Quarterly Refunding Charts

U.S. Department of the Treasury
Office of Debt Management
October 30, 2006







Financing Summary of FY 2006 and Near Term Outlook

- Net marketable borrowing for FY 2006 Q4 totaled \$45 billion
- Net marketable borrowing for FY 2006 was \$203 billion compared to nearly \$216 billion in FY 2005 and \$380 billion in FY 2004
- FY 2006 net non-marketable borrowing was \$6 billion versus a record \$58 billion in FY 2005
- FY 2006 deficit was \$248 billion versus \$319 billion for FY 2005
- FY 2007 Q1 and Q2 Outlook:
 - Net marketable borrowing is estimated at \$63 billion this quarter and \$175 billion next quarter



- A surge in corporate tax receipts led to a higher than expected end of quarter cash balance.
- Net non-marketable issuance declined sharply from prior year record.

	July - September 2006		October - December 2006	
	(Projected)	(Actuals)	(Projected)	
Deficit Funding (Def + / Surplus -)	55	41	108	
Means of Financing				
Change in Cash Balance	11	-6	22	
Net Non-Marketable Financing	-5	-7	4	
Other*	19	9	19	
Net Marketable Financing	30	45	63	
Net Marketable Financing	30	45	63	
Bills		-5		
Nominal Notes		20		
TIPS		19		
Bonds		12		
Notes:				
Starting Cash Balance	46	46	52	
Ending Cash Balance	35	52	30	

* Includes direct loan activity, changes in accrued interest, checks outstanding, minor miscellaneous transactions, discount and inflation accretion on Treasuries.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Marketable Treasury Coupon Flows

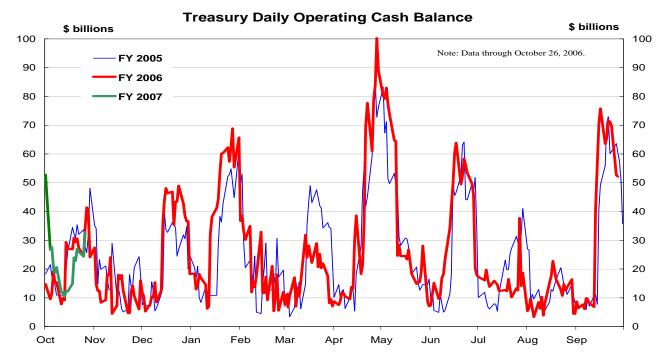
\$ Billions

Date	Maturing Coupon Securities (Excluding SOMA holdings)	Coupon Payments	Total Outflows
November 15, 2006	58	22	79
November 30, 2006	23	3	25
December 15, 2006	0	1	1
December 31, 2006	24	3	27
January 15, 2007	18	5	23
January 31, 2007	23	3	26
February 15, 2007	35	26	61
February 28, 2007	23	2	25

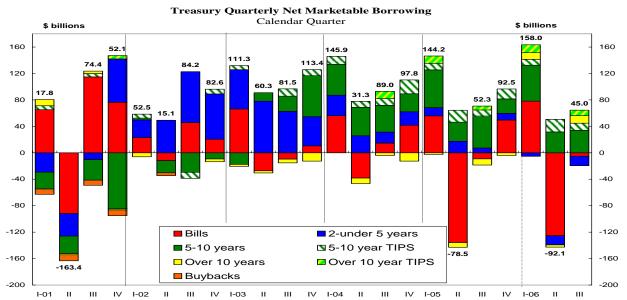
 Maturing securities and coupon payments result in large outflows on November 15.



 For the year, receipts were up nearly 12 percent. Singleday corporate and total receipts reached an all-time high on September 15.



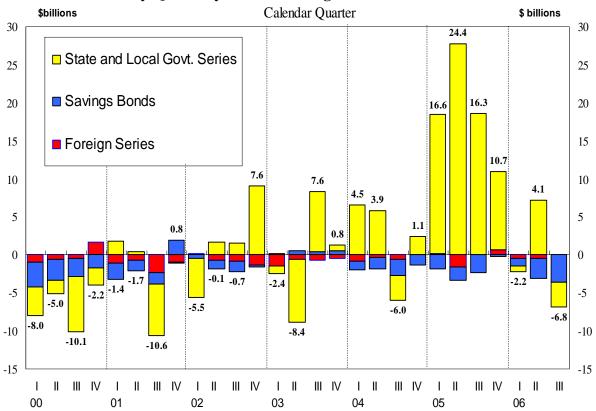
- Total net marketable borrowing for FY 2006 was \$203 billion, the lowest level since FY 2002.
- For the second consecutive year, annual net bill issuance resulted in a pay down.





Treasury Quarterly Net Borrowing from Nonmarketable Issues

 Net nonmarketable issuance for FY 2006 was sharply lower than the record amount reached in FY 2005.





Debt Portfolio

Over the next 5 years

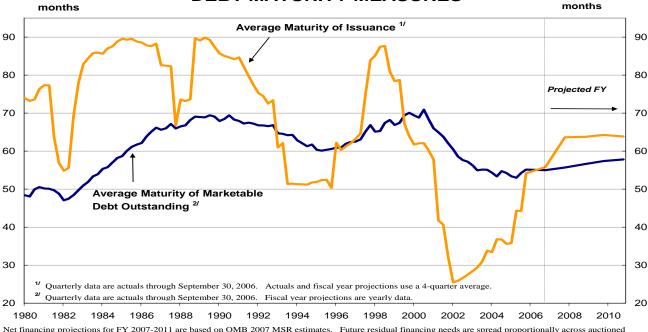
- Average maturity of total outstanding debt rises to 58 months
- Average maturity of issuance stabilizes between 63-64 months
- The percent of debt maturing with 3 years or less to maturity declines to 56 percent

Assumptions used in the next 5 charts:

- Future residual financing needs are spread proportionally across auctioned securities to maintain constant maturity of issuance, based on https://www.nyothetical.nitial.auction.sizes
- OMB 2007 MSR estimates used for fiscal year projections



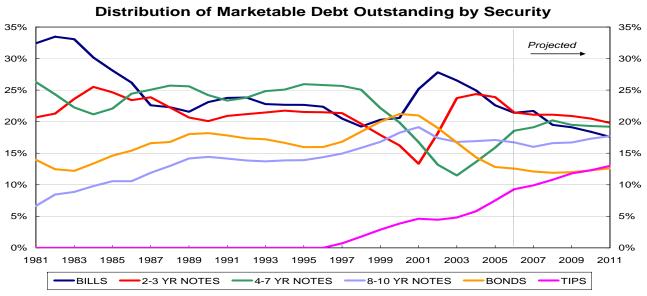
• In moving to quarterly bonds, we are showing 30-year issuance at the high end of the \$20-30 billion guidance we initially provided. This is no indication of actual issuance sizes in 2007. Those will be determined based on financing needs and market consultation in January.



DEBT MATURITY MEASURES

Net financing projections for FY 2007-2011 are based on OMB 2007 MSR estimates. Future residual financing needs are spread proportionally across auctioned securities to maintain constant maturity of issuance.

 As projected financing needs fall, current issuance patterns will lead to a lower proportion of short-dated securities.



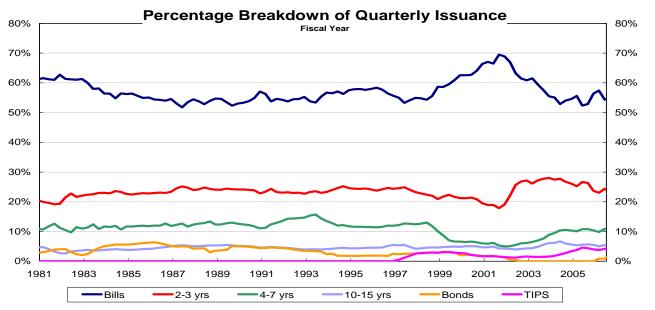
Projections for FY 2007-2011 are based on OMB 2007 MSR Budget estimates. Future residual financing needs are spread proportionally across auctioned securities to maintain constant maturity of issuance.



Percentage of Debt Maturing in Next 12 to 36 Months

75% 75% Projected 70% 70% Maturing in 36 Months 65% 65% 60% 60% 55% 55% 50% 50% Maturing in 24 Months 45% 45% 40% 40% 35% 35% Maturing in 12 Months 30% 30% 25% 25% 1981 1983 1985 1987 1989 1991 1993 1995 1999 2001 2003 2005 2007 2009

Projections for FY 2007-2011 are based on OMB 2007 MSR Budget estimates. Future residual financing needs are spread proportionally across auctioned securities to maintain constant maturity of issuance.



Debt with a residual maturity of 3 years or less stabilizes near the lower end of historical ranges.

 Issuance across all sectors remain in line with historic trends.



Note: Data through September 30, 2006.

Treasury Annual Net Marketable Borrowing Fiscal Year

\$ billions 450 450 379 Projected are hypothetical 400 400 204 350 350 314 216 300 300 250 250 200 200 175 154 154 150 150 ____ 100 100 50 50 -50 -50 ■ Buybacks -100 -100 Over 10 year TIPS Over 10 years -150 -150 ■5-10 year TIPS -200 -109 -200 ■ 5-10 years -100 ■2-under 5 years -250 -250 -97 **■**Bills -213 -300 -300 FY 1998 1999 2003 2004 2005 2008 2000 2001 2002 2006 2007 2009 2010 2011

 A major portion of net marketable borrowing through FY 2011 is projected to be met by TIPS and intermediate notes.



Uncertainty

- OMB estimates project declining borrowing needs for the next 5 years
- If the forecast errors reverse, however, the current issuance pattern requires heavy reliance on bills in early FY 2007. Given the reduction in bill supply recently, we believe the bill sector could accommodate negative FY 2007 fiscal shocks.



 Primary dealer and CBO deficit estimates are lower than OMB MSR estimates.

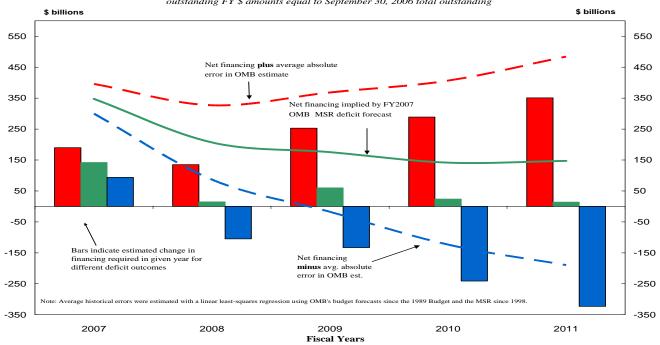
	Primary Dealers*	CBO	OMB
Current:	280	286	339
Range based on average absolute forecast error	180-380	191-381	242-436
Estimates as of:	Oct 06	Aug 06	July 06

Note: Ranges based on errors from 1997-2006.

Financing Residuals Given Current Issuance Calendar

Assumes current coupon issuance pattern and issuance amount-- Weekly bill issuance at levels required to maintain outstanding FY \$ amounts equal to September 30, 2006 total outstanding

 Current coupon pattern and issuance amounts will provide approximately \$183 billion of new financing in FY07.





^{*} Primary Dealers reflect average estimate.

Capital Markets

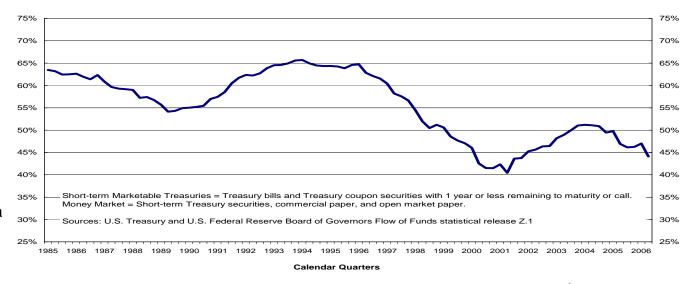
• Reduced Treasury bill issuance and higher private sector activity reduced Treasury's share of the money market

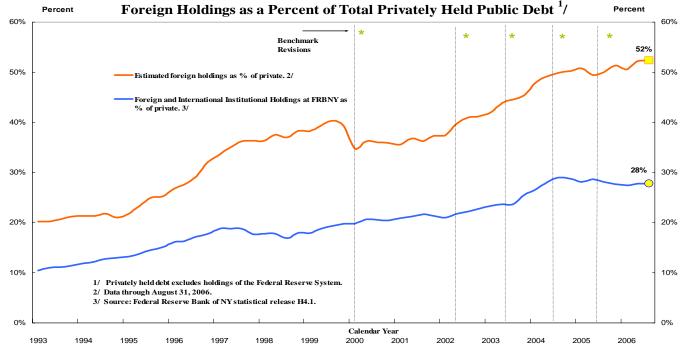


Outstanding Short-term Marketable Treasury Securities as a Percentage of Money Market Instruments

- The share of total shortterm Treasuries outstanding fell in the second quarter of CY 2006.
- This was a result of declines in both outstanding bills and coupons with less than a year to maturity coupled with a rise in open market paper outstanding.

 As a percentage of total privately held Treasury debt, both foreign holdings and official holdings at the FRBNY increased marginally over the past quarter.







Auction Release Time Performance

♦ No current quarter exceptions to Treasury's 2 minute (+/- 30 seconds) target auction release times

Auction Release Times for November 2005 - October 2006

Data through October 26, 2006
(In Minutes and Seconds)

