*Type of Review:* Revision of a currently approved collection.

*Respondents:* Business or other forprofit, not-for-profit institutions, and state, local or tribal government.

Number of Respondents: 251 respondents, 303 responses.

Estimated Time Per Response: 5 hours (Tier II Reports), 4 hours (Tier III Reports).

Frequency of Response: Quarterly, semi-annual and one-time reporting requirements, recordkeeping requirement.

Total Annual Burden: 1,282 hours. Total Annual Cost: N/A.

Needs and Uses: Nationwide wireless carriers (Tier I) generally must file quarterly reports with the Commission on February 1, May 1, August 1 and November 1 of each year. Mid-sized wireless carriers (Tier II) also are required to file quarterly reports under this same time schedule. A format for the submission of the quarterly reports is being established to require that beginning with the August 1, 2003 filing, Tier I and II carriers must include with their quarterly reports an Excel spreadsheet detailing certain elements related to E911 implementation status at requesting Public Service Answering Points (PSAPs). Small wireless carriers (Tier III) are not required to submit the spreadsheet with their E911 interim reports, which are due on August 1, 2003, as a one-time filing.

The quarterly reports will continue to be used by the Commission to monitor carrier progress in transition to E911. The Bureau is establishing the format of the data to be submitted in order to permit the Commission to track wireless E911 deployment in a more uniform and consistent manner, as well as to assist E911 stakeholders in coordinating their deployment efforts.

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03-14481 Filed 6-10-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

# FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Agency Information Collection Activities: Announcement of Board Approval Under Delegated Authority and Submission to OMB

**ADDRESSES:** Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

ACTION: Notice

**SUMMARY:** Background. Notice is hereby given of the final approval of proposed information collections by the Board of

Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) under OMB delegated authority, as per 5 CFR 1320.16 (OMB Regulations on Controlling Paperwork Burdens on the Public). Boardapproved collections of information are incorporated into the official OMB inventory of currently approved collections of information. Copies of the OMB 83-Is and supporting statements and approved collection of information instrument(s) are placed into OMB's public docket files. The Federal Reserve may not conduct or sponsor, and the respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection that has been extended, revised, or implemented on or after October 1, 1995, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Federal Reserve Board Clearance Officer—Cindy Ayouch—Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551 (202–452–3829).

OMB Desk Officer–Joseph Lackey– Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Final Approval Under OMB Delegated Authority of the Extension For Three Years, Without Revision, of the Following Report:

Report title: Recordkeeping and Disclosure Requirements in Connection with Regulation Z (Truth in Lending)

Agency form number: Reg Z
OMB Control number: 7100–0199
Frequency: Event–generated
Reporters: State member banks,
branches and agencies of foreign banks
(other than federal branches, federal
agencies, and insured state branches of
foreign banks), commercial lending
companies owned or controlled by
foreign banks, and Edge and agreement
corporations

*Ānnual reporting hours:* Open–end credit-initial disclosure 28,463 hours; open-end credit-change in terms notice, 41,250 hours; periodic statement, 125,952 hours; error resolution-credit cards, 22,260 hours; error resolution-other open-end credit, 1,312 hours; credit & charge card accounts-advance disclosure, 29,952 hours; home equity plans-advance disclosure, 13,983 hours; home equity plans-change in terms notice, 354 hours; closed–end credit disclosures, 351,354 hours; advertising, 2,733 hours; and HOEPA pre-closing disclosures, 425 hours.

Estimated average hours per response: Open–end credit–initial isclosure, 1.5 minutes; open—end credit—change in terms notice, 1 minute; periodic statement, 8 hours; error resolution—credit cards, 30 minutes; error resolution—other open—end credit, 30 minutes; credit & charge card accounts—advance disclosure, 8 hours; home equity plans—advance disclosure, 1.5 minutes; home equity plans—change in terms notice, 3 minutes; closed—end credit disclosures, 6.5 minutes; advertising, 25 minutes; and HOEPA pre—closing disclosures, 3 minutes.

Number of respondents: State member banks, 947; branches and agencies of foreign banks (other than federal branches, federal agencies, and insured state branches of foreign banks), 287; commercial lending companies owned or controlled by foreign banks, 3; and Edge and agreement corporations, 75.

Small businesses are affected.

General description of report: This information collection is mandatory (15 U.S.C. 1601, 1604(a)). Since the Federal Reserve does not collect any information, no issue of confidentiality arises. Transaction— or account—specific disclosures and billing error allegations are not publicly available and are confidential between the creditor and the consumer. General disclosures of credit terms that appear in advertisements or take—one applications are available to the public.

Abstract: TILA and Regulation Z require disclosure of the costs and terms of credit to consumers. For open-end credit (revolving credit accounts) creditors are required to disclose information about the initial costs and terms and to provide periodic statements of account activity, notices of changes in terms, and statements of rights concerning billing error procedures. There are special disclosure requirements for credit and charge card applications and solicitations, as well as for home equity plans. For closed-end loans, such as mortgage and installment loans, cost disclosures are required to be provided prior to consummation. Special disclosures are required of certain products, such as reverse mortgages, certain variable rate loans, and certain mortgages with rates and fees above specified thresholds. TILA and Regulation Z also contain rules concerning credit advertising.

Recently, the Federal Reserve reevaluated the methodology used to estimate the paperwork burden associated with consumer regulations. As a result of this change, the estimated burden declined.

### Final Approval Under OMB Delegated Authority to Conduct Following Survey:

*Report title:* 2004 Survey of Consumer Finance

Agency form number: FR 3059 OMB Control number: 7100–0287 Frequency: One–time survey Reporters: U.S. families

Annual reporting hours: 7,500 hours
Estimated average hours per response:
Pretest and survey, 75 minutes each

Number of respondents: Pretest, 400 families; Survey, 5,600 families Small businesses are not affected.

General description of report: This information collection is voluntary. The Federal Reserve's statutory basis for collecting this information is section 2A of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 225a); the Bank Merger Act (12 U.S.C. 1828(c)); and sections 3 and 4 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1842 and 1843) and 12 U.S.C. 353 and 461. The names and other characteristics that would permit identification of respondents are deemed confidential by the Board and are exempt from disclosure pursuant to exemption 6 in the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(6)).

Abstract: For many years, the Board has sponsored consumer surveys to obtain information on the financial behavior of households. The 2004 Survey of Consumer Finance (SCF) will be the latest in a triennial series, which began in 1983, that provides comprehensive data for U.S. families on the distribution of assets and debts, along with related information and other data items necessary for analyzing behavior. These are the only surveys conducted in the United States that provide such financial data for a representative sample of households. Data for the SCF are collected by interviewers using a computer program. While some questions may be deleted and others modified, only minimal changes will be made to the questionnaire in order to preserve the time series properties of the data. The pretest will be conducted during 2003 and survey would be conducted between May and December 2004.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, June 4, 2003.

### Jennifer J. Johnson

Secretary of the Board.
[FR Doc. 03–14536 Filed 6–9–03; 8:45 am]

#### FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

### Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisition of Shares of Bank or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the office of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than June 24, 2003.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (Richard M. Todd, Vice President and Community Affairs Officer) 90 Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480-0291:

1. Voting Trust Agreement, Apple Valley, Minnesota and its trustee, John Finch Woodhead, Minneapolis, Minnesota; to acquire voting shares of Financial Services of St. Croix Falls, Inc., St. Croix Falls, Wisconsin, and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of Eagle Valley Bank, National Association, St. Croix, Falls, Wisconsin.

**B. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City** (James Hunter, Assistant Vice
President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas
City, Missouri 64198-0001:

1. Robert S. Moran, Jr., Testamentary Trust and Sue Jean Bernard Byrd, Trustee of the Robert S. Moran, Jr., Testamentary Trust, both of Hollis, Oklahoma, to retain control of the outstanding common stock of Great Plains Bancshares, Inc., Hollis, Oklahoma, and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of Great Plains National Bank, Elk City, Oklahoma.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, June 4, 2003.

## Robert deV. Frierson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 03–14539 Filed 6–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–S

#### **FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

## Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval,

pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center Web site at http://www.ffiec.gov/nic/.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than July 3, 2003.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of New York (Betsy Buttrill White, Senior Vice President) 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045-0001:

1. SAS rue la Boetie, Paris, France; to become a bank holding company by indirectly retaining, through its 70 percent owned bank subsidiary, Credit Agricole, S.A., Paris, France, control of Espirito Santo Bank, Miami, Florida.

**B. Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland** (Stephen J. Ong, Vice President) 1455 East Sixth Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44101-2566:

1. NHB Financial, Inc., Newell, West Virginia; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Northern Hancock Bank and Trust Company, Newell, West Virginia.

C. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166-2034:

1. Independence Bancorp, New Albany, Indiana. and Harrodsburg First Financial Bancorp, Inc., Harrodsburg, Kentucky; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of I–Bank, Louisville, Kentucky (in organization).