PHOSPHATE ROCK

(Data in thousand metric tons, unless otherwise noted)

Domestic Production and Use: Phosphate rock ore was mined by 10 firms in 4 States, and upgraded into an estimated 42.5 million metric tons of marketable product valued at about \$900 million f.o.b. mine. Florida and North Carolina accounted for about 87% of total domestic output, with the remainder produced in southeastern Idaho and northwestern Utah. Approximately 90% of U.S. phosphate rock demand was for conversion into wet-process phosphoric acid and superphosphoric acid, which are used principally as intermediates in the manufacture of granular and liquid ammonium phosphate fertilizers for domestic consumption and export. About 50% of U.S. wet-process phosphoric acid production was consumed for exports in the form of upgraded granular diammonium and monoammonium phosphate fertilizer materials, triple superphosphate fertilizer, and merchant grade phosphoric acid. Industrial applications accounted for about 6% of U.S. phosphate rock demand, while another 6% was directly exported, principally to countries in the Far East and Western Europe. Calcium phosphate animal feed supplements, essential to livestock nutrition, were derived from defluorinated phosphoric acid and defluorinated phosphate rock, while purified phosphoric acid was used in a variety of industrial applications. Phosphate rock was mined by three western firms as feedstock for high-purity, industrial-grade elemental phosphorus manufacture in wholly owned electric furnace facilities in Idaho and Montana.

Salient Statistics—United States:	<u> 1992</u>	<u> 1993</u>	<u> 1994</u>	<u> 1995</u>	<u> 1996°</u>
Production ¹	47,000	35,500	41,100	43,500	42,500
Sold or used by producers	45,100	40,100	43,900	43,700	41,000
Imports for consumption	1,530	534	620	1,080	1,000
Exports	3,720	3,200	2,800	2,760	2,800
Consumption ²	42,900	38,300	42,900	42,000	40,900
Price, average value, dollars per ton, f.o.b. mine ³	22.53	21.38	21.14	21.75	20.50
Stocks, producer, yearend	12,600	9,220	5,980	5,710	5,500
Employment, mine and beneficiation					
plant, number	5,800	5,600	5,000	5,000	5,500
Net import reliance ⁴ as a percent of					
apparent consumption	Е	4	5	Е	Е

Recycling: None. Limited to phosphate rock conversion products.

Import Sources (1992-95): Morocco, 99%; and other, 1%.

Tariff: Item	Number	Most favored nation (MFN) 12/31/96	Non-MFN⁵ 12/31/96	
Natural calcium phosphates:		<u></u>		
Unground	2510.10.0000	Free	Free.	
Ground	2510.20.0000	Free	Free.	

Depletion Allowance: 14% (Domestic), 14% (Foreign).

Government Stockpile: None.

PHOSPHATE ROCK

Events, Trends, and Issues: The U.S. phosphate industry continued to experience favorable economic trends in 1996, associated with a sustained period of supply-demand balance that commenced during 1995. Phosphate rock mines were operating at 90% of capacity and wet-process phosphoric acid and elemental phosphorus plants at near 100%. Ammonium phosphate plants operated at 95% of capacity to satisfy strong export demand. U.S. planted crop acreage and domestic fertilizer consumption are expected to increase significantly between 1996 and 1997 owing to below normal grain inventories at the domestic and global levels. Balanced phosphate supply-demand conditions at the global level were favored by a combination of restricted production and relatively low grain inventories.

Restructuring of the domestic phosphate industry continued into 1996, as evidenced by the consolidation of mines and plants in North Carolina and northern Florida by a major Canadian potash firm and by the consolidation of a new mining operation in central Florida by an existing U.S. phosphate producer. The new 3.5-million-ton-per-year mine at South Pasture in Hardee County, FL, began operations in the fall of 1995 and continued to supply phosphate rock to a wholly owned conversion facility at Plant City, FL.

World phosphate rock production increased slightly compared with output in 1995.

World Mine Production, Reserves, and Reserve Base:

vvolia wille i roduction, reserves,	Mine production			Reserve base ⁶
	1995	1996°	Reserves⁵	Neselve base
United States	43.500	42.500	1,200,000	4.440.000
Brazil	3,530	4,000	330,000	370,000
China	21,000	22,000	210,000	210,000
Israel	4,063	4,200	180,000	180,000
Jordan	4,984	5,000	90,000	570,000
Kazakstan	2,200	2,400	_	100,000
Morocco and Western Sahara	20,200	20,500	5,900,000	21,400,000
Russia	8,800	9,000	_	1,000,000
Senegal	1,600	1,650	_	160,000
South Africa	2,790	2,800	2,500,000	2,500,000
Togo	2,000	2,500	_	60,000
Tunisia	7,410	7,300	_	270,000
Other countries	9,092	9,000	1,000,000	2,500,000
World total (rounded)	131,000	133,000	11,000,000	34,000,000

<u>World Resources</u>: Phosphate rock resources occur principally as sedimentary marine phosphorites. Significant igneous occurrences are found in Russia and South Africa. Large phosphate resources have been identified on the continental shelves and on sea mounts in the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

Substitutes: There are no substitutes for phosphorus in agriculture.

^eEstimated. E Net exporter.

¹Marketable.

²Defined as sold or used + imports - exports.

³Marketable phosphate rock, weighted value, all grades, domestic and export.

⁴Defined as imports - exports + adjustments for Government and industry stock changes.

⁵See Appendix B.

⁶See Appendix C for definitions.