SCHIP Performance Progress Federal Fiscal Year 2005

Overview—Number Enrolled

Medicaid Only, Title XIX, enrollment has been flat since FFY 2004 while in the same time period SCHIP enrollment has been slowly decreasing. In FFY 2004 the decrease was accentuated by two FFY 2003 policy changes:

1. Reducing the SCHIP eligibility limit from 200% Federal Poverty Level (FPL) to 175%.
2. Not increasing the eligibility limit to adjust for inflation.

Past enrollment levels are summarized in Chart 1 below:

Goal #1: Deliver EPSDT services to children enrolled in SCHIP at the same rate as children enrolled in regular Medicaid.

Well Child Exam Participation

During FFY 2005 a measure of the rate for delivery of services were substantially similar. This statistic measures the number of children who should have received at least one well child exam to the number who received at least one. The similarity is closer when considering infants are on Medicaid and transfer to SCHIP coverage later. SCHIP children, who come from households with higher incomes than Medicaid children, have a

slightly higher well child exam participation rate for all children one year and older. This is shown in the Chart 2 below.

SCHIP Age Group in Years	Total	<1	1-2	3-5	6-9	10-14	15-18	19-20
Denominator	10237	82	1454	1975	1918	2988	1668	152
Numerator	4940	63	931	1077	834	1180	823	32

XIX Age Group in Years	Total	<1	1-2	3-5	6-9	10-14	15-18	19-20
Denominator	48595	5992	10736	10740	6058	8483	5404	1182
Numerator	25007	5207	6423	5472	2403	2955	2292	255

Dental Participation

SCHIP children received dental services at the same or lower rate than children in Title XIX Medicaid during FFY 2005. This is summarized in the Chart 3 below.

Chart 3: Percent of Enrollees Receiving Dental Preventative Services During FY 2005, XIX Compared to XXI

SCHIP Age Group in Years	Total	<1	1-2	3-5	6-9	10-14	15-18	19-20
Denominator	19276	82	1454	2447	4672	5995	4073	553
Numerator	9891	1	198	1141	2801	3414	2150	186

XIX Age Group in Years	Total	<1	1-2	3-5	6-9	10-14	15-18	19-20
Denominator	79860	5992	10736	13398	14803	17246	13520	4165
Numerator	24214	4	640	4508	6644	7216	4579	623

Core Performance Measure: Well child visits in children in the 3rd through 5th years of life.

During FFY 2005 the number of well child screening ratio decreased from FFY03 but was higher than FFY 2000-2002.

Chart 4: Screening Ratio for Well Child Exams
FFY 2000-2005 for Age Group 3-5 Years

Federal Fiscal Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Denominator, Expected Screens	1155	1420	1667	1671.4	2018.2	1974.8
Numerator, Number of Screens	639	730	961	1329	1269	1245

Presented below in Chart 5 is the ratio of the number of screens performed during the year compared to the number of children eligible for children ages three through six for three groups, XIX only XXI only and on both programs during the year. The ratio increases during the time the children would be required to have a health exam to enter school. The ratio then drops for age six. Further, the ratios are better for children on both programs suggesting children with continuous coverage get better preventive health care.

Chart 5: Ratio of Number of Screens to Number of Individuals Eligible for EPSDT, Ages 3 Through 6; XXI, XIX and Recipients on Both Programs Compared

XIX Only	Total	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs
Denominator, Number Eligible	15479	3911	3978	3494	4096
Numerator, Number of Screens	6306	1798	1944	745	1819

XXI Only	Total	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs
Denominator, Number Eligible	1422	365	320	349	388
Numerator, Number of Screens	513	138	130	173	72

Both XXI and XIX During Year	Total	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs
Denominator, Number Eligible	2012	497	471	445	599
Numerator, Number of Screens	949	280	255	269	145

Core Performance Measure: Well child visits in children in first 15 months of life.

In FFY 2005, 78 children up to 15 months old were on SCHIP only and they received 134 screens or an average of 1.7 screens per child. An additional 145 were on both SCHIP and Medicaid during the year and they received 426 screens or an average of 2.9 screens per child. During the same period there were 7926 children only on Title XIX and they received 21,781 screens or an average of 2.7 screens per child.