

Crowley Johnson (CT)  
 Cubin Johnson (IL)  
 Cuellar Johnson, E. B.  
 Culberson Jones (NC)  
 Cummings Jones (OH)  
 Davis (AL) Kanjorski  
 Davis (CA) Kaptur  
 Davis (IL) Keller  
 Davis (TN) Kelly  
 Davis, Jo Ann Kennedy (MN)  
 Davis, Tom Kennedy (RI)  
 Deal (GA) Kildee  
 DeFazio Kilpatrick (MI)  
 DeGette Kind  
 Delahunt King (IA)  
 DeLauro King (NY)  
 Dent Kingston  
 Diaz-Balart, L. Kirk  
 Diaz-Balart, M. Klime  
 Dicks Knollenberg  
 Dingell Kolbe  
 Doggett Kucinich  
 Doolittle Kuhl (NY)  
 Dreier LaHood  
 Duncan Langevin  
 Edwards Lantos  
 Ehlers Larsen (WA)  
 Emanuel Larson (CT)  
 Emerson Latham  
 English (PA) LaTourette  
 Eshoo Leach  
 Etheridge Lee  
 Everett Levin  
 Farr Lewis (CA)  
 Fattah Lewis (GA)  
 Ferguson Lewis (KY)  
 Filner Linder  
 Fitzpatrick (PA) Lipinski  
 Flake LoBiondo  
 Foley Lofgren, Zoe  
 Forbes Lowey  
 Ford Lucas  
 Fortenberry Lungren, Daniel  
 Fossella E.  
 Foxx Lynch  
 Frank (MA) Maloney  
 Franks (AZ) Manzullo  
 Frelinghuysen Marchant  
 Garrett (NJ) Markey  
 Gerlach Marshall  
 Gibbons Matheson  
 Gillmor Matsui  
 Gingrey McCarthy  
 Gohmert McCaul (TX)  
 Gonzalez McCollum (MN)  
 Goode McCotter  
 Goodlatte McCrery  
 Gordon McDermott  
 Granger McGovern  
 Graves McHenry  
 Green, Al McHugh  
 Green, Gene McIntyre  
 Grijalva McKeon  
 Gutknecht McMorris  
 Hall Rodgers  
 Harman McNulty  
 Hart Meehan  
 Hastings (FL) Meek (FL)  
 Hastings (WA) Meeks (NY)  
 Hayes Melancon  
 Hayworth Mica  
 Hefley Michaud  
 Hensarling Millender  
 Herger McDonald  
 Herseth Miller (FL)  
 Higgins Miller (MI)  
 Hinchey Miller (NC)  
 Hinojosa Miller, George  
 Hobson Mollohan  
 Hoekstra Moore (KS)  
 Holden Moore (WI)  
 Holt Moran (KS)  
 Honda Moran (VA)  
 Hooley Murphy  
 Hostettler Musgrave  
 Hoyer Myrick  
 Hulshof Napolitano  
 Hunter Neal (MA)  
 Hyde Neugebauer  
 Inglis (SC) Ney  
 Insole Northup  
 Israel Norwood  
 Issa Oberstar  
 Jackson (IL) Obey  
 Jackson-Lee Oliver  
 (TX) Ortiz  
 Jefferson Osborne  
 Jenkins Otter  
 Jindal Owens

Udall (NM) Waters  
 Upton Watson  
 Van Hollen Watt  
 Velázquez Waxman  
 Visclosky Weiner  
 Walden (OR) Weldon (FL)  
 Walsh Weldon (PA)  
 Wamp Weller  
 Wasserman Westmoreland  
 Schultz Wexler

Beauprez Gallegly  
 Bilirakis Gilchrest  
 Boucher Green (WI)  
 Costello Gutierrez  
 Davis (FL) Harris  
 Davis (KY) Istook  
 Doyle Johnson, Sam  
 Drake Mack  
 Engel McKinney  
 Evans Miller, Gary  
 Feeney Murtha

NOT VOTING—32

□ 1924

So (two-thirds of those voting having responded in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. DAVIS of Kentucky. Mr. Speaker, on Wednesday, September 6, 2006 I was absent from the House to attend the visitation for a United States Marine from my district.

Had I been present I would have voted: Rollcall No. 427—"yea"; rollcall No. 428—"yea"; rollcall No. 429—"yea."

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GUTIERREZ. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably absent from this chamber today. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall votes No.'s 427, 428, and 429.

MILITARY COMMISSIONS ACT OF 2006—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 109-133)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on Armed Services, Committee on the Judiciary, and Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

*To the Congress of the United States:*

I transmit for the consideration of the Congress draft legislation entitled the "Military Commissions Act of 2006." This draft legislation responds to the Supreme Court of the United States decision in *Hamdan v. Rumsfeld*, 126 S. Ct. 2749 (2006), by establishing for the first time in our Nation's history a comprehensive statutory structure for military commissions that would allow for the fair and effective prosecution of captured members of al Qaeda and other unlawful enemy combatants. The Act also addresses the Supreme Court's holding

that Common Article 3 of the Geneva Conventions applies to the conflict with al Qaeda by providing definitions rooted in United States law for the standards of conduct prescribed by Common Article 3.

The military commission procedures contained in this draft legislation reflect the result of an extended deliberation both within the executive branch and between representatives of my Administration and Members of Congress. The draft legislation would establish a Code of Military Commissions that tracks the courts-martial procedures of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, but that departs from those procedures where they would be impracticable or inappropriate for the trial of unlawful enemy combatants captured in the midst of an ongoing armed conflict, under circumstances far different from those typically encountered by military prosecutors.

Five years after the mass murders of 9/11, it is time for the United States to begin to prosecute captured al Qaeda members for the serious crimes that many of them have committed against United States citizens and our allies abroad. As we provide terrorists the justice and due process that they denied their victims, we demonstrate that our Nation remains committed to the rule of law.

I ask that the Congress carefully consider this legislation and respectfully urge its speedy passage for enactment into law.

GEORGE W. BUSH.  
 THE WHITE HOUSE, September 6, 2006.

BANKS AND ILLEGALS

(Mr. POE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. POE. Mr. Speaker, the battle for the border continues. Our recent terrorism hearings on the crimes inflicted on America by illegals brought forth almost universal testimony that illegals in this country contribute a vast over-percentage of violent crime and street crime, from theft to rape to murder.

Only one witness, a banker, said illegals do not affect crime rates in his border town of Laredo, Texas, this despite the overwhelming contradictory testimony of his own sheriff and numerous lawmen.

When the banker was questioned about his motives, that his bank makes money off deposits by illegals, and they are shipping their money south, he told the Wall Street Journal he felt attacked.

Well, it is American communities that are under attack, Mr. Speaker. The banks and the wire services that profit off illegals can and should charge a fee for each transaction. That money would be used to compensate crime victims and pay for health care and education costs of illegals. Americans are paying these costs of illegals. Now it is time illegals pay.

Mr. Speaker, that's just the way it is.