Teacher Guide Primary Source Set: Thanksgiving



The First Thanksgiving 1621 (c1932) http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?pp/ils:@filreq(@field(NUMBER+@band(cph+3a17442))+@field(COLLID+cph))

Throughout history, people have given thanks – sometimes in joyful celebration, often in solemn, even prayerful, ceremony. The United States, over hundreds of years, has come to observe a national holiday for giving thanks. Thanksgiving: family and friends, crisp fall weather, orange and gold leaves, football, turkey, pumpkin pie ...

Early Thanksgiving Celebrations

In 1541, Spanish explorer Francisco Vasquez de Coronado led 1,500 men in a thanksgiving celebration in what is today the Texas Panhandle. Two decades later, French Huguenot colonists gave solemn praise and thanksgiving at a settlement near what is now Jacksonville, Florida. English settlers joined Abnaki Indians along Maine's Kennebec River for a harvest feast and prayer meeting in August 1607. In the spring of 1610, in what many consider the "first American Thanksgiving," colonists in Jamestown, Virginia, held a thanksgiving prayer service after English supply ships arrived with much-needed food. Eleven years later, Pilgrims at Plymouth Colony celebrated the autumn harvest with a three-day feast. Governor William Bradford invited the chief of the Wampanoag tribe, Massasoit, and his tribesmen to join the colonists and feast on wild turkeys, duck, geese, venison, lobsters, clams, bass, corn, green vegetables, and dried fruits. The celebration included athletic contests and a military review. That harvest celebration is given the distinction of shaping many of America's Thanksgiving traditions.

Thanksgiving in the New Nation

In November 1775, *the Boston Gazette and Country Journal* published a proclamation for a public thanksgiving, asking citizens "...to offer up humble and fervent Prayers to Almighty GOD, for the whole British Empire; especially for the UNITED AMERICAN COLONIES ..." Two years later, the Continental Congress recommended that the colonies observe a day of thanksgiving after the colonists' October victory over British forces in the Battle of Saratoga. The commander-in-chief of the Continental forces, George Washington, set aside Thursday, December 18 "for Solemn Thanksgiving and Praise."

Two years later, as the president of the United States, George Washington proclaimed November 26 a day of national thanksgiving and prayer, but Thanksgiving failed to become an annual tradition at this time. Only Presidents Washington, Adams, and Madison declared national days of thanks. Thomas Jefferson and John Quincy Adams considered the practice to infringe upon the separation of church and state.

Thanksgiving Traditions

On December 26, 1850, the Territory of Minnesota observed its first Thanksgiving Day with a spirited celebration. Territory Governor Alexander Ramsey stated, "…… Let us in the public temple of religion, by the fireside and family altar, on the prairie and in the forest, join in the expression of our gratitude, of our devotion to the God who brought our fathers safely through the perils of an early revolution, and who thus continues his favors to the remotest colonies of his sons." Such sentiments were echoed throughout states and territories of the U.S., and thanksgiving became an unofficial national tradition even before it became a national holiday.

Another tradition was begun when the American Intercollegiate Football Association held its first championship game on Thanksgiving Day, 1876. By the 1890s, perennial favorites Yale and Princeton drew huge crowds of fans for the collegiate championship games, and thousands more club, college, and high school football games were played on the holiday. In 1934, 26,000 fans watched the Detroit Lions face the Chicago Bears at the University of Detroit Stadium in the first National Football League game held on Thanksgiving Day. Ninety-four stations on the NBC radio network broadcast that game, and televised broadcasts of games began in 1956.

When employees, friends, and families of Macy's sponsored the department store's first annual Thanksgiving Day Parade in New York City in 1924, another tradition was born. The Macy's Thanksgiving Day parade soon became the standard event that heralded the official start of the Christmas shopping season.

On Thanksgiving Eve 1947, President Harry Truman "pardoned" a turkey the day before it was scheduled to be a main attraction at the White House Thanksgiving dinner. The pardoning of one lucky bird, along with the commutation of a trip to the chopping block into a lifelong stay in a Herndon, Virginia, petting zoo, is now an annual Thanksgiving event at the White House.

Establishing a National Thanksgiving Holiday

In 1939, President Franklin Delano Roosevelt declared November 23, the next-to-last Thursday of the month, to be Thanksgiving Day. However, the proclamation applied only the District of Columbia and to federal employees. While governors usually followed the president's lead with state proclamations for the same day, in that year 23 states observed Thanksgiving Day on November 23; 23 states celebrated on November 30, and Texas and Colorado declared both Thursdays to be holidays. Football coaches scrambled to reschedule games set for November 30, and people weren't sure when to start their Christmas shopping! After two years of confusion and complaint, President Roosevelt signed legislation establishing Thanksgiving Day as the fourth Thursday in November.

Thanksgiving Events in Current History and Today —

On Thanksgiving Day 1963, six days after the assassination of President Kennedy, President Lyndon Johnson addressed the nation. He announced that Florida's NASA Launch Operation Center would be renamed the John F. Kennedy Space Center and he asked the public to remain "determined that from this midnight of tragedy we shall move toward a new American greatness."

The civil rights efforts of the 1960s translated into a heightened political and social presence for Native Americans in the 1970s. Organizations such as the American Indian Movement (AIM) staged political protests to draw attention to unjust treatment of Native Americans. On Thanksgiving Day 1970, 25 Native Americans dressed in traditional garb held a day of mourning at Plymouth, Massachusetts. Gathered before the statue of Massassoit, the Wampanoag chief who aided the Plymouth Colony, they buried Plymouth Rock under mounds of sand.

As the nation celebrated Thanksgiving Day 2000, it remained unclear who would pardon the White House turkey the following year. The closest presidential election in U.S. history became the longest election in U.S. history as candidates AI Gore and George W. Bush wrangled over voting results for weeks. Bush was finally declared the winner after a December 12 Supreme Court ruling that hand-counting disputed votes in Florida was unconstitutional.

The events of September 11, 2001, resulted in the tragic loss of life and led to the deployment of U.S. troops overseas. As Americans have celebrated Thanksgiving in the early years of the 21st century, many have done so with a heightened awareness of all that they have to be thankful for and of the potential risks that their families and others face, both in this country and abroad.

Suggestions for teachers

Teachers may use these Library of Congress primary source documents to introduce historical perspectives on the American Thanksgiving tradition. Multiple versions of the signing of the Mayflower Compact allow students to consider artists' differing points of view. Images of the landing at Plymouth in 1620, meetings with the Native people and the first Thanksgiving are included to help students consider the artistic vision in contrast to the reality of the actual events. Students can read and analyze official proclamations for a day of thanks from 1678, 1721, 1789, and 1863, as well as the famous letter from Sarah Hale to Abraham Lincoln requesting an official National Thanksgiving Day.

Thanksgiving drawings and photographs from the Civil War era, 1911, 1921, and 1942 present views of this American tradition during different eras. Students can compare historical Thanksgiving celebrations with the ways families, schoolchildren and communities observe Thanksgiving today.

Additional Online Resources

Library of Congress Links

<u>Thanksgiving in American Memory</u> a feature presentation from the Learning Page http://memory.loc.gov/learn/features/thanks.html

<u>Thanksgiving Timeline</u> a timeline of the history of Thanksgiving in the Americas http://memory.loc.gov/learn/features/thanksgiving/timeline/1630.html

<u>Today in History: November 25</u> a sampler of historical information about the U.S. Thanksgiving celebration http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/today/nov25.html

Links Outside the Library of Congress

<u>Mayflower Compact</u> includes the text of this document and the names of those who signed it http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/amerdoc/mayflower.htm

The History of Thanksgiving from History Channel http://www.historychannel.com/exhibits/thanksgiving/

<u>Thanksgiving – Living, Breathing History</u> from Plimoth Plantation http://www.plimoth.org/learn/history/thanksgiving/thanksgiving.asp

Citations: Thanksgiving

Teachers,

Providing these primary source replicas without source clues may enhance the inquiry experience for students. This list of citations (Chicago Manual of Style) is supplied for reference purposes to you and your students.



Burnet, John. *Departure of the Pilgrim Fathers, for America, A.D. 1620.* Image. n.d. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3a32026



Halsall, William. *The Mayflower, 1620.* Image. Detroit: Detroit Publishing Co, [between 1900 and 1920]. From Library of Congress, *Touring Turn-of-the-Century America; Photographs from the Detroit Publishing Company, 1880-1920.* http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a26405



Ferris, J.L.G. *The Mayflower Compact 1620*. Image. Cleveland: Fountain Press, 28 July 1932. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3g07155



Gauthier. *The Pilgrims Signing the Compact on Board the Mayflower, Nov. 11, 1620.* Image. 1857. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3a02000



Moran, Percy. [*Signing of the Compact in the Cabin of the Mayflower.*] Image. Detroit: Detroit Publishing, [between 1910 and 1930]. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a27834



Currier, N. Landing of the pilgrims at Plymouth 11th Dec. 1620. Image. New York: N. Currier, [between 1838 and 1856]. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3g03305



Bobbett, Alfred. *Landing of the Pilgrims.* Image. New York: Johnson & Miles, 1877. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3c08110



Robin, Augustus. *Meeting of Governor Carver and Massasoit*. Image. [between 1870 and 1900.] From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3b42342



Ferris, J.L.G. *The First Thanksgiving 1621.* Image. Cleveland: Foundation Press, 1932. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3a17442

GENERAL COURT into in New-England ^{The function} of Opposite of the function ^{The function} of Opposite of the function ^{The function} of Opposite of the function of the Green, Samuel. At a General Court held at Boston in New England the second day of October 1678. Broadside. Cambridge, 1678. From Library of Congress, An American Time Capsule: Three Centuries of Broadsides and Other Printed Ephemra. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.rbc/rbpe.03301000

By the HONOURABLE, utdon Saltonftall, JR of His Mylty's Colony of Can ROCLAMA Publick Thank In Colony of Can Publick Thank Green, Timothy. By the Honourable Gurdon Saltonstall, Esq; Governour of His Majesty's Colony of Connecticut in New-England, a Proclamation for a Publick Thanksgiving. Broadside. New London, 1721. From Library of Congress, An American Time Capsule: Three Centuries of Broadsides and Other Printed Ephemra. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.rbc/rbpe.00300700.



Washington, George. The Writings of George Washington from Original manuscript Sources 1745-1799. 3 October 1789. From Library of Congress, The George Washington Papers at the Library of Congress, 1741-1799. http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/mgw:@field(DOCID+@lit(gw300388)).



Waud, Alfred R. *Thanksgiving in Camp Sketched Thursday 28th 1861*. Drawing. 28 November 1861. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3g04237

hile laging lefer - a myself had - can of our Refus office is to have integrining ma lenier Fortrack - monther office - how here me Hale, Sarah, J. Sarah J. Hale to Abraham Lincoln, Monday, September 28, 1863 (*Thanksgiving*). From Library of Congress, *The Abraham Lincoln Papers at the Library of Congress*. http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/ampage?collId=mal&fileName=mal1/266/2669900/malpage.db&recNum=0.

NT OF THE UNITED

columnation of the twenty-se a and North Carolina were ; and whereas the port of i the blockade of said port n sits of commerce :

United States. The Public Statutes at Large of the United States of America by Authority of Congress. 3 October 1863. Pages 735-736. From Library of Congress, A Century of Lawmaking for a New Nation: U.S. Congressional Documents and Debates, 1774-1875. http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/ampage?collId=llsl&fileName=013/llsl013.db&recNum=764.



School Children's Thanksgiving Games 11/27/11. Photograph. 27 November 1911. From Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Online Catalog. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/ggbain.10001



Russell, George H. "*Royal Progress*", *Pilgrim Tercentenary Pageant. Plymouth, Mass., 1921.* Panoramic photograph. 13 Aug. 1921. From Library of Congress, *Panoramic Photographs.* http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/pan.6a27464



Hollem, Howard R. *Thanksgiving, 1942.* Photograph. November 1942. From Library of Congress, *America from the Great Depression to World War II: Black-and-white Photographs from the FSA-OWL, 1935-1945.* http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/fsaall:@filreq(@field(NUMBER+@band(fsa+8b04621))+@fiel)).

Tarbox, I.N. "Our New England Thanksgiving, Historically Considered." *New Englander and Yale Review.* Volume 38, Issue 149, March, 1879. Pages 240-263. From Library of Congress, *The Nineteenth Century in Print: Periodicals.* http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/ncpsbib:@field(DOCID+@lit(ABQ0722-0038-27_bib)).