

# NAIP 2008: Pilot Projects

Brian Vanderbilt USDA Planning Meeting

December 2, 2008





#### **Outline**

- JPEG 2000 Compression
- Seamline Shapefile
- Absolute Control
- NAIP Survey



## **JPEG 2000**

- o MrSID MG2
  - Prior to 2005
- o MrSID MG3
  - 2005 and later
- o JPEG 2000
  - 4-band

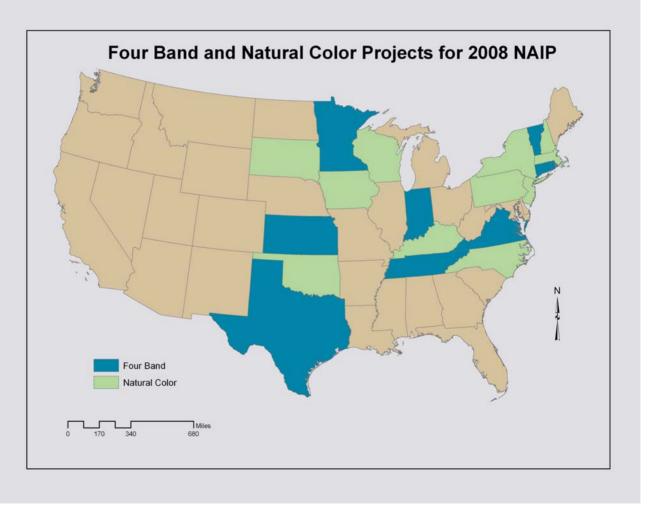


#### **JPEG 2000**

- Why did we switch to JPEG 2000?
  - 4-band acquisition
    - 9 multi-spectral states (CT, IN, KS, MN, RI, TN, TX, VT, VA)
  - MrSID MG3 doesn't yet support compression of 4-bands
  - JPEG 2000 is non-proprietary



## **JPEG 2000**





#### JPEG 2000 Vs. MG3

- o MG3
  - Pros
    - Doesn't exhibit "blurriness"
    - Software compatible
  - Cons
    - Currently cannot handle a 4-band image
    - Proprietary
- o JPEG 2000
  - Pros
    - Non-proprietary
    - Multitude of settings
  - Cons
    - Issues may or may not be fixable
    - Support is somewhat limited
    - Multitude of settings
- Proprietary is it a pro or a con?



2008 NAIP (TN)





#### JPEG 2000 Issues

- Imagery Disappearing at Certain Zoom Levels
  - Zoom scales larger than 1:30,000: image disappears or becomes a gray pixelation



#### JPEG 2000 Issues

### Rendering

- CCMs over a certain size (8.5 billion pixels or ~3,200 sq/mi) will cause ArcGIS 9.1 (SP2) to fail
  - Reason for this is a known bug that ESRI will not fix
  - 9.2 fixes this problem
  - Current work-around is to split larger CCMs



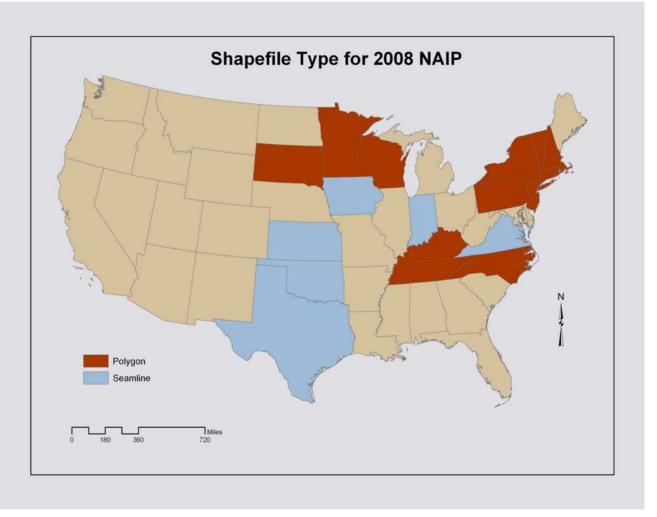
## JPEG 2000 Issues

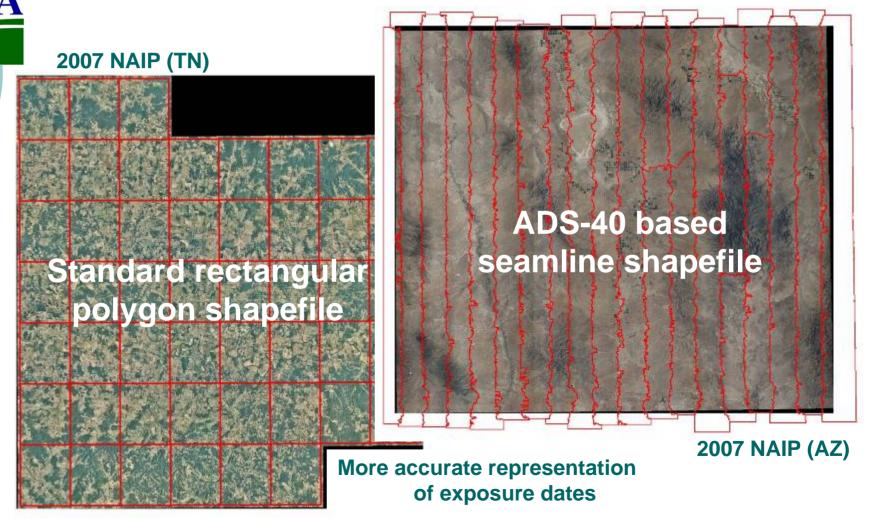
- Viewing Difficulty in Different Software
   Applications
  - ArcView 3.x
    - Does not read JPEG2000 images
    - Some FSA county offices are still using ArcView.
      - Requires GeoJP2 ArcView plug-in from LizardTech
  - ERMapper
    - Causes loading errors if ECW plug-in is installed
      - ArcGIS cannot read JPEG2000
    - Fix is to uninstall ECW plug-in
  - Global Mapper
    - "Patching" with distorted coloration



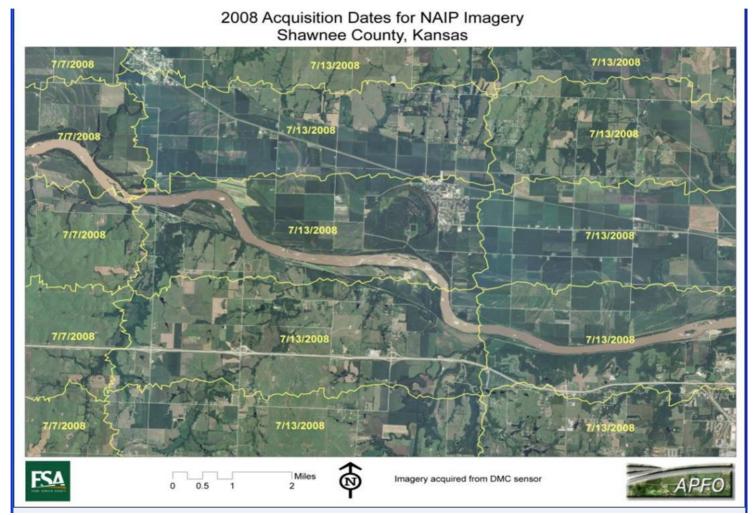
- Why switch to seamline?
  - More accurate date and time representation of when a particular area is acquired
    - Parts of the imagery representing a standard DOQQ shapefile may have been collected on different dates
    - Moving away from the "majority date"





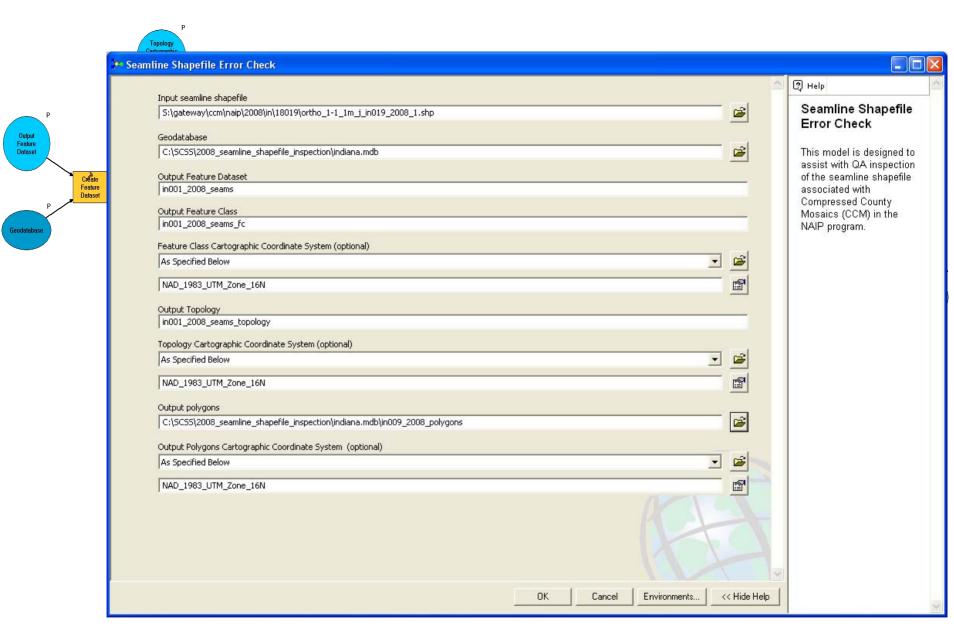


# USDA |

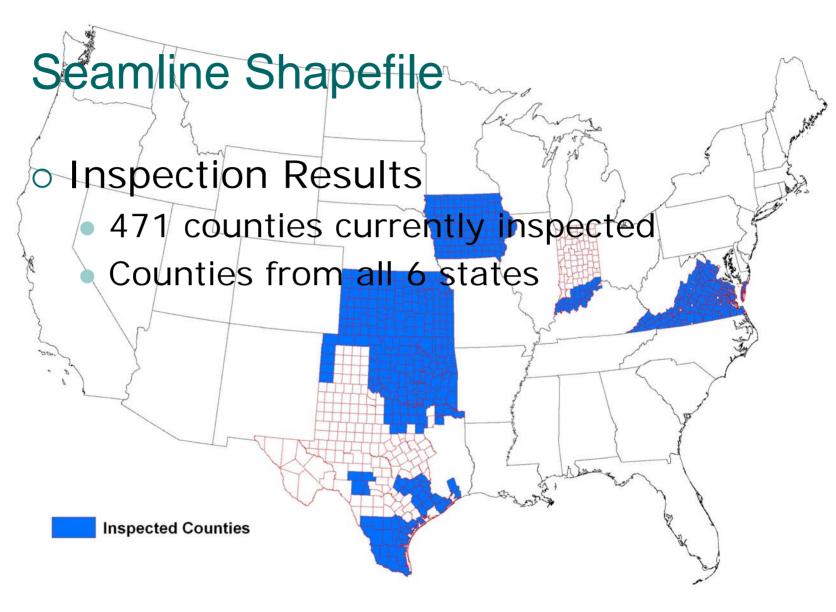




- Pilot in 2007 (Arizona)
- Continued Pilot 6 states in 2008
  - IN, IA, KS, OK, TX, VA
- Contract requirements
  - Polygon for each exposure used to create CCM
  - No gaps in polygons
  - No overlapping polygons
  - No multiple part polygons
  - No polygons smaller than 40,470 square meters (~10 acres)
  - Data table attributed correctly for each polygon
  - Shapefile coverage represents the extents of the visible imagery



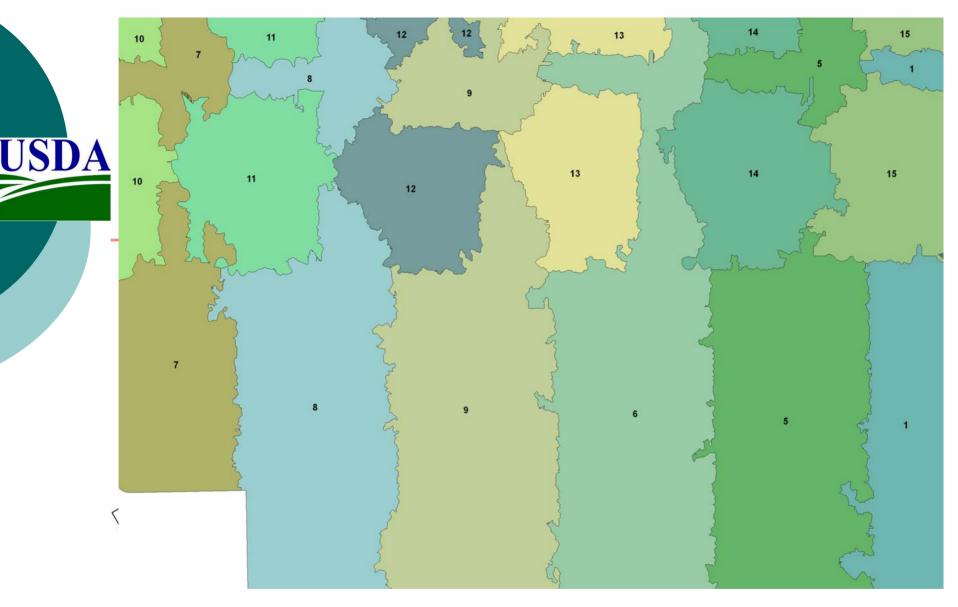






#### Errors

- 5 counties did not have adequate coverage
- 66 counties with overlap errors
- 48 counties with gap errors
- 36 counties with multi-part polygons
- 43 counties with polygons under 40,470 square meters



## Polygland Parent Polygland Bygons

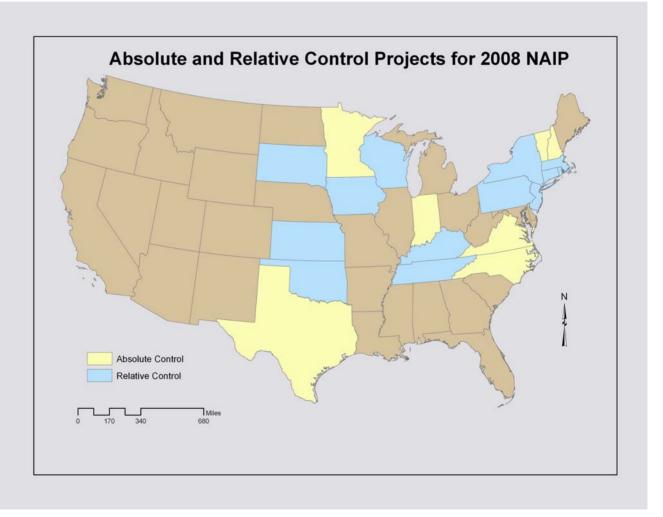


- Why move to an absolute horizontal accuracy specification?
  - Less manipulation of vector data (CLU) over time to "match" base layer (imagery)
  - Imagery is used as a base layer in GIS
  - More valuable for partners
  - Doesn't use errors/offset from older imagery
  - Absolute accuracy is a better, more understandable specification



- Pilots conducted
  - 2006 (UT)
    - o UT: 3.40m RMSE (400+ check points)
  - 2007 (AZ)
    - AZ: 2.87m RMSE (530 check points)
- Future states to be phased in
  - 7 states in 2008 (moving out of the pilot phase)
  - 15 states in 2009
  - Once converted, state will not revert
- Working toward a nationwide photo-identifiable control database
  - Control points are strictly for the APFO QA
- NAIP 1m GSD Requirement
  - 95% of well-defined points tested shall fall within 6 meters of true ground







Relative

## Absolute Horizontal Accuracy

- The engine behind the move of NAIP from relative to absolute control specs is the photo identifiable control database and supplemental data
- Semi-automated inspection process

Note: 1209 is the 2008

Absolute

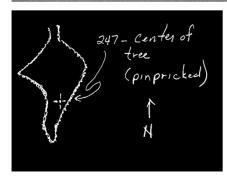
| State | St

- Cintersection









#### **Example Supplemental Data**

OPUS solution 98101701.	DAT 000158277.txt - Notepad
-------------------------	-----------------------------

From: opus@ngs.noaa.gov Sent: Friday, June 22, 2007 8:18 AM To: Emily Schad Subject: OPUS solution : 98101701.DAT 0001

FILE: 98101701.DAT 000158277

USER: eschad@woodpatel.com

RINEX FILE: 9810170t.07o

SOFTWARE: page5 0612.06 master10.pl EPHEMERIS: jgr14322.eph [rapid]

NAV FILE: brdc1700.07n ANT NAME: TRM33429.00+GP NONE

ARP HEIGHT: 2,000

REF FRAME: NAD\_83(CORS96)(EPOCH:2002.0000

-2109045.977(m) -4725479.710(m) 3718154.539(m) 0.003(m) 0.019(m) Y: 35 52 49.37193 245 56 53.31230 LAT: 0.009 (m) E LON: 6.68770 W LON: 114 3 0.009(m)

EL HGT: 1209.375(m) 1236.156(m) ORTHO HGT: 0.028(m)

UTM COORDINATES UTM (Zone 11) 3974696.314 STATE PLANE COORDINATES SPC (0203 AZ W) 541301.679 Northing (Y) [meters] Easting (X) [meters] 766146.807

186104.132 -0.17691836 Convergence [degrees] 1.72890626 Point Scale 1.00047292 0.99994248 Combined Factor 1.00028306 0.99975272

US NATIONAL GRID DESIGNATOR: 11SQV6614774696(NAD 83)

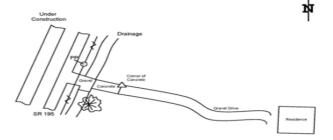
BASE STATIONS USED

NGS OPUS SOL

DESIGNATION LATITUDE AJ1826 LVWD LAS VEGAS VALLEY CORS ARP DI1079 NVLM AMS WT FACILITY CORS ARP N360934.026 N360410.756 N351150.480 AM7015 KING KINGMAN CORS ARP



Field Sketch





245 56 53.26399 114 3 6.73601 1208.602(m) 0.009(m)





- NAIP 2008 Control Point Acquisition
  - 7 states (IN, MN, NH, NC, TX, VT, VA)
  - Coordination in APFO Service Center Support Section
    - Began in January 2008
    - Worked with local-level (FSA, USGS, and state-level) personnel to facilitate acquisition
  - Control points are received, checked, and data based at APFO



- Current data base
  - 8,646 total points
    - Many of the points come with supplemental data
  - Data Sources: USGS, USFS, NGS, State Agencies – TNRIS, Minnesota DOT, NCGS, IndianaDOT, VirginiaITA















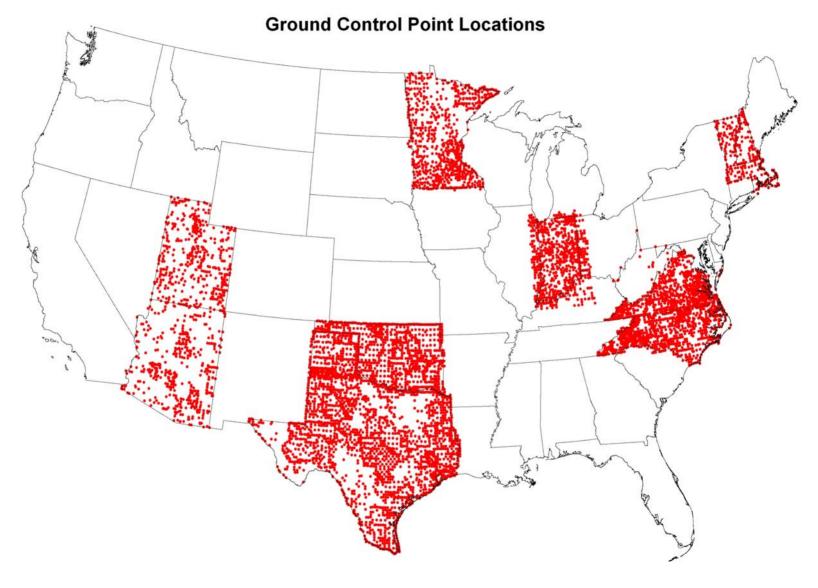














- o NAIP 2009
  - All states will be absolute control
  - Coordination will again be in APFO Service Center Support Section



## 2008 NAIP Survey

- Purpose
  - Excellent measure of how well NAIP is serving the customer
  - Gives FSA a chance to respond with concerns, level of satisfaction, etc.
- NAIP 2008 survey should be released February 2009
- Results of 2006 and 2007 survey are available upon request





12/2/2008