

Table A1. Comparison of Electric Utility Natural Gas Consumption Data by State, 1998
(Million Cubic Feet)

State	Form EIA-176	Form EIA-759	Difference	MDP ^a
Alabama.....	26,165	25,546	-618	2.4
Alaska.....	28,961	28,784	-177	0.6
Arizona.....	39,137	38,674	-463	1.2
Arkansas.....	40,150	40,576	426	1.1
California.....	323,664	271,154	-52,510	19.4
Colorado.....	8,894	10,627	1,733	19.5
Connecticut.....	10,655	10,719	64	0.6
Delaware.....	10,828	11,135	307	2.8
Florida.....	290,361	281,346	-9,015	3.2
Georgia.....	26,058	22,371	-3,688	16.5
Illinois.....	59,857	56,337	-3,520	6.2
Indiana.....	6,084	9,096	3,012	49.5
Iowa.....	8,814	5,947	-2,868	48.2
Kansas.....	28,432	36,896	8,464	29.8
Kentucky.....	1,159	5,760	4,601	396.8
Louisiana.....	253,617	318,395	64,779	25.5
Maryland.....	7,939	12,303	4,364	55.0
Massachusetts.....	18,428	18,427	-1	0
Michigan.....	46,779	48,321	1,542	3.3
Minnesota.....	5,553	7,738	2,185	39.3
Mississippi.....	71,560	76,362	4,802	6.7
Missouri.....	14,294	16,035	1,741	12.2
Montana.....	527	522	-5	0.9
Nebraska.....	2,210	5,044	2,834	128.2
Nevada.....	47,235	60,937	13,703	29.0
New Hampshire.....	0	149	149	0
New Jersey.....	28,063	30,996	2,933	10.4
New Mexico.....	16,939	39,034	22,095	130.4
New York.....	190,757	208,348	17,591	9.2
North Carolina.....	11,485	12,418	934	8.1
North Dakota.....	1	0	-1	0
Ohio.....	8,374	7,663	-710	9.3
Oklahoma.....	135,604	174,577	38,973	28.7
Oregon.....	28,065	28,883	818	2.9
Pennsylvania.....	7,725	6,890	-835	12.1
Rhode Island.....	22,984	15,589	-7,395	47.4
South Carolina.....	6,109	5,893	-216	3.7
South Dakota.....	240	2,865	2,626	—
Tennessee.....	6,058	6,213	156	2.6
Texas.....	1,003,298	1,242,574	239,276	23.8
Utah.....	5,651	5,945	294	5.2
Vermont.....	210	188	-22	11.7
Virginia.....	57,442	20,386	-37,056	181.8
Washington.....	6,344	13,352	7,007	110.5
West Virginia.....	221	417	197	89.0
Wisconsin.....	17,815	16,348	-1,467	9.0
Wyoming.....	0	271	271	0
Total.....	2,930,744	3,258,054	327,309	11.2

^a Relative comparisons are expressed as the maximum difference percentage (MDP), or the absolute value of the difference between two volumes divided by the smaller of the two volumes, multiplied by 100.
— = Not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."