

Mississippi River Headwaters Reservoir Operating Plan Evaluation (ROPE)

A Partnership between:

the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the U.S Forest Service.



Minnesota







Objective of Today's Meeting

Provide an opportunity for the public to comment on the proposed operating plan for the Headwaters reservoirs as developed and described in the Draft ROPE report and Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).







Introduction and Background
Plan Development and Selection
Proposed Plan Details
Effects of the Proposed Plan
Wrap-up





Introduction and Background



What is the ROPE Study?



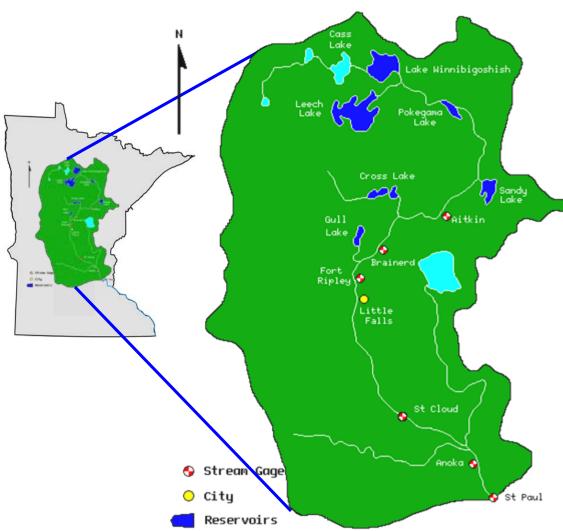
Reservoir Operating Plan Evaluation

 Process used to assess the current and potential future operating plans of reservoirs.



ROPE Study Area





Large Study Area:

7 inter-connected Federal reservoirs (6 COE, 1 USFS).

415 square miles of affected lake surface.

484 miles of affected rivers.



Why Was the ROPE Study Initiated?



- MHB requested a review of Operating Plans in a letter to the Corps.
- Congressional interest in the Recon and ROPE.
- Improved understanding of the physical limits of the system.
- Human use of the system has increased.
- Higher value is being placed on environmental health.



USFS Role in ROPE



- USFS signed on as partner in 2003 to include Knutson Dam on Cass Lake in the study.
- USFS will be issuing a separate decision for operation of Cass Lake/Knutson Dam



Key Agency and Public Involvement



Public meetings in 1999, 2004, and 2006.

Numerous "Task Force" and Lake groups were assembled to help identify problems and opportunities.

Meetings were held periodically with Mille Lacs & Leech Lake Bands of Ojibwe to identify issues and assist in plan development.



Agencies and Groups



U.S. Forest Service **Environmental Protection Agency** Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Leech Lake and Mille Lacs Bands of Ojibwe Mississippi Headwaters Board The Nature Conservancy **Audubon Society** Aitkin City and County Star Island Protective League Whitefish Area Property Owners Association Round Lake Improvement Association Big Sandy Lake Association Gull Lake Association **Brainerd Rotary Club** Ottertail Power Minnesota Power





Plan Development and Selection







- Navigation
- Tribal Trust
- Flood Damage Reduction
- Recreation
- Water Quality & Water Supply
- Fish and Wildlife





Operating Plan Alternatives



- Current Plan No change.
- R Plan Maximizes recreational and economic benefits.
- E Plan Increases environmental benefits.
- T Plan Maximizes environmental benefits through a 6" drop in water levels
- P Plan Increases benefits to many resources while minimizes negative effects.



Potential Effects Of Plan Alternatives

of Engineers.
St. Pau
District

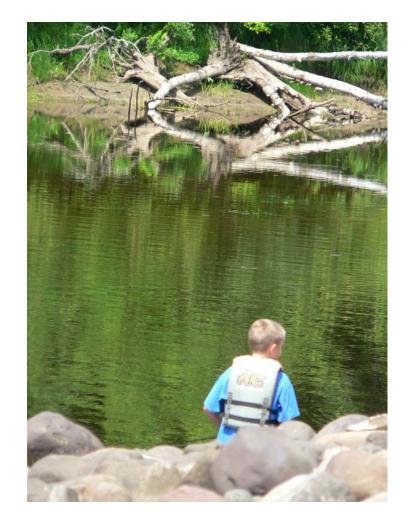
Alternative	Current Plan	R Plan	E Plan	T Plan	Proposed
Air Quality	0	-1	+1	+1	+1
Terrestrial Habitat	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Sedimentation and Bank Erosion	-1	-1	+1	+3	+1
Wetlands	-1	-1	+1	+1	+1
Aquatic Habitat	-1	-1	+1	+3	+1
Fishery	-1	-1	+1	+3	+1
Biological Productivity	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Biological Diversity	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Water Quality	-1	-1	+1	+2	+1
Threatened & Endangered Species	0	0	0	0	0
Recreational Opportunities	0	+1	-2	-3	-1
Public Health/Safety	0	0	-1	-1	0
Community Cohesion	0	0	-1	-2	0
Community Growth and Development	0	+1	-1	-1	0
Controversy	0	-1	-2	-3	-1
Property Values	0	+1	-1	-2	0
Regional Growth	0	0	0	0	0
Employment	0	0	-1	-1	0
Business Activity	0	0	-1	-2	0
Flooding Effects	0	-1	+1	+2	+1
Historic Architectural	0	0	0	0	0
Archeological	-1	-1	+1	+1	+1



General Benefits of the Proposed Plan



 Protect and enhance all the resources and uses in the Headwaters for future generations.





Proposed Plan Myths



- Dramatic declines in water levels.
- Declines in water levels are being proposed to enhance water supply downstream.
- Environmental benefits are for downstream areas (reservoir habitat would not benefit)



Plan Implementation and Adaptive Management



- Retain the ability to modify the plan to reinstate components of the current plan.
- 5-year "break-in" period
- Annual meeting to review operating plan performance and potential modifications.





Proposed Plan Details Cass Lake



Current vs. Proposed Plan

POREST SERVICE

UAS

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St. Pa

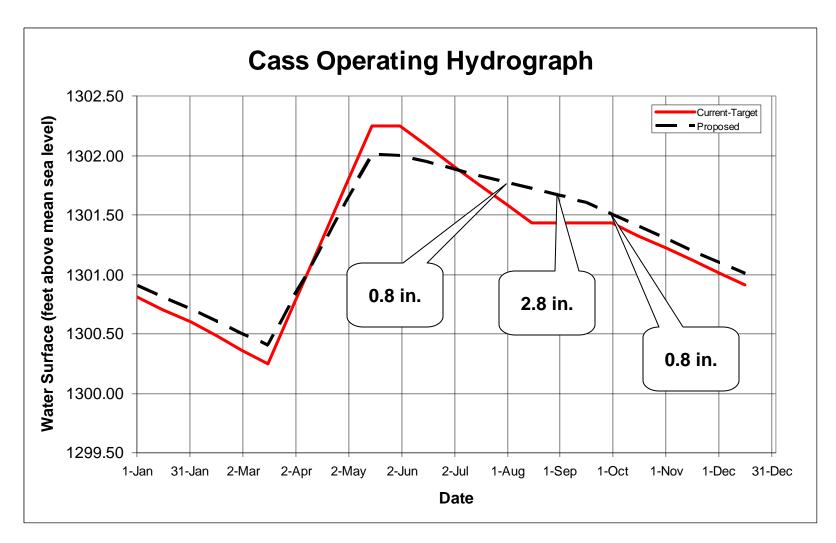
CASS LAKE OPERATING RULES

	CURRENT	PROPOSED	
Summer Band (elev ft.)	1301.4 - 1301.28	1302.25 - 1301.35	
Summer Target (elev ft.)	1302.25-1301.43	1302.0- 1301.6 (May 15- Sep 15)	
Band Width (ft.)	0.3	0.5	
Normal Drawdown (elev ft.)	1300.25	1300.4	
Maximum Drawdown (elev ft.)	1300.25	1300.25	
Rate of Release (change/day)	20-30%	20-30%	
Spring Pulse	NA	840 cfs	
		>= (bottom of band): 130 cfs	
Minimum Flow Requirements April through September	all water levels: 100 cfs	< (bottom of band) >= (bottom of band - 15"): 80 cfs	
		< (bottom of band – 15"): 40 cfs	
Minimum Flow Requirements	all water levels:	>= (target - 6"): 80 cfs	
October through March	100 cfs	< (target - 6"): 40 cfs	



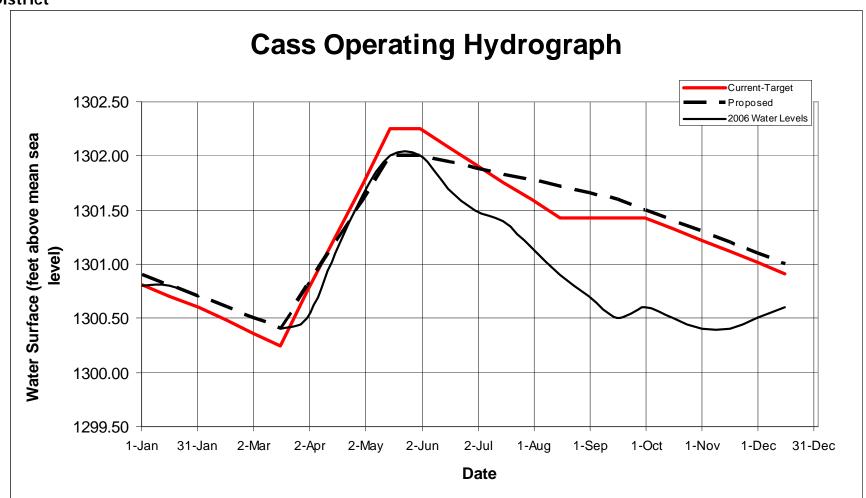
Current vs. Proposed Plan





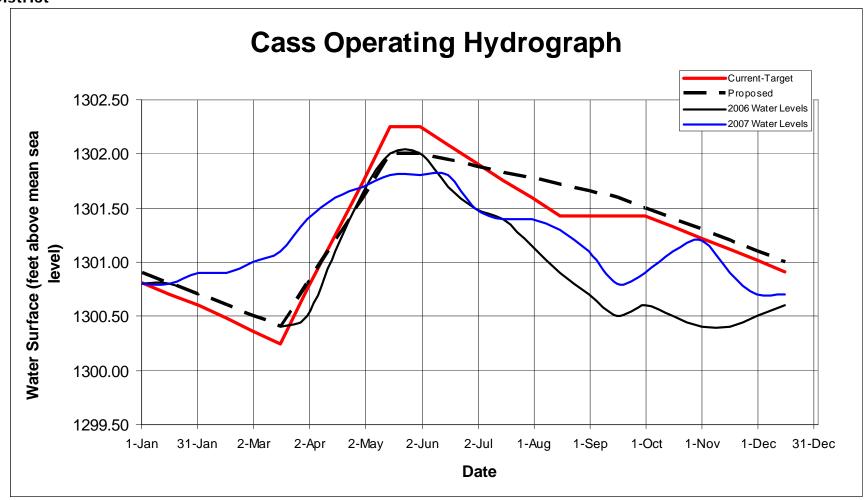






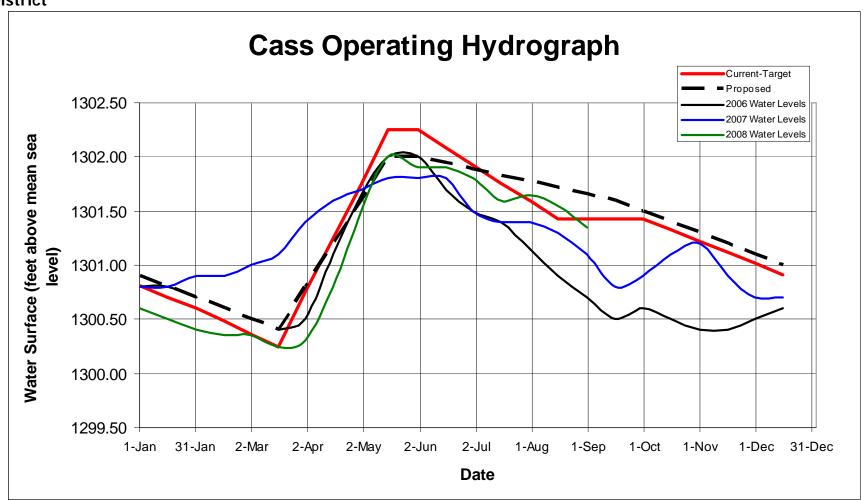






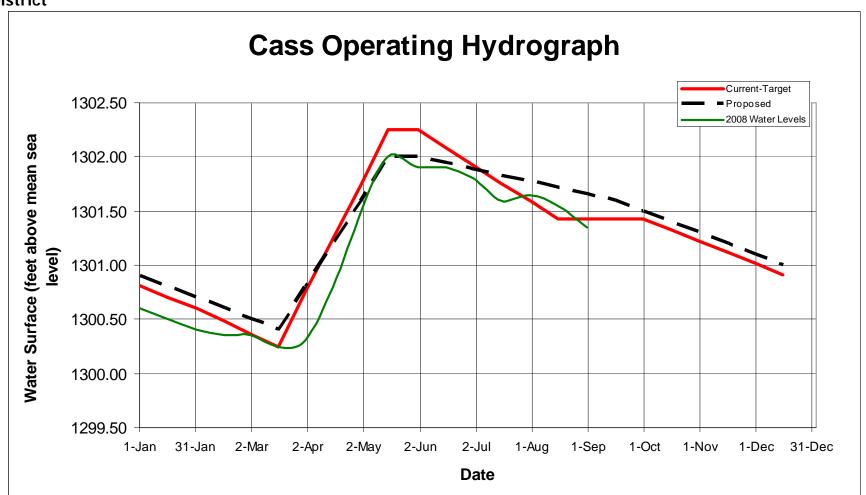








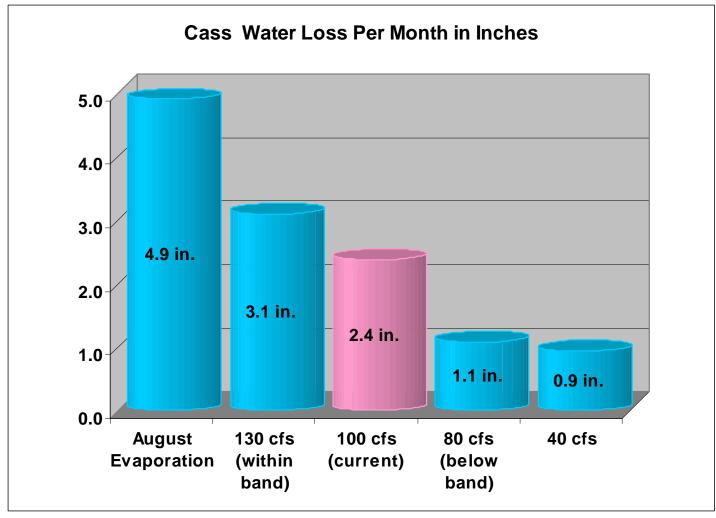






Cass Minimum Releases









Proposed Plan Details Lake Winnibigoshish



Adverse Effects of the Current Plan



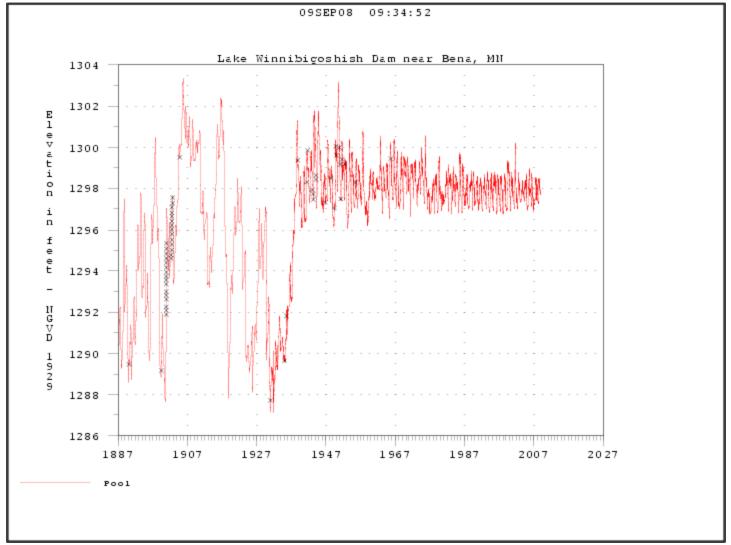
- Stable water levels impact vegetation and the aquatic community.
- Low minimum flows impact downstream river habitat.
- Rapid decline in water levels in late fall and winter impact reservoir and river habitat.
- Delayed high spring flows impact spawning and nesting.



Winnibigoshish Stages



St. Paul District





Current vs. Proposed Plan

of Enginee St. Paul District

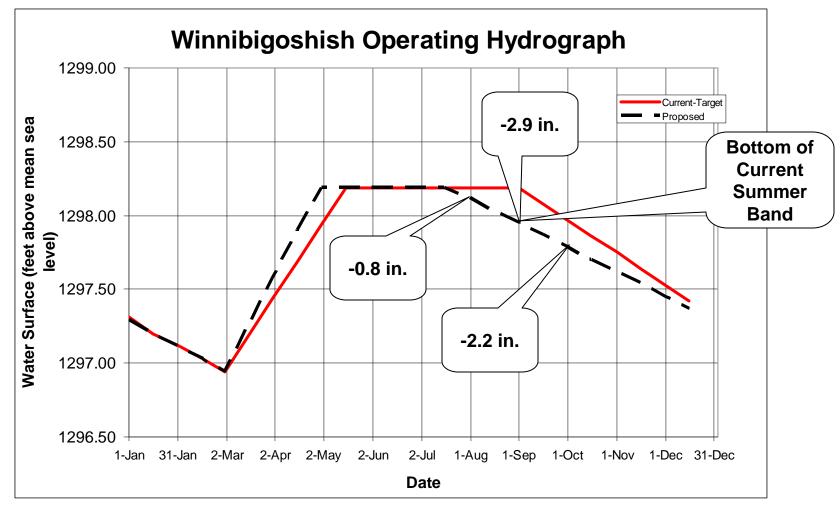
LAKE WINNIBIGOSHISH OPERATING RULES

OPERATING RULES						
	CURRENT	PROPOSED				
Summer Band (elev ft.)	1297.94 -1298.44	1297.94 -1298.44				
Summer Target (elev ft.)	1298.19	1298.19 (May 1 – Jul 15)				
Band Width (ft.)	0.5	0.5				
Normal Drawdown (elev ft.)	1296.94	1296.94				
Maximum Drawdown (elev ft.)	1294.94	1294.94				
Rate of Release (change/day)	200 cfs or 0.5 ft. of TW change	20-30%				
Spring Pulse	NA	1060 cfs				
	>=(1294.94): 100 cfs	(>= bottom of band): 160 cfs				
Minimum Flow Requirements April through September		< (bottom of band) >= (bottom of band - 15"): 110 cfs				
	<(1294.94): 50 cfs	< (bottom of band – 15"): 50 cfs				
Minimum Flow Requirements	>=(1294.94): 100 cfs	>= (target - 6"): 110 cfs				
October through March	<(1294.94): 50 cfs	< (target - 6"): 50 cfs				



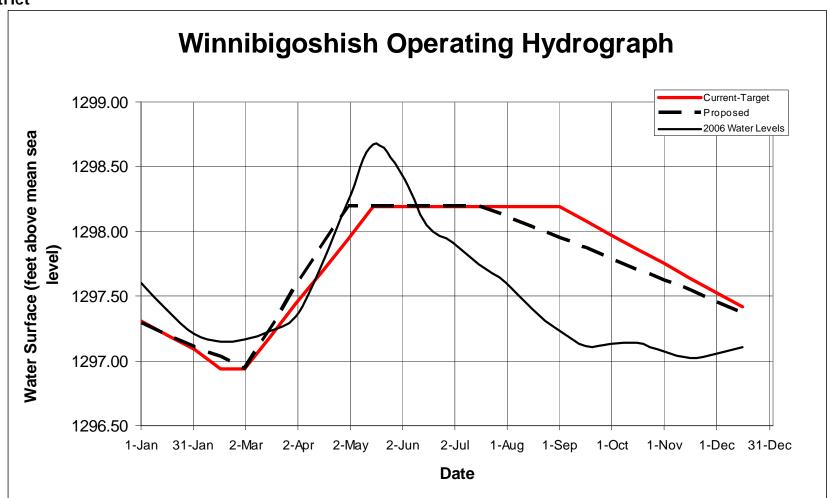
Current vs. Proposed Plan





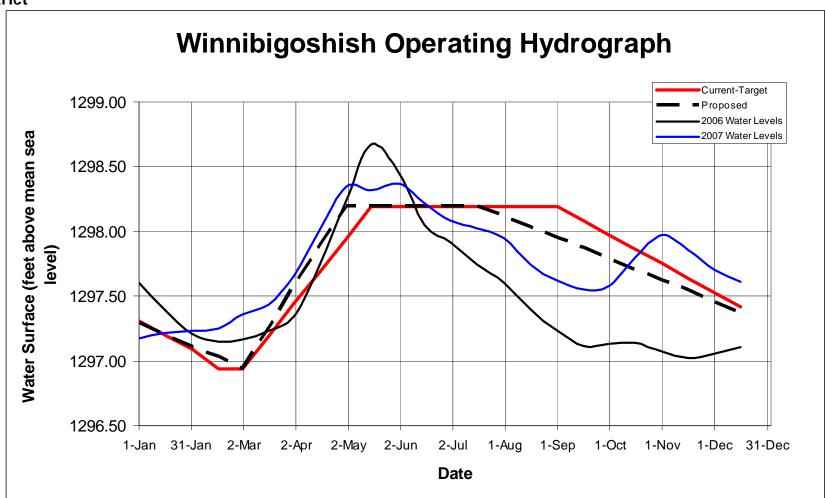






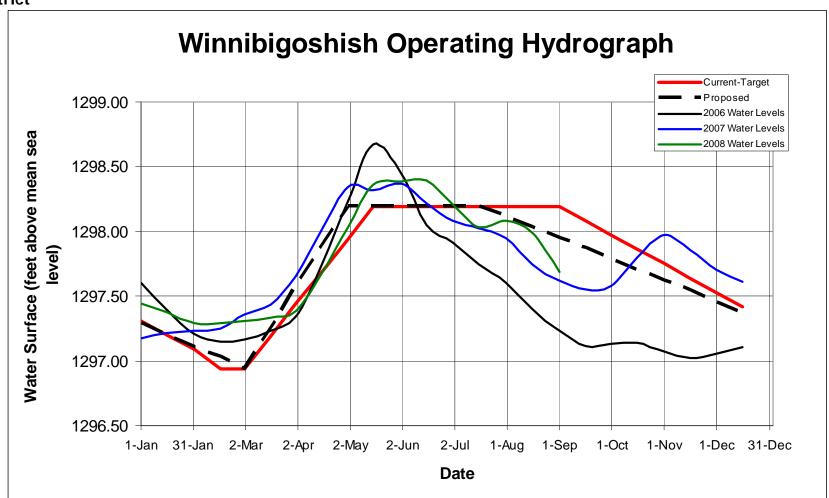






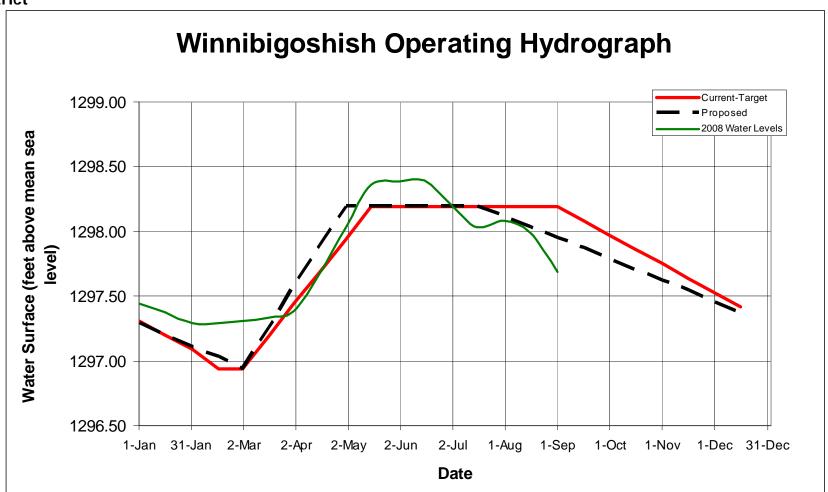






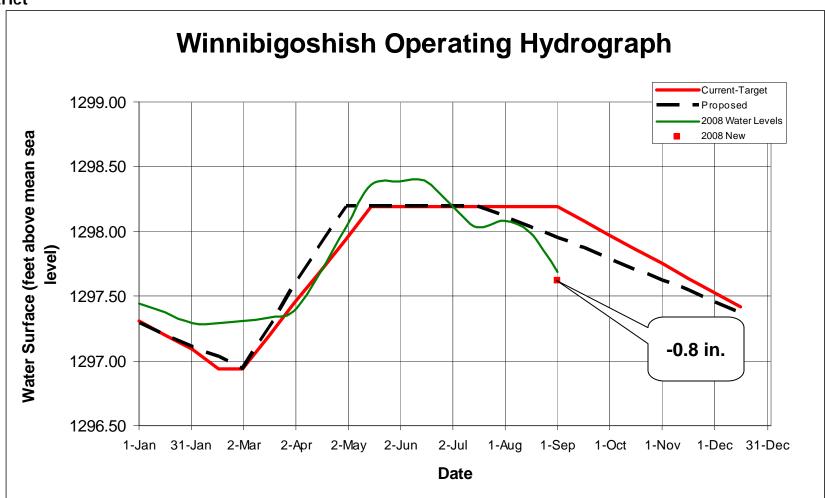








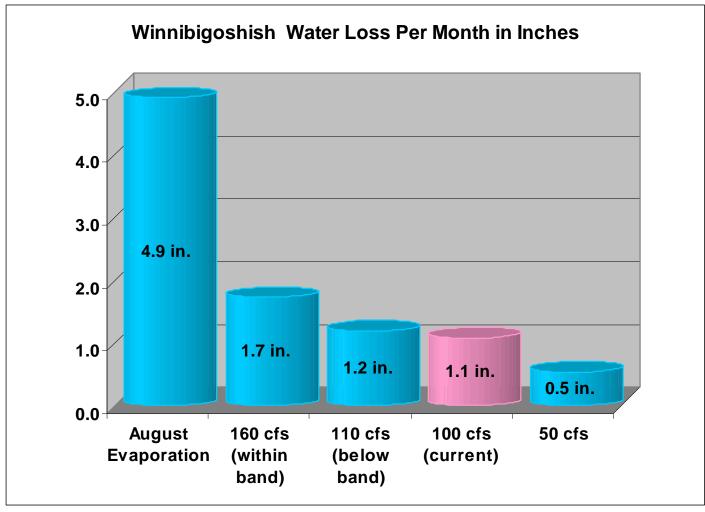






Winni Minimum Releases









Proposed Plan Details Leech Lake



Current vs. Proposed Plan

POREST SERVICE
UAS
TRADITOR MERCORS

St. Pa

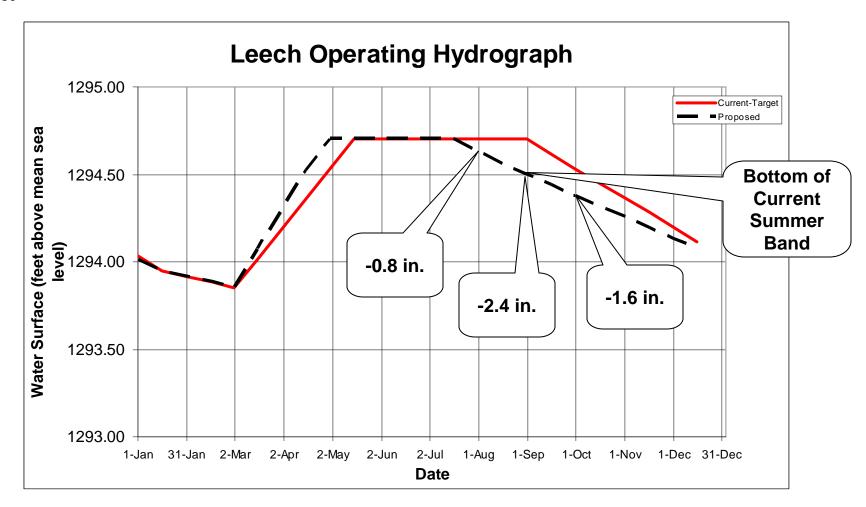
LEECH LAKE OPERATING RULES

0.1 = 1.11 1.11 1.0 1.0 = 1.0		
	CURRENT	PROPOSED
Summer Band (elev ft.)	1294.50-1294.90	1294.45-1294.95
Summer Target (elev ft.)	1294.70	1294.70 (May 1 – Jul 15)
Band Width (ft.)	0.4	0.5
Normal Drawdown (elev ft.)	1293.80	1293.80
Maximum Drawdown (elev ft.)	1292.70	1292.70
Rate of Release (change/day)	100 cfs or 0.25 ft. of TW change	20-30%
Spring Pulse	NA	790 cfs
Minimum Flow Requirements April through September	>=(1292.70): 100 cfs	(>= bottom of band): 120 cfs
		< (bottom of band) >= (bottom of band – 15"): 80 cfs
	<(1292.70): 50 cfs	< (bottom of band – 15"): 40 cfs
Minimum Flow Requirements October through March	>=(1292.70): 100 cfs	>= (target - 6"): 80 cfs
	<(1292.70): 50 cfs	< (target - 6"): 40 cfs



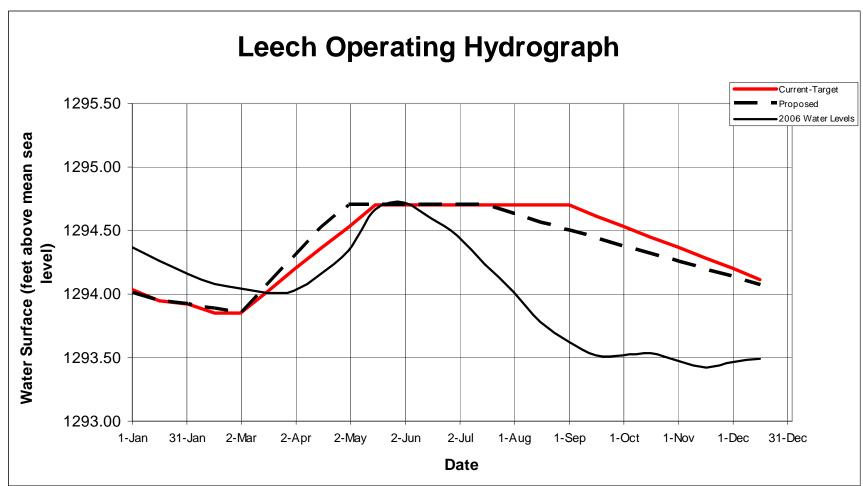
Current vs. Proposed Plan





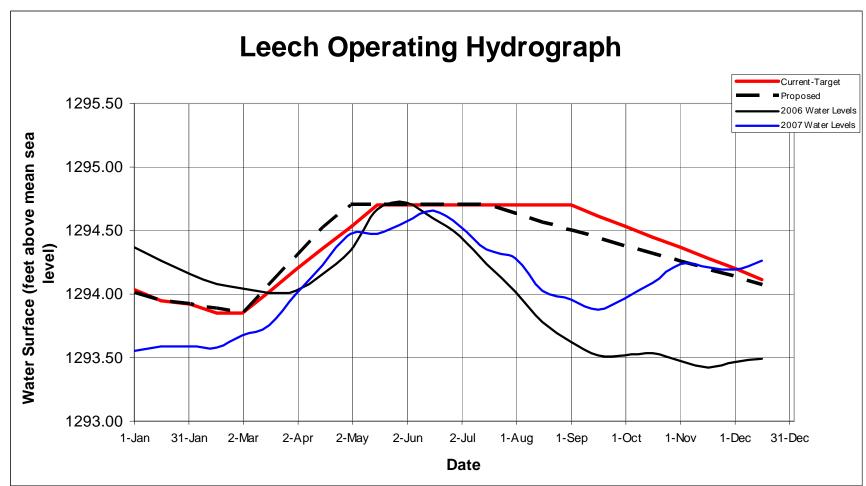






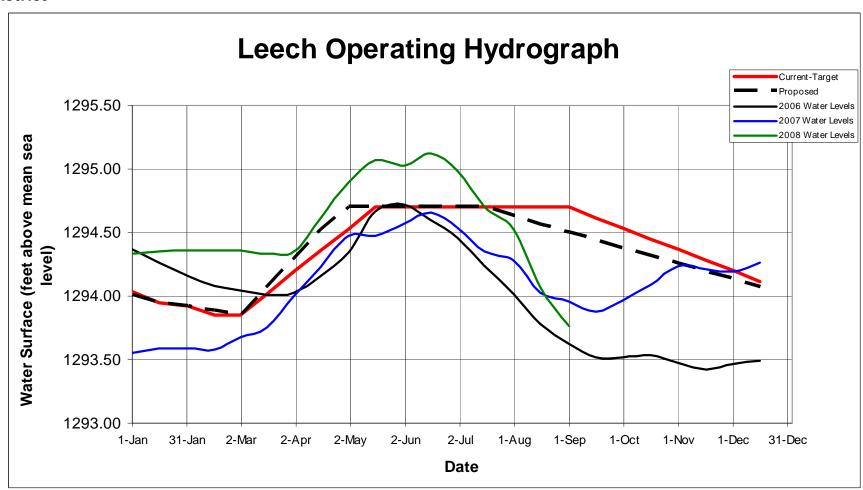






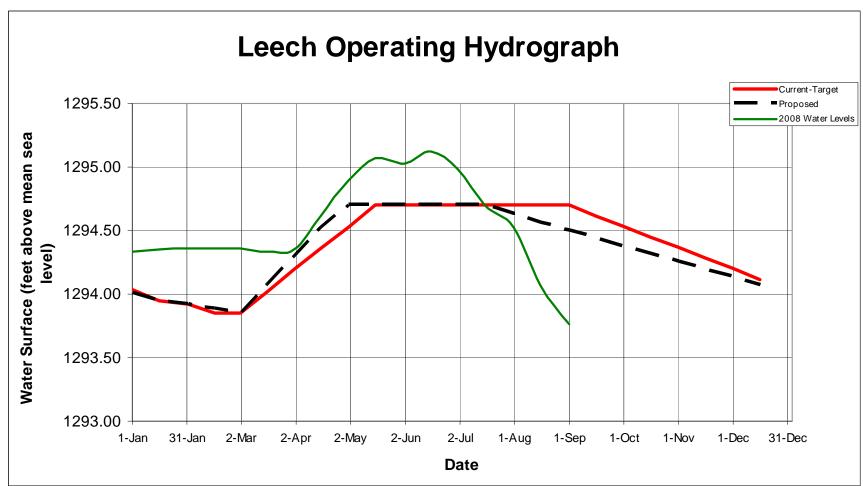






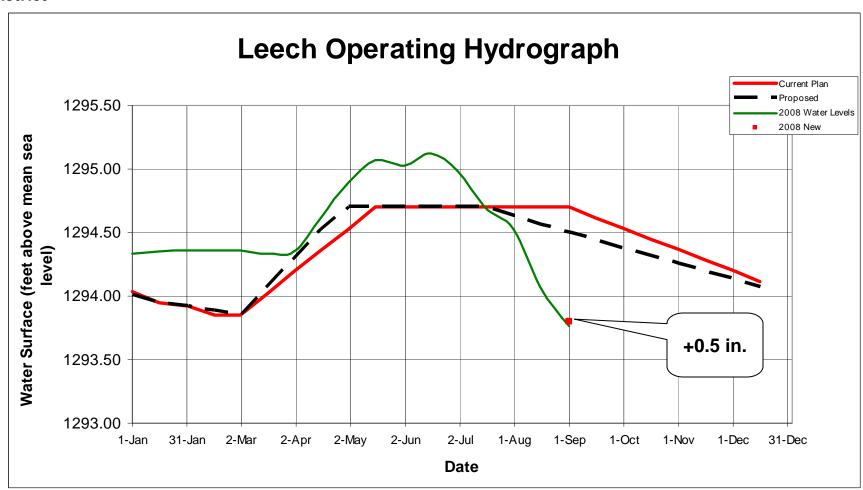
















Effects of the Proposed Plan



General Ecological Benefits of the Proposed Plan



 More natural flows and reservoir stages will benefit the health of aquatic and wetland communities and ensure their integrity for future generations.

Fish
Waterfowl
Mammals
Reptiles
Amphibians
Wetland Birds



Benefits of the Gradual Summer Decline



- Improved conditions for aquatic vegetation, including wild rice.
- Reduced shoreline erosion (property values, archeological resources, habtitat)
- Benefits to reptiles and amphibians that overwinter in wetlands.
- Reduced winter flows in rivers to benefit fish.



Benefits of the Spring Pulse Flows



- Improve fish spawning success.
- Cleans silt from rocky habitat in the rivers.
- Benefits to waterfowl nesting.





Benefits of the Increased Minimum Releases



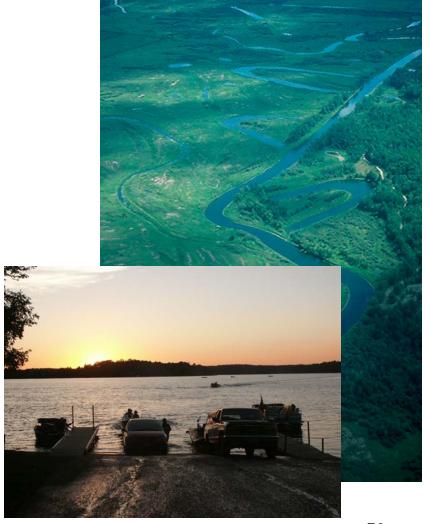
- Improved habitat conditions during dry conditions.
- Hydropower generation benefits.
- River recreation benefits.



Other Benefits of the Proposed Plan



- More natural hydrology would encourage "spinoff" environmental restoration projects.
- Protecting environmental health will ensure quality future recreational opportunities.





Adverse effects of the Proposed Plan



- Lower normal water levels in late summer and fall. Reduced boat access in shallow areas including channels, boat docks, lifts, and ramps.
- Slight additional reduction in water levels during droughts – normally less than 2 inches.





Wrap-up



ROPE Schedule



Public Meetings on Draft Proposed
Operating Plan and EIS

TODAY

Public Review Period Ends for Draft EIS

November 3rd

Release of Final EIS for Public Review

Winter 2008-2009

Record of Decision is Signed and Released

Spring 2009



For More Information



<u>Webpage</u>

www.mvp.usace.army.mil/rope

Emails

cemvp-pm-rope@mvp02.usace.army.mil

Agency Contacts

Steve Clark, ROPE Project Manager	651-290-5278
Luke Rutten, US Forest Service	218-335-8666
Kenton Spading, Hydrology	651-290-5623
Rick Carlson, Economics	651-290-5259