## Description

These tables supplement the publication Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 (NCES 2008-301). The data are from NCES's Public Libraries Survey, fiscal year 2005

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Table 1. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Population of legal service area ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Less } \\ \text { than } \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 2,499 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,500 \\ \text { to } \\ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 9,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 24,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 249,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $1,000,000$ or more | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 10.9 | 17.5 | 14.5 | 16.1 | 19.2 | 10.2 | 6.0 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 100.0 |
| Alabama | 207 | 6.8 | 20.3 | 15.0 | 17.9 | 21.3 | 8.7 | 6.8 | 1.9 | 1.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 61.8 | 12.4 | 10.1 | 6.7 | 4.5 | 2.2 | $\dagger$ | 1.1 | 1.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 86 | 8.1 | 11.6 | 16.3 | 20.9 | 12.8 | 10.5 | 5.8 | 9.3 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 10.4 | 22.9 | 20.8 | 33.3 | 10.4 | 2.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| California | 179 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 2.2 | 12.8 | 16.2 | 25.7 | 25.1 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 100.0 |
| Colorado | 115 | 7.8 | 19.1 | 17.4 | 15.7 | 17.4 | 9.6 | 2.6 | 6.1 | 1.7 | 2.6 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 0.5 | 7.2 | 10.3 | 21.6 | 33.0 | 15.5 | 9.3 | 2.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 21 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4.8 | 23.8 | 42.9 | 14.3 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | $\dagger$ | 2.6 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 15.4 | 12.8 | 17.9 | 20.5 | 12.8 | 9.0 | 3.8 | 100.0 |
| Georgia | 58 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 13.8 | 15.5 | 27.6 | 29.3 | 6.9 | 6.9 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | † | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 20.2 | 21.2 | 16.3 | 17.3 | 10.6 | 8.7 | 4.8 | 1.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 6.9 | 22.6 | 18.1 | 16.2 | 19.4 | 10.9 | 4.3 | 1.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.2 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 3.8 | 18.4 | 16.3 | 18.8 | 19.2 | 12.6 | 6.7 | 3.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 19.8 | 42.6 | 17.6 | 10.2 | 5.6 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 0.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 43.4 | 26.8 | 12.9 | 7.4 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | $\dagger$ | 0.9 | 0.9 | 12.9 | 50.0 | 21.6 | 10.3 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.9 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | $\dagger$ | 1.5 | 1.5 | 6.0 | 32.8 | 25.4 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 6.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 15.1 | 33.8 | 21.7 | 18.4 | 9.9 | 0.7 | 0.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4.2 | 29.2 | 20.8 | 20.8 | 4.2 | 20.8 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 7.6 | 13.0 | 12.4 | 18.4 | 29.7 | 12.4 | 5.1 | 1.1 | $\dagger$ | 0.3 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 383 | 2.1 | 6.0 | 19.3 | 25.1 | 25.6 | 11.2 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 10.0 | 22.9 | 16.4 | 15.7 | 14.3 | 5.7 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 4.3 | 0.7 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Misssissippi | 50 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2.0 | 6.0 | 18.0 | 34.0 | 26.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 3.4 | 17.4 | 16.1 | 17.4 | 22.8 | 10.7 | 6.0 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 6.3 | 27.8 | 22.8 | 19.0 | 15.2 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 1.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 55.9 | 24.8 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 3.3 | 2.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 22 | $\dagger$ | 18.2 | 18.2 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 9.1 | 4.5 | $\dagger$ | 4.5 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 12.6 | 32.6 | 24.3 | 16.5 | 9.6 | 3.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |

Table 1. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005—Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Population of legal service area ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 1,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 2,499 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,500 \\ \text { to } \\ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 24,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 99,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 249,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 999,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | $\dagger$ | 5.2 | 8.5 | 25.8 | 33.7 | 14.1 | 8.2 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 0.3 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 25.3 | 19.5 | 11.5 | 23.0 | 9.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 1.1 | $\dagger$ | 1.1 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| New York | 754 | 9.9 | 20.7 | 16.2 | 18.7 | 18.2 | 11.3 | 3.6 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2.7 | 1.3 | 8.0 | 14.7 | 36.0 | 29.3 | 5.3 | 2.7 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 36.1 | 31.3 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 9.6 | 2.4 | 3.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 251 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 8.4 | 21.9 | 28.3 | 17.9 | 11.2 | 6.0 | 2.4 | 1.2 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 8.0 | 29.2 | 21.2 | 14.2 | 15.9 | 5.3 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.8 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 12.0 | 16.0 | 10.4 | 16.8 | 26.4 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 5.6 | $\dagger$ | 0.8 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 0.9 | 6.8 | 13.3 | 21.6 | 33.2 | 15.1 | 6.1 | 2.2 | 0.7 | $\dagger$ | 0.2 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | $\dagger$ | 2.0 | 6.1 | 14.3 | 40.8 | 26.5 | 8.2 | 2.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 11.9 | 28.6 | 23.8 | 26.2 | 9.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 37.9 | 29.0 | 13.7 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 11.8 | 7.5 | 8.6 | 15.1 | 26.9 | 18.3 | 8.1 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.1 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 3.3 | 11.8 | 19.7 | 20.4 | 21.0 | 12.3 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 4.2 | 12.7 | 18.3 | 21.1 | 22.5 | 11.3 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 18.5 | 40.2 | 22.3 | 10.9 | 6.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | $\dagger$ | 2.2 | 2.2 | 6.6 | 23.1 | 25.3 | 19.8 | 14.3 | 5.5 | $\dagger$ | 1.1 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 10.8 | 15.4 | 9.2 | 10.8 | 15.4 | 9.2 | 7.7 | 12.3 | 3.1 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 18.6 | 28.9 | 27.8 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 1.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 6.0 | 19.4 | 24.9 | 17.6 | 19.9 | 7.1 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | $\dagger$ | 4.3 | 4.3 | 26.1 | 30.4 | 26.1 | 8.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |

[^0]Table 2. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005
Population of legal service area ${ }^{1}$

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Population of legal service area ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Totalpopulation(in thousands) | Less than $1,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 2,499 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,500 \\ \text { to } \\ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 24,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 249,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 290,190 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 13.4 | 17.8 | 11.8 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 100.0 |
| Alabama | 207 | 4,468 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 6.0 | 15.5 | 15.0 | 22.1 | 13.8 | 23.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 664 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 7.9 | 11.2 | $\dagger$ | 22.0 | 41.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 86 | 5,774 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 24.3 | 7.7 | 25.4 | 24.5 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 2,662 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1.4 | 8.5 | 14.2 | 42.3 | 21.9 | 11.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| California | 179 | 36,790 | \# | \# | \# | 0.1 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 8.8 | 19.2 | 11.5 | 18.6 | 37.9 | 100.0 |
| Colorado | 115 | 4,553 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 6.6 | 9.2 | 5.2 | 25.3 | 12.9 | 35.3 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 4,281 | \# | 0.6 | 1.7 | 7.3 | 24.7 | 23.8 | 27.5 | 14.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 21 | 786 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.5 | 3.9 | 16.8 | 13.9 | 6.6 | 13.1 | 45.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 551 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 18,044 | $\dagger$ | \# | \# | 0.1 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 5.3 | 15.3 | 19.9 | 29.0 | 27.3 | 100.0 |
| Georgia | 58 | 8,650 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1.9 | 3.7 | 13.6 | 33.5 | 14.6 | 32.6 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 1,263 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 1,249 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 10.4 | 12.2 | 25.1 | 28.1 | 15.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 11,433 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 6.3 | 17.3 | 20.7 | 15.2 | 9.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 25.3 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 5,809 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 5.9 | 13.0 | 16.9 | 20.3 | 19.9 | 5.7 | 14.3 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 2,932 | 2.5 | 12.9 | 11.2 | 13.5 | 14.5 | 14.1 | 19.7 | 11.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 2,315 | 2.9 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 10.9 | 12.6 | 3.5 | 18.4 | 32.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 4,108 | $\dagger$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 2.8 | 23.7 | 22.0 | 21.5 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 17.0 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 4,534 | $\dagger$ | \# | 0.1 | 0.7 | 8.3 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 28.9 | 34.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 1,313 | 2.0 | 11.3 | 16.8 | 26.6 | 33.4 | 5.0 | 4.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 5,520 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.4 | 4.5 | 7.8 | 16.1 | 4.8 | 66.5 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 6,441 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 7.7 | 26.9 | 23.8 | 20.4 | 8.3 | $\dagger$ | 8.8 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 383 | 9,948 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 7.0 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 16.1 | 22.8 | 11.2 | 9.6 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 5,571 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 27.6 | 37.0 | 13.7 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 2,944 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.1 | 0.9 | 4.5 | 21.3 | 30.4 | 34.3 | 8.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 5,116 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 11.9 | 17.4 | 12.4 | 30.1 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 900 | 0.3 | 4.2 | 7.7 | 12.8 | 18.5 | 9.2 | 33.7 | 13.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 1,413 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 4.4 | 8.8 | 10.3 | 14.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 49.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 22 | 2,519 | $\dagger$ | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 4.3 | 6.4 | 16.8 | 15.8 | $\dagger$ | 53.9 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 1,436 | 1.4 | 8.9 | 15.8 | 18.6 | 23.6 | 18.0 | 6.1 | 7.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |

Table 2. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Population of legal service area ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \text { population } \\ \text { (in thousands) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Less } \\ \text { than } \\ 1,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 2,499 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,500 \\ \text { to } \\ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 24,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 249,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 9,040 | $\dagger$ | 0.3 | 1.1 | 6.5 | 17.7 | 16.9 | 19.1 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 5.6 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 1,453 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 9.1 | 18.5 | 7.6 | $\dagger$ | 40.9 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| New York | 754 | 19,032 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 5.2 | 11.0 | 15.3 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 2.4 | 5.0 | 42.1 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 8,541 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 5.0 | 22.4 | 39.2 | 14.5 | 17.5 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 569 | 3.2 | 7.4 | 4.1 | 9.2 | 25.1 | 11.3 | 39.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 251 | 11,462 | \# | 0.1 | 0.7 | 3.5 | 9.5 | 13.7 | 15.9 | 17.8 | 19.9 | 18.9 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 2,905 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 9.5 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 14.0 | 11.0 | 43.0 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 3,258 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 4.8 | 18.1 | 8.4 | 14.6 | 30.2 | $\dagger$ | 21.1 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 12,191 | \# | 0.4 | 1.8 | 5.8 | 20.3 | 20.1 | 16.4 | 12.4 | 10.2 | $\dagger$ | 12.4 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 1,316 | $\dagger$ | 0.1 | 0.9 | 3.7 | 24.6 | 32.2 | 25.0 | 13.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 4,223 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2.1 | 9.4 | 15.4 | 41.7 | 31.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 680 | 3.8 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 27.9 | 4.1 | 12.5 | 25.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 5,993 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 14.5 | 20.2 | 17.3 | 7.2 | 11.3 | 24.6 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 20,946 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.9 | 4.0 | 8.9 | 11.4 | 10.4 | 15.4 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 29.1 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 2,430 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 11.7 | 10.5 | 7.7 | 21.2 | 10.4 | 31.0 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 733 | 3.2 | 15.7 | 18.8 | 18.2 | 25.2 | 11.4 | 7.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | 7,405 | $\dagger$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 4.8 | 11.5 | 17.6 | 29.5 | 21.8 | $\dagger$ | 14.0 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 6,134 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 5.6 | 26.3 | 13.7 | 27.7 | 19.3 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 1,808 | \# | 0.4 | 4.1 | 11.1 | 22.9 | 16.8 | 34.6 | 10.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 5,581 | 0.3 | 2.2 | 6.0 | 8.3 | 22.2 | 17.0 | 15.3 | 13.3 | 4.7 | 10.6 | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 502 | $\dagger$ | 0.4 | 0.9 | 8.7 | 20.9 | 38.7 | 30.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 100.0 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
\# Rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.
${ }^{2}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported population of legal service area.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 3. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal

| State | Number of public libraries | Type of administrative structure ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single direct service outlet ${ }^{2}$ | Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ${ }^{3}$ | Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ${ }^{4}$ | rate ${ }^{5}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 80.8 | 17.7 | 1.5 | 100.0 |
| Alabama | 207 | 87.4 | 11.1 | 1.4 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 92.1 | 7.9 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 86 | 75.6 | 20.9 | 3.5 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 27.1 | 60.4 | 12.5 | 100.0 |
| California | 179 | 33.0 | 59.8 | 7.3 | 100.0 |
| Colorado | 115 | 71.3 | 27.0 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 86.1 | 13.9 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 21 | 81.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 33.3 | 53.8 | 12.8 | 100.0 |
| Georgia | 58 | 10.3 | 87.9 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 81.7 | 18.3 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 90.0 | 10.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 66.9 | 32.6 | 0.4 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 98.1 | 1.9 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 95.7 | 4.3 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 19.8 | 80.2 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 13.4 | 86.6 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 99.3 | 0.7 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 62.5 | 37.5 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 86.5 | 13.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 383 | 83.0 | 14.6 | 2.3 | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 78.6 | 16.4 | 5.0 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 22.0 | 76.0 | 2.0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 66.4 | 24.2 | 9.4 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 77.2 | 22.8 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 96.7 | 3.3 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 22 | 40.9 | 54.5 | 4.5 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 96.5 | 3.5 | 0 | 100.0 |

[^1]Table 3. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State |  | Type of administrative structure ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single direct service outlet ${ }^{2}$ | Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ${ }^{3}$ | Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office $^{4}$ is separate) ${ }^{4}$ | Responserate |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 85.6 | 14.4 | 0 | 100.0 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 87.4 | 12.6 | 0 | 100.0 |
| New York | 754 | 92.4 | 7.6 | 0 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 13.3 | 77.3 | 9.3 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 81.9 | 18.1 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 251 | 56.6 | 39.8 | 3.6 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 92.0 | 6.2 | 1.8 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 80.8 | 16.8 | 2.4 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 86.9 | 12.4 | 0.7 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 81.6 | 18.4 | 0 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 9.5 | 83.3 | 7.1 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 90.3 | 8.1 | 1.6 | 100.0 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 84.9 | 14.5 | 0.5 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 86.6 | 12.8 | 0.5 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 70.4 | 28.2 | 1.4 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 94.0 | 6.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | 31.9 | 56.0 | 12.1 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 63.1 | 26.2 | 10.8 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 70.1 | 29.9 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 94.5 | 5.2 | 0.3 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 13.0 | 87.0 | 0 | 100.0 |

[^2]
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Table 3A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the $\mathbf{5 0}$ states and the District of Columbia, by type of administrative structure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of <br> legal service area | Number of public libraries | Type of administrative structure ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single direct service outlet ${ }^{2}$ | Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ${ }^{3}$ | Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ${ }^{4}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |



Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 10 | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \text { to } 19 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \text { to } 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \text { to } 39 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \\ \text { to } 49 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \text { to } 59 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ \text { to } 69 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \text { or more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 2.6 | 8.3 | 17.2 | 21.6 | 23.1 | 17.0 | 9.0 | 1.1 | 98.5 |
| Alabama | 207 | 0.5 | 8.7 | 17.4 | 27.1 | 32.4 | 10.1 | 3.4 | 0.5 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 16.9 | 41.6 | 5.6 | 10.1 | 11.2 | 10.1 | 4.5 | 0 | 97.8 |
| Arizona | 86 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 18.6 | 16.3 | 32.6 | 18.6 | 10.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 0 | 2.1 | 22.9 | 33.3 | 25.0 | 10.4 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 0.6 | 7.3 | 17.3 | 22.3 | 24.6 | 22.3 | 5.6 | 0 | 97.8 |
| Colorado | 115 | 0.9 | 7.8 | 8.7 | 21.7 | 29.6 | 13.9 | 16.5 | 0.9 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 11.3 | 15.5 | 26.3 | 32.5 | 8.2 | 0.5 | 92.3 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 4.8 | 0 | 66.7 | 19.0 | 9.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 0 | 1.3 | 7.7 | 12.8 | 43.6 | 23.1 | 10.3 | 1.3 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 12.1 | 29.3 | 31.0 | 20.7 | 5.2 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 1.0 | 13.5 | 25.0 | 31.7 | 12.5 | 10.6 | 5.8 | 0 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 0.3 | 2.7 | 15.9 | 22.0 | 14.4 | 17.8 | 21.2 | 5.6 | 99.7 |
| Indiana | 239 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 9.2 | 19.7 | 25.1 | 25.5 | 17.2 | 0.8 | 100.0 |
| Iowa | 540 | 4.1 | 10.9 | 33.7 | 20.6 | 17.0 | 8.7 | 4.8 | 0.2 | 98.3 |
| Kansas | 325 | 5.2 | 26.5 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 20.3 | 9.8 | 8.6 | 1.2 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 0 | 0.9 | 5.2 | 38.8 | 36.2 | 12.9 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 22.4 | 34.3 | 23.9 | 10.4 | 1.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 15.8 | 24.3 | 20.2 | 19.1 | 12.9 | 5.9 | 1.8 | 0 | 99.6 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 25.0 | 20.8 | 29.2 | 16.7 | 4.2 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 3.0 | 14.6 | 13.0 | 21.6 | 25.7 | 15.7 | 5.9 | 0.5 | 99.2 |
| Michigan | 383 | 0 | 2.6 | 13.8 | 23.8 | 27.7 | 24.0 | 7.3 | 0.8 | 99.2 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 2.1 | 5.7 | 17.1 | 26.4 | 32.9 | 13.6 | 2.1 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 0 | 24.0 | 26.0 | 36.0 | 10.0 | 4.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 0.7 | 8.1 | 15.4 | 23.5 | 26.8 | 12.8 | 11.4 | 1.3 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 0 | 11.4 | 21.5 | 30.4 | 25.3 | 8.9 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 14.8 | 23.3 | 26.3 | 13.7 | 7.0 | 5.9 | 8.1 | 0.7 | 99.6 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 13.6 | 22.7 | 4.5 | 36.4 | 18.2 | 4.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 7.8 | 15.7 | 24.8 | 22.6 | 13.5 | 9.1 | 6.5 | 0 | 90.9 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 10 | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \text { to } 19 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \text { to } 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \text { to } 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \\ \text { to } 49 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \text { to } 59 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ \text { to } 69 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \text { or more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 5.2 | 12.1 | 25.5 | 41.2 | 14.4 | 0.7 | 93.5 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 0 | 3.4 | 17.2 | 20.7 | 33.3 | 20.7 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 0 | 4.8 | 26.3 | 19.6 | 15.6 | 17.0 | 15.3 | 1.5 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 0 | 0 | 5.3 | 29.3 | 34.7 | 20.0 | 9.3 | 1.3 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 10.8 | 19.3 | 32.5 | 19.3 | 12.0 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 0 | 96.4 |
| Ohio | 251 | 0 | 5.2 | 8.4 | 13.5 | 13.9 | 31.9 | 23.5 | 3.6 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 0 | 11.5 | 8.0 | 20.4 | 32.7 | 20.4 | 4.4 | 2.7 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 1.6 | 12.0 | 20.8 | 16.8 | 30.4 | 14.4 | 3.2 | 0.8 | 99.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 0 | 1.1 | 6.6 | 28.6 | 30.1 | 25.8 | 6.8 | 1.1 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 0 | 2.0 | 12.2 | 24.5 | 22.4 | 30.6 | 8.2 | 0 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 0 | 4.8 | 16.7 | 26.2 | 38.1 | 11.9 | 2.4 | 0 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 9.7 | 24.2 | 25.0 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 4.0 | 0.8 | 66.9 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 0.5 | 4.3 | 15.6 | 20.4 | 40.9 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 0.5 | 4.5 | 17.9 | 29.3 | 30.4 | 12.8 | 4.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 5.6 | 9.9 | 16.9 | 28.2 | 12.7 | 15.5 | 11.3 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 10.9 | 20.7 | 29.9 | 25.0 | 10.9 | 2.7 | 0 | 0 | 99.5 |
| Virginia | 91 | 0 | 0 | 4.4 | 16.5 | 39.6 | 24.2 | 14.3 | 1.1 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 3.1 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 26.2 | 27.7 | 16.9 | 1.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 0 | 0 | 3.1 | 41.2 | 39.2 | 11.3 | 5.2 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 0 | 3.1 | 18.4 | 18.9 | 22.6 | 24.7 | 12.1 | 0.3 | 99.7 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 0 | 8.7 | 21.7 | 26.1 | 39.1 | 4.3 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |

${ }^{1}$ These data are derived from the total public service hours per year and the total outlets (central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail only) of public libraries.
${ }^{2}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported public service hours. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 4A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 10 | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \text { to } 19 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \text { to } 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \text { to } 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \\ \text { to } 49 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \text { to } 59 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ \text { to } 69 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \text { or more } \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 2.6 | 8.3 | 17.2 | 21.6 | 23.1 | 17.0 | 9.0 | 1.1 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29.2 | 45.8 | 20.8 | 4.2 | 0 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 1.7 | 18.6 | 40.7 | 27.1 | 8.5 | 3.4 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 5.1 | 17.3 | 38.8 | 29.6 | 8.2 | 1.0 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 9.7 | 25.1 | 32.3 | 19.3 | 11.2 | 1.5 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 10.7 | 22.0 | 22.7 | 21.2 | 18.0 | 3.4 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 0 | 2.0 | 7.4 | 14.8 | 20.4 | 25.0 | 25.9 | 4.5 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 0.2 | 2.0 | 5.7 | 13.3 | 27.6 | 32.8 | 17.3 | 1.1 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 8.4 | 23.9 | 33.6 | 23.6 | 7.3 | 0.1 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 1.0 | 4.2 | 20.2 | 34.6 | 28.8 | 9.4 | 1.4 | 0.4 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 3.8 | 13.7 | 38.3 | 27.9 | 13.9 | 2.3 | 0.1 | 0 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 15.3 | 38.6 | 30.4 | 11.2 | 3.6 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 |

${ }^{1}$ These data are derived from the total public service hours per year and the total outlets (central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail only) of public libraries.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rate for total public service hours per year was 98.5 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008 301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Type of geographic service area ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Municipal government |  | County/parish |  | Metropolitan area |  | Multicounty |  | School district |  | Other | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 34.5 | 16.0 | 12.2 | 5.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 4.7 | 0.4 | 24.5 | 100.0 |
| Alabama | 207 | 70.0 | 5.3 | 12.6 | 9.2 | 0 | 0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 80.9 | 3.4 | 14.6 | 0 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 86 | 5.8 | 57.0 | 3.5 | 10.5 | 16.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7.0 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 16.7 | 0 | 43.8 | 0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 31.3 | 2.1 | 0 | 0 | 2.1 | 100.0 |
| California | 179 | 59.8 | 7.3 | 16.2 | 13.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Colorado | 115 | 34.8 | 0.9 | 21.7 | 8.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.9 | 27.8 | 1.7 | 3.5 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 84.5 | 15.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 21 | 90.5 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 35.9 | 1.3 | 39.7 | 7.7 | 0 | 0 | 15.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 43.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 56.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 42.3 | 0 | 10.6 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 | 11.5 | 2.9 | 30.8 | 100.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 27.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 72.2 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 15.5 | 0.8 | 9.6 | 4.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69.5 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 0.2 | 99.4 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 91.7 | 0 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.6 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 0 | 0 | 99.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 4.5 | 0 | 91.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.0 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 20.8 | 4.2 | 70.8 | 0 | 4.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 10.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 89.2 | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 383 | 23.2 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 6.8 | 3.1 | 60.1 | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 74.3 | 6.4 | 10.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.6 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 4.0 | 62.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32.0 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 46.3 | 10.1 | 30.2 | 3.4 | 0 | 0 | 2.7 | 6.0 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 30.4 | 8.9 | 41.8 | 19.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 88.5 | 7.8 | 3.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 0 | 54.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40.9 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 97.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 2.2 | 100.0 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

${ }^{1}$ The types of geographic service areas (Municipal government, County/parish, Metropolitan area, etc.) are from U.S. Census geography. Public libraries identified the geographic service area type that either exactly or most nearly described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.
${ }^{2}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported geographic service area.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 5A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the $\mathbf{5 0}$ states and the District of Columbia, by type of geographic service area and population

| Population of legal service area | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Type of geographic service area ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Municipal government |  | County/parish |  | Metropolitan area |  | Multicounty |  | School district |  | Other |
|  |  | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ | Exactly | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Most } \\ \text { nearly } \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 34.5 | 16.0 | 12.2 | 5.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 4.7 | 0.4 | 24.5 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 20.8 | 4.2 | 20.8 | 37.5 | 4.2 | 0 | 4.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.3 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 16.9 | 1.7 | 49.2 | 22.0 | 1.7 | 0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 0 | 0 | 1.7 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 17.3 | 3.1 | 42.9 | 15.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 10.2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 0 | 6.1 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 27.8 | 4.5 | 32.0 | 11.2 | 0 | 0.6 | 11.5 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 5.7 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 29.8 | 6.9 | 26.9 | 7.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 7.3 | 1.5 | 4.4 | 0.2 | 14.7 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 28.8 | 7.0 | 23.7 | 5.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 7.8 | 0.5 | 21.9 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 28.6 | 10.4 | 16.5 | 5.6 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 7.4 | 0.5 | 29.5 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 31.1 | 14.8 | 10.0 | 5.7 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 7.2 | 0.5 | 30.0 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 32.6 | 21.9 | 4.8 | 6.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 29.7 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 39.8 | 26.9 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 2.0 | 0.7 | 24.8 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 57.3 | 21.8 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 17.3 |

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Less than } 1,000 & 1,002 & 57.3 & 21.8 & 1.4 & 1.3 & 0 & 0 & 0.1 & 0\end{array}$ or most nearly described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The national-level response rate for type of geographic service area was 100 percent. See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal

| State | Number of public libraries | Type of interlibrary relationship |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ${ }^{1}$ | Member of a federation or cooperative ${ }^{2}$ | Not a member of a federation or cooperative | Responserate ${ }^{3}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 1.2 | 75.6 | 23.2 | 100.0 |
| Alabama | 207 | 7.2 | 63.3 | 29.5 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 86 | 4.7 | 2.3 | 93.0 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| California | 179 | 0 | 96.6 | 3.4 | 100.0 |
| Colorado | 115 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 0 | 95.4 | 4.6 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 6.4 | 60.3 | 33.3 | 100.0 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 0 | 55.8 | 44.2 | 100.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 0 | 99.8 | 0.2 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 0 | 98.3 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| Iowa | 540 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 1.8 | 93.5 | 4.6 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 0.7 | 86.0 | 13.2 | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 383 | 0 | 99.2 | 0.8 | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 7.9 | 88.6 | 3.6 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 7.6 | 92.4 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 0 | 90.9 | 9.1 | 100.0 |

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal

| State | Number of public libraries | Type of interlibrary relationship |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ${ }^{1}$ | Member of a federation or cooperative ${ }^{2}$ | Not a member of a federation or cooperative | Responserate |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 0 | 94.8 | 5.2 | 100.0 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 3.4 | 11.5 | 85.1 | 100.0 |
| New York | 754 | 0.7 | 99.1 | 0.3 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 2.4 | 0 | 97.6 | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 251 | 0 | 72.5 | 27.5 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 7.1 | 0 | 92.9 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 4.8 | 73.6 | 21.6 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 4.1 | 67.0 | 28.8 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 2.0 | 95.9 | 2.0 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 4.8 | 0 | 95.2 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 0 | 94.1 | 5.9 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 0 | 97.6 | 2.4 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 98.9 | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 11.3 | 51.5 | 37.1 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |

[^3]${ }^{2}$ An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word "system" in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.
${ }^{3}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported interlibrary relationship.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 6A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of interlibrary relationship and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Type of interlibrary relationship |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ${ }^{1}$ | Member of a federation or cooperative ${ }^{2}$ | Not a member of a federation or cooperative |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 1.2 | 75.6 | 23.2 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 12.5 | 66.7 | 20.8 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 8.5 | 54.2 | 37.3 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 6.1 | 52.0 | 41.8 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 5.4 | 55.3 | 39.3 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 5.8 | 61.5 | 32.7 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 1.9 | 73.2 | 24.9 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 0.9 | 76.5 | 22.6 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 0.3 | 81.3 | 18.4 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 0.2 | 82.1 | 17.7 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 0 | 79.1 | 20.9 |

Less than 1,000 1,002 0.1 71.8 28.1

The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.
${ }^{2}$ An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word "system" in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The national-level response rate for type of interlibrary relationship was 100 percent. See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301] National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by size of print materials collection and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Size of print materials collection ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 5,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 9,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 24,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 99,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 499,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 999,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 2,499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 4,999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 5,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 3.2 | 11.9 | 31.4 | 21.4 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 97.6 |
| Alabama | 207 | 2.4 | 16.4 | 36.7 | 20.3 | 17.9 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 22.5 | 23.6 | 33.7 | 10.1 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96.6 |
| Arizona | 86 | 4.7 | 8.1 | 33.7 | 19.8 | 17.4 | 9.3 | 4.7 | 2.3 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 2.1 | 0 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 27.1 | 47.9 | 2.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 0.6 | 0 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 21.2 | 56.4 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 97.2 |
| Colorado | 115 | 0 | 13.9 | 34.8 | 17.4 | 13.0 | 17.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 0.5 | 4.1 | 20.1 | 21.1 | 31.4 | 22.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90.7 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 42.9 | 38.1 | 0 | 14.3 | 4.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 0 | 1.3 | 5.1 | 10.3 | 16.7 | 44.9 | 10.3 | 7.7 | 3.8 | 0 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.2 | 24.1 | 60.3 | 8.6 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 1.0 | 17.3 | 37.5 | 24.0 | 12.5 | 7.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 1.3 | 9.6 | 35.2 | 22.6 | 15.1 | 15.4 | 0.6 | 0 | 0.2 | 0 | 99.8 |
| Indiana | 239 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 24.3 | 27.6 | 23.4 | 19.7 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 5.9 | 31.9 | 41.5 | 13.1 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 98.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 12.0 | 25.2 | 35.7 | 17.5 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 0 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 0 | 1.7 | 18.1 | 44.0 | 23.3 | 11.2 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 3.0 | 0 | 3.0 | 11.9 | 40.3 | 35.8 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 7.4 | 25.4 | 39.0 | 21.3 | 5.1 | 1.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 97.4 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 12.5 | 50.0 | 16.7 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 3.2 | 8.9 | 18.9 | 25.9 | 25.4 | 16.5 | 0.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 99.2 |
| Michigan | 383 | 0.5 | 4.2 | 32.4 | 30.0 | 16.4 | 14.9 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.3 | 99.5 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 1.4 | 9.3 | 38.6 | 20.7 | 14.3 | 10.7 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 2.0 | 12.0 | 18.0 | 28.0 | 36.0 | 4.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 98.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 30.2 | 31.5 | 17.4 | 12.1 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 2.5 | 12.7 | 48.1 | 22.8 | 7.6 | 6.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 10.7 | 34.4 | 37.8 | 11.5 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 78.1 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 4.5 | 18.2 | 27.3 | 18.2 | 22.7 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 5.2 | 18.3 | 43.9 | 22.2 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90.9 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by size of print materials collection and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Size of print materials collection ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 5,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 24,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 2,499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,500,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 4,999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 5,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 0 | 0.3 | 14.7 | 28.8 | 30.4 | 23.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 93.5 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 10.3 | 18.4 | 34.5 | 16.1 | 9.2 | 10.3 | 0 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 1.6 | 12.3 | 37.1 | 20.2 | 11.8 | 16.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 0 | 0 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 26.7 | 60.0 | 6.7 | 2.7 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 12.0 | 14.5 | 45.8 | 18.1 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95.2 |
| Ohio | 251 | 0 | 0.4 | 6.8 | 21.5 | 29.9 | 36.3 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 5.3 | 12.4 | 41.6 | 21.2 | 11.5 | 6.2 | 0 | 1.8 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 3.2 | 10.4 | 25.6 | 24.8 | 20.0 | 14.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0 | 0 | 98.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 0 | 4.4 | 37.3 | 29.5 | 17.0 | 10.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.2 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 0 | 2.0 | 24.5 | 22.4 | 26.5 | 22.4 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 14.3 | 23.8 | 50.0 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 9.7 | 18.5 | 48.4 | 11.3 | 8.9 | 3.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 66.9 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 5.9 | 19.9 | 30.6 | 23.7 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 0.4 | 5.1 | 38.9 | 31.8 | 12.7 | 8.9 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 0 | 1.4 | 33.8 | 29.6 | 22.5 | 9.9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 13.0 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 8.7 | 3.8 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96.7 |
| Virginia | 91 | 0 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 23.1 | 17.6 | 46.2 | 8.8 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 98.9 |
| Washington | 65 | 3.1 | 6.2 | 24.6 | 12.3 | 20.0 | 18.5 | 6.2 | 7.7 | 1.5 | 0 | 93.8 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 0 | 5.2 | 43.3 | 20.6 | 19.6 | 10.3 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 1.3 | 11.8 | 43.0 | 18.9 | 15.0 | 9.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 99.5 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26.1 | 30.4 | 43.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95.7 |

${ }^{1}$ These materials include books and serial back files in print.
${ }^{2}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported print materials. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix $B$ of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 7A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by size of print materials collection and

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Size of print materials collection ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 5,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 24,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 499,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 500,000 to 999,999 |  | $2,500,000$ to $4,999,999$ |  |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 3.2 | 11.9 | 31.4 | 21.4 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 33.3 | 41.7 | 20.8 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15.3 | 71.2 | 8.5 | 5.1 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 | 21.4 | 55.1 | 18.4 | 4.1 | 0 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 0 | 0 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.3 | 83.4 | 13.9 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 0.7 | 0 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 13.6 | 82.4 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 10.7 | 41.1 | 45.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 10.7 | 38.0 | 41.5 | 8.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 0.4 | 2.6 | 35.1 | 49.4 | 12.1 | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 0.8 | 8.8 | 63.2 | 25.8 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 3.8 | 28.1 | 62.0 | 6.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 20.4 | 46.6 | 30.6 | 1.9 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

[^4]NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rate for print materials was 97.6 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 8. Total, average, and median number of electronic materials in public libraries, by type of material and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Electronic Books |  |  |  | Databases |  |  |  | Current Electronic Serial Subsriptions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ |
| Total | 9,198 | 8,949,744 | 973.0 | 0 | 97.0 | 208,220 | 22.6 | 15.0 | 93.7 | 60,498 | 6.6 | 0 | 92.7 |
| Alabama | 207 | 401,421 | 1,939.2 | 0 | 94.2 | 12,849 | 62.1 | 69.0 | 99.5 | 429 | 2.1 | 0 | 95.7 |
| Alaska | 89 | 2,818 | 31.7 | 0 | 96.6 | 3,558 | 40.0 | 39.0 | 96.6 | 189 | 2.1 | 0 | 96.6 |
| Arizona | 86 | 32,207 | 374.5 | 0 | 96.5 | 2,957 | 34.4 | 7.0 | 100.0 | 359 | 4.2 | 0 | 95.3 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 18,299 | 381.2 | 0 | 93.8 | 1,004 | 20.9 | 4.5 | 95.8 | 35 | 0.7 | 0 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 191,447 | 1,069.5 | 0 | 97.2 | 16,324 | 91.2 | 10.0 | 97.2 | 3,684 | 20.6 | 0 | 97.2 |
| Colorado | 115 | 134,694 | 1,171.3 | 0 | 99.1 | 1,096 | 9.5 | 1.0 | 100.0 | 303 | 2.6 | 0 | 99.1 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 24,397 | 125.8 | 0 | 93.3 | 3,824 | 19.7 | 16.0 | 92.3 | 395 | 2.0 | 0 | 85.1 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 602 | 28.7 | 35.0 | 0 | 24 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 17 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 707,449 | 9,069.9 | 1.0 | 97.4 | 3,536 | 45.3 | 27.5 | 98.7 | 14,525 | 186.2 | 0 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 6,472 | 111.6 | 0 | 100.0 | 1,206 | 20.8 | 0 | 100.0 | 2,065 | 35.6 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 1,320 | 1,320.0 | 1,320.0 | 100.0 | 63 | 63.0 | 63.0 | 100.0 | 174 | 174.0 | 174.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 6,906 | 66.4 | 0 | 99.0 | 4,738 | 45.6 | 44.0 | 100.0 | 12 | 0.1 | 0 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 321,099 | 515.4 | 0 | 99.7 | 5,975 | 9.6 | 3.0 | 99.8 | 2,070 | 3.3 | 0 | 99.4 |
| Indiana | 239 | 54,268 | 227.1 | 0 | 100.0 | 7,103 | 29.7 | 30.0 | 100.0 | 308 | 1.3 | 0 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 28,644 | 53.0 | 0 | 98.7 | 1,632 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 92.8 | 3,113 | 5.8 | 0 | 87.2 |
| Kansas | 325 | 39,415 | 121.3 | 9.0 | 98.8 | 836 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0 | 1,248 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 72,928 | 628.7 | 0 | 100.0 | 6,149 | 53.0 | 48.0 | 100.0 | 686 | 5.9 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 15,522 | 231.7 | 0 | 97.0 | 1,852 | 27.6 | 26.0 | 100.0 | 80 | 1.2 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 938 | 3.4 | 0 | 98.5 | 426 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 99.3 | 231 | 0.8 | 0 | 98.9 |
| Maryland | 24 | 34,143 | 1,422.6 | 231.5 | 100.0 | 620 | 25.8 | 27.0 | 100.0 | 429 | 17.9 | 0 | 95.8 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 20,319 | 54.9 | 0 | 99.2 | 8,052 | 21.8 | 21.0 | 98.9 | 928 | 2.5 | 0 | 99.2 |
| Michigan | 383 | 204,695 | 534.5 | 0 | 99.5 | 3,751 | 9.8 | 0 | 99.2 | 1,767 | 4.6 | 0 | 99.5 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 2,121,834 | 15,156.0 | 15,571.0 | 100.0 | 4,070 | 29.1 | 16.0 | 100.0 | 274 | 2.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 8,760 | 175.2 | 0 | 98.0 | 1,681 | 33.6 | 32.0 | 98.0 | 48 | 1.0 | 0 | 98.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 186,756 | 1,253.4 | 0 | 99.3 | 1,299 | 8.7 | 2.0 | 100.0 | 3,527 | 23.7 | 1.0 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 7,867 | 99.6 | 0 | 100.0 | 261 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 100.0 | 39 | 0.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 239,610 | 887.4 | 0 | 79.6 | 1,714 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 80.0 | 329 | 1.2 | 0 | 80.0 |
| Nevada | 22 | 35,865 | 1,630.2 | 0 | 100.0 | 987 | 44.9 | 38.0 | 100.0 | 16 | 0.7 | 0 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 21,329 | 92.7 | 0 | 87.0 | 3,698 | 16.1 | 20.0 | 90.4 | 135 | 0.6 | 0 | 89.6 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 8. Total, average, and median number of electronic materials in public libraries, by type of material and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number <br> of public libraries | Electronic Books |  |  |  | Databases |  |  |  | Current Electronic Serial Subsriptions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| New Jersey | 306 | 58,871 | 192.4 | 0 | 93.5 | 11,064 | 36.2 | 34.0 | 93.5 | 1,112 | 3.6 | 0 | 93.5 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 31,444 | 361.4 | 0 | 98.9 | 945 | 10.9 | 9.0 | 98.9 | 42 | 0.5 | 0 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 200,611 | 266.1 | 0 | 99.9 | 19,629 | 26.0 | 18.0 | 100.0 | 2,292 | 3.0 | 0 | 99.7 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 47,019 | 626.9 | 0 | 100.0 | 631 | 8.4 | 3.0 | 100.0 | 47 | 0.6 | 0 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 29,491 | 355.3 | 0 | 96.4 | 162 | 2.0 | 0 | 96.4 | 32 | 0.4 | 0 | 96.4 |
| Ohio | 251 | 139,079 | 554.1 | 0 | 94.4 | 5,517 | 22.0 | 3.0 | 97.2 | 6,929 | 27.6 | 0 | 94.8 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 1,565 | 13.8 | 0 | 100.0 | 2,114 | 18.7 | 0 | 100.0 | 17 | 0.2 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 16,067 | 128.5 | 0 | 99.2 | 8,364 | 66.9 | 26.0 | 99.2 | 298 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 99.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 45,609 | 99.6 | 0 | 97.6 | 20,087 | 43.9 | 40.0 | 98.5 | 1,052 | 2.3 | 0 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 460 | 9.4 | 0 | 98.0 | 667 | 13.6 | 7.0 | 98.0 | 32 | 0.7 | 0 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 48,055 | 1,144.2 | 0 | 100.0 | 1,328 | 31.6 | 24.0 | 100.0 | 207 | 4.9 | 0 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 40,863 | 329.5 | 0 | 66.9 | 173 | 1.4 | 0 | 66.9 | 45 | 0.4 | 0 | 66.9 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 29,018 | 156.0 | 0 | 100.0 | 3,725 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 100.0 | 121 | 0.7 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 82,555 | 149.3 | 0 | 100.0 | 8,552 | 15.5 | 0 | 99.6 | 10,045 | 18.2 | 0 | 99.8 |
| Utah | 71 | 13,663 | 192.4 | 0 | 100.0 | 2,694 | 37.9 | 36.0 | 100.0 | 33 | 0.5 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 23 | 0.1 | 0 | 100.0 | 2,103 | 11.4 | 16.0 | 99.5 | 37 | 0.2 | 0 | 99.5 |
| Virginia | 91 | 599,180 | 6,584.4 | 0 | 97.8 | 2,581 | 28.4 | 24.0 | 100.0 | 470 | 5.2 | 0 | 92.3 |
| Washington | 65 | 36,441 | 560.6 | 0 | 92.3 | 899 | 13.8 | 8.0 | 100.0 | 53 | 0.8 | 0 | 86.2 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 55 | 0.6 | 0 | 96.9 | 1,134 | 11.7 | 10.0 | 100.0 | 44 | 0.5 | 0 | 95.9 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 2,588,160 | 6,793.1 | 8,153.0 | 99.7 | 12,962 | 34.0 | 33.0 | 100.0 | 150 | 0.4 | 0 | 99.5 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 93 | 4.0 | 0 | 95.7 | 1,009 | 43.9 | 32.0 | 100.0 | 18 | 0.8 | 0 | 95.7 |

${ }^{1}$ The average was calculated by dividing the total number of materials of each type by the total number of public libraries.
${ }^{2}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported the item. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
 National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 8A. Total, average, and median number of electronic materials in public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of material and population of of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of legal service area | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Electronic Books |  |  | Databases |  |  | Current Electronic Serial Subscriptions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median | Total | Average ${ }^{1}$ | Median |
| Total | 9,198 | 8,949,744 | 973.0 | 0 | 208,220 | 22.6 | 15.0 | 60,498 | 6.6 | 0 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 370,321 | 15,430.0 | 2,998.0 | 13,130 | 547.1 | 74.0 | 20,971 | 873.8 | 1.5 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 413,633 | 7,010.7 | 537.0 | 12,817 | 217.2 | 43.0 | 6,086 | 103.2 | 1.0 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 413,726 | 4,221.7 | 16.0 | 4,715 | 48.1 | 36.5 | 6,508 | 66.4 | 0 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 684,289 | 2,067.3 | 0 | 16,042 | 48.5 | 26.0 | 1,694 | 5.1 | 0 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 966,023 | 1,753.2 | 0 | 16,832 | 30.5 | 25.0 | 4,409 | 8.0 | 0 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 1,038,366 | 1,103.5 | 0 | 27,221 | 28.9 | 24.0 | 7,615 | 8.1 | 0 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 1,513,074 | 858.7 | 0 | 43,637 | 24.8 | 21.0 | 4,198 | 2.4 | 0 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 984,853 | 664.1 | 0 | 26,469 | 17.8 | 15.0 | 6,885 | 4.6 | 0 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 1,017,327 | 762.0 | 0 | 19,103 | 14.3 | 7.0 | 1,034 | 0.8 | 0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 1,137,980 | 705.9 | 0 | 18,575 | 11.5 | 3.0 | 677 | 0.4 | 0 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 410,152 | 409.3 | 0 | 9,679 | 9.7 | 2.0 | 421 | 0.4 | 0 |

${ }^{1}$ The average was calculated by dividing the total number of materials of each type by the total number of public libraries.
NOTE: For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: NOTE: For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows:
electronic books, 97.0 percent; databases, 93.7 percent; and current electronic serial subscriptions, 92.7 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS),
FY 2005.

Table 9. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Number of paid FTE staff ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} .01 \\ \text { to } \\ .99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \text { to } \\ 1.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \text { to } \\ 4.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \text { to } \\ 9.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \text { to } \\ 24.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \text { to } \\ 49.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \text { to } \\ 99.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \text { to } \\ 249.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 1.3 | 19.0 | 15.8 | 22.3 | 15.6 | 14.8 | 5.8 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 98.4 |
| Alabama | 207 | 0 | 14.0 | 18.4 | 32.9 | 20.3 | 10.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 14.6 | 48.3 | 6.7 | 15.7 | 9.0 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 97.8 |
| Arizona | 86 | 2.3 | 4.7 | 12.8 | 32.6 | 19.8 | 12.8 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 2.3 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 12.5 | 25.0 | 35.4 | 20.8 | 0 | 2.1 | 0 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 5.0 | 12.8 | 27.9 | 22.9 | 15.1 | 8.9 | 5.0 | 97.8 |
| Colorado | 115 | 0.9 | 5.2 | 18.3 | 28.7 | 17.4 | 13.9 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 2.1 | 5.7 | 9.3 | 21.6 | 25.3 | 21.6 | 10.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0 | 93.3 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42.9 | 33.3 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 0 | 4.8 | 0 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 0 | 1.3 | 0 | 5.1 | 15.4 | 24.4 | 16.7 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 11.5 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13.8 | 36.2 | 24.1 | 15.5 | 6.9 | 3.4 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 1.9 | 22.1 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 10.6 | 13.5 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 0 | 15.1 | 19.6 | 24.9 | 12.2 | 15.4 | 6.9 | 4.8 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 97.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 0 | 5.9 | 14.6 | 19.7 | 15.1 | 26.8 | 9.2 | 6.3 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 1.3 | 43.7 | 24.3 | 17.4 | 8.1 | 3.5 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0 | 0 | 98.5 |
| Kansas | 325 | 2.5 | 42.8 | 19.7 | 21.2 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 0 | 0 | 2.6 | 15.5 | 49.1 | 24.1 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9.0 | 20.9 | 43.3 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 13.2 | 38.2 | 16.5 | 16.9 | 9.6 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29.2 | 25.0 | 8.3 | 16.7 | 20.8 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 0.3 | 17.3 | 7.0 | 21.1 | 24.1 | 24.6 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 0 | 0.3 | 99.2 |
| Michigan | 383 | 0.3 | 8.1 | 16.4 | 27.7 | 21.9 | 14.6 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 99.5 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 0 | 12.1 | 23.6 | 27.9 | 12.1 | 12.9 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.0 | 24.0 | 44.0 | 16.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 0 | 14.8 | 13.4 | 28.2 | 20.8 | 12.1 | 5.4 | 0.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 0 | 19.0 | 31.6 | 29.1 | 11.4 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 0 | 61.9 | 15.2 | 11.9 | 6.3 | 3.7 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.7 | 0 | 99.3 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 0 | 18.2 | 22.7 | 18.2 | 27.3 | 0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 2.6 | 20.0 | 27.0 | 32.2 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 0.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 91.3 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 9. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number <br> of public libraries | Number of paid FTE staff ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} .01 \\ \text { to } \\ .99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \text { to } \\ 1.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \text { to } \\ 4.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \text { to } \\ 9.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \text { to } \\ 24.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \text { to } \\ 49.99 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \text { to } \\ 99.99 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \text { to } \\ 249.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 0.3 | 2.6 | 7.5 | 22.5 | 27.1 | 26.1 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 93.5 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 10.3 | 8.0 | 18.4 | 29.9 | 18.4 | 9.2 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 0 | 22.4 | 18.0 | 18.4 | 14.6 | 13.5 | 8.9 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 10.7 | 36.0 | 33.3 | 10.7 | 6.7 | 1.3 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 6.0 | 50.6 | 10.8 | 20.5 | 7.2 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96.4 |
| Ohio | 251 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 | 12.4 | 20.7 | 32.3 | 17.1 | 9.6 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 0 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 31.9 | 12.4 | 6.2 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 1.6 | 21.6 | 12.0 | 20.0 | 19.2 | 15.2 | 6.4 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 0 | 9.2 | 17.7 | 31.7 | 19.9 | 15.3 | 4.4 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 0 | 4.1 | 10.2 | 20.4 | 22.4 | 32.7 | 6.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9.5 | 21.4 | 35.7 | 9.5 | 14.3 | 7.1 | 2.4 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 0.8 | 50.8 | 22.6 | 15.3 | 6.5 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0 | 0 | 66.1 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 0 | 25.3 | 19.4 | 27.4 | 14.0 | 9.1 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 0.7 | 12.7 | 17.5 | 34.7 | 16.6 | 9.2 | 4.9 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 0 | 15.5 | 19.7 | 22.5 | 19.7 | 12.7 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 8.2 | 47.3 | 22.8 | 13.0 | 6.5 | 2.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | 0 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 30.8 | 13.2 | 7.7 | 9.9 | 2.2 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 0 | 18.5 | 7.7 | 12.3 | 16.9 | 16.9 | 3.1 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 4.6 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 0 | 6.2 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 14.4 | 12.4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 0 | 16.3 | 22.3 | 29.4 | 12.9 | 13.9 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13.0 | 26.1 | 39.1 | 21.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in a staff category divided by the 40 -hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places. Paid staff is one of four criteria used in the Public Libraries Survey to define a public library. Some states report public libraries that do not have paid staff but meet the definition of a public library under state law.
${ }^{2}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported total paid FTE staff. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix $B$ of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 9A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of legal service area | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Number of paid FTE staff ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} .01 \\ \text { to } \\ .99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.0 \\ \text { to } \\ 1.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \text { to } \\ 4.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \text { to } \\ 9.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \text { to } \\ 24.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \text { to } \\ 49.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \text { to } \\ 99.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \text { to } \\ 249.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 1.3 | 19.0 | 15.8 | 22.3 | 15.6 | 14.8 | 5.8 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 0.8 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 95.8 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27.1 | 71.2 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 19.4 | 63.3 | 13.3 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 6.6 | 32.9 | 42.6 | 16.9 | 0 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 5.3 | 37.9 | 36.8 | 16.5 | 1.8 | 0 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 17.0 | 56.4 | 17.7 | 3.2 | 0 | 0 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 2.3 | 21.9 | 43.6 | 28.8 | 2.7 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 0 | 3.6 | 13.4 | 51.0 | 26.4 | 5.3 | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 0.9 | 14.8 | 33.7 | 45.1 | 4.9 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 2.2 | 44.6 | 38.0 | 14.3 | 0.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 6.7 | 76.3 | 13.9 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

${ }^{1}$ Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in a staff category divided by the 40 -hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places. Paid staff is one of four criteria used in the Public Libraries Survey to define a public library. Some states report public libraries that do not have paid staff but meet the definition of a public library under state law.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rate for total paid staff was 98.4 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 10. Total per capita operating revenue of public libraries, by source of revenue and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Total per capita operating revenue ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  | Federal ${ }^{2}$ |  | State |  | Local |  | Other ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  |  |  | ponse | Response |  | Response |  | Response |  | Response |  |
|  |  | Total | rate ${ }^{4}$ | Total | rate ${ }^{4}$ | Total | rate ${ }^{4}$ | Total | rate ${ }^{4}$ | Total | rate ${ }^{4}$ |
| Total | 9,198 | \$33.87 | 97.7 | \$0.18 | 97.9 | \$3.26 | 97.9 | \$27.59 | 97.7 | \$2.85 | 97.7 |
| Alabama | 207 | 18.00 | 99.0 | 0.20 | 100.0 | 0.87 | 100.0 | 15.34 | 100.0 | 1.59 | 99.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 37.43 | 97.8 | 1.34 | 100.0 | 1.06 | 100.0 | 33.11 | 97.8 | 1.93 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 86 | 24.71 | 98.8 | 0.15 | 100.0 | 0.10 | 100.0 | 23.75 | 100.0 | 0.71 | 98.8 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 18.22 | 95.8 | \# | 95.8 | 0.99 | 95.8 | 16.11 | 95.8 | 1.12 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 29.14 | 97.2 | 0.13 | 97.2 | 0.83 | 97.8 | 25.46 | 97.8 | 2.71 | 97.2 |
| Colorado | 115 | 44.36 | 100.0 | 0.04 | 100.0 | 0.03 | 100.0 | 41.70 | 100.0 | 2.59 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 45.75 | 93.8 | 0.17 | 93.8 | 0.38 | 93.8 | 38.13 | 93.8 | 7.08 | 93.8 |
| Delaware | 21 | 29.58 | 100.0 | 0.12 | 100.0 | 3.90 | 100.0 | 22.85 | 100.0 | 2.71 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 59.64 | 100.0 | 1.44 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 | 55.93 | 100.0 | 2.26 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 28.83 | 98.7 | 0.10 | 98.7 | 1.81 | 98.7 | 25.74 | 98.7 | 1.17 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 19.55 | 100.0 | 0.10 | 100.0 | 3.30 | 100.0 | 15.15 | 100.0 | 0.99 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 23.87 | 100.0 | 0.86 | 100.0 | 21.05 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 | 1.95 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 26.14 | 98.1 | 0.16 | 99.0 | 0.72 | 99.0 | 22.69 | 99.0 | 2.57 | 98.1 |
| Illinois | 623 | 52.57 | 99.7 | 0.26 | 100.0 | 2.69 | 100.0 | 45.78 | 99.7 | 3.84 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 51.69 | 100.0 | 0.09 | 100.0 | 3.52 | 100.0 | 44.63 | 100.0 | 3.44 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 29.23 | 98.5 | 0.16 | 98.7 | 0.76 | 98.7 | 25.92 | 98.5 | 2.38 | 98.7 |
| Kansas | 325 | 41.21 | 100.0 | 0.15 | 100.0 | 0.72 | 100.0 | 35.98 | 100.0 | 4.36 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 27.42 | 100.0 | 0.27 | 100.0 | 1.18 | 100.0 | 24.48 | 100.0 | 1.50 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 28.62 | 100.0 | 0.04 | 100.0 | 1.50 | 100.0 | 25.14 | 100.0 | 1.95 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 28.25 | 98.9 | 0.01 | 99.3 | 0.16 | 99.3 | 20.90 | 98.9 | 7.19 | 98.9 |
| Maryland | 24 | 41.10 | 100.0 | 0.25 | 100.0 | 5.00 | 100.0 | 29.57 | 100.0 | 6.26 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 35.42 | 98.4 | 0.67 | 98.4 | 1.17 | 98.4 | 30.70 | 98.4 | 2.88 | 98.4 |
| Michigan | 383 | 37.73 | 99.2 | 0.05 | 99.2 | 1.14 | 99.0 | 33.97 | 99.0 | 2.57 | 99.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 33.67 | 100.0 | 0.17 | 100.0 | 1.68 | 100.0 | 29.16 | 100.0 | 2.67 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 14.51 | 100.0 | 0.15 | 100.0 | 2.78 | 100.0 | 10.26 | 100.0 | 1.32 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 36.67 | 100.0 | 0.21 | 100.0 | 0.82 | 100.0 | 32.05 | 100.0 | 3.59 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 20.85 | 100.0 | 0.03 | 100.0 | 0.34 | 100.0 | 18.31 | 100.0 | 2.18 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 30.40 | 75.6 | 0.07 | 76.3 | 0.31 | 76.3 | 28.56 | 74.8 | 1.46 | 76.3 |
| Nevada | 22 | 31.71 | 100.0 | 0.42 | 100.0 | 1.02 | 100.0 | 22.03 | 100.0 | 8.24 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 34.14 | 90.4 | \# | 91.3 | 0.02 | 92.2 | 31.55 | 90.9 | 2.57 | 90.4 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 10. Total per capita operating revenue of public libraries, by source of revenue and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued


[^5]${ }^{2}$ This includes federal funds, such as Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) funds, that are distributed to public libraries through state library agencies. Other federal funds that are used by state library agencies or library cooperatives to provide services that benefit local public libraries are not included in the table because they are not received as income by public libraries.
${ }^{3}$ This includes monetary gifts and donations received in the current year, interest, library fines, fees for library services, or grants.
${ }^{4}$ Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries with a nonzero value for population of legal service area that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 10A. Total per capita operating revenue of public libraries in the $\mathbf{5 0}$ states and the District of Columbia, by source of revenue and population of legal service area: Fiscal

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Total per capita operating revenue ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Federal ${ }^{2}$ | State | Local | Other ${ }^{3}$ |
| Total | 9,198 | \$33.87 | \$0.18 | \$3.26 | \$27.59 | \$2.85 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 33.55 | 0.24 | 2.23 | 26.54 | 4.54 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 37.41 | 0.21 | 3.68 | 31.10 | 2.41 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 33.16 | 0.13 | 4.24 | 26.68 | 2.11 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 30.27 | 0.16 | 2.87 | 25.20 | 2.04 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 32.24 | 0.15 | 3.63 | 26.30 | 2.16 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 36.74 | 0.14 | 3.43 | 30.45 | 2.72 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 35.76 | 0.13 | 3.26 | 29.21 | 3.16 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 34.24 | 0.22 | 3.52 | 26.63 | 3.87 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 31.43 | 0.35 | 2.31 | 23.99 | 4.77 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 33.46 | 0.35 | 1.72 | 24.58 | 6.81 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 38.87 | 0.49 | 3.51 | 27.03 | 7.83 |

${ }^{1}$ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{2}$ This includes federal funds, such as Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) funds, that are distributed to public libraries through state library agencies. Other federal funds that are used by state library agencies or library cooperatives to provide services that benefit local public libraries are not included in the table because they are not received as income by public libraries.
${ }^{3}$ This includes monetary gifts and donations received in the current year, interest, library fines, fees for library services, or grants.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: total operating revenue, 97.7 percent; federal revenue, 97.9 percent; state revenue, 97.9 percent; local revenue, 97.7 percent; and other revenue, 97.7 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 11. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by per capita operating revenue from local sources and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Per capita operating revenue ${ }^{1}$ from local sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ .99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 6.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 8.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\$ 9$ to $\$ 11.99$ | $\$ 12$ to $\$ 14.99$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 19.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 29.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 12.9 | 19.9 | 30.4 | 97.7 |
| Alabama | 207 | 3.9 | 9.7 | 8.2 | 5.8 | 8.7 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 12.6 | 16.4 | 16.4 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 18.0 | 0 | 0 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 5.6 | 10.1 | 15.7 | 43.8 | 97.8 |
| Arizona | 86 | 3.5 | 5.8 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 4.7 | 10.5 | 33.7 | 32.6 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 0 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 8.3 | 10.4 | 22.9 | 20.8 | 16.7 | 8.3 | 6.3 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 2.2 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 7.3 | 16.8 | 20.1 | 41.3 | 97.8 |
| Colorado | 115 | 0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 6.1 | 1.7 | 20.0 | 59.1 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 6.7 | 14.4 | 59.3 | 93.8 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23.8 | 19.0 | 14.3 | 28.6 | 14.3 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 0 | 0 | 2.6 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 12.8 | 9.0 | 16.7 | 20.5 | 29.5 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 8.6 | 17.2 | 19.0 | 20.7 | 13.8 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 1.7 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.9 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 12.5 | 18.3 | 28.8 | 23.1 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 5.3 | 7.9 | 14.8 | 20.9 | 43.0 | 99.7 |
| Indiana | 239 | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 19.7 | 71.1 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 8.9 | 13.7 | 19.4 | 28.9 | 14.4 | 98.5 |
| Kansas | 325 | 0 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 16.3 | 28.9 | 27.7 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 3.4 | 0.9 | 0 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 13.8 | 16.4 | 20.7 | 20.7 | 18.1 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 25.4 | 28.4 | 29.9 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 15.4 | 98.9 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 16.7 | 12.5 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 14.1 | 27.8 | 39.7 | 98.4 |
| Michigan | 383 | 0 | 0 | 0.8 | 3.1 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 9.7 | 13.1 | 26.6 | 33.9 | 99.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 0 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 13.6 | 27.1 | 47.1 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 2.0 | 14.0 | 16.0 | 32.0 | 14.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 2.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 0.7 | 0 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 10.1 | 16.8 | 15.4 | 20.8 | 15.4 | 14.1 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 0 | 2.5 | 0 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 10.1 | 12.7 | 29.1 | 26.6 | 12.7 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 18.1 | 24.8 | 41.1 | 74.8 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 0 | 9.1 | 13.6 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 5.2 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 7.0 | 11.3 | 19.1 | 41.3 | 90.9 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 11. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by per capita operating revenue from local sources and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Per capita operating revenue ${ }^{1}$ from local sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ .99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 6.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 8.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 9 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 11.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 12 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 14.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 19.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 29.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 3.3 | 6.2 | 12.1 | 72.2 | 93.5 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 0 | 2.3 | 8.0 | 3.4 | 13.8 | 19.5 | 36.8 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 9.0 | 7.3 | 9.2 | 17.9 | 41.6 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 | 8.0 | 10.7 | 21.3 | 18.7 | 16.0 | 8.0 | 13.3 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 0 | 4.8 | 22.9 | 20.5 | 6.0 | 18.1 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 9.6 | 1.2 | 95.2 |
| Ohio | 251 | 65.3 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 9.2 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 8.0 | 15.0 | 22.1 | 28.3 | 14.2 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 7.2 | 15.2 | 27.2 | 45.6 | 99.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 6.1 | 21.8 | 18.1 | 13.5 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 8.2 | 0 | 2.0 | 0 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 8.2 | 36.7 | 32.7 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 7.1 | 19.0 | 21.4 | 9.5 | 23.8 | 9.5 | 7.1 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 14.5 | 29.8 | 28.2 | 66.9 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 0.5 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 20.4 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 5.9 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 1.6 | 6.3 | 9.2 | 7.8 | 9.2 | 13.0 | 11.6 | 16.8 | 13.4 | 11.0 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 0 | 0 | 2.8 | 8.5 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 15.5 | 23.9 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 9.8 | 8.2 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 14.7 | 18.5 | 98.4 |
| Virginia | 91 | 0 | 0 | 1.1 | 5.5 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 17.6 | 15.4 | 18.7 | 18.7 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 9.2 | 20.0 | 60.0 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 9.3 | 37.1 | 18.6 | 10.3 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 99.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 13.1 | 37.8 | 40.4 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.3 | 8.7 | 34.8 | 52.2 | 100.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{2}$ Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries with a nonzero value for population of legal service area that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix $B$ of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 11A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by per capita operating revenue from

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Per capita operating revenue ${ }^{1}$ from local sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$0 | \$1 | \$3 | \$5 | \$7 | \$9 | \$12 | \$15 | \$20 | \$30 |
|  |  | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | or |
|  |  | \$. 99 | \$2.99 | \$4.99 | \$6.99 | \$8.99 | \$11.99 | \$14.99 | \$19.99 | \$29.99 | more |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 12.9 | 19.9 | 30.4 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 4.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 0 | 4.2 | 20.8 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 6.8 | 8.5 | 23.7 | 55.9 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 | 0 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 8.2 | 17.3 | 31.6 | 32.7 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 2.7 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 7.3 | 6.0 | 11.2 | 15.7 | 20.8 | 29.3 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 10.5 | 7.3 | 11.8 | 16.9 | 33.0 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 10.6 | 17.6 | 37.5 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 11.4 | 18.3 | 36.1 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 11.9 | 19.6 | 30.5 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 14.1 | 20.1 | 27.0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 8.4 | 9.4 | 14.7 | 22.5 | 23.7 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 13.8 | 20.3 | 26.1 |

${ }^{1}$ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rate for local operating revenue was 97.7 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 12. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Total operating expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than $\$ 10,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 199,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 200,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 399,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 400,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 699,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 700,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 1,000,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 5,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{1} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 4.9 | 22.3 | 14.2 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 9.7 | 5.3 | 13.2 | 3.4 | 96.4 |
| Alabama | 207 | 2.9 | 29.0 | 18.4 | 18.8 | 14.5 | 7.2 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 1.0 | 99.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 11.2 | 50.6 | 4.5 | 11.2 | 10.1 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 97.8 |
| Arizona | 86 | 1.2 | 18.6 | 14.0 | 12.8 | 22.1 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 98.8 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 10.4 | 25.0 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 25.0 | 2.1 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 0.6 | 0 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 5.6 | 11.2 | 8.9 | 45.8 | 25.7 | 93.9 |
| Colorado | 115 | 2.6 | 13.9 | 16.5 | 17.4 | 12.2 | 8.7 | 5.2 | 15.7 | 7.8 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 1.0 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 11.9 | 18.6 | 20.1 | 7.7 | 21.1 | 1.5 | 91.2 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19.0 | 52.4 | 9.5 | 0 | 14.3 | 4.8 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 0 | 2.6 | 0 | 2.6 | 6.4 | 19.2 | 11.5 | 30.8 | 26.9 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 15.5 | 48.3 | 12.1 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 4.8 | 32.7 | 16.3 | 19.2 | 10.6 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 7.7 | 0 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 1.8 | 22.0 | 16.1 | 14.3 | 11.6 | 9.1 | 5.0 | 18.0 | 2.2 | 98.7 |
| Indiana | 239 | 0.8 | 7.1 | 15.5 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 15.5 | 8.8 | 20.1 | 3.8 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 9.4 | 49.6 | 16.9 | 10.0 | 7.2 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 0.2 | 88.1 |
| Kansas | 325 | 21.5 | 36.6 | 17.2 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 0 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 19.0 | 37.1 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 12.1 | 2.6 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10.4 | 16.4 | 26.9 | 9.0 | 28.4 | 9.0 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 20.2 | 40.1 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 9.2 | 5.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0 | 98.2 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 45.8 | 37.5 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 2.7 | 14.3 | 7.3 | 13.0 | 20.3 | 17.6 | 8.6 | 15.1 | 1.1 | 98.4 |
| Michigan | 383 | 0.5 | 11.7 | 16.4 | 17.8 | 19.6 | 11.5 | 5.0 | 13.6 | 3.9 | 99.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 2.1 | 17.1 | 20.0 | 18.6 | 10.7 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 10.0 | 5.7 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 0 | 8.0 | 12.0 | 20.0 | 28.0 | 10.0 | 22.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 3.4 | 18.1 | 15.4 | 20.1 | 16.8 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 8.1 | 4.7 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 3.8 | 25.3 | 30.4 | 20.3 | 11.4 | 1.3 | 0 | 7.6 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 21.5 | 50.4 | 10.0 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 71.5 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 0 | 27.3 | 4.5 | 18.2 | 9.1 | 4.5 | 22.7 | 13.6 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 9.1 | 30.0 | 21.3 | 17.0 | 11.3 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 0 | 83.9 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 12. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Total operating expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Less } \\ \text { than } \\ \$ 10,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 100,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 199,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 200,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 399,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 400,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 699,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 700,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 1,000,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{1} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 0 | 3.3 | 6.2 | 8.8 | 17.6 | 20.3 | 12.4 | 26.8 | 4.6 | 93.1 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 5.7 | 20.7 | 21.8 | 19.5 | 16.1 | 5.7 | 2.3 | 6.9 | 1.1 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 0.8 | 25.3 | 16.3 | 13.0 | 11.3 | 8.8 | 4.1 | 17.8 | 2.7 | 98.8 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 10.7 | 17.3 | 12.0 | 50.7 | 8.0 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 26.5 | 39.8 | 12.0 | 9.6 | 7.2 | 0 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 0 | 95.2 |
| Ohio | 251 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 | 6.8 | 16.7 | 19.5 | 14.7 | 31.9 | 8.4 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 1.8 | 31.9 | 27.4 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 1.8 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 2.4 | 22.4 | 9.6 | 11.2 | 17.6 | 13.6 | 4.8 | 15.2 | 3.2 | 99.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 0.2 | 12.7 | 20.3 | 22.5 | 19.2 | 9.6 | 5.0 | 9.2 | 1.3 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 0 | 2.0 | 14.3 | 12.2 | 20.4 | 12.2 | 14.3 | 22.4 | 2.0 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 21.4 | 9.5 | 16.7 | 40.5 | 9.5 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 25.0 | 42.7 | 12.9 | 6.5 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 66.1 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 5.9 | 30.1 | 21.0 | 17.2 | 10.8 | 6.5 | 1.6 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 2.5 | 23.1 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 12.8 | 7.8 | 3.1 | 8.5 | 2.2 | 99.6 |
| Utah | 71 | 0 | 18.3 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 9.9 | 16.9 | 2.8 | 8.5 | 4.2 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 16.3 | 46.7 | 14.7 | 10.9 | 7.1 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 94.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | 0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 8.8 | 14.3 | 15.4 | 14.3 | 27.5 | 15.4 | 97.8 |
| Washington | 65 | 4.6 | 20.0 | 3.1 | 4.6 | 10.8 | 12.3 | 7.7 | 20.0 | 16.9 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 0 | 30.9 | 21.6 | 18.6 | 13.4 | 8.2 | 2.1 | 4.1 | 1.0 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 0 | 18.9 | 20.5 | 21.3 | 13.9 | 10.8 | 5.5 | 8.1 | 1.0 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13.0 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 8.7 | 26.1 | 0 | 95.7 |

${ }^{1}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported total operating expenditures. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 12A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by total operating expenditures

| Population of legal service area | Number <br> of public libraries | Total operating expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Less } \\ \text { than } \\ \$ 10,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\$ 100,000$ to $\$ 199,999$ | $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 399,999$ | $\$ 400,000$ to $\$ 699,999$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 700,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,000,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 5,000,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 4.9 | 22.3 | 14.2 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 9.7 | 5.3 | 13.2 | 3.4 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14.3 | 85.7 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 65.3 | 31.7 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 9.1 | 12.5 | 68.2 | 6.0 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 3.8 | 9.5 | 22.2 | 20.1 | 41.9 | 1.1 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 4.1 | 14.8 | 31.3 | 26.6 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 0 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 0.6 | 6.7 | 18.0 | 32.1 | 30.1 | 9.4 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 0 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 1.2 | 24.9 | 35.4 | 28.8 | 7.8 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 5.3 | 60.7 | 26.9 | 5.5 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 33.2 | 60.5 | 5.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 |

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rate for total operating expenditures was 96.4 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 13. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total per capita operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number <br> of public libraries | Total per capita ${ }^{1}$ operating expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ .99 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2.99 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 6.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 8.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 9 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 11.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 12 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 14.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 19.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 29.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 13.4 | 22.7 | 39.8 | 96.4 |
| Alabama | 207 | 0.5 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 9.2 | 13.5 | 21.3 | 18.8 | 99.0 |
| Alaska | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.2 | 0 | 0 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 13.5 | 79.8 | 97.8 |
| Arizona | 86 | 0 | 1.2 | 5.8 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 9.3 | 12.8 | 30.2 | 33.7 | 98.8 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 8.3 | 4.2 | 33.3 | 14.6 | 18.8 | 12.5 | 4.2 | 95.8 |
| California | 179 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 11.2 | 25.1 | 44.7 | 93.9 |
| Colorado | 115 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 6.1 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 18.3 | 61.7 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 0.5 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 6.2 | 12.9 | 70.1 | 91.2 |
| Delaware | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.8 | 19.0 | 19.0 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 7.7 | 14.1 | 17.9 | 30.8 | 26.9 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.2 | 17.2 | 13.8 | 37.9 | 20.7 | 5.2 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 4.8 | 8.7 | 24.0 | 30.8 | 28.8 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 4.7 | 13.2 | 26.5 | 51.0 | 98.7 |
| Indiana | 239 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 15.5 | 78.2 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 3.1 | 4.8 | 7.4 | 9.6 | 18.7 | 33.1 | 21.7 | 88.1 |
| Kansas | 325 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 2.2 | 4.9 | 12.6 | 31.7 | 46.8 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 0 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 9.5 | 18.1 | 27.6 | 25.0 | 10.3 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 13.4 | 11.9 | 29.9 | 37.3 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 3.7 | 6.3 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 4.0 | 11.4 | 8.1 | 11.0 | 14.3 | 26.5 | 98.2 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 37.5 | 58.3 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 10.3 | 26.8 | 54.6 | 98.4 |
| Michigan | 383 | 0 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 7.0 | 9.7 | 14.9 | 27.9 | 34.7 | 99.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 2.1 | 12.1 | 25.0 | 53.6 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.0 | 16.0 | 32.0 | 28.0 | 6.0 | 10.0 | 2.0 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 0 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 16.1 | 12.1 | 17.4 | 26.2 | 19.5 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 0 | 1.3 | 0 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 13.9 | 35.4 | 25.3 | 15.2 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 10.7 | 35.9 | 43.0 | 71.5 |
| Nevada | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 0 | 18.2 | 27.3 | 45.5 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 10.0 | 20.0 | 48.3 | 83.9 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 13. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total per capita operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Total per capita ${ }^{1}$ operating expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ .99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 6.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 8.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\$ 9$ to $\$ 11.99$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 12 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 14.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 19.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 29.99 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Responserate $^{2}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | 0 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 4.6 | 12.7 | 76.5 | 93.1 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 0 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 0 | 3.4 | 4.6 | 2.3 | 10.3 | 24.1 | 51.7 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 5.0 | 8.4 | 11.1 | 17.6 | 54.2 | 98.8 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 | 0 | 13.3 | 26.7 | 25.3 | 17.3 | 13.3 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 0 | 2.4 | 10.8 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 9.6 | 13.3 | 20.5 | 22.9 | 8.4 | 95.2 |
| Ohio | 251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.8 | 0 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 7.6 | 88.4 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.3 | 0 | 8.0 | 13.3 | 24.8 | 27.4 | 21.2 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 0 | 0.8 | 0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 16.0 | 28.0 | 45.6 | 99.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 0 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 5.2 | 9.2 | 15.1 | 15.9 | 19.2 | 19.7 | 14.0 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 0 | 6.1 | 0 | 2.0 | 0 | 2.0 | 0 | 12.2 | 20.4 | 57.1 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19.0 | 31.0 | 19.0 | 23.8 | 7.1 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.5 | 9.7 | 31.5 | 34.7 | 66.1 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 0.5 | 10.8 | 14.0 | 15.6 | 14.5 | 12.9 | 4.8 | 10.2 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 4.3 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 15.2 | 13.0 | 18.1 | 15.0 | 13.4 | 99.6 |
| Utah | 71 | 0 | 0 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 8.5 | 9.9 | 22.5 | 25.4 | 26.8 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 10.3 | 21.2 | 38.0 | 94.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.3 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 17.6 | 33.0 | 27.5 | 97.8 |
| Washington | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 4.6 | 12.3 | 21.5 | 55.4 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 0 | 0 | 7.2 | 17.5 | 21.6 | 25.8 | 10.3 | 5.2 | 8.2 | 4.1 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 13.6 | 33.1 | 47.5 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13.0 | 30.4 | 56.5 | 95.7 |

[^6]
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Table 13A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by total per capita operating expenditures

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Total per capita ${ }^{1}$ operating expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$0 | \$1 | \$3 | \$5 | \$7 | \$9 | \$12 | \$15 | \$20 | \$30 |
|  |  | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | or |
|  |  | \$. 99 | \$2.99 | \$4.99 | \$6.99 | \$8.99 | \$11.99 | \$14.99 | \$19.99 | \$29.99 | more |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 13.4 | 22.7 | 39.8 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 8.3 | 4.2 | 45.8 | 37.5 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.1 | 1.7 | 5.1 | 28.8 | 59.3 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 6.1 | 16.3 | 32.7 | 38.8 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 7.3 | 11.2 | 18.1 | 22.1 | 36.6 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 13.2 | 20.5 | 39.6 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 5.6 | 7.5 | 11.4 | 20.5 | 44.3 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 0.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 12.8 | 19.8 | 43.5 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 12.5 | 21.8 | 39.2 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 7.1 | 8.2 | 15.4 | 22.2 | 35.9 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 14.8 | 26.6 | 34.6 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 11.4 | 25.1 | 43.4 |

[^7]NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rate for total operating expenditures was 96.4 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 14. Total collection expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Total collection expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Print materials expenditures |  |  |  | Electronic materials expenditures ${ }^{1}$ |  | Other materials expenditures ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Total <br> (in thousands) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percentage of total collection expenditures | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percentage of total collection expenditures | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percentage of total collection expenditures | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total | 9,198 | \$1,197,062 | 97.4 | 72.7 | 97.2 | 9.2 | 97.1 | 18.1 | 97.2 |
| Alabama | 207 | 10,759 | 98.6 | 73.1 | 99.0 | 4.0 | 99.5 | 22.8 | 98.6 |
| Alaska | 89 | 2,692 | 97.8 | 78.3 | 97.8 | 7.5 | 97.8 | 14.2 | 97.8 |
| Arizona | 86 | 20,685 | 98.8 | 69.7 | 96.5 | 12.7 | 96.5 | 17.6 | 96.5 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 6,208 | 95.8 | 79.7 | 93.8 | 8.3 | 93.8 | 12.0 | 93.8 |
| California | 179 | 103,288 | 95.0 | 72.4 | 97.8 | 11.4 | 96.1 | 16.2 | 96.6 |
| Colorado | 115 | 26,490 | 100.0 | 64.0 | 100.0 | 12.9 | 100.0 | 23.2 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 19,187 | 91.2 | 77.8 | 91.2 | 9.9 | 91.2 | 12.3 | 91.2 |
| Delaware | 21 | 3,287 | 100.0 | 92.0 | 100.0 | 2.9 | 100.0 | 5.1 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 3,366 | 100.0 | 56.9 | 0 | 10.8 | 100.0 | 32.4 | 0 |
| Florida | 78 | 70,287 | 98.7 | 73.6 | 98.7 | 10.5 | 98.7 | 15.9 | 98.7 |
| Georgia | 58 | 21,002 | 100.0 | 83.0 | 100.0 | 3.3 | 100.0 | 13.6 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 6,210 | 100.0 | 79.6 | 100.0 | 12.5 | 100.0 | 8.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 3,511 | 99.0 | 83.1 | 99.0 | 5.6 | 99.0 | 11.3 | 99.0 |
| Illinois | 623 | 77,200 | 99.5 | 72.7 | 99.7 | 14.3 | 99.5 | 13.0 | 99.5 |
| Indiana | 239 | 36,898 | 100.0 | 76.3 | 100.0 | 5.2 | 100.0 | 18.5 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 540 | 12,834 | 98.0 | 68.2 | 98.0 | 4.3 | 98.0 | 27.4 | 98.7 |
| Kansas | 325 | 12,654 | 100.0 | 74.6 | 100.0 | 11.0 | 100.0 | 14.5 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 13,666 | 100.0 | 71.3 | 100.0 | 6.1 | 100.0 | 22.6 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 12,804 | 100.0 | 82.0 | 100.0 | 3.6 | 100.0 | 14.4 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 3,989 | 98.5 | 80.6 | 91.2 | 2.7 | 91.2 | 16.7 | 91.2 |
| Maryland | 24 | 30,560 | 100.0 | 66.0 | 100.0 | 15.9 | 100.0 | 18.1 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 33,180 | 98.4 | 79.6 | 98.4 | 3.4 | 98.4 | 16.9 | 98.4 |
| Michigan | 383 | 41,444 | 99.0 | 72.2 | 99.2 | 8.4 | 99.0 | 19.4 | 99.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 20,696 | 100.0 | 75.0 | 98.6 | 7.2 | 98.6 | 17.8 | 98.6 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 4,521 | 100.0 | 80.6 | 98.0 | 5.4 | 98.0 | 14.0 | 98.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 29,347 | 100.0 | 67.8 | 100.0 | 15.8 | 100.0 | 16.4 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 2,648 | 100.0 | 73.1 | 100.0 | 13.3 | 100.0 | 13.7 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 6,650 | 71.5 | 76.8 | 74.1 | 9.6 | 71.5 | 13.6 | 75.6 |
| Nevada | 22 | 11,586 | 100.0 | 58.0 | 100.0 | 13.0 | 100.0 | 29.0 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 5,815 | 90.4 | 79.7 | 90.4 | 6.2 | 90.9 | 14.1 | 90.4 |

Table 14. Total collection expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 2005 -Continued

| State | Number <br> of public libraries | Total collection expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Print materials expenditures |  | Electronic materials expenditures ${ }^{1}$ |  | Other materials expenditures ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Total <br> (in thousands) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percentage of total collection expenditures | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percentage of total collection expenditures | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percentage of total collection expenditures | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| New Jersey | 306 | \$45,041 | 93.1 | 76.4 | 93.1 | 7.2 | 93.5 | 16.4 | 93.5 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 6,744 | 98.9 | 80.2 | 98.9 | 7.8 | 98.9 | 12.0 | 98.9 |
| New York | 754 | 101,281 | 100.0 | 79.3 | 100.0 | 9.7 | 100.0 | 11.0 | 99.9 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 21,923 | 100.0 | 84.5 | 98.7 | 6.7 | 98.7 | 8.8 | 98.7 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 1,809 | 96.4 | 77.5 | 96.4 | 8.7 | 96.4 | 13.7 | 96.4 |
| Ohio | 251 | 101,210 | 100.0 | 56.1 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 100.0 | 34.7 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 10,452 | 100.0 | 80.4 | 100.0 | 6.8 | 100.0 | 12.8 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 14,595 | 99.2 | 70.8 | 99.2 | 7.1 | 100.0 | 22.1 | 99.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 39,834 | 99.6 | 69.7 | 99.6 | 7.1 | 99.6 | 23.2 | 99.6 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 4,691 | 98.0 | 72.3 | 98.0 | 13.8 | 98.0 | 13.9 | 98.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 16,011 | 100.0 | 75.9 | 100.0 | 8.2 | 100.0 | 15.9 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 3,066 | 66.9 | 80.8 | 66.1 | 6.0 | 66.9 | 13.2 | 66.1 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 11,761 | 100.0 | 79.2 | 99.5 | 7.7 | 99.5 | 13.1 | 99.5 |
| Texas | 553 | 50,689 | 100.0 | 76.2 | 100.0 | 7.3 | 100.0 | 16.4 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 14,010 | 100.0 | 68.7 | 100.0 | 2.6 | 100.0 | 28.8 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 184 | 2,032 | 96.2 | 85.2 | 96.2 | 3.3 | 97.3 | 11.4 | 96.7 |
| Virginia | 91 | 30,230 | 98.9 | 73.3 | 100.0 | 9.7 | 98.9 | 17.0 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 65 | 38,620 | 100.0 | 69.7 | 96.9 | 10.4 | 96.9 | 19.9 | 96.9 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 3,885 | 100.0 | 80.8 | 100.0 | 4.1 | 100.0 | 15.1 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 23,610 | 100.0 | 73.7 | 100.0 | 5.1 | 100.0 | 21.2 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 2,105 | 95.7 | 79.1 | 100.0 | 5.0 | 95.7 | 15.9 | 95.7 |

${ }^{1}$ This includes all operating expenditures for electronic (digital) materials. Types of electronic materials include e-books, e-serials (including journals), government documents, databases (including locally mounted, full text or not), electronic files, reference tools, scores, maps, or pictures in electronic or digital format, including materials digitized by the library. Electronic materials can be distributed on magnetic tape, diskettes, computer software, CD-ROM, or other portable digital carrier, and can be accessed via a computer, via access to the Internet, or by using an e-book reader. This includes expenditures for materials held locally and for remote electronic materials for which permanent or temporary access rights have been acquired. It also includes expenditures for database licenses.
${ }^{2}$ This includes all operating expenditures for other materials, such as microform, audio, video, DVD, and materials in new formats
${ }^{3}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported the item. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 14A. Total collection expenditures of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and population of legal service

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Total collection expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total (in thousands) | Print materials expenditures as percentage of total collection expenditures | Electronic materials expenditures as percentage of total collection expenditures ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Total | 9,198 | \$1,197,062 | 72.7 | 9.2 | 18.1 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 162,822 | 77.3 | 10.6 | 12.1 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 207,376 | 68.5 | 11.3 | 20.2 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 141,506 | 69.8 | 10.0 | 20.2 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 187,694 | 71.7 | 8.9 | 19.4 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 149,936 | 71.4 | 9.7 | 18.9 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 141,383 | 73.3 | 8.6 | 18.1 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 121,308 | 75.1 | 6.9 | 18.0 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 47,281 | 77.3 | 4.7 | 18.0 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 21,457 | 79.6 | 3.0 | 17.4 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 12,537 | 81.4 | 3.0 | 15.6 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 3,763 | 81.5 | 3.6 | 14.9 |

${ }^{1}$ Electronic materials expenditures include all operating expenditures for electronic (digital) materials. Types of electronic materials include e-books, e-serials (including journals), government documents, databases (including locally mounted, full text or not), electronic files, reference tools, scores, maps, or pictures in electronic or digital format, including materials digitized by the library. Electronic materials can be distributed on magnetic tape, diskettes, computer software, CDROM, or other portable digital carrier, and can be accessed via a computer, via access to the Internet, or by using an e-book reader. This includes expenditures for materials held locally and for remote electronic materials for which permanent or temporary access rights have been acquired. It also includes expenditures for database licenses.
${ }^{2}$ This includes all operating expenditures for other materials, such as microform, audio, video, DVD, and materials in new formats.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: total collection expenditures, 97.4 percent; print materials expenditures, 97.2 percent; electronic materials expenditures, 97.1 percent; and other materials expenditures, 97.2 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

## Table 15. Total capital revenue of public libraries and percentage distribution of public libraries by total capital revenue

 category and state: Fiscal year 2005| State | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Total capital revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Response | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ .01 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | (in thousands) | rate ${ }^{1}$ | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | \$1,223,659 | 95.5 | 68.1 | 6.9 | 3.9 | 9.5 | 3.5 | 8.1 |
| Alabama | 207 | 7,192 | 100.0 | 77.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 6.8 | 2.9 | 3.9 |
| Alaska | 89 | 1,463 | 97.8 | 88.8 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 0 | 3.4 |
| Arizona | 86 | 6,965 | 98.8 | 65.1 | 3.5 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 9.3 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 3,441 | 95.8 | 70.8 | 2.1 | 0 | 10.4 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| California | 179 | 207,839 | 97.2 | 54.2 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 7.8 | 4.5 | 27.9 |
| Colorado | 115 | 11,150 | 100.0 | 73.0 | 5.2 | 2.6 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 8.7 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 16,571 | 94.8 | 73.7 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 7.2 | 4.1 | 7.2 |
| Delaware | 21 | 2,106 | 100.0 | 76.2 | 0 | 0 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 14.3 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 2,446 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 56,942 | 98.7 | 42.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 15.4 | 5.1 | 34.6 |
| Georgia | 58 | 15,875 | 100.0 | 72.4 | 3.4 | 0 | 1.7 | 6.9 | 15.5 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 17,449 | 99.0 | 72.1 | 7.7 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 7.7 |
| Illinois | 623 | 95,912 | 95.8 | 80.3 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 6.9 | 3.0 | 5.9 |
| Indiana | 239 | 71,831 | 99.6 | 54.0 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 7.9 | 7.1 | 21.3 |
| lowa | 540 | 36,870 | 100.0 | 67.4 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 14.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Kansas | 325 | 5,904 | 43.1 | 52.6 | 23.7 | 7.1 | 11.1 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 8,117 | 100.0 | 75.9 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 12.1 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 51,852 | 100.0 | 74.6 | 3.0 | 0 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 17.9 |
| Maine | 272 | 7,118 | 97.8 | 79.8 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 9.6 | 0.7 | 3.3 |
| Maryland | 24 | 26,798 | 95.8 | 54.2 | 0 | 4.2 | 0 | 4.2 | 37.5 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 58,303 | 98.4 | 41.9 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 19.7 | 5.7 | 11.9 |
| Michigan | 383 | 40,202 | 99.2 | 72.8 | 6.8 | 2.9 | 7.3 | 2.9 | 7.3 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 57,447 | 100.0 | 65.7 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 10.0 | 3.6 | 7.9 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 433 | 100.0 | 64.0 | 2.0 | 8.0 | 22.0 | 4.0 | 0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 9,150 | 98.7 | 76.5 | 4.0 | 1.3 | 7.4 | 2.7 | 8.1 |
| Montana | 79 | 3,110 | 100.0 | 91.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 0 | 3.8 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 6,928 | 75.9 | 83.0 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 7.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| Nevada | 22 | 12,821 | 100.0 | 72.7 | 0 | 0 | 9.1 | 0 | 18.2 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 10,052 | 90.9 | 69.1 | 3.0 | 5.7 | 13.5 | 3.5 | 5.2 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 15. Total capital revenue of public libraries and percentage distribution of public libraries by total capital revenue

| State | Number of public libraries | Total capital revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Response | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ .01 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | (in thousands) | rate ${ }^{1}$ | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | \$31,948 | 93.5 | 63.1 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 11.1 | 6.2 | 14.7 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 7,363 | 98.9 | 59.8 | 10.3 | 4.6 | 8.0 | 3.4 | 13.8 |
| New York | 754 | 99,026 | 100.0 | 69.8 | 9.2 | 3.1 | 7.0 | 3.8 | 7.2 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 12,909 | 100.0 | 41.3 | 2.7 | 9.3 | 25.3 | 5.3 | 16.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 7,041 | 95.2 | 81.9 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 6.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Ohio | 251 | 9,651 | 100.0 | 60.6 | 9.2 | 3.2 | 13.5 | 3.6 | 10.0 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 6,847 | 100.0 | 58.4 | 10.6 | 4.4 | 14.2 | 4.4 | 8.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 3,877 | 99.2 | 80.0 | 5.6 | 0.8 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 6.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 31,647 | 99.3 | 72.7 | 6.1 | 3.5 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 8.5 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 7,985 | 98.0 | 44.9 | 10.2 | 4.1 | 20.4 | 8.2 | 12.2 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 8,003 | 100.0 | 66.7 | 7.1 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 11.9 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 2,887 | 66.1 | 91.9 | 2.4 | 0 | 2.4 | 0 | 3.2 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 12,381 | 100.0 | 82.8 | 5.4 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Texas | 553 | 47,808 | 100.0 | 59.3 | 14.1 | 5.6 | 11.9 | 3.3 | 5.8 |
| Utah | 71 | 4,687 | 100.0 | 40.8 | 15.5 | 14.1 | 12.7 | 5.6 | 11.3 |
| Vermont | 184 | 1,301 | 98.4 | 72.3 | 8.2 | 3.8 | 12.0 | 2.7 | 1.1 |
| Virginia | 91 | 5,695 | 100.0 | 72.5 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 13.2 |
| Washington | 65 | 27,424 | 100.0 | 81.5 | 3.1 | 0 | 3.1 | 0 | 12.3 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 1,642 | 100.0 | 69.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 10.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 31,294 | 100.0 | 62.7 | 11.5 | 5.2 | 13.1 | 2.4 | 5.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 9,956 | 100.0 | 69.6 | 0 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 0 | 17.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported total capital revenue. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of tems in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 15A. Total capital revenue of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia and percentage distribution of public libraries, by total capital revenue category and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of legal service area | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Total capital revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total(in thousands) | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ .01 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | \$1,223,659 | 68.1 | 6.9 | 3.9 | 9.5 | 3.5 | 8.1 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 108,589 | 41.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58.3 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 196,926 | 30.5 | 0 | 0 | 5.1 | 1.7 | 62.7 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 178,853 | 35.7 | 1.0 | 0 | 11.2 | 6.1 | 45.9 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 156,816 | 49.8 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 11.8 | 7.3 | 27.2 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 158,043 | 56.3 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 10.2 | 6.7 | 20.1 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 140,543 | 60.8 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 11.5 | 7.1 | 12.9 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 171,147 | 65.8 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 11.4 | 4.3 | 8.5 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 69,285 | 66.8 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 11.3 | 3.6 | 6.3 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 26,546 | 73.6 | 8.4 | 4.1 | 8.0 | 2.5 | 3.4 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 13,558 | 74.6 | 9.7 | 4.0 | 8.3 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 3,354 | 81.9 | 9.2 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 0.4 | 0.7 |


| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 3,354 | 81.9 | 9.2 | 3.3 | 4.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are |  |  |  |  |  |  | included in the table. The national-level response rate for total capital revenue was 95.5 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 16. Total capital expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of public libraries by total capital expenditures category

| State | Number <br> of public libraries | Total capital expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Response | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ .01 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$100,000 |
|  |  | (in thousands) | rate ${ }^{1}$ | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | \$1,243,924 | 97.4 | 57.5 | 11.0 | 5.3 | 12.3 | 4.2 | 9.7 |
| Alabama | 207 | 7,761 | 100.0 | 73.9 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 8.2 | 3.4 | 3.9 |
| Alaska | 89 | 740 | 97.8 | 86.5 | 7.9 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 0 | 2.2 |
| Arizona | 86 | 21,386 | 100.0 | 58.1 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 11.6 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 6,427 | 95.8 | 54.2 | 2.1 | 0 | 16.7 | 8.3 | 18.8 |
| California | 179 | 149,295 | 97.2 | 48.0 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 11.2 | 5.0 | 30.2 |
| Colorado | 115 | 16,016 | 100.0 | 53.0 | 11.3 | 3.5 | 9.6 | 7.8 | 14.8 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 20,282 | 94.8 | 60.8 | 7.7 | 3.1 | 12.9 | 4.1 | 11.3 |
| Delaware | 21 | 2,617 | 100.0 | 19.0 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 19.0 | 4.8 | 28.6 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 3,403 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 50,329 | 98.7 | 29.5 | 10.3 | 1.3 | 17.9 | 9.0 | 32.1 |
| Georgia | 58 | 59,363 | 100.0 | 69.0 | 3.4 | 0 | 3.4 | 5.2 | 19.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 143 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 2,570 | 99.0 | 51.9 | 18.3 | 6.7 | 12.5 | 4.8 | 5.8 |
| Illinois | 623 | 54,852 | 95.7 | 58.1 | 7.7 | 5.0 | 11.9 | 4.3 | 13.0 |
| Indiana | 239 | 104,266 | 100.0 | 52.3 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 14.2 | 5.9 | 18.4 |
| lowa | 540 | 31,274 | 100.0 | 78.5 | 8.1 | 3.0 | 5.6 | 1.9 | 3.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 1,774 | 97.5 | 71.1 | 14.2 | 4.0 | 8.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 15,681 | 100.0 | 61.2 | 2.6 | 0.9 | 7.8 | 12.9 | 14.7 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 22,713 | 100.0 | 46.3 | 3.0 | 0 | 13.4 | 14.9 | 22.4 |
| Maine | 272 | 7,208 | 98.9 | 75.4 | 8.8 | 3.7 | 6.6 | 2.2 | 3.3 |
| Maryland | 24 | 24,871 | 95.8 | 45.8 | 0 | 0 | 8.3 | 0 | 45.8 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 59,390 | 98.4 | 53.2 | 9.7 | 6.2 | 17.8 | 3.8 | 9.2 |
| Michigan | 383 | 58,773 | 99.2 | 24.3 | 15.9 | 12.8 | 24.8 | 5.2 | 17.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 60,522 | 100.0 | 58.6 | 10.7 | 7.1 | 11.4 | 3.6 | 8.6 |
| Misssissippi | 50 | 917 | 100.0 | 60.0 | 4.0 | 8.0 | 16.0 | 8.0 | 4.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 19,080 | 98.7 | 51.7 | 7.4 | 4.0 | 16.8 | 5.4 | 14.8 |
| Montana | 79 | 3,076 | 100.0 | 58.2 | 15.2 | 6.3 | 12.7 | 1.3 | 6.3 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 6,811 | 73.7 | 47.0 | 35.6 | 4.1 | 10.0 | 1.1 | 2.2 |
| Nevada | 22 | 15,100 | 100.0 | 59.1 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 13.6 | 0 | 18.2 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 13,106 | 90.4 | 69.1 | 4.8 | 6.1 | 12.2 | 4.3 | 3.5 |

Table 16. Total capital expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of public libraries by total capital expenditures category and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number <br> of public libraries | Total capital expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Response | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ .01 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | (in thousands) | rate ${ }^{1}$ | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 306 | \$20,078 | 93.1 | 53.3 | 5.9 | 2.9 | 19.6 | 7.5 | 10.8 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 5,897 | 98.9 | 52.9 | 11.5 | 5.7 | 13.8 | 4.6 | 11.5 |
| New York | 754 | 110,230 | 100.0 | 39.9 | 15.9 | 7.7 | 19.2 | 6.4 | 10.9 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 19,383 | 100.0 | 37.3 | 2.7 | 9.3 | 24.0 | 13.3 | 13.3 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 368 | 96.4 | 75.9 | 13.3 | 2.4 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 1.2 |
| Ohio | 251 | 55,846 | 100.0 | 41.8 | 8.4 | 6.0 | 13.9 | 5.6 | 24.3 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 3,195 | 100.0 | 64.6 | 11.5 | 5.3 | 10.6 | 2.7 | 5.3 |
| Oregon | 125 | 9,480 | 99.2 | 60.8 | 16.8 | 4.0 | 10.4 | 2.4 | 5.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 37,787 | 99.6 | 71.0 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 9.2 | 2.4 | 8.3 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 2,595 | 98.0 | 36.7 | 12.2 | 10.2 | 16.3 | 10.2 | 14.3 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 12,187 | 100.0 | 64.3 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 7.1 | 2.4 | 16.7 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 3,693 | 66.1 | 31.5 | 41.9 | 8.1 | 13.7 | 1.6 | 3.2 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 7,959 | 100.0 | 80.6 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 1.1 | 2.7 |
| Texas | 553 | 31,821 | 100.0 | 71.1 | 8.7 | 4.2 | 8.5 | 2.7 | 4.9 |
| Utah | 71 | 4,687 | 100.0 | 40.8 | 15.5 | 14.1 | 12.7 | 5.6 | 11.3 |
| Vermont | 184 | 1,391 | 98.4 | 68.5 | 14.1 | 4.9 | 8.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Virginia | 91 | 10,959 | 100.0 | 64.8 | 4.4 | 1.1 | 6.6 | 7.7 | 15.4 |
| Washington | 65 | 30,718 | 100.0 | 49.2 | 13.8 | 3.1 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 23.1 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 2,832 | 99.0 | 17.5 | 25.8 | 18.6 | 25.8 | 7.2 | 5.2 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 28,844 | 100.0 | 61.4 | 15.2 | 5.5 | 11.3 | 2.4 | 4.2 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 4,228 | 100.0 | 47.8 | 4.3 | 21.7 | 8.7 | 0 | 17.4 |

## Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported total capital expenditures. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the

 table.NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC .) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 16A. Total capital expenditures of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia and percentage distribution of public libraries, by total capital expenditures category and population of legal service area:

| Fiscal year 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total capital expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population of | Number of public | Total | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ .01 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 4,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9,999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| legal service area | libraries | (in thousands) | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | \$1,243,924 | 57.5 | 11.0 | 5.3 | 12.3 | 4.2 | 9.7 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 87,901 | 29.2 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 0 | 66.7 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 201,097 | 13.6 | 0 | 0 | 8.5 | 1.7 | 76.3 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 182,720 | 25.5 | 0 | 0 | 10.2 | 6.1 | 58.2 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 220,291 | 37.8 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 11.5 | 8.8 | 38.7 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 147,484 | 41.2 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 16.0 | 9.3 | 26.3 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 135,947 | 46.2 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 20.0 | 9.6 | 16.4 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 168,962 | 53.6 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 16.8 | 5.6 | 9.8 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 51,323 | 56.4 | 10.8 | 8.4 | 14.5 | 3.3 | 6.7 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 32,416 | 64.8 | 13.9 | 5.5 | 10.2 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 13,359 | 69.6 | 14.5 | 4.9 | 7.9 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 2,424 | 69.6 | 23.6 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 |

$\frac{1}{\text { NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below } 100 \text { percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in }}$ the table. The national-level response rate for total capital expenditures was 97.4 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 17. Number and square footage of single-outlet public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Single-outlet public libraries |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number |  | Square footage |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{4}$ | Response rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| Alabama | 207 | 180 | 100.0 | 1,195 | 7,610 | 701 | 87.2 |
| Alaska | 89 | 82 | 100.0 | 242 | 2,985 | 1,329 | 98.8 |
| Arizona | 86 | 65 | 100.0 | 493 | 7,704 | 551 | 98.5 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 13 | 100.0 | 251 | 19,288 | 672 | 100.0 |
| California | 179 | 59 | 100.0 | 1,369 | 23,208 | 478 | 100.0 |
| Colorado | 115 | 81 | 100.0 | 611 | 7,544 | 891 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 167 | 100.0 | 1,935 | 12,568 | 1,004 | 92.2 |
| Delaware | 21 | 17 | 100.0 | 103 | 6,045 | 440 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 78 | 26 | 100.0 | 293 | 11,254 | 462 | 100.0 |
| Georgia | 58 | 6 | 100.0 | 134 | 22,333 | 569 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Idaho | 104 | 85 | 100.0 | 500 | 6,019 | 735 | 97.6 |
| Illinois | 623 | 561 | 100.0 | 6,717 | 11,995 | 1,203 | 99.8 |
| Indiana | 239 | 160 | 100.0 | 1,802 | 11,476 | 1,371 | 98.1 |
| lowa | 540 | 530 | 100.0 | 2,592 | 5,248 | 1,186 | 93.2 |
| Kansas | 325 | 311 | 100.0 | 1,538 | 4,995 | 1,536 | 99.0 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 23 | 100.0 | 226 | 9,808 | 450 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 9 | 100.0 | 60 | 6,701 | 508 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 270 | 100.0 | 1,211 | 4,826 | 1,165 | 93.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 0 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 320 | 100.0 | 3,668 | 11,832 | 1,021 | 96.9 |
| Michigan | 383 | 318 | 100.0 | 3,224 | 10,169 | 780 | 99.7 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 108 | 100.0 | 684 | 6,338 | 1,069 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 11 | 100.0 | 183 | 16,662 | 620 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 149 | 99 | 100.0 | 13 | 6,500 | 1,010 | 2.0 |
| Montana | 79 | 61 | 100.0 | 318 | 5,212 | 882 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 261 | 100.0 | 1,087 | 4,664 | 1,962 | 89.3 |
| Nevada | 22 | 9 | 100.0 | 126 | 13,956 | 808 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 222 | 100.0 | 961 | 5,007 | 1,017 | 86.5 |
| See notes at end of ta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 17. Number and square footage of single-outlet public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Single-outlet public libraries |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number |  | Square footage |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Response rate ${ }^{2}$ | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{4}$ | Response rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| New Jersey | 306 | 262 | 100.0 | 2,922 | 11,877 | 757 | 93.9 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 76 | 100.0 | 476 | 6,264 | 990 | 100.0 |
| New York | 754 | 697 | 100.0 | 6,329 | 9,146 | 896 | 99.3 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 10 | 100.0 | 128 | 12,756 | 597 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 67 | 100.0 | 231 | 3,557 | 993 | 97.0 |
| Ohio | 251 | 142 | 100.0 | 1,821 | 12,913 | 1,038 | 99.3 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 104 | 100.0 | 682 | 6,559 | 1,019 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 101 | 100.0 | 796 | 7,878 | 690 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 395 | 100.0 | 2,795 | 7,077 | 496 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 40 | 100.0 | 455 | 11,369 | 755 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 4 | 100.0 | 43 | 10,861 | 496 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 112 | 100.0 | 414 | 4,990 | 1,171 | 74.1 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 158 | 100.0 | 1,040 | 6,579 | 405 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 479 | 100.0 | 3,872 | 8,083 | 555 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 71 | 44 | 100.0 | 523 | 12,156 | 834 | 97.7 |
| Vermont | 184 | 170 | 100.0 | 529 | 3,223 | 1,391 | 96.5 |
| Virginia | 91 | 29 | 100.0 | 313 | 11,590 | 724 | 93.1 |
| Washington | 65 | 41 | 100.0 | 339 | 8,263 | 875 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 68 | 100.0 | 330 | 4,933 | 572 | 98.5 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 360 | 100.0 | 3,497 | 9,714 | 999 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 3 | 100.0 | 25 | 8,249 | 1,294 | 100.0 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ This is the total number of single-outlet public libraries (centrals) on the public library outlet data file.
${ }^{2}$ The response rate is the total number of single-outlet public libraries (centrals) on the public library outlet data file divided by the number of single-out public libraries (centrals) on the public library data file.
${ }^{3}$ The average square footage is calculated by dividing the total square footage reported by single-outlet public libraries (centrals) by the total number of such outlets reporting the data.
${ }^{4}$ Per 1,000 population data are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. Only single-outlet public libraries (centrals) that reported square footage are included.
${ }^{5}$ The square footage response rate is calculated by dividing the total number of single-outlet public libraries (centrals) reporting square footage by the total number of single-outlet public libraries (centrals) on the public library outlet data file. The national-level response rate for square footage of single-outlet public libraries was 95.4 percent.
NOTE: Square footage is collected only from central and branch outlets (not from bookmobiles and books-by-mail-only outlets), and missing data are not imputed. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 17A. Number and square footage of single-outlet public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

|  |  | Single-outlet public libraries |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ This is the total number of single-outlet public libraries (centrals) on the public library outlet data file.
${ }^{2}$ The average square footage is calculated by dividing the total square footage reported by single-outlet public libraries (centrals) by the total number of such outlets reporting the data.
Per 1,000 population data are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. Only single-outlet public libraries (centrals) that reported square footage are included.
NOTE: Square footage is collected only from central and branch outlets (not from bookmobiles and books-by-mail-only outlets), and missing data are not imputed. The national-level response rate for square footage of single-outlet public libraries was 95.4 percent. See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 18. Number and square footage of multiple-outlet public libraries, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Number of multiple-outlet public libraries |  | Square footage of central outlets |  |  |  | Square footage of branch outlets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{5} \end{array}$ | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per } 1,000 \\ \text { population }{ }^{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{5} \end{array}$ |
| Alabama | 207 | 26 | 100.0 | 771 | 33,500 | 320 | 88.5 | 390 | 5,824 | 230 | 84.8 |
| Alaska | 89 | 7 | 100.0 | 231 | 33,037 | 480 | 100.0 | 74 | 4,382 | 155 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 86 | 21 | 100.0 | 889 | 55,560 | 219 | 100.0 | 901 | 8,499 | 187 | 96.4 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 35 | 100.0 | 533 | 17,209 | 271 | 96.9 | 650 | 3,893 | 300 | 99.4 |
| California | 179 | 120 | 100.0 | 5,644 | 53,247 | 239 | 99.1 | 7,159 | 7,740 | 215 | 99.8 |
| Colorado | 115 | 33 | 100.0 | 1,110 | 55,512 | 517 | 100.0 | 1,371 | 9,721 | 364 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 27 | 100.0 | 1,239 | 45,871 | 949 | 100.0 | 299 | 6,111 | 237 | 98.0 |
| Delaware | 21 | 4 | 100.0 | 49 | 24,296 | 315 | 100.0 | 145 | 10,376 | 292 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | 400 | 400,000 | 727 | 100.0 | 344 | 15,615 | 624 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 78 | 52 | 100.0 | 1,962 | 56,043 | 153 | 100.0 | 5,789 | 13,247 | 356 | 99.1 |
| Georgia | 58 | 52 | 100.0 | 1,562 | 30,038 | 186 | 100.0 | 2,209 | 7,104 | 262 | 99.7 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | 105 | 105,000 | 83 | 100.0 | 556 | 11,129 | 441 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 104 | 19 | 100.0 | 232 | 13,653 | 425 | 100.0 | 69 | 2,033 | 136 | 91.9 |
| Illinois | 623 | 62 | 100.0 | 3,185 | 51,366 | 545 | 100.0 | 225 | 8,324 | 193 | 16.9 |
| Indiana | 239 | 79 | 100.0 | 2,587 | 33,172 | 597 | 98.7 | 1,086 | 6,748 | 319 | 80.9 |
| lowa | 540 | 10 | 100.0 | 323 | 32,321 | 475 | 100.0 | 96 | 4,812 | 157 | 87.0 |
| Kansas | 325 | 14 | 100.0 | 164 | 27,345 | 252 | 42.9 | 435 | 12,423 | 456 | 71.4 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 93 | 100.0 | 1,176 | 12,645 | 326 | 100.0 | 521 | 6,770 | 221 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 58 | 100.0 | 1,300 | 22,417 | 295 | 100.0 | 1,265 | 4,719 | 295 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 272 | 2 | 100.0 | 100 | 50,000 | 1,262 | 100.0 | - | - | - | 0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 24 | 100.0 | 711 | 44,458 | 348 | 100.0 | 2,175 | 13,426 | 394 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 50 | 100.0 | 2,717 | 55,449 | 987 | 98.0 | 744 | 6,581 | 274 | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 383 | 65 | 100.0 | 2,215 | 37,543 | 448 | 100.0 | 1,534 | 5,500 | 268 | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 28 | 100.0 | 642 | 30,576 | 266 | 100.0 | 1,852 | 8,089 | 484 | 99.6 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 39 | 100.0 | 678 | 18,824 | 282 | 94.7 | 871 | 4,735 | 337 | 95.8 |
| Missouri | 149 | 50 | 100.0 | 203 | 28,998 | 158 | 14.9 | 1,415 | 7,691 | 391 | 86.8 |
| Montana | 79 | 18 | 100.0 | 322 | 17,894 | 597 | 100.0 | 70 | 2,424 | 163 | 96.7 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 9 | 100.0 | 324 | 36,052 | 383 | 100.0 | 264 | 16,497 | 378 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 22 | 13 | 100.0 | 144 | 14,374 | 236 | 100.0 | 932 | 14,127 | 395 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 8 | 100.0 | 202 | 25,285 | 736 | 100.0 | 21 | 3,062 | 85 | 100.0 |

Table 18. Number and square footage of multiple-outlet public libraries, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Number of } \\ \text { public } \\ \text { libraries } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of multiple-outlet public libraries |  | Square footage of central outlets |  |  |  | Square footage of branch outlets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per } 1,000 \\ \text { population }{ }^{4} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{5} \end{array}$ | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per } 1,000 \\ \text { population }{ }^{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Response rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| New Jersey | 306 | 44 | 100.0 | 1,881 | 42,751 | 430 | 100.0 | 1,136 | 7,890 | 271 | 98.0 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 11 | 100.0 | 330 | 30,010 | 343 | 100.0 | 232 | 8,594 | 243 | 100.0 |
| New York | 754 | 57 | 100.0 | 2,613 | 46,658 | 222 | 100.0 | 4,213 | 13,416 | 359 | 99.7 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 65 | 100.0 | 1,761 | 32,609 | 270 | 100.0 | 2,058 | 6,453 | 253 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 15 | 100.0 | 96 | 8,715 | 450 | 73.3 | 128 | 14,197 | 707 | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 251 | 109 | 100.0 | 4,025 | 40,661 | 473 | 97.1 | 3,745 | 8,019 | 402 | 98.5 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 9 | 100.0 | 377 | 41,924 | 169 | 100.0 | 738 | 8,115 | 330 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 125 | 24 | 100.0 | 758 | 32,970 | 385 | 100.0 | 439 | 4,994 | 217 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 58 | 100.0 | 1,412 | 24,780 | 233 | 98.3 | 1,086 | 6,065 | 159 | 98.4 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 9 | 100.0 | 387 | 42,953 | 809 | 100.0 | 139 | 5,784 | 351 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 38 | 100.0 | 1,174 | 31,728 | 299 | 100.0 | 967 | 6,714 | 239 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 124 | 12 | 100.0 | 132 | 11,983 | 604 | 91.7 | 65 | 4,073 | 400 | 80.0 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 28 | 100.0 | 1,207 | 43,120 | 369 | 100.0 | 765 | 7,498 | 204 | 99.0 |
| Texas | 553 | 74 | 100.0 | 4,028 | 54,427 | 288 | 100.0 | 3,273 | 11,170 | 251 | 98.3 |
| Utah | 71 | 21 | 100.0 | 380 | 31,661 | 430 | 100.0 | 511 | 9,632 | 323 | 91.4 |
| Vermont | 184 | 11 | 100.0 | 138 | 12,568 | 1,203 | 100.0 | 1 | 968 | 144 | 25.0 |
| Virginia | 91 | 62 | 100.0 | 1,321 | 26,961 | 306 | 98.0 | 2,272 | 8,670 | 330 | 99.2 |
| Washington | 65 | 24 | 100.0 | 898 | 59,872 | 370 | 100.0 | 1,889 | 6,919 | 330 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 29 | 100.0 | 469 | 16,166 | 382 | 100.0 | 205 | 2,695 | 181 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 21 | 100.0 | 1,217 | 67,597 | 652 | 100.0 | 545 | 6,899 | 306 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 20 | 100.0 | 352 | 19,543 | 751 | 90.0 | 172 | 3,654 | 270 | 92.2 |

— Not available.
${ }^{1}$ This is the total number of multiple-outlet public libraries on the public library outlet data file (multiple outlets consisting of bookmobiles only are excluded).
${ }^{2}$ The response rate is the number of multiple-outlet public libraries on the public library outlet data file divided by the number of multiple-outlet public libraries on the public library data file.
${ }^{3}$ The average square footage is calculated by dividing the total square footage reported by multiple-outlet public libraries (centrals or branches) by the total number of such outlets reporting the data.
${ }^{4}$ Per 1,000 population data are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. Only multiple-outlet public libraries that reported square footage for their central outlets are included in the "Per 1,000 population" figure for centrals. Only multiple-outlet public libraries that reported square footage for all of their branch outlets are included in the "Per 1,000 population" figure for branches.
${ }^{5}$ The square footage response rate is calculated by dividing the number of multiple-outlet libraries (centrals or branches) reporting square footage by the number of such outlets on the public library outlet data file. The national-level response rate for central outlets of multiple-outlet libraries was 95.6 percent, and for branch outlets, 95.8 percent.
NOTE: Square footage is collected only from central and branch outlets (not from bookmobiles and books-by-mail-only-outlets), and missing data are not imputed. The national-level response rates were as follows: square footage of central outlets of multiple-outlet libraries, 95.6 percent, and of branch outlets, 95.8 percent. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

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Table 18A. Number and square footage of multiple-outlet public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Number of multipleoutlet libraries ${ }^{1}$ | Square footage of central outlets |  |  | Square footage of branch outlets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per } 1,000 \\ \text { population } \end{array}$ | Total (in thousands) | Average square footage ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per } 1,000 \\ \text { population } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 24 | 5,248 | 308,696 | 161 | 12,626 | 13,768 | 343 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 59 | 9,231 | 214,664 | 305 | 13,771 | 12,070 | 337 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 96 | 6,654 | 87,557 | 256 | 10,512 | 10,662 | 324 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 310 | 13,352 | 49,819 | 320 | 11,920 | 7,099 | 256 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 383 | 11,975 | 33,827 | 481 | 5,153 | 4,875 | 215 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 366 | 6,064 | 18,156 | 508 | 2,581 | 3,423 | 234 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 331 | 3,281 | 10,937 | 648 | 1,068 | 2,272 | 268 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 128 | 665 | 6,047 | 794 | 305 | 2,192 | 432 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 39 | 137 | 4,138 | 1,139 | 65 | 1,746 | 605 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 21 | 65 | 4,055 | 2,233 | 40 | 1,901 | 1,093 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 4 | 6 | 1,479 | 2,188 | 3 | 725 | 1,371 |

${ }^{2}$ The average square footage is calculated by dividing the total square footage reported by multiple-outlet public libraries (centrals or branches) by the total number of such outlets reporting the data.
${ }^{3}$ Per 1,000 population data are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. Only multiple-outlet public libraries that reported square footage for their central outlets are included in the "Per 1,000 population" figure for centrals. Only multiple-outlet public libraries that reported square footage for all of their branch outlets are included in the "Per 1,000 population" figure for branches.
NOTE: Square footage is collected only from central and branch outlets (not from bookmobiles and books-by-mail-only outlets), and missing data are not imputed. The national-level response rate for central outlets of multiple-outlet libraries was 95.6 percent, and for branch outlets, 95.8 percent. See appendix $B$ of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 19. Number and square footage of central outlets of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Number of central outlets |  | Square footage |  |  | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Less than 1,000 | 1,000 to 2,499 |  | 2,500 to 4,999 |  | 5,000 to 9,999 |  |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ |  |  |  | Total (in thous.) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{4} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | Average square footage | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of centrals | Average square $\qquad$ footage ${ }^{3}$ |
| Alabama | 207 | 206 | 100.0 | 1,965 | 10,919 | 87.4 | 14 | 4,149 | 42 | 2,887 | 31 | 3,641 | 37 | 6,204 |
| Alaska | 89 | 89 | 100.0 | 473 | 5,375 | 98.9 | 55 | 1,543 | 11 | 3,311 | 9 | 6,369 | 6 | 5,928 |
| Arizona | 86 | 81 | 100.0 | 1,382 | 17,275 | 98.8 | 7 | 2,200 | 10 | 4,149 | 14 | 3,588 | 18 | 4,995 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 45 | 100.0 | 784 | 17,823 | 97.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 5 | 3,567 |
| California | 179 | 166 | 100.0 | 7,014 | 42,506 | 99.4 | 1 | 1,300 | 3 | 2,069 | 1 | 6,300 | 4 | 7,569 |
| Colorado | 115 | 101 | 100.0 | 1,721 | 17,043 | 100.0 | 9 | 1,620 | 22 | 2,133 | 19 | 4,299 | 17 | 7,316 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 194 | 100.0 | 3,174 | 17,536 | 93.3 | 1 | 13,342 | 14 | 3,968 | 20 | 4,100 | 42 | 8,215 |
| Delaware | 21 | 19 | 100.0 | 151 | 7,966 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 2,846 | 5 | 3,202 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | 400 | 400,000 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 78 | 61 | 100.0 | 2,254 | 36,953 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 2,366 | 1 | 1,200 | 3 | 10,855 |
| Georgia | 58 | 58 | 100.0 | 1,696 | 29,241 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | 105 | 105,000 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Idaho | 104 | 102 | 100.0 | 732 | 7,317 | 98.0 | 21 | 1,325 | 21 | 2,335 | 17 | 2,716 | 17 | 6,405 |
| Illinois | 623 | 623 | 100.0 | 9,902 | 15,919 | 99.8 | 43 | 2,546 | 141 | 3,162 | 113 | 4,747 | 101 | 9,146 |
| Indiana | 239 | 239 | 100.0 | 4,389 | 18,677 | 98.3 | 9 | 4,112 | 44 | 3,046 | 39 | 6,409 | 45 | 11,866 |
| lowa | 540 | 540 | 100.0 | 2,916 | 5,785 | 93.3 | 107 | 1,607 | 230 | 2,371 | 95 | 5,135 | 55 | 8,655 |
| Kansas | 325 | 325 | 100.0 | 1,702 | 5,422 | 96.6 | 141 | 1,530 | 87 | 3,612 | 42 | 6,097 | 24 | 8,598 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 116 | 100.0 | 1,402 | 12,083 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 2,120 | 1 | 2,600 | 15 | 4,677 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 67 | 100.0 | 1,360 | 20,306 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 3,300 | 1 | 5,299 | 4 | 6,049 |
| Maine | 272 | 272 | 100.0 | 1,311 | 5,183 | 93.0 | 41 | 1,528 | 92 | 2,586 | 59 | 3,506 | 50 | 6,262 |
| Maryland | 24 | 16 | 100.0 | 711 | 44,458 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 370 | 100.0 | 6,385 | 17,785 | 97.0 | 28 | 1,402 | 48 | 3,004 | 46 | 5,571 | 68 | 9,195 |
| Michigan | 383 | 377 | 100.0 | 5,439 | 14,464 | 99.7 | 8 | 1,874 | 23 | 2,680 | 74 | 3,186 | 96 | 5,819 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 129 | 100.0 | 1,327 | 10,283 | 100.0 | 14 | 1,870 | 32 | 2,731 | 23 | 4,932 | 22 | 7,292 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 49 | 100.0 | 861 | 18,318 | 95.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 3,331 | 3 | 7,027 |
| Missouri | 149 | 146 | 100.0 | 216 | 23,999 | 6.2 | 5 | - | 26 | - | 24 | 4,000 | 25 | 9,000 |
| Montana | 79 | 79 | 100.0 | 640 | 8,102 | 100.0 | 5 | 1,976 | 22 | 2,208 | 18 | 4,960 | 15 | 6,238 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 270 | 100.0 | 1,411 | 5,831 | 89.6 | 151 | 2,551 | 67 | 3,954 | 18 | 7,254 | 17 | 10,951 |
| Nevada | 22 | 19 | 100.0 | 269 | 14,176 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3 | 4,979 | 4 | 4,198 | 2 | 8,500 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 230 | 100.0 | 1,164 | 5,818 | 87.0 | 29 | 1,061 | 75 | 2,243 | 56 | 3,807 | 38 | 7,256 |

See notes at end of table.

| State | Number of public libraries | Number of central outlets |  | Square footage |  |  | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Less than 1,000 | 1,000 to 2,499 |  | 2,500 to 4,999 |  | 5,000 to 9,999 |  |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ |  |  |  | Total (in thous.) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{4} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of centrals | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of centrals | Average square <br> footage |
| New Jersey | 306 | 306 | 100.0 | 4,803 | 16,561 | 94.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 16 | 3,742 | 26 | 3,530 | 79 | 6,397 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 87 | 100.0 | 806 | 9,266 | 100.0 | 22 | 1,900 | 17 | 3,550 | 10 | 2,658 | 20 | 7,227 |
| New York | 754 | 753 | 100.0 | 8,942 | 11,955 | 99.3 | 75 | 2,416 | 156 | 3,079 | 121 | 4,235 | 141 | 7,166 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 64 | 100.0 | 1,888 | 29,507 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 5,433 | 1 | 12,000 |
| North Dakota | 83 | 82 | 100.0 | 327 | 4,304 | 92.7 | 30 | 1,398 | 26 | 2,388 | 6 | 3,623 | 7 | 3,277 |
| Ohio | 251 | 244 | 100.0 | 5,846 | 24,359 | 98.4 | 3 | 1,786 | 4 | 3,031 | 21 | 6,508 | 55 | 9,498 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 113 | 100.0 | 1,059 | 9,376 | 100.0 | 9 | 3,085 | 33 | 2,691 | 24 | 4,581 | 16 | 7,275 |
| Oregon | 125 | 124 | 100.0 | 1,554 | 12,532 | 100.0 | 15 | 1,226 | 20 | 1,797 | 13 | 2,279 | 21 | 6,161 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 453 | 100.0 | 4,208 | 9,309 | 99.8 | 4 | 1,597 | 31 | 1,804 | 60 | 2,701 | 98 | 4,114 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 49 | 100.0 | 841 | 17,170 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 9,445 | 3 | 1,982 | 7 | 5,725 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 41 | 100.0 | 1,217 | 29,692 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Dakota | 124 | 124 | 100.0 | 546 | 5,808 | 75.8 | 47 | 1,396 | 36 | 2,579 | 17 | 4,307 | 10 | 5,940 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 186 | 100.0 | 2,247 | 12,080 | 100.0 | 22 | 1,227 | 14 | 1,464 | 16 | 2,273 | 28 | 3,407 |
| Texas | 553 | 553 | 100.0 | 7,900 | 14,285 | 100.0 | 18 | 2,352 | 65 | 3,008 | 109 | 3,752 | 113 | 5,668 |
| Utah | 71 | 56 | 100.0 | 903 | 16,412 | 98.2 | 2 | 3,515 | 7 | 2,972 | 11 | 5,595 | 11 | 7,119 |
| Vermont | 184 | 181 | 100.0 | 667 | 3,810 | 96.7 | 34 | 1,193 | 74 | 1,981 | 41 | 3,902 | 20 | 7,632 |
| Virginia | 91 | 79 | 100.0 | 1,634 | 21,500 | 96.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 3,200 | 2 | 6,063 | 5 | 7,402 |
| Washington | 65 | 56 | 100.0 | 1,237 | 22,087 | 100.0 | 7 | 1,334 | 10 | 2,324 | 6 | 3,068 | 7 | 6,167 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 97 | 100.0 | 799 | 8,326 | 99.0 | 1 | 2,280 | 4 | 1,757 | 18 | 2,566 | 28 | 4,667 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 378 | 100.0 | 4,714 | 12,471 | 100.0 | 23 | 2,016 | 74 | 2,425 | 95 | 4,159 | 67 | 6,872 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 23 | 100.0 | 377 | 17,930 | 91.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 6,000 | 1 | 12,375 | 6 | 9,801 |

Table 19. Number and square footage of central outlets of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10,000 to 24,999 |  | 25,000 to 49,999 |  | 50,000 to 99,999 |  | 100,000 to 249,999 |  | 250,000 to 499,999 |  | 500,000 to 999,999 |  | 1,000,000 or more |  |
|  |  | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of centrals |  | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ |
| Alabama | 207 | 44 | 10,562 | 17 | 15,120 | 14 | 27,380 | 4 | 42,950 | 3 | 121,411 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Alaska | 89 | 4 | 8,411 | 2 | 12,344 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 62,100 | 1 | 140,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Arizona | 86 | 10 | 8,505 | 8 | 19,156 | 3 | 14,320 | 8 | 52,929 | 1 | 106,519 | 1 | 96,000 | 1 | 280,000 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 10 | 7,698 | 10 | 10,531 | 16 | 25,510 | 3 | 15,833 | 1 | 132,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| California | 179 | 22 | 11,559 | 29 | 20,599 | 45 | 34,433 | 43 | 46,046 | 7 | 68,557 | 8 | 159,577 | 3 | 281,121 |
| Colorado | 115 | 17 | 14,046 | 7 | 22,534 | 3 | 58,580 | 4 | 52,625 | 1 | 53,800 | 2 | 308,591 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Connecticut | 194 | 64 | 15,155 | 30 | 23,602 | 18 | 42,984 | 5 | 94,731 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Delaware | 21 | 9 | 6,699 | 2 | 11,808 | 1 | 3,000 | 1 | 45,592 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| District of Columbia | 1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 400,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 78 | 12 | 10,213 | 8 | 15,419 | 11 | 14,599 | 11 | 33,159 | 5 | 54,386 | 5 | 114,277 | 3 | 200,353 |
| Georgia | 58 | 8 | 13,754 | 9 | 16,431 | 16 | 22,719 | 17 | 31,327 | 4 | 41,242 | 4 | 94,260 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Hawaii | 1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 105,000 |
| Idaho | 104 | 11 | 9,361 | 9 | 18,278 | 5 | 31,385 | 1 | 79,381 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Illinois | 623 | 121 | 17,536 | 68 | 36,292 | 27 | 66,154 | 8 | 95,386 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 756,640 |
| Indiana | 239 | 46 | 17,783 | 30 | 26,063 | 16 | 56,914 | 8 | 75,399 | 1 | 240,000 | 1 | 120,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Iowa | 540 | 30 | 14,330 | 13 | 27,005 | 8 | 53,492 | 2 | 61,492 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Kansas | 325 | 17 | 16,648 | 8 | 39,881 | 1 | - | 3 | 32,375 | 2 | 90,547 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Kentucky | 116 | 58 | 7,049 | 25 | 13,619 | 12 | 17,671 | 2 | 43,950 | 1 | 110,400 | 1 | 167,031 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Louisiana | 67 | 22 | 9,090 | 17 | 13,590 | 9 | 18,952 | 9 | 33,146 | 4 | 106,944 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Maine | 272 | 27 | 13,881 | 2 | 53,000 | 1 | 80,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Maryland | 24 | 1 | 11,800 | 6 | 14,864 | 4 | 25,125 | 3 | 40,250 | 1 | 46,100 | 1 | 343,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 110 | 16,707 | 46 | 31,130 | 19 | 45,046 | 4 | 75,156 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 970,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Michigan | 383 | 98 | 12,243 | 42 | 22,795 | 20 | 53,545 | 13 | 69,353 | 2 | 9,900 | 1 | 420,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Minnesota | 140 | 18 | 15,500 | 8 | 18,087 | 3 | 41,384 | 5 | 44,493 | 4 | 42,210 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mississippi | 50 | 9 | 8,247 | 17 | 14,609 | 13 | 24,228 | 5 | 36,856 | 1 | 30,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Missouri | 149 | 34 | 5,847 | 15 | - | 9 | 1,224 | 4 | 83,000 | 2 | - | 2 | 99,999 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Montana | 79 | 12 | 9,180 | 2 | 27,830 | 4 | 41,728 | 1 | 66,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Nebraska | 270 | 9 | 18,709 | 6 | 26,082 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 96,102 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Nevada | 22 | 2 | 33,311 | 3 | 12,527 | 3 | 18,167 | 2 | 30,957 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 22 | 12,592 | 8 | 19,231 | 1 | 60,000 | 1 | 75,645 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |

Table 19. Number and square footage of central outlets of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10,000 to 24,999 |  | 25,000 to 49,999 |  | 50,000 to 99,999 |  | 100,000 to 249,999 |  | 250,000 to 499,999 |  | 500,000 to 999,999 |  | 1,000,000 or more |  |
|  |  | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of centrals | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of centrals |  | Number of centrals | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ |
| New Jersey | 306 | 103 | 13,951 | 43 | 22,867 | 25 | 40,720 | 9 | 47,302 | 4 | 85,901 | 1 | 61,265 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New Mexico | 87 | 8 | 15,764 | 4 | 36,625 | 4 | 26,436 | 1 | 50,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 104,577 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New York | 754 | 137 | 12,708 | 85 | 26,914 | 27 | 42,206 | 6 | 74,420 | 1 | 115,458 | 1 | 403,000 | 3 | 225,625 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 6 | 12,559 | 9 | 15,570 | 23 | 22,707 | 18 | 36,018 | 4 | 80,875 | 1 | 156,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| North Dakota | 83 | 8 | 9,210 | 2 | 27,543 | 3 | 35,683 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Ohio | 251 | 71 | 15,229 | 43 | 22,140 | 26 | 33,386 | 13 | 35,765 | 6 | 173,556 | 2 | 411,701 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 18 | 11,379 | 6 | 28,150 | 2 | 23,753 | 2 | 27,407 | 1 | 53,000 | 2 | 93,750 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Oregon | 125 | 33 | 13,903 | 8 | 22,731 | 7 | 26,954 | 6 | 64,390 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 125,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 152 | 8,029 | 67 | 12,836 | 27 | 22,304 | 10 | 38,908 | 3 | 91,756 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 255,556 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 20 | 11,380 | 13 | 21,967 | 4 | 39,172 | 1 | 116,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Carolina | 42 | 5 | 4,429 | 12 | 10,406 | 10 | 17,622 | 10 | 38,094 | 4 | 128,304 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Dakota | 124 | 11 | 13,194 | 1 | 32,000 | 1 | 47,000 | 1 | 88,925 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Tennessee | 186 | 50 | 6,381 | 34 | 12,735 | 15 | 21,334 | 3 | 63,667 | 2 | 87,300 | 2 | 315,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Texas | 553 | 116 | 8,217 | 68 | 15,701 | 30 | 31,353 | 21 | 44,257 | 6 | 88,548 | 3 | 153,544 | 4 | 432,334 |
| Utah | 71 | 11 | 13,364 | 8 | 14,823 | 2 | 78,500 | 3 | 105,555 | 1 | 9,055 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Vermont | 184 | 11 | 12,643 | 1 | 44,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Virginia | 91 | 20 | 12,079 | 21 | 14,509 | 16 | 21,028 | 10 | 59,151 | 3 | 58,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Washington | 65 | 9 | 14,834 | 5 | 23,578 | 5 | 38,004 | 5 | 60,460 | 1 | 36,000 | 1 | 362,987 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| West Virginia | 97 | 27 | 7,871 | 9 | 11,045 | 9 | 27,706 | 1 | 53,600 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 76 | 16,141 | 26 | 31,181 | 11 | 65,257 | 4 | 81,075 | 1 | 95,000 | 1 | 457,919 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Wyoming | 23 | 7 | 14,786 | 6 | 24,740 | 2 | 33,500 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |

- Not available
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ This is the total number of central outlets on the public library outlet data file.
${ }^{2}$ The response rate is the number of central outlets on the public library outlet data file divided by the number of centrals on the public library data file.
${ }^{3}$ The average square footage of central outlets is calculated by dividing the total square footage reported by central outlets by the total number of such outlets reporting the data.
${ }^{4}$ The square footage response rate is calculated by dividing the total number of central outlets reporting square footage by the total number of such outlets on the public library outlet file. The national-level response rate was 95.4 percent.

 Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table 20. Number and square footage of branch outlets of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Number of public libraries | Number of branch outlets |  | Square footage |  |  | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Less than 1,000 | 1,000 to 2,499 |  | 2,500 to 4,999 |  | 5,000 to 9,999 |  |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ |  |  |  | Total (in thous.) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{4} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of branches | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of branches | Average square footage | Number of branches | Average square <br> footage ${ }^{3}$ |
| Alabama | 207 | 79 | 100.0 | 390 | 5,824 | 84.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Alaska | 89 | 17 | 100.0 | 74 | 4,382 | 100.0 | 1 | 840 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 2,000 | 7 | 1,493 |
| Arizona | 86 | 110 | 100.0 | 901 | 8,499 | 96.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 1,048 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 168 | 100.0 | 650 | 3,893 | 99.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 1,100 |
| California | 179 | 927 | 100.0 | 7,159 | 7,740 | 99.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 850 | 1 | 8,982 | 4 | 530 |
| Colorado | 115 | 141 | 100.0 | 1,371 | 9,721 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3 | 1,474 | 5 | 1,243 | 3 | 5,570 |
| Connecticut | 194 | 50 | 100.0 | 299 | 6,111 | 98.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Delaware | 21 | 14 | 100.0 | 145 | 10,376 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 22 | 100.0 | 344 | 15,615 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 78 | 441 | 100.0 | 5,789 | 13,247 | 99.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Georgia | 58 | 312 | 100.0 | 2,209 | 7,104 | 99.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Hawaii | 1 | 50 | 100.0 | 556 | 11,129 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Idaho | 104 | 37 | 100.0 | 69 | 2,033 | 91.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 1,660 | 1 | - | 8 | 1,600 |
| Illinois | 623 | 160 | 100.0 | 225 | 8,324 | 16.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 1,050 | 2 | 244 | 16 | 1,967 |
| Indiana | 239 | 199 | 100.0 | 1,086 | 6,748 | 80.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 19 | 1,742 |
| lowa | 540 | 23 | 100.0 | 96 | 4,812 | 87.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Kansas | 325 | 49 | 100.0 | 435 | 12,423 | 71.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4 | 3,858 | 3 | 6,275 | 10 | 4,166 |
| Kentucky | 116 | 77 | 100.0 | 521 | 6,770 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 2,120 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 2,885 |
| Louisiana | 67 | 268 | 100.0 | 1,265 | 4,719 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3 | 1,136 |
| Maine | 272 | 6 | 100.0 | - | - | 0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Maryland | 24 | 162 | 100.0 | 2,175 | 13,426 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 113 | 100.0 | 744 | 6,581 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 400 | 1 | 1,200 | 7 | 2,209 |
| Michigan | 383 | 279 | 100.0 | 1,534 | 5,500 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 6 | 886 | 1 | 1,080 |
| Minnesota | 140 | 230 | 100.0 | 1,852 | 8,089 | 99.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | - |
| Mississippi | 50 | 192 | 100.0 | 871 | 4,735 | 95.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 3,000 |
| Missouri | 149 | 212 | 100.0 | 1,415 | 7,691 | 86.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 11 | 1,422 |
| Montana | 79 | 30 | 100.0 | 70 | 2,424 | 96.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 1,000 | 4 | 600 | 7 | 4,900 |
| Nebraska | 270 | 16 | 100.0 | 264 | 16,497 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Nevada | 22 | 66 | 100.0 | 932 | 14,127 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4 | 1,345 | 4 | 1,388 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 7 | 100.0 | 21 | 3,062 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 663 | $\dagger$ | † |

Table 20. Number and square footage of branch outlets of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Number of } \\ \text { public } \\ \text { libraries } \end{array}$ | Number of branch outlets |  | Square footage |  |  | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Less than 1,000 | 1,000 to 2,499 |  | 2,500 to 4,999 |  | 5,000 to 9,999 |  |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{2} \end{array}$ |  |  |  | Total (in thous.) | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate }^{4} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of branches | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of branches | Average square footage |
| New Jersey | 306 | 147 | 100.0 | 1,136 | 7,890 | 98.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New Mexico | 87 | 27 | 100.0 | 232 | 8,594 | 100.0 | 1 | 1,160 | 1 | 4,608 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 500 |
| New York | 754 | 315 | 100.0 | 4,213 | 13,416 | 99.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 3,100 | 2 | 4,032 | 8 | 1,459 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 319 | 100.0 | 2,058 | 6,453 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| North Dakota | 83 | 9 | 100.0 | 128 | 14,197 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 3,486 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Ohio | 251 | 474 | 100.0 | 3,745 | 8,019 | 98.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 1,934 | 7 | 2,953 |
| Oklahoma | 113 | 91 | 100.0 | 738 | 8,115 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Oregon | 125 | 88 | 100.0 | 439 | 4,994 | 100.0 | 2 | 450 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 5 | 825 |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 182 | 100.0 | 1,086 | 6,065 | 98.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 24 | 100.0 | 139 | 5,784 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Carolina | 42 | 144 | 100.0 | 967 | 6,714 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Dakota | 124 | 20 | 100.0 | 65 | 4,073 | 80.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | - | 7 | 372 |
| Tennessee | 186 | 103 | 100.0 | 765 | 7,498 | 99.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 1,700 |
| Texas | 553 | 298 | 100.0 | 3,273 | 11,170 | 98.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 912 | 2 | 1,875 | 12 | 2,901 |
| Utah | 71 | 58 | 100.0 | 511 | 9,632 | 91.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 1,180 | 1 | - | 3 | 1,105 |
| Vermont | 184 | 4 | 100.0 | 1 | 968 | 25.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3 | 968 |
| Virginia | 91 | 264 | 100.0 | 2,272 | 8,670 | 99.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 4,021 |
| Washington | 65 | 273 | 100.0 | 1,889 | 6,919 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| West Virginia | 97 | 76 | 100.0 | 205 | 2,695 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4 | 2,236 |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 79 | 100.0 | 545 | 6,899 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3 | 1,898 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Wyoming | 23 | 51 | 100.0 | 172 | 3,654 | 92.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 10 | 2,075 |

Table 20. Number and square footage of branch outlets of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10,000 to 24,999 |  | 25,000 to 49,999 |  | 50,000 to 99,999 |  | 100,000 to 249,999 |  | 250,000 to 499,999 |  | 500,000 to 999,999 |  | 1,000,000 or more |  |
|  |  | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | Average <br> square <br> footage ${ }^{3}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | Average square footage | Number of branches | Average square footage ${ }^{3}$ |
| Alabama | 207 | 7 | 1,934 | 9 | 1,366 | 13 | 1,325 | 10 | 6,975 | 40 | 8,036 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Alaska | 89 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2 | 7,580 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1 | 4,200 | 5 | 8,370 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Arizona | 86 | 11 | 2,133 | 7 | 1,195 | 18 | 1,607 | 24 | 10,642 | 2 | 33,500 | 34 | 10,815 | 13 | 12,749 |
| Arkansas | 48 | 10 | 4,029 | 24 | 2,066 | 67 | 4,050 | 54 | 3,140 | 11 | 10,745 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| California | 179 | 40 | 1,908 | 34 | 1,582 | 67 | 4,280 | 184 | 5,983 | 107 | 10,125 | 184 | 7,651 | 305 | 10,348 |
| Colorado | 115 | 18 | 2,742 | 20 | 5,878 | 3 | 7,160 | 34 | 13,582 | 12 | 10,063 | 43 | 13,313 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Connecticut | 194 | 6 | 5,363 | 6 | 5,333 | 18 | 6,387 | 20 | 6,282 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Delaware | 21 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3 | 5,463 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3 | 3,239 | 8 | 14,894 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| District of Columbia | 1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 22 | 15,615 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 78 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 12 | 4,031 | 42 | 4,090 | 89 | 8,108 | 82 | 11,856 | 117 | 17,651 | 99 | 18,964 |
| Georgia | 58 | 5 | 4,209 | 18 | 3,737 | 64 | 5,168 | 99 | 7,312 | 48 | 6,129 | 78 | 9,995 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Hawaii | 1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 50 | 11,129 |
| Idaho | 104 | 9 | 1,658 | 10 | 2,510 | 6 | 2,635 | 1 | 2,196 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Illinois | 623 | 17 | 3,300 | 11 | 8,560 | 16 | 11,338 | 20 | 34,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 77 | - |
| Indiana | 239 | 35 | 2,622 | 33 | 3,921 | 40 | 9,710 | 36 | 9,379 | 13 | - | 23 | 11,472 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| lowa | 540 | 5 | 2,250 | 9 | 1,165 | 3 | 5,933 | 6 | 10,575 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Kansas | 325 | 8 | 3,295 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4 | 17,575 | 20 | 22,447 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Kentucky | 116 | 10 | 2,660 | 16 | 4,019 | 22 | 6,131 | 5 | 13,927 | 5 | 14,670 | 16 | 9,038 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Louisiana | 67 | 33 | 1,822 | 62 | 2,361 | 37 | 3,959 | 74 | 4,490 | 59 | 9,763 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Maine | 272 | 1 | - | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 5 | - | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Maryland | 24 | 1 | 560 | 17 | 5,269 | 17 | 7,419 | 29 | 9,990 | 5 | 26,940 | 93 | 16,498 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Massachusetts | 370 | 10 | 2,569 | 17 | 5,348 | 31 | 6,668 | 18 | 6,880 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 28 | 9,979 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Michigan | 383 | 35 | 1,348 | 45 | 2,666 | 26 | 5,061 | 95 | 5,842 | 48 | 9,687 | 23 | 9,103 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Minnesota | 140 | 20 | 1,796 | 9 | 2,098 | 15 | 6,668 | 87 | 5,826 | 72 | 10,098 | 26 | 17,831 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mississippi | 50 | 6 | 1,737 | 43 | 3,135 | 67 | 3,318 | 62 | 6,349 | 12 | 10,641 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Missouri | 149 | 27 | 1,453 | 32 | 2,522 | 41 | 3,671 | 27 | 9,147 | 25 | 12,940 | 49 | 15,023 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Montana | 79 | 9 | 1,373 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 9 | 2,794 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Nebraska | 270 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 16 | 16,497 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Nevada | 22 | 2 | 1,750 | 4 | 4,040 | 11 | 2,051 | 4 | 6,464 | 13 | 15,821 | † | $\dagger$ | 24 | 26,988 |
| New Hampshire | 230 | 2 | 2,613 | 1 | 2,160 | 1 | 8,000 | 1 | 4,725 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |

Table 20. Number and square footage of branch outlets of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2005-Continued

| State | Number of public libraries | Population of legal service area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10,000 to 24,999 |  | 25,000 to 49,999 |  | 50,000 to 99,999 |  | 100,000 to 249,999 |  | 250,000 to 499,999 |  | 500,000 to 999,999 |  | 1,000,000 or more |  |
|  |  | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of branches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { square } \\ \text { footage }{ }^{3} \end{array}$ | Number of branches | Average square <br> footage ${ }^{3}$ |
| New Jersey | 306 | 2 | 4,225 | 7 | 6,825 | 41 | 5,411 | 51 | 8,365 | 27 | 10,039 | 19 | 9,608 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New Mexico | 87 | 2 | 7,837 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4 | 4,224 | 2 | 1,550 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 16 | 11,882 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New York | 754 | 14 | 2,134 | 19 | 4,642 | 20 | 6,739 | 27 | 9,197 | 8 | 10,889 | 8 | 7,186 | 208 | 17,049 |
| North Carolina | 75 | 3 | 4,076 | 16 | 5,129 | 94 | 4,096 | 131 | 6,223 | 36 | 8,454 | 39 | 11,783 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| North Dakota | 83 | 4 | 11,795 | 3 | 14,386 | 1 | 33,950 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Ohio | 251 | 23 | 3,528 | 98 | 2,938 | 75 | 7,062 | 72 | 7,960 | 107 | 10,001 | 90 | 13,597 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Oklahoma | 113 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 7 | 3,355 | 8 | 3,773 | 28 | 5,988 | 8 | 10,644 | 40 | 10,799 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Oregon | 125 | 13 | 1,514 | 1 | 5,000 | 18 | 2,169 | 33 | 6,969 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 16 | 8,798 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Pennsylvania | 458 | 7 | 2,500 | 27 | 2,603 | 39 | 4,447 | 26 | 3,918 | 29 | 11,287 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 54 | 7,687 |
| Rhode Island | 49 | 1 | 1,250 | 6 | 3,163 | 8 | 4,445 | 9 | 9,224 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Carolina | 42 | 1 | 700 | 15 | 2,893 | 23 | 4,561 | 60 | 6,745 | 45 | 9,181 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Dakota | 124 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 11 | 5,755 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Tennessee | 186 | 9 | 2,197 | 4 | 2,286 | 21 | 2,509 | 2 | 10,500 | 23 | 9,103 | 43 | 10,741 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Texas | 553 | 24 | 2,129 | 23 | 5,276 | 3 | 4,600 | 40 | 11,640 | 40 | 16,661 | 46 | 11,216 | 107 | 13,453 |
| Utah | 71 | 14 | 2,646 | 2 | 1,152 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 14 | 12,244 | 4 | 16,919 | 19 | 13,464 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Vermont | 184 | 1 | - | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Virginia | 91 | 9 | 1,684 | 39 | 4,751 | 63 | 5,976 | 85 | 8,660 | 45 | 11,742 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 21 | 20,405 |
| Washington | 65 | 20 | 1,040 | 7 | 1,445 | 6 | 6,502 | 97 | 5,297 | 39 | 6,997 | 61 | 8,998 | 43 | 11,242 |
| West Virginia | 97 | 15 | 1,670 | 23 | 2,249 | 25 | 2,644 | 9 | 5,886 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Wisconsin | 381 | 3 | 324 | 23 | 2,887 | 10 | 4,854 | 20 | 8,766 | 8 | 8,248 | 12 | 15,176 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Wyoming | 23 | 19 | 2,413 | 18 | 6,500 | 4 | 2,436 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | † |

- Not available
$\dagger$ Not applicable
${ }^{1}$ This is the total number of branch outlets on the public library outlet data file.
${ }^{2}$ The response rate is the number of branch outlets on the public library outlet data file divided by the number of branches on the public library data file.
${ }^{3}$ The average square footage of branch outlets is calculated by dividing the total square footage reported by branch outlets by the total number of such outlets reporting the data.


 Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2005 .


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Appendix A: Selected Tables by Population of Legal Service Area
Table A-1. Number of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and population of legal


| Total | 9,198 ${ }^{2}$ | 1,544 | 700 | 16,543 | 9,040 | 7,503 | 825 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 24 | 13 | 1,018 | 17 | 1,001 | 31 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 59 | 37 | 1,189 | 44 | 1,145 | 73 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 96 | 43 | 1,102 | 80 | 1,022 | 66 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 300 | 137 | 1,996 | 292 | 1,704 | 161 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 351 | 157 | 1,633 | 531 | 1,102 | 173 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 311 | 128 | 1,700 | 918 | 782 | 133 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 250 | 125 | 2,257 | 1,746 | 511 | 128 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 102 | 36 | 1,641 | 1,474 | 167 | 36 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 32 | 13 | 1,372 | 1,329 | 43 | 13 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 16 | 8 | 1,630 | 1,608 | 22 | 8 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 3 | 3 | 1,005 | 1,001 | 4 | 3 |

${ }^{1}$ Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.
${ }^{2}$ Of the 9,198 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,433 were single-outlet libraries and 1,765 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.
NOTE: The national-level response rates for central libraries, branches, and bookmobiles were 100 percent. See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

| Population of legal service area | Number <br> of public <br> libraries | Type of legal basis ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Municipal government ${ }^{2}$ | County/ parish ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Cityl } \\ \text { county }{ }^{4} \end{array}$ | Multijurisdictional ${ }^{5}$ | Nonprofit association or agency libraries ${ }^{6}$ | School district ${ }^{7}$ | Library district ${ }^{8}$ | Other ${ }^{9}$ |
|  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | 53.0 | 9.9 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 14.8 | 2.0 | 14.2 | 1.4 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 29.2 | 37.5 | 0 | 8.3 | 12.5 | 0 | 8.3 | 4.2 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 16.9 | 59.3 | 8.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0 | 11.9 | 0 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 19.4 | 44.9 | 4.1 | 18.4 | 4.1 | 1.0 | 8.2 | 0 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 32.6 | 30.5 | 3.0 | 15.1 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 12.1 | 1.2 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 40.3 | 21.4 | 2.9 | 10.5 | 7.4 | 2.4 | 13.8 | 1.3 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 39.0 | 18.6 | 1.5 | 5.2 | 12.1 | 2.2 | 20.1 | 1.3 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 45.1 | 11.4 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 15.4 | 3.2 | 19.9 | 1.5 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 51.0 | 7.0 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 18.1 | 3.8 | 16.2 | 1.3 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 57.5 | 4.7 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 17.9 | 1.3 | 13.9 | 1.5 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 66.0 | 3.0 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 16.3 | 0.4 | 10.3 | 1.2 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 75.4 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 14.4 | 0.2 | 4.7 | 1.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.
${ }^{2}$ An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.
${ }^{3}$ An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.
${ }^{4}$ A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.
${ }^{5}$ A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.
${ }^{6}$ A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.
${ }^{7}$ A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.
${ }^{8}$ A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library as defined by the Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data.
${ }^{9}$ This includes libraries under the legal bases of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The national-level response rate for type of legal basis was 100 percent. See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table A-3. Number of public library services and library services per capita or per 1,000 population in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of service and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of <br> legal service area | Number of public libraries | Library visits |  | Reference transactions |  | Total circulation |  | Interlibrary loans provided to |  | Interlibrary loans received from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total (in thousands) | Per capita ${ }^{1}$ | Total (in thousands) | Per capita ${ }^{1}$ | Total (in thousands) | Per capita ${ }^{1}$ | Total <br> (in thousands) | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{1}$ | Total (in thousands) | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 9,198 | 1,359,858 | 4.7 | 302,513 | 1.1 | 2,062,961 | 7.2 | 36,048 | 125.8 | 36,043 | 125.8 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 170,548 | 3.9 | 60,838 | 1.4 | 230,934 | 5.3 | 295 | 6.8 | 249 | 5.7 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 211,309 | 5.1 | 57,334 | 1.4 | 359,845 | 8.7 | 1,138 | 27.5 | 1,123 | 27.2 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 148,351 | 4.4 | 39,903 | 1.2 | 242,362 | 7.1 | 2,807 | 82.7 | 2,846 | 83.8 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 220,694 | 4.3 | 48,728 | 1.0 | 336,185 | 6.6 | 3,775 | 73.8 | 3,697 | 72.3 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 175,189 | 4.6 | 31,372 | 0.8 | 272,742 | 7.1 | 4,818 | 126.2 | 4,495 | 117.8 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 168,460 | 5.2 | 26,386 | 0.8 | 245,803 | 7.6 | 7,621 | 235.5 | 7,863 | 242.9 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 156,718 | 5.7 | 21,985 | 0.8 | 221,763 | 8.0 | 9,548 | 346.5 | 9,483 | 344.2 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 62,155 | 5.9 | 8,920 | 0.9 | 85,724 | 8.2 | 3,629 | 345.9 | 3,682 | 351.0 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 25,987 | 5.5 | 4,037 | 0.8 | 38,285 | 8.0 | 1,627 | 341.9 | 1,644 | 345.5 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 15,853 | 6.1 | 2,327 | 0.9 | 22,795 | 8.7 | 635 | 242.5 | 776 | 296.3 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 4,594 | 8.0 | 685 | 1.2 | 6,523 | 11.4 | 157 | 274.4 | 186 | 324.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Per capita and per 1,000 population are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas?
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: library visits, 92.4 percent; reference transactions, 91.9 percent; total circulation; 97.4 percent; interlibrary loans provided to, 96.9 percent; and interlibrary loans received from, 97.1 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

## Appendix A: Selected Tables by Population of Legal Service Area

| Population of <br> legal service area | Number of public libraries | Circulation of children's materials (in thousands) | Children's program attendance (in thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 9,198 | 716,388 | 54,615 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 75,759 | 4,727 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 122,141 | 7,168 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 82,518 | 5,568 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 118,111 | 8,834 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 93,476 | 7,371 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 88,141 | 7,209 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 81,513 | 7,530 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 30,423 | 3,276 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 13,615 | 1,482 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 8,324 | 1,085 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 2,367 | 366 |
| NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: circulation of children's materials, 94.4 percent, and children's program attendance, 96.8 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table. <br> SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005. |  |  |  |

Appendix A: Selected Tables by Population of Legal Service Area
Table A-5. Number of public-use internet terminals in public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, and uses of electronic resources per year, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Number of public-use internet terminals |  |  | Uses of electronic resources per year ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Average per stationary outlet ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Per } 5,000 \\ \text { population }{ }^{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | (in thousands) | Per capita |
| Total | 9,198 | 185,179 | 11.2 | 3.2 | 376,549 | 1.3 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 20,492 | 20.1 | 2.4 | 50,729 | 1.2 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 22,712 | 19.1 | 2.7 | 66,038 | 1.6 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 17,243 | 15.6 | 2.5 | 46,049 | 1.4 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 28,685 | 14.4 | 2.8 | 58,859 | 1.2 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 23,158 | 14.2 | 3.0 | 51,008 | 1.3 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 21,138 | 12.4 | 3.3 | 42,514 | 1.3 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 23,084 | 10.2 | 4.2 | 36,382 | 1.3 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 12,074 | 7.4 | 5.8 | 13,895 | 1.3 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 7,288 | 5.3 | 7.7 | 6,134 | 1.3 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 6,349 | 3.9 | 12.1 | 3,753 | 1.4 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 2,956 | 2.9 | 25.8 | 1,187 | 2.1 |

electronic resources three times a week as three users. In this table, "uses" was substituted for "users" for meaningful per capita comparisons as there cannot be more "users" than the population base. Electronic resources include, but are not limited to, Internet (World Wide Web, e-mail, Telnet, other), online indexes, CD-ROM reference materials, software, and the online catalog
${ }^{2}$ The average per stationary outlet was calculated by dividing the total number of public-use internet terminals in central and branch outlets by the total number of such outlets.
${ }^{3}$ Per 5,000 population and per capita are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas
NOTE: For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-leve response rates were as follows: public-use internet terminals, 97.6 percent, and uses of electronic resources per year, 91.1 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Appendix A: Selected Tables by Population of Legal Service Area

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Print materials ${ }^{1}$ |  | Audio |  | Video |  | Current print serial subscriptions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number (in thousands) | Per capita ${ }^{2}$ | Number <br> (in thousands) | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{2}$ | Number <br> (in thousands) | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{2}$ | Number <br> (in thousands) | Per 1,000 population ${ }^{2}$ |
| Total | 9,198 | 815,605 | 2.8 | 41,512 | 144.9 | 39,669 | 138.5 | 1,830 | 6.4 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 101,858 | 2.3 | 6,551 | 150.5 | 4,654 | 106.9 | 262 | 6.0 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 112,468 | 2.7 | 5,985 | 144.8 | 5,065 | 122.6 | 233 | 5.6 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 84,276 | 2.5 | 4,389 | 129.3 | 4,023 | 118.5 | 186 | 5.5 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 116,529 | 2.3 | 6,102 | 119.3 | 5,908 | 115.5 | 248 | 4.8 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 97,611 | 2.6 | 4,978 | 130.4 | 5,042 | 132.1 | 195 | 5.1 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 96,781 | 3.0 | 4,883 | 150.9 | 4,939 | 152.6 | 210 | 6.5 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 98,888 | 3.6 | 4,785 | 173.7 | 4,841 | 175.7 | 233 | 8.5 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 47,787 | 4.6 | 1,976 | 188.4 | 2,379 | 226.8 | 122 | 11.7 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 27,856 | 5.9 | 1,024 | 215.3 | 1,336 | 280.9 | 69 | 14.5 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 22,092 | 8.4 | 623 | 238.2 | 1,042 | 398.2 | 52 | 20.0 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 9,459 | 16.5 | 215 | 376.2 | 439 | 766.4 | 20 | 34.6 |
| ${ }^{1}$ These materials include books and serial back files in print. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: print materials, 97.6 percent; audio, 97.6 percent; video, 97.6 percent; and current print serial subscriptions, 97.2 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A-7. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff in public libraries in the $\mathbf{5 0}$ states and the District of Columbia, by type of position; percentage of total librarians and total staff with "ALA-MLS" degrees; and number of public libraries with "ALA-MLS" librarians, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2005


| Total | 9,198 | 137,855.0 | 45,354.4 | 30,873.2 | 92,500.7 | 68.1 | 22.4 | 4,254 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 16,597.1 | 4,718.8 | 4,515.0 | 11,878.3 | 95.7 | 27.2 | 24 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 19,821.3 | 5,627.9 | 4,930.3 | 14,193.4 | 87.6 | 24.9 | 58 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 15,493.7 | 4,533.7 | 3,812.1 | 10,960.0 | 84.1 | 24.6 | 98 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 22,444.3 | 6,171.4 | 4,885.9 | 16,273.0 | 79.2 | 21.8 | 329 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 18,279.8 | 5,624.5 | 4,060.3 | 12,655.3 | 72.2 | 22.2 | 534 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 17,420.7 | 5,965.1 | 4,071.7 | 11,455.6 | 68.3 | 23.4 | 852 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 15,622.1 | 6,116.1 | 3,251.3 | 9,506.0 | 53.2 | 20.8 | 1,261 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 6,571.3 | 2,953.2 | 950.6 | 3,618.1 | 32.2 | 14.5 | 645 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 3,012.9 | 1,756.4 | 266.5 | 1,256.5 | 15.2 | 8.8 | 260 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 1,970.4 | 1,408.8 | 110.6 | 561.5 | 7.8 | 5.6 | 156 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 621.4 | 478.4 | 19.0 | 143.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 37 |

${ }^{1}$ Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in
a staff category divided by the 40 -hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places but rounded to one decimal place in the table. Paid staff is one of four a staff category divided by the 40 -hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places but rounded to one decimal place in the table. Paid staff is one of fou criteria used in the Public Libraries Survey to define a public library. Some states report public libraries that do not have paid staff but meet the definition of a public library under state law.
2 "ALA-MLS": A master's degree from a graduate library education program accredited by the American Library Association. Librarians with an "ALA-MLS" are also included in total ibrarians.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: total paid FTE staff, 98.4 percent; librarians, 98.5 percent; librarians with "ALA-MLS", 98.0 percent; and other paid staff, 98.3 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Appendix A: Selected Tables by Population of Legal Service Area

| Population of legal service area | Number of public libraries | Total operating revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Federal ${ }^{1}$ | State | Local | Other ${ }^{2}$ | Federal | State | Local | Other |
|  |  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  | Percentage distribution |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,198 | \$9,703,268 | \$50,472 | \$933,705 | \$7,902,757 | \$816,334 | 0.5 | 9.6 | 81.4 | 8.4 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 1,459,994 | 10,498 | 97,028 | 1,155,078 | 197,390 | 0.7 | 6.6 | 79.1 | 13.5 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 1,545,778 | 8,636 | 152,195 | 1,285,321 | 99,625 | 0.6 | 9.8 | 83.2 | 6.4 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 1,125,822 | 4,330 | 143,862 | 905,974 | 71,656 | 0.4 | 12.8 | 80.5 | 6.4 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 1,548,296 | 8,061 | 146,805 | 1,289,046 | 104,384 | 0.5 | 9.5 | 83.3 | 6.7 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 1,230,394 | 5,576 | 138,472 | 1,003,929 | 82,417 | 0.5 | 11.3 | 81.6 | 6.7 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 1,189,165 | 4,503 | 111,070 | 985,435 | 88,157 | 0.4 | 9.3 | 82.9 | 7.4 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 985,364 | 3,675 | 89,875 | 804,668 | 87,146 | 0.4 | 9.1 | 81.7 | 8.8 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 359,138 | 2,312 | 36,920 | 279,345 | 40,561 | 0.6 | 10.3 | 77.8 | 11.3 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 149,496 | 1,675 | 10,972 | 114,145 | 22,704 | 1.1 | 7.3 | 76.4 | 15.2 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 87,568 | 924 | 4,494 | 64,340 | 17,811 | 1.1 | 5.1 | 73.5 | 20.3 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 22,252 | 283 | 2,011 | 15,475 | 4,482 | 1.3 | 9.0 | 69.5 | 20.1 |


or library cooperatives to provide services that benefit local public libraries are not included in the table because they are not received as income by public libraries.
${ }^{2}$ This includes monetary gifts and donations received in the current year, interest, library fines, fees for library services, or grants.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: total operating revenue, 97.7 percent; federal operating revenue, 97.9 percent; state operating revenue, 97.9 percent; local operating revenue, 97.7 percent; and other operating revenue, 97.7 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Appendix A: Selected Tables by Population of Legal Service Area

| Population of <br> legal service area | Number of public libraries | Total operating expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Staff | Collection | Other ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  | (in thousands) |  | ge distributio |  |
| Total | 9,198 | \$9,066,040 | 65.9 | 13.2 | 20.9 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 1,347,917 | 66.2 | 12.1 | 21.7 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 1,471,579 | 65.1 | 14.1 | 20.8 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 1,059,529 | 65.2 | 13.4 | 21.4 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 1,430,631 | 67.0 | 13.1 | 19.9 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 1,158,324 | 67.5 | 12.9 | 19.5 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 1,101,405 | 66.8 | 12.8 | 20.3 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 923,008 | 65.6 | 13.1 | 21.2 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 334,185 | 63.3 | 14.1 | 22.5 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 138,586 | 61.3 | 15.5 | 23.2 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 79,848 | 57.7 | 15.7 | 26.6 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 21,027 | 53.4 | 17.9 | 28.7 |
| ${ }^{1}$ This includes all expenditures other than those for staff and collection, such as binding, supplies, repair or replacement of existing furnishings and equipment, and costs of computer hardware and software used to support library operations or to link to external networks, including the Internet. Includes expenditures for contracts for services, such as costs of operating and maintaining physical facilities, and fees paid to a consultant, auditor, architect, attorney, etc. <br> NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. The national-level response rates were as follows: total operating expenditures, 96.4 percent; staff expenditures, 96.8 percent; total collection expenditures, 97.4 percent; and other operating expenditures, 97.6 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix $B$ of the report for complete definitions of items in this table. <br> SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix A: Selected Tables by Population of Legal Service Area

## Table A-10. Total per capita operating expenditures of public libraries in the $\mathbf{5 0}$ states and the District of Columbia, by type of expenditure and population of

 legal service area: Fiscal year 2005| Population of legal service area | Number <br> of public libraries | Total per capita ${ }^{1}$ operating expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Staff | Collection | Other ${ }^{2}$ |
| Total | 9,198 | \$31.65 | \$20.87 | \$4.18 | \$6.60 |
| 1,000,000 or more | 24 | 30.98 | 20.51 | 3.74 | 6.72 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 59 | 35.61 | 23.19 | 5.02 | 7.40 |
| 250,000 to 499,999 | 98 | 31.20 | 20.36 | 4.17 | 6.68 |
| 100,000 to 249,999 | 331 | 27.97 | 18.74 | 3.67 | 5.56 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 551 | 30.35 | 20.49 | 3.93 | 5.93 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 941 | 34.03 | 22.74 | 4.37 | 6.92 |
| 10,000 to 24,999 | 1,762 | 33.50 | 21.99 | 4.40 | 7.11 |
| 5,000 to 9,999 | 1,483 | 31.86 | 20.17 | 4.51 | 7.18 |
| 2,500 to 4,999 | 1,335 | 29.13 | 17.85 | 4.51 | 6.77 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 1,612 | 30.51 | 17.59 | 4.79 | 8.13 |
| Less than 1,000 | 1,002 | 36.73 | 19.61 | 6.57 | 10.55 |

${ }^{1}$ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{2}$ This includes all expenditures other than those for staff and collection, such as binding, supplies, repair or replacement of existing furnishings and equipment, and costs of computer hardware and software used to support library operations or to link to external networks, including the Internet. Includes expenditures for contracts for services, such as costs of operating and maintaining physical facilities, and fees paid to a consultant, auditor, architect, attorney, etc.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries with a nonzero value for population of legal service area that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. The national-level response rates were as follows: total operating expenditures, 96.4 percent; staff expenditures, 96.8 percent; total collection expenditures, 97.4 percent; and other operating expenditures, 97.6 percent. See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Appendix B—Public Library State Ranking Tables
Table B-1. Number of library visits and reference transactions per capita of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Library visits per capita ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Reference transactions per capita ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | 4.75 | Total | $\dagger$ | 1.06 |
| Ohio | 1 | 7.23 | District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 1 | 2.06 |
| Washington | 2 | 7.04 | Utah | 2 | 1.69 |
| Utah | 3 | 6.92 | Ohio | 3 | 1.65 |
| Indiana | 4 | 6.92 | Illinois | 4 | 1.50 |
| Nebraska | 5 | 6.51 | New York | 5 | 1.40 |
| Kansas | 6 | 6.41 | Florida | 6 | 1.36 |
| Connecticut | 7 | 6.35 | Maryland | 7 | 1.31 |
| Wyoming | 8 | 6.23 | Connecticut | 8 | 1.26 |
| South Dakota | 9 | 6.21 | Colorado | 9 | 1.26 |
| Colorado | 10 | 6.19 | North Carolina | 10 | 1.23 |
| Oregon | 11 | 6.16 | Kansas | 11 | 1.19 |
| Wisconsin | 12 | 6.02 | South Carolina | 12 | 1.15 |
| Idaho | 13 | 5.95 | Texas | 13 | 1.14 |
| Rhode Island | 14 | 5.94 | Wyoming | 14 | 1.14 |
| Massachusetts | 15 | 5.86 | Missouri | 15 | 1.11 |
| Illinois | 16 | 5.77 | Washington | 16 | 1.10 |
| lowa | 17 | 5.77 | Virginia | 17 | 1.03 |
| Maine | 18 | 5.72 | Georgia | 18 | 0.99 |
| New York | 19 | 5.70 | Indiana | 19 | 0.96 |
| Vermont | 20 | 5.65 | New Jersey | 20 | 0.95 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 5.38 | Wisconsin | 21 | 0.94 |
| Alaska | 22 | 5.22 | Rhode Island | 22 | 0.94 |
| Minnesota | 23 | 5.16 | Oregon | 23 | 0.94 |
| Maryland | 24 | 5.02 | Minnesota | 24 | 0.93 |
| Missouri | 25 | 4.98 | South Dakota | 25 | 0.91 |
| Delaware | 26 | 4.97 | Arizona | 26 | 0.90 |
| New Hampshire | 27 | 4.91 | California | 27 | 0.90 |
| Michigan | 28 | 4.84 | New Mexico | 28 | 0.89 |
| North Dakota | 29 | 4.81 | Vermont | 29 | 0.88 |
| Virginia | 30 | 4.65 | Louisiana | 30 | 0.88 |
| Oklahoma | 31 | 4.64 | Michigan | 31 | 0.86 |
| New Mexico | 32 | 4.56 | Nebraska | 32 | 0.85 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 33 | 4.44 | Massachusetts | 33 | 0.85 |
| California | 34 | 4.14 | Tennessee | 34 | 0.84 |
| Montana | 35 | 4.09 | Oklahoma | 35 | 0.78 |
| Nevada | 36 | 4.08 | Maine | 36 | 0.77 |
| Florida | 37 | 4.07 | Alabama | 37 | 0.76 |
| North Carolina | 38 | 3.99 | North Dakota | 38 | 0.74 |
| Arizona | 39 | 3.97 | Arkansas | 39 | 0.71 |
| Kentucky | 40 | 3.97 | Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 40 | 0.70 |
| Georgia | 41 | 3.66 | Kentucky | 41 | 0.68 |
| Pennsylvania | 42 | 3.63 | Pennsylvania | 42 | 0.68 |
| South Carolina | 43 | 3.57 | Nevada | 43 | 0.66 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 44 | 3.36 | New Hampshire | 44 | 0.66 |
| West Virginia | 45 | 3.35 | Delaware | 45 | 0.66 |
| Texas | 46 | 3.26 | lowa | 46 | 0.65 |
| Alabama | 47 | 3.23 | Idaho | 47 | 0.61 |
| Tennessee | 48 | 3.21 | Alaska | 48 | 0.58 |
| Arkansas | 49 | 3.20 | West Virginia | 49 | 0.57 |
| Louisiana | 50 | 3.08 | Mississippi | 50 | 0.55 |
| Mississippi | 51 | 2.85 | Montana | 51 | 0.50 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{3}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state
${ }^{4}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table B-2. Number of circulation transactions per capita and interlibrary loans received per 1,000 population of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Circulation transactions per capita ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Interlibrary loans received per 1,000 population ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | 7.20 | Total | $\dagger$ | 125.82 |
| Ohio | 1 | 15.03 | Wisconsin | 1 | 945.77 |
| Oregon | 2 | 14.91 | Oregon | 2 | 750.56 |
| Utah | 3 | 12.85 | Rhode Island | 3 | 698.59 |
| Indiana | 4 | 12.17 | Massachusetts | 4 | 647.00 |
| Washington | 5 | 11.08 | Ohio | 5 | 321.86 |
| Colorado | 6 | 10.98 | Illinois | 6 | 267.23 |
| Kansas | 7 | 10.92 | New York | 7 | 260.68 |
| Wisconsin | 8 | 10.32 | Michigan | 8 | 200.25 |
| Nebraska | 9 | 10.05 | Delaware | 9 | 186.08 |
| Minnesota | 10 | 9.94 | Kansas | 10 | 177.17 |
| Maryland | 11 | 9.41 | Pennsylvania | 11 | 168.75 |
| lowa | 12 | 9.38 | Minnesota | 12 | 165.58 |
| South Dakota | 13 | 9.13 | Maine | 13 | 128.16 |
| Wyoming | 14 | 9.08 | Connecticut | 14 | 116.20 |
| Connecticut | 15 | 8.99 | New Jersey | 15 | 92.38 |
| Missouri | 16 | 8.86 | New Hampshire | 16 | 90.76 |
| Illinois | 17 | 8.56 | Vermont | 17 | 85.36 |
| Virginia | 18 | 8.45 | Montana | 18 | 80.53 |
| Idaho | 19 | 8.25 | South Dakota | 19 | 70.25 |
| Massachusetts | 20 | 7.85 | Wyoming | 20 | 64.18 |
| New Hampshire | 21 | 7.74 | Colorado | 21 | 57.24 |
| New York | 22 | 7.48 | North Dakota | 22 | 57.23 |
| Maine | 23 | 7.46 | lowa | 23 | 57.21 |
| North Dakota | 24 | 7.41 | California | 24 | 48.79 |
| Arizona | 25 | 7.35 | Alaska | 25 | 46.56 |
| Vermont | 26 | 7.34 | West Virginia | 26 | 43.53 |
| Oklahoma | 27 | 6.91 | Washington | 27 | 43.50 |
| Delaware | 28 | 6.86 | Missouri | 28 | 39.31 |
| Rhode Island | 29 | 6.81 | Idaho | 29 | 38.51 |
| Michigan | 30 | 6.63 | Maryland | 30 | 31.99 |
| New Mexico | 31 | 6.45 | Nebraska | 31 | 26.68 |
| New Jersey | 32 | 6.39 | Louisiana | 32 | 21.34 |
| Nevada | 33 | 6.22 | Alabama | 33 | 21.28 |
| Montana | 34 | 6.18 | Georgia | 34 | 20.90 |
| Alaska | 35 | 6.09 | Indiana | 35 | 19.29 |
| Kentucky | 36 | 5.99 | Oklahoma | 36 | 17.02 |
| Florida | 37 | 5.52 | Florida | 37 | 16.16 |
| North Carolina | 38 | 5.46 | Nevada | 38 | 15.54 |
| California | 39 | 5.44 | Kentucky | 39 | 14.73 |
| Pennsylvania | 40 | 5.31 | Arizona | 40 | 14.28 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 41 | 5.13 | Virginia | 41 | 14.15 |
| South Carolina | 42 | 5.04 | New Mexico | 42 | 13.21 |
| Texas | 43 | 4.76 | Texas | 43 | 13.04 |
| Georgia | 44 | 4.76 | Utah | 44 | 9.97 |
| Arkansas | 45 | 4.45 | Arkansas | 45 | 9.87 |
| West Virginia | 46 | 4.27 | South Carolina | 46 | 8.43 |
| Tennessee | 47 | 4.14 | Mississippi | 47 | 6.56 |
| Alabama | 48 | 4.09 | Tennessee | 48 | 6.13 |
| Louisiana | 49 | 3.92 | North Carolina | 49 | 5.79 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 3.17 | District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 50 | 0.38 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 51 | 2.05 | Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 51 | 0.03 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ Per capita and per 1,000 population are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{3}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state
${ }^{4}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

## Table B-3. Average number of public-use internet terminals per stationary outlet and number per 5,000 population of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Average publicuse internet terminals per stationary outlet (central libraries and branches) | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Public-use internet terminals per 5,000 population ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | 11.19 | Total | $\dagger$ | 3.23 |
| Florida | 1 | 19.03 | South Dakota | 1 | 6.65 |
| Maryland | 2 | 17.85 | Vermont | 2 | 6.53 |
| Arizona | 3 | 15.21 | Nebraska | 3 | 5.96 |
| Georgia | 4 | 15.13 | Kansas | 4 | 5.60 |
| Texas | 5 | 15.10 | Maine | 5 | 5.29 |
| Ohio | 6 | 14.49 | Indiana | 6 | 5.26 |
| South Carolina | 7 | 14.43 | Iowa | 7 | 5.01 |
| Illinois | 8 | 14.19 | Wyoming | 8 | 4.93 |
| Indiana | 9 | 13.65 | Illinois | 9 | 4.86 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 13.22 | Ohio | 10 | 4.54 |
| California | 11 | 13.00 | Alaska | 11 | 4.23 |
| Alabama | 12 | 12.68 | Montana | 12 | 4.13 |
| Virginia | 13 | 12.36 | Rhode Island | 13 | 4.10 |
| Kentucky | 14 | 12.30 | Alabama | 14 | 4.04 |
| Washington | 15 | 12.27 | North Dakota | 15 | 4.02 |
| Rhode Island | 16 | 12.14 | Michigan | 16 | 3.95 |
| Utah | 17 | 12.10 | New Mexico | 17 | 3.90 |
| Michigan | 18 | 11.92 | Wisconsin | 18 | 3.86 |
| New Jersey | 19 | 11.64 | Missouri | 19 | 3.84 |
| Colorado | 20 | 11.62 | Connecticut | 20 | 3.74 |
| New York | 21 | 11.28 | Minnesota | 21 | 3.58 |
| Tennessee | 22 | 11.17 | New Hampshire | 22 | 3.55 |
| Nevada | 23 | 11.16 | Massachusetts | 23 | 3.41 |
| Pennsylvania | 24 | 11.04 | Idaho | 24 | 3.40 |
| Missouri | 25 | 10.96 | Oklahoma | 25 | 3.34 |
| Connecticut | 26 | 10.75 | Washington | 26 | 3.29 |
| Delaware | 27 | 10.64 | Louisiana | 27 | 3.24 |
| Minnesota | 28 | 10.26 | Georgia | 28 | 3.24 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 29 | 10.16 | New York | 29 | 3.18 |
| New Mexico | 30 | 9.88 | New Jersey | 30 | 3.16 |
| Oklahoma | 31 | 9.51 | South Carolina | 31 | 3.16 |
| Oregon | 32 | 9.50 | Colorado | 32 | 3.13 |
| Wisconsin | 33 | 9.43 | Oregon | 33 | 3.09 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 34 | 9.30 | Texas | 34 | 3.07 |
| Massachusetts | 35 | 9.07 | North Carolina | 35 | 2.96 |
| Louisiana | 36 | 8.76 | Pennsylvania | 36 | 2.92 |
| Kansas | 37 | 6.86 | Kentucky | 37 | 2.89 |
| Montana | 38 | 6.83 | Utah | 38 | 2.89 |
| Mississippi | 39 | 6.76 | Maryland | 39 | 2.88 |
| Wyoming | 40 | 6.69 | Virginia | 40 | 2.86 |
| Arkansas | 41 | 6.15 | West Virginia | 41 | 2.79 |
| Idaho | 42 | 6.06 | Mississippi | 42 | 2.79 |
| Nebraska | 43 | 5.89 | Tennessee | 43 | 2.76 |
| West Virginia | 44 | 5.84 | Florida | 44 | 2.67 |
| South Dakota | 45 | 5.54 | Arizona | 45 | 2.53 |
| Alaska | 46 | 5.30 | Arkansas | 46 | 2.49 |
| lowa | 47 | 5.20 | Delaware | 47 | 2.24 |
| North Dakota | 48 | 4.87 | Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 48 | 2.05 |
| Maine | 49 | 4.49 | District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 49 | 1.94 |
| Vermont | 50 | 4.25 | California | 50 | 1.93 |
| New Hampshire | 51 | 3.90 | Nevada | 51 | 1.88 |

[^8]| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Print materials per capita ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Audio materials per 1,000 population ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | 2.85 | Total | $\dagger$ | 144.91 |
| Maine | 1 | 5.39 | Ohio | 1 | 323.95 |
| South Dakota | 2 | 5.34 | Wyoming | 2 | 247.43 |
| Massachusetts | 3 | 4.97 | Indiana | 3 | 247.13 |
| Kansas | 4 | 4.80 | New York | 4 | 240.08 |
| Wyoming | 5 | 4.77 | Illinois | 5 | 221.95 |
| Nebraska | 6 | 4.67 | Wisconsin | 6 | 204.35 |
| Vermont | 7 | 4.66 | Oregon | 7 | 201.62 |
| New Hampshire | 8 | 4.64 | Vermont | 8 | 194.21 |
| Indiana | 9 | 4.30 | Nebraska | 9 | 192.41 |
| Connecticut | 10 | 4.28 | lowa | 10 | 190.59 |
| North Dakota | 11 | 4.25 | Kansas | 11 | 190.19 |
| Ohio | 12 | 4.18 | Connecticut | 12 | 188.56 |
| lowa | 13 | 4.15 | South Dakota | 13 | 188.33 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 14 | 4.11 | Maryland | 14 | 184.11 |
| Rhode Island | 15 | 4.03 | New Hampshire | 15 | 179.98 |
| New York | 16 | 3.90 | Colorado | 16 | 175.43 |
| New Jersey | 17 | 3.76 | Pennsylvania | 17 | 175.39 |
| 1 llinois | 18 | 3.66 | Washington | 18 | 174.57 |
| Missouri | 19 | 3.63 | Massachusetts | 19 | 173.86 |
| Wisconsin | 20 | 3.53 | Alaska | 20 | 172.52 |
| Alaska | 21 | 3.51 | Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 21 | 166.73 |
| Michigan | 22 | 3.37 | Michigan | 22 | 165.88 |
| Idaho | 23 | 3.17 | Missouri | 23 | 164.33 |
| Minnesota | 24 | 3.14 | Maine | 24 | 164.07 |
| Montana | 25 | 3.07 | Minnesota | 25 | 163.51 |
| New Mexico | 26 | 3.00 | Utah | 26 | 157.04 |
| Washington | 27 | 2.90 | Idaho | 27 | 156.24 |
| Oregon | 28 | 2.84 | New Jersey | 28 | 151.55 |
| West Virginia | 29 | 2.73 | North Dakota | 29 | 150.95 |
| Utah | 30 | 2.65 | Virginia | 30 | 127.49 |
| Maryland | 31 | 2.63 | Rhode Island | 31 | 124.84 |
| Virginia | 32 | 2.60 | District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 32 | 120.45 |
| Colorado | 33 | 2.59 | Delaware | 33 | 118.47 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 34 | 2.52 | New Mexico | 34 | 115.16 |
| Pennsylvania | 35 | 2.46 | Florida | 35 | 114.89 |
| Louisiana | 36 | 2.45 | Nevada | 36 | 110.88 |
| Oklahoma | 37 | 2.39 | Montana | 37 | 103.92 |
| Arkansas | 38 | 2.26 | West Virginia | 38 | 97.58 |
| Delaware | 39 | 2.16 | Oklahoma | 39 | 94.77 |
| California | 40 | 2.16 | Arizona | 40 | 93.49 |
| Texas | 41 | 2.14 | Kentucky | 41 | 92.23 |
| Alabama | 42 | 2.11 | Alabama | 42 | 91.90 |
| South Carolina | 43 | 2.11 | Texas | 43 | 88.55 |
| Kentucky | 44 | 2.06 | South Carolina | 44 | 84.99 |
| Mississippi | 45 | 1.92 | California | 45 | 83.33 |
| North Carolina | 46 | 1.91 | North Carolina | 46 | 73.25 |
| Tennessee | 47 | 1.88 | Tennessee | 47 | 71.53 |
| Florida | 48 | 1.87 | Arkansas | 48 | 69.55 |
| Arizona | 49 | 1.77 | Louisiana | 49 | 66.15 |
| Georgia | 50 | 1.73 | Mississippi | 50 | 64.30 |
| Nevada | 51 | 1.63 | Georgia | 51 | 63.34 |

[^9]Table B-5. Number of video materials and current print serial subscriptions per 1,000 population of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Video materials per 1,000 population ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Current print serial subscriptions per 1,000 population ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | † | 138.47 | Total | † | 6.39 |
| Ohio | 1 | 344.19 | New Hampshire | 1 | 13.40 |
| Kansas | 2 | 275.95 | lowa | 2 | 12.86 |
| Indiana | 3 | 268.71 | Vermont | 3 | 12.70 |
| Wisconsin | 4 | 243.26 | New York | 4 | 12.10 |
| Alaska | 5 | 233.22 | Alaska | 5 | 11.55 |
| Connecticut | 6 | 230.78 | Wisconsin | 6 | 11.21 |
| South Dakota | 7 | 220.26 | Connecticut | 7 | 10.51 |
| Illinois | 8 | 210.84 | Nebraska | 8 | 10.48 |
| Wyoming | 9 | 210.82 | South Dakota | 9 | 10.30 |
| lowa | 10 | 204.29 | Kansas | 10 | 10.25 |
| New Hampshire | 11 | 198.89 | Indiana | 11 | 10.21 |
| Vermont | 12 | 195.48 | Ohio | 12 | 9.91 |
| Colorado | 13 | 188.87 | Wyoming | 13 | 9.66 |
| Massachusetts | 14 | 188.83 | Maine | 14 | 9.47 |
| Nebraska | 15 | 185.75 | Massachusetts | 15 | 9.34 |
| Maine | 16 | 184.42 | Missouri | 16 | 9.29 |
| Oregon | 17 | 178.84 | Illinois | 17 | 9.22 |
| Utah | 18 | 174.49 | District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 18 | 8.50 |
| Rhode Island | 19 | 169.69 | North Dakota | 19 | 7.94 |
| New York | 20 | 168.99 | Michigan | 20 | 7.65 |
| Washington | 21 | 162.72 | New Jersey | 21 | 7.30 |
| New Jersey | 22 | 150.04 | Washington | 22 | 7.23 |
| North Dakota | 23 | 144.71 | Delaware | 23 | 7.17 |
| Minnesota | 24 | 144.43 | Rhode Island | 24 | 7.02 |
| Michigan | 25 | 140.27 | Louisiana | 25 | 6.88 |
| Idaho | 26 | 138.51 | Colorado | 26 | 6.63 |
| Missouri | 27 | 135.44 | Oregon | 27 | 6.57 |
| Florida | 28 | 125.84 | Minnesota | 28 | 6.57 |
| Nevada | 29 | 121.20 | Maryland | 29 | 6.06 |
| Maryland | 30 | 117.29 | Utah | 30 | 6.00 |
| Delaware | 31 | 116.52 | Montana | 31 | 5.90 |
| Montana | 32 | 113.42 | Pennsylvania | 32 | 5.75 |
| Pennsylvania | 33 | 109.71 | New Mexico | 33 | 5.70 |
| Louisiana | 34 | 104.91 | Idaho | 34 | 5.49 |
| West Virginia | 35 | 103.16 | Virginia | 35 | 5.00 |
| Virginia | 36 | 100.74 | Florida | 36 | 4.95 |
| Arizona | 37 | 96.37 | South Carolina | 37 | 4.84 |
| California | 38 | 91.95 | Oklahoma | 38 | 4.28 |
| New Mexico | 39 | 90.74 | Kentucky | 39 | 4.26 |
| Texas | 40 | 87.95 | West Virginia | 40 | 4.03 |
| Alabama | 41 | 87.87 | North Carolina | 41 | 3.94 |
| Kentucky | 42 | 87.67 | Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 42 | 3.93 |
| South Carolina | 43 | 87.55 | Nevada | 43 | 3.72 |
| Oklahoma | 44 | 84.80 | Arkansas | 44 | 3.66 |
| Mississippi | 45 | 75.54 | California | 45 | 3.59 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{3}$ | 46 | 74.28 | Texas | 46 | 3.53 |
| Arkansas | 47 | 71.91 | Mississippi | 47 | 3.37 |
| Tennessee | 48 | 70.68 | Tennessee | 48 | 3.14 |
| North Carolina | 49 | 64.14 | Alabama | 49 | 3.10 |
| Georgia | 50 | 56.72 | Arizona | 50 | 2.98 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{4}$ | 51 | 42.22 | Georgia | 51 | 2.77 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{3}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state
${ }^{4}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table B-6. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and paid FTE librarians per 25,000
population of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Paid FTE staff per 25,000 population ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Paid FTE <br> librarians per 25,000 population ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | 12.03 | Total | $\dagger$ | 3.96 |
| Ohio | 1 | 21.62 | New Hampshire | 1 | 8.32 |
| Indiana | 2 | 19.94 | Wyoming | 2 | 7.80 |
| Wyoming | 3 | 19.67 | Vermont | 3 | 7.63 |
| Kansas | 4 | 18.04 | Iowa | 4 | 7.62 |
| Connecticut | 5 | 17.36 | Kansas | 5 | 7.36 |
| New York | 6 | 17.17 | District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 6 | 7.21 |
| Illinois | 7 | 16.93 | Connecticut | 7 | 7.07 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 8 | 16.12 | Maine | 8 | 6.83 |
| Rhode Island | 9 | 15.36 | Massachusetts | 9 | 6.59 |
| Maine | 10 | 14.80 | Nebraska | 10 | 6.46 |
| Massachusetts | 11 | 14.65 | Indiana | 11 | 6.02 |
| New Jersey | 12 | 14.64 | Ohio | 12 | 5.94 |
| Missouri | 13 | 14.55 | South Dakota | 13 | 5.86 |
| Colorado | 14 | 14.55 | Illinois | 14 | 5.83 |
| New Hampshire | 15 | 14.51 | Kentucky | 15 | 5.58 |
| South Dakota | 16 | 14.30 | Rhode Island | 16 | 5.47 |
| Maryland | 17 | 14.18 | New York | 17 | 5.42 |
| Nebraska | 18 | 13.88 | Maryland | 18 | 5.40 |
| lowa | 19 | 13.79 | Wisconsin | 19 | 5.28 |
| Washington | 20 | 13.51 | Oklahoma | 20 | 5.12 |
| Wisconsin | 21 | 13.50 | Montana | 21 | 5.11 |
| Vermont | 22 | 12.95 | North Dakota | 22 | 4.98 |
| Oregon | 23 | 12.75 | Michigan | 23 | 4.74 |
| Michigan | 24 | 12.64 | West Virginia | 24 | 4.47 |
| Idaho | 25 | 12.15 | New Mexico | 25 | 4.39 |
| Virginia | 26 | 12.12 | Louisiana | 26 | 4.30 |
| Louisiana | 27 | 11.65 | Colorado | 27 | 4.24 |
| Minnesota | 28 | 11.60 | Mississippi | 28 | 4.24 |
| Utah | 29 | 11.52 | New Jersey | 29 | 4.06 |
| Alaska | 30 | 11.46 | Alaska | 30 | 3.88 |
| New Mexico | 31 | 11.39 | Oregon | 31 | 3.82 |
| Kentucky | 32 | 11.34 | Minnesota | 32 | 3.78 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 33 | 11.21 | Alabama | 33 | 3.77 |
| Mississippi | 34 | 11.09 | Missouri | 34 | 3.75 |
| Oklahoma | 35 | 10.95 | Idaho | 35 | 3.70 |
| Florida | 36 | 10.10 | Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 36 | 3.40 |
| South Carolina | 37 | 10.04 | Virginia | 37 | 3.33 |
| Pennsylvania | 38 | 9.71 | Washington | 38 | 3.30 |
| Delaware | 39 | 9.52 | Delaware | 39 | 3.27 |
| North Dakota | 40 | 9.52 | Utah | 40 | 3.20 |
| Alabama | 41 | 9.21 | Pennsylvania | 41 | 3.10 |
| Montana | 42 | 9.02 | South Carolina | 42 | 3.01 |
| Arizona | 43 | 8.98 | Florida | 43 | 3.00 |
| Nevada | 44 | 8.79 | Arkansas | 44 | 2.67 |
| West Virginia | 45 | 8.78 | Arizona | 45 | 2.66 |
| North Carolina | 46 | 8.70 | Texas | 46 | 2.59 |
| Arkansas | 47 | 8.50 | Tennessee | 47 | 2.49 |
| Georgia | 48 | 8.07 | California | 48 | 2.36 |
| California | 49 | 7.98 | Nevada | 49 | 2.28 |
| Tennessee | 50 | 7.97 | North Carolina | 50 | 1.99 |
| Texas | 51 | 7.94 | Georgia | 51 | 1.97 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ Per 25,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{3}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
${ }^{4}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table B-7. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) librarians with "ALA-MLS" degrees and other

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Paid FTE librarians <br> with "ALA-MLS" degrees per 25,000 population ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Other paid FTE staff per 25,000 population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | 2.69 | Total | $\dagger$ | 8.07 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | 6.75 | Ohio | 1 | 15.69 |
| Connecticut | 2 | 5.22 | Indiana | 2 | 13.91 |
| Rhode Island | 3 | 4.73 | Wyoming | 3 | 11.87 |
| New York | 4 | 4.55 | New York | 4 | 11.75 |
| Ohio | 5 | 4.38 | Illinois | 5 | 11.10 |
| Massachusetts | 6 | 4.28 | Missouri | 6 | 10.81 |
| New Jersey | 7 | 4.04 | Kansas | 7 | 10.69 |
| Indiana | 8 | 3.87 | New Jersey | 8 | 10.57 |
| Illinois | 9 | 3.65 | Colorado | 9 | 10.31 |
| New Hampshire | 10 | 3.41 | Connecticut | 10 | 10.29 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 11 | 3.40 | Washington | 11 | 10.21 |
| Michigan | 12 | 3.26 | Rhode Island | 12 | 9.89 |
| Washington | 13 | 3.13 | Oregon | 13 | 8.93 |
| Maine | 14 | 3.07 | District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 14 | 8.91 |
| Colorado | 15 | 2.97 | Virginia | 15 | 8.80 |
| Oregon | 16 | 2.92 | Maryland | 16 | 8.78 |
| Wisconsin | 17 | 2.82 | Idaho | 17 | 8.45 |
| Maryland | 18 | 2.81 | South Dakota | 18 | 8.44 |
| Virginia | 19 | 2.79 | Utah | 19 | 8.32 |
| Kansas | 20 | 2.77 | Wisconsin | 20 | 8.22 |
| Florida | 21 | 2.55 | Massachusetts | 21 | 8.06 |
| South Carolina | 22 | 2.46 | Maine | 22 | 7.97 |
| Minnesota | 23 | 2.45 | Michigan | 23 | 7.89 |
| California | 24 | 2.20 | Minnesota | 24 | 7.82 |
| Alaska | 25 | 2.15 | Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 25 | 7.81 |
| Arizona | 26 | 2.14 | Alaska | 26 | 7.58 |
| Vermont | 27 | 2.13 | Nebraska | 27 | 7.42 |
| Pennsylvania | 28 | 2.13 | Louisiana | 28 | 7.36 |
| lowa | 29 | 1.97 | Florida | 29 | 7.09 |
| New Mexico | 30 | 1.93 | South Carolina | 30 | 7.03 |
| Missouri | 31 | 1.93 | New Mexico | 31 | 7.01 |
| North Carolina | 32 | 1.90 | Mississippi | 32 | 6.86 |
| Nebraska | 33 | 1.90 | North Carolina | 33 | 6.71 |
| Georgia | 34 | 1.88 | Pennsylvania | 34 | 6.61 |
| Texas | 35 | 1.88 | Nevada | 35 | 6.50 |
| South Dakota | 36 | 1.81 | Arizona | 36 | 6.32 |
| Wyoming | 37 | 1.79 | Delaware | 37 | 6.25 |
| Louisiana | 38 | 1.77 | New Hampshire | 38 | 6.19 |
| Utah | 39 | 1.77 | Iowa | 39 | 6.18 |
| Oklahoma | 40 | 1.77 | Georgia | 40 | 6.10 |
| Nevada | 41 | 1.65 | Arkansas | 41 | 5.83 |
| Delaware | 42 | 1.60 | Oklahoma | 42 | 5.83 |
| Kentucky | 43 | 1.49 | Kentucky | 43 | 5.76 |
| Alabama | 44 | 1.42 | California | 44 | 5.62 |
| North Dakota | 45 | 1.33 | Tennessee | 45 | 5.47 |
| Idaho | 46 | 1.26 | Alabama | 46 | 5.44 |
| West Virginia | 47 | 1.22 | Texas | 47 | 5.36 |
| Tennessee | 48 | 1.21 | Vermont | 48 | 5.31 |
| Montana | 49 | 1.18 | North Dakota | 49 | 4.53 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 1.03 | West Virginia | 50 | 4.30 |
| Arkansas | 51 | 0.97 | Montana | 51 | 3.91 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ An "ALA-MLS" is a master's degree from a program of library and information studies accredited by the American Library Association. Per 25,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{3}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
${ }^{4}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table B-8. Total and state operating revenue per capita of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Total operating revenue per capita ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | State operating revenue per capita |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | \$33.87 | Total | $\dagger$ | \$3.26 |
| Ohio | 1 | 61.41 | Ohio | 1 | 40.30 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 2 | 59.64 | Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 2 | 21.05 |
| New York | 3 | 56.81 | Rhode Island | 3 | 7.45 |
| Illinois | 4 | 52.57 | Pennsylvania | 4 | 5.77 |
| Indiana | 5 | 51.69 | Maryland | 5 | 5.00 |
| New Jersey | 6 | 49.08 | West Virginia | 6 | 4.76 |
| Washington | 7 | 45.80 | Delaware | 7 | 3.90 |
| Connecticut | 8 | 45.75 | Indiana | 8 | 3.52 |
| Colorado | 9 | 44.36 | Georgia | 9 | 3.30 |
| Oregon | 10 | 43.23 | Mississippi | 10 | 2.78 |
| Wyoming | 11 | 41.26 | New York | 11 | 2.70 |
| Kansas | 12 | 41.21 | Illinois | 12 | 2.69 |
| Maryland | 13 | 41.10 | New Mexico | 13 | 2.59 |
| Rhode Island | 14 | 40.28 | South Carolina | 14 | 2.24 |
| Michigan | 15 | 37.73 | Virginia | 15 | 2.17 |
| Alaska | 16 | 37.43 | North Carolina | 16 | 1.84 |
| Missouri | 17 | 36.67 | Florida | 17 | 1.81 |
| Massachusetts | 18 | 35.42 | Minnesota | 18 | 1.68 |
| Wisconsin | 19 | 34.45 | Louisiana | 19 | 1.50 |
| New Hampshire | 20 | 34.14 | Kentucky | 20 | 1.18 |
| Minnesota | 21 | 33.67 | Massachusetts | 21 | 1.17 |
| Nevada | 22 | 31.71 | Michigan | 22 | 1.14 |
| Utah | 23 | 31.17 | New Jersey | 23 | 1.09 |
| Virginia | 24 | 31.11 | Alaska | 24 | 1.06 |
| South Dakota | 25 | 30.97 | Nevada | 25 | 1.02 |
| Nebraska | 26 | 30.40 | Arkansas | 26 | 0.99 |
| Delaware | 27 | 29.58 | Alabama | 27 | 0.87 |
| lowa | 28 | 29.23 | California | 28 | 0.83 |
| California | 29 | 29.14 | Missouri | 29 | 0.82 |
| Florida | 30 | 28.83 | lowa | 30 | 0.76 |
| Louisiana | 31 | 28.62 | Wisconsin | 31 | 0.76 |
| Maine | 32 | 28.25 | Kansas | 32 | 0.72 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 27.81 | Idaho | 33 | 0.72 |
| Vermont | 34 | 27.60 | North Dakota | 34 | 0.64 |
| Kentucky | 35 | 27.42 | Oklahoma | 35 | 0.61 |
| Oklahoma | 36 | 26.14 | Connecticut | 36 | 0.38 |
| Idaho | 37 | 26.14 | Montana | 37 | 0.34 |
| Pennsylvania | 38 | 25.51 | Nebraska | 38 | 0.31 |
| Arizona | 39 | 24.71 | Utah | 39 | 0.29 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 40 | 23.87 | Washington | 40 | 0.25 |
| South Carolina | 41 | 23.07 | Oregon | 41 | 0.18 |
| Montana | 42 | 20.85 | Maine | 42 | 0.16 |
| North Carolina | 43 | 20.21 | Texas | 43 | 0.12 |
| Georgia | 44 | 19.55 | Arizona | 44 | 0.10 |
| North Dakota | 45 | 18.85 | Tennessee | 45 | 0.09 |
| Arkansas | 46 | 18.22 | South Dakota | 46 | 0.03 |
| Alabama | 47 | 18.00 | Colorado | 47 | 0.03 |
| Texas | 48 | 17.77 | Vermont | 48 | 0.03 |
| Tennessee | 49 | 16.59 | New Hampshire | 49 | 0.02 |
| West Virginia | 50 | 15.80 | Wyoming | 50 | 0.02 |
| Mississippi | 51 | 14.51 | District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 51 | 0 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ Total revenue includes federal, state, local, and other revenue. State rankings of federal revenue are not included in this report. Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{3}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
${ }^{4}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

Table B-9. Local and other operating revenue per capita of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Local operating revenue per capita ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Other operating revenue per capita ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | \$27.59 | Total | † | \$2.85 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | 55.93 | New York | 1 | 8.27 |
| Illinois | 2 | 45.78 | Nevada | 2 | 8.24 |
| New York | 3 | 45.52 | Vermont | 3 | 7.51 |
| New Jersey | 4 | 45.22 | Maine | 4 | 7.19 |
| Indiana | 5 | 44.63 | Connecticut | 5 | 7.08 |
| Washington | 6 | 43.83 | Rhode Island | 6 | 6.90 |
| Colorado | 7 | 41.70 | Maryland | 7 | 6.26 |
| Oregon | 8 | 40.23 | Kansas | 8 | 4.36 |
| Wyoming | 9 | 39.06 | Ohio | 9 | 3.85 |
| Connecticut | 10 | 38.13 | Illinois | 10 | 3.84 |
| Kansas | 11 | 35.98 | Pennsylvania | 11 | 3.75 |
| Michigan | 12 | 33.97 | Missouri | 12 | 3.59 |
| Alaska | 13 | 33.11 | Indiana | 13 | 3.44 |
| Missouri | 14 | 32.05 | Massachusetts | 14 | 2.88 |
| New Hampshire | 15 | 31.55 | North Dakota | 15 | 2.71 |
| Wisconsin | 16 | 31.32 | California | 16 | 2.71 |
| Massachusetts | 17 | 30.70 | Delaware | 17 | 2.71 |
| Maryland | 18 | 29.57 | Minnesota | 18 | 2.67 |
| South Dakota | 19 | 29.49 | Oregon | 19 | 2.63 |
| Minnesota | 20 | 29.16 | Colorado | 20 | 2.59 |
| Utah | 21 | 28.94 | New Jersey | 21 | 2.58 |
| Nebraska | 22 | 28.56 | Idaho | 22 | 2.57 |
| Virginia | 23 | 27.24 | New Hampshire | 23 | 2.57 |
| lowa | 24 | 25.92 | Michigan | 24 | 2.57 |
| Florida | 25 | 25.74 | lowa | 25 | 2.38 |
| Rhode Island | 26 | 25.68 | District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 26 | 2.26 |
| California | 27 | 25.46 | Montana | 27 | 2.18 |
| Louisiana | 28 | 25.14 | Wisconsin | 28 | 2.13 |
| Kentucky | 29 | 24.48 | Wyoming | 29 | 2.05 |
| New Mexico | 30 | 23.88 | Oklahoma | 30 | 1.97 |
| Arizona | 31 | 23.75 | Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 31 | 1.95 |
| Oklahoma | 32 | 23.43 | Louisiana | 32 | 1.95 |
| Delaware | 33 | 22.85 | Alaska | 33 | 1.93 |
| Idaho | 34 | 22.69 | Utah | 34 | 1.83 |
| Nevada | 35 | 22.03 | Washington | 35 | 1.64 |
| Maine | 36 | 20.90 | Virginia | 36 | 1.63 |
| Vermont | 37 | 20.07 | Alabama | 37 | 1.59 |
| South Carolina | 38 | 19.45 | Kentucky | 38 | 1.50 |
| Montana | 39 | 18.31 | Nebraska | 39 | 1.46 |
| Ohio | 40 | 17.18 | Tennessee | 40 | 1.44 |
| Texas | 41 | 16.85 | North Carolina | 41 | 1.36 |
| North Carolina | 42 | 16.73 | South Dakota | 42 | 1.34 |
| Arkansas | 43 | 16.11 | Mississippi | 43 | 1.32 |
| Pennsylvania | 44 | 15.69 | West Virginia | 44 | 1.23 |
| North Dakota | 45 | 15.49 | South Carolina | 45 | 1.19 |
| Alabama | 46 | 15.34 | Florida | 46 | 1.17 |
| Georgia | 47 | 15.15 | New Mexico | 47 | 1.16 |
| Tennessee | 48 | 14.91 | Arkansas | 48 | 1.12 |
| Mississippi | 49 | 10.26 | Georgia | 49 | 0.99 |
| West Virginia | 50 | 9.56 | Texas | 50 | 0.73 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 51 | 0 | Arizona | 51 | 0.71 |

[^10]| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Total operating expenditures per capita ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Total collection expenditures per capita ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | \$31.65 | Total | $\dagger$ | \$4.18 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | 56.62 | Ohio | 1 | 8.83 |
| Ohio | 2 | 55.39 | Illinois | 2 | 6.75 |
| New York | 3 | 50.47 | Indiana | 3 | 6.49 |
| Illinois | 4 | 47.92 | Washington | 4 | 6.30 |
| Indiana | 5 | 46.57 | District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 5 | 6.11 |
| New Jersey | 6 | 46.17 | Colorado | 6 | 5.90 |
| Washington | 7 | 44.17 | Utah | 7 | 5.86 |
| Connecticut | 8 | 43.28 | Missouri | 8 | 5.74 |
| Colorado | 9 | 42.37 | Maryland | 9 | 5.54 |
| Oregon | 10 | 41.47 | Kansas | 10 | 5.53 |
| Wyoming | 11 | 40.05 | Connecticut | 11 | 5.48 |
| Rhode Island | 12 | 39.99 | New Jersey | 12 | 5.40 |
| Kansas | 13 | 39.04 | New York | 13 | 5.35 |
| Maryland | 14 | 37.48 | Massachusetts | 14 | 5.17 |
| Alaska | 15 | 36.49 | South Dakota | 15 | 5.11 |
| Massachusetts | 16 | 36.11 | Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 16 | 4.92 |
| Wisconsin | 17 | 34.07 | Nebraska | 17 | 4.71 |
| Michigan | 18 | 33.97 | New Mexico | 18 | 4.67 |
| New Hampshire | 19 | 33.50 | Nevada | 19 | 4.60 |
| Minnesota | 20 | 32.89 | Oregon | 20 | 4.48 |
| Missouri | 21 | 31.68 | New Hampshire | 21 | 4.46 |
| Virginia | 22 | 30.85 | lowa | 22 | 4.39 |
| Utah | 23 | 30.04 | Rhode Island | 23 | 4.34 |
| Nebraska | 24 | 29.66 | Wisconsin | 24 | 4.23 |
| South Dakota | 25 | 29.66 | Delaware | 25 | 4.20 |
| lowa | 26 | 28.63 | Wyoming | 26 | 4.19 |
| Delaware | 27 | 28.23 | Michigan | 27 | 4.18 |
| Maine | 28 | 27.85 | Virginia | 28 | 4.08 |
| Vermont | 29 | 27.64 | Alaska | 29 | 4.06 |
| California | 30 | 27.61 | Minnesota | 30 | 4.02 |
| Nevada | 31 | 27.51 | Florida | 31 | 3.93 |
| Louisiana | 32 | 26.83 | South Carolina | 32 | 3.79 |
| Florida | 33 | 26.59 | Arizona | 33 | 3.60 |
| New Mexico | 34 | 25.69 | Oklahoma | 34 | 3.60 |
| Pennsylvania | 35 | 24.63 | Maine | 35 | 3.38 |
| Oklahoma | 36 | 24.62 | Vermont | 36 | 3.38 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 37 | 24.08 | Kentucky | 37 | 3.33 |
| Idaho | 38 | 23.73 | Pennsylvania | 38 | 3.32 |
| Arizona | 39 | 23.17 | North Dakota | 39 | 3.28 |
| South Carolina | 40 | 22.46 | Montana | 40 | 2.94 |
| Kentucky | 41 | 22.17 | Idaho | 41 | 2.83 |
| Georgia | 42 | 19.34 | Louisiana | 42 | 2.83 |
| North Carolina | 43 | 19.29 | California | 43 | 2.81 |
| Montana | 44 | 19.17 | North Carolina | 44 | 2.57 |
| North Dakota | 45 | 18.95 | Georgia | 45 | 2.43 |
| Alabama | 46 | 17.42 | Texas | 46 | 2.42 |
| Texas | 47 | 17.25 | Alabama | 47 | 2.41 |
| Tennessee | 48 | 16.32 | Arkansas | 48 | 2.35 |
| Arkansas | 49 | 16.29 | West Virginia | 49 | 2.15 |
| West Virginia | 50 | 14.57 | Tennessee | 50 | 2.01 |
| Mississippi | 51 | 13.50 | Mississippi | 51 | 1.55 |
| $\dagger$ Not applicable. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Total operating expenditures includes total staff expenditures, total collection expenditures, and other operating expenditures. State rankings of other operating expenditures are not included in this report. Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. <br> ${ }^{3}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. <br> ${ }^{4}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. <br> SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table B-11. Total staff expenditures and salaries and wages expenditures per capita of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2005

| State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Total staff expenditures per capita ${ }^{2}$ | State | Ranking ${ }^{1}$ | Salaries and wages expenditures per capita ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger$ | \$20.87 | Total | $\dagger$ | \$16.19 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | 39.83 | District of Columbia ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | 33.82 |
| Ohio | 2 | 35.81 | Ohio | 2 | 27.87 |
| New York | 3 | 35.39 | Connecticut | 3 | 26.82 |
| New Jersey | 4 | 31.68 | New York | 4 | 26.31 |
| Connecticut | 5 | 30.02 | Illinois | 5 | 24.56 |
| Illinois | 6 | 29.64 | New Jersey | 6 | 24.15 |
| Wyoming | 7 | 29.45 | Indiana | 7 | 22.81 |
| Indiana | 8 | 28.70 | Rhode Island | 8 | 22.52 |
| Washington | 9 | 28.65 | Washington | 9 | 22.50 |
| Rhode Island | 10 | 28.52 | Massachusetts | 10 | 22.27 |
| Oregon | 11 | 27.70 | Wyoming | 11 | 22.11 |
| Colorado | 12 | 26.75 | Colorado | 12 | 21.32 |
| Maryland | 13 | 25.90 | Kansas | 13 | 19.81 |
| Massachusetts | 14 | 25.28 | Maryland | 14 | 19.76 |
| Alaska | 15 | 24.65 | New Hampshire | 15 | 19.08 |
| Kansas | 16 | 24.48 | Oregon | 16 | 19.01 |
| Wisconsin | 17 | 23.77 | Alaska | 17 | 17.57 |
| New Hampshire | 18 | 23.54 | Wisconsin | 18 | 17.25 |
| Minnesota | 19 | 22.02 | Minnesota | 19 | 17.08 |
| Michigan | 20 | 21.44 | Virginia | 20 | 16.40 |
| Virginia | 21 | 20.70 | Michigan | 21 | 16.19 |
| South Dakota | 22 | 20.12 | South Dakota | 22 | 15.88 |
| Missouri | 23 | 19.51 | Maine | 23 | 15.85 |
| lowa | 24 | 19.30 | Missouri | 24 | 15.67 |
| Utah | 25 | 19.08 | lowa | 25 | 15.13 |
| Nebraska | 26 | 18.78 | Vermont | 26 | 14.85 |
| California | 27 | 18.69 | Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 27 | 14.72 |
| Maine | 28 | 18.59 | Nebraska | 28 | 14.71 |
| Vermont | 29 | 18.26 | Utah | 29 | 14.04 |
| Nevada | 30 | 17.87 | California | 30 | 13.93 |
| Delaware | 31 | 16.54 | Nevada | 31 | 13.64 |
| New Mexico | 32 | 16.48 | Delaware | 32 | 12.72 |
| Idaho | 33 | 16.16 | Florida | 33 | 12.57 |
| Florida | 34 | 16.10 | Idaho | 34 | 12.43 |
| Louisiana | 35 | 15.94 | Louisiana | 35 | 12.37 |
| Oklahoma | 36 | 15.68 | Oklahoma | 36 | 12.01 |
| Pennsylvania | 37 | 15.45 | Pennsylvania | 37 | 11.93 |
| Arizona | 38 | 15.32 | New Mexico | 38 | 11.74 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{4}$ | 39 | 14.86 | Arizona | 39 | 11.65 |
| South Carolina | 40 | 14.24 | South Carolina | 40 | 11.02 |
| Georgia | 41 | 13.24 | Kentucky | 41 | 10.52 |
| Kentucky | 42 | 13.19 | North Carolina | 42 | 10.31 |
| North Carolina | 43 | 13.19 | Georgia | 43 | 10.25 |
| Montana | 44 | 12.17 | North Dakota | 44 | 9.39 |
| Texas | 45 | 11.87 | Alabama | 45 | 9.37 |
| Alabama | 46 | 11.61 | Montana | 46 | 9.36 |
| North Dakota | 47 | 11.44 | Texas | 47 | 9.04 |
| Tennessee | 48 | 10.70 | Tennessee | 48 | 8.56 |
| Arkansas | 49 | 10.34 | Arkansas | 49 | 8.12 |
| West Virginia | 50 | 9.68 | West Virginia | 50 | 7.44 |
| Mississippi | 51 | 9.20 | Mississippi | 51 | 7.06 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ Total staff expenditures includes expenditures for salaries and wages and employee benefits. State rankings of employee benefits expenditures are not included in this report. Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
${ }^{3}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
${ }^{4}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.


[^0]:    Not applicable
    ${ }^{1}$ The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.
    Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported population of legal service area.
    NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005

[^1]:    See notes at end of table.

[^2]:    The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.
    ${ }^{2}$ An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only, or one bookmobile.
    ${ }^{3}$ An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.
    ${ }^{4}$ An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services. ${ }^{5}$ Response rate is the percentage of libraries that reported administrative structure.
    NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix B of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for complete definitions of items in this table.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

[^3]:    The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ These materials include books and serial back files in print

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas

[^6]:    Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
    ${ }^{2}$ Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries with a nonzero value for population of legal service area that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table.
    NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands). See appendix A of related report (Public Libraries in the United States: Fiscal Year 2005 [NCES 2008-301]. National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.) for a discussion of imputation procedures and appendix B of the report for complete definitions of items in this table.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

[^7]:    Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas

[^8]:    $\dagger$ Not applicable.
    ${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
    ${ }^{2}$ Per 5,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
    ${ }^{3}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state
    ${ }^{4}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

[^9]:    $\dagger$ Not applicable.
    ${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
    ${ }^{2}$ Per capita and per 1,000 population are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
    ${ }^{3}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
    ${ }^{4}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

[^10]:    $\dagger$ Not applicable.
    ${ }^{1}$ Ranking order is based on unrounded data.
    ${ }^{2}$ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
    ${ }^{3}$ The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
    ${ }^{4}$ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, Public Libraries Survey (PLS), FY 2005.

