high doses in rodent livers. In the 2–year mouse study, at doses of 3,500 and 7,000 ppm, hepatocellular adenoma and hepatocellular carcinoma of the liver of both sexes were statistically significantly increased above those seen in the controls. A slight increase in hepatocellular adenomas was observed in female rats dosed at 4,000 ppm in the 2–year rat study. No increase was noted at lower doses or in the male rats. Additionally, the tumors did not lead to a shortening of the lifespan of affected animals and there was no decrease in the time-to-tumor versus the concurrent control animals. In the chronic toxicity portion of the rat study, there was also, the observation of hepatic perilobular lipogenesis.

A complete battery of *in vitro* and *in vivo* mutagentcity studies were performed to evaluate mepanipyrim's ability to induce gene mutations, structural chromosomal aberrations, or other genotoxic effects. Mepanipyrim showed no evidence of genotoxic activity in any of the investigations performed.

While mepanipyrim is not genotoxic, mepanipyrim demonstrated an ability to induce gamma glutamyl transferase (GGT) positive liver cell foci and to induce the liver's metabolizing enzymes. Therefore, mepanipyrim may be a non-genotoxic carcinogen suggested by its ability to induce a proliferative effect in the liver which results in increases in spontaneously occurring liver neoplasia in both mice and rats. A threshold would exist in this case and no oncogenic response would be anticipated below such a threshold level. In the current studies, no hepatocellular tumors or liver toxicity were observed in mice at 350 ppm (56.0 mg/kg/day mepanipyrim) and in rats at 50 ppm (2.45 mg/kg/day mepanipyrim).

Based on the total information examined, mepanipyrim is considered a Group C carcinogen not requiring quantitative risk assessment.

E. Safety Determination

1. *U.S. population*. The reference dose (RfD) represents the level at or below which daily aggregate dietary exposure over a lifetime will not pose appreciable risks to human health. For mepanipyrim, the RfD of 0.0245 mg/kg bwt/day is based on a NOAEL of 50 ppm or 2.45 mg/kg bwt/day from the chronic toxicity/oncogenicity study. Considering the extremely conservative estimates of exposure in comparison to the RfD of 0.0245 mg/kg, the chronic dietary exposure of the U.S. population will only utilize 3.8% of the RfD. This exposure is much less than 100% of the RfD and K-I Chemical U.S.A., Inc., concludes that there is a ''reasonable certainty to no harm'' from aggregate exposure to mepanipyrim residues.

2. *Infants and children*. The chronic dietary exposure estimates will utilize approximately 1.8% of the RfD for non-nursing infants less than 1–year of age, and approximately 7.3% of the RfD for children 1–6 years of age, and approximately 4.8% for children 7–12 years of age. The conservative exposure estimates for the infant and children populations are all well below the RfD for mepanipyrim.

F. International Tolerances

Registration of mepanipyrim is in progress in the European Union (EU). A provisional registration has been granted in several countries with temporary maximum residue levels (tMRL) set. These countries and tMRLs are: Austria, strawberry and grape (2 mg/kg); Belgium, strawberry (2); France, strawberry and grape (2), wine (0.2); Italy, strawberry (2), grape (3), wine and tomato (1); Luxembourg, strawberry (2), grape (3); Netherlands, strawberry (2); Portugal, strawberry and grape (2); Spain, strawberry and grape (2), tomato (1); and United Kingdom, strawberry (2).

Mepanipyrim is registered for crop uses in Switzerland, Japan, and Israel.

[FR Doc. 04–11562 Filed 5–25–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPP–2003–0353; FRL–7356–1]

Di-n-propylisocinchomeronate (MGK® Repellent 326); Availability of Reregistration Eligibility Decision Document for Comment

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces availability and starts a 30–day public comment period on the Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document for the insect repellent di-n-propylisocinchomeronate (MGK® Repellent 326). The RED represents EPA's formal regulatory assessment of the human health and environmental data base of the subject chemical and presents the Agency's determination regarding which pesticidal uses are eligible for reregistration.

DATES: Comments, identified by docket ID number OPP–2003–0353, must be received on or before June 25, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted electronically, by mail, or through hand delivery/courier. Follow the detailed instructions as provided in Unit I. of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tawanda Spears, Special Review and Reregistration Division (7508C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (703) 308–8050; e-mail address: *spears.tawanda@epa.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

This action is directed to the public in general. This action may, however, be of interest to persons who are or may be required to conduct testing of chemical substances under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) or the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA); environmental, human health, and agricultural advocates; pesticides users; and members of the public interested in the use of pesticides. Since other entities may also be interested, the Agency has not attempted to describe all the specific entities that may be affected by this action. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

B. How Can I Get Copies of this Document and Other Related Information?

1. *Docket*. EPA has established an official public docket for this action under docket identification (ID) number OPP–2003–0353. The official public docket consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, any public comments received, and other information related to this action. Although a part of the official docket, the public docket does not include Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. The official public docket is the collection of materials that is available for public viewing at the Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA. This docket facility is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The docket telephone number is (703) 305–5805.

2. *Electronic access*. You may access this **Federal Register** document electronically through the EPA Internet under the ''**Federal Register**'' listings at

http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/. To access RED documents and RED fact sheets electronically, go directly to the REDs table on EPA's Office of Pesticide Programs Home Page, at *http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/reregistration/status.htm*.

An electronic version of the public docket is available through EPA's electronic public docket and comment system, EPA Dockets. You may use EPA Dockets at *http://www.epa.gov/edocket/* to submit or view public comments, access the index listing of the contents of the official public docket, and to access those documents in the public docket that are available electronically. Once in the system, select ''search,'' then key in the appropriate docket ID number.

Certain types of information will not be placed in EPA's Dockets. Information claimed as CBI and other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute, which is not included in the official public docket, will not be available for public viewing in EPA's electronic public docket. EPA's policy is that copyrighted material will not be placed in EPA's electronic public docket but will be available only in printed, paper form in the official public docket. To the extent feasible, publicly available docket materials will be made available in EPA's electronic public docket. When a document is selected from the index list in EPA Dockets, the system will identify whether the document is available for viewing in EPA's electronic public docket. Although not all docket materials may be available electronically, you may still access any of the publicly available docket materials through the docket facility identified in Unit I.B.1. EPA intends to work towards providing electronic access to all of the publicly available docket materials through EPA's electronic public docket.

For public commenters, it is important to note that EPA's policy is that public comments, whether submitted electronically or in paper, will be made available for public viewing in EPA's electronic public docket as EPA receives them and without change, unless the comment contains copyrighted material, CBI, or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. When EPA identifies a comment containing copyrighted material, EPA will provide a reference to that material in the version of the comment that is placed in EPA's electronic public docket. The entire printed comment, including the copyrighted material, will be available in the public docket.

Public comments submitted on computer disks that are mailed or delivered to the docket will be transferred to EPA's electronic public docket. Public comments that are mailed or delivered to the docket will be scanned and placed in EPA's electronic public docket. Where practical, physical objects will be photographed, and the photograph will be placed in EPA's electronic public docket along with a brief description written by the docket staff.

C. How and to Whom Do I Submit Comments?

You may submit comments electronically, by mail, or through hand delivery/courier. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, identify the appropriate docket ID number in the subject line on the first page of your comment. Please ensure that your comments are submitted within the specified comment period. Comments received after the close of the comment period will be marked ''late.'' EPA is not required to consider these late comments. If you wish to submit CBI or information that is otherwise protected by statute, please follow the instructions in Unit I.D. Do not use EPA Dockets or e-mail to submit CBI or information protected by statute.

1. *Electronically*. If you submit an electronic comment as prescribed in this unit, EPA recommends that you include your name, mailing address, and an e-mail address or other contact information in the body of your comment. Also include this contact information on the outside of any disk or CD ROM you submit, and in any cover letter accompanying the disk or CD ROM. This ensures that you can be identified as the submitter of the comment and allows EPA to contact you in case EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties or needs further information on the substance of your comment. EPA's policy is that EPA will not edit your comment, and any identifying or contact information provided in the body of a comment will be included as part of the comment that is placed in the official public docket, and made available in EPA's electronic public docket. If EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment.

i. *EPA dockets*. Your use of EPA's electronic public docket to submit comments to EPA electronically is EPA's preferred method for receiving comments. Go directly to EPA Dockets at *http://www.epa.gov/edocket/*, and follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Once in the system, select ''search,'' and then key in docket ID number OPP–2003–0353. The system is an ''anonymous access'' system, which means EPA will not know your identity, e-mail address, or other contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment.

ii. *E-mail*. Comments may be sent by e-mail to *opp-docket@epa.gov*, Attention: Docket ID Number OPP–2003–0353. In contrast to EPA's electronic public docket, EPA's e-mail system is not an ''anonymous access'' system. If you send an e-mail comment directly to the docket without going through EPA's electronic public docket, EPA's e-mail system automatically captures your e-mail address. E-mail addresses that are automatically captured by EPA's e-mail system are included as part of the comment that is placed in the official public docket, and made available in EPA's electronic public docket.

iii. *Disk or CD ROM*. You may submit comments on a disk or CD ROM that you mail to the mailing address identified in Unit I.C.2. These electronic submissions will be accepted in WordPerfect or ASCII file format. Avoid the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

2. *By mail*. Send your comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB) (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001, Attention: Docket ID Number OPP–2003–0353.

3. *By hand delivery or courier*. Deliver your comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA, Attention: Docket ID Number OPP–2003–0353. Such deliveries are only accepted during the docket's normal hours of operation as identified in Unit I.B.1.

D. How Should I Submit CBI to the Agency?

Do not submit information that you consider to be CBI electronically through EPA's electronic public docket or by e-mail. You may claim information that you submit to EPA as CBI by marking any part or all of that information as CBI (if you submit CBI on disk or CD ROM, mark the outside of the disk or CD ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD ROM the specific information that is CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.

In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes any information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket and EPA's electronic public docket. If you submit the copy that does not contain CBI on disk or CD ROM, mark the outside of the disk or CD ROM clearly that it does not contain CBI. Information not marked as CBI will be included in the public docket and EPA's electronic public docket without prior notice. If you have any questions about CBI or the procedures for claiming CBI, please consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

E. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?

You may find the following suggestions helpful for preparing your comments:

1. Explain your views as clearly as possible.
2. Describe any assumptions that you used.
3. Provide copies of any technical information and/or data you used that support your views.
4. If you estimate potential burden or costs, explain how you arrived at the estimate that you provide.
5. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns.
6. Offer alternative ways to improve the notice or collection activity.
7. Make sure to submit your comments by the deadline in this document.
8. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, be sure to identify the docket ID number assigned to this action in the subject line on the first page of your response. You may also provide the name, date, and **Federal Register** citation.

II. Background

A. What Action is the Agency Taking?

The Agency has issued a RED for the insect repellent MGK® Repellent 326. Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), EPA is conducting an accelerated reregistration program to reevaluate existing pesticides to make sure they meet current scientific and regulatory standards. The data base to support the reregistration of MGK® Repellent 326 is substantially complete and the insect repellent's risks have been mitigated so that MGK® Repellent 326 will not pose unreasonable risks to people or the environment when used according to its approved labeling.

In addition, EPA is reevaluating existing pesticides and reassessing tolerances under the Food Quality Protection Act (FQPA) of 1996. Therefore, the RED also presents the Agency's tolerance reassessment decision for MGK® Repellent 326, which included the consideration of risks to infants and children.

All registrants of pesticide products containing the active ingredient di-n-propyl isocinchomeronate will be sent a copy of the RED, and must respond to labeling requirements and product-specific data requirements (if applicable) within 8 months of receipt.

The reregistration program is being conducted under Congressionally mandated time frames, and EPA recognizes both the need to make timely reregistration decisions and to involve the public. Therefore, EPA is issuing this RED as a final document with a 30–day comment period. Although the 30–day public comment period does not affect the registrant's response due date, it is intended to provide an opportunity for public input and a mechanism for initiating any necessary amendments to the RED. Unless adverse comments are received, at the end of the coment period, the Agency will consider this action a final decision. If any comment significantly affects a RED, EPA will amend the RED by publishing the amendment in the **Federal Register**.

B. What is the Agency's Authority for Taking this Action?

The legal authority for these REDs falls under FIFRA. Section 4(g)(2)(A) of FIFRA directs that, after submission of all data concerning a pesticide active ingredient, ''the Administrator shall determine whether pesticides containing such active ingredient are eligible for reregistration,'' before calling in product-specific data on individual end-use products, and either reregistering products or taking ''other appropriate regulatory action.''

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Pesticides and pests.

Dated: May 14, 2004.

Debra Edwards,

Director, Special Review and Reregistration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 04–11778 Filed 5–25–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Ocean Transportation Intermediary License Applicants

Notice is hereby given that the following applicants have filed with the Federal Maritime Commission an application for license as a Non-Vessel Operating Common Carrier and Ocean Freight Forwarder—Ocean Transportation Intermediary pursuant to section 19 of the Shipping Act of 1984 as amended (46 U.S.C. app. 1718 and 46 CFR 515).

Persons knowing of any reason why the following applicants should not receive a license are requested to contact the Office of Transportation Intermediaries, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573.

Non-Vessel Operating Common Carrier Ocean Transportation Intermediary Applicants:

Best International Shipping, Inc., 129 Selandia Lane, Carson, CA 90746. Officers: Eung-Hee Cho, Secretary/C.F.O., (Qualifying Individual), Yoon Jung Cho, President.

American Transport Logistics, Inc., 12 Blackfoot Drive, Manalapan, NJ 07726. Officer: Isaac M. Eddi, Director, (Qualifying Individual).

Apex Maritime Co. (LAX), Inc., 20418 East Walnut Drive North, Walnut, CA 91789. Officer: Vicky Cheung, President, (Qualifying Individual).

Non-Vessel Operating Common Carrier and Ocean Freight Forwarder Transportation Intermediary Applicant:

Ni Midstar, LLC, 8228 50th Street, SW., Byron, MN 55920. Officers: Chris Heinz, President, (Qualifying Individual), Kazuo Hondo, Director.

Ocean Freight Forwarder—Ocean Transportation Intermediary Applicant:

Maharlika Forwarders Travel & Tours, 1545 W. Willow Street, Suite A, Long Beach, CA 90810, Grace Menez, Sole Proprietor.

Dated: May 21, 2004.

Bryant L. VanBrakle,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 04–11920 Filed 5–25–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730–01–P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Ocean Transportation Intermediary License Reissuances

Notice is hereby given that the following Ocean Transportation Intermediary licenses have been reissued by the Federal Maritime Commission pursuant to section 19 of the Shipping Act of 1984, as amended by the Ocean Shipping Reform Act of 1998 (46 U.S.C. app. 1718) and the regulations of the Commission pertaining to the licensing of Ocean Transportation Intermediaries, 46 CFR part 515.