National Pollutant Release Inventory/ Ministry of the Environment Harmonization Initiative

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- Background on reporting regulations for Ontario Facilities
 - O.Reg.127/01
 - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Current Status on Harmonization between O.Reg.127/01 and NPRI

Background

- O.Reg.127/01
 - Started in 2001
 - Focuses on air emissions
 - Applicable to selected sectors (Table 1)
 - 3 Groups of Substances

Background

- O.Reg.127/01
 - 3 Groups of Substances
 - 11 substances Criteria Air Contaminants (CACs) & Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) (Table 2A)
 - ◆ 75 substances (originally 79) Air-toxics, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), dioxins/furans (D/F), Metals, some compounds, group of 18 Glycol Ethers and 3 groups of Mineral Spirits (25 nos.) (Table 2B)
 - NPRI substances air releases only (Table 2C)

- Phased Implementation
- Phase I
 - Started May 2001
 - Included large facilities & electricity sector

- Phase II
 - Started January 2002
 - Includes all the selected sectors (Table 1)

> NPRI

- Started in 1993
- Multi media
- Applicable to all sectors
- Increased from 193 to 323 substances
- Included CACs reporting since 2002

GHGs reporting under Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) with collection by Statistics Canada for reporting year 2004

Context - Ontario

- Main Ontario Drivers For Harmonizing O.Reg.127/01 and NPRI:
 - Improve service to the public and industry by working with the federal government to move to one window reporting of emissions to the air.
 - Save resources by avoiding duplications (all levels of government).

Context - Environment Canada

- Main Drivers for EC Harmonization framework
 - Single window One Window to a National Environmental Reporting System (OWNERS)
 - Governance model being developed
 - National data requirements
 - National framework includes collection of unique information to meet regional needs
- Main Drivers NPRI
 - Consult with Stakeholders on addition of Ontario specific requirements to NPRI
 - Changes will need to meet national needs

Harmonization History

Environment Canada (EC)-Ministry of the Environment (MOE) initiated a pilot project in 2000 to harmonize administration & reporting of NPRI & O.Reg.127/01

Harmonization History

- Pilot Working Group (PWG) initiated
 - Joint training session
 - Joint helpdesk
 - Single window reporting system

Harmonization History

PWG retained an expert to analyze reporting requirements of NPRI & O.Reg.127/01 in 2003-04

Expert's initial report in 2003 identified 38 significant differences between NPRI & O.Reg.127/01

Expert's final report in 2004 recommended options to harmonize these differences

Joint stakeholders sub group (JSG) of EC, MOE & stakeholders was formed in 2004 to review these options and provide recommendations

EC & MOE continue to harmonize with consideration of JSG recommendations

Harmonization Initiatives

... on-going

- One Window approach
 - Joint helpdesk
 - Joint reporting software
 - One data reporting entry point
 - Generates separate reports for NPRI & O.Reg.127/01

Harmonization Initiatives

... on-going

Joint Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) of data reported

Where are we now?

- NPRI is considering the following modifications for harmonization with O.Reg.127/01:
 - Portable facilities
 - Calcium oxide, Total Reduced Sulphur, Ethyl Acetate, Furfuryl Alcohol, Tetrahydrofuran, 7 Glycol Ethers, 7 Mineral Spirits, PAHs, Dioxins & Furans

Where are we now?

- NPRI is considering the following modifications for harmonization with O.Reg.127/01:
 - Road dust
 - Mining exemption
 - Facility definition

Next Step

> Respective stakeholders working groups to continue

Next Step

O.Reg.127/01 stakeholders to provide reporting guidance and deminimus screening criteria for road dust reporting

Next Step

Continue dialogue on harmonization