Applicants applying for Priority Area 1—Preferred Communities should read Additional Information on Eligibility to prevent confusion as to Eligibility (Eligible Applicants) for this program area.

Eligible applicants are ten national voluntary agencies that currently resettle refugees under a Reception and Placement Cooperative Agreement with the Department of State or with the Department of Homeland Security. Priority Area 1—Preferred Communities is restricted to these agencies because placements of new arrivals occur under the terms of the cooperative agreements, and no other agencies place new arrivals or participate in determining their resettlement sites.

Nguyen Van Hanh,

Director, Office of Refugee Resettlement. [FR Doc. 04–19175 Filed 8–19–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4184-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Periodically, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) will publish a summary of information collection requests under OMB review, in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these documents, call the SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer on (301) 443–7978.

Assessment of the Reach Out Now
National Teach-In Initiative (OMB No.
0930–0258; Revision)—Under Section
515(b) of the Public Health Service Act
(42 U.S.C. 290bb–21), the Center for
Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) of
the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration (SAMHSA) is
directed to develop effective alcohol
abuse prevention literature and, to
assure the widespread dissemination of
prevention materials among States,
political subdivisions, and school
systems. Each April, SAMHSA

collaborates with Scholastic Inc. in the April distribution of *Reach Out Now:* Talk to Your Fifth and Sixth Grader About Underage Alcohol Use, a supplement created and distributed by Scholastic Inc.

Beginning in April 2004, SAMHSA sponsors an annual national Teach-In to foster a conversation with fifth graders on the dangers of early alcohol use; effective in 2005 the Teach-In is being expanded to include sixth graders. State substance abuse prevention directors nominate organizations to participate in this program. The Teach-In program builds upon the highly successful national initiative of the Leadership to Keep Children Alcohol Free, which is focused on preventing alcohol use among children ages 9 to 15 and is spearheaded by more than 40 current and past Governors' spouses, who have held or supported Reach Out Now Teach-Ins in their States.

Organizations that agree to participate in this SAMHSA initiative are asked to provide feedback information about the implementation and results of the Teach-In event in their community school. The table that follows provides an estimate of the annual response burden for the feedback form.

No. of respondents	Responses/re- spondent	Burden/re- sponse (hrs.)	Total burden hours
200	1	.167	34

Written comments and recommendations concerning the proposed information collection should be sent by September 20, 2004 to: SAMHSA Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503; due to potential delays in OMB's receipt and processing of mail sent through the U.S. Postal Service, respondents are encouraged to submit comments by fax to: 202–395–6974.

Dated: August 12, 2004.

Anna Marsh,

Executive Officer, SAMHSA. [FR Doc. 04–19108 Filed 8–19–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4162-20-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Fiscal Year (FY) 2004 Funding Opportunity

AGENCY: Center for Mental Health Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of intent to award a Single Source Grant to the North Carolina Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services.

SUMMARY: This notice is to inform the public that the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), Center for Mental Health Services, intends to award approximately \$150,000 (total costs) for a 1-year project to the North Carolina Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services. This is not a formal request for applications. Assistance will be provided only to the

North Carolina Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services based on the receipt of a satisfactory application that is approved through an objective review process.

Funding Opportunity Title: Kannapolis, North Carolina Outreach and Intervention Project (SM 04–014).

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number: 93.243.

Authority: Section 509 and 520A of the Public Health Service Act, as amended.

Justification: The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
Administration's (SAMHSA) Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS) intends to award a single source grant to the North Carolina Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services to assess the need for mental health and substance abuse services in Cabarrus and Rowan Counties, to develop and implement outreach activities to encourage those in need of mental health and/or substance abuse services to seek assistance, and to facilitate service delivery.

Cabarrus and Rowan Counties are in south central North Carolina where the primary employer had been a textile plant owned by a company named Pillotex. In July of 2003, the company went bankrupt and the plant was closed resulting in 4,300 individuals in the two counties losing their jobs. Forty-two percent of the individuals in the two counties have a relative who was affected by the layoff. This closing came at a time when the whole economy of the area was depressed. One-year later 75 percent of the individuals are still unemployed and are facing the loss of their medical benefits either because their benefit period is up or they can no longer pay the large premium involved. The community shows signs of stress as incidences of domestic violence are up over 40 percent and child welfare cases are up over 40 percent as well.

A recent informal survey conducted by the Community Service Center serving Cabarrus and Rowan Counties indicate that the most unmet need is for mental health and substance abuse services. Yet these are individuals who have not had to depend on public service systems their entire life and would be reticent to approach such services even if desperately needed.

This grant is to design and implement community education, prevention, intervention and short term mental health and substance abuse and family treatment services and supports and to work in collaboration with a project steering committee and community partners to provide direct concerted outreach efforts and facilitate the involvement of those in need of such services.

Only the North Carolina Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services is eligible for funding under this announcement because it is the State of North Carolina that is responsible for the provision of mental health and substance abuse services in the State which it does through regional offices. The regional office that would carry out the responsibilities of the grant would be the Piedmont Behavioral Healthcare. Giving the grant to the State of North Carolina will ensure that the services under this grant are integrated into the existing system of care and is coordinated with other State programs relating to primary health care, education, social services, juvenile services, child welfare, etc.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Ronald Manderscheid, SAMHSA/CMHS, 5600 Fishers Lane, Suite 15C04, Rockville, Maryland 20857; telephone:

(301) 443–3343; e-mail: *rmanders@samhsa.gov*.

Dated: August 13, 2004.

Margaret Gilliam,

Acting Associate Administrator for Policy, Planning and Budget.

[FR Doc. 04–19055 Filed 8–19–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4162–20–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Border and Transportation Security; Notice to Nonimmigrant Aliens Subject To Be Enrolled in the United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology System (US–VISIT)

AGENCY: Border and Transportation Security Directorate, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has established the United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology Program (US-VISIT), an integrated, automated entry-exit system that records the arrival and departure of aliens; verifies aliens' identities: and authenticates aliens' travel documents through comparison of biometric identifiers. On January 5, 2004, DHS published a Notice in the Federal Register at 69 FR 482 designating 115 airports and 14 sea ports for inclusion in the US-VISIT program. US-VISIT was implemented at 115 airports and 14 sea ports on January 5, 2004 by Notice published in the Federal Register at 69 FR 482. In addition, pilot programs have been established at 15 air or sea ports to collect biometric information from certain aliens upon their departure from the United States.

This Notice identifies six new ports of entry for inclusion in the US–VISIT program at air and sea ports. This Notice also deletes two ports of entry that were inadvertently included in the January 5, 2004 Notice identifying air and sea ports of entry under US–VISIT. Further, this Notice deletes two ports that were included inadvertently in the exit pilot programs announced on August 3, 2004 at 69 FR 46556, replacing those ports with two airports to maintain the full number of fifteen exit pilot programs. **EFFECTIVE DATE:** This Notice is effective August 20, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael Hardin, US-VISIT, Border and Transportation Security, Department of Homeland Security, 1616 Fort Myer Drive, 18th Floor, Arlington, VA 22209, telephone (202) 298–5200.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

What Is US-VISIT?

DHS established US-VISIT in accordance with several Congressional mandates requiring that DHS create an integrated, automated entry-exit system that records the arrival and departure of aliens; verifies aliens' identities; and authenticates aliens' travel documents through comparison of biometric identifiers. US-VISIT is part of a continuum of security measures that begins overseas when a person applies for a visa to travel to the United States and continues on through entry and exit at U.S. air and seaports and, eventually, at land border crossings. The US-VISIT program enhances the security of U.S. citizens and visitors by verifying the identity of aliens traveling into or departing from the United States. At the same time, the program facilitates legitimate travel and trade by leveraging technology and the evolving use of biometrics to expedite processing at U.S. borders.

The goals of the program are to:

- Enhance the security of U.S. citizens and visitors
 - Facilitate legitimate travel and trade
- Ensure the integrity of the immigration system
- Safeguard the personal privacy of visitors

On January 5, 2004, DHS published an interim rule in the **Federal Register** at 69 FR 468 implementing the first phase of US–VISIT at air and sea ports of entry in the United States. The January 5, 2004 interim rule authorized the Secretary of DHS to:

- Require nonimmigrant aliens seeking admission pursuant to a nonimmigrant visa at an air or sea port of entry designated by Notice in the **Federal Register** to provide fingerprints, photograph(s), or other specified biometric identifiers at time of application for admission or at time of departure; and
- Establish pilot programs at up to fifteen air or sea ports of entry, designated through Notice in the Federal Register, through which the Secretary of DHS may require an alien admitted pursuant to a nonimmigrant visa who departs the United States from a designated air or sea port of entry to provide fingerprints, photograph(s), or other specified biometric identifiers, documentation of his or her immigration status in the United States, and such other evidence as may be requested to determine the alien's identity and whether he or she has properly maintained his or her status while in the United States.

On January 5, 2004, DHS published a Notice in the **Federal Register** at 69 FR