

A Partnership between: the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the U.S Forest Service.



US Army Corps of Engineers St. Paul District





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of Engineers St. Paul District TRANTOP MENT

Objective of Today's Meeting

Provide an opportunity for the public to comment on the proposed operating plan for the Headwaters reservoirs as developed and described in the Draft ROPE report and Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).





Today's Topics

Introduction and Background Plan Development and Selection Proposed Plan Details Effects of the Proposed Plan Wrap-up





Introduction and Background



What is the ROPE Study?



Reservoir Operating Plan Evaluation

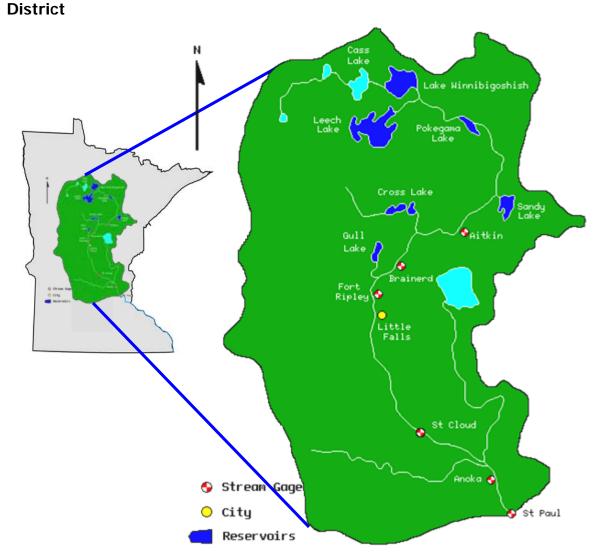
 Process used to assess the current and potential future operating plans of reservoirs.



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ROPE Study Area





Large Study Area:

7 inter-connected Federal reservoirs (6 COE, 1 USFS).

415 square miles of affected lake surface.

484 miles of affected rivers.



Why Was the ROPE Study Initiated?



- MHB requested a review of Operating Plans in a letter to the Corps.
- Congressional interest in the Recon and ROPE.
- Improved understanding of the physical limits of the system.
- Human use of the system has increased.
- Higher value is being placed on environmental health.



USFS Role in ROPE



- USFS signed on as partner in 2003 to include Knutson Dam on Cass Lake in the study.
- USFS will be issuing a separate decision for operation of Cass Lake/Knutson Dam



Key Agency and Public Involvement



Public meetings in 1999, 2004, and 2006.

Numerous "Task Force" and Lake groups were assembled to help identify problems and opportunities.

Meetings were held periodically with Mille Lacs & Leech Lake Bands of Ojibwe to identify issues and assist in plan development.



Agencies and Groups



U.S. Forest Service Environmental Protection Agency Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Leech Lake and Mille Lacs Bands of Ojibwe Mississippi Headwaters Board The Nature Conservancy Audubon Society Aitkin City and County Star Island Protective League Whitefish Area Property Owners Association Round Lake Improvement Association **Big Sandy Lake Association** Gull Lake Association **Brainerd Rotary Club** Ottertail Power Minnesota Power





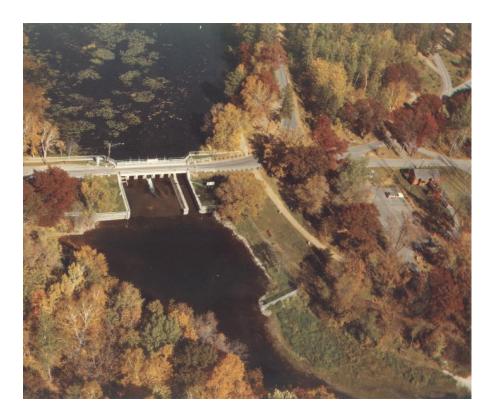
Plan Development and Selection



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Corps Headwaters Reservoirs Project Purposes

- Navigation
- Tribal Trust
- Flood Damage Reduction
- Recreation
- Water Quality & Water Supply
- Fish and Wildlife







Operating Plan Alternatives

- **Current Plan** No change.
- **R Plan** Maximizes recreational and economic benefits.
- E Plan Increases environmental benefits.
- **T Plan** Maximizes environmental benefits through a 6" drop in water levels
- **P Plan** Increases benefits to many resources while minimizes negative effects.



Potential Effects Of Plan Alternatives



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ul t Alternative	Current Plan	R Plan	E Plan	T Plan	Proposed
Air Quality	0	-1	+1	+1	+1
Terrestrial Habitat	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Sedimentation and Bank Erosion	-1	-1	+1	+3	+1
Wetlands	-1	-1	+1	+1	+1
Aquatic Habitat	-1	-1	+1	+3	+1
Fishery	-1	-1	+1	+3	+1
Biological Productivity	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Biological Diversity	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Water Quality	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Threatened & Endangered Species	0	0	0	0	0
Recreational Opportunities	0	+1	-2	-3	-1
Public Health/Safety	0	0	-1	-1	0
Community Cohesion	0	0	-1	-2	0
Community Growth and Development	0	+1	-1	-1	0
Controversy	0	-1	-2	-3	-1
Property Values	0	+1	-1	-2	0
Regional Growth	0	0	0	0	0
Employment	0	0	-1	-1	0
Business Activity	0	0	-1	-2	0
Flooding Effects	0	-1	+1	+2	+1
Historic Architectural	0	0	0	0	0
Archeological	-1	-1	+1	+1	+1



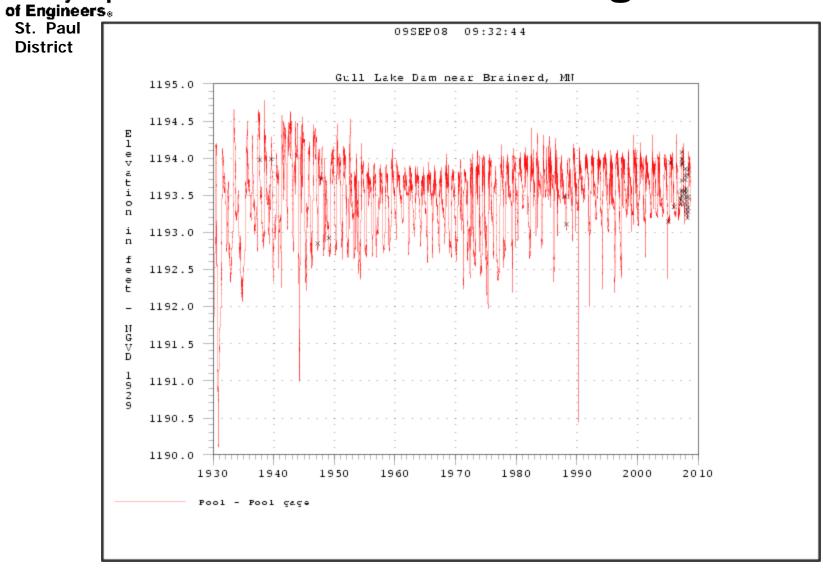
Adverse Effects of the Current Plan



- Stable water levels impact vegetation and the aquatic community.
- Low minimum flows impact downstream river habitat.
- Rapid decline in water levels in late fall and winter impact reservoir and river habitat.
- Delayed high spring flows impact spawning and nesting.







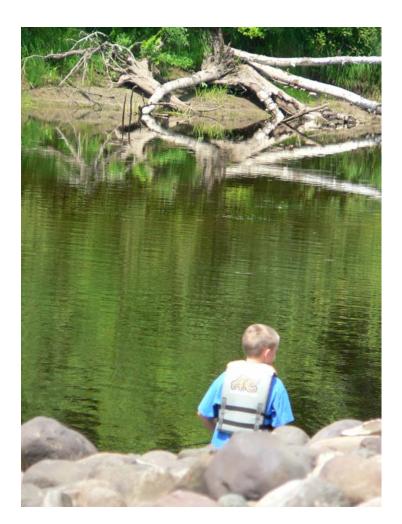
Week of September 8, 2008

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General Benefits of the Proposed Plan

 Protect and enhance all the resources and uses in the Headwaters for future generations.







Proposed Plan Myths



- Dramatic declines in water levels.
- Declines in water levels are being proposed to enhance water supply downstream.
- Environmental benefits are for downstream areas (reservoir habitat would not benefit)



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- Retain the ability to modify the plan to reinstate components of the current plan.
- 5-year "break-in" period
- Annual meeting to review operating plan performance and potential modifications.





Proposed Plan Details Gull Lake



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Current vs. Proposed Plan



GULL LAKE OPERATING RULES						
	CURRENT	PROPOSED				
Summer Band (elev ft.)	1193.75-1194.0	1193.85-1194.15				
Summer Target (elev ft.)	1193.87	1194.0 (May 1 – Sep 1)				
Band Width (ft.)	0.25	0.3				
Normal Drawdown (elev ft.)	1192.75	1192.75				
Maximum Drawdown (elev ft.)	1192.75	1192.75				
Rate of Release (change/day)	20-30%	20-30%				
Spring Pulse	NA	250 cfs				
	>=(1192.75): 20 cfs	(>= bottom of band): 40 cfs				
Minimum Flow Requirements April through September		< (bottom of band) >= (bottom of band) 15"): 20 cfs				
	<(1192.75): 10 cfs	< (bottom of band – 15"): 10 cfs				
Minimum Flow Requirements	>=(1192.75): 20 cfs	>= (target - 6"): 20 cfs				
October through March	<(1192.75): 10 cfs	< (target - 6"): 10 cfs				



Current vs. Proposed Plan

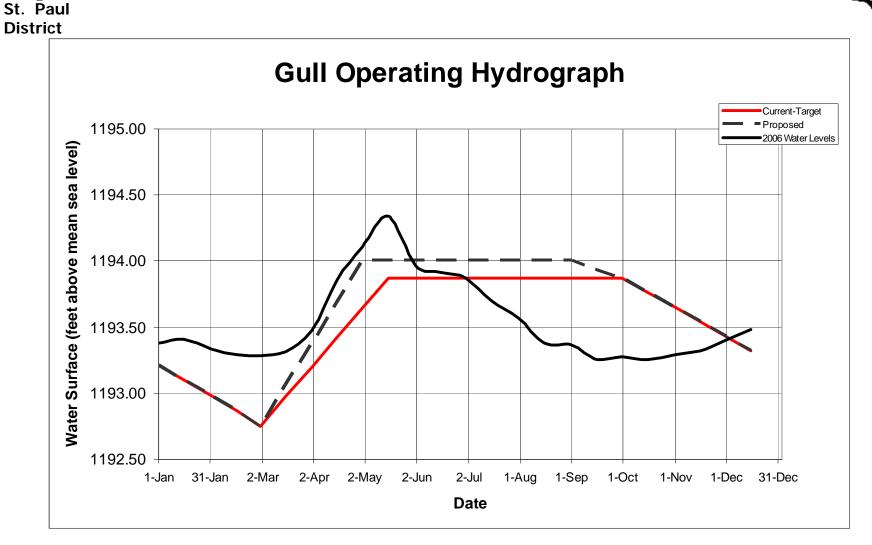


Gull Operating Hydrograph 1195.00 Current-Target Proposed Water Surface (feet above mean sea level) 1194.50 -1.6 in. 1194.00 1193.50 1193.00 1192.50 1-Jan 31-Jan 2-Mar 2-Apr 2-May 2-Jun 2-Jul 1-Aug 1-Sep 1-Oct 1-Nov 1-Dec 31-Dec Date



2006-2008 Water Levels

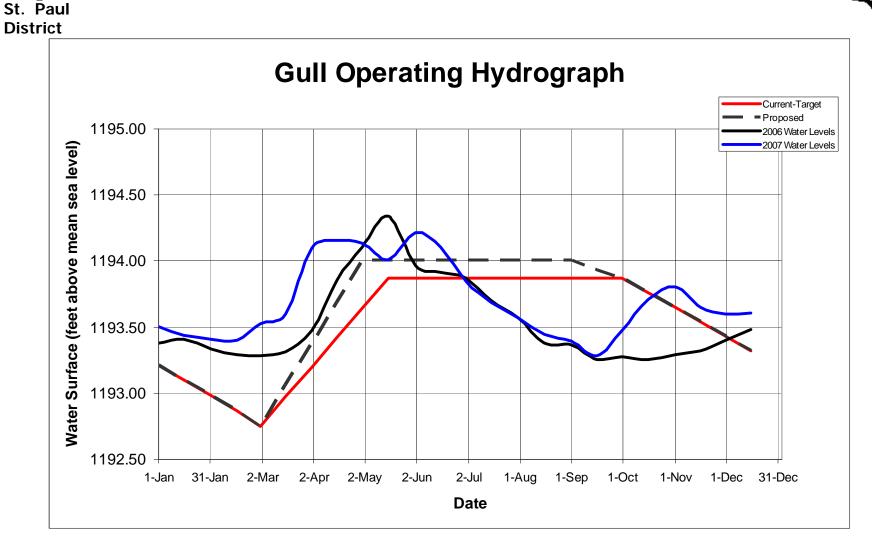






2006-2008 Water Levels

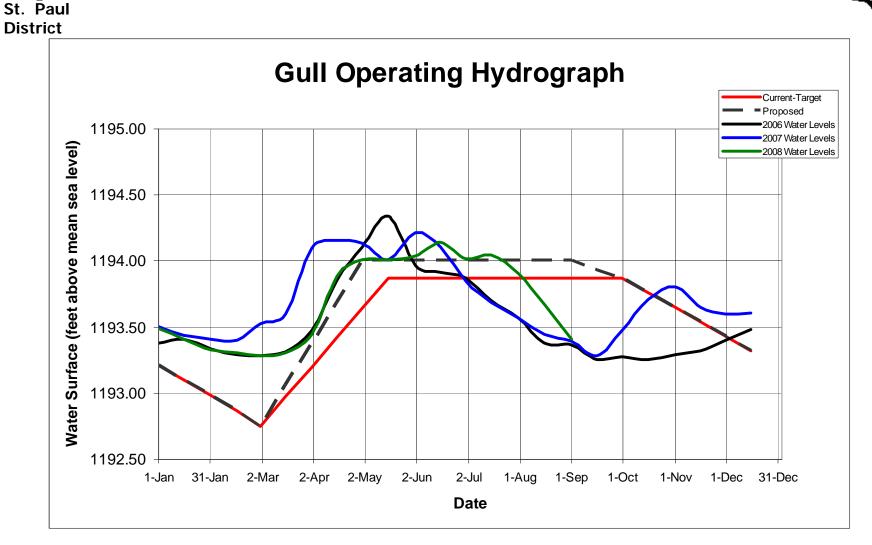






2006-2008 Water Levels

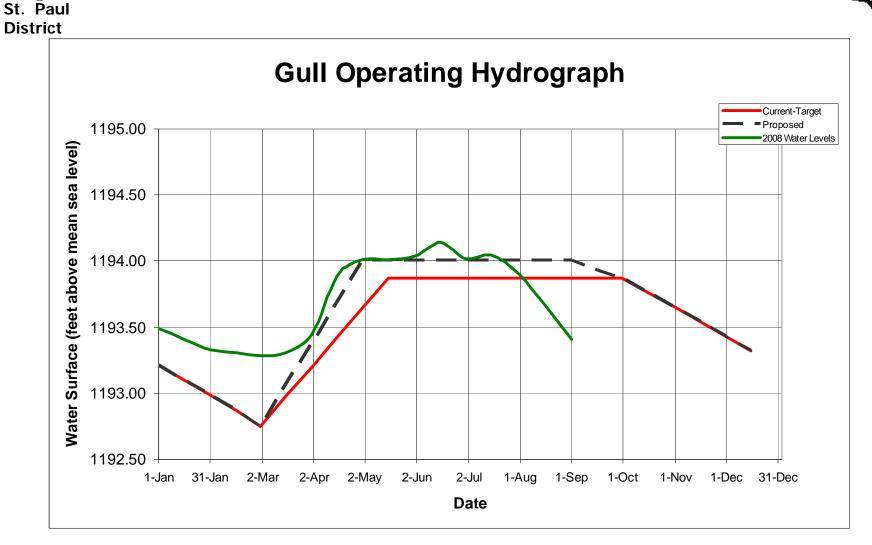






2006-2008 Water Levels



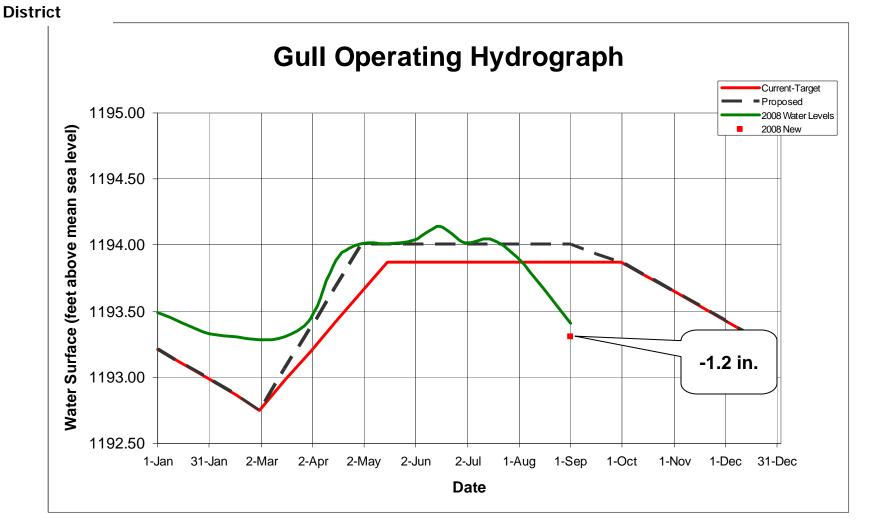




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2006-2008 Water Levels

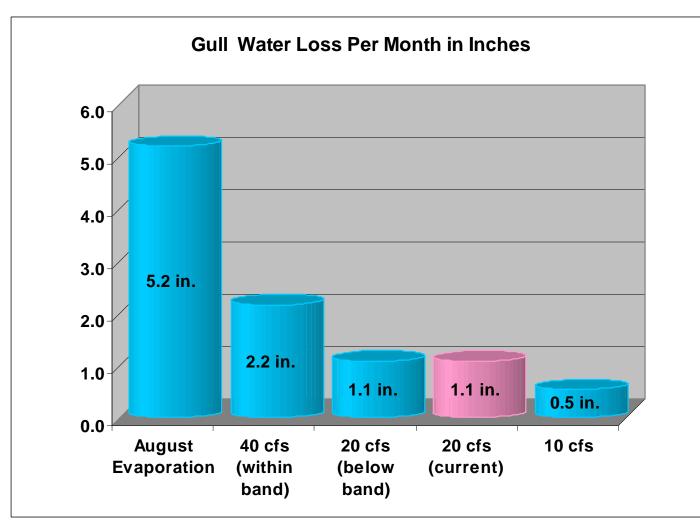






POREST SERVICE UTS TREATOR AGREES

Gull Minimum Releases







Effects of the Proposed Plan





General Ecological Benefits of the Proposed Plan

 More natural flows and reservoir stages will benefit the health of aquatic and wetland communities and ensure their integrity for future generations.

Fish Waterfowl Mammals Reptiles Amphibians Wetland Birds



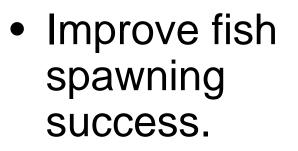
Benefits of the Gradual Summer Decline



- Improved conditions for aquatic vegetation, including wild rice.
- Reduced shoreline erosion (property values, archeological resources, habtitat)
- Benefits to reptiles and amphibians that overwinter in wetlands.
- Reduced winter flows in rivers to benefit fish.



Benefits of the Spring Pulse Flows



- Cleans silt from rocky habitat in the rivers.
- Benefits to waterfowl nesting.









- Improved habitat conditions during dry conditions.
- Hydropower generation benefits.
- River recreation benefits.



Other Benefits of the Proposed Plan



- More natural hydrology would encourage "spinoff" environmental restoration projects.
- Protecting environmental health will ensure quality future recreational opportunities.









- Lower normal water levels in late summer and fall. Reduced boat access in shallow areas including channels, boat docks, lifts, and ramps.
- Slight additional reduction in water levels during droughts – normally less than 2 inches.





Wrap-up



ROPE Schedule



Public Meetings on Draft Proposed Operating Plan and EIS	TODAY
Public Review Period Ends for Draft EIS	November 3rd
Release of Final EIS for Public Review	Winter 2008- 2009
Record of Decision is Signed and Released	Spring 2009



For More Information



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