SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Declaration of Disaster #3544]

State of Indiana

As a result of the President's major disaster declaration on September 5, 2003, I find that Blackford, Boone, Clay, Delaware, Grant, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Henry, Jay, Johnson, Madison, Marion, Monroe, Montgomery, Morgan, Owen, Putnam, Randolph and Shelby Counties in the State of Indiana constitute a disaster area due to damages caused by severe storms, tornadoes and flooding occurring on August 26, 2003 and continuing. Applications for loans for physical damage as a result of this disaster may be filed until the close of business on November 4, 2003 and for economic injury until the close of business on June 7, 2004 at the address listed below or other locally announced locations: U.S. Small Business Administration, Disaster Area 2 Office, One Baltimore Place, Suite 300, Atlanta, GA 30308.

In addition, applications for economic injury loans from small businesses located in the following contiguous counties may be filed until the specified date at the above location: Adams, Bartholomew, Brown, Clinton, Daviess, Decatur, Fayette, Fountain, Howard, Huntington, Jackson, Knox, Lawrence, Miami, Martin, Parke, Rush, Sullivan, Tippecanoe, Tipton, Vigo, Wabash, Wayne and Wells in the State of Indiana; and Darke and Mercer counties in the State of Ohio.

The interest rates are:

	Percent
For Physical Damage:	
Homeowners with Credit Avail-	
able Elsewhere	5.125
Homeowners without Credit	0.500
Available Elsewhere Businesses with Credit Avail-	2.562
able Elsewhere	6.199
Businesses and Non-Profit Or-	
ganizations without Credit	
Available Elsewhere	3.100
Others (including Non-Profit Or-	
ganizations) with Credit Avail-	F F00
able Elsewhere For Economic Injury:	5.500
Businesses and Small Agricul-	
tural Cooperatives without	
Credit Available Elsewhere	3.100

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 354406. For economic injury the number is 9W8800 for Indiana; and 9W8900 for Ohio.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 59002 and 59008). Dated: September 10, 2003.

Herbert L. Mitchell,

Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 03–23598 Filed 9–15–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 4491]

Bureau of Nonproliferation; Imposition of Lethal Military Equipment
Assistance Prohibitions Against the Government of Russia and Waiver of These Assistance Prohibitions and Imposition of Discretionary Measures Against Russian Entity Tula KBP

AGENCY: Department of State.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The United States Government has determined that the Government of Russia transferred lethal military equipment to countries determined by the Secretary of State to be state sponsors of terrorism. The United States Government further determined that, despite the transfers, furnishing assistance to the Government of Russia is important to the national interests of the United States. Further, notice is hereby given that it is the policy of the United States Government to deny all U.S. Government assistance to Tula Design Bureau of Instrument Building (Tula KBP), the entity that transferred the lethal military equipment to Iran.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 16, 2003. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** On general issues: Ron Parson, Office of

Export Controls and Conventional Arms Nonproliferation Policy, Bureau of Nonproliferation, Department of State, (202–647–0397).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to provisions of Section 620H of the Foreign Assistance Act (FAA) of 1961, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2378) and Section 543 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations, Division E, of the Consolidated Appropriations Resolution, 2003 (PL 108-7) and similar provisions in previous year Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Acts, and Executive Order 12163, as amended, on August 25, the United States Government determined that the Government of Russia provided lethal military equipment to countries determined by the Secretary of State to be state sponsors of terrorism. Also on August 25 and pursuant to the aforementioned provisions of law, the

United States Government determined that furnishing assistance restricted by these provisions to the Russian Government is important to the national interests of the United States.

As a matter of policy, United States Government assistance will be denied to Tula KBP for one year. The appropriate officials have been directed to implement additional measures against Tula KBP, consisting of denial of U.S. Government procurement for one year and denial of new licenses and other approvals for exports and imports of defense articles and services for one year.

Dated: September 10, 2003.

Susan F. Burk,

Acting Assistant Secretary of State for Nonproliferation, Department of State. [FR Doc. 03–23597 Filed 9–15–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-27-P

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

Request for Public Comment on the Implications for U.S. Commercial Interests of the Accession to the European Union of Poland, Hungary, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Slovenia, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Cyprus and Malta (Accession Countries)

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative.

ACTION: Request for comment.

SUMMARY: The Trade Policy Staff
Committee gives notice that the Office
of the United States Trade
Representative (USTR) requests written
submissions from the public concerning
the implications for U.S. trade in goods
and services of the anticipated May
2004 enlargement of the European
Union (EU) to include Poland, Hungary,
Czech Republic, Slovakia, Slovenia,
Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Cyprus and
Malta (accession countries).

USTR and other agencies are currently engaged in an assessment of the potential impact on U.S. goods and services trade of the May 2004 enlargement of the EU and, in particular, of what compensation the EU may owe to the United States under WTO rules. Comments from the public in response to this notice will be incorporated into that assessment.

DATES: Submissions must be received on or before noon, October 16, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Submissions by Electronic Mail: FR0094@ustr.gov. Submissions by facsimile: Gloria Blue, Executive Secretary, Trade Policy Staff Committee

(TPSC), Office of the USTR, at (202) 395–6143.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For procedural questions concerning public comments, contact Gloria Blue, Executive Secretary, TPSC, Office of the USTR, 1724 F Street, NW., Washington, DC 20508, telephone (202) 395–3475. Substantive questions concerning this review should be addressed to Mark Mowrey, Deputy Assistant U.S. Trade Representative for Europe and the Mediterranean, Telephone (202) 395–3320.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

1. Background Information

On April 16, 2003, Poland, Hungary, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Slovenia, Latvia, Lithuania, Estonia, Malta and Cyprus signed a Treaty of Accession to the European Union. Following ratification of the Treaty by current EU member States and by the acceding countries, the acceding countries are expected to join the EU formally on May 1, 2004.

As part of the EU accession process, the accession countries are required to adopt the EU's common body of law or acquis communautaire. This will entail, inter alia, adoption by the accession countries of the EU's common external tariffs for goods imported from third countries, possible adoption or alteration by the accession countries of tariff rate quotas (TRQs) on various products (to make them compatible with EU TRQs), and harmonization of accession country regulatory requirements with EU regulations affecting the import of various good and services.

Under WTO rules, the EU must notify other WTO members of its intent to modify or withdraw market access commitments it has made on goods and services in order to expand the EU to include the accession countries. To date, the EU has not sent such notifications to the WTO, though the United States expects these to be made promptly.

Goods

Applicable GATT 1994 Procedures: If a WTO Member joining a customs union plans to raise a duty rate on a product which is bound in its WTO Schedule of concessions (a "tariff concession"), it may renegotiate the tariff concession on that product under Article XXIV:6 of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994 ("GATT 1994") and the procedures of GATT 1994 Article XXVIII. This renegotiation may result in the provision of compensation (for example, reduction of duties on other

products) that is no less favorable to trade than the original tariff concession.

Submissions: The public is encouraged to identify on a countryspecific basis where the accession countries' adoption of the EU common external tariff will result in tariff increases or changes to tariff-rate quotas (TRQs) affecting U.S. commercial interests in the accession countries. The accession countries also will likely alter their TROs to bring them more into line with EU TRQs. The public also is asked to evaluate the potential for: (1) Changes to current TRQs in terms of rates or volume of the TRQ; (2) the loss of existing TROs in the accession countries; or (3) the imposition of new TRQs where they do not currently exist in the accession countries.

Current tariff rates for the EU and Malta and Cyprus can be obtained by calling the Department of Commerce's Trade Information Center at 1–800-USA–TRADE. Alternatively, the EU common external tariff schedule can be accessed at http://www.trade.gov/td/tic/tariff/eu_schedule/index.htm. Tariff rates for Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Czech Republic, Slovakia and Slovenia can be obtained by calling the Central and Eastern Europe Business Information Center (CEEBIC) at (202) 482–2645.

Services

Applicable GATS Procedures: Article V, paragraph 5, of the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS) provides that if a WTO Member intends to modify or withdraw a specific GATS commitment as a result of joining an economic integration agreement such as a customs union, it must provide 90 days advance notice of such modification and follow the applicable procedures set out in GATS Article XXI. Paragraph 2 of Article XXI provides that WTO Members who believe they may be affected by the proposed modification of commitments can request negotiations with the modifying Member with the purpose of reaching an agreement on compensation for the proposed modification.

The accession countries' joining of the EU may also entail modification of the exiting lists of MFN exemptions maintained by the EU or the accession countries under GATS Article II. The United States maintains that the EU must engage through a separate WTO process (namely a waiver process under Article IX of the Agreement Establishing the WTO) with its partners in cases where modifications to MFN exemption lists are contemplated. However, comments from the public on anticipated trade impacts implied by a

consolidation of the existing accession country and EU MFN exemptions lists are also solicited through this notice.

Submissions: The public is advised to examine the existing GATS schedules of specific commitments and lists of mostfavored-nation exemptions of the EU in comparison with those of Poland, Hungary, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Slovenia, Latvia, Lithuania, Estonia, Malta and Cyprus to determine whether changes implied through consolidation of the schedules and lists would adversely impact U.S. commercial interests. The existing schedules and lists are accessible through the WTO's Services Database Web site, http:// tsdb.wto.org/wto/WTOHomepublic.htm. From that site, click on "Pre-defined Reports" and then "All Sectors in Each Country."

Other regulatory measures

Adoption of the EU acquis communautaire by the accession countries will entail adoption of the EU's standards, regulations and conformity assessment procedures, including sanitary and phytosanitary requirements, testing, certification, labeling requirements, etc. The accession countries will also be obligated to impose import restrictions, quantitative restrictions and antidumping orders similar to those of the EU. The public is encouraged to comment where appropriate on how the introduction of these types of regulatory measures would affect U.S. commercial interests.

Supportive Data and Recommendations for Compensation

All submissions should describe the product or service in question, and in the case of products, should include the Harmonized System tariff heading(s). Submissions should describe the current market access for the products or services, including value and quantity of exports, any existing problems, and should identify changes that are anticipated upon accession countries' entry into the EU.

Submissions may also include recommendations for appropriate compensation the United States might seek for instances of diminished market access. These recommendations could include such items as reductions in the EU common external tariff on goods, improvements to EU market access commitments on goods and services, or other changes in the EU trade regime for goods and services.

2. Requirements for Submissions

To ensure prompt and full consideration of responses, USTR

strongly recommends that interested persons submit comments by electronic mail to the following e-mail address: FR0094@ustr.gov. Persons making submissions by e-mail should use the following subject line: "May 2004 EU Enlargement." Documents should be submitted in WordPerfect, MSWord, or text (.TXT) files. Supporting documentation submitted as spreadsheets is acceptable in Quattro Pro or Excel format. For any document containing business confidential information submitted electronically, the file name of the business confidential version should begin with the characters "BC–", and the file name of the public version should begin with the character "P-". The "P-" or "BC-" should be followed by the name of the submitted information. Persons who make submissions by e-mail should not provide separate cover letters; information that might appear in a cover letter should be included in the submission itself. To the extent possible, any attachments to the submission should be included in the same file as the submission itself, and not as separate files.

Written submissions will be placed in a file open to public inspection pursuant to 15 CFR 2003.5, except confidential business information exempt from public inspection in accordance with 15 CFR 2003.6 must be clearly marked "Business Confidential" at the top of each page, including any cover letter or cover page, and must be

accompanied by a non-confidential summary of the confidential information. All public documents and non-confidential summaries will be available for public inspection in the USTR Reading Room in Room 3 of the Annex of the Office of the USTR, 1724 F Street, NW., Washington, DC 20508. An appointment to review the file may be made by calling (202) 395-6186. The USTR Reading Room is generally open to the public from 10 a.m.-12 noon and 1–4 p.m., Monday through Friday. Appointments must be scheduled at least 48 hours in advance.

Carmen Suro-Bredie,

Chairperson, Trade Policy Staff Committee. [FR Doc. 03-23571 Filed 9-15-03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3190-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Submission for OMB Review; **Comment Request**

September 9, 2003.

The Department of Treasury has submitted the following public information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104–13. Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by calling the Treasury Bureau Clearance Officer listed. Comments regarding this information collection should be addressed to the OMB reviewer listed and to the

Treasury Department Clearance Officer, Department of the Treasury, Room 11000, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20220.

Dates: Written comments should be received on or before October 16, 2003 to be assured of consideration.

Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

F).

OMB Number: 1545-0140. Form Number: IRS Forms 2210 and 2210-F.

Type of Review: Extension. Title: Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates, and Trusts (2210); and Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen (2210-

Description: Internal Revenue Code section 6654 imposes a penalty for failure to pay estimated tax. These forms are used by taxpayers to determine whether they are subject to the penalty for failure to pay estimated tax. These forms are used by taxpayers to determine whether they are subject to the penalty and to compute the penalty if it applies. The Service uses this information to determine whether the taxpayer is subject to the penalty, and to verify the penalty amount.

Respondents: Business or other forprofit, Individuals or households, Farms.

Estimated Number of Respondents/ Recordkeepers: 900,000.

Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent/Recordkeeper:

	Short method	Regular method
Learning about the law or the form		13 min. 31 min. 2 hr., 03 min. 45 min.

Frequency of Response: Annually. Estimated Total Reporting/ Recordkeeping Burden: 2,519,500 hours.

OMB Number: 1545-0142. Form Number: IRS Form 2220. Type of Review: Extension.

Title: Únderpayment of Estimated Tax by Corporations.

Description: Form 2220 is used by corporations to determine whether they are subject to the penalty for underpayment of estimated tax and, if so, the amount of the penalty. The IRS uses Form 2220 to determine if the penalty was correctly computed.

Respondents: Business or other forprofit.

Estimated Number of Respondents/ Recordkeepers: 778,080.

Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent/Recordkeeper:

Form	Recordkeeping	Learning about the law and the form	Preparing and sending the form to the IRS
2220, Schedule A, Part I2220, Schedule A, Part II	32 hr., 31 min	0 min	1 hr., 40 min. 22 min. 28 min. 06 min.