For information only: not an official translation

SECRETARIAT OF THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

DECREE Promulgating the Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting the Pollutant Release and Transfer Register, and Amending the Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting Air Pollution Prevention and Control

In margin, a seal with National Shield and inscription: United Mexican States, Office of the President of the Republic.

I, VICENTE FOX QUESADA, President of the United Mexican States, in the exercise of the powers vested in me under Article 89 paragraph I of the Political Constitution of the United Mexican States and pursuant to Articles 13 and 32 Bis of the Organic Law of the Federal Public Administration and Articles 109 Bis, 111 paragraph II, 111 Bis, 159 Bis and 159 Bis 4 paragraph IV of the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection, hereby issue the following:

DECREE PROMULGATING THE REGULATION TO THE GENERAL LAW ON ECOLOGICAL BALANCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION RESPECTING THE POLLUTANT RELEASE AND TRANSFER REGISTER, AND AMENDING THE REGULATION TO THE GENERAL LAW ON ECOLOGICAL BALANCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION RESPECTING AIR POLLUTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL

ARTICLE THE FIRST: The Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting the Pollutant Release and Transfer Register is hereby promulgated and titled as follows:

"Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting the Pollutant Release and Transfer Register"

Chapter I General Provisions

ARTICLE 1. This regulation is in force for the entirety of the nation's territory as well as the areas over which it exercises sovereignty and jurisdiction. Its purpose is to establish a regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection respecting the Pollutant Release and Transfer Register.

ARTICLE 2. The Federal Executive Branch, through the agency of the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources, and without prejudice to the powers of other departments of the Federal Executive Branch, is responsible for the enforcement of this Regulation.

ARTICLE 3. Without prejudice to the definitions set out in other legal provisions, the applicable definitions for the purposes of this Regulation shall be those set forth in the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection as well as the following:

- **I.** Database: A set of data stored in an ordered, logical form in a computing system, for which purpose special applications are designed and structured, including those relating to security and integrity;
- **II.** Report: Annual Operating Report, an instrument for reporting and gathering data on pollutant releases and transfers to the air, water, soil and subsoil, as well as hazardous wastes and materials, used for the purpose of updating the Database of the Register;
- **III.** Integrated Service Center: The office of the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources that receives filings;
- IV. Federal Offices and Regional Coordination Offices: The federal offices and regional coordination offices established in the Internal Regulation of the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources;
- V. Release: Substance released directly or indirectly and in any physical state into the air, water, soil or subsoil;
- VI. Error of content: Any alteration or change in the meaning of the information contained in the Report;
- **VII.** Error of form: The substitution of letters, words, or numbers for others without altering the meaning of the information contained in the Report;
- **VIII.** Reporting establishment: Any establishment which, pursuant to the Law and this Regulation, is required to report the pollutant releases and transfers generated by its industrial activities.
- IX. Law: General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection;

- X. Recycling: Processing of waste by means of various processes that restore its economic value, thereby averting its final disposal, provided that such restoration favours energy and raw material savings without prejudice to health, ecosystems, or their components;
- XI. Register: The pollutant release and transfer register composed of data from the reporting establishments on their pollutant releases and transfers into the air, water, soil and subsoil, materials and wastes, as well as any substances determined by the competent authorities, which shall be operated and administered by the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources acting by the appropriate administrative unit;
- **XII.** Reuse: The use of a previously used material or waste without the intercession of a processing operation;
- XIII. Ministry: Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources;
- XIV. Reportable substances under federal jurisdiction: Chemical elements or compounds that are released or transferred by reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction and which, in view of their environmental persistence, bioaccumulation, toxicity, teratogenicity, mutagenicity, carcinogenicity or, in general, due to their adverse effects on the environment, are required to be entered into the Database in accordance with the specifications and thresholds established by the Mexican Official Standards:
- **XV.** Transfer: Transfer of reportable substances to a site physically separate from the establishment that generated them for the purposes of reuse, recycling, energy generation, treatment, or containment, including water discharges into receiving bodies that constitute national waters as well as hazardous waste management but not its storage;
- **XVI.** Reporting threshold: Minimum quantity above which the reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction are required to report releases and transfers in accordance with the provisions of the applicable Mexican Official Standard.

Chapter II Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Section I Creation and Updating of the Register

- **ARTICLE 4.** The information in the Database of the Register shall be composed of the data and documents contained in environmental authorizations, schedules, reports, licenses, permits, and concessions processed by the Ministry or the competent authority of the Government of the Federal District, the States and, as applicable, the Municipalities.
- **ARTICLE 5.** Information submitted by the reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction and incorporated into the Database of the Register shall be updated with the data corresponding to their releases and transfers of pollutants and reportable substances under federal jurisdiction.
- **ARTICLE 6.** The Database of the Register shall be updated with data submitted by the physical and moral persons responsible for the reporting establishment to the Ministry or the competent authority of the Government of the Federal District, the States, and the Municipalities, and this data shall be entered in a form that is disaggregated by substance and source.
- **ARTICLE 7.** In the case of data under the jurisdiction of the Government of the Federal District, the States and, as applicable, the Municipalities, the Ministry shall enter into coordination agreements with the authority competent for the matters governed by this Regulation in order to facilitate the incorporation of any databases they may generate into the Register.

Such agreements may stipulate the guidelines and technical principles necessary to standardize and validate the data for creation of the databases for their respective jurisdictions as well as the coordination mechanisms for annual updating of the data.

ARTICLE 8. The Ministry may enter into cooperation agreements with other departments and entities of the public administration for purposes of incorporation into the Database of data relevant to its purpose.

Section II Composition of Federal Information in the Database

ARTICLE 9. The establishments considered to be reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction are establishments defined in the second paragraph of Article 111 Bis of the Law, hazardous waste generators in the sense of the applicable provisions, as well as persons discharging wastewater into receiving bodies that constitute national waters.

ARTICLE 10. For the purposes of updating the Database of the Register, reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction shall submit data on their pollutant releases and transfers into air, water, soil and subsoil, as well as their hazardous materials and wastes, pursuant to Articles 19 and 20 of this Regulation, as well as those substances determined by the Ministry to be reportable in any applicable Mexican Official Standard.

The information mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be provided by means of the Report and shall comprise the following:

- Identification data and signature of data provider, name of physical person, or company or trade name, Federal Taxpayer Registry number, and domicile or other channels through which to take cognizance of and receive notices;
- **II.** Identification of the reporting establishment under federal jurisdiction, including domicile and geographical location expressed in geographic coordinates or Universal Transverse Mercator;
- III. Administrative data, including the date of commencement of operations, ownership, industry association membership, if any, data on the parent, corporate, or head office, number of persons employed, and work periods;
- IV. General technical information on the establishment, including operational diagram describing the production process from the entrance of inputs and their processing to the production of the release, discharge, hazardous waste generation, or total or partial pollutant transfer, as well as data on inputs, products, subproducts, and energy consumption involved;
- V. Information on air pollutant releases, which shall include the characteristics of the machinery, equipment, or activity generating them, describing the point of generation and the type of release as well as the characteristics of the stacks and discharge ducts for said releases. In the case of air pollutants whose release is covered by Mexican Official Standards, the results of sampling and analysis conducted pursuant to such standards shall also be reported. The information contemplated in this paragraph shall also be reported for each pollutant;
- VI. Information on water use, register of pollutant and substance releases and transfers into water, which shall include sources of water extraction, general data on discharges, including discharges into receiving bodies and sewer systems, and the characteristics of such discharges;
- VII. Information relating to hazardous waste generation and transfer, including the registry number of the generator and hazardous waste generation and transfer data, including data relating to its storage within the establishment as well as its treatment and final disposal;
- VIII. Information concerning the release and transfer of any substances determined by the Ministry as being reportable in the applicable Mexican Official Standard, as well as data relating to their production, creation, or use;
- IX. Information relating to any releases or transfers ensuing from accidents, contingencies, leaks or spills, startups of operations, or planned downtime, which shall be reported for each event occurred, including open-air combustion, and
- X. Information relating to pollution prevention and management, which shall describe the prevention activities carried out at the source and their area of application, as well as any reuse, recycling, energy generation, treatment, control or final disposal of substances contemplated in paragraph VIII of this Article.

ARTICLE 11. The Report shall be filed with the Ministry during the period between 1 January and 30 April of each year in the form determined by said authority. The period of operations carried out by reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction between 1 January and 31 December of the year immediately preceding shall also be reported.

ARTICLE 12. Reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction shall file the Report with the Ministry using any of the following methods:

- I. In print format, to which a magnetic disk containing the electronic file of the Report shall be annexed;
- II. In electronic format on a magnetic disk, annexing the print copy in accordance with Article 10 paragraph I; or
- III. Through any electronic portal established for such purpose.

For the purposes of paragraphs I and II, reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction may file the Report at any of the following locations: Integrated Service Center, Federal Office, or Regional Coordination Office of the Ministry.

The Ministry, through its electronic portal, the Integrated Service Center, its Federal Offices and Regional Coordination Offices, shall make available the forms contemplated in this article for reproduction as necessary by the interested parties.

ARTICLE 13. Reports received through the Federal Offices or Regional Coordination Offices of the Ministry, shall be delivered to the Register within the 40 working days following their date of receipt.

During said period, the Federal Offices and Regional Coordination Offices shall have a period of 20 working days in which to verify that the information contained in the Report is as required; where this is not the case, it shall require the data provider to supplement, rectify, clarify, or confirm the information filed within a period not to exceed 15 working days from the corresponding notice, which notice shall be given in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Administrative Procedure Law.

Where the data provider fails to meet the requirement of the preceding paragraph, the report is considered to have not been filed. Where the report is not filed or contains false data, the applicable administrative sanctions provided by this Law shall be applied, without prejudice to any criminal penalties that may apply. In all cases, the seriousness of the infraction shall be taken into consideration.

Where the data provider determines that the Report filed contains errors or omissions, it shall, within a period not to exceed 15 working days from the filing of the Report, submit any documentation necessary to supply the missing data or correct the errors of form or content. Once the review is completed, the Ministry shall enter into the Database of the Register the data contained in the Report as filed by the data providers, who shall be responsible for its truthfulness.

Section III Operation of the Register

ARTICLE 14. Reports received in the Register in print or electronic form, through the Integrated Service Center, as well as Reports transmitted by the Federal Offices and the Regional Coordination Offices shall be organized according to the identification data for the establishment.

Upon entry of the Report into the Database, the date, name, signature, or electronic identification key of the public servant who made the entry shall be noted.

ARTICLE 15. The Report shall, in every case, bear the written or electronic signature of the legal representative of the reporting establishment, for which purpose the data provider shall provide proof of his legal capacity at the time of initiating the Register filing.

ARTICLE 16. Prior to filing the Report through the electronic portal, the data provider or its legal representative shall request from the Ministry an identification certificate to obtain the electronic signature, pursuant to any guidelines established for such purpose and published in the **Official Gazette of the Federation**.

Where the Report is filed through the portal, the Ministry shall generate the appropriate electronic acknowledgment of receipt.

ARTICLE 17. For the organization and conservation of the documentary and electronic archives containing the information filed by the reporting establishments, the guidelines and criteria established by the Federal Transparency and Access to Governmental Information Law, its regulation, and any further provisions ensuing therefrom shall apply.

Section IV Technical Guidelines of the Register

ARTICLE 18. Reportable substances under federal jurisdiction, reporting thresholds, and technical criteria and procedures for including and excluding substances shall be determined in the applicable Mexican Official Standard, which shall contemplate substances and pollutants in air, water, soil and subsoil, hazardous materials and wastes, as well as persistent organic compounds, greenhouse gases, and ozone-depleting substances.

ARTICLE 19. Releases and transfers of pollutants and reportable substances under federal jurisdiction that are regulated by Mexican Official Standards shall be measured using the methods, equipment, sampling procedures, and reporting procedures specified in the Mexican Official Standards and any Mexican Standards specified therein as prescribed by the Federal Measurement and Standardization Act and its regulation.

ARTICLE 20. For the purposes of this Regulation, releases and transfers of pollutants and reportable substances under federal jurisdiction that are not regulated by Mexican Official Standards or whose measurement is exempt from them may be estimated according to commonly used methodologies such as the application of emission factors, estimation based on historical data, material balance sheets, engineering calculations, or mathematical models.

ARTICLE 21. Reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction shall keep on file, for a period of five years from filing of each Report, the spreadsheets and measurements relating to the methodologies set out in

Articles 19 and 20 of this Regulation, and said information shall be available to the Ministry as and when the latter requires.

ARTICLE 22. Industry organizations and associations, chambers, educational and research institutions, professional colleges and associations, nongovernmental organizations, and experts on the subject may assist the Ministry in the development of measurement and estimation methods for pollutant and substance releases and transfers where such methodologies and estimates are not prescribed by Mexican Official Standard.

Chapter III Organization of the Register

ARTICLE 23. The Register is under the care and keeping of the Ministry and shall be operated by the director of the relevant administrative unit as determined by the Internal Regulation, whom, for the incorporation of data into the Database, shall be assisted by the public servants working in that administrative unit.

ARTICLE 24. Public servants who incorporate data into the Database are responsible for:

- Reviewing and entering the data on releases and transfers of pollutants and reportable substances under federal jurisdiction contained in the Report and storing it in any archives provided for such purpose;
- **II.** Incorporating into the Register any databases provided by the Government of the Federal District, the States and, as applicable, the Municipalities;
- III. Updating it with the data provided by the reporting establishments in accordance with the procedures established in this Regulation, and
- IV. Systematizing the statistical information on the data entered and contained in the Database.

Chapter IV

Distribution of Information Contained in the Database of the Register

ARTICLE 25. The public environmental information in the Database of the Register is as follows:

- I. Name of the physical person and official, company, or trade name of the reporting establishment;
- II. Substance and pollutant releases and transfers, in accordance with the first paragraph of Article 10 of this Regulation, and
- **III.** Geographical location of the reporting establishment.

The information contemplated in this article shall be incorporated into the National Environmental and Natural Resource Information System pursuant to Article 159 Bis of the Law.

ARTICLE 26. The Ministry shall publish an Annual Report that shall be distributed in electronic or print form for purposes of information and consultation only.

The Ministry shall make public a preliminary version of the Annual Report within a period not to exceed 60 calendar days prior to final publication of said Report so that the reporting establishments may review the preliminary information corresponding to that which they reported to the Ministry. In the event of a discrepancy, the interested parties may request in writing any clarifications they may require within a period not to exceed 30 calendar days from publication of the preliminary version of the report.

ARTICLE 27. Any interested party wishing to obtain information relating to the Database of the Register shall file its request in writing with the Ministry in accordance with the procedure provided by the Federal Transparency and Access to Governmental Public Information Law.

ARTICLE 28. The Ministry shall deny the information requested where it is covered by any of the situations set out in Article 159 Bis 4 of the Law, or where it is deemed reserved or confidential pursuant to the Federal Transparency and Access to Governmental Public Information Law and its regulation, and shall state the reasons for such denial.

ARTICLE 29. The public servants responsible for incorporating data into the Database of the Register are subject to administrative sanction where:

- Due to negligence, the data provided by the reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction is not entered into the Database, or
- II. Due to negligence, fraud, or bad faith, the data is altered in whole or in part, or inaccuracies or omissions are committed in the entry of the data, causing harm to third parties.

The public servants contemplated in this article shall be responsible for the management of the information to which they have access for purposes of operation of the Register and, as applicable, shall be sanctioned

pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Transparency and Access to Governmental Public Information Law and the Federal Administrative Responsibilities of Public Servants Law, without prejudice to any civil or criminal liability that may obtain.

Chapter V

Inspection, Monitoring, and Administrative Sanctions

ARTICLE 30. The Ministry, acting by the Office of the Federal Attorney for Environmental Protection, shall carry out acts of inspection and monitoring of the reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction in order to verify the information provided to the Ministry as well as its filing in a prompt and proper manner.

Where the inspection and monitoring procedure identifies violations of environmental law, the Ministry, acting by the Office of the Federal Attorney for Environmental Protection, shall proceed in accordance with the Law and any provisions ensuing therefrom.

ARTICLE 31. Inspection and monitoring shall be carried out by authorized personnel through:

- I. Notices to provide reports, data, or documents, and
- II. Inspection visits to reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 32. Anyone required by the Ministry to provide reports, data or documents shall have the obligation to do so within a period not to exceed 15 working days from the date of notice of such requirement. Anyone who fails to file what is required by the Ministry within the indicated period is subject to the applicable sanctions."

ARTICLE THE SECOND: Article 17 Bis is added to the Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting Air Pollution Prevention and Control, published in the **Official Gazette of the Federation** on 25 November 1988, and Article 21 is amended, so that they read respectively as follows:

"ARTICLE 17 Bis. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following shall be considered specific subsectors belonging to each of the industrial sectors mentioned in Article 111 Bis of the Law as fixed sources under federal jurisdiction:

A) PETROLEUM AND PETROCHEMICAL INDUSTRY

- Petroleum and natural gas extraction;
- II. Petroleum refining;
- III. Basic petrochemical; includes processing of any type of gas;
- IV. Manufacturing of secondary petrochemicals;
- V. Pipeline transportation of crude petroleum; includes operation of the facilities;
- VI. Pipeline transportation of natural gas and other types of gas by pipeline; includes operation of the facilities; excludes piped distribution of gas to consumers;
- VII. Storage and distribution of petroleum products; excludes distribution to final users;
- VIII. Pipeline transportation of petrochemicals; includes operation of the facilities, and
- IX. Pipeline transportation of refined petroleum; includes operation of the facilities.

B) CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

- Manufacturing of acids, bases and organic salts;
- II. Manufacturing of acids, bases and inorganic salts;
- **III.** Manufacturing of dyes and pigments; includes organic and inorganic, only if produced as basic substances;
- IV. Manufacturing of industrial gases;
- **V.** Manufacturing of turpentine and bitumen:
- VI. Manufacturing of raw materials for prescription drugs;
- **VII.** Manufacturing of chemical fertilizers; only includes production by means of chemical or biological reactions:
- VIII. Manufacturing of pesticides and other agrochemicals; includes organic and inorganic products from mixtures:
- IX. Manufacturing of synthetic resins; includes plasticizers;
- X. Manufacturing of synthetic rubber; includes coating of parts where rubber is produced;
- XI. Manufacturing of synthetic and artificial fibers and filaments, only if chemical reaction is involved;

- XII. Manufacturing of pharmaceuticals and drugs; does not include packing and labeling;
- XIII. Manufacturing of raw materials for perfumes and cosmetics;
- **XIV.** Manufacturing of soaps and detergents, only if basic substances are produced; includes other chemical products for personal hygiene; does not include microindustry;
- **XV.** Manufacturing of adhesives and sealants; only solvent-based;
- XVI. Manufacturing of matches;
- XVII. Manufacturing of photosensitive films, plates, and paper;
- XVIII. Manufacturing of explosives; does not include fireworks;
- **XIX.** Manufacturing of cleaning and polishing agents; only if the basic substances are produced; does not include microindustry;
- XX. Manufacturing of essential oils;
- XXI. Manufacturing of lubricants, grease, and additives; includes mixtures;
- **XXII.** Manufacturing of rubber items, only if rubber is produced;
- **XXIII.** Manufacturing of expandable polystyrene foam products; only if polystyrene is produced; does not include microindustry;
- **XXIV.** Manufacturing of urethane foam products; only if the basic substances are produced; does not include microindustry;
- **XXV.** Electroplating; on metal parts; does not include jewelry;
- **XXVI.** Manufacturing of molded products from various resins; does not include microindustry or craftwork;
- **XXVII.** Manufacturing of chemicals where chemical reaction exists; excludes mixtures without chemical reaction;
- **XXVIII.** Manufacturing of oils and lubricants where a chemical reaction or extraction with solvents is involved in their production; does not include microindustry or craftwork;
- XXIX. Manufacturing of raw materials for the production of pesticides;
- XXX. Anodizing of aluminum, and
- **XXXI.** Manufacturing of chemicals for general hygiene; only with solvent-based chemical reaction.

C) PAINTS AND DYES INDUSTRY

- Manufacturing of all types of paints, coatings, and waterproofing products; excludes water-based products, and
- II. Manufacturing of dyes for printing and writing.

D) METALLURGICAL INDUSTRY

- I. Iron mining; only includes beneficiation;
- **II.** Gold mining; only includes beneficiation;
- III. Mercury and antimony mining; only includes beneficiation;
- IV. Zinc and lead mining; only includes beneficiation;
- **V.** Copper and nickel mining; only includes beneficiation;
- VI. Manganese mining; only includes beneficiation;
- VII. Silver mining; only includes beneficiation;
- VIII. Mining of other nonferrous metals; only includes beneficiation;
- IX. Manufacturing of coke and other mineral coal byproducts;
- X. Primary lamination of iron and steel; includes iron alloys, common and special steels, and primary slabs:
- **XI.** Secondary lamination of iron and steel; only includes products obtained by means of thermal or smelting processes;
- XII. Manufacturing of iron and steel tubes and posts; only by means of thermal or smelting processes;
- XIII. Refining of other nonferrous metals; includes smelting, extrusion, and stretching;
- XIV. Lamination of other nonferrous metals; only by means of thermal or smelting processes;
- XV. Refining of copper and its alloys; includes smelting, extrusion, and stretching;

- **XVI.** Lamination of copper and its alloys; only by means of thermal or smelting processes;
- XVII. Refining and lamination of aluminum; includes smelting, extrusion, and stretching;
- XVIII. Manufacturing of nonferrous metal solders;
- **XIX.** Smelting and casting of iron and steel parts;
- **XX.** Manufacturing of hand tools; only by means of thermal or smelting processes; does not include microindustry;
- **XXI.** Smelting of scrap iron, aluminum, bronze, lead, and other metals;
- **XXII.** Fabrication and assembly of machinery and equipment for various industrial uses, where the process includes thermal or smelting treatment;
- **XXIII.** Manufacturing of trophies and medals where smelting is involved as a principal process;
- **XXIV.** Thermal treatment of metal parts using fossil fuels; does not include microindustry or craftwork;
- **XXV.** Smelting and casting of nonferrous metal parts;
- **XXVI.** Fabrication of farm and livestock machinery; only includes thermal or smelting processes;
- XXVII. Manufacturing of batteries, and
- XXVIII. Minting of coins, including commemorative coins.

E) AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY

- Manufacturing of new tires and tubes;
- II. Manufacturing of gasoline and diesel engines for industrial use; only by means of thermal or smelting processes;
- III. Fabrication of carrying and lifting machinery; if thermal or smelting processes are included;
- IV. Manufacturing of cars and trucks, including tractor-trailers and the like;
- V. Manufacturing of gasoline or diesel automotive engines;
- VI. Manufacturing of parts for automotive transmission system; if thermal or smelting processes are included;
- VII. Manufacturing of parts for suspension and steering system; if thermal or smelting processes are included:
- VIII. Manufacturing of parts for automotive brake system, only by means of thermal or smelting processes;
- IX. Manufacturing of other auto parts; if thermal or smelting processes are included, and
- X. Manufacturing of motorcycles; includes all-terrain vehicles and the like.

F) PULP AND PAPER INDUSTRY

- I. Manufacturing of pulp;
- II. Manufacturing of paper;
- III. Manufacturing of cardboard and paperboard, if thermal operations are involved; does not include microindustry;
- IV. Manufacturing of coated paper and products containing it; includes other finishes where pulp or paper are produced, and
- V. Manufacturing of other pulp-containing items where pulp or paper are produced.

G) CEMENT AND LIME INDUSTRY

- Manufacturing of cement;
- II. Manufacturing of lime, and
- **III.** Manufacturing of gypsum and products containing it, only including the latter where gypsum is produced.

H) ASBESTOS INDUSTRY

- Manufacturing of asbestos cement and products containing it; includes sheets, vats, tanks, pipes, and connections made from asbestos cement and asbestos fabric;
- II. Auto parts made with asbestos; includes clutches, brakes, and joints, where made with asbestos paste;

- III. Manufacturing of fire- and heat-resistant clothing, and
- IV. Manufacturing of other products using asbestos, where asbestos paste is produced.

I) GLASS INDUSTRY

- Manufacturing of flat, smooth, and worked glass; includes products containing them only if glass is produced.
- II. Manufacturing of mirrors and the like, only if glass is produced;
- III. Manufacturing of fiberglass and glass wool; includes products containing them where fiberglass or glass wool is produced; does not include microindustry;
- IV. Manufacturing of glass bottles, packages, and the like; only if glass is produced; does not include microindustry;
- V. Manufacturing of refractory glass items for domestic use;
- VI. Small-scale production of glass items; only if direct heating appliances are involved; does not include microindustry;
- VII. Manufacturing of other glass or crystal items, only if glass is produced;
- VIII. Manufacturing of refractory glass items for industrial use; includes items for technical use;
- IX. Manufacturing of stained glass; only if glass is produced or recycled; does not include microindustry, and
- X. Manufacturing of recycled glass products; only with thermal processes; does not include crafts.

J) ELECTRICITY GENERATION

- Electricity generation, including facilities using any type of fossil fuels, whether in liquid, solid, or gas state, and
- **II.** Electricity generation by means of non-conventional polluting processes but excluding nuclear power generation.

K) HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT

- Treatment of biological/infectious waste;
- II. Physical treatment of hazardous waste;
- III. Chemical treatment of hazardous waste;
- IV. Biological treatment of hazardous waste;
- V. Heat treatment of hazardous waste;
- VI. Treatment of hazardous waste for use as alternative fuels;
- VII. In situ treatment of hazardous waste;
- VIII. Integrated waste management centers, and
- IX. Other treatment."

"ARTICLE 21. The persons responsible for fixed sources under federal jurisdiction holding a license issued by the Ministry shall file with the latter an Annual Operating Report within the period between 1 January and 30 April of each year. The interested parties shall use the Annual Operating Report contemplated by Article 10 of the Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting the Pollutant Release and Transfer Register."

TRANSITORY

- ARTICLE 1. This Decree takes effect on the day following its publication in the Official Gazette of the Federation.
- **ARTICLE 2.** The form and instructions for the Annual Operating Report shall be published within the 90 days following the entry into force of this Decree.
- **ARTICLE 3.** The list of reportable substances under federal jurisdiction shall be determined by directive of the Minister, which order shall have a maximum period of validity of two years until issuance of the applicable Mexican Official Standard.

ARTICLE 4. The Ministry shall issue directives setting out the guidelines for the receipt of filings through electronic channels within a period not to exceed eight months from the entry into force of this Decree.

ARTICLE 5. For the identification number contemplated in Articles 10 and 14 of the Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting the Pollutant Release and Transfer Register, the Ministry shall assign an Environmental Registry Number to the reporting establishments under federal jurisdiction until such time as the Ministerial Directive establishing the single identification number is published in the **Official Gazette of the Federation**.

ARTICLE 6. Upon the enactment of the Regulation to the General Law on Integrated Waste Prevention and Management, the hazardous waste movement report contemplated in Article 8 paragraph XI of the Regulation to the General Law on Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Respecting Hazardous Waste shall be submitted on the Annual Operating Report form described in Article 10 of the Regulation contemplated in the first paragraph of this Decree.

ARTICLE 7. The actions prescribed in this Regulation shall be carried out in accordance with the applicable budgetary provisions and shall be funded from the Ministry's authorized budget.

At the Official Residence of the Federal Executive Branch in Mexico City, Federal District, 2 June 2004. Vicente Fox Quesada.- Initialed.-Minister of the Environment and Natural Resources, Alberto Cárdenas Jiménez.-Initialed.

NOTICE informing the general public of the location of the new domicile of the Jalisco State Branch of the Office of the Federal Attorney for Environmental Protection.

In margin, a seal with National Shield and inscription: United Mexican States, Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources .

I, JOSE LUIS LUEGE TAMARGO, Federal Attorney for Environmental Protection, pursuant to Articles 17, 18 and 32 bis of the Organic Law of the Federal Public Administration, Article 118 paragraph XLVII of the Internal Regulation of the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources, and the directive setting out the name, seat, and territorial district of the branches of the Office of the Federal Attorney for Environmental Protection in the federated entities, published in the **Official Gazette of the Federation** on 27 March 2003, hereby publish the following:

NOTICE

Informing the general public that the location of the new domicile of the Jalisco State Branch of the Office of the Federal Attorney for Environmental Protection, a deconcentrated body of the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources, is located at:

Avenida Topacio number 2525, intersection with Avenida Barlovento, Colonia Residencial Victoria, Municipality of Guadalajara, State of Jalisco, postal code 45513,

in order that correspondence, filings, administrative procedures and other matters within the purview of the aforementioned branch be directed to or made at the aforementioned domicile.

At Mexico City, Federal District, 27 February 2004.- Federal Attorney for Environmental Protection, **José Luis Luege Tamargo**.- Initialed.