



# International Food Aid Programming: P.L. 480, Title II

USAID Office of Food for Peace  
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## U.S. International Food Assistance\* Food for Peace Act (P.L. 480)

Title I: Trade and Development Assistance	USDA
<b>Title II: Emergency and Develop. Assistance</b>	<b>USAID</b>
Title III: Food For Development	USAID
Title V: Farmer to Farmer	USAID
Section 416(b): Surplus Donations	USDA
Emerson Trust: Emergencies	USAID/USDA
Food for Progress	USDA
McGovern-Dole Global Food for Education	USDA



\* [http://www.usaid.gov/our\\_work/humanitarian\\_assistance/ffp/fy07\\_usifar\\_final.2008.pdf](http://www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian_assistance/ffp/fy07_usifar_final.2008.pdf)

## 2008 - 2012 Farm Bill, Food for Peace Act, Title II

### U.S. agricultural commodities are to be used to:

- (1) Address famine and food crises, and respond to emergency food needs, arising from man-made and natural disasters;
- (2) Combat malnutrition, especially in children and mothers;
- (3) Carry out activities that attempt to alleviate the causes of hunger, mortality and morbidity;
- (4) Promote economic and community development;
- (5) Promote food security and support sound environmental practices;
- (6) Carry out feeding programs; and
- (7) Promote economic and nutritional security by increasing educational, training, and other productive activities.

## Food Security

**FFP focus:** Reduce food insecurity in vulnerable populations

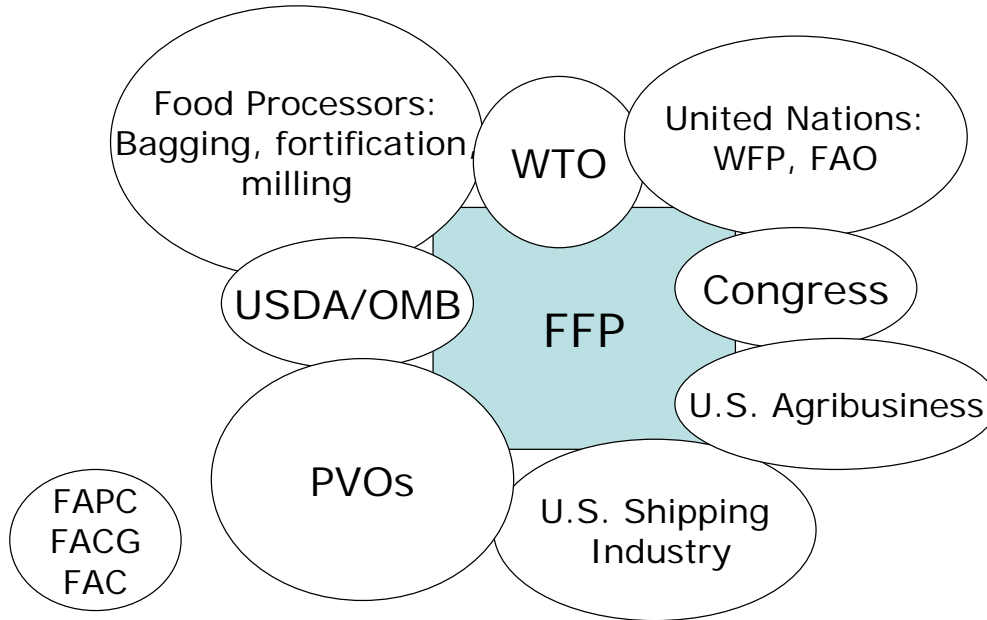
**USAID Policy Determination (1992):** "...all people at all times have both physical and economic access to sufficient food to meet their dietary needs for a productive and healthy life."

**Food availability:** Sufficient quantities of food from household production, other domestic output, commercial imports or food assistance

**Food access:** Adequate resources to obtain appropriate foods for a nutritious diet, which depends on income available to the households and the price of food

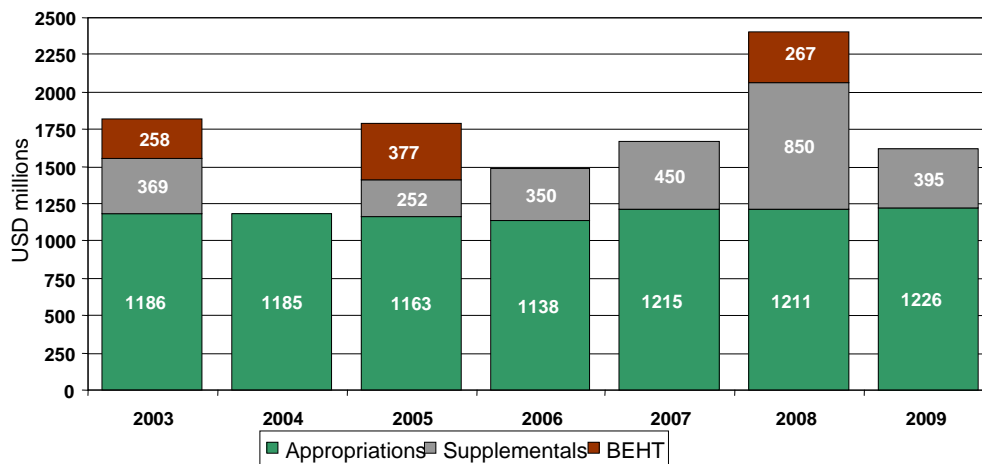
**Food utilization:** A diet providing sufficient calories and essential nutrients, potable water and adequate sanitation, as well as household knowledge of food storage and processing techniques, basic principles of nutrition, and proper child care and illness management

## USAID Food For Peace's (FFP) Operating Environment



## Legislative Context: Reliance on Agriculture Appropriations

Title II Funding Availability

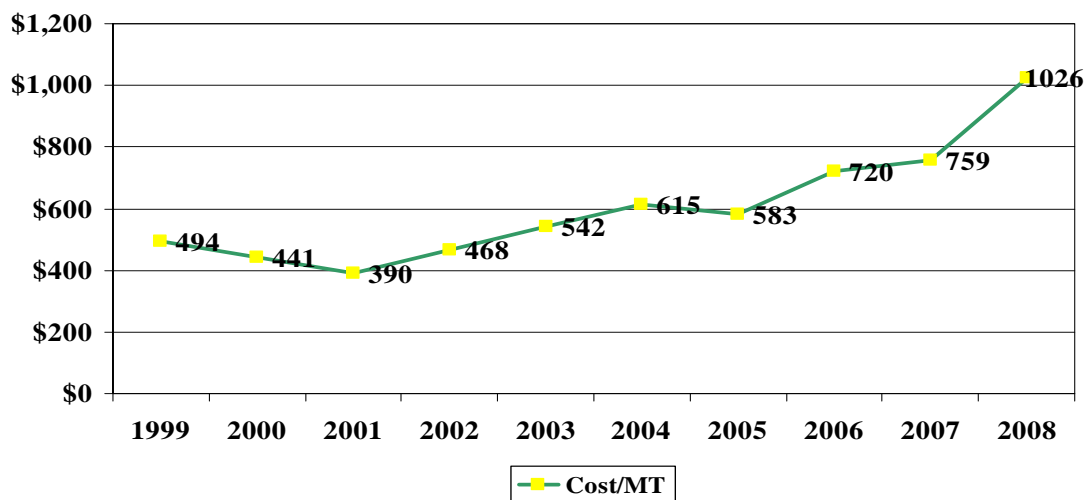


\*Does not include MARAD reimbursements, carry-over funds, and deobligations from prior year agreements

## Title II Commodities Ordered (FY 2008)

- Sorghum 916,110 MT (34%)
- Wheat 907,470 MT (34%)
- Corn 327,672 MT (12%)
- Pulses 258,040 MT (10%)
- Vegetable oil 173,087 MT (6%)

## Average cost / metric ton (delivered) (FY 2008 through July 24, 2008)



## Title II Program Types

- **Non-emergency (multi-year)**
  - Response to chronic food insecurity
  - Maternal and child health
  - Environmental stabilization
  - Sustainable agriculture
  - Risk mitigation and asset building
- **Emergency (single year/WFP)**
  - Response to quick onset emergency
  - Address immediate food insecurity of vulnerable populations

- **Food Distributions** - Free food distributions, food for work, food for training, etc.
- **Monetization Programs** – Food aid commodities shipped to a recipient country; tendered and sold; and proceeds used to fund programs

## Title II Non-Emergency Food Aid

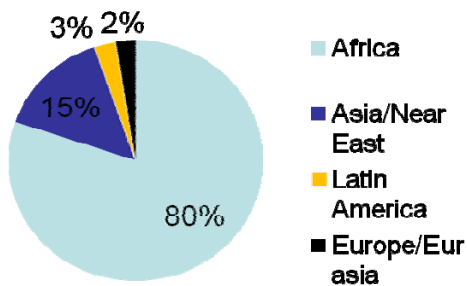
- Strategic Country Approach
- Criteria specific guidelines
- In FY 2007, assisted 8.6 million people in 26 countries
- In FY 2008, assisted in 28 countries (\$355 million; 351,000 MT)

Country
Afghanistan
Bangladesh
Burkina Faso
Burundi
Chad
Congo (DRC)
Ethiopia
Guatemala
Haiti
Liberia
Madagascar
Malawi
Mali
Mauritania
Mozambique
Niger
Sierra Leone
Uganda
Zambia

## Title II Emergency Food Aid

- Prioritized based on magnitude, severity of needs
- In FY 2007, assisted 32.2 million people in 30 countries
- In FY 2008, assisted in 39 countries (\$2.3 billion; 2.3 million MT)

### Funding by Region



### Top Ten Emergency Recipient Countries

Country	FY08 (USD mil)
Ethiopia	\$542
Sudan	\$514
Somalia	\$205
Zimbabwe	\$197
Afghanistan	\$168
Kenya	\$82
Congo (DRC)	\$72
Chad (Eastern)	\$57
Uganda	\$46
Haiti	\$45