

4.1.4 Turning Basin Vicinity Project:

Location/Description and Background:

Turning Basin Vicinity, Turning Basin No. 3. The Turning Basin is located at the head of navigation on the Duwamish Waterway. Portions of the area are currently being restored by federal agencies and the Port of Seattle under the Coastal America Partnership.

Scope: The precise tasks associated with the project proposal are somewhat dependent on the option selected (see Section 2 for a full description of the two options). Briefly, Option 1 includes property acquisition and demolition; Option 2 includes property acquisition, demolition, and habitat development.

The tasks associated with Option 1 are as follows:

- 1) **Property acquisition.** The task encompasses all real estate activities and negotiations to sale and transfer of title to the United States in trust for the Muckleshoot Indian Tribe. As stipulated in the project description, transfer of the title from the current owner to the tribe would be dependent on the presence of no on-site contamination or other environmental violations. This task would be coordinated by the Muckleshoot Indian Tribe. Estimated timeframe: approximately 3 months.
- 2) **Demolition and Restoration Permitting.** This task includes obtaining any necessary permits for the demolition of existing structures and piers on the property, as well as those required for regrading the property and revegetating activities. This task will be coordinated by the Muckleshoot Indian Tribe and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Estimated timeframe; 6 to 9 months.

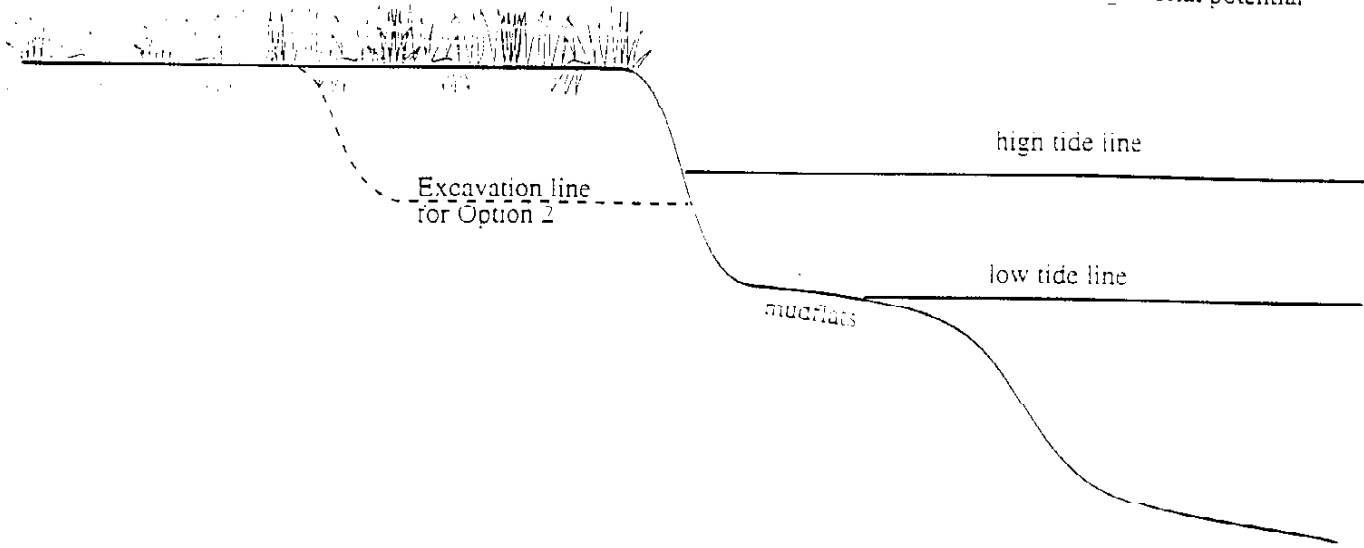
INTERNAL DRAFT -- FOR BUDGET PURPOSES ONLY

Draft Turning Basin Vicinity Project Budget		BUDGET BY QUARTER		BUDGET BY QUARTER		BUDGET BY QUARTER		BUDGET BY QUARTER				
ID	TASK NAME	Start	Finish	1st Qtr. 96	2nd Qtr. 96	3rd Qtr. 96	4th Qtr. 96	1st Qtr. 97	2nd Qtr. 97	3rd Qtr. 97	4th Qtr. 97	1st Qtr. 98
1	Site Acquisition	10/30/96	12/1/97									
2	Site analysis - Phase II	10/30/96	12/1/96	\$33,500								
3	Conceptual design (20%)	10/30/96	12/31/96	\$23,940								
4	Site analysis review	1/1/97	2/28/97									
5	Negotiate purchase	3/3/97	6/3/97									
6	Tribal Council review	10/1/97	12/1/97									
7	Land purchase											
8	Acquisition proj. mgmt. (40%)			\$5,760	\$5,760	\$5,760	\$5,760	\$5,760	\$5,760	\$5,760	\$5,760	\$5,760
9	Design	7/1/97	10/15/98									
10	Negotiate design contract	7/1/97	9/1/97									
11	Preliminary design (20%)	9/2/97	10/31/97									
12	Panel/public review	11/3/97	12/15/97									
13	Environmental review	12/1/97	1/30/98									
14	Tribal permit	2/2/98	1/1/98									
15	Final design (60%)	2/2/98	4/1/98									\$71,820
16	Panel/public review	4/2/98	5/15/98									
17	Corps/AEPA permits	3/16/98	8/14/98									
18	Revise final design	9/15/98	10/15/98									
19	Design proj. mgmt. (40%)											
20	Construction	10/16/98	8/15/99									
21	Advertise and bid	10/16/98	11/15/98									
22	Review and award	11/16/98	12/15/98									
23	Notice to proceed	12/16/98	1/15/99									
24	Construction	1/18/99	8/15/99									
25	Construction proj. mgmt. (20%)											
26	Post Construction	8/15/99										
27	Monitoring	2/15/00	8/15/10									
28	Stewardship/maintenance	8/15/99										
TOTAL BY QUARTER				\$63,200	\$5,760	\$10,560	\$259,500	\$5,760	\$5,760	\$4,800	\$259,500	\$76,620

Figure 2. Summary of Proposed Options

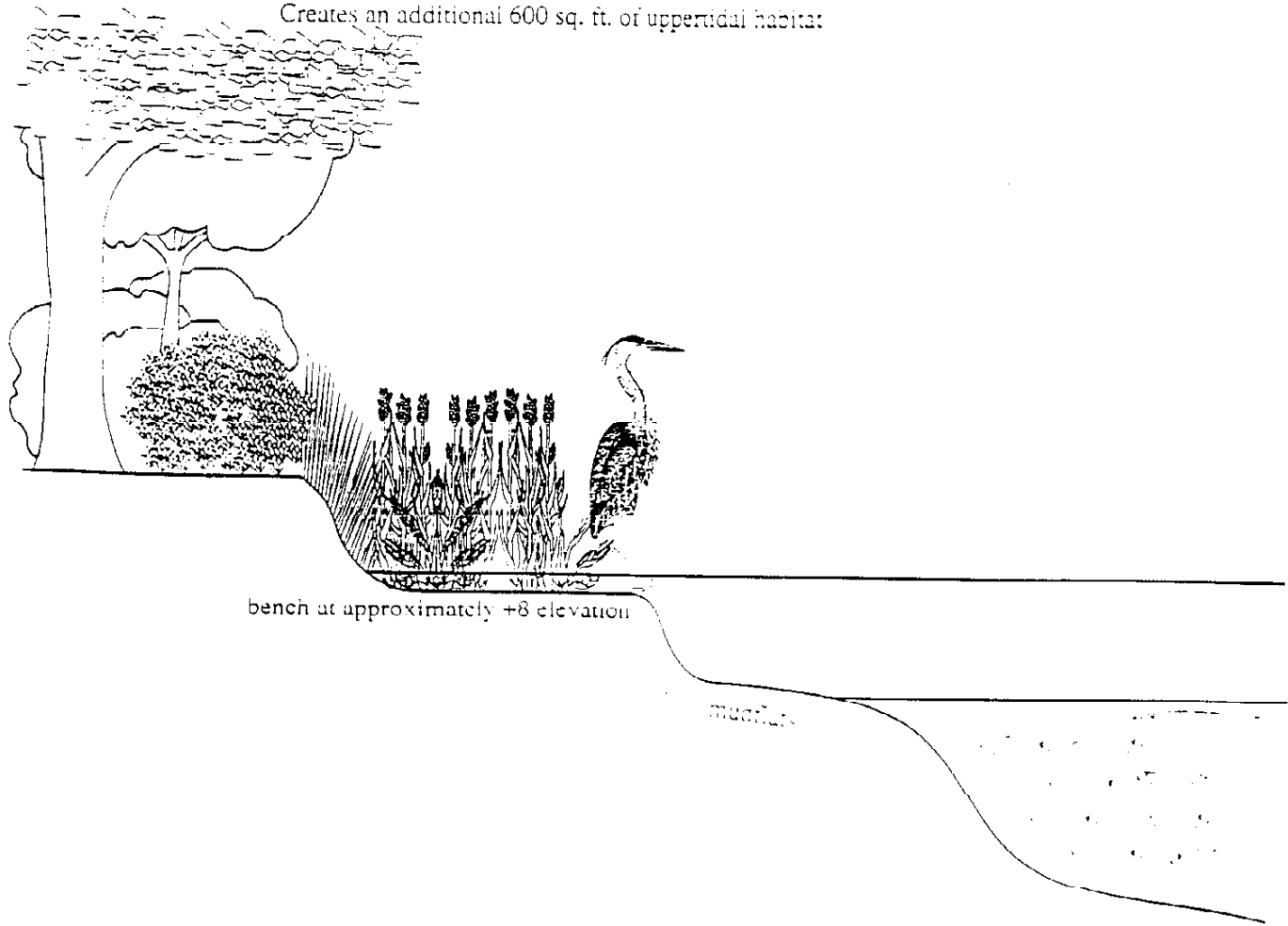
OPTION 1. Profile of Existing Contours

Removes asphalt, concrete and commercial structures to maximize existing habitat potential



OPTION 2. Property After Construction/Habitat Restoration

Creates an additional 600 sq. ft. of upper tidal habitat



4.1.5 Elliott Bay Nearshore:

Location/Description and Background:

The West Seattle shoreline of Elliott Bay with a southern boundary north of Salty's restaurant to a point west of the Duwamish Head light; various types of habitats will be considered from the upper intertidal to a depth of approximately 50 feet.

King County Department of Natural Resources' Water Resources unit has been selected as the project manager.

Scope:

Goal: The goal of the Elliott Bay Nearshore Habitat Substrate Enhancement project is to improve nearshore marine habitat conditions by enhancing productivity of epibenthic fauna, increasing the distribution and density of macroalgae and other primary producers, and improving the attributes that support resident and migratory marine and estuarine fish species.

Objectives:

- 1) Increase diversity of bottom substrates.
- 2) Increase the area of limiting hard bottom substrates.
- 3) Provide intertidal substrates at proper horizons for eelgrass.
- 4) Increase the volume of physical protective structures for juvenile and adult resident invertebrates and fishes.
- 5) Increase hard structure surfaces for macroalgae.
- 6) Remove undesirable bottom debris.
- 7) Provide substrate improvements that are compatible with commerce, navigation, tribal and sport fishing and recreational shoreline uses.
- 8) Provide public education and involvement opportunities.
- 9) Provide information useful to subsequent substrate enhancement projects.
- 10) Design improvements to be sustainable.

Performance Work Statement:

King County has assembled a core team to assist the Panel in:

Assessing, mapping and documenting shoreline, tidal and substrate areas for existing potential, and historical biodiversity and biological functions. (A great deal of this information has been attained by the Panel through the Washington State Department of Fisheries)

Selecting several specific locations to construct the substrate enhancement meeting the above objectives.

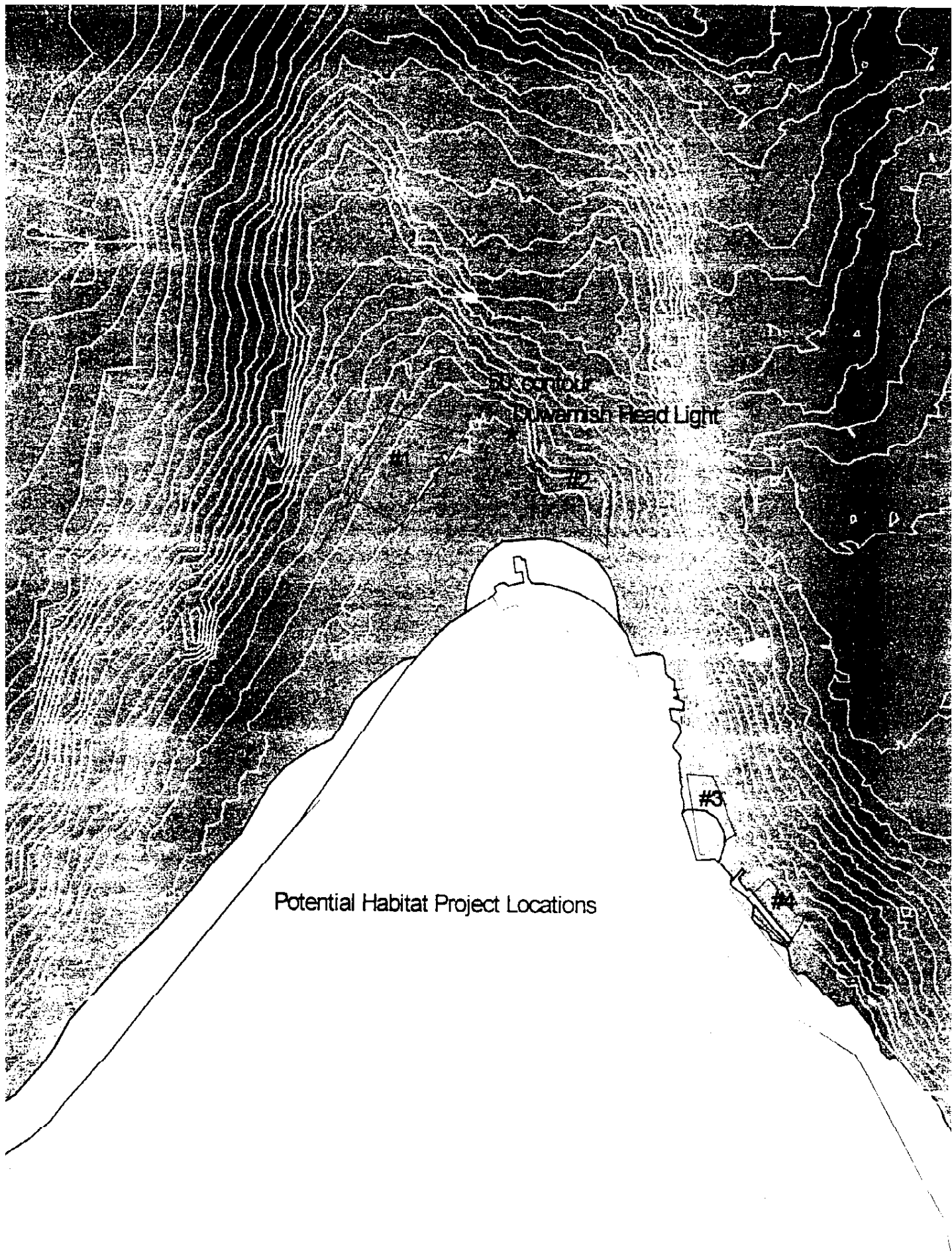
Identifying alternative methods to construct, place or locate, seed and promulgate substrate environs;

Designing long term habitat monitoring and maintenance program;

Developing and implementing a public and agency coordination process;

Providing a public education and participation process (stewardship) in evaluating and assessing the project area, including project design and development; and

Project cost accounting, coordination and scheduling.



Lighthouse
Barnegat Head Light

Potential Habitat Project Locations

#3

OPTION C: TASK DETAIL

	Basic Proposal <u>Recommendations</u> *	<u>Add Ons</u>
SITE CHARACTERIZATION		
Select Sites See attached map: proposed sites	Three Sites	Additional
Characterize Sites (3-4)		Additional
Parameters		
Project boundaries	X	
Site/control site boundaries (4)	Shuman Map GPS	
Current Substrate	PSD, Buckley Shuman	
Depth	Map X	
Slope	Arc Info/Student Shuman, Buckley	
Sediment Contamination	3 Composites, Ecol, Shuman/ Buckley	
Eel grass beds	General, Stark	
Water Quality	ETS, Stark	
Waves/Currents	Buckley, EBM EIS	
Biota	Species list from video Maps(DNR, Sea.Kroll)	
Property ownership	Diving, Metro/Seattle maps	
Constraints, e.g Utilities, navigation, fishery	tribes, CG	Other parameters
Obtain Information		Lit. Review Local, Beyond Consultant
Project Constraints	Hab. Group, Maps	
Project Experience	Review local studies Hab. Group brainstorm	
location		
design		
species to encourage	Objectives	
juvenile fish		
salmonids		
prey epibenthic species		

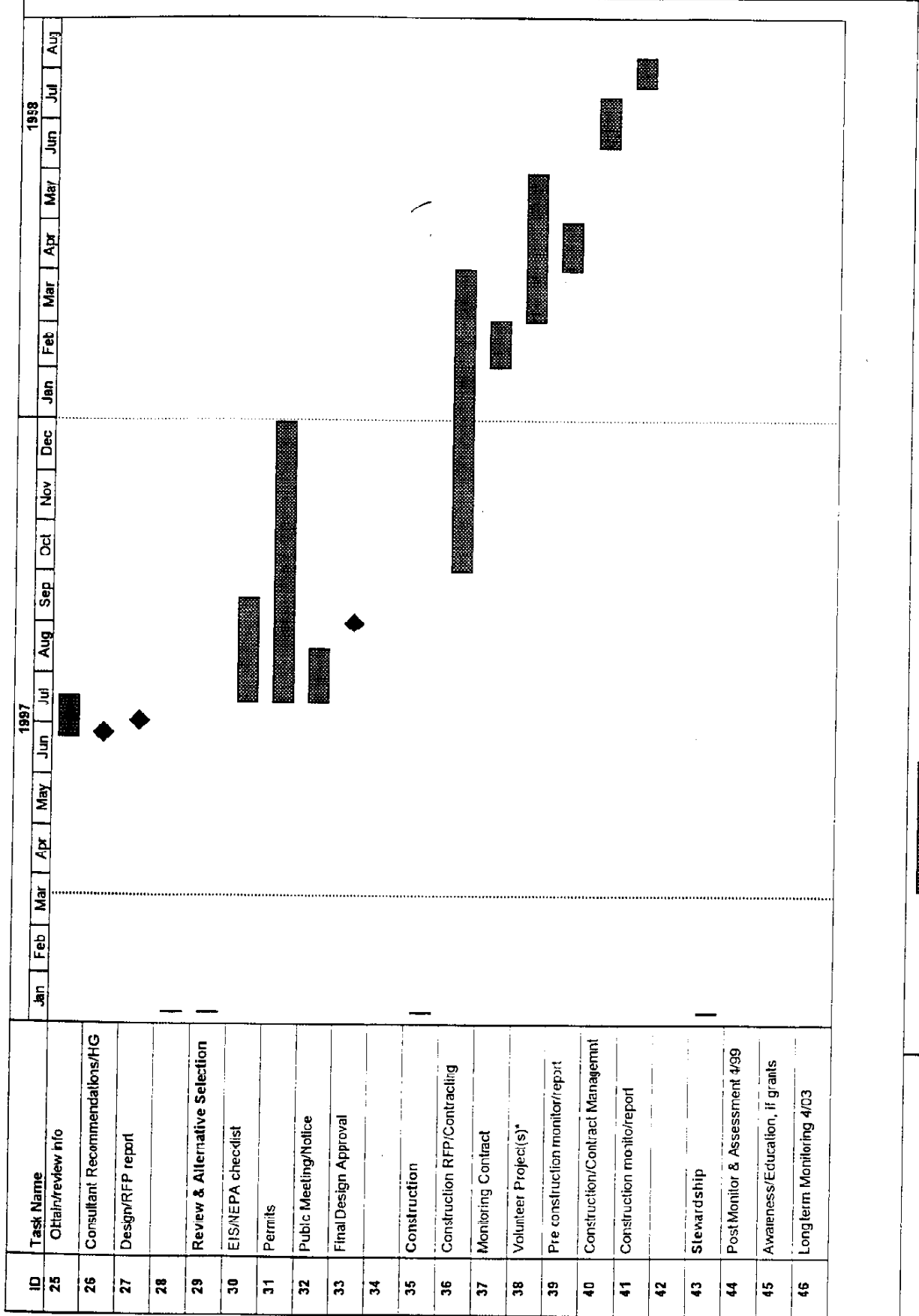
*Source of information or recommendation		
substrate	Coarse, cobble, boulder	Other, e.g shells, cement
depth	30-50 ft. (60 DHW)	
stability (currents, slope)	Velocity/direction	Deposition
eel grass	Beyond 20-30 ft.	
effects on unimpacted area	Design spaces	Add study

ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

<u>Tasks</u>	<u>Basic</u> Staff recommendations based on info, Hab.Group brainstorm	<u>Add-on</u> Consultant develop alternatives
Id suitable sites w. controls re. above eg. depth, slope, current, size, constraints, eel grass, uses	e.g. 20-50ft.	additional sites
Rec. configuration/placement	e.g. E shape, bands Map	add. specifics
Determine target species	Objectives, see above resident salmonids juvenile epibenthic prey (selected)	non-prey
Identify new substrate, e.g.	E.g. cobble & boulder Bay balls, if grant Art, if grant, parameters Bay balls, if grant	Substrate other types specifics
Recommend evaluation plan (See below)	Staff/Hab Group	Consultant
Site plans/map	Map	More detail
Review and comment	Limited consultant Hab. Group/EBDRP	Consultant
Environmental Review		
Permits and checklist		More if EIS
Public Meeting	Site, substrate o.k. (earlier?)	

IMPLEMENTATION

	<u>Basic</u>	<u>Add On</u>
Decision making		
One public meeting/public notice	Staff presentation Pub. Involve Group	Additional
Two EBDRP decision points SSB Design selection		Additional
Construction	3 sites (1.5+ ac.)	Additional if bid or grant allow
<u>Tasks</u>		
Price substrate materials options Mixed coarse, Cobble and boulders Recycled materials, if no extra cost		
Purchase/Load/Transport/ Place Coordinate w. Bay Balls, art	If within budget	If grant funds cover costs. construction storage transport
Stewardship		
<u>Tasks</u>	<u>Basic</u> None	<u>Add-On</u> Apply for additional grants
Bay Balls and/or art Apply for/manage grant Construct, Store, transport Bay Balls Publicize Coordinate with construction location (e.g. intertidal, West)size		
Interpretive signs Apply for grant, implement		
Long term monitoring Volunteer diving/video Counts / Volunteers Analysis and Reporting		



Project: Opt. A Timeline
 Date:

Task Summary Rolled Up Progress
 Progress Rolled Up Task
 Milestone Rolled Up Milestone

BUDGET ESTIMATE/OPTION C		1997	1998	Total	Additions*/ Modifications
Planning & Design					
Site Analysis					
.12 FTE @1 FTE@\$62,000		8,040			8,040
.25@\$45,000		11,250			
100% overhead		19,310			8040
Monitoring*		6,000			
Analysis & Design					
Consultant Contract		2,600			15,000
Contracting					1000
Permitting					
SEPA/NEPA		3,000	3,000		
.05 FTE /yr.					
Permits		5,000			
Project Planning					
2 FTE@ \$62,000		12,400			
overhead @ \$62,000		12,400			
Sub Total		80,000	3,000	\$83,000	
Implementation					
Construction					
Contract			133,600		Add, if grant
Contracting			5,000		
Property Right of Entry			0		2000
Project/Contract Management					
4 & .55 FTE & @\$62,000		24,800	34,100		
100% overhead		24,800	34,100		
Monitoring					
Pre/Post monitoring		6,000	2,000		5000 +/-
Analysis/Reporting					
.15 FTE			9,300		
100% overhead			9,300		
0+12 Evaluation			6,000		5000 +/-
Sub Total		55,600	233,400	289,000	
Contingency		0	0	0	10%
Grand Total				\$372,000	
*Proposed, if additional sources of funds					

4.2 Sediment Remediation Projects

SEDIMENT REMEDIATION \$ w/o Amendment									
	1992/1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000+	Project Total
Central Waterfront									
Site Investigation			412,000.00						412,000.00
Recontamination Study			30,000.00						30,000.00
Clean-up Study Documents				81,600.00					81,600.00
Sample Collection/Analysis				15,000.00					15,000.00
Consultant Selection									0.00
Consultant Contract (COE 1922,000)									0.00
Design									0.00
Permitting/Env. Process									0.00
Project Management									0.00
Planning and Design Subtotal			442,000.00	106,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	548,600.00
Unencumbered Implementation Funds*									2,859,100.00
TOTAL									3,405,100.00
Diagonal Duwamish									
Screening	43,800	7,000.00	4,600.00						55,400.00
Site Investigation	28,000	128,000.00	51,000.00	1,190,000.00					324,000.00
Clean-up Plan		8,000.00	49,000.00	180,000.00	128,950.00				345,950.00
Permitting									0.00
Planning & Design Subtotal	71,800	141,000.00	104,600.00	278,000.00	128,950.00				723,210.00
Unencumbered Implementation Funds*									3,943,000.00
TOTAL									4,666,250.00
Norfolk									
Screening			96,000.00						190,000.00
Site Investigation	18,000.00	68,000.00	25,000.00	122,000.00					152,000.00
Clean-up Plan		5,000.00	41,000.00	41,000.00	50,000.00				81,000.00
Permitting									423,000.00
Planning and Design Subtotal	18,000.00	71,000.00	120,000.00	163,000.00	50,000.00				1,192,000.00
Construction				10,000.00	1,152,000.00				1,162,000.00
Monitoring								110,000.00	100,000.00
Management									19,000.00
Subtotal				100,000.00	1,168,000.00			110,000.00	1,274,000.00
TOTAL									1,701,000.00
Pier 53-55									
Site Investigation		56,000.00							56,000.00
Clean-up Plan									0.00
Permitting		18,000.00							18,000.00
Planning and Design Subtotal		74,000.00							74,000.00
Construction		82,000.00							82,000.00
Monitoring		184,000.00		84,000.00				12,000.00	330,500.00
Management									
Subtotal		226,000.00		84,000.00				12,000.00	352,500.00
TOTAL									466,500.00
Planning & Design Total									1,770,850.00
Implementation Total									8,470,000.00
Sediment Program Total									10,240,850.00

* Can not be spent w/out the availability of additional planning and design funds.

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4.2.1 Pier 53/55 Sediment Cap and Natural Recovery Area

Location/Description and Background:

In March 1992, contractors for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers placed 22,000 cubic yards of clean sand offshore of Piers 53, 54, and 55 in Elliott Bay on Seattle's downtown waterfront, capping 4.5 acres of chemically contaminated bottom sediments. This action, known as the Pier 53/55 Project, was the culmination of 4 years of study and planning by many agencies, including the City of Seattle Department of Engineering, the King County Department of Metropolitan Services (County), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps), the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology), the Washington State Department of Natural Resources (DNR), the Washington State Department of Fisheries, and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

The project site is an east-west-trending rectangular and trapezoidal area located offshore of Piers 53, 54, and 55. This site is west and slightly north of the intersection of Madison Street and Alaskan Way in downtown Seattle. The project consists of a 3-foot-thick sediment cap covering 2.9 acres farthest offshore and an experimental 1-foot-thick enhanced natural recovery area (ENR) covering 1.6 acres nearshore.

Planning for a remediation project along the Seattle waterfront began as part of the County's (formerly Metro) Toxic Sediment Remediation Program, which was formed to coordinate and plan multiagency planning efforts to clean up contaminated sediments in Elliott Bay and the lower Duwamish Estuary.

Planning for remediation was suspended when the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) filed a lawsuit against the City of Seattle and Metro in 1990. After the lawsuit was settled, planning for a remediation project in Elliott Bay was revived. The Pier 53 site was chosen when the City of Seattle expressed a willingness to take the lead in implementing a capping project at the site and the Corps was willing to provide capping sand from routine maintenance dredging in the Duwamish River.

No effort was made to reassemble the interagency committee. Instead, the City of Seattle and Metro decided to develop plans and coordinate agencies during the permit process. The Corps was committed to complete dredging in the Duwamish River by the end of 1992 and would dispose of the sand at the open water disposal site in Elliott Bay if no beneficial capping project was possible.

After the Pier 53 sediment cap was installed, the project was presented to the Panel. The Panel reviewed the project and, after deciding it met the Panel's criteria for a sediment remediation project, declared that the project was eligible for in-kind credit toward the settlement. (Resolution 1992-20). The management of the Pier 53 project then proceeded under the direction of the Panel, with the City of Seattle as the project sponsor. Metro (King County) agreed to conduct the monitoring program, which was established during the permitting process.

The purpose of the monitoring program is to define how stable the cap is, how well it is functioning to isolate the contaminated sediments, whether the cleanup continues to meet the state sediment standards, and how the cap is biologically repopulated. It is also a means to evaluate the rate of possible recontamination. Monitoring will continue through 2002.

Scope:**Objectives for the Monitoring Plan:**

Provide baseline taxonomic data.

Guide and document the sediment placement, thickness, and long term stability.

Document how well the three foot cap and the enhanced natural recovery area function to isolate contaminated sediments from migrating upwards into the cap, and to document the extent of that contamination if it occurs.

Identify whether chemicals accumulate on the remediation site such that they indicate migration of materials from off-site.

Determine the amount and type of benthic recolonization that occurs on the project site and determine whether there are differences in the character and rate of recolonization between the three foot cap and the one foot thick enhanced natural recovery area.

Review and evaluate the monitoring data with the regulatory agencies to determine 1) if the three foot cap is functioning as expected to isolate contaminated sediments; 2) if a one foot layer of sediment will function as expected such that biological mixing occurs to enhance natural recovery; 3) whether further actions are warranted for either the capping site or the enhanced natural recovery area.

To provide data that may inform and assist the NOAA panel and other agency teams in developing future clean up plans for Elliott Bay.

Performance Work Statement (Tasks) and Schedule: see following pages

Table I. Summary Schedule of Monitoring Activities for Pier 53 Capping

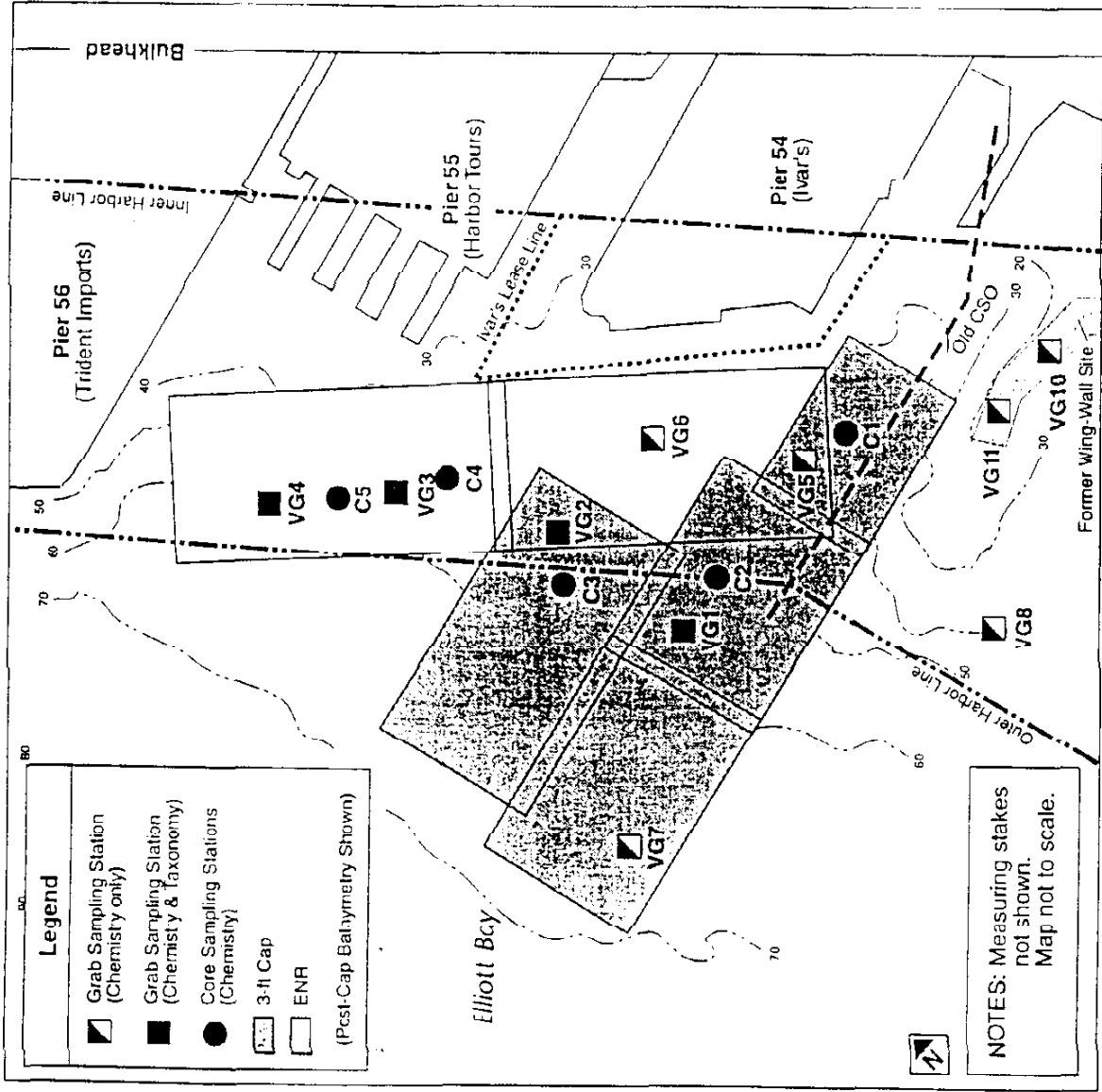
DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	Construction Phase		Ten Year Plan Post Cap Monitoring										
	1992		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*
Set Bottom Stakes		X											
Bottom stake measurements by diver		X		August					August				August
Sediment cores for chemistry, 5 stations total													
3 stations on 3' cap (5 depth segments)			May	August					August				August
2 stations on enhanced natural recovery area (2 or 3 depth segments)			May	August					August				August
Surface grabs for chemistry - adjacent to site, 6 stations (3 stations top 2 CM + top 6 CM) (3 stations top 2 CM only)			May										
Surface grabs for chemistry, 7 stations on project site (top 2 cm)			May	August					August				August
Surface grabs to document taxonomy prior to project work		X											
2 stations													
Surface Grabs for taxonomy:													
2 stations on enhanced natural recovery area			August	August					August				August
2 stations on 3' cap			August	August					August				August
REMOTS camera survey			August	August					August				August
Monitoring report for given year (due January of following year)			X	X					X				X
Monitoring review meetings			X	X					X				X
Four year project review													X

NOTES:

- a) Baseline sampling will be conducted as soon as practical within the first three months after cap placement.
- b) Monitoring review meetings may be held within the first two months of subsequent year.
- c) *Decision to sample in 2002 will be based on meeting in 1996.
- d) Sampling targeted for August may also be completed in September, if necessary.

The Pier 53-55 Sediment Cap 1993 Monitoring Costs

Monitoring Report (Draft and Final)			
	Hours	Rate	Cost
Data analysis, data interpretation, research, writing			
Scientist	460	42.00	19,320.00
Illustrations			
Illustrator	175	48.00	8,400.00
Editing			
Editor	93	55.00	5,115.00
Project manager Review			
Scientist	25	44.00	1,100.00
Printing (15 draft copies 25 final copies)			757.00
		Report Costs. Reso 94-01	34,692.00
Stake Measurement			
	Days	Rate	Cost
Vessel and crew of 3	1	1500.00	1,500.00
Diver and support boat	1	1200.00	1,200.00
Core Samples			
Field sampling (5 cores plus replicate)			
Vessel and crew of 4	2	2000.00	4,000.00
Diver and support boat	2	1200.00	2,400.00
Core tubes			1,800.00
Surface Grab Samples			
Field sampling (10 stations plus replicate)			
Vessel and crew of 3	2	1500.00	3,000.00
Benthic Taxonomy			
4 stations @ 5 reps Vessel and crew of 4	1	2000.00	2,000.00
Total Station (includes preparation and data reduction)	4.5	500.00	2,250.00
Analytical			
	Samples	Rate	Cost
Conventionals	24	106.00	2,544.00
Organics	24	600.00	14,400.00
Metals	24	175.00	4,200.00
Benthic Taxonomy Screening Preserving and Shipping	20	200.00	4,000.00
Benthic Taxonomy Identification	20	200.00	4,000.00
Quality Assurance Review			
	Hours	Rate	Cost
Data Reduction			
QA officer	20	50.00	1,000.00
QA Narrative			
QA officer	10	50.00	500.00
Project manager Review			
Scientist	8	40.00	320.00
		Subtotal Sampling Costs	49,114.00
		Total	\$83,806.00



Norfolk CSO

Location? Description and Background:

The Norfolk outfall is located in the Duwamish River above Turning Basin No. 3, south of Seattle in the City of Tukwila and parallels the southern boundary of the Boeing Development Center and Boeing Field. The City of Seattle's 84-inch-diameter overflow outfall originates at the King County Norfolk Regulator Station that receives sewage from the Norfolk drainage basin. Recent modeling efforts have determined that the estimated annual average overflow volume is 70 MG per year and will be reduced to about 7 MG per year when the new Henderson Diversion structure is fully operational in 1997.

In 1994, a four document Cleanup Study Plan was prepared consisting of the Work Plan, the Sampling and Analysis Plan, the Health and Safety Plan, and the Public Participation Plan. These documents underwent Public review and were approved by the EBDP Panel. Three Phases of Site Assessment sampling were conducted from 1994 to the end of 1995 to define chemical conditions in surface sediments and at depth below the surface. This information was presented in a draft Site Assessment report that identified the following 4 chemicals of concern: Mercury, PCBs, Bis (2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate and 1,4-Dichlorobenzene. A preliminary sediment remediation site boundary was developed based on the composite boundary of where any of the 4 chemicals exceeded the Sediment Quality Standard (SQS). Ultimately the site boundary was expanded beyond the SQS boundary and out to where PCBs were not detected in the sediment samples except at the downstream boundary where a wood piling wing wall provided a physical boundary.

Scope:

Goal:

The Norfolk project will remove from aquatic life and human exposure the contaminated sediments associated with the site boundaries.

A preferred approach for sediment remediation was selected after evaluating several potential options and was presented in the Norfolk CSO Sediment Cleanup Study Report issued in October 1996. The preferred alternative was mechanical dredging with a clamshell bucket. Dredged sediment would be placed on a barge for dewatering and transported down river to where the sediment would be offloaded directly into lined containers for shipment to one of three possible disposal sites. The preferred disposal option is heat processing and recycling of the material at Holnam Cement Plant. However, some material with PCB values between 20 to 50 ppm will need to go to a class D hazardous waste landfill and a small amount with PCB values above 50 ppm will need to go to a dangerous waste landfill. After completing the dredging, the excavation area would be back filled to the original grade with sediment of similar characteristics to rapidly restore habitat. The estimated total volume of dredging is 7,200 cubic yards.

Ecology evaluated the clean-up proposal and wrote a draft Sediment Management Standards, Cleanup Action Decision document that approved the preferred option. Both the Ecology Decision and the Norfolk Clean-up study report underwent public review and were finalized as proposed. The NEPA and SEPA environmental review processes were completed and the U. S. Army CORPS obtained authorization for the project under the Nation 38 permit for remediation projects. The Shoreline permit was issued by City of Tukwila and access agreements were requested of the property owners Boeing and Washington Department of Natural Resources. Dredging is scheduled for the last part of 1997.

Norfolk Project Planning and Design									
	1992/1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000 +	Total
Site Investigation									
Study Plan	19								19
Phase 1 Sampling		57							57
Phase 2 Sampling			72						72
Phase 3 Sampling			13						13
Project Management		9	10						19
Sub Total	19	66	95						180
Clean-Up Plan									
Contracting and Amendment		4	15	10					29
Ecochem				78					78
Contract Management			6	12					18
Project Management		1	4	22					27
Sub Total		5	25	122					152
Permitting									
EA				24					24
Ecochem				5	5				10
Right-of-Way				7	8				15
Shoreline					5				5
Easement					15				15
Contract Management					4				4
Project Management				10	8				18
Contingency									0
Sub Total				46	45				91
P&D Sub Total	19	71	120	168	45				423

Norfolk Project Construction Budget			
	1997	2000+	Total
Bid Documents			
Ecochem	48		48
Contract Management	6		6
Engineering and Divisional Review	6		6
Construction Review	4		4
Sub Total	64		64
Construction			
Dredging Contractor	700		700
Bonding (10%)	70		70
Profit (10%)	77		77
Ecochem Support	37		37
Construction Oversight	16		16
Contract Management	16		16
Contingency	182		182
Sub Total	1048		1098
Construction Sub Total			1162
Monitoring			
Post-Construction		100	100
Project Management	16		16
Construction and Monitoring Sub Total			1278
Total Project			1701

