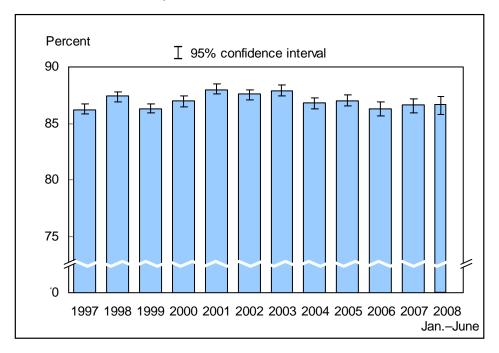


Figure 2.1. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care: United States, 1997–June 2008



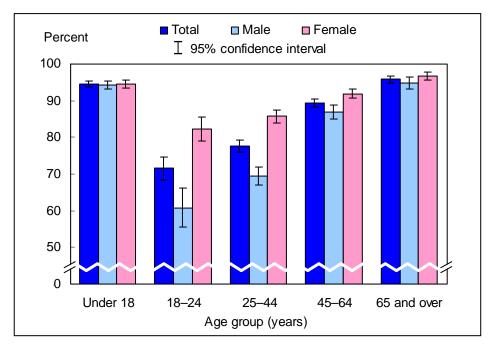
NOTES: The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analyses excluded persons with an unknown usual place to go for medical care (about 1.5% of respondents each year). Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Early Release" for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components of the 1997–June 2008 NHIS. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- For the period January through June 2008, the percentage of persons who had a usual place to go for medical care was 86.6% (95% confidence interval = 85.77–87.33%), which was the same as the 2007 estimate.
- The annual percentage of persons of all ages who had a usual place to go for medical care ranged from 86.2% in 1997 to 88.0% in 2001.



Figure 2.2. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by age group and sex: United States, January–June 2008

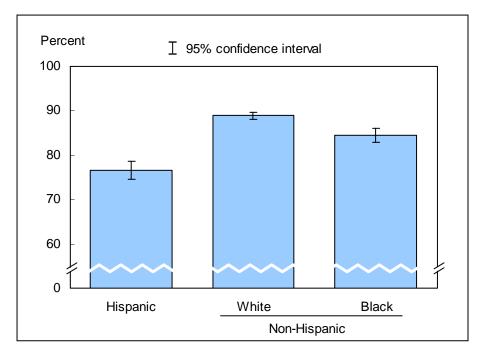


NOTES: The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analyses excluded 170 persons (1.4%) with an unknown usual place to go for medical care.

- Of the five age groups, persons aged 18–24 years were least likely to have a usual place to go for medical care. Children under age 18 years were more likely than adults in age groups 18–24 years, 25–44 years, and 45–64 years to have a usual place to go for medical care.
- Among those aged 18 years and over, the percentage of persons having a usual place to go for medical care increased with age.
- Among the four adult age groups, women were more likely than men to have a usual place to go for medical care.



Figure 2.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by race/ethnicity: United States, January–June 2008



NOTES: The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analyses excluded 170 persons (1.4%) with an unknown usual place to go for medical care. Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: under 18 years, 18–24 years, 25–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.

- After adjusting for age and sex, the percentage of persons with a usual place to go for medical care was 76.5% for Hispanic persons, 88.9% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 84.4% for non-Hispanic black persons.
- Of the three race/ethnicity groups, Hispanic persons were least likely to have a usual place to go for medical care.



Data tables for Figures 2.1–2.3:

Data table for Figure 2.1. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care: United States, 1997–June 2008

Year	Crude ¹ percent (95% confidence interval)	Age-adjusted ² percent (95% confidence interval)
1997	86.2 (85.8-86.7)	86.3 (85.9-86.7)
1998	87.4 (86.9-87.8)	87.4 (87.0-87.9)
1999	86.3 (85.9-86.7)	86.4 (86.0-86.8)
2000	87.0 (86.5-87.4)	87.0 (86.6-87.4)
2001	88.0 (87.6-88.5)	88.0 (87.6-88.5)
2002	87.6 (87.1-88.0)	87.6 (87.1-88.0)
2003	87.9 (87.4-88.4)	87.9 (87.4-88.4)
2004	86.8 (86.3-87.3)	86.8 (86.3-87.2)
2005	87.0 (86.56-87.50)	86.9 (86.47-87.41)
2006	86.3 (85.68-86.92)	86.2 (85.56-86.80)
2007	86.6 (85.97-87.19)	86.5 (85.84-87.06)
January-June 2008	86.6 (85.77-87.33)	86.3 (85.57-87.09)

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Early Release" for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components of the 1997–June 2008 NHIS. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: under 18 years, 18–24 years, 25–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.



Data table for Figure 2.2. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by age group and sex: United States, January–June 2008

Age and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
Under 18 years, total	94.5	93.62-95.30
Under 18 years, male	94.4	93.27-95.48
Under 18 years, female	94.5	93.42-95.67
18-24 years, total	71.6	68.40-74.73
18-24 years, male	60.8	55.53-66.11
18-24 years, female	82.4	79.11-85.63
25-44 years, total	77.7	76.08-79.28
25-44 years, male	69.4	67.04-71.85
25-44 years, female	85.7	84.02-87.39
45-64 years, total	89.4	88.31-90.59
45-64 years, male	86.9	85.02-88.80
45-64 years, female	91.8	90.64-93.05
65 years and over, total	95.8	94.91-96.77
65 years and over, male	94.7	93.08-96.36
65 years and over, female	96.7	95.70-97.69
All ages (crude ¹), total	86.6	85.77-87.33
All ages (crude ¹), male	82.3	81.17-83.46
All ages (crude ¹), female	90.6	89.86-91.34
All ages (age-adjusted ²), total	86.3	85.57-87.09
All ages (age-adjusted ²), male	82.1	81.01-83.23
All ages (age-adjusted ²), female	90.4	89.66-91.17

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: under 18 years, 18–24 years, 25–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.



Data table for Figure 2.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by race/ethnicity: United States, January–June 2008

Race/ethnicity	Age-sex-adjusted ¹ percent (95% confidence interval)	Age-adjusted ² percent (95% confidence interval)
Hispanic or Latino	76.5 (74.53-78.56)	76.2 (74.06-78.37)
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race white	88.9 (88.10-89.72)	88.9 (88.10-89.73)
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race black	84.4 (82.89-85.97)	84.8 (83.25-86.28)

¹Age-sex-adjusted estimates are presented in the figure. Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: under 18 years, 18–24 years, 25–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: under 18 years, 18–24 years, 25–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.