	12.2	_	_	-	-
Level 5	14.83	5.5	_	_	_	_
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	22.43	14.1	23.44	13.7	13.30	9.8
Not able to be leveled	22.75	25.4	25.24	24.4	13.30	9.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	25.93	1.7	25.52	2.2	27.20	4.3
Level 5	16.32	5.8	16.04	6.6	-	-
Level 7	23.11	3.5	_	-	_	_
Level 8	25.89	1.5	24.97	1.3	29.55	.3
Level 9	31.60	11.5	32.80	15.7	28.71	5.9
Not able to be leveled	23.89	4.7	22.69	4.3	28.38	8.8
Registered nurses	27.61	1.3	26.53	.5	29.27	3.4
Level 8	26.28	1.9	25.13	1.2	29.55	.3
Level 9 Not able to be leveled	27.69 28.84	2.0 3.0	26.88	2.0	29.29	5.1
Therapists	29.25	11.3	_		_	_
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	15.78	6.9	15.71	7.1	_	_
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	20.08	4.2	-	-	19.21	2.9
Healthcare support occupations	11.68	5.0	12.82	5.2	10.36	.7
Level 2	11.09	5.3	_	_	_	_
Level 3	10.83	2.3	11.27	2.8	9.92	3.4
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	10.90	2.3	11.50	.3	_	_
Level 2	11.09	5.3	- 44.07	_	_	_
Level 3 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.06 11.29	2.8 .5	11.27 11.51	2.8	_ 10.65	1.9
Level 2	11.09	5.3	11.51	5	10.03	1.5
Level 3	11.09	3.0	11.29	3.0	_	_
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	14.26	8.8	-	-	-	_
Protective service occupations	17.00	8.4	17.59	10.8	9.74	3.2
Level 3	11.15	6.5		- ₁	_	-
Level 7	21.36	.0	21.36	.0	-	-
Police officers	24.86	6.2	24.86	6.2	_	_
Police and sheriff's patrol officers Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	24.86 12.60	6.2 11.1	24.86 13.02	6.2 13.6	_	_
Level 3	10.78	5.4	13.02	13.0	_	-
Security guards	12.60	11.1	13.02	13.6	_	_
Level 3	10.78	5.4		-	-	_
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.20	16.2	7.65	17.8	6.78	15.5
Level 1	5.66	34.9		-	5.57	27.6
Level 2	6.10	5.5	4.72	18.9	6.73	8.0
Level 3 Level 4	8.03 9.53	21.2 12.5	9.49	12.8	_	_
Cooks	9.53 10.53	6.6	9.49	12.0	_	1 -
Food preparation workers	9.55	5.6	_		_	_
	4.92	16.7	I	1	5.05	42.4

 $\label{thm:continued} \mbox{Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, \\ \mbox{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} \mbox{$--$} \mbox{Continued}$

	T	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Food service, tipped –Continued						
Level 2	\$4.16	17.6	_	_	\$4.94	22.6
Bartenders	7.56	5.4	_	_	-	
Waiters and waitresses	3.71	36.2	\$3.23	20.2	_	_
Level 2	3.59	14.5	_	_	_	_
Fast food and counter workers	8.21	3.4	_	_	7.42	5.3
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	8.15	3.8	_	_	7.29	6.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance						
occupations	13.04	10.7	15.48	6.8	9.14	12.1
Level 1	8.35	4.4	9.31	10.0	7.81	2.4
Level 2	-		12.20	8.0	_	_
Level 3	13.50	5.1	-		-	-
Building cleaning workers	10.45	9.0	11.72	5.5	9.16	13.2
Level 1	8.33	5.0			7.78	2.7
Level 2	-	_	11.97	8.5	_	_
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	44.00	10.0	40.70			
housekeeping cleaners Level 1	11.32	10.6	12.78	5.5	- 7.72	7.0
Level 2	8.97 —	15.9	12.46	9.4	7.72	7.0
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	8.30	3.6	12.40	9.4	_	_
Level 1	8.14	3.8	_	_		
Grounds maintenance workers	17.48	8.8	18.92	10.4	_	
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	17.41	9.3	18.91	10.4	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	12.60	11.8	15.93	7.5	8.88	11.3
Level 1	7.44	4.4	_	_	7.44	4.4
Level 2	8.14	7.2	_	_	8.14	7.2
Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related						
workers	8.10	10.2	_	-	8.10	10.2
Recreation and fitness workers	11.41 9.04	13.5 8.9	_	_	9.02 -	7.8
Sales and related occupations	16.50	20.8	20.14	22.0	8.09	3.9
Level 1	8.15	.8	_	_	7.89	3.8
Level 2	8.17	4.2	_	_	_	_
Level 3	9.40	3.5	_	_	_	_
Level 4	16.75	23.5	16.86	23.6	_	_
Retail sales workers	10.09	4.6	11.91	4.2	8.05	4.1
Level 1	8.15	.8	_	_	7.89	3.8
Level 3	9.44	4.5			_	_
Level 4	11.93	3.7	11.96	3.5	_	
Cashiers, all workers	8.67	2.4	-	-	8.18	7.2
Level 1	8.04	8.9	-	-	-	- 70
Cashiers	8.67	2.4	-	-	8.18	7.2
Level 1	8.04	8.9	_	-	-	
Retail salespersonsLevel 4	10.12 11.99	3.6 4.8	_	_	8.03 -	3.3
Office and administrative support occupations	15.03	3.3	15.81	3.2	11.25	5.4
Level 2	10.40	4.4	11.19	4.9	9.46	4.1
Level 3	12.67	3.6	12.75	3.8	11.95	1.9
Level 4	14.53	2.5	14.76	3.0	13.33	6.4
Level 5	18.57	5.8	18.70	5.7	_	_
Level 6	22.68	5.8	23.43	4.4	_	-
Level 7	22.45	6.6	22.45	6.6	_	-
Not able to be leveled	16.34	4.0	16.51	3.9	_	-
Financial clerks	14.66	6.5	15.08	4.9	_	-
Level 3	13.50	6.2	13.49	6.3	_	-
Level 4	13.91	4.3	13.88	4.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	17.54	8.4	17.54	8.4	_	-
Bill and account collectors	11.63	10.8	13.41	6.8	_	_
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks Level 4	15.22	7.0	15.23	7.1	_	_
Not able to be leveled	13.97 17.54	5.1	13.93 17.54	5.3	_	_
	17.54	8.4	17.54	8.4	_	. –

 $\label{thm:continued} \mbox{Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, \\ \mbox{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} \mbox{$--$} \mbox{Continued}$

	T	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	\$16.04	7.1	\$16.20	7.3	_	_
Customer service representatives	17.24	8.7	17.55	9.5	\$13.27	3.2
Level 4	13.02	5.9	- 17.55	- 5.5	ψ10.27 —	
Receptionists and information clerks	11.53	2.8	_	_	9.53	5.8
Level 2	11.37	2.1	_	_	-	_
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	10.39	4.0	_	_	_	_
Stock clerks and order fillers	12.87	17.6	_	_	_	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants	17.31	5.8	18.22	7.0	11.96	7.0
Level 3	11.66	2.5	_	_	_	-
Level 4	12.98	6.4	14.15	4.7	_	_
Level 5	18.64	8.6	18.64	8.6	_	_
Level 7	24.15	3.4	24.15	3.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	19.41	3.6	19.41	3.6	_	_
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	20.07	6.0	20.57	5.8	_	_
Level 7	24.15	3.4	24.15	3.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	19.41	3.6	19.41	3.6	_	_
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	12.28	6.8	13.20	8.5	_	_
Level 4	11.90	8.6	-	_ 7.0	-	
Office clerks, general	13.15	5.8	13.31	7.8	12.79	8.4
Level 4	13.55	4.7	13.95	5.2	_	_
Construction and extraction ecounations	22.78	5.1	22.78	5.1		
Construction and extraction occupations	18.41	5.2	18.41	5.1	_	_
Level 5	21.15	8.7	21.15	8.7	_	_
Level 7	28.21	5.1	28.21	5.1	_	_
Electricians	26.81	1.1	26.81	1.1	_	_
Lioutidatio	20.01		20.01			
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	19.54	3.7	19.54	3.8	_	_
Level 4	16.60	16.2	16.56	16.5	_	_
Level 5	17.88	5.5	17.88	5.5	_	_
Level 6	19.96	3.3	19.96	3.3	_	_
Level 7	20.47	6.0	20.47	6.0	_	_
Automotive technicians and repairers	20.07	.8	20.07	.8	_	_
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance						
workers	19.72	9.0	19.74	9.0	_	_
Level 7	22.54	7.3	22.54	7.3	_	_
Industrial machinery mechanics	22.88	7.2	22.88	7.2	-	_
Production occupations	15.84	6.8	16.04	7.2	10.91	11.1
Level 1	8.58	5.9	8.61	6.2	-	''-'
Level 2	12.34	2.6	12.75	2.5	_	_
Level 3	11.82	5.5	11.63	5.0	_	_
Level 4	16.77	.9	16.77	.9	_	_
Level 5	17.47	1.8	17.47	1.8	_	_
Level 6	19.95	6.2	19.95	6.2	_	_
Level 7	22.65	.9	22.65	.9	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers of production and						
operating workers	23.32	8.6	23.32	8.6	_	-
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical						
assemblers	15.60	10.9	15.60	10.9	_	_
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.92	12.6	12.29	14.2	_	-
Level 2	13.26	10.4	15.28	3.1	_	-
Computer control programmers and operators Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders,	19.21	1.9	19.21	1.9	-	-
metal and plastic	15.85	5.9	17.31	3.7	-	_
operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	18.64	.5	18.64	.5	_	_
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	14.97	10.2	14.97	10.2	_	_
Miscellaneous production workers	13.52	12.5	13.60	12.9	-	_
Transportation and material	4444	6.7	15.40	7.4	10.45	
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.44	6.7	15.16	7.1	10.15	5.5
Level 1	9.15	6.4	9.52	7.8	8.18	5.1
Level 2	12.42	7.2	12.57	7.7	_	_
Level 3	12.98	13.3	13.37	18.1	_	_
Level 4	14.53 17.11	5.8 8.2	15.09 17.43	1.9 8.9	_	_
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers						

Table 2. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	\$18.10	10.0	\$18.10	10.0	_	_
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	14.95	6.9	15.69	8.5	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor operators	15.81	13.4	15.81	13.4	_	_
Laborers and material movers, hand	10.26	6.0	10.62	6.8	\$8.58	9.1
Level 1	9.05	6.6	9.36	7.6	8.21	5.1
Level 2	11.07	11.9	11.23	11.6	_	_
Level 3	11.51	9.6	_	_	_	_
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,						
hand	10.99	6.9	11.61	6.8	9.13	9.8
Level 1	9.06	6.0	_	_	8.56	5.7
Level 2	11.43	14.1	11.43	14.1	-	_
Packers and packagers, hand	9.54	8.9	_	_	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees.

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the

a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Learnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

4 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~3.~\textbf{Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings} ^1~\textbf{for full-time and part-time workers} ^2~\textbf{by work levels} ^3,\\ \textbf{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006}$

	T	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
All workers	\$19.42	3.4	\$20.97	3.2	\$10.54	3.8
Management accounting	44.04	0.4	44.04	0.4		
Management occupations	41.24 33.41	8.4	41.24	8.4 10.5	_	_
Level 9 Level 11	37.48	10.5 6.0	33.41 37.48	6.0	_	_
		1		I .	_	_
Not able to be leveled	57.06	10.1	57.06	10.1	_	_
Marketing and sales managers	48.85	6.0	48.85	6.0	_	_
Marketing managers	47.52	4.2	47.52	4.2	_	_
Financial managers	33.84	12.7	33.84	12.7	_	_
Industrial production managers	42.15	10.4	42.15	10.4	_	_
Medical and health services managers	36.09	13.6	36.09	13.6	_	_
Business and financial operations occupations	29.28	7.1	29.05	8.0	_	_
Level 8	26.01	8.8	26.01	8.8	_	_
Level 9	27.28	8.4	27.28	8.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	34.51	14.8	34.51	14.8	_	_
Buyers and purchasing agents	27.19	10.9	27.19	10.9	_	_
Accountants and auditors	23.17	4.6	23.17	4.6	_	_
Computer and mathematical science occupations	29.95	2.1	29.95	2.1	_	_
Level 7	27.12	7.2	27.12	7.2	_	_
Level 8	24.85	3.6	24.85	3.6		
Level 9	29.57	4.8	29.57	4.8	_	_
		8.4		8.4	_	_
Level 11	35.53 32.81	7.3	35.53 32.81	7.3	_	_
Computer programmers				I .	_	_
Computer software engineers	30.30	5.4	30.30	5.4	_	_
Computer support specialists	26.30	3.8	26.30	3.8	_	_
Computer systems analysts	33.12	4.6	33.12	4.6	_	_
Architecture and engineering occupations	28.95	1.1	28.95	1.1	_	_
Level 7	26.10	9.2	26.10	9.2	_	_
Level 9	28.38	3.1	28.38	3.1	_	_
Engineers	30.30	4.5	30.30	4.5	_	_
Level 9	28.38	3.1	28.38	3.1	_	_
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	27.42	.8	27.42	.8	_	_
Industrial engineers	27.42	.8	27.42	.8	_	_
Engineering technicians, except drafters	25.74	10.2	25.74	10.2	_	_
Level 7	27.87	10.6	27.87	10.6	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	24.64	15.8	24.64	15.8	_	-
Life, physical, and social science occupations	27.41	5.8	27.41	5.8	_	_
Community and social services occupations	17.75	5.4	18.07	6.8	_	_
Education, training, and library occupations	29.36	8.5	29.99	9.6	_	_
Postsecondary teachers	66.97	15.1	67.82	16.6	_	_
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers,	23.0.					
postsecondary	32.61	.3	32.61	.3	-	_
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media						
occupations	22.63	14.2	23.44	13.7	_	_
Not able to be leveled	23.19	26.0	25.24	24.4	-	-
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	26.16	1.9	25.66	2.4	27.73	5.0
Level 5	16.15	6.2	16.04	6.6	_	-
Level 7	22.68	4.7	- 10.04	- 0.0	_	_
Level 8	26.51	2.3	25.29	1.6	29.55	.3
Level 9	31.60	11.5	32.80	15.7	28.71	5.9
Not able to be leveled	23.89	4.7	22.69	4.3	28.38	8.8
Registered nurses	27.70	1.4	26.63	.5	29.32	3.5
Level 8	26.51	2.3	25.29	1.6	29.55	.3
Level 9	27.69	2.0	26.88	2.0	29.29	5.1
Not able to be leveled	28.84	3.0	20.00	2.0	23.23	3.1
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians			15.71	7.1	l -	_
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	15.78 20.61	6.9 4.0	15.71	/.1	l -	_
				. –		

 $\label{thm:continued} \mbox{Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, $$ \mbox{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} $$ — \mbox{Continued}$$

	T	otal	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Healthcare support occupations	\$11.65	5.2	\$12.81	5.5	\$10.36	0.7
Level 2		5.3	_	_	_	_
Level 3	. 10.77	2.1	11.19	2.6	9.92	3.4
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides		2.1	11.38	.1	_	_
Level 2		5.3	_	_	_	_
Level 3		2.5	11.19	2.6		
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants		4	11.40	.2	10.63	1.9
Level 2		5.3		_	_	_
Level 3		2.7	11.21	2.8	_	_
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	14.26	8.8	_	_	_	_
Protective service occupations		10.1	13.03	12.3	_	_
Level 3		5.4	_	_	_	-
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers		11.1	13.02	13.6	_	-
Level 3		5.4	_	_	_	-
Security guards		11.1	13.02	13.6	_	-
Level 3	. 10.78	5.4	_	-	_	_
Food preparation and serving related occupations		16.9	7.58	18.2	6.59	16.6
Level 1		36.3	_	_	5.30	28.9
Level 2		5.5	4.72	18.9	6.73	8.0
Level 4	9.53	12.5	9.49	12.8	_	_
Cooks		6.9	_	_	_	_
Food service, tipped		16.7	_	_	5.05	42.4
Level 2		17.6	_	_	4.94	22.6
Bartenders		5.4			_	_
Waiters and waitresses		36.2	3.23	20.2	_	_
Level 2		14.5	_	_	-	_
Fast food and counter workers	8.18	3.2	_	_	7.35	4.9
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	8.12	3.6	_	_	7.22	5.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance						
occupations	10.27	9.5	11.49	9.0	9.08	13.4
Level 1		3.0	_	_	7.67	2.9
Level 2		_	10.74	3.8	_	_
Building cleaning workers		8.7	10.61	5.5	9.10	13.7
Level 1		3.1	_	_	7.65	3.1
Level 2	. –	_	10.74	3.9	_	_
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and						
housekeeping cleaners	10.52	11.1	11.51	3.4	_	_
Level 1	7.50	8.2	_	_	_	_
Level 2	. –	_	11.09	4.2	_	-
Maids and housekeeping cleaners		3.6	-	-	_	-
Level 1	8.14	3.8	_	-	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	12.61	12.5	15.83	7.9	8.89	12.5
Level 2	8.17	7.6	_	_	8.17	7.6
Recreation and fitness workers	11.51	13.6	_	_	9.05	8.1
Sales and related occupations	16.50	20.8	20.14	22.0	8.09	3.9
Level 1		.8	-	-	7.89	3.8
Level 2		4.2	_	-	_	_
Level 3		3.5			_	-
Level 4		23.5	16.86	23.6	-	_
Retail sales workers		4.6	11.91	4.2	8.05	4.1
Level 1		.8	_	_	7.89	3.8
Level 4		4.5	11.06	2.5	_	_
Cashiers, all workers		3.7 2.4	11.96	3.5	- 8.18	7.2
Level 1		8.9	_	_	0.10	1.2
Cashiers		2.4	-	_	8.18	7.2
	. 0.01	l 2.4		1 -	0.10	'.2
	8 N4	80	_	l –	_	_
Level 1 Retail salespersons		8.9 3.6	_	_	- 8.03	3.3

 $\label{thm:continued} \mbox{Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, $$ \mbox{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} $$ — \mbox{Continued}$$

	T	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Office and administrative support occupations	\$14.97	3.4	\$15.77	3.4	\$11.21	5.6
Level 2	10.37	4.5	11.17	5.0	9.46	4.1
Level 3	12.67	3.7	12.74	3.9	_	_
Level 4	14.51	2.6	14.75	3.1	13.28	6.8
Level 5	18.84	6.5	19.00	6.3	_	_
Level 6	22.99	5.9	23.82	4.4	_	_
Level 7	22.73	8.3	22.73	8.3	_	_
Not able to be leveled	16.34	4.0	16.51	3.9	_	_
Financial clerks	14.60	6.7	15.03	5.0	_	_
Level 3	13.49	6.3	13.49	6.3	_	_
Level 4	13.87	4.4	13.84	4.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	17.54	8.4	17.54	8.4	_	_
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	15.18	7.2	15.19	7.3	_	_
Level 4	13.91	5.2	13.87	5.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	17.54	8.4	17.54	8.4	_	_
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	16.04	7.1	16.20	7.3	_	_
Customer service representatives	17.24	8.7	17.55	9.5	13.27	3.2
Level 4	13.02	5.9		_	_	_
Receptionists and information clerks	11.53	2.8	_	_	9.53	5.8
Level 2	11.37	2.1	_	_	-	_
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	10.39	4.0	_	_	_	_
Stock clerks and order fillers	12.87	17.6	_	_	_	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants	17.48	6.5	18.57	7.9	11.96	7.0
Level 3	11.66	2.5	10.07	7.5	-	7.0
Level 4	12.72	8.0	_	_	_	_
Level 5	19.35	9.5	19.35	9.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	19.33	3.6	19.33	3.6	_	_
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	20.24		-	6.2	_	_
		6.3	20.80	-	_	_
Not able to be leveled	19.41	3.6	19.41	3.6	_	_
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	11.62	5.1	-	_	-	
Office clerks, general Level 4	12.94 13.22	6.3 5.5	12.97 13.33	8.6 2.3	12.88 -	8.4
	22.74	F 2	22.74	F 2		
Construction and extraction occupations	22.74	5.3	22.74	5.3	_	_
Level 4	18.33	5.8	18.33	5.8	_	_
Level 5	21.15	8.9	21.15	8.9	_	_
Level 7	28.34	5.2	28.34	5.2	_	_
Electricians	26.81	1.1	26.81	1.1	_	_
nstallation, maintenance, and repair occupations	19.45	3.9	19.46	4.0	_	_
Level 4	16.21	18.1	16.16	18.6	_	_
Level 6	19.85	3.3	19.85	3.3	_	_
Level 7	20.38	5.9	20.38	5.9	-	-
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance						
workers	19.57	9.2	19.60	9.3	_	-
Industrial machinery mechanics	22.88	7.2	22.88	7.2	-	_
Production occupations	15.83	6.8	16.02	7.2	10.91	11.1
Level 1	8.58	5.9	8.61	6.2	_	_
Level 2	12.34	2.6	12.75	2.5	_	_
Level 3	11.82	5.5	11.63	5.0	_	_
Level 4	16.77	.9	16.77	.9	_	_
Level 5	17.44	1.7	17.44	1.7	_	_
Level 6	19.92	6.4	19.92	6.4	_	_
Level 7	22.65	.9	22.65	.9	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers of production and						
operating workers	23.32	8.6	23.32	8.6	_	-
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical		4.5.5				
assemblers	15.60	10.9	15.60	10.9	_	_
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.92	12.6	12.29	14.2	_	_
Level 2	13.26	10.4	15.28	3.1	_	-
Computer control programmers and operators	19.21	1.9	19.21	1.9	_	-
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders,				_		
metal and plastic	15.85	5.9	17.31	3.7	_	-

Table 3. Private industry workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers² by work levels³, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters,						
operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	\$18.64	0.5	\$18.64	0.5		
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	14.97	10.2	14.97	10.2	_	_
Miscellaneous production workers	13.52	12.5	13.60	12.9	_	_
Miscellaneous production workers	13.52	12.5	13.60	12.9	_	_
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.44	7.0	15.20	7.4	\$10.16	5.6
Level 1	9.04	6.6	9.36	7.6	8.18	5.1
Level 2	12.93	7.0	13.17	7.4	_	_
Level 3	12.71	13.5	12.99	17.9	_	_
Level 4	14.53	5.8	15.09	1.9	_	_
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	17.01	8.3	17.33	9.0	_	_
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	18.05	10.1	18.05	10.1	_	_
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	14.67	6.8	15.39	8.3	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor operators	15.81	13.4	15.81	13.4	_	_
Laborers and material movers, hand	10.46	6.3	10.90	7.4	8.58	9.1
Level 1	9.05	6.6	9.36	7.6	8.21	5.1
Level 2	13.18	11.0	_	_	_	_
Level 3	11.51	9.6	_	_	_	_
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,		3.0				
hand	11.52	7.6	12.48	7.5	9.13	9.8
Level 1	9.06	6.0			8.56	5.7
Packers and packagers, hand	9.54	8.9	_	_	0.00	5.,

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment but classified as part-time in another firm, where

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

4 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Table 4. State and local government workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006$

All workers	40.08	Relative error ⁵ (percent) 0.5 6.7 8.0 5.1 6.1	Mean \$26.09 40.41 43.99	Relative error ⁵ (percent) 0.6 6.8	Mean \$17.23	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Management occupations Level 11 Not able to be leveled Education administrators Education administrators, elementary and secondary school	40.08 43.99 33.45 44.08	6.7 8.0 5.1	40.41		\$17.23	
Level 11	43.99 33.45 44.08	8.0 5.1		6.9	ψ20	5.1
Level 11	43.99 33.45 44.08	8.0 5.1			_	_
Not able to be leveled Education administrators Education administrators, elementary and secondary school	33.45 44.08	5.1		8.0	_	_
Education administrators, elementary and secondary school		6.1	-	-	_	_
school	44.72		44.08	6.1	_	_
		6.5	44.72	6.5	_	_
Life, physical, and social science occupations	20.95	1.8	-	_	_	-
Community and social services occupations	20.48	5.5	20.57	6.0	_	_
Social workers	22.18	1.9	22.18	1.9	_	_
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	19.48	7.0	-	_	_	_
Education training and library occupations	31.97	.5	34.73	1.2	20.74	6.8
Education, training, and library occupations Level 5	15.44	.5	J4.73 _	1.2		
Level 9	35.69	.6	35.69	.9	35.58	3.2
Postsecondary teachers		2.6	-	_	36.83	5.1
Primary, secondary, and special education school				[
teachers	34.39	1.2	35.04	.5	-	-
Level 9		.4	34.83	.2	_	_
Elementary and middle school teachers	34.11	1.3	34.90	.2	_	_
Level 9	34.74	.5	34.82	.5	_	_
education	34.09 34.82	1.6	35.00 34.92	.5	_	_
Level 9 Secondary school teachers		.8	35.44	.8 1.3	_	
Level 9		.3	- 33.44		_	_
Secondary school teachers, except special and	01.70					
vocational education	35.03	.4	35.44	1.3	_	_
Level 9		.3	-	_	_	_
Other teachers and instructors	33.22	3.3	35.09	2.6	21.36	10.5
Level 9		2.4	-	_	-	_
Teacher assistants	13.02 14.83	7.9 5.5	12.84	6.3	13.09	8.3
Level 5	14.03	5.5	_	_	_	_
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	23.32	1.2	24.10	1.3	_	_
Protective service occupations	23.32	1.4	23.50	.8	_	_
Level 7	21.36	.0	21.36	.0	_	_
Police officers	24.86	6.2	24.86	6.2	_	-
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	24.86	6.2	24.86	6.2	-	_
Food preparation and serving related occupations	11.35	.7	_	_	_	_
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	19.59	2.2	20.68	2.1	9.84	6.9
Building cleaning workers	15.18	5.7	15.89	6.4	_	-
housekeeping cleaners		5.9	_	-	-	_
Grounds maintenance workers		5.8	_	-	_	_
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	19.63	6.0	_	_	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	12.38	24.8	_	_	8.72	4.5
Office and administrative support occupations	16.31	2.8	16.66	2.9	12.82	.9
Level 3	12.42	1.7	_	-	_	
Level 4	14.82	5.3	14.95	6.4	-	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants		5.3	15.85	5.3	_	_
Office clerks, general	14.77	5.0	15.23	4.9	_	_
Construction and extraction occupations	23.88	3.8	23.88	3.8	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	20.95	2.3	20.95	2.3	_	_

Table 4. State and local government workers: Mean hourly earnings1 for full-time and part-time workers2 by work levels3, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Transportation and material moving occupations	\$14.33	21.1	\$14.39	21.2	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment.

worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the

occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

4 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5. \textbf{Combined work levels}^1 \textbf{ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings}^2 \textbf{ for full-time and part-time workers}^3, \\ \textbf{Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} \end{tabular}$

	T	otal	Full-time	e workers	Part-tim	e workers
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
All workers	\$19.87	3.0	\$21.40	2.9	\$11.03	3.3
Management occupations	41.13	7.6	41.16	7.6	_	_
Group III	37.55	5.7	_	_	_	_
Marketing and sales managers	48.85	6.0	48.85	6.0	_	_
Marketing managers	47.52	4.2	47.52	4.2	_	_
Financial managers	33.84	12.7	33.84	12.7	_	_
Industrial production managers	42.15	10.4	42.15	10.4	_	_
Group III	35.85	14.9	35.85	14.9	_	_
Education administrators	38.04	9.9	38.04	9.9	_	_
Group III Education administrators, elementary and secondary	37.77	14.2	_	_	_	_
school	44.15	6.7	44.15	6.7	_	_
Medical and health services managers	36.90	12.5	36.90	12.5	_	_
				1 - 1 - 1		
Business and financial operations occupations	29.28	6.9	29.00	7.9	-	-
Group II	23.23	8.4	_	-	_	-
Group III	30.41	11.9			-	-
Buyers and purchasing agents	27.19	10.9	27.19	10.9	_	_
Accountants and auditors	23.17	4.6	23.17	4.6	-	_
Computer and mathematical science occupations	29.89	2.1	29.89	2.1	_	
Group II	25.93	5.0	29.09	2.1		
Group III	31.69	4.2	_	_	_	_
Computer programmers	32.81	7.3	32.81	7.3	_	_
Computer software engineers	30.30	5.4	30.30	5.4	_	_
Computer support specialists	26.30	3.8	26.30	3.8	_	_
Group II	24.91	12.9	24.91	12.9	_	_
Computer systems analysts	33.12	4.6	33.12	4.6	_	_
Group III	33.11	5.3	33.11	5.3	_	_
Network systems and data communications analysts	25.15	4.1	25.15	4.1	_	_
Architecture and engineering occupations	28.54	1.7	28.54	1.7	_	_
Group II	24.44	10.0	_	_	_	_
Group III	29.63	4.0	_	_	_	_
Engineers	30.26	4.5	30.26	4.5	_	_
Group III	29.75	4.0			_	_
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	27.42	.8	27.42	.8	_	_
Group III	27.42	.8	- 27.42	_	_	_
Industrial engineers	27.42 27.42	.8	27.42 27.42	.8	_	_
Engineering technicians, except drafters	25.93	9.3	25.93	9.3	_	_
Group II	24.85	13.1	25.55	- 5.5	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	24.64	15.8	24.64	15.8	_	_
Life physical and social science accumptions	26.72	5.2	26.93	5.3		
Life, physical, and social science occupations Group III	26.72 36.46	7.4	20.93	5.3	_	_
Physical scientists	36.49	7.5	36.49	7.5	_	_
Group III	36.49	7.5	-	-	_	_
Community and social services occupations	18.96	3.2	19.13	3.9	_	_
Group II	17.31	3.6	-	- 5.5	_	_
Group III	22.97	2.4	_	_	_	-
Social workers	19.72	3.1	19.72	3.1	-	_
Group III	22.70	2.5	_	_	-	-
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	17.87	4.2	18.10	6.7	_	-
Group II	16.58	2.7	_	_	_	_
Education, training, and library occupations	30.69	4.0	32.20	5.0	19.53	8.3
Group I	9.89	4.4	_	_	-	-
Group II	14.19	22.4	_	_	_	_
Group III	35.47 62.09	1.0 12.6	6F 60	14.0	- 24 70	7.2
Postsecondary teachers	62.09 37.54	2.5	65.60	14.8	34.78	1.2
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers,	37.34	2.5	_	_	_	-
postsecondary	32.61	.3	32.61	.3		1

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5. {\bf Combined work levels}^1 \ for \ civilian \ workers: Mean hourly earnings}^2 \ for \ full-time \ and \ part-time \ workers}^3, \\ {\bf Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} \ -- \ {\bf Continued} \end{tabular}$

	Te	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time	e workers
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	\$41.37	5.1	_	_	_	_
Group III	41.10	5.8	_	_	_	_
Primary, secondary, and special education school	41.10	0.0				
teachers	28.93	14.1	\$29.16	14.8	_	_
Group III	34.72	.8	-	_	_	_
Elementary and middle school teachers	33.76	1.4	34.44	1.3	_	_
Group III	34.88	.3	_	_	_	_
Elementary school teachers, except special						
education	33.61	1.8	34.39	1.7	_	_
Group III	34.90	.5	35.00	.5	_	_
Secondary school teachers	34.32	2.1	34.69	2.6	_	_
Group III	34.52	2.3	_	-	_	_
Secondary school teachers, except special and						
vocational education	34.32	2.1	34.69	2.6	_	_
Group III	34.52	2.3	34.69	2.6	_	_
Other teachers and instructors	30.54	8.9	35.09	2.6	\$16.22	22.9
Group II	15.64	18.8	_	_	_	_
Group III	35.54	2.4	_	_	-	_
Teacher assistants	10.40	2.7	_	_	13.09	8.3
Group I	9.89	4.4	_	_	11.83	1.7
Group II	14.83	5.5	_	_	_	_
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	22.43	14.1	23.44	13.7	13.30	9.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	25.93	1.7	25.52	2.2	27.20	4.3
Group II	22.63	3.3	20.02		_	
Group III	33.59	6.3	_	_	_	_
Registered nurses	27.61	1.3	26.53	.5	29.27	3.4
Group II	26.06	1.7	24.95	1.1	29.23	1.0
Group III	27.86	2.0	26.88	2.0	29.38	3.2
Therapists	29.25	11.3	_	_	_	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	15.78	6.9	15.71	7.1	_	_
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	20.08	4.2	_	_	19.21	2.9
Group II	19.04	2.5	_	_	19.21	2.9
Healthcare support occupations	11.68	5.0	12.82	5.2	10.36	.7
Group I	11.38	5.2	_	_	_	_
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	10.90	2.3	11.50	.3	_	_
Group I	10.74	2.2	_	-	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.29	.5	11.51	.3	10.65	1.9
Group I	11.08	1.7	11.24	1.9	10.60	2.1
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	14.26	8.8	_	-	_	_
Protective service occupations	17.00	8.4	17.59	10.8	9.74	3.2
Group I	11.47	5.1	_	-	_	_
Group II	23.36	2.9			_	_
Police officers	24.86	6.2	24.86	6.2	_	_
Group II	24.86	6.2	-	_	_	_
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	24.86	6.2	24.86	6.2	_	_
Group II	24.86	6.2	24.86	6.2	_	_
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	12.60	11.1	13.02	13.6	_	_
Group I	10.77	4.9	13.02	12.6	_	_
Security guards Group I	12.60 10.77	11.1	13.02	13.6	_	_
010up 1	10.11	4.5	_	_	_	_
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.20	16.2	7.65	17.8	6.78	15.5
Group I	6.86	13.6	_	-	_	_
Cooks	10.53	6.6	_	_	_	-
Group I	11.03	5.4	_	_	_	-
Food preparation workers	9.55	5.6	_	_	_	_
Group I	9.55	5.6	_	_	- E 05	42.4
Food service, tipped	4.92	16.7	_		5.05	42.4
Group I Bartenders	4.52 7.56	5.3 5.4	1		_	
Waiters and waitresses		36.2	3.23	20.2	_	_
vvancia aliu waliicaaca	3.71	30.2	J.23	20.2	_	

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5. {\bf Combined work levels}^1 {\bf for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings}^2 {\bf for full-time and part-time workers}^3, \\ {\bf Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} -- {\bf Continued } \\ \end{tabular}$

Waiters and waitresses –Continued Group I Fast food and counter workers Group I Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food Group I Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Group I Group I Building cleaning workers Group I Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers I Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Recreation workers Group I Retail sales workers Group I Cashiers, all workers Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Cashiers Group I Group II	3.13 3.13 3.21 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 1.29 1.32 1.29 1.32 1.29 2.60 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 3.70 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.1	Relative error ⁵ (percent) 16.4 3.4 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9 8.9	\$3.23	Relative error ⁵ (percent) 20.2 6.8 - 5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9 - 7.5	Mean - \$7.42 - 7.29 7.29 9.14 - 9.16 8.88 - 8.10 - 9.02	Relative error ⁵ (percen - 5.3 - 6.3 6.3 12.1 - 13.2
Group I Fast food and counter workers Group I Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food Group I Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Group I Group I Building cleaning workers Group I Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Cand maintenance workers Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Retail sales workers Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Group I Group I Group I Financial clerks Group I Group I Group II Financial clerks Group II Group II Group II Group II Financial clerks Group II Financial clerks Group II	3.3.21 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.10 4.04 4.045 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 1.41 3.90	3.4 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	15.48 - 11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	6.8 - - 5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - - 10.4 - 10.9	7.29 7.29 7.29 9.14 - 9.16 - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	- 6.3 6.3 12.1 - 13.2
Group I Fast food and counter workers Group I Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food Group I Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Group I Group I Building cleaning workers Group I Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Cand maintenance workers Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Retail sales workers Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Group I Group I Group I Financial clerks Group I Group I Group II Financial clerks Group II Group II Group II Group II Financial clerks Group II Financial clerks Group II	3.3.21 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.10 4.04 4.045 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 1.41 3.90	3.4 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	15.48 - 11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	6.8 - - 5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - - 10.4 - 10.9	7.29 7.29 7.29 9.14 - 9.16 - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	- 6.3 6.3 12.1 - 13.2
Fast food and counter workers Group I Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food Group I Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Group I Group I Building cleaning workers Group I Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Group I Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Recreation workers Group I Retail sales workers Group I Cashiers, all workers Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Cashiers Group I Cashiers Group I Cashiers Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Cashiers Group II Cash	3.3.21 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.15 3.10 4.04 4.045 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 1.41 3.90	3.4 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	15.48 - 11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	6.8 - - 5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - - 10.4 - 10.9	7.29 7.29 7.29 9.14 - 9.16 - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	- 6.3 6.3 12.1 - 13.2
Group I Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food Group I Group I Group I Group I Group I Group I Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Group I Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Group I Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Lendscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Recreation workers Group I Recreation sorkers Group I Recreation workers Group I Retail sales workers Group I Cashiers, all workers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Cashiers Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Group II	3.3.15 3.3.15 3.3.15 3.3.15 3.3.15 1.04 2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.3	3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9	7.29 7.29 7.29 9.14 - 9.16 - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	- 6.3 6.3 12.1 - 13.2
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	3.15 3.15 3.04 1.04 2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70	3.8 3.8 3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9	7.29 9.14 - 9.16 8.88 - 8.10	6.3 12.1 - 13.2 11.3 - 10.2
including fast food Group I Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Group I Group I Building cleaning workers Group I Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Cand and groundskeeping workers Group I Landscaping and groundskeeping workers Group I Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers Group I Recreation and fitness workers Group I Recreation workers Group I Retail sales workers Group I Cashiers, all workers Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Retail salespersons Group I Cashiers Group I Group I Group II	3.3.15 3.04 1.04 2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 3.70 1.41 3.90	3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9	7.29 9.14 - 9.16 8.88 - 8.10	6.3 12.1 - 13.2 11.3 - 10.2
Group	3.3.15 3.04 1.04 2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 3.70 1.41 3.90	3.8 10.7 9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9	7.29 9.14 - 9.16 8.88 - 8.10	6.3 12.1 - 13.2 11.3 - 10.2
Scroup Croup Cro	1.04 2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9	9.16 - - - - - - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	13.2 - - - - - - - - - 11.3 - 10.2
Scroup Croup Cro	1.04 2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9	9.16 - - - - - - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	13.2 - - - - - - - - - 11.3 - 10.2
Group	1.04 2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	9.5 5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9	9.16 - - - - - - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	13.2 - - - - - - - - - 11.3 - 10.2
Building cleaning workers	2.24 0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	5.2 9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	11.72 - 12.78 13.05 - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 - 5.5 6.4 - - 10.4 - 10.9	9.16 - - - - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	13.2 - - - - - - - - - 11.3 - 10.2
Building cleaning workers Group	0.45 0.37 1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 1.41 3.90	9.0 9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	12.78 13.05 - - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 6.4 - - 10.4 - 10.9	- - - - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	- - - - - - - 11.3
Group	1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	9.5 10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	12.78 13.05 - - 18.92 - 18.91	5.5 6.4 - - 10.4 - 10.9	- - - - - - - - 8.88 - 8.10	- - - - - - - 11.3
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners 1 Group 1 Maids and housekeeping cleaners 1 Maids and housekeeping cleaners 1 Group	1.32 1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	10.6 11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	13.05 - - 18.92 - 18.91 -	5.5 6.4 - - 10.4 - 10.9	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Nousekeeping cleaners	1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	13.05 - - 18.92 - 18.91 -	6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9 -	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Group I	1.29 3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	11.9 3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	13.05 - - 18.92 - 18.91 -	6.4 - 10.4 - 10.9 -	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Maids and housekeeping cleaners Group I Group I 1 Landscaping and groundskeeping workers 1 Group I 1 Personal care and service occupations 1 Group I 1 Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers 1 Group I 1 Recreation and fitness workers 1 Group I 1 Recreation workers 1 Group I 1 Group I 1 Retail sales workers 1 Group I 1 Cashiers, all workers 1 Group I 1 Retail salespersons 1 Group I 1 Office and administrative support occupations 1 Group I 2 Financial clerks 1 Group I 1 Group II 2	3.30 3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	3.6 3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	18.92 - 18.91 -	- 10.4 - 10.9 -	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Group Grou	3.30 7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	3.6 8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	18.92 - 18.91 -	10.4 - 10.9 -	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Grounds maintenance workers Group	7.48 5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	8.8 5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	18.91 -	10.9 -	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Cashiers Group Group Cashiers Group Cashiers Group Group Cashiers Group	5.33 7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41	5.5 9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	18.91 -	10.9 -	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers 1 Group 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.41 5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	9.3 5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	_	-	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Group	5.07 2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	5.7 11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	_	-	8.88 - 8.10	10.2
Personal care and service occupations Group	2.60 9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	11.8 9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	15.93 - - - - -	7.5 - - - -	- 8.10 -	10.2
Group Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers Group Recreation and fitness workers 1 Group 1 Recreation workers 1 Group 1 1 Retail sales workers 1 Group 1 1 Retail sales workers 1 Group 1 Cashiers Group 1 Cashiers Group Grou	9.70 3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	9.0 10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	15.93 - - - - -	7.5 - - - -	- 8.10 -	10.2
Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers Group	3.10 3.10 1.41 3.90	10.2 10.2 13.5 8.9	- - - -	- - - -	_	_
Workers Group	3.10 1.41 3.90	10.2 13.5 8.9	- - - -	- - -	_	_
Group	3.10 1.41 3.90	10.2 13.5 8.9	- - - -	- - -	_	_
Recreation and fitness workers	1.41 3.90	13.5 8.9	- - -	_	- 9.02	7.8
Group Recreation workers Sales and related occupations 1 Group 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3.90	8.9	_ _	-	9.02	7.8
Recreation workers			-	1		
Recreation workers	9.04	8.9		-	_	_
Group 1 1 1			_	_	_	_
Group 1 1 1	6.50	20.8	20.14	22.0	8.09	3.9
Retail sales workers	1.11	13.7	_	_	_	_
Group Cashiers, all workers Group Cashiers, all workers Group Cashiers Group Cashiers Group Cashiers	9.76	8.0	_	_	_	_
Group Cashiers, all workers Group Cashiers, all workers Group Cashiers Group Cashiers Group Cashiers	0.09	4.6	11.91	4.2	8.05	4.1
Cashiers, all workers Group I Cashiers Group I Retail salespersons 11 Group I 1 Office and administrative support occupations 1: Group I 1: Group II 2! Financial clerks 1. Group I 1: Group I 2: Group II 2:	9.35	1.8	_	_	_	_
Group	3.67	2.4	_	_	8.18	7.2
Cashiers Group	3.55	3.6	_	_	_	_
Group	3.67	2.4	_	_	8.18	7.2
Retail salespersons	3.55	3.6	_	_	8.15	8.6
Group).12	3.6	_	_	8.03	3.3
Group	0.08	3.9	_	_	7.85	4.8
Group	5.03	3.3	15.81	3.2	11.25	5.4
Group II 20 Financial clerks 1 Group I 1 Group II 20	2.85	2.7	5.51	-	-	-
Financial clerks	0.98	3.5	_	_	_	_
Group I	4.66	6.5	15.08	4.9	_	_
Group II	3.16	6.0	-	_	_	l _
·	0.02	2.7	_	_	_	l _
	1.63	10.8	13.41	6.8	_	_
	5.22	7.0	15.23	7.1	_	_
	3.54	5.2	13.49	5.4	_	_
	5.04	7.1	16.20	7.3	_	_
	4.82	4.7	14.96	4.7	_	_
		8.7	17.55	9.5	13.27	3.2
·	/4	3.8	13.24	4.5	-	
·	7.24 R 10		23.20	5.5		
	3.19		L ∠Ų.∠U	0.0	9.53	5.8
	3.19 2.81	6.0				
·	3.19 2.81 1.53	6.0 2.8		-		5.8
	3.19 2.81 1.53 1.53	6.0 2.8 2.8	_ _ _	_	9.53	1
	3.19 2.81 1.53 1.53 0.39	6.0 2.8 2.8 4.0	_ _ _	- - -	-	_
	3.19 2.81 1.53 1.53 0.39 0.39	6.0 2.8 2.8 4.0 4.0	- - - -	- - -	9.53 - -	
Secretaries and administrative assistants	3.19 2.81 1.53 1.53 0.39	6.0 2.8 2.8 4.0	_ _ _	- - - - - 7.0	-	- - - 7.0

 $\label{thm:combined} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5. {\bf Combined work levels}^1 \ for \ civilian \ workers: Mean hourly earnings}^2 \ for \ full-time \ and \ part-time \ workers}^3, \\ {\bf Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} \ -- \ {\bf Continued} \end{tabular}$

	T	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-tim	e workers
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Secretaries and administrative assistants –Continued						
Group II	\$20.32	6.1	_	_	_	_
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	20.07	6.0	\$20.57	5.8	_	_
Group II	21.13	7.4	22.21	6.0	_	_
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	12.28	6.8	13.20	8.5	_	_
Group I	11.64	4.7	12.37	6.5	_	_
Office clerks, general	13.15	5.8	13.31	7.8	\$12.79	8.4
Group I	12.77	6.0	12.76	8.5	12.79	8.4
Construction and extraction occupations	22.78	5.1	22.78	5.1	_	_
Group I	15.79	10.0	_	_	_	_
Group II	25.62	5.3	_	_	_	_
Electricians	26.81	1.1	26.81	1.1	_	_
Group II	28.09	2.1	28.09	2.1	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	19.54	3.7	19.54	3.8	_	_
Group I	16.18	12.9	_	_	_	-
Group II	20.23	4.4	_	-	_	-
Automotive technicians and repairers	20.07	.8	20.07	.8	_	_
Group II	20.07	.8	_	_	_	-
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance						
workers	19.72	9.0	19.74	9.0	_	_
Group II	22.11	4.9	_		_	_
Industrial machinery mechanics	22.88	7.2	22.88	7.2	_	_
Group II	22.12	5.7	22.12	5.7	_	_
Production occupations	15.84	6.8	16.04	7.2	10.91	11.1
Group I	12.95	6.1	_	_	_	_
Group II	20.68	5.3	_	_	_	_
First-line supervisors/managers of production and	00.00		00.00	0.0		
operating workers	23.32	8.6	23.32	8.6	_	_
Group II Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	24.30	6.6	24.30	6.6	_	_
assemblers	15.60	10.9	15.60	10.9		
Group I	14.87	9.0	15.00	10.9		
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	11.92	12.6	12.29	14.2	_	_
Group I	11.92	12.6	_		_	_
Computer control programmers and operators	19.21	1.9	19.21	1.9	_	_
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders,						
metal and plastic	15.85	5.9	17.31	3.7	_	_
Group I	15.30	5.9	_	_	_	_
Group II	16.75	5.7	_	_	_	_
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	18.64	_	18.64	.5		
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	14.97	10.2	14.97	10.2	_	
Group I	11.09	9.1	11.09	9.1	_	_
Miscellaneous production workers	13.52	12.5	13.60	12.9	_	_
Group I	11.29	11.9	-	-	_	_
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.44	6.7	15.16	7.1	10.15	5.5
Group I	12.34	5.7	15.10	'.'	-	
Group II	23.73	13.4	_	_	_	_
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	17.11	8.2	17.43	8.9	_	_
Group I	15.32	3.2		_	_	_
Group II	21.89	7.3	_	_	_	_
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	18.10	10.0	18.10	10.0	_	_
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	14.95	6.9	15.69	8.5	_	-
Group I	13.87	12.2			_	-
Industrial truck and tractor operators	15.81	13.4	15.81	13.4	_	-
Group I	13.63	9.2	13.63	9.2	-	
Laborers and material movers, hand	10.26	6.0	10.62	6.8	8.58	9.1
Group I	10.27	6.0	_	_	_	_
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,	10.00	6.0	14.64	6.0	0.43	0.0
hand Group I	10.99	6.9	11.61	6.8	9.13	9.8 9.8
Packers and packagers, hand	10.99 9.54	6.9	11.61	6.8	9.13	9.0
Fackers and Dackagers (1900)	9.54	8.9	. –		_	_

Table 5. Combined work levels¹ for civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings² for full-time and part-time workers³, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	To	otal	Full-time	workers	Part-time	workers
Occupation ⁴ and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Packers and packagers, hand –Continued Group I	\$9.54	8.9	-	_	_	-

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Combined work levels simplify the presentation of work levels by combining levels 1 through 15 into four broad groups. Group I combines levels 1-4, group II combines levels 5-8, group III combines levels 9-12, and group IV combines

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

4 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

combines levels 5-8, group III combines levels 9-12, and group IV combines levels 13-15.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where

Table 6. Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

		·			
Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$8.40	\$11.19	\$16.83	\$25.00	\$35.34
Management occupations	22.72	28.88	39.40	49.11	65.01
Marketing and sales managers		41.14	46.41	50.97	64.76
Marketing managers		41.14	46.41	49.89	64.76
		26.15	34.36	36.87	61.64
Financial managers		26.13	40.17	49.39	66.25
Industrial production managers Education administrators		1	1		
Education administrators, elementary and secondary		29.64	37.98	46.11	49.61
school Medical and health services managers	37.98 15.73	38.09 28.07	44.40 39.40	49.61 39.40	50.71 50.55
Business and financial operations occupations	18.31	22.00	26.95	34.02	47.36
Buyers and purchasing agents		20.89	28.69	28.69	40.58
Accountants and auditors	19.86	22.28	22.28	23.88	30.07
Computer and mathematical science occupations	20.04	24.58	29.17	36.00	38.12
Computer and mathematical science occupations		24.04	32.69	40.78	41.59
Computer programmers		25.38			37.00
Computer software engineers		19.23	29.80 26.44	35.34 30.77	36.79
Computer support specialists		1	_		
Computer systems analysts Network systems and data communications analysts	24.04 18.30	28.87 24.57	33.79 25.47	37.85 25.47	38.12 28.83
	10.50	24.57	25.47	25.47	20.03
Architecture and engineering occupations	21.65	25.93	27.88	31.71	34.68
Engineers	25.39	27.88	28.85	32.69	34.68
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	23.45	26.22	27.88	27.88	31.25
Industrial engineers	23.45	26.22	27.88	27.88	31.25
Engineering technicians, except drafters	17.29	21.65	26.87	28.53	34.97
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	16.12	17.29	25.93	31.98	35.61
Life, physical, and social science occupations	16.63 20.82	21.65 23.88	24.62 43.12	25.00 52.59	43.12 52.59
Community and social services occupations		16.06	17.50	22.43	23.68
Social workers Miscellaneous community and social service		16.38	18.49	23.55	23.68
specialists	16.06	16.06	16.63	18.05	24.11
Education, training, and library occupations	8.50	10.50	27.17	40.43	54.60
Postsecondary teachers	29.83	34.26	54.60	79.26	138.38
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers,					
postsecondary	27.32	30.14	32.94	32.94	38.10
Miscellaneous postsecondary teachers	29.83	32.85	40.35	50.32	56.02
Primary, secondary, and special education school					
teachers		22.04	31.27	39.57	44.97
Elementary and middle school teachers	23.52	26.99	33.36	41.18	44.97
Elementary school teachers, except special					
education		26.88	33.36	41.21	44.97
Secondary school teachersSecondary school teachers, except special and	23.65	27.14	34.89	41.18	44.97
vocational education	23.65	27.14	34.89	41.18	44.97
Other teachers and instructors		21.65	31.97	41.18	44.64
Teacher assistants	7.75	9.47	10.00	11.17	13.33
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	12.00	12.26	19.23	33.65	38.61
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	13.14	21.00	25.04	29.71	36.39
Registered nurses	23.00	24.95	26.55	30.39	33.15
Therapists		23.30	28.39	34.65	37.95
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians		12.58	13.81	21.36	21.36
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	16.75	18.00	19.69	22.45	23.82
Healtheare support occupations	0.05	10.17	10.60	12.70	15 15
Healthcare support occupations	9.85	10.17	10.60	12.79	15.15
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides		9.85	10.36	11.55	13.00
		10.17	10.77	12.08	13.87
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	0.07				
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	8.97	12.16	14.96	17.40	17.40
	9.78	12.16 10.65 24.17	16.26 27.28	20.87 27.59	27.99 28.20

Table 6. Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

, , ,					
Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	\$15.00	\$24.17	\$27.28	\$27.59	\$28.20
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.00	10.00	10.71	16.13	18.48
Security guards	9.00	10.00	10.71	16.13	18.48
, 0					
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2.46	4.00	7.75	10.06	11.58
Cooks	8.00	8.25	11.00	11.28	12.56
Food preparation workers	7.10	9.32	10.06	10.27	11.10
Food service, tipped	2.37	2.47	4.00	7.75	7.75
Bartenders	6.00	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75
Waiters and waitresses	2.37	2.45	2.47	4.00	5.25
Fast food and counter workers	6.00	6.50	8.12	10.25	10.55
Combined food preparation and serving workers,					
including fast food	6.00	6.50	7.80	10.25	10.55
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance					
occupations	7.00	8.25	10.63	17.68	22.60
	7.00	8.00	9.28	11.91	
Building cleaning workers	7.00	0.00	9.28	11.91	15.55
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and					
housekeeping cleaners	7.00	8.00	10.52	13.50	17.38
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	7.00	7.25	8.27	9.28	9.55
Grounds maintenance workers	8.72	10.68	19.82	22.60	22.60
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	8.72	9.89	22.27	22.60	22.60
Personal care and service occupations	7.25	7.75	10.63	15.00	20.05
Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related					
workers	6.50	6.65	7.25	9.54	10.45
Recreation and fitness workers	7.40	7.50	9.50	10.31	26.54
Recreation workers	7.00	7.50	9.50	10.30	10.31
Sales and related occupations	7.06	8.15	11.19	20.19	37.43
Retail sales workers	6.80	7.50	8.80	11.25	14.71
Cashiers, all workers	6.80	7.25	8.50	9.25	11.47
Cashiers	6.80	7.25	8.50	9.25	11.47
Retail salespersons	6.50	7.60	10.00	12.29	14.71
Office and administrative support occupations	9.69	11.30	14.22	17.64	22.88
Financial clerks	9.69	11.50	14.47	16.65	20.70
Bill and account collectors	8.75	9.00	10.75	13.50	16.36
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	10.50	12.63	15.00	17.34	20.91
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	12.24	14.00	15.00	16.65	21.60
Customer service representatives	12.23	13.00	15.83	21.22	24.98
Receptionists and information clerks	9.15	10.00	12.00	13.00	13.50
				1	
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	9.00	9.48	10.00	11.50	12.46
Stock clerks and order fillers	8.94	8.94	9.60	13.05	21.60
Secretaries and administrative assistants	11.30	12.96	16.58	21.92	24.99
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	14.50	16.29	20.01	24.03	25.70
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	10.00	11.00	11.30	13.51	15.86
Office clerks, general	10.00	10.00	12.41	15.63	17.78
Construction and extraction occupations	11.30	15.25	21.13	28.97	31.87
Electricians	23.04	23.50	28.97	30.52	31.87
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	14.06	17.00	18.50	22.00	25.32
Automotive technicians and repairers	16.50	17.00	19.50	24.69	24.69
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	10.50	17.00	19.50	24.09	24.03
workers	11.31	14.40	21.93	23.50	25.32
Industrial machinery mechanics	20.38	21.47	21.93	25.32	26.68
Production occupations	9.00	10.82	16.00	19.98	24.06
First-line supervisors/managers of production and	5.00	13.02	.5.55	10.00	
operating workers	10.60	20.04	22.00	25.00	25 70
	19.60	20.84	23.98	25.00	25.78
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	6 = 6	40.00	40-0		
assemblers	9.50	10.82	12.76	21.40	24.75
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.15	9.50	10.81	15.46	17.14
Computer control programmers and appreture	17.01	17.61	20.26	20.26	20.26
Computer control programmers and operators	17.01				1
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders,					
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.00	12.00	15.00	18.49	19.57
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.00	12.00			
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic			15.00 18.49 12.25	18.49 18.49 19.99	19.57 20.36 25.00

Table 6. Civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Miscellaneous production workers	\$7.40	\$8.00	\$13.37	\$17.40	\$21.73
Transportation and material moving occupations	8.00	10.18	13.88	16.25	21.72
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	11.25	15.00	16.03	17.22	27.00
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	15.00	15.59	16.26	18.19	27.00
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	11.00	11.25	14.00	16.03	26.35
Industrial truck and tractor operators	10.15	12.00	14.67	18.50	24.12
Laborers and material movers, hand	7.36	8.00	9.75	12.00	14.18
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,					
hand	7.14	7.92	10.18	13.60	15.40
Packers and packagers, hand	7.36	8.00	8.00	11.62	14.18

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips. Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

Table 7. Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

, , , ,	•				
Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$8.17	\$10.90	\$16.12	\$24.85	\$34.56
Management occupations	22.21	28.41	39.40	49.26	66.25
Marketing and sales managers	41.14	41.14	46.41	50.97	64.76
Marketing managers	41.14	41.14	46.41	49.89	64.76
			34.36		
Financial managers	12.02	26.15		36.87	61.64
Industrial production managers Medical and health services managers	26.06 15.73	26.06 28.07	40.17 39.40	49.39 39.40	66.25 50.55
Business and financial operations occupations	18.27	22.24	26.95	34.01	47.36
Buyers and purchasing agents	17.77	20.89	28.69	28.69	40.58
Accountants and auditors	19.86	22.28	22.28	23.88	30.07
Computer and mathematical science occupations	20.04	24.58	29.17	36.03	38.12
Computer programmers	23.14	24.04	32.69	40.78	41.59
Computer software engineers	24.28	25.38	29.80	35.34	37.00
Computer support specialists	18.50	19.23	26.44	30.77	36.79
Computer systems analysts	24.04	28.87	33.79	37.85	38.12
Architecture and engineering occupations	22.00	26.22	28.59	31.71	34.97
Engineers	25.39	27.88	28.85	32.75	34.68
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	23.45	26.22	27.88	27.88	31.25
Industrial engineers	23.45	26.22	27.88	27.88	31.25
Engineering technicians, except drafters	17.29	21.65	26.87	27.58	34.97
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	16.12	17.29	25.93	31.98	35.61
Life, physical, and social science occupations	16.63	22.14	25.00	25.00	43.12
Community and social services occupations	15.54	16.06	16.23	19.51	23.55
Education, training, and library occupations	7.75	9.10	10.50	34.26	79.26
Postsecondary teachers	30.05	34.26	67.80	81.83	138.38
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers, postsecondary	27.32	30.14	32.94	32.94	38.10
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media					
occupations	12.00	12.26	19.23	33.65	38.61
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	13.05	20.37	25.21	30.27	38.24
Registered nurses	23.21	25.00	26.55	30.65	33.15
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	12.24	12.58	13.81	21.36	21.36
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	17.00	18.56	20.60	22.72	23.82
Healthcare support occupations	9.85	10.14	10.60	12.67	15.08
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	9.85	9.85	10.36	11.35	12.79
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9.75	10.17	10.61	11.89	13.59
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	8.97	12.16	14.96	17.40	17.40
Protective service occupations	9.00	10.00	11.00	16.00	18.48
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.00	10.00	10.71	16.13	18.48
Security guards	9.00	10.00	10.71	16.13	18.48
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2.46	4.00	7.75	10.00	11.28
Cooks	8.00	8.25	11.00	11.28	12.54
Food service, tipped	2.37	2.47	4.00	7.75	7.75
Bartenders	6.00	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75
Waiters and waitresses	2.37	2.45	2.47	4.00	5.25
Fast food and counter workers	6.00	6.50	7.98	10.25	10.55
Combined food preparation and serving workers,					
including fast food	6.00	6.50	7.65	10.25	10.55
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance					
occupations	7.00	7.89	9.00	10.85	14.36
Building cleaning workers	7.00	7.50	9.00	10.71	13.50
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	7.00	0.00	10.00	14.00	14.00
housekeeping cleaners	7.00 7.00	8.00 7.25	10.00 8.27	11.83 9.28	14.00 9.55
1 0					
Personal care and service occupations	7.35	7.75	10.63	15.00	22.34

Table 7. Private industry workers: Hourly wage percentiles¹, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Recreation and fitness workers	\$7.25	\$7.50	\$9.50	\$10.31	\$26.54
Sales and related occupations	7.06	8.15	11.19	20.19	37.43
Retail sales workers	6.80	7.50	8.80	11.25	14.71
Cashiers, all workers	6.80	7.25	8.50	9.25	11.47
Cashiers	6.80	7.25	8.50	9.25	11.47
Retail salespersons	6.50	7.60	10.00	12.29	14.71
Office and administrative support occupations	9.60 9.69	11.30 11.50	14.00 14.22	17.59 16.65	22.88 20.70
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	10.50	12.25	15.00	17.34	20.91
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	12.24	14.00	15.00	16.65	21.60
Customer service representatives	12.23	13.00	15.83	21.22	24.98
Receptionists and information clerks	9.15	10.00	12.00	13.00	13.50
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	9.00	9.48	10.00	11.50	12.46
Stock clerks and order fillers	8.94	8.94	9.60	13.05	21.60
Secretaries and administrative assistants	11.30	12.65	16.58	22.88	24.99
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	14.50	16.57	21.38	24.03	26.02
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive	10.00	11.00	11.30	11.50	14.42
Office clerks, general	9.50	10.00	12.24	15.63	17.30
Construction and extraction occupations	11.30	14.30	20.00	30.52	32.80
Electricians	22.50	23.50	28.97	30.52	31.87
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	14.00	17.00	18.40	22.68	25.32
workers	11.31	14.40	21.93	23.50	25.32
Industrial machinery mechanics	20.38	21.47	21.93	25.32	26.68
Production occupations	9.00	10.82	16.00	19.92	24.06
operating workers Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	19.60	20.84	23.98	25.00	25.78
assemblers	9.50	10.82	12.76	21.40	24.75
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.15	9.50	10.81	15.46	17.14
Computer control programmers and operators	17.01	17.61	20.26	20.26	20.26
metal and plastic Cutting, punching, and press machine setters,	12.00	12.00	15.00	18.49	19.57
operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	17.09	17.92	18.49	18.49	20.36
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	7.94	10.25	12.25	19.99	25.00
Miscellaneous production workers	7.40	8.00	13.37	17.40	21.73
Transportation and material moving occupations	8.00	10.18	13.88	16.22	20.21
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	11.25	15.00	16.03	16.87	27.00
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	15.00	15.59	16.22	17.75	27.00
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	11.00	11.25	14.00	16.03	26.35
Industrial truck and tractor operators	10.15	12.00	14.67	18.50	24.12
Laborers and material movers, hand	7.50	8.00	10.00	12.45	14.18
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,					
hand	7.50	8.65	11.05	13.88	16.00
Packers and packagers, hand	7.36	8.00	8.00	11.62	14.18

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are ¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

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nonproduction bonuses; and tips. 2 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

Table 8. State and local government workers: Hourly wage percentiles1, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

Occupation ²	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$12.15	\$17.41	\$22.60	\$30.43	\$42.10
Management occupations	28.88	29.54	40.24	48.05	50.44
Education administrators	37.98	38.09	44.40	49.22	50.71
Education administrators, elementary and secondary					
school	37.98	38.09	44.40	49.61	51.06
Life, physical, and social science occupations	14.30	19.02	20.82	24.62	24.62
Community and social services occupations	16.63	17.41	18.37	23.68	26.39
Social workers	18.37	18.37	23.27	23.68	26.39
Miscellaneous community and social service	. 0.01			20.00	20.00
specialists	16.63	16.63	18.05	19.62	27.49
Education, training, and library occupations	13.91	24.08	33.32	41.18	44.97
Postsecondary teachers	25.00	35.13	45.44	53.17	56.02
Primary, secondary, and special education school	20.00	00.10	10.11	33.17	30.02
teachers	24.08	28.02	34.89	42.00	44.97
Elementary and middle school teachers	23.99	27.17	33.80	41.82	44.97
Elementary school teachers, except special	20.00		00.00		
education	23.99	27.17	33.80	42.00	44.97
Secondary school teachers	24.09	29.19	34.89	42.10	44.97
Secondary school teachers, except special and	200		000	12	
vocational education	24.09	29.19	34.89	42.10	44.97
Other teachers and instructors	19.74	25.37	34.29	41.18	44.64
Teacher assistants	10.94	11.20	12.83	14.61	15.31
Todorioi dodistanto	10.54	11.20	12.00	14.01	10.01
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	18.65	22.40	23.81	25.50	25.77
Protective service occupations	15.45	18.99	24.73	27.99	29.63
Police officers	15.00	24.17	27.28	27.59	28.20
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	15.00	24.17	27.28	27.59	28.20
1 clied and chefin e paret clied to	10.00			27.00	20.20
Food preparation and serving related occupations	9.96	10.91	11.41	12.00	12.56
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance					
occupations	12.36	16.33	21.96	22.60	25.33
Building cleaning workers	11.58	13.46	15.33	17.38	17.68
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and					
housekeeping cleaners	12.10	14.30	15.35	17.68	17.68
Grounds maintenance workers	9.89	17.77	22.27	22.60	22.60
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	9.89	17.77	22.27	22.60	22.60
Personal care and service occupations	6.60	9.06	9.54	17.84	17.84
Office and administrative support occupations	11.34	13.48	16.74	18.01	21.41
Secretaries and administrative assistants	10.59	15.22	16.50	17.69	18.10
Office clerks, general	11.76	12.41	14.25	17.72	20.71
Construction and extraction occupations	20.94	21.26	22.88	26.76	28.90
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	19.16	20.56	20.80	21.94	22.19
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.14	7.14	8.29	21.86	29.96
	_	_	_	_	_

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are ¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

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nonproduction bonuses; and tips. ² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

Table 9. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

		F	ull-time worke	rs	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
ill workers	\$10.00	\$12.51	\$18.28	\$26.15	\$36.87
Management occupations	22.72	28.88	39.40	49.22	65.0
Marketing and sales managers	41.14	41.14	46.41	50.97	64.76
Marketing managers	41.14	41.14	46.41	49.89	64.76
Financial managers	12.02	26.15	34.36	36.87	61.64
Industrial production managers	26.06	26.06	40.17	49.39	66.25
Education administrators Education administrators, elementary and secondary	29.64	29.64	37.98	46.11	49.6
school Medical and health services managers	37.98 15.73	38.09 28.07	44.40 39.40	49.61 39.40	50.7′ 50.55
Business and financial operations occupations	18.27	21.64	26.95	33.08	47.36
Buyers and purchasing agents	17.77	20.89	28.69	28.69	40.58
Accountants and auditors	19.86	22.28	22.28	23.88	30.07
Computer and mathematical science occupations	20.04	24.58	29.17	36.00	38.12
Computer programmers	23.14	24.04	32.69	40.78	41.59
Computer software engineers	24.28	25.38	29.80	35.34	37.00
Computer support specialists	18.50	19.23	26.44	30.77	36.79
Computer systems analysts	24.04	28.87	33.79	37.85	38.12
Network systems and data communications analysts	18.30	24.57	25.47	25.47	28.83
Architecture and engineering occupations	21.65	25.93	27.88	31.71	34.6
Engineers	25.39	27.88	28.85	32.69	34.6
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	23.45	26.22	27.88	27.88	31.2
Industrial engineers	23.45	26.22	27.88	27.88	31.2
Engineering technicians, except drafters	17.29	21.65	26.87	28.53	34.9
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	16.12	17.29	25.93	31.98	35.6
Life, physical, and social science occupations Physical scientists	16.63 20.82	21.65 23.88	25.00 43.12	25.00 52.59	43.12 52.59
·					
Community and social services occupations Social workers	15.87 15.54	16.06 16.38	17.41 18.49	23.27 23.55	23.83 23.68
specialists	16.06	16.06	16.63	18.05	24.1
Education, training, and library occupations	8.40	10.15	29.83	41.18	56.02
Postsecondary teachers Arts, communications, and humanities teachers,	32.69	34.26	56.02	81.83	138.38
postsecondary Primary, secondary, and special education school	27.32	30.14	32.94	32.94	38.10
teachers	8.40	23.01	31.57	39.79	44.9
Elementary and middle school teachers Elementary school teachers, except special	24.27	27.96	33.90	41.82	44.9
education	24.14	27.90	33.80	42.00	44.9
Secondary school teachers	23.99 23.99	28.04 28.04	34.89 34.89	41.82 41.82	44.9
Other teachers and instructors	22.79	27.73	35.91	41.51	44.6
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media					
occupations	12.02	12.38	19.23	33.65	38.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	12.84	18.57	24.00	27.69	48.7
Registered nurses	22.60	23.81	26.32	27.48	32.83
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	12.24	12.58	13.81	17.82	21.36
Healthcare support occupations	10.17	10.36	12.33	14.96	17.40
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9.97 9.84	10.17 10.17	11.09 11.09	12.59 12.63	14.0 14.0
Protective service occupations	10.00	10.75	18.00	21.18	28.1
Police officers	15.00	24.17	27.28	27.59	28.2
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	15.00	24.17	27.28	27.59	28.2
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	9.50	10.22	11.00	18.48	18.48

 $\label{thm:continued} \mbox{Table 9. Full-time} \mbox{1 civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles} \mbox{2, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006} \mbox{$-$$} \mbox{Continued}$

	Full-time workers								
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90				
Security guards	\$9.50	\$10.22	\$11.00	\$18.48	\$18.48				
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2.47	4.25	7.75	10.93	12.19				
Waiters and waitresses	2.46	2.47	2.47	4.50	4.50				
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	0.54	40.57	40.75	00.00	00.00				
occupations	8.54	10.57	13.75	20.96	22.60				
Building cleaning workers	8.25	9.28	10.85	13.74	16.44				
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and									
housekeeping cleaners	9.82	10.71	12.39	14.55	17.38				
Grounds maintenance workers	8.72	16.54	22.27	22.60	22.60				
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	8.72	16.54	22.27	22.60	22.60				
Personal care and service occupations	10.28	11.98	13.91	18.28	22.71				
Sales and related occupations	8.50	10.49	14.78	28.56	39.52				
Retail sales workers	7.00	8.50	11.19	14.17	21.40				
Retail Sales Workers	7.00	0.50	11.19	14.17	21.40				
Office and administrative support occupations	10.14	12.00	15.00	18.30	24.03				
Financial clerks	10.50	12.24	14.77	17.09	20.70				
Bill and account collectors	10.10	11.33	13.50	15.45	16.36				
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	10.50	12.25	15.00	17.34	20.91				
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	12.24	14.00	15.56	16.65	21.60				
Customer service representatives	12.33	13.98	15.83	23.28	24.98				
Secretaries and administrative assistants	11.30	14.50	17.40	22.88	24.99				
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	14.50	16.58	21.92	24.05	26.02				
	11.30	11.30			17.40				
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive			11.30	15.00					
Office clerks, general	10.00	10.00	12.56	15.63	18.20				
Construction and extraction occupations	11.30	15.25	21.13	28.97	31.87				
Electricians	23.04	23.50	28.97	30.52	31.87				
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	14.06	17.00	18.50	22.00	25.32				
Automotive technicians and repairers	16.50	17.00	19.50	24.69	24.69				
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	. 0.00			200	200				
workers	11.31	14.40	21.93	23.50	25.32				
Industrial machinery mechanics	20.38	21.47	21.93	25.32	26.68				
Draduction accumptions	0.26	10.00	46.05	20.40	04.07				
Production occupations First-line supervisors/managers of production and	9.36	10.86	16.25	20.19	24.27				
operating workers Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	19.60	20.84	23.98	25.00	25.78				
assemblers	9.50	10.82	12.76	21.40	24.75				
					-				
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	9.50	10.00	10.81	15.46	17.26				
Computer control programmers and operators	17.01	17.61	20.26	20.26	20.26				
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders,	45.00	45.00	47.00	40.40	40.57				
metal and plastic Cutting, punching, and press machine setters,	15.00	15.00	17.92	18.49	19.57				
operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	17.09	17.92	18.49	18.49	20.36				
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	7.94	10.25	12.25	19.99	25.00				
manecidia, testera, sortera, samplera, and weighers	7.94								
Miscellaneous production workers	7.40	8.00	13.37	17.40	21.73				

Table 9. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Full-time workers								
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90				
Transportation and material moving occupations Driver/sales workers and truck drivers Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer Truck drivers, light or delivery services Industrial truck and tractor operators Laborers and material movers, hand Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	\$8.00 13.00 15.00 11.25 10.15 8.00	\$10.40 15.00 15.59 11.25 12.00 8.00	\$14.67 16.18 16.26 15.00 14.67 10.18	\$16.80 17.75 18.19 16.80 18.50 12.50	\$23.66 27.00 27.00 26.35 24.12 14.18				

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.
2 Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly

Table 10. Part-time¹ civilian workers: Hourly wage percentiles², Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

		P	art-time worke	ers	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All workers	\$6.50	\$7.50	\$9.32	\$12.00	\$17.63
Education, training, and library occupations	10.94	12.00	14.98	22.60	37.20
Postsecondary teachers	20.01	20.79	34.67	46.09	49.90
Other teachers and instructors	10.00	11.88	12.00	18.35	29.23
Teacher assistants	10.94	11.00	12.86	14.84	14.98
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media				45.05	4= 0=
occupations	9.74	11.06	11.06	15.05	15.05
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	18.65	23.86	27.97	31.10	33.15
Registered nurses	24.82	26.81	29.69	31.52	33.73
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	16.57	17.21	18.65	20.37	23.11
Healthcare support occupations	9.50	9.85	10.28	10.60	11.70
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	8.97	10.14	10.33	11.66	11.70
Protective service occupations	8.00	8.00	9.65	11.00	12.10
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2.37	4.00	6.55	9.00	10.36
Food service, tipped	2.37	2.37	4.00	6.00	10.36
Fast food and counter workers	6.00	6.50	6.60	8.25	10.16
Combined food preparation and serving workers,					
including fast food	6.00	6.50	6.50	8.12	9.45
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance					
occupations	7.00	7.00	8.00	9.29	11.16
Building cleaning workers	7.00	7.00	8.00	9.25	12.00
Personal care and service occupations	6.60	7.35	7.75	9.54	15.00
Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related					
workers	6.50	6.65	7.25	9.54	10.45
Recreation and fitness workers	7.00	7.50	8.50	10.30	10.31
Sales and related occupations	6.50	7.10	7.74	8.85	10.00
Retail sales workers	6.50	7.06	7.74	8.81	10.00
Cashiers, all workers	6.50	7.10	8.00	9.00	9.97
Cashiers	6.50	7.10	8.00	9.00	9.97
Retail salespersons	6.50	7.40	7.74	8.32	10.04
Office and administrative support occupations	8.35	9.00	10.75	13.15	15.64
Customer service representatives	9.90	12.23	13.75	14.85	15.05
Receptionists and information clerks	8.00	8.50	9.15	11.00	12.00
Secretaries and administrative assistants	10.00	10.11	11.00	14.00	14.00
Office clerks, general	9.00	9.50	12.36	15.65	17.00
Production occupations	7.00	8.05	12.00	12.00	13.00
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.18	7.90	11.00	11.54	12.00
Laborers and material movers, hand	6.30	7.25	7.80	9.00	12.40
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,				1	
hand	7.00	7.50	8.00	9.18	12.40

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

2 Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the

wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	ekly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$21.40	\$18.28	\$852	\$729	39.8	\$43,600	\$37,731	2,037
Management occupations	41.16	39.40	1,655	1,596	40.2	85,272	80,999	2,072
Marketing and sales managers	48.85	46.41	1,908	1,740	39.1	99,209	90,500	2,031
Marketing managers	47.52	46.41	1,852	1,740	39.0	96,323	90,500	2,027
Financial managers	33.84	34.36	1,337	1,289	39.5	69,527	67,002	2,055
Industrial production managers	42.15	40.17	1,708	1,694	40.5	88,811	88,088	2,107
Education administrators Education administrators,	38.04	37.98	1,530	1,519	40.2	73,422	75,412	1,930
elementary and secondary school	44.15	44.40	1,799	1,776	40.7	80,951	79,000	1,833
Medical and health services managers	36.90	39.40	1,476	1,576	40.0	76,745	81,954	2,080
Business and financial operations								
occupations	29.00	26.95	1,152	1,078	39.7	59,915	56,046	2,066
Buyers and purchasing agents Accountants and auditors	27.19 23.17	28.69 22.28	1,087 927	1,148 891	40.0 40.0	56,549 48,190	59,671 46,351	2,080 2,080
Computer and mathematical science occupations	29.89	29.17	1,200	1,167	40.1	62,379	60,682	2,087
Computer programmers	32.81	32.69	1,300	1,308	39.6	67,608	67,999	2,061
Computer software engineers	30.30	29.80	1,229	1,299	40.6	63,900	67,556	2,109
Computer support specialists	26.30	26.44	1,052	1,058	40.0	54,709	54,995	2,080
Computer systems analysts	33.12	33.79	1,331	1,352	40.2	69,208	70,283	2,089
Network systems and data communications analysts	25.15	25.47	991	1,019	39.4	51,550	52,967	2,050
Architecture and engineering								
occupations	28.54	27.88	1,141	1,115	40.0	59,331	57,995	2,079
Engineers	30.26	28.85	1,216	1,154	40.2	63,234	60,008	2,090
Industrial engineers, including	07.40	07.00	4 4 4 0	1 445	40.0	F7.077	F7.005	
health and safety	27.42	27.88	1,113	1,115	40.6	57,877	57,995	2,111
Industrial engineers	27.42	27.88	1,113	1,115	40.6	57,877	57,995	2,111
Engineering technicians, except drafters	25.93	26.87	1,023	1,075	39.5	53,211	55,896	2,052
Electrical and electronic	23.93	20.07	1,023	1,073	39.3	33,211	33,696	2,032
engineering technicians	24.64	25.93	986	1,037	40.0	51,253	53,939	2,080
engineering technicians	24.04	20.90	300	1,007	40.0	31,233	33,939	2,000
Life, physical, and social science occupations	26.93	25.00	1,077	1,000	40.0	55.708	52,000	2,069
Physical scientists	36.49	43.12	1,460	1,725	40.0	75,894	89,696	2,080
Community and social services								
occupations	19.13	17.41	764	696	39.9	39,381	36,213	2,059
Social workers	19.72	18.49	786	735	39.9	40,623	38,210	2,060
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	18.10	16.63	724	665	40.0	37,649	34,590	2,080
Education, training, and library								
_occupations	32.20	29.83	1,293	1,128	40.2	55,983	46,351	1,739
Postsecondary teachers Arts, communications, and	65.60	56.02	3,008	1,956	45.8	134,431	64,944	2,049
humanities teachers, postsecondary Primary, secondary, and special	32.61	32.94	1,287	1,317	39.5	52,580	53,031	1,613
education school teachers Elementary and middle school	29.16	31.57	1,133	1,251	38.9	45,811	49,213	1,571
teachers Elementary school teachers,	34.44	33.90	1,378	1,356	40.0	52,110	51,649	1,513
except special education	34.39	33.80	1,376	1,352	40.0	52,059	51,649	1,514
Secondary school teachers Secondary school teachers,	34.69	34.89	1,388	1,396	40.0	52,927	53,591	1,526
except special and vocational education	34.69	34.89	1 399	1,396	40.0	52 027	53,591	1,526
Euucau011	34.09	34.09	1,388	1,390	40.0	52,927	33,391	1,520

Table 11. Full-time¹ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	ekly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annua hours
Other teachers and instructors	\$35.09	\$35.91	\$1,388	\$1,391	39.6	\$53,369	\$53,929	1,521
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	23.44	19.23	930	769	39.7	46,215	49,999	1,972
Healthcare practitioner and technical								
occupations	25.52	24.00	1,013	952	39.7	52,691	49,525	2,064
Registered nurses Clinical laboratory technologists and	26.53	26.32	1,046	1,037	39.4	54,372	53,914	2,050
technicians	15.71	13.81	625	552	39.8	32,522	28,714	2,070
Healthcare support occupations Nursing, psychiatric, and home health	12.82	12.33	498	478	38.8	25,905	24,856	2,020
aides	11.50	11.09	441	431	38.4	22,930	22,402	1,99
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.51	11.09	441	433	38.3	22,952	22,506	1,994
Protective service occupations	17.59	18.00	723	689	41.1	37,511	35,838	2.13
Police officers	24.86	27.28	973	1,050	39.2	50,614	54,581	2,03
Police and sheriff's patrol officers Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	24.86 13.02	27.28	973 518	1,050	39.2 39.8	50,614	54,581	2,03
Security guards	13.02	11.00	518	440	39.8	26,863 26,863	22,880	2,06
Food preparation and serving related								
occupations	7.65	7.75	276	271	36.0	14,275	14,103	1,86
Waiters and waitresses	3.23	2.47	106	69	32.9	5,521	3,596	1,71
Building and grounds cleaning and								
maintenance occupations Building cleaning workers Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping	15.48 11.72	13.75 10.85	615 467	550 434	39.7 39.8	31,610 24,284	28,560 22,568	2,04 2,07
cleaners	12.78	12.39	510	497	39.9	26,497	25,834	2,07
Grounds maintenance workers Landscaping and groundskeeping	18.92	22.27	757	891	40.0	37,741	46,322	1,99
workers	18.91	22.27	756	891	40.0	37,641	46,322	1,99
Personal care and service								
occupations	15.93	13.91	595	529	37.3	28,750	27,364	1,80
Sales and related occupations	20.14	14.78	821	650	40.8	42,693	33,777	2,12
Retail sales workers	11.91	11.19	491	447	41.3	25,548	23,267	2,14
Office and administrative support								
occupationsFinancial clerks	15.81 15.08	15.00 14.77	627 599	591 580	39.6 39.7	32,340 30,926	30,680 30,160	2,04 2,05
Bill and account collectors	13.41	13.50	536	540	40.0	26,131	23,404	1,94
auditing clerks	15.23	15.00	604	600	39.7	31,402	31,200	2,06
Payroll and timekeeping clerks Customer service representatives	16.20 17.55	15.56 15.83	640 701	622 633	39.5 39.9	33,287 36,443	32,359 32,928	2,05
Secretaries and administrative								
assistants Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	18.22 20.57	17.40 21.92	720 811	695 846	39.5 39.4	36,903 42,091	35,152 43,971	2,02
Secretaries, except legal, medical,								
and executive Office clerks, general	13.20 13.31	11.30 12.56	528 532	452 502	40.0 39.9	25,847 27,639	23,504 26,125	1,95 2,07
Construction and extraction								
occupations	22.78	21.13	911	845	40.0	45,963	41,600	2,01
Electricians	26.81	28.97	1,072	1,159	40.0	55,758	60,258	2,08

Table 11. Full-time1 civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	ırnings ³	Weel	kly earnings	s ⁴	Annı	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	\$19.54	\$18.50	\$809	\$790	41.4	\$42.060	\$41,080	2.152
Automotive technicians and	φ19.5 4	\$10.50	\$009	\$790	41.4	Φ42,000	φ41,000	2,132
repairersIndustrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	20.07	19.50	895	878	44.6	46,530	45,635	2,318
workers	19.74	21.93	790	877	40.0	41,068	45,614	2,080
Industrial machinery mechanics	22.88	21.93	915	877	40.0	47,593	45,614	2,080
Production occupations First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating	16.04	16.25	642	650	40.0	33,335	33,800	2,079
workers Electrical, electronics, and	23.32	23.98	937	975	40.2	48,725	50,700	2,090
electromechanical assemblers Miscellaneous assemblers and	15.60	12.76	624	510	40.0	32,439	26,541	2,080
fabricators Computer control programmers and	12.29	10.81	492	432	40.0	25,572	22,485	2,080
operators	19.21	20.26	768	810	40.0	39,958	42,139	2,080
plastic	17.31	17.92	693	717	40.0	36,010	37,274	2,080
tenders, metal and plastic	18.64	18.49	746	740	40.0	38,768	38,459	2,080
and weighers	14.97	12.25	599	490	40.0	30,808	25,480	2,057
Miscellaneous production workers	13.60	13.37	544	535	40.0	28,282	27,805	2,080
Transportation and material moving								
occupations Driver/sales workers and truck	15.16	14.67	601	587	39.6	31,155	30,505	2,055
drivers	17.43	16.18	700	647	40.2	36,419	33,659	2,089
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	18.10	16.26	728	650	40.2	37,880	33,821	2,093
services	15.69	15.00	627	600	40.0	32,629	31,200	2,080
Industrial truck and tractor operators	15.81	14.67	632	587	40.0	32,609	30,505	2,063
Laborers and material movers, hand Laborers and freight, stock, and	10.62	10.18	428	407	40.3	22,253	21,176	2,096
material movers, hand	11.61	11.30	464	452	39.9	24,107	23,504	2,077

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁵ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

Occupational classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

3 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix B for more information. appendix A for more information.

4 Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	kly earnings	s ⁴	Annual earnings ⁵			
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annua hours	
All workers	\$20.97	\$17.64	\$835	\$702	39.8	\$43,120	\$36,400	2,056	
Management occupations	41.24	39.40	1,652	1,576	40.1	85,902	81,954	2,083	
Marketing and sales managers	48.85	46.41	1,908	1,740	39.1	99,209	90,500	2,031	
Marketing managers	47.52	46.41	1,852	1,740	39.0	96,323	90,500	2,027	
Financial managers	33.84	34.36	1,337	1,289	39.5	69,527	67,002	2,055	
Industrial production managers	42.15	40.17	1,708	1,694	40.5	88,811	88,088	2,107	
Medical and health services managers	36.09	39.40	1,444	1,576	40.0	75,077	81,954	2,080	
Business and financial operations									
occupations	29.05	26.95	1,158	1,078	39.9	60,219	56,046	2,073	
Buyers and purchasing agents	27.19	28.69	1,087	1,148	40.0	56,549	59,671	2,080	
Accountants and auditors	23.17	22.28	927	891	40.0	48,190	46,351	2,080	
Computer and mathematical science									
occupations	29.95	29.17	1,203	1,167	40.2	62,575	60,682	2,089	
Computer programmers	32.81	32.69	1,300	1,308	39.6	67,608	67,999	2,061	
Computer software engineers	30.30	29.80	1,229	1,299	40.6	63,900	67,556	2,109	
Computer support specialists	26.30	26.44	1,052	1,058	40.0	54,709	54,995	2,080	
Computer systems analysts	33.12	33.79	1,331	1,352	40.2	69,208	70,283	2,089	
Architecture and engineering occupations	28.95	28.59	1,162	1,144	40.1	60,427	59.467	2,087	
Engineers	30.30	28.85	1,218	1,154	40.2	63,328	60,008	2,090	
Industrial engineers, including	00.00	20.00	.,	1,,,,,,,,		00,020	00,000	_,,,,,	
health and safety	27.42	27.88	1,113	1,115	40.6	57,877	57,995	2,111	
Industrial engineers	27.42	27.88	1,113	1,115	40.6	57,877	57,995	2,111	
Engineering technicians, except									
drafters Electrical and electronic	25.74	26.87	1,030	1,075	40.0	53,544	55,896	2,080	
engineering technicians	24.64	25.93	986	1,037	40.0	51,253	53,939	2,080	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	27.41	25.00	1,096	1,000	40.0	57,015	52,000	2,080	
Community and social services	40.07	40.44	700	050	00.0	07.000	00.750	0.050	
occupations	18.07	16.41	722	658	39.9	37,209	33,758	2,059	
Education, training, and library occupations	29.99	10.50	1,216	404	40.5	59,425	21,840	1,981	
Postsecondary teachers	67.82	67.80	3,174	1,665	46.8	145,766	61,367	2,149	
Arts, communications, and			-,	,,,,,,		-,	, , , , , ,	, -	
humanities teachers,									
postsecondary	32.61	32.94	1,287	1,317	39.5	52,580	53,031	1,613	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	23.44	19.23	930	769	39.7	46,215	49,999	1,972	
Healthcare practitioner and technical									
occupations	25.66	24.16	1,018	956	39.7	52,936	49,712	2,063	
Registered nurses	26.63	26.55	1,049	1,045	39.4	54,543	54,340	2,048	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	45 74	40.04	605	F50	20.0	20 500	20.744	2.070	
technicians	15.71	13.81	625	552	39.8	32,522	28,714	2,070	
Healthcare support occupations	12.81	12.24	497	473	38.8	25,847	24,586	2,017	
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	11.38	10.77	435	424	38.2	22,626	22,048	1,988	
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.40	10.82	436	424	38.2	22,646	22,048	1,987	
Protective service occupations Security guards and gaming	13.03	11.14	519	448	39.8	26,898	23,005	2,064	
surveillance officers	13.02	11.00	518	440	39.8	26,863	22,880	2,063	
Security guards	13.02	11.00	518	440	39.8	26,863	22,880	2,063	

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	kly earnings	s ⁴	Ann	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mear annua hours
Food preparation and serving related								
occupations	\$7.58	\$7.75	\$274	\$271	36.1	\$14,254	\$14,103	1,880
Waiters and waitresses	3.23	2.47	106	69	32.9	5,521	3,596	1,711
Building and grounds cleaning and								
maintenance occupations	11.49	10.71	458	428	39.9	23,393	22,277	2,03
Building cleaning workers Janitors and cleaners, except	10.61	10.71	423	428	39.9	21,995	22,277	2,07
maids and housekeeping cleaners	11.51	11.17	459	448	39.9	23,881	23,296	2,07
		1						
Personal care and service occupations	15.83	13.79	589	526	37.2	28,329	27,364	1,78
•								
Sales and related occupations Retail sales workers	20.14 11.91	14.78 11.19	821 491	650 447	40.8 41.3	42,693 25,548	33,777 23,267	2,12 2,14
Office and administrative support								
occupations	15.77	14.99	625	590	39.6	32,377	30,680	2,05
Financial clerks	15.03	14.50	597	580	39.7	30,819	30,160	2,05
Bookkeeping, accounting, and		1						
auditing clerks	15.19	15.00	603	600	39.7	31,344	31,200	2,06
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	16.20	15.56	640	622	39.5	33,287	32,359	2,05
Customer service representatives	17.55	15.83	701	633	39.9	36,443	32,928	2,07
Secretaries and administrative assistants	18.57	17.67	735	706	39.6	38,224	36,712	2,05
Executive secretaries and	00.00	00.04	000	077	20.4	40.004	45 500	
administrative assistants Office clerks, general	20.80 12.97	22.31 12.00	820 518	877 480	39.4 40.0	42,624 26,951	45,592 24,960	2,04 2,07
Construction and extraction								
occupations	22.74	20.00	909	800	40.0	45,835	41,600	2,01
Electricians	26.81	28.97	1,073	1,159	40.0	55,770	60,258	2,08
Installation, maintenance, and repair	10.10	40.40	007	700	44.5	44.000	00.004	0.45
occupations	19.46	18.40	807	762	41.5	41,963	39,624	2,15
repair, and maintenance workers	19.60	21.93	784	877	40.0	40,767	45,614	2.08
Industrial machinery mechanics	22.88	21.93	915	877	40.0	47,593	45,614	2,08
Production occupations	16.02	16.25	641	650	40.0	33,310	33,800	2,07
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating								
workers Electrical, electronics, and	23.32	23.98	937	975	40.2	48,725	50,700	2,09
electromechanical assemblers	15.60	12.76	624	510	40.0	32,439	26,541	2,08
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	12.29	10.81	492	432	40.0	25,572	22,485	2,08
Computer control programmers and operators	19.21	20.26	768	810	40.0	39,958	42,139	2,08
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and	10.21	20.20	700	0.0	10.0	00,000	12,100	2,00
plastic	17.31	17.92	693	717	40.0	36,010	37,274	2,08
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and								
tenders, metal and plastic Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers,	18.64	18.49	746	740	40.0	38,768	38,459	2,08
and weighers	14.97	12.25	599	490	40.0	30,808	25,480	2,05
Miscellaneous production workers	13.60	13.37	544	535	40.0	28,282	27,805	2,08
Transportation and material moving								
occupations	15.20	14.67	602	587	39.6	31,218	30,505	2,05

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Full-time¹ private industry workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Hourly earnings ³		Weel	kly earnings	₃ 4	Annual earnings ⁵		
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers Truck drivers, heavy and	\$17.33	\$16.18	\$696	\$647	40.2	\$36,209	\$33,659	2,090
tractor-trailer Truck drivers, light or delivery	18.05	16.22	726	649	40.3	37,777	33,738	2,093
services	15.39	15.00	615	600	40.0	32,005	31,200	2,080
Industrial truck and tractor operators	15.81	14.67	632	587	40.0	32,609	30,505	2,063
Laborers and material movers, hand Laborers and freight, stock, and	10.90	10.18	440	407	40.3	22,859	21,176	2,098
material movers, hand	12.48	12.50	498	500	39.9	25,922	26,000	2,076

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of

5 Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

3 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

4 Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

Table 13. Full-time¹ State and local government workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

	Hourly ea	ırnings ³	Wee	kly earnings	₃ 4	Annı	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$26.09	\$23.81	\$1,044	\$964	40.0	\$48,317	\$47,008	1,852
Management occupations Education administrators Education administrators, elementary and secondary	40.41 44.08	40.41 44.40	1,682 1,793	1,730 1,776	41.6 40.7	79,383 81,526	78,985 79,000	1,965 1,849
school	44.72	44.40	1,824	1,811	40.8	81,367	79,000	1,820
Community and social services occupations Social workers	20.57 22.18	18.37 23.27	821 883	735 931	39.9 39.8	42,310 45,010	38,210 48,402	2,057 2,029
Education, training, and library occupationsPrimary, secondary, and special	34.73	34.89	1,381	1,396	39.8	52,933	53,333	1,524
education school teachers Elementary and middle school	35.04	34.89	1,402	1,396	40.0	53,493	53,414	1,527
teachers Elementary school teachers, except special education	34.90 35.00	34.90 34.90	1,396 1,400	1,396 1,396	40.0 40.0	53,244 53,397	52,935 53,333	1,526 1,526
Secondary school teachers Secondary school teachers, except special and vocational	35.44	34.89	1,418	1,396	40.0	54,211	53,591	1,529
education Other teachers and instructors Teacher assistants	35.44 35.09 12.84	34.89 35.91 12.36	1,418 1,388 473	1,396 1,391 463	40.0 39.6 36.8	54,211 53,369 17,844	53,591 53,929 17,238	1,529 1,521 1,390
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	24.10	23.81	964	952	40.0	50,136	49,525	2,080
Protective service occupations	23.50 24.86 24.86	24.73 27.28 27.28	1,006 973 973	1,089 1,050 1,050	42.8 39.2 39.2	52,324 50,614 50,614	56,636 54,581 54,581	2,227 2,036 2,036
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Building cleaning workers	20.68 15.89	22.27 16.07	818 632	891 643	39.5 39.8	42,403 32,878	46,322 33,426	2,050 2,069
Office and administrative support occupations Secretaries and administrative	16.66	16.80	656	670	39.3	31,711	30,534	1,903
assistants	15.85 15.23	16.50 14.35	617 607	649 574	38.9 39.8	28,852 31,545	27,840 29,848	1,821 2,072
Construction and extraction occupations	23.88	22.88	955	915	40.0	49,660	47,595	2,080
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	20.95	20.80	838	832	40.0	43,569	43,264	2,080
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.39	8.29	576	332	40.0	29,937	17,239	2,080

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

information.

³ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

4 Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries

overtime.

5 Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of

Table 14. Size of establishment: Mean hourly earnings¹ of private industry establishments for major occupational groups, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

Occupational group ²	Total	1-99 workers	100-499 workers	500 workers or more
All workers	\$19.42	\$18.04	\$17.48	\$24.94
Management, professional, and related	30.94	27.02	29.49	35.84
Management, business, and financial	37.25	31.44	34.22	44.24
Professional and related	28.14	25.30	27.28	31.77
Service	9.71	8.32	9.61	11.87
Sales and office	15.38	15.60	14.25	16.86
Sales and related		19.36	12.78	_
Office and administrative support	14.97	14.02	15.08	16.86
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	21.37	20.79	21.83	24.42
Construction and extraction	22.74	21.59	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	19.45	19.53	17.94	24.95
Production, transportation, and material moving	15.32	15.88	14.02	18.11
Production	15.83	16.14	15.48	16.16
Transportation and material moving	14.44	15.43	11.49	21.83
		Relative err	or ³ (percent)	
All workers	3.4	6.3	5.8	5.5
Management, professional, and related	3.0	6.0	4.3	5.5
Management, business, and financial	7.1	9.6	6.9	8.9
Professional and related	2.1	7.3	4.6	3.4
Service	6.7	19.0	4.3	5.5
Sales and office	7.8	11.9	6.7	3.7
Sales and related	20.8	26.3	15.5	_
Office and administrative support		4.4	9.6	3.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		9.9	14.7	5.8
Construction and extraction	5.3	17.6	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.9	5.0	8.7	6.8
Production, transportation, and material moving	5.0	4.6	7.4	7.1
			0.4	1 40 4
Production Transportation and material moving	6.8 7.0	5.4 6.3	8.4 5.4	12.4 16.6

Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

³ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 15. Establishments with fewer than 100 workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time1 private industry workers, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

	Hourly earnings ³		Weekly earnings ⁴			Annual earnings ⁵		
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$19.56	\$16.87	\$778	\$665	39.8	\$40,333	\$34,528	2,062
Management occupations	32.06	28.41	1,298	1,137	40.5	67,471	59,099	2,105
Computer and mathematical science occupations	30.18	29.17	1,217	1,167	40.3	63,269	60,682	2,096
Education, training, and library occupations	9.89	9.73	374	355	37.8	19,128	19,698	1,934
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	13.65	12.26	546	491	40.0	28,383	25,509	2,080
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.01	7.75	249	271	35.5	12,933	14,103	1,844
Sales and related occupations	24.08	19.05	996	856	41.4	51,776	44,516	2,151
Office and administrative support occupations Financial clerks Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks Customer service representatives	14.59 13.91 13.14 15.34	14.42 13.50 11.83 15.83	579 555 524 612	565 540 508 633	39.7 39.9 39.9 39.9	29,875 28,374 27,249 31,835	29,386 28,080 26,437 32,928	2,048 2,040 2,074 2,075
Construction and extraction occupations	21.59	20.00	864	800	40.0	44,794	41,600	2,075
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	19.54	18.40	808	736	41.3	42,010	38,272	2,150
Production occupations	16.38	16.25	655	650	40.0	33,968	33,800	2,074
Transportation and material moving occupations	15.75 16.59	15.36 15.60	635 664	614 624	40.3 40.0	32,843 34,508	31,949 32,448	2,086 2,080

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is

employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to

employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 16. Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

	Hourly e	arnings ³	Wee	ekly earnings	s ⁴	Annual earnings ⁵		
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
All workers	\$22.08	\$18.48	\$880	\$739	39.9	\$45,316	\$38,355	2,052
Management occupations Marketing and sales managers	47.87 48.77	44.10 46.41	1,904 1,903	1,740 1,740	39.8 39.0	98,990 98,977	90,500 90,500	2,068 2,029
Business and financial operations occupations	29.37	26.01	1,164	1,040	39.6	60,520	54,101	2,060
Buyers and purchasing agents Accountants and auditors	27.19 23.17	28.69 22.28	1,087 927	1,148 891	40.0 40.0	56,549 48,190	59,671 46,351	2,080 2,080
Computer and mathematical science	00.70				40.0			
occupations	29.70	28.85	1,189	1,161	40.0	61,828	60,356	2,082
Computer software engineers	29.06	27.32	1,162	1,093	40.0	60,446	56,826	2,080
Computer systems analysts	32.60	33.79	1,310	1,352	40.2	68,141	70,283	2,090
Architecture and engineering occupations	29.09	27.88	1,169	1,115	40.2	60,762	57,995	2,089
Engineers	31.05	30.77	1,251	1,234	40.3	65,035	64,185	2,094
g	27.42	27.88	1,113	1,115	40.6	57,877	57.995	2,111
safetyIndustrial engineers	27.42 27.42	27.88	1,113	1,115	40.6	57,877	57,995	2,111
Engineering technicians, except drafters	25.74	26.87	1,030	1,075	40.0	53,544	55,896	2,080
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians	24.64	25.93	986	1,037	40.0	51,253	53,939	2,080
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.19	24.29	1,288	972	40.0	66,951	50,523	2,080
Community and social services occupations	18.07	16.41	722	658	39.9	37,209	33,758	2,059
Education, training, and library occupations	60.87	52.45	2,773	1,436	45.6	125,287	58,920	2,058
Postsecondary teachers	67.82	67.80	3,174	1,665	46.8	145,766	61,367	2,149
Arts, communications, and humanities teachers, postsecondary	32.61	32.94	1,287	1,317	39.5	52,580	53,031	1,613
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	31.10	33.65	1,227	1,346	39.5	58,932	60,029	1,895
Healthcare practitioner and technical								
occupations	22.26	22.89	881	881	39.6	45,822	45,816	2,059
Registered nurses	26.65	25.04	1,045	1,002	39.2	54,355	52,079	2,040
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	15.71	13.81	625	552	39.8	32,522	28,714	2,070
Healthcare support occupations	12.03	11.43	463	450	38.5	24,100	23,421	2,003
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	11.38	10.77	435	424	38.2	22,626	22,048	1,988
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.40	10.82	436	424	38.2	22,646	22,048	1,987
Protective service occupations	13.03	11.14	519	448	39.8	26,898	23,005	2,064
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	13.02	11.00	518	440	39.8	26,863	22,880	2,063
Security guards	13.02	11.00	518	440	39.8	26,863	22,880	2,063
Food preparation and serving related occupations	9.94	10.52	390	382	39.3	20,303	19,885	2,043
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	10.56	10.65	421	426	39.9	21,458	21,736	2,032
occupations Building cleaning workers	10.56	10.65	421	426	39.9	21,456	22,277	2,032
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and								
housekeeping cleaners	11.51	11.17	459	448	39.9	23,881	23,296	2,074
Personal care and service occupations	14.14	11.98	467	479	33.0	20,276	22,880	1,434
Sales and related occupations	14.81	12.85	592	514	40.0	30,800	26,734	2,079
Office and administrative support occupations	16.81	16.06	666	642	39.6	34,617	33,405	2,059
Financial clerks	15.82	15.48	626	618	39.6	32,578	32,136	2,059
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	16.89	16.07	667	642	39.5	34,699	33,405	2,055
Customer service representatives	20.54	24.36	821	975	40.0	42,692	50,675	2,079

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. Establishments with 100 workers or more: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours for full-time¹ private industry workers, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006 — Continued

	Hourly ea	arnings ³	Wee	kly earnings	s ⁴	Annı	ual earnings	5
Occupation ²	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean weekly hours	Mean	Median	Mean annual hours
Secretaries and administrative assistants Executive secretaries and administrative	\$18.98	\$17.44	\$752	\$695	39.6	\$39,115	\$36,130	2,061
assistants Office clerks, general	20.86 14.66	21.92 13.85	825 585	857 533	39.6 39.9	42,920 30,417	44,538 27,706	2,058 2,075
Construction and extraction occupations	24.59	25.11	982	1,005	39.9	47,383	51,501	1,927
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	19.36	19.03	806	850	41.6	41,905	44,200	2,165
maintenance workers	19.21	21.19	769	848	40.0	39,962	44.075	2.080
Industrial machinery mechanics	23.01	21.93	920	877	40.0	47,858	45,614	2,080
Production occupationsFirst-line supervisors/managers of production and	15.82	16.05	633	642	40.0	32,936	33,384	2,082
operating workers Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	21.28	20.84	858	834	40.3	44,620	43,347	2,097
assemblers	16.76	16.67	670	667	40.0	34,852	34,674	2,080
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	13.18	10.81	527	432	40.0	27,420	22,485	2,080
Computer control programmers and operators Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and	19.36	20.26	774	810	40.0	40,270	42,139	2,080
tenders, metal and plastic	18.04	18.22	721	729	40.0	37,516	37,898	2,080
weighers	11.97	10.50	479	420	40.0	24,901	21,840	2,080
Miscellaneous production workers	12.58	7.55	503	302	40.0	26,160	15,704	2,080
Transportation and material moving								
occupations	14.80	12.50	579	520	39.1	30,060	26,189	2,031
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	19.31	16.26	786	650	40.7	40,853	33,821	2,115
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	18.21	16.26	743	650	40.8	38,644	33,821	2,122
Industrial truck and tractor operators	16.44	15.54	658	621	40.0	34,191	32,317	2,080
Laborers and material movers, hand	11.16	10.55	446	412	39.9	23,192	21,442	2,077
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	12.49	12.50	499	500	39.9	25,941	26,000	2,076

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is

employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to

employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 17. Union¹ and nonunion workers: Mean hourly earnings² for major occupational groups, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

		Union			Nonunion	
Occupational group ³	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	\$23.27	\$22.06	\$25.16	\$19.18	\$19.09	\$24.04
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related Service Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction and extraction Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving	29.79 33.18 29.44 17.35 19.59 - 20.47 27.47 28.57 23.71 19.68 18.57 21.25	28.04 27.55 13.00 21.11 22.64 28.15 28.87 24.86 19.65 18.54 21.27	30.07 	31.00 37.56 28.04 9.41 15.05 16.69 14.42 17.91 17.21 18.52 14.36 15.29 12.73	31.00 37.41 28.15 9.32 15.04 16.69 14.41 17.89 17.16 18.52 14.38 15.29 12.72	31.02 40.52 24.55 14.94 15.72 - 15.72 - - 12.76
		I .	Relative err	or ⁴ (percent)		
All workers	3.4	5.6	0.6	3.8	3.9	4.3
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related Service Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction and extraction Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving	1.7 14.2 2.1 3.8 8.1 - 6.1 1.0 .7 2.4 8.7 6.1 13.5	9.2 - 13.2 9.0 9.9 - 5.2 1.1 .7 3.4 8.9 6.2 14.2	1.3 - 1.8 1.7 2.8 - 2.8 4.0 - 2.3 -	3.0 6.7 2.2 7.1 8.4 21.2 3.0 3.9 6.1 3.7 6.6 8.1 6.2	3.1 7.1 2.2 7.4 8.5 21.2 3.0 3.9 6.1 3.7 6.7 8.1 6.4	4.7 3.2 6.9 11.0 7.6 - 7.6 - 31.6 - 32.0

information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet

¹ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.
2 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.
3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more

Table 18. Time and incentive workers1: Mean hourly earnings2 for major occupational groups, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

	Tir	me	Ince	ntive
Occupational group ³	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	Civilian workers	Private industry workers
All workers	\$19.83	\$19.35	\$20.53	\$20.53
Management, professional, and related	30.88	30.99	_	_
Management, business, and financial	37.69	37.60	_	_
Professional and related	28.27	28.14	_	_
Service	10.99	9.42	_	_
Sales and office	14.22	14.13	23.49	23.49
Sales and related	10.14	10.14	24.99	24.99
Office and administrative support	15.05	14.98	-	_
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	21.71	21.68	-	_
Construction and extraction	-	22.74	-	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	19.91	19.84	_	_
Production, transportation, and material moving	15.31	15.32	15.46	15.46
Production	15.80	15.79	17.22	17.22
Transportation and material moving	14.49	14.50	-	-
		Relative err	or ⁴ (percent)	
All workers	2.7	3.0	15.3	15.3
Management, professional, and related	2.6	3.0	_	_
Management, business, and financial	6.7	7.3	-	_
Professional and related	1.7	2.1	-	_
Service	4.8	6.7	-	_
Sales and office	3.7	3.8	20.9	20.9
Sales and related	4.5	4.5	20.3	20.3
Office and administrative support	3.4	3.6	_	_
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.9	3.0	_	_
Construction and extraction	-	5.3	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair	4.9	5.2	_	_
Production, transportation, and material moving	5.4	5.5	15.1	15.1
Production	7.3	7.4	7.9	7.9
Transportation and material moving	7.1	7.4	_	_

¹ Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary. Incentive workers are those whose wages are at

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

or salary. Incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See appendix A for more information.

³ Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all of the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the National Compensation Survey (NCS) includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing one worker or more in private goods-producing industries (mining, construction, and manufacturing); private service-providing industries (trade, transportation, and utilities, information, financial activities, professional and business services, education and health services, leisure and hospitality, and other services); State governments; and local governments employing 50 or more workers. Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government agency within the sampled area.

The Milwaukee–Racine, WI, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Washington, and Waukesha Counties.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. Approximately one-fifth of the sample is reselected each year.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Regional Offices and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to clarify and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system
- 3. Characterization of jobs as full-time or part-time, union or nonunion, and time or incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers whose jobs could be characterized by the criteria

identified in the last three steps. If a specific work level could not be determined, wages were still collected.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size. The number of jobs selected followed this schedule:

Number	Number
of employees	of selected jobs
1–49	Up to 4
50-249	6
250 or more	8

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. NCS uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. A selected job may fall into any one of about 800 occupational classifications, from accountant to zoologist. When workers could be classified in more than one occupation, they were classified in the occupation that required the higher skill level. When there was no perceptible difference in skill level, the workers were classified in the occupation that described their primary activity.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major group. Occupations can fall into any of 22 major groups. Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the major group to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "point factor leveling" process. Point factor leveling matches certain aspects of a job to specific levels of work with assigned point values. Points for each factor are then totaled to determine the overall work level for the job.

The NCS program is in the process of converting from a nine-factor to a four-factor occupational leveling system. The conversion is being phased in via annual NCS sample replenishment groups and will require several years for full implementation. The four occupational leveling factors are:

- Knowledge
- Job controls and complexity
- Contacts (nature and purpose)
- Physical environment

Each factor consists of several levels, and each level has an associated description and assigned points. A knowledge guide for 24 families of closely related occupations contains short definitions of the point levels of knowledge expected for the occupations and presents relevant examples. The other three factors use identical descriptions for all occupational categories and contain a definition of each point level within each factor.

The description within each factor best matching the job is chosen. The point levels within each factor are designed to describe the thresholds of distinct levels of work. When a job does not meet the full description of a point level, the next lowest point level is used. Points for the four factors are totaled to determine the overall work level. NCS publishes data for up to 15 work levels.

Most supervisory occupations are evaluated based on their duties and responsibilities. A modified approach is used for professional and administrative supervisors when they direct professional work and are paid primarily to supervise. Such supervisory occupations are leveled based on the work level of the highest position reporting to them.

For a complete description of point factor leveling, refer to the publication "National Compensation Survey: Guide for Evaluating Your Firm's Jobs and Pay," available at the BLS National Compensation Survey Internet site at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf.

Combined work levels

This bulletin includes a table which simplifies the presentation of work levels by combining them into four broad groups. The groups were determined by combinations of knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, physical environment, and supervisory duties, and are meant to be comparable across different occupations. The broad groups and the combined work levels are:

Group	Levels
designation	combined
Group I	Levels 1–4
Group II	Levels 5–8
Group III	Levels 9–12
Group IV	Levels 13–15

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free or subsidized room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, tips)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers who are exempt from overtime provisions often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be full time.

Part-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be part time.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are solely tied to an hourly rate or salary.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Level. A ranking within an occupation based on the requirements of the position.

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the BLS National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member during the initial interview, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group.

If average hourly earnings data were not provided by a sample member during the update interview, then missing average hourly earnings were imputed by multiplying prior average hourly earnings by the rate of change in the average hourly earnings of respondents. The regression model that takes into account available establishment characteris-

tics is used to derive the rate of change in the average hourly earnings.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work. The sample weight reflects the inverse of each unit's probability of selection at each sample selection stage and four weight adjustment factors. The first factor adjusts for establishment nonresponse and the second factor adjusts for occupational nonresponse. The third factor adjusts for any special situations that may have occurred during data collection. The fourth factor, postratification, also called benchmarking, is introduced to adjust estimated employment totals to the current counts of employment by industry. The latest available employment counts were used to derive average hourly earnings in this publication.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6 through 10 are computed using earnings reported for individual workers in sampled establishment jobs and their scheduled hours of work. Establishments in the survey may report only individual-worker earnings for each sampled job. For the calculation of percentile estimates, the individual-worker hourly earnings are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution within

each published occupation. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$17.75, with a relative standard error of 1.0 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is from \$17.46 to \$18.04 (\$17.75 minus and plus \$0.29, where \$0.29 is the product of 1.645 times 1.0 percent times \$17.75). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

Appendix table 1. Number of workers $^{\!1}$ represented by the survey, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

Occupational group ²	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	873,000	788,800	84,200
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related Service Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction and extraction Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving	244,900 63,100 181,700 176,500 207,200 61,300 145,900 75,000 44,000 31,000 169,500 102,200 67,300	196,600 57,700 138,900 153,800 200,000 61,300 138,8800 71,700 42,600 29,200 166,600 101,900 64,700	48,300 5,500 42,800 22,600 7,100 - 7,100 3,300 1,500 1,800 2,900 - 2,600

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels.
2 Workers are classified by occupation using the

2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

Appendix table 2. Survey establishment response, Milwaukee-Racine, WI, October 2006

Establishments	Total	Private industry	State and local government
Total in sampling frame ¹ Total in sample Responding Refused or unable to provide data Out of business or not in survey scope	29,741	29,641	100
	404	372	32
	214	184	30
	153	151	2
	37	37	0

¹ The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports and is based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For private industries, an establishment is usually a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a

government entity.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.