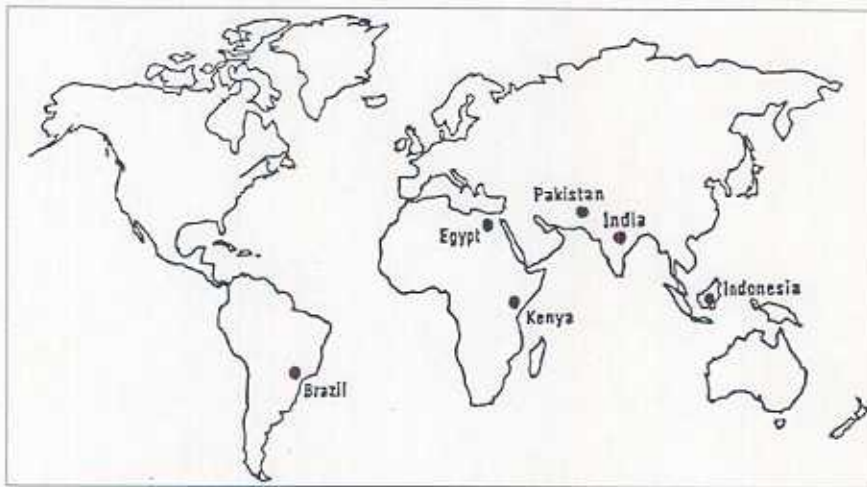


LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2003



**Washington, DC
March 2004**

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2003

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



**COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MISSION AND OVERVIEW

The mission of the Library of Congress Cooperative Acquisitions Program is to support advanced research and study about all aspects of the less-developed areas of the world, through the acquisition and distribution of primary research materials published in more than 82 developing nations. These materials are not otherwise reliably available in the United States. Because of over forty years of participation in this program, the research libraries of the nation's most prestigious universities have developed unequalled collections which support advanced research about the developing world. In fiscal year 2003, the Library supplied more than 528,400 individual bibliographic pieces to more than 90 U.S. institutions of higher learning and academic institutions abroad.

HISTORY

In 1958, Congress approved Public Law 83-480, Section 104n, which amended the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (popularly known as Public Law 480) and authorized the Librarian of Congress to use foreign currencies that accrued to the government in connection with the sales of agricultural commodities to finance "the acquisition of books, periodicals, and other materials...of cultural or educational significance...and the deposit thereof in libraries and research centers in the United States specializing in the areas to which they relate."

This amendment led to the formation of the Library's overseas offices and Cooperative Acquisitions Program. The overseas offices were created due to the ineffectiveness of conventional international commercial methods in acquiring books and other research materials from less-developed countries. Because of the lack of established publishing industries or international vendors, poor book distribution systems, and the political and economic instability of the nations of the developing world, a local presence is the only effective way to acquire the needed primary source materials.

In 1962, the Library opened the New Delhi Office, and by 1964 had opened offices in Karachi, Pakistan; Dacca, Pakistan (now Bangladesh); Cairo, Egypt; Tel Aviv, Israel; and Jakarta, Indonesia. In 1965, Congress expanded the Library's overseas offices through Public Law 89-329, the Higher Education Act of 1965, Title II-C, known as the National Program for Acquisitions and Cataloging (NPAC).

Between 1962 and 1986, twenty-three overseas offices were funded for operations; all but six were closed when no longer needed. Since 1987, the Library has operated six overseas offices: New

Delhi, India; Cairo, Egypt; Rio de Janeiro, Brazil; Jakarta, Indonesia; Nairobi, Kenya; and Islamabad, Pakistan.

These six overseas offices are responsible for acquiring materials for the Library of Congress collections and, on a cost recovery basis, for the participants in the Cooperative Acquisitions Program. The offices are under the administrative control of the Library's African/Asian Acquisitions and Overseas Operations Division.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiscal year 2003 is the sixth year of operation for the Cooperative Acquisitions Program Revolving Fund (CAPRF). Section 207 of the Legislative Branch Appropriations for fiscal year 1998 (P.L. 105-55) established CAPRF from the existing balances in the gift fund program, and mandated that the Library submit annual audited financial statements for the revolving fund. CAPRF is authorized to acquire foreign publications and research materials on behalf of participating institutions on a cost recovery basis. In accordance with Federal accounting standards, the Library has prepared Balance Sheets, Statements of Net Costs, Statements of Changes in Net Position, Statements of Budgetary Resources, and Statements of Financing for CAPRF.

Balance Sheets

The purpose of the balance sheets are to provide financial statement users with information about CAPRF's assets, liabilities, and net position as of September 30, 2003 and 2002. CAPRF's net position consists of the funds approved in Public Law 105-55 to initially capitalize the fund and the net results of operations through September 30, 2003 and 2002.

Assets			Liabilities and Net Position		
	2003	2002		2003	2002
Intragovernmental	\$ 3,609,723	\$ 3,027,853	Intragovernmental Liabilities	\$ 254,085	\$132,052
Other	210,684	185,891	Other Liabilities	2,872,220	2,379,456
			Net Position	694,102	702,236
Total Assets	\$3,820,407	\$3,213,744	Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$3,820,407	\$3,213,744

CAPRF's assets total \$3.8 million and \$3.2 million in fiscal years 2003 and 2002, with the Fund Balance with the Department of the Treasury as the major item. CAPRF's liabilities total \$3.1 million and \$2.5 million for fiscal years 2003 and 2002, consisting of accounts payable (\$0.4 and

\$0.2 million for fiscal years 2003 and 2002) and the advances received from the program participants (\$2.1 million for both fiscal years that would be refunded to participants upon program termination, and \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 that would not be refunded upon program termination). The change in total assets and liabilities overall without a corresponding change in net position is primarily due to the receipt of additional funds from participant billings that were in excess of actual costs, and thus recorded as liabilities at the end of the fiscal year.

Statements of Net Costs

The purpose of the Statements of Net Costs are to provide financial statement users with information about the program costs (\$2.2 million and \$2.3 million) and earned revenues (\$2.2 million and \$2.3 million) for CAPRF for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2003 and 2002. In other words, the statements present the net costs of the program: net costs of under \$0.1 million for fiscal year 2003 and net earned revenue of under \$0.1 million for fiscal year 2002. As cited in Public Law 105-55, CAPRF recovers its full costs over a reasonable period of time.

Statements of Changes in Net Position

The purpose of the Statements of Changes in Net Position are to provide financial statement users with information about CAPRF's financing sources and the components of the changes in net position. The CAPRF net position decreased by the net program costs (under \$0.1 million), which included imputed costs that is equally offset with an imputed financing source.

Statements of Budgetary Resources

The Statements of Budgetary Resources and the related disclosures provide information about how budgetary resources were made available as well as their status at the end of the period. The Budgetary Resources section of the statements presents the total budgetary resources available to the CAPRF. The Status of Budgetary Resources section of the statements presents information about the status of budgetary resources at the end of the period. Finally, the Outlays section presents the total outlays of CAPRF and reconciles obligations incurred to total outlays.

CAPRF's budgetary resources were \$5.2 million and \$4.9 million for fiscal years 2003 and 2002, of which \$2.6 million and \$2.0 million was the unused balance from the previous fiscal year and \$2.5 million and \$2.9 million was obtained from the participants in fiscal years 2003 and 2002. Negative outlays of \$0.5 million and \$0.7 million were a result of the incoming amounts from participants exceeding outlays of funds for the program activities for fiscal years 2003 and 2002.

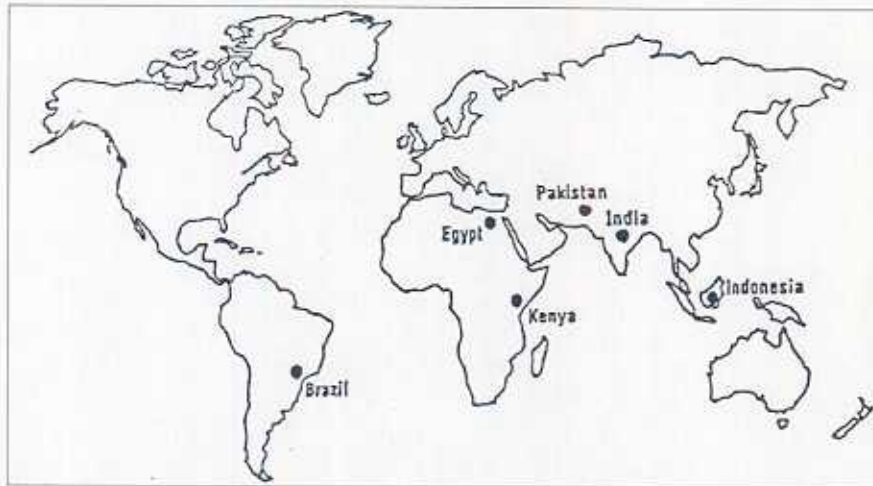
Statements of Financing

The Statements of Financing are presented to explain how budgetary resources obligated during the fiscal year (presented on the Statements of Budgetary Resources) relate to the net costs of operations of the CAPRF (presented on the Statements of Net Costs). The CAPRF had \$0.1 million and \$0.6 million difference between its net obligations (\$0.2 million and \$0.7 million for fiscal years 2003 and 2002) and its net cost (under \$0.1 million in fiscal 2003) and net earned revenue (under \$0.1 million in fiscal 2002) due to the change in unfilled participant orders (\$0.2 million and \$0.6 million in fiscal years 2003 and 2002), and imputed financing (under \$0.1 million for both years).

LIMITATIONS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CAPRF's financial statements are the culmination of a systematic accounting process. The statements have been prepared to report the financial position and results of operations of the CAPRF, pursuant to the hierarchy of accounting principles and standards set forth in Note 1 to the financial statements. While the statements have been prepared from the books and records of the Library of Congress, the statements are in addition to the financial reports used to monitor and control budgetary resources which are prepared from the same books and records. The statements should be read with the realization that they are for a component of the U.S. Government, a sovereign entity. One implication of this is that obligations and subsequent liabilities cannot be incurred without legislation that provides authority to do so.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTES



COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND**Balance Sheets**

As of September 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
ASSETS		
Entity Assets:		
Intragovernmental Assets		
Fund Balance with Treasury (Note 2)	\$ 3,492,035	\$ 3,022,984
Accounts Receivable, Net (Note 3)	117,688	4,869
Cash and Other Monetary Assets (Note 4)	199,211	172,011
Inventory and Related Property (Note 5)	11,473	13,880
Total Assets	<u>\$ 3,820,407</u>	<u>\$ 3,213,744</u>
LIABILITIES		
Intragovernmental Liabilities		
Accounts Payable (Note 6)	\$ 254,085	\$ 132,052
Advances from Others (Note 7)	2,136,480	2,073,768
Accounts Payable (Note 6)	171,914	28,173
Other Liabilities (Note 8)	563,826	277,515
Total Liabilities	<u>3,126,305</u>	<u>2,511,508</u>
NET POSITION		
Cumulative Results of Operations	<u>694,102</u>	<u>702,236</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 3,820,407</u>	<u>\$ 3,213,744</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND

Statements of Net Costs

For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Net Costs by Program Area:		
Cooperative Acquisitions Program:		
Program Costs	\$ 2,182,513	\$ 2,255,531
Less Earned Revenue	(2,165,591)	(2,284,335)
Net Costs of Operations	<u>\$ 16,922</u>	<u>\$ (28,804)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND

Statements of Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
	Cumulative Results of Operations	
Net Position, Beginning	\$ 702,236	\$ 624,025
Other Financing Sources		
Imputed Financing (Note 11)	<u>8,788</u>	<u>49,407</u>
Total Financing Sources	8,788	49,407
Net Costs of Operations	<u>16,922</u>	<u>(28,804)</u>
Net Position, Ending	\$ <u>694,102</u>	<u>702,236</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND

Statements of Budgetary Resources

For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Budgetary Resources		
Unobligated Balance:		
Beginning of Period	\$ 2,613,959	\$ 2,045,165
Spending Authority from Offsetting Collections		
Earned		
Collected	2,167,722	2,348,065
Receivable from Federal Sources	4,023	0
Change in Unfilled Customer Orders		
Advance Received	326,848	525,423
Without Advance from Federal Sources	22,175	0
Subtotal	<u>2,520,768</u>	<u>2,873,488</u>
Recoveries of Prior Year Obligations	97,532	55,758
Temporarily not Available Pursuant to Public Law	<u>(27,201)</u>	<u>(101,206)</u>
Total Budgetary Resources	<u>\$ 5,205,058</u>	<u>\$ 4,873,205</u>
Status of Budgetary Resources		
Obligations Incurred, New	\$ 2,466,166	\$ 2,259,246
Unobligated Balance, Available	<u>2,738,892</u>	<u>2,613,959</u>
Total Status of Budgetary Resources	<u>\$ 5,205,058</u>	<u>\$ 4,873,205</u>
Relationship of Obligations to Outlays		
Obligated Balance, Net, Beginning of Period	\$ 409,024	\$ 422,942
Obligated Balance, Net, End of Period:		
Accounts Receivable from Federal Sources	(4,023)	0
Unfilled Customer Orders from Federal Sources	(22,175)	0
Undelivered Orders, Unpaid	444,832	253,669
Delivered Orders, Unpaid	<u>334,509</u>	<u>155,355</u>
Total Obligated Balance, Net, End of Period	753,143	409,024
Outlays:		
Disbursements	1,998,318	2,217,406
Collections	<u>(2,494,570)</u>	<u>(2,873,488)</u>
Total Outlays	<u>\$ (496,252)</u>	<u>\$ (656,082)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND

Statements of Financing

For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Resources that Used to Finance Activities		
Obligations Incurred	\$ 2,466,166	\$ 2,259,246
Spending Authority from Offsetting Collections and Recoveries	(2,618,300)	(2,929,246)
Net Obligations	(152,134)	(670,000)
Other Resources		
Imputed Financing from Costs Absorbed by Others	8,788	49,407
Total Resources Used to Finance Activities	(143,346)	(620,593)
Resources Used to Finance Items not Part of the Net Cost of Operations		
Change in Budgetary Resources Obligated for Goods, Services and Benefits Ordered but not yet Provided	157,861	599,862
Resources that Finance the Acquisition of Assets	2,407	(4,811)
Other Resources or Adjustments to Net Obligations that do not Affect Net Cost of Operations	0	(3,262)
Total Resources Used to Finance Items not Part of the Net Cost of Operations	160,268	591,789
Total Resources Used to Finance the Net Cost of Operations	16,922	(28,804)
Net Costs of Operations	\$ 16,922	\$ (28,804)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Cooperative Acquisitions Program Revolving Fund (CAPRF) was authorized by Public Law 105-55 on October 7, 1997. The Library of Congress (the Library) operates CAPRF on a cost recovery basis to acquire foreign publications and research materials for participating institutions. The operations of CAPRF are managed by the African/Asian Acquisitions and Overseas Operations Division (AfA/OVOP). Fees charged to the participants are set and approved by the Library to recover the full direct and indirect costs of the program incurred by the Library over a reasonable period of time.

The institutions that participate in the program constitute more than 90 academic libraries. The program is managed by six overseas field offices: Jakarta (Indonesia), Nairobi (Kenya), Cairo (Egypt), Rio de Janeiro (Brazil), New Delhi (India), and Islamabad (Pakistan).

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements and schedules report the financial position, operations, changes in net position, and the budgetary resources of CAPRF for fiscal years 2003 and 2002. These statements and schedules include amounts of all funds designated by law and managed for the purpose of CAPRF. The statements were prepared from the Library's financial management system in accordance with the form and content for entity financial statements specified by the Library's financial management regulations and directives and the accounting policies summarized in this note.

As a legislative branch agency, the Library is not required to follow the executive agency accounting principles established by the Comptroller General under 31 U.S.C. 3511 or standards developed by the Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board (FASAB). However, the Library maintains its fund balances with the Department of the Treasury and submits information required to incorporate its financial and budget data into the overall federal government structure. For purposes of financial management and reporting, the Library has issued a regulation (LCR 1510) which adopts the federal standards for financial reporting and internal controls in a manner consistent with a legislative agency.

C. Basis of Accounting

Transactions are recorded on the accrual basis and are within budgetary limitations established to facilitate compliance with legal constraints and controls over use of federal funds. Under the accrual method, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, without regard to receipt or payment of cash.

The Library's financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the FASAB. The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants recognizes FASAB Standards as generally accepted accounting principles for federal reporting entities.

The statements were also prepared based on guidance published in the Office of Management and Budget Bulletin 01-09, Form and Content of Agency Financial Statements. The Library is not required to adopt this bulletin, and accordingly has elected to use the disclosures management deems necessary for the fair presentation of financial statement information.

D. Financing

CAPRF is credited with advances and amounts received as payment for purchases under the program and for services and supplies furnished to program participants. For accounting and reporting purposes, AFA/OVOP management has segmented the Cooperative Acquisitions Program into six field offices.

E. Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with Federal accounting standards, requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Note 2. Fund Balance with Treasury

The amount shown as Fund Balance with Treasury represents CAPRF's obligated and unobligated balances, which are as follows:

	2003	2002
Obligated	\$ 753,143	\$ 409,024
Unobligated	<u>2,738,892</u>	<u>2,613,959</u>
Fund Balance with Treasury	<u>\$3,492,035</u>	<u>\$3,022,984</u>

Note 3. Accounts Receivable, Net

Intragovernmental accounts receivable represent amounts due from the appropriated fund for amounts originally charged against CAPRF. Net and gross amounts are equal because no bad debt expense is expected.

Note 4. Cash and Other Monetary Assets

Cash represents CAPRF cash on hand that was not deposited with the United States Treasury as of September 30, 2003 and 2002.

Note 5. Inventory and Related Property

CAPRF inventories are primarily comprised of postage that will be consumed in future operations.

Note 6. Accounts Payable

The Intragovernmental accounts payable amount primarily represents accrued payments due to the appropriated fund for fiscal years 2003 and 2002. The non-governmental accounts payable amount represents accrued operating expenses of the program, such as payments to vendors for materials and services and accrued funded employee benefits.

Note 7. Advances from Others

This unearned revenue account represents current liabilities for funds collected in advance from the program participants. These collections are for direct expenses, such as the cost of materials acquired on the participants' behalf. These funds are available for obligation upon receipt of the advance. The advances are accompanied by an order profile from the participating institution. If a program participant cancels an order, these amounts are either applied to subsequent orders or are refunded.

Note 8. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consist of funds collected in advance from the program participants and unearned for indirect expenses (overhead) associated with the administration of the program. The unearned funds are available for obligation upon receipt of the advance. If a program participant cancels an order, these amounts are immediately recognized as revenue and are not refunded.

Note 9. Intra-governmental Activities

The financial activities of CAPRF interact with and depend on the services of the U.S. Air Force (for military postal service postage) and the Department of State for administrative support.

Note 10. Earned Revenues

Revenues are recognized as earned based on (1) actual expenses incurred for materials, binding, and shipping; and (2) CAPRF overhead applied according to the overhead rate applicable for each field office. CAPRF overhead rates are updated each year according to an overhead model

consistent with the concept of full cost described in SFFAS No. 4, "Managerial Cost Accounting Concepts and Standards for the Federal Government." The driver for CAPRF overhead rates is the direct cost of materials.

Note 11. Library Overhead Costs Included in Program Costs and Imputed Financing Sources

Certain Library overhead costs were included in the program costs for each field office. In compiling CAPRF's fiscal years 2003 and 2002 financial statements, the Library allocated Library-wide overhead costs to the revolving fund programs using the direct method of allocating service department costs. The two types of Library-wide overhead costs are costs associated with the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, and Integrated Support Services. These overhead costs were further allocated to the six field offices of CAPRF using a rational and systematic allocation base. The total amount of overhead allocated over the six field offices was \$50,957 and \$235,454 for fiscal years 2003 and 2002. Of the fiscal year amount, \$42,169 and \$186,048 was charged to the field offices through the Library's administrative working funds for fiscal years 2003 and 2002. A corresponding imputed financing source of \$8,788 and \$49,407 was recognized for the unreimbursed portion of the allocated Library overhead for fiscal years 2003 and 2002. As administrative working funds rates are derived bi-annually and are based on prior year data, fluctuations between years can occur.

Note 12. Budgetary Resources Obligated for Undelivered Orders

Budgetary resources obligated for undelivered orders at September 30, 2003 and 2002, for each of the six field offices are as follows:

	2003	2002
Jakarta, Indonesia	\$ 92,942	\$ 25,550
Nairobi, Kenya	60,454	19,689
Cairo, Egypt	21,138	3,189
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	678	5,452
New Delhi, India	268,947	198,269
Islamabad, Pakistan	673	1,520
Total	\$ <u>444,832</u>	\$ <u>253,669</u>

Note 13. Total Cost and Earned Revenue by Budget Functional Classification

A. Total Cost by Functional Classification

<u>Function Classification</u>	2003	2002
Education, Training, Employment and Social Services	<u>\$2,182,513</u>	<u>\$2,255,531</u>

B. Total Earned Revenue by Budget Functional Classification

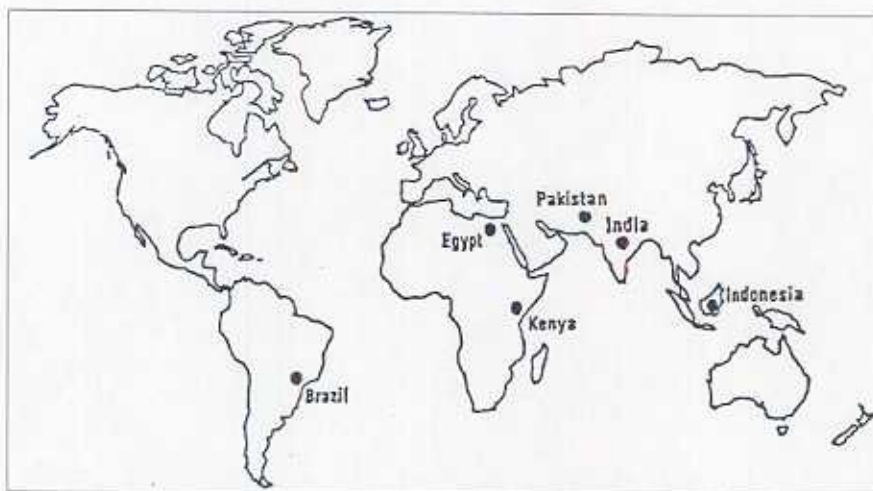
<u>Function Classification</u>	2003	2002
Education, Training, Employment and Social Services	<u>\$2,165,591</u>	<u>\$2,284,335</u>

Note 14. Total Cost By Program Activity

Cooperative Acquisitions Program:	2003	2002
Intragovernmental Costs	\$ 375,126	\$ 436,463
Public Costs	<u>1,807,387</u>	<u>1,819,068</u>
Total Program Costs	<u>\$2,182,513</u>	<u>\$2,255,531</u>

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES



COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND

Supplemental Schedules of Program Costs

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

Net Costs (Production Costs) by Program Area:	Program Segment	
	Field Office	Totals
	2003	2002
Jakarta, Indonesia:		
Intragovernmental	\$ 95,525	\$ 117,886
Public	354,543	346,403
Subtotal Program Costs	<u>450,068</u>	<u>464,289</u>
Nairobi, Kenya:		
Intragovernmental	50,407	69,002
Public	171,062	194,420
Subtotal Program Costs	<u>221,469</u>	<u>263,421</u>
Cairo, Egypt:		
Intragovernmental	93,402	89,326
Public	216,939	279,439
Subtotal Program Costs	<u>310,341</u>	<u>368,765</u>
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil:		
Intragovernmental	28,154	46,653
Public	78,315	106,432
Subtotal Program Costs	<u>106,469</u>	<u>153,085</u>
New Delhi, India:		
Intragovernmental	75,103	33,707
Public	859,446	807,825
Subtotal Program Costs	<u>934,549</u>	<u>841,532</u>
Islamabad, Pakistan:		
Intragovernmental	32,535	79,889
Public	127,082	84,550
Subtotal Program Costs	<u>159,617</u>	<u>164,439</u>
Totals:		
Intragovernmental	375,126	436,463
Public	1,807,387	1,819,068
Total Program Costs	<u>\$ 2,182,513</u>	<u>\$ 2,255,531</u>

COOPERATIVE ACQUISITIONS PROGRAM REVOLVING FUND
Supplemental Schedule of Participants by State
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003

Arizona

Arizona State University
University of Arizona

California

Stanford University
U.C., Berkeley
U.C., Los Angeles
U.C., San Diego
U.C., Santa Barbara
U.C., Santa Cruz
University of Southern California

Connecticut

Yale University

District of Columbia

Department of the Treasury
Inter-American Development Bank
Johns Hopkins University

Florida

University of Florida

Georgia

Emory University
University of Georgia

Hawaii

University of Hawaii

Illinois

Center for Research Libraries
Northern Illinois University
Northwestern University
University of Chicago
University of Illinois

Indiana

Earlham College
Indiana University
University of Notre Dame

Iowa

University of Iowa

Kansas

University of Kansas

Louisiana

Tulane University

Maryland

National Agricultural Library
National Library of Medicine
University of Maryland

Massachusetts

Boston Public Library
Boston University
Harvard University
Holy Cross University

Michigan

Michigan State University
University of Michigan

Minnesota

University of Minnesota

Missouri

Washington University

New Jersey

Rutgers University
Princeton University

New Mexico

University of New Mexico

New York

Columbia University
Cornell University
Institute for Advanced Studies of
World Religions
New York Public Library
New York University
Open Society Institute
SUNY, Binghamton
Syracuse University

North Carolina

Duke University
North Carolina State University
University of North Carolina

Ohio

Cleveland Public Library
Ohio State University
Ohio University
University of Wooster

Oregon

Portland State University
University of Oregon

Pennsylvania

American Institute of Pakistani Studies
Pennsylvania State University
Temple University
University of Pennsylvania
University of Pittsburgh

Rhode Island

Brown University

Tennessee

Vanderbilt University

Texas

Rice University
University of Texas

Utah

Brigham Young University
Genealogical Society of Utah
University of Utah

Virginia

School of Islamic and Social Sciences
University of Virginia

Washington

University of Washington
Western Washington University

Wisconsin

University of Wisconsin

Non-U.S. Libraries**Canada**

McGill University (Québec)
University of British Columbia
University of Toronto (Ontario)

Other Foreign Libraries

American University, Cairo (Egypt)
Ibero-Amerikanisches Institut
(Germany)
Institute for Southeast Asian Studies
(Singapore)
International Labour Organisation
King Abdul Aziz al-Saoud
Foundation (Morocco)
National Diet Library (Japan)
National Library Board (Singapore)
National Library of Australia
National Library of South Africa
Royal Institute of Linguistics
(Netherlands)
University of Essex (U.K.)
University of Exeter (U.K.)

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS



OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of CAPRF as of September 30, 2003, and the related statements of net costs, changes in net position, budgetary resources, and financing for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of CAPRF's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the fiscal year 2003 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CAPRF as of September 30, 2003, and its net costs, changes in net position, budgetary resources, and financing for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph. The information in the Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of CAPRF's financial statements, but is considered supplementary information required by OMB Bulletin No. 01-09, *Form and Content of Agency Financial Statements*. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of this information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit, we considered CAPRF's internal control over financial reporting by obtaining an understanding of CAPRF's internal control, determined whether internal controls had been placed in operation, assessed control risk, and performed tests of controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements. We limited our internal control testing to those controls necessary to achieve the objectives described in OMB Bulletin No. 01-02. We did not test all internal controls relevant to operating objectives such as those controls relevant to ensuring efficient operations. The objective of our audit was not to provide assurance on internal control. Consequently, we do not provide an opinion on internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be reportable conditions. Under standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, reportable conditions are matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect CAPRF's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions by management in the financial statements. Material weaknesses are reportable conditions in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Because of inherent limitations in internal controls, misstatements, losses, or noncompliance may nevertheless occur and not be detected. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control and its operation that we considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. We noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the management of CAPRF in a separate letter dated March 26, 2004.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The management of CAPRF is responsible for complying with laws and regulations applicable to CAPRF. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether CAPRF's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts and certain other laws and regulations specified in OMB Bulletin 01-02. We limited our tests of compliance to these provisions and we did not test compliance with all laws and regulations applicable to CAPRF.

The results of our tests of compliance with the laws and regulations described in the preceding paragraph disclosed an instance of noncompliance, described below, with the following laws and regulations that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

- During fiscal year 2003, CAPRF was not in compliance with the "Congressional Accountability Act (CAA) of 1995." In the CAA, Congress made its facilities and employees subject to the same safety laws that applied outside the Legislative Branch. In 1997, other provisions of the CAA applied fire safety standards to Congressional buildings. The Office of Compliance conducted a year-long fire safety investigation that culminated in a report issued in January 2001 that identified numerous safety hazards in the three Capitol Hill Buildings utilized by CAPRF.

The results of our tests disclosed no other instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Providing an opinion on compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Library of Congress Office of Inspector General, the management of CAPRF, and Congress, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.


March 19, 2004



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March 30, 2004

Dear Mr. Green:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on your audit report of the Library of Congress's Cooperative Acquisitions Program Revolving Fund financial statements for fiscal year 2003.

We are very pleased that for the fifth consecutive year, the Cooperative Acquisitions Program Revolving Fund financial statements have received an unqualified audit opinion.

Please accept my appreciation for a professional audit report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Deanna Marcum".

Deanna Marcum
Associate Librarian
for Library Services

Mr. Jeff Green
Partner
Kearney & Company
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Suite 1400
Alexandria, VA 22302