

winter while continuing to support the Sublette Mule Deer Study (Questar Year-Round Drilling Proposal Environmental Assessment, November 2004).

Since then other operators within the Pinedale Anticline have expressed interest in conducting gas development activities including year-round drilling within big game crucial winter range. In the summer of 2005, Anschutz, Shell, and Ultra submitted a proposal to the BLM for year-round drilling demonstration project on three well pads within their leaseholds during one year. In September 2005, BLM issued a Decision Record to allow them to proceed (ASU Year-Round Drilling Demonstration Project, September 2005). The Decision Record allowed each of the three operators to drill year-round on one well pad each on crucial winter range during the winter of 2005–2006. The result of that project led the Operators to the current proposal and to BLM's determination that a Supplemental EIS is necessary. The PAPA encompasses approximately 198,034 acres of primarily Federal lands (nearly 80 percent), and state and private land. Approximately 83 percent of the mineral estate underlying the PAPA is federally-owned.

**James K. Murkin,**

*Acting Associate State Director.*

[FR Doc. E7–24955 Filed 12–27–07; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4310–22–P**

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337–TA–613]

### In the Matter of Certain 3G Mobile Handsets and Components; Notice of Commission Decision not to Review an Initial Determination Granting Complainants' Motion to Amend the Complaint and Notice of Investigation

**AGENCY:** U.S. International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined not to review an initial determination (“ID”) (Order No. 9) of the presiding administrative law judge (“ALJ”) granting complainants’ motion to amend the complaint and notice of investigation in the above-captioned investigation. The above-captioned investigation has been consolidated with Inv. No. 337–TA–601, *Certain 3G Wideband Code Division Multiple*

*Access (WCDMA) Handsets and Components Thereof.*

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Eric Frahm, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–3107. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server at <http://www.usitc.gov>. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The subject initial determination concerns investigations which have now been consolidated: Inv. No. 337–TA–601 and Inv. No. 337–TA–613. The Commission instituted Inv. No. 337–TA–601 on April 27, 2007, based on a complaint by InterDigital Communications Corp. of King of Prussia, Pennsylvania and InterDigital Technology Corp. of Wilmington, Delaware (collectively, “InterDigital”) filed on March 23, 2007. 72 FR 21049. The complaint, as amended, alleged violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1337) in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain 3G wideband code division multiple access (WCDMA) handsets and components thereof by reason of infringement of claim 7 of U.S. Patent No. 6,674,791; claims 1, 3, and 4 of U.S. Patent No. 6,693,579; claims 1, 2, 31, 32, and 59 of U.S. Patent No. 7,117,004; and claims 1, 3, 8, 9, and 11 of U.S. Patent No. 7,190,966. The notice of investigation named Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. of Seoul, Korea; Samsung Electronics America, Inc. of Ridgefield Park, New Jersey; and Samsung Telecommunications America LLC of Richardson, Texas (collectively, “Samsung”) as respondents.

The Commission instituted Inv. No. 337–TA–613 on September 11, 2007, based on a complaint by InterDigital filed on August 7, 2007. 72 FR 51838. The complaint, as amended, alleged violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1337) in the

importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain 3G mobile handsets and components by reason of infringement of claims 1–4 of U.S. Patent No. 6,693,579; claims 1, 2, 7–10, 14, 15, 21, 22, 24, 30–32, 34, 35, 46, 47, 49, 59, and 60 of U.S. Patent No. 7,117,004; and claims 1–3 and 6–12 of U.S. Patent No. 7,190,966. The notice of investigation named Nokia Corporation of Finland and Nokia Inc. of Irving, Texas (collectively, “Nokia”) as respondents.

On October 24, 2007, the ALJ consolidated Inv. No. 337–TA–601 with Inv. No. 337–TA–613.

On October 23, 2007, InterDigital moved to amend the complaint and notice of investigation of Inv. No. 337–TA–613 to add allegations of infringement of claims 1–3 and 5–11 of recently issued U.S. Patent No. 7,286,847 (“the ‘847 patent”) by Nokia. The Commission investigative attorney supported the motion. No other party responded to the motion.

On November 9, 2007, the ALJ issued the subject ID granting InterDigital's motion, finding that there was good cause to amend the complaint and notice of investigation. No petitions for review were filed. The Commission has determined not to review the ID.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, and in sections 210.14 and 210.42(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 19 CFR 210.14, 210.42(c).

Issued: December 6, 2007.

By order of the Commission.

**Marilyn R. Abbott,**

*Secretary to the Commission.*

[FR Doc. E7–25172 Filed 12–27–07; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7020–02–P**

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Inv. No. 337–TA–543]

### In the Matter of Certain Baseband Processor Chips and Chipsets, Transmitter and Receiver (Radio) Chips, Power Control Chips, and Products Containing Same, Including Cellular Telephone Handsets; Notice of Institution of Formal Enforcement Proceeding

**AGENCY:** U.S. International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade

Commission has instituted a formal enforcement proceeding relating to a cease and desist order issued at the conclusion of the above-captioned investigation.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Clint A. Gerdine, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-3061. Copies of all nonconfidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on the matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On June 21, 2005, the Commission instituted an investigation under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1337, based on a complaint filed by Broadcom Corporation ("Broadcom") of Irvine, California, alleging a violation of section 337 in the importation, sale for importation, and sale within the United States after importation of certain baseband processor chips and chipsets, transmitter and receiver (radio) chips, power control chips, and products containing same, including cellular telephone handsets by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 6,374,311; 6,714,983 ("the '983 patent"); 5,682,379 ("the '379 patent"); 6,359,872 ("the '872 patent"); and 6,583,675. 70 Fed. Reg. 35707 (June 21, 2005). The complainant named Qualcomm Incorporated ("Qualcomm") of San Diego, California as the only respondent. The '379 patent and '872 patent were terminated from this investigation.

On October 19, 2006, the presiding administrative law judge ("ALJ") issued an Initial Determination on Violation of Section 337 and Recommended Determination on Remedy and Bond ("ID"), finding a violation of section 337 as to the '983 patent only. On December 8, 2006, the Commission issued a notice of its decision to review and modify in part the ALJ's final ID. The modification made by the Commission did not affect the finding of violation.

On March 21-22, 2007, the Commission held a public hearing on the issues of remedy and the public interest. Subsequently, the Commission extended the target date for completion of this investigation to June 7, 2007.

On June 7, 2007, the Commission issued a limited exclusion order, with certain exemptions, prohibiting the importation of Qualcomm's baseband processor chips or chipsets, including chips or chipsets incorporated into circuit board modules and carriers, that are programmed to enable the power saving features covered by claims 1, 4, 8, 9, or 11 of the '983 patent, as well as handheld wireless communication devices, including cellular telephone handsets and PDAs, containing Qualcomm baseband processor chips or chipsets that are programmed to enable the power saving features covered by these claims. The Commission also issued a cease and desist order that prohibits Qualcomm from engaging in certain activities in the United States related to the infringing chips.

On November 9, 2007, complainant Broadcom filed a complaint for enforcement proceedings under Commission Rule 210.75. Broadcom asserts that respondent Qualcomm has violated the Commission's cease and desist order by continued marketing of infringing, imported baseband processor chips and chipsets, and continued testing and programming of imported baseband processor chips and chipsets to transform them into infringing products. On December 5 and 7, 2007, respectively, Qualcomm filed a letter opposing institution of Broadcom's complaint, and Broadcom filed a letter in response to Qualcomm's opposition.

Having examined the complaint seeking a formal enforcement proceeding, and having found that the complaint complies with the requirements for institution of a formal enforcement proceeding contained in Commission rule 210.75, the Commission has determined to institute formal enforcement proceedings to determine whether Qualcomm is in violation of the Commission's cease and desist order issued in the investigation, and what, if any, enforcement measures are appropriate. The following entities are named as parties to the formal enforcement proceeding: (1) Complainant Broadcom, (2) respondent Qualcomm, and (3) a Commission investigative attorney to be designated by the Director, Office of Unfair Import Investigations.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in

section 210.75 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 210.75).

Issued: December 20, 2007.

By order of the Commission.

**Marilyn R. Abbott,**

*Secretary to the Commission.*

[FR Doc. E7-25173 Filed 12-27-07; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7020-02-P**

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

**[Investigation Nos. 701-TA-417 and 731-TA-953, 954, 957-959, 961, and 962 (Review)]**

### **Carbon and Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod From Brazil, Canada, Indonesia, Mexico, Moldova, Trinidad and Tobago, and Ukraine**

**AGENCY:** United States International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice of Commission determinations to conduct full five-year reviews concerning the countervailing duty order on carbon and certain alloy steel wire rod ("wire rod") from Brazil and antidumping duty orders on wire rod from Brazil, Canada, Indonesia, Mexico, Moldova, Trinidad and Tobago, and Ukraine.

**SUMMARY:** The Commission hereby gives notice that it will proceed with full reviews pursuant to section 751(c)(5) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1675(c)(5)) to determine whether revocation of the countervailing duty order on wire rod from Brazil and the antidumping duty orders on wire rod from Brazil, Canada, Indonesia, Mexico, Moldova, Trinidad and Tobago, and Ukraine would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury within a reasonably foreseeable time. A schedule for the reviews will be established and announced at a later date. For further information concerning the conduct of these reviews and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A, D, E, and F (19 CFR part 207).

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** December 10, 2007.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mary Messer (202-205-3193), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special