# Key features of syphilis in the U.S. in 2003

Syphilis is a preventable and curable sexually transmitted disease (STD). Syphilis disproportionately affects a small percentage of the population and research shows that these are often isolated groups involved in high-risk activities such as illicit drug use, exchanging sex for money or drugs, unprotected sexual intercourse and having multiple sex partners.

- U.S. primary and secondary (P&S) syphilis rate in 2003 was 2.5 cases/100,000 population (7,177 cases).
- U.S. congenital syphilis rate was 10.3 cases/100,000 live births (413 cases).
- Half of U.S. P&S cases in 2003 were in 19 counties, less than 1% of 3,140 counties.

# Rate (per 100,000 population) 0.0 0.1-4.0

# Florida Rates

# Key features of syphilis in Florida in 2003

# Primary and secondary syphilis cases, rates and rank

- Florida's 658 cases ranked 2 among 50 states, District of Columbia and 3 territories.
- Florida's rate of 3.9 cases/100,000 population ranked 6 among 50 states, District of Columbia and 3 territories.
- Florida's rate was 1.6 times the U.S. rate of 2.5 cases/100,000 population.

# Male-female ratios (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Florida, 585 (89%) cases in 2003 were among males, compared to 83% nationally. The rate among males (7/100,000) was 1.7 times that of the U.S. male rate (4.2/100,000).
- In Florida, 73 (11%) cases were among females, compared to 17% nationally. The rate among females (0.8/100,000) was 1.1 times that of the U.S. female rate (0.8/100,000).
- The ratio of male to female rates in Florida was 8.4:1.0, higher than than the U.S. ratio of 4.9:1.0.

### Racial disparities (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Florida in 2003, the racial distribution of the 658 cases was: White = 324; Black = 161; Hispanics = 126; Asian = 4; American Indian = 1. The race adjusted rates (per 100,000 population) were: White = 3.2; Black = 6.6; Hispanics = 4.3; Asian = 1.1; American Indian = 1.9.
- 52.6% of cases were among Whites, compared to 42% nationally.
- 26.1% of cases were among Blacks, compared to 39% nationally. The rate among Blacks (6.6) was 2.1 times that of Whites (3.2).
- 20.5% of cases were among Hispanics, compared to 16% nationally. The rate among Hispanics (4.3) was 1.3 times that of Whites (3.2).
- 0.6% of cases were among Asians, compared to 2% nationally. The rate among Asians (1.1) was 0.3 times that of Whites (3.2).
- 0.2% of cases were among American Indians, compared to 1% nationally. The rate among American Indians (1.9) was 0.6 times that of Whites (3.2).

#### **Congenital Syphilis**

Syphilis can be transmitted from mother to fetus during pregnancy causing stillbirths or congenital syphilis that may result in lifelong health problems.

- Florida had 26 congenital syphilis cases born in 2003.
- The congenital syphilis rate in the state was 12.6 cases/100,000 live births.
- The congenital syphilis rate in Florida was 1.2 times the U.S. rate of 10.3/100,000 live births.