applicable to workers of The Boeing Company, Commercial Airplane Group, Irving, Texas. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on July 29, 2002 (67 FR 49039–49040).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers are engaged in the production of large commercial aircraft and the components thereof.

New information shows that workers separated from employment at the Irving, Texas, location of the subject firm had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account for Boeing Irving Company and Boeing Electronics Irving Company.

Accordingly, the Department is amending this certification to properly reflect this matter.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of The Boeing Company, Commercial Airplane Group, Irving, Texas, who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-40,525F is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of The Boeing Company, Boeing Irving Company, Boeing Electronics Irving Company, Commercial Airplane Group, Irving, Texas (TA–W–40,525F) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after February 25, 2002, through March 18, 2004, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 21st day of October, 2002.

Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 02–29694 Filed 11–21–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-41,379 and TA-W-41,379A]

Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company, McAllen #9, McAllen, TX, and Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company, Weslaco, TX; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on July 2, 2002, applicable to workers of Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company,

McAllen #9, McAllen, Texas. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on July 18, 2002 (67 FR 47400).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information shows that worker separations occurred at the Weslaco, Texas location of Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company when the plant closed permanently in September, 2002. The workers were engaged in employment related to the production of men's work pants.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to cover workers of Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company, Weslaco, Texas.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-41,379 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company, McAllen #9, McAllen, Texas (TA–W–41,379) and Williamson Dickie Manufacturing Company, Weslaco, Texas (TA–W–41,379A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 9, 2001, through July 2, 2004, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 4th day of October, 2002.

Linda G. Poole

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 02–29696 Filed 11–21–02; 8:45 am] $\tt BILLING\ CODE\ 4510–30–P$

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-6554; Permit # 55348J; Aleknagik, Alaska]

Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (P.L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called NAFTA-TAA and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273), an investigation was initiated on September 5, 2002, in response to a petition filed by the Bristol Bay Native Association on behalf of Bristol Bay salmon fishermen, Permit # 55348J, Aleknagik, Alaska.

The workers stopped fishing in July 2001, more than one year from the September 5, 2002, petition date.
Section 223(b)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, provides that a certification may not apply to a worker whose separation from employment occurred more than one year prior to the date the petition was filed.

Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 13th day of November 2002.

Linda G. Poole.

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 02–29700 Filed 11–21–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-41,467]

I.C. Isaacs & Co., Inc., New York, NY; Notice of Revised Determination on Reconsideration

By application of August 1, 2002, the company requested administrative reconsideration regarding the Department's Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance, applicable to the workers of the subject firm.

The initial investigation resulted in a negative determination, based on the finding that the workers of I.C. Isaacs & Co., Incorporated did not produce jeans, t-shirts and men's polo shirts during the relevant period. The denial notice was signed on June 25, 2002 and published in the **Federal Register** on July 9, 2002 (67 FR 455501).

The company on reconsideration provided additional information concerning the functions performed by the subject firm and further indicated that various firm functions were transferred to a third party independent contractor located in Asia during the relevant period.

This data, in conjunction with data provided in the initial investigation, shows that the firm was an apparel manufacturer during the relevant period.

On further review it has been determined that the firm's sales and employment declined during the relevant period.

The investigation also revealed that a meaningful portion of the functions performed by the subject firm workers were shifted to a foreign third party