U.S. Department of Energy	Subject: Work Planning and Control Implementation Inspection Criteria, Approach, and Lines of Inquiry	HS: HSS CRAD 64-10 Rev: 1 Eff. Date: 12/23 /2008
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Criteria Review and Approach Document	Criteria Lead, Work Planning and Control Date: 1 2 3 08	Page 1 of 11

1.0 PURPOSE

Within the Office of Independent Oversight, the Office of Environment, Safety and Health Evaluations' (ES&H) mission is to assess the effectiveness of those environment, safety, and health systems and practices used by field organizations in implementing Integrated Safety Management and to provide clear, concise, and independent evaluations of performance in protecting our workers, the public, and the environment from the hazards associated with Department of Energy (DOE) activities and sites. A key to success is the rigor and comprehensiveness of our process; and as with any process, we continually strive to improve and provide additional value and insight to field operations. Integral to this is our commitment to enhance our program. Therefore, we have revised our Inspection Criteria, Approach, and Lines of Inquiry for internal use and also we are making them available for use by DOE line and contractor assessment personnel in developing and implementing effective DOE oversight and contractor self-assessment and corrective action processes on this WEB page.

2.0 APPLICABILITY

The following Inspection Criteria document is approved for use by the Office of ES&H Evaluations.

3.0 FEEDBACK

Comments and suggestions for improvements on these Inspection Criteria, Approach, and Lines of Inquiry can be directed to the Director of the Office of ES&H Evaluations on (301) 903-5392.

Work Planning and Control Implementation Inspection Criteria, Approach, and Lines of Inquiry

The following provides an overview of the typical activities that will be performed to collect information to evaluate the core functions and implementation of integrated safety management. Several terms used throughout this document are defined as follows:

- The term "work activities" encompasses various types of projects including restoration, maintenance, operations, R&D and other work activities that could expose the workers, public, or environment to hazards.
- The term "hazard analysis" includes consideration of radiation safety, nuclear safety, human factors, industrial safety, industrial hygiene, occupational safety, fire protection, environmental impact, and environmental sustainability.

Core Function #1 Define the Scope of Work

Inspection Criteria: Line management ensures that the site office, contractors, and subcontractors utilize systematic mechanisms to define the scope and schedule of work and identify associated risks and hazards so that the plan at each successively lower tier reflects an increasingly detailed description of the work to be performed.

Inspection Activity: Through interviews and document reviews, evaluate the involvement of site office managers, planners, and subject matter experts in the planning, review, and approval of work definition for projects for site, facility, and building work activities.

Inspection Criteria: Work control systems and procedures that address definition of work scope are developed for all types of work activities and are effectively implemented. These processes ensure that the scope of all work is clearly defined, communicated, and bounded such that activities necessary to control hazards to workers, the public, and the environment are identified.

Inspection Activity: Review contractor requirements, implementing procedures, guidance, and facility specific procedures governing work control processes. Review planned and in-progress work and corresponding technical work documents. Interview managers, facility representatives, subject matter experts, work package and procedure writers, workers and researchers, and work planning personnel.

- Are Department of Energy (DOE)/contractor/subcontractor managers and subject matter experts' managers actively involved in the definition of projects to ensure allocation of resources can be addressed?
- Is the DOE oversight of project and work definition commensurate with the level of complexity and hazards?

- Do project documents, safety envelopes, and permits adequately bound the scope of work defined in work orders, procedures, and/or instructions? Does the work definition process include a screening against the safety envelope and/or permits?
- Is the work observed adequately bounded by approved work packages, procedures, and permits?
- Have higher-level work documents, such as project plans, been translated into discrete work packages and procedures with well-defined boundaries and interfaces?
- Is work defined at the task level such that workers, supervisors, planners, and appropriate environment, safety, and health (ES&H) personnel can readily identify the hazards and risks associated with both the work activities and the environment/location in which it is performed?
- Are work activities properly prioritized to allow adequate allocation of resources and scheduling based on the importance of the work, safety impact, and risk?
- Have adequate personnel and equipment resources been identified for the performance of work, including operations, maintenance, and ES&H support?
- Have ES&H requirements been appropriately flowed down to subcontractors, (i.e. operations, maintenance, service, D&D, construction, etc.) and are these requirements being appropriately implemented?
- Do work-planning processes provide for early involvement of workers and ES&H staff to fully define the work and allow effective identification of hazards? Are specific thresholds identified for involvement of ES&H personnel in the hazard analysis process?
- Are tasks for minimizing waste generation and controlling the release of effluents to the environment adequately defined during work planning?
- Are work packages sufficiently detailed, based on work activity and degree of hazard, to establish a clear understanding of the work to be performed and how safety should be integrated into that work?
- Is worker input integrated into planning activities?

Core Function #2 Analyze the Hazards

Inspection Criteria: Work systems and procedures are developed and effectively implemented that ensure hazards for all work are identified and appropriately analyzed based on the significance of the hazards. Prior to the initiation of work, line management identifies, analyzes, and categorizes the hazards associated with the work activity so that the hazards are eliminated or appropriate administrative and engineering controls can be put in place to prevent or mitigate those hazards.

Inspection Activity: Review work planning and control processes and implementing procedures. Interview personnel including work planners and subject matter experts. Review project work packages, procedures, and corresponding hazard identification and analysis documents such as hazard analysis reports, safety plans, job safety analyses, activity hazard analyses, health and safety plans, radiological work permits, as low as reasonably achievable

reviews ,and other safety and health and/or environmental permits. Review workplace hazard baseline surveys, personnel exposure assessments, and environmental surveillance and monitoring data.

Inspection Activity: Perform facility/building walk downs and inspections, and observe selected work activities, such as restoration activities, research and development, operations, maintenance and construction.

- Do institutional level ES&H procedures effectively address the hazard analysis process at the working level and are the procedures properly implemented?
- Are the responsibilities for environment, safety and health subject matter experts and reviewers for hazard analyses established and understood?
- Are standardized hazard assessment processes developed and appropriately graded in their approach based on the complexity of the activity/work, performance frequency, and initial or previous hazard screenings or analysis of the activity as required by 10 CFR851?
- Are thresholds identified within the hazard analysis process to trigger appropriate involvement of safety and health professionals as required by 10CFR851?
- Do the hazard analysis processes address all types of work activities to be performed including skill of the craft or skill of the performer?
- For construction work, is an activity hazard analysis prepared and approved by the construction manager for each construction activity prior to the start of work as required by 10CFR851?
- For construction work, does the work control process require workers to acknowledge being informed of hazards and controls associated with assigned work as required by 10CFR851?
- For construction work, has a written project safety and health plan been prepared and approved by the construction manager prior to commencement of work as required by 10CFR851?
- Have appropriate ES&H requirements been established in construction contracts?
- Have comprehensive biological safety, industrial hygiene, occupational medicine, and electrical safety programs been implemented as required by 10CFR851?
- Do formal procedures guide the development of activity-level hazard analyses and ensure the hazard analyses are tailored to the specific work being performed?
- When work scope and technical work document tasks are changed, are the hazard assessments reviewed for impact?
- Are the chemicals or materials in use during operations, maintenance and/or construction activities, environmentally preferable products (i.e. products or services that have a lesser or reduced effect on human health and environment when compared with competing materials)?
- Do planners, workers, environment, safety and health and waste management staff, and facility management personnel walk down work sites to identify activity-related hazards and co-located hazards based on the risk associated with the activity?

- Are resident area hazards and potential for additive or synergistic effects properly considered for the introduction of additional hazardous, materials, or activities?
- When conditions change, are new potential hazards analyzed?
- Are accident scenarios related to hazardous work analyzed and properly considered to mitigate potential occurrence and severity?
- Are workers involved in the hazard analysis process?

Core Function #3 Develop and Implement Controls

Inspection Criteria: Management systems for work control are developed and effectively implemented for work activities that ensure development of adequate hazard controls for performing the work safely and mitigating environmental impact.

Inspection Criteria: Line management has established processes for identifying and tailoring controls for hazards associated with all facilities, operations, and work activities.

Inspection Criteria: Hazard controls are established based on an analysis of hazards, vulnerabilities, and risks in the work environment (e.g., radiological, chemical, industrial, physical, environmental impact and natural phenomena).

Inspection Activity: Review work planning and control processes and procedures. Interview personnel including facility representatives, project personnel, group leaders, subject matter experts, managers, work control managers, foremen, supervisors, environmental, safety and health support personnel, and operations/technician personnel.

Inspection Activity: Review selected ES&H requirements, hazard control plans, sampling results, permits (radiological work permits, industrial hygiene/industrial safety, discharge and/or spill response), work documents, procedures, pollution prevention opportunity assessments, and monitoring protocols. Observe work activities.

Inspection Activity: Interview facility representatives, facility managers, project leaders/supervisors, workers, and ES&H personnel.

- Has the contractor provided a place of employment that is free from recognized hazards that are causing or have the potential to cause death or serious harm to workers as required by 10CRF851?
- Are standardized hazard controls developed and used in an appropriately graded approach based on project/work complexity and risk, performance frequency, and hazard analysis results?
- Do controls encompass each phase of work performance and all aspects of the work, including potentially abnormal or emergency situations?
- Are the knowledge, skills, and abilities of the work force considered when selecting the form of controls?
- Are workers informed of their rights under 10CFR851 using such means as training and the safety and health poster that informs workers of those rights?

- Are the types of controls (engineering, administrative, and personal protection equipment) applied in the correct sequence and with an appropriate technical basis?
- Are the hazard controls comprehensive and adequate for maintaining planning efficiency while ensuring acceptable hazard mitigation or elimination?
- Are corresponding training requirements incorporated into controls and hazard assessments?
- Are thresholds identified for involvement of ES&H personnel in the tailoring or implementation of hazard controls?
- Are workers/supervisors stop work authorities and responsibilities clearly defined for unexpected hazards or safety concerns as required by 10CFR851?
- Do procedures address liaisons and interfaces between organizations to ensure conflicts and overlapping work activities are properly coordinated and resolved?
- Are control sets sufficiently analyzed to ensure they do not conflict or introduce additional hazards?
- Do controls sufficiently provide notification and afford protection to co-located workers who may either be present or traverse the areas potentially impacted by the activity?
- Is independent safety review of the adequacy of controls provided for higher hazard activities?
- Are workers involved in the development of controls?
- Are parameters clearly defined and established in appropriate facility procedures? Are hazard controls sufficient to ensure that facility and other operating limits are not exceeded?
- Have facility safety requirements been clearly translated into facility, building, system, and equipment specific information that are available and usable by workers within the facility?
- Are appropriate hazard controls from hazard analyses and permits included in approved work documents and are they adequately implemented?
- Are standardized hazard controls developed and used in an appropriately graded approach that considers work complexity, performance frequency, and magnitude of the risks?
- Are work documents complete with adequate procedures, instructions, and/or drawings, and are bounding conditions and limitations clearly specified?
- Are permits appropriately tailored, specified and integrated into the work package (e.g., Lockout/Tagout, radiological work, confined space, hot work, energized electrical, elevated work, and asbestos abatement)?
- Is the reliability of hazard controls for higher risk activities assessed and failure consequences determined and considered?
- Do vehicle fleet maintenance shops utilize American Petroleum Institute (API) rated rerefined oil, retread truck tires, antifreeze/engine coolant recyclers, water recycling/reclamation vehicle wash facilities, and biobased lubricants, fuels and degreasers/cleaners, where practical?
- When project/work scope and tasks are changed, are the hazard controls reviewed for impacts?

- Are training requirements for personnel needed to perform the work in accordance with established controls clearly defined, specified and implemented?
- Are appropriate analytical parameters and data quality objectives included in sampling and analysis programs?
- Are the required administrative and engineering controls in place at locations where waste is generated and stored (for example, signs identifying less-than-90-day storage areas) per internal and external requirements?
- Do maintenance tasks follow practices to maximize the use of safe alternatives to ozone-depleting substances (ODS)?
- Are signs and postings clear and current with regard to hazards and entry requirements?
- Is there appropriate linkage between tasks, hazards, and hazard controls in work control documents?
- Are workers and appropriate environment, safety, and health professionals included on
 planning teams and involved in hazard control development? Are minimum thresholds
 identified, based on the hazards and risks, which require the involvement of ES&H and waste
 management personnel and subject matter experts when developing work packages and
 during work activities?
- Do environmental, waste management, radiological, health, safety, and operations personnel have an adequate understanding of each other's requirements and processes to minimize environmental impacts and meet regulator requirements?
- Are the roles and responsibilities for facility representatives, ES&H subject matter experts, and reviewers well documented, and are development and implementation or controls established and understood?

Core Function #4 Perform Work Within Controls

Inspection Criteria: Line management ensures that work is safely performed and managed in accordance with requirements and safety management performance expectations. Contractors and subcontractors execute defined requirements such that employees are protected from adverse consequences.

Inspection Criteria: Line management has established and implemented processes to confirm that a facility or work activity, as well as the work force and selected hazard controls, are in an adequate state of readiness before authorizing the performance of work.

Inspection Criteria: Line management has the responsibility for ensuring that all operations are authorized at a level commensurate with the hazards, and has established work authorization processes for site, facility, and activity-level operations.

Inspection Activity: Review, observe, and evaluate processes for authorization of work, including written plans of the day/week, scheduling meetings, morning meetings, readiness

reviews, work schedules, experiment review committees, and other mechanisms used to approve, authorize, and release work.

Inspection Activity: Observe sampling of work activities. Emphasis will be placed on watching workers perform work using approved work packages and procedures. Evaluators will strive, to the extent possible, to sample a variety of authorized work activities that are available during the data collection schedule.

Inspection Activity: Through interviews, document review and work observation, evaluate the site office oversight of work performance.

- Are work activities formally scheduled on the plan of the day, or equivalent mechanisms, to facilitate notification to affected personnel, resolution of scheduling conflicts, identification of resources and support required, prioritization with other work, and availability of required facilities and systems?
- Are pre-job briefings appropriately performed and effective in communicating work scope, prerequisites (including training), hazard control requirements, and permit requirements to all workers? Are job specific and area hazards adequately communicated to all workers before the start of work?
- Is there an effective process that defines the interface requirements between the facility managers, operations, support organizations, and the maintenance organization to ensure that defined work does not overlap and cause conflicts?
- Does the work approval and authorization process define appropriate mechanisms to address significant changes in work scope or method of work completion once initial approval is obtained?
- Have work activities and projects been properly planned, reviewed, and authorized? Are methods for authorizing work and verifying the readiness to perform work formal and documented?
- Is proper authorization obtained to perform the work (e.g., project work or work package approval) and immediately prior to start of work (work release facility/building conditions adequate to start work)?
- Is the work performed in a manner consistent with the defined work scope and limitations?
- Are all precautions and prerequisites met including facility/system configurations, hazard controls, and other conditions?
- Are training requirements and pre-job briefings completed and adequate for the authorized work activity?
- Are personnel qualified and trained to perform the work in accordance with established controls?
- Is there periodic and adequate supervision of activities based on the risk of the work activity? Is the supervisor's span of control adequate based on the complexity of the work, the hazards, and the number of concurrent jobs being supervised?

- Do personnel adhere to postings, work control documents, procedures, and permits, including working within defined scopes, instructions and hazard controls, and completing required documentation?
- Are quality control/quality assurance provisions accurately and adequately followed during performance of the work?
- Are workers knowledgeable of activity/project level instructions and are they competent so the work is performed as described in the work documents?
- Is equipment placed in a safe condition at the end of the work activity or work shift, and properly turned over to the next shift?
- Do workers/supervisors stop activities and/or correct deficiencies when tasks cannot be performed as prescribed by work control documents or when safety concerns are encountered? Do workers understand their stop work authority and responsibility?
- Are mission/production pressures appropriately balanced with the requirements to work safely during the observation of work? Do these pressures have the potential to lead to unsafe practices or failure to follow required controls?
- Are ongoing surveys or other analyses conducted to ensure work hazards are not changing and work controls remain effective?
- Do all personnel comply with established controls including procedure requirements, postings, barriers, limits, sampling and monitoring requirements, stop work limits, and personal protective equipment requirements?
- Are waste generation and storage requirements at the point of generation being performed (for example, hazardous waste containers are labeled and kept closed) within requirements?
- Are hazard controls effective in their ability to maintain releases to the environment as low as reasonably achievable?
- Are activities conducted outside, i.e. construction, waste storage, materials storage, training etc. managed as to assure protection of site resources from wildland fires consistent with site wildland and operation fire management plans or requirements?
- Do workers properly segregate the wastes generated to facilitate the waste management requirements and enhance the pollution prevention opportunities?
- Are reduction, segregation and recycling efforts for items such as construction, maintenance and universal wastes generated consistent with site specific EMS aspects?
- Are the environmental impacts of operations and activities properly managed in accordance with requirements?
- Are environmental and effluent monitoring efforts, for operations and construction activities appropriate, to characterize pre-operational conditions and to detect, characterize, respond to releases and assess impacts?
- Are surveillance, spill detection, cleanup and reporting actions related to operational, maintenance or construction releases, consistent with site specific, permit and/or regulatory requirements?

- Are emissions from fugitive (air impacts) and runoff (soil, surface water, ground water etc.) sources resulting from maintenance and/or construction activities limited, monitored and controlled in accordance with site specific, permit and/or regulatory requirements?
- Has the DOE site office established a systematic approach to authorizing work, including projects, startup of processes and facilities, and operations?
- Are there formal procedures and criteria to address site office involvement in work authorization (such as readiness reviews and operations startup), and are the criteria appropriately based on the hazards and risk of the activity?
- Does the site office process ensure readiness is adequately verified and documented prior to authorizing new work or significant changes to ongoing work?
- Are ES&H and facility representatives actively involved in the observation of work activities?

Core Function #5 Feedback and Improvement

Inspection Criteria: Line management has effectively developed and implemented a feedback and improvement process at the work activity level.

Inspection Activity: Interview Facility Representatives, facility managers, project managers, and facility organizations, workers, ES&H or other appropriate personnel.

Inspection Activity: Review work planning and control processes and procedures, work packages, and assessment/oversight/feedback activity documentation. Interview personnel including project personnel, subject matter experts, managers, work control managers, foremen, supervisors, environment, safety, and health support personnel, and operations/technician personnel.

Inspection Activity: Observe work, including pre- and post-activity briefs and reviews. Review evidence of feedback and improvement such as post job reviews and other correspondence used to elicit feedback and improve performance.

- Are formal post-activity review processes (e.g., post-job reviews, operations reviews) established and effectively used?
- Do facility representatives, subject matter experts, workers, supervisors, and line managers recognize, report, evaluate, and address accidents, incidents, near misses, injuries, illnesses, exposures and opportunities for improvement in a timely manner and in accordance with established procedures?
- Is feedback from workers effectively solicited and used during work planning, execution, and closeout?
- Is worker participation in safety programs (e.g., behavior based safety, safety committees) encouraged and effective?
- Are lessons learned identified and incorporated into the work planning and authorization process?

- Do assessment activities by line oversight (contractor and DOE) include observation of work activities by facility representatives, managers, supervisors, and subject matter experts?
- Are deficiencies and weaknesses identified during work activities appropriately documented and managed in accordance with site issues management processes? Are associated corrective actions developed and implemented as required?
- Have findings related to work planning and control from previous Independent Oversight assessments been effectively corrected?
- For issues identified by the current inspection, what prevented contractor or DOE line oversight activities from identifying and correcting the problems?