



#### Who are the players?

- ➤ Washington County Water Conservancy District
- ➤ Utah Department of Natural Resources
- >U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- ➤ U.S. Bureau of Land Management
- ➤ U.S. National Park Service
- ➤ Washington County Farm Bureau
- ➤ Dixie Conservation District
- ➤ The Nature Conservancy



### Program Goals



- Implement actions to recover, conserve, enhance, and protect native species in the Virgin River
- Enhance the ability to provide adequate water supplies for sustaining human needs

### Native species addressed by Program

- Woundfin (Plagopterus argentissimus)
- Virgin River chub (Gila seminuda)
- Virgin spinedace (Lepidomeda mollispinis mollispinis)
- Flannelmouth Sucker (Catostomus latipinnis)
- Desert Sucker (Catostomus clarkii)
- Speckled Dace (Rhinichthys osculus)
- Southwestern willow flycatcher (Empidonax trailii extimus)







- > Federally endangered
- Found in mainstem Virgin River
- Lifespan only about 1-2 years
- > ~ 2.5 inches
- > Red mark, VIE tag



# Virgin River Chub

- Federally endangered
- Found in mainstem Virgin River
- Grows to 12-18 inches
- Longer lifespan

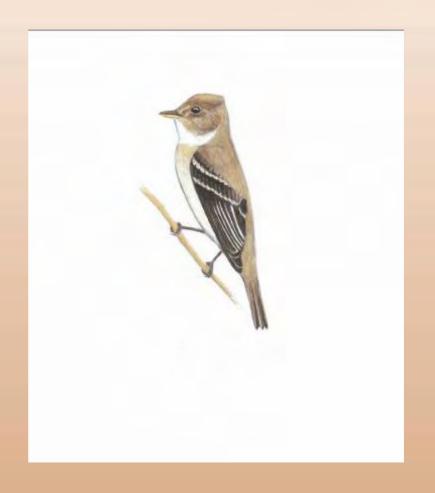








- > Federally endangered
- Prefers dense vegetation with slow open water
- Critical habitat = 100 year floodplain
- Recent addition to Program activities



# Virgin spinedace

- State of Utah conservation species
- Found throughout basin, tributaries and mainstem
  - ➤ North and East Fork
  - > North Creek
  - > Ash Creek
  - ➤ LaVerkin Creek
  - Santa Clara River
  - Beaver Dam Wash
- > ~3-4 inches
- 2-4 year lifespan







### Other native fish species



Flannelmouth sucker State of Utah Conservation Species



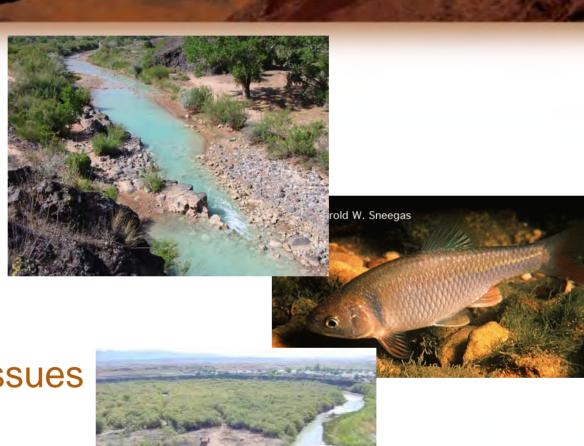
Desert sucker State Wildlife Species of Concern



Speckled dace

# Why are the natives struggling?

- Loss of habitat
  - > Water
  - > Tamarisk
- Nonnative introductions
  - > Red Shiner
- Water quality issues
  - > Temperature
  - > Low turbidity







# Actions for Recovery

- > Restore water to the river channel
- Place fish screens on diversions
- Maintain native fish brood stock at hatcheries and stock into the river
- Improve natural river processes
- Eliminate nonnative fishes from river (physical removal and rotenone treatments)
- Identify and address factors that limit native fish populations (temperature, turbidity, low flow, flow variability, habitat)
- Public outreach and education

# Adding water to channel

- >To reduce water temperatures
- ➤ Increase turbidity









#### Washington Fields Diversion Screening

Conversion of open canal to pipeline results in water savings for the canal company. Prevent debris buildup in pipe.

Screens constructed by the Program prevent entrainment of





# Santa Clara Pipeline

- Program Partners provided the majority of the funding for the project
- Open canals replaced by pipeline resulting in water conservation
- Provides 3 cfs year round flow for Virgin spinedace









### Fish Management Activities

- > Rotenone Treatments
- > Fish Barriers
- > Ongoing population monitoring







### **Rotenone Treatments**

- Approximately 40 miles of river
- Nearly 40 persons over 1 week for actual treatment
- Over 15 off channel marshes
- Up to 120 cfs treated at 3 ppm/Detox at 6 ppm (potassium permanganate)
- Months of preparation
  - Mapping
  - Fish monitoring









#### Fish Barriers

- Two to date : State line and Webb Hill
  - Prevent upstream movement of red shiner
- Planning ongoing for barrier in the Virgin River Gorge







# Community participation

- NRCS Streambank Reconstruction and Stream alteration permits
  - Provide endangered fish clearances for river work
- Santa Clara and Virgin River Master Plans
  - Provide funding and technical support for plans to provide instruction on river corridor planning
    - ➤ Over \$120,000 provided
- Stream Stability and Revegetation Workshops
  - Offer landowners and agencies training on naturally protecting properties along streambanks
- Working with City of St. George and UDWR to organize willow revegetation efforts for volunteer groups





# Results of Program

- Communication and cooperation between regulatory and community entities
- ➤ Screening projects have saved ~ 20,000 fish
- Water in areas where it has been lacking before
- Maintaining populations of endangered species

### Challenges

- Drought years
  - High water temperatures
  - Low dissolved oxygen
  - Low turbidity
- NRCS rock levees from 2005
  - Porous rock levees provide refuge for red shiner and make eradication very difficult
    - > Catch to date
    - > 1,677 red shiner
    - Woundfin, Virgin River chub, Virgin spinedace, desert sucker, speckled dace, bullhead catfish, sunfish – only native not caught flannelmouth sucker





### Additional Information

- Virgin River Resource Management & Recovery Program
  - Steve Meismer Local coordinator
  - http://www.virginriverprogram.org
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
  - > Tom Chart SLC
- Utah Division of Wildlife
  - Rick Fridell St. George Field Office
- Utah Native Fishes Viewer:
  - http://water.usu.edu/utahfish/

