1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of
- 4 2004".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:

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Sec. 1001. Short title.

Subtitle A—Establishment of Director of National Intelligence

- Sec. 1011. Reorganization and improvement of management of intelligence community.
- Sec. 1012. Revised definition of national intelligence.
- Sec. 1013. Joint procedures for operational coordination between Department of Defense and Central Intelligence Agency.
- Sec. 1014. Role of Director of National Intelligence in appointment of certain officials responsible for intelligence-related activities.
- Sec. 1015. Executive Schedule matters.
- Sec. 1016. Information sharing.
- Sec. 1017. Alternative analysis of intelligence by the intelligence community.
- Sec. 1018. Presidential guidelines on implementation and preservation of authorities.
- Sec. 1019. Assignment of responsibilities relating to analytic integrity.
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- Subtitle B—National Counterterrorism Center, National Counter Proliferation Center, and National Intelligence Centers
- Sec. 1021. National Counterterrorism Center.
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Subtitle C—Joint Intelligence Community Council

Sec. 1031. Joint Intelligence Community Council.

Subtitle D—Improvement of Education for the Intelligence Community

- Sec. 1041. Additional education and training requirements.
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- Sec. 1043. Intelligence Community Scholarship Program.

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- Sec. 1051. Service and national laboratories and the intelligence community.
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Subtitle G—Conforming and Other Amendments

- Sec. 1071. Conforming amendments relating to roles of Director of National Intelligence and Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
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- Sec. 1081. General references.

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- Sec. 1102. Extension and improvement of authorities of Public Interest Declassification Board.
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- Sec. 2001. Improvement of intelligence capabilities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 2002. Directorate of Intelligence of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 2003. Federal Bureau of Investigation intelligence career service.
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- Sec. 2005. Federal Bureau of Investigation mandatory separation age.
- Sec. 2006. Federal Bureau of Investigation use of translators.

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Sec. 3001. Security clearances.

TITLE IV—TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

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Sec. 4001. National Strategy for Transportation Security.

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1 TITLE I—REFORM OF THE

2 INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY

- 3 SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This title may be cited as the "National Security In-
- 5 telligence Reform Act of 2004".

6 Subtitle A—Establishment of

7 Director of National Intelligence

- 8 SEC. 1011. REORGANIZATION AND IMPROVEMENT OF MAN-
- 9 AGEMENT OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.
- 10 (a) In General.—Title I of the National Security
- 11 Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402 et seq.) is amended by strik-
- 12 ing sections 102 through 104 and inserting the following
- 13 new sections:
- 14 "DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE
- 15 "Sec. 102. (a) Director of National Intel-
- 16 LIGENCE.—(1) There is a Director of National Intel-
- 17 ligence who shall be appointed by the President, by and
- 18 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Any individual
- 19 nominated for appointment as Director of National Intel-
- 20 ligence shall have extensive national security expertise.
- 21 "(2) The Director of National Intelligence shall not
- 22 be located within the Executive Office of the President.
- 23 "(b) Principal Responsibility.—Subject to the
- 24 authority, direction, and control of the President, the Di-
- 25 rector of National Intelligence shall—

1	"(1) serve as head of the intelligence commu-
2	nity;
3	"(2) act as the principal adviser to the Presi-
4	dent, to the National Security Council, and the
5	Homeland Security Council for intelligence matters
6	related to the national security; and
7	"(3) consistent with section 1018 of the Na-
8	tional Security Intelligence Reform Act of 2004,
9	oversee and direct the implementation of the Na-
10	tional Intelligence Program.
11	"(c) Prohibition on Dual Service.—The indi-
12	vidual serving in the position of Director of National Intel-
13	ligence shall not, while so serving, also serve as the Direc-
14	tor of the Central Intelligence Agency or as the head of
15	any other element of the intelligence community.
16	"RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE
17	DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE
18	"Sec. 102A. (a) Provision of Intelligence.—(1)
19	The Director of National Intelligence shall be responsible
20	for ensuring that national intelligence is provided—
21	"(A) to the President;
22	"(B) to the heads of departments and agencies
23	of the executive branch;
24	"(C) to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of
25	Staff and senior military commanders:

1	"(D) to the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives and the committees thereof; and
3	"(E) to such other persons as the Director of
4	National Intelligence determines to be appropriate.
5	"(2) Such national intelligence should be timely, ob-
6	jective, independent of political considerations, and based
7	upon all sources available to the intelligence community
8	and other appropriate entities.
9	"(b) Access to Intelligence.—Unless otherwise
10	directed by the President, the Director of National Intel-
11	ligence shall have access to all national intelligence and
12	intelligence related to the national security which is col-
13	lected by any Federal department, agency, or other entity,
14	except as otherwise provided by law or, as appropriate,
15	under guidelines agreed upon by the Attorney General and
16	the Director of National Intelligence.
17	"(c) Budget Authorities.—(1) With respect to
18	budget requests and appropriations for the National Intel-
19	ligence Program, the Director of National Intelligence
20	shall—
21	"(A) based on intelligence priorities set by the
22	President, provide to the heads of departments con-
23	taining agencies or organizations within the intel-
24	ligence community, and to the heads of such agen-
25	cies and organizations, guidance for developing the

1	National Intelligence Program budget pertaining to
2	such agencies and organizations;
3	"(B) based on budget proposals provided to the
4	Director of National Intelligence by the heads of
5	agencies and organizations within the intelligence
6	community and the heads of their respective depart-
7	ments and, as appropriate, after obtaining the advice
8	of the Joint Intelligence Community Council, develop
9	and determine an annual consolidated National In-
10	telligence Program budget; and
11	"(C) present such consolidated National Intel-
12	ligence Program budget, together with any com-
13	ments from the heads of departments containing
14	agencies or organizations within the intelligence
15	community, to the President for approval.
16	"(2) In addition to the information provided under
17	paragraph (1)(B), the heads of agencies and organizations
18	within the intelligence community shall provide the Direc-
19	tor of National Intelligence such other information as the
20	Director shall request for the purpose of determining the
21	annual consolidated National Intelligence Program budget
22	under that paragraph.
23	"(3)(A) The Director of National Intelligence shall
24	participate in the development by the Secretary of Defense
25	of the annual budgets for the Joint Military Intelligence

- 1 Program and for Tactical Intelligence and Related Activi-
- 2 ties.
- 3 "(B) The Director of National Intelligence shall pro-
- 4 vide guidance for the development of the annual budget
- 5 for each element of the intelligence community that is not
- 6 within the National Intelligence Program.
- 7 "(4) The Director of National Intelligence shall en-
- 8 sure the effective execution of the annual budget for intel-
- 9 ligence and intelligence-related activities.
- 10 "(5)(A) The Director of National Intelligence shall
- 11 be responsible for managing appropriations for the Na-
- 12 tional Intelligence Program by directing the allotment or
- 13 allocation of such appropriations through the heads of the
- 14 departments containing agencies or organizations within
- 15 the intelligence community and the Director of the Central
- 16 Intelligence Agency, with prior notice (including the provi-
- 17 sion of appropriate supporting information) to the head
- 18 of the department containing an agency or organization
- 19 receiving any such allocation or allotment or the Director
- 20 of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- 21 "(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
- 22 pursuant to relevant appropriations Acts for the National
- 23 Intelligence Program, the Director of the Office of Man-
- 24 agement and Budget shall exercise the authority of the
- 25 Director of the Office of Management and Budget to ap-

- 1 portion funds, at the exclusive direction of the Director
- 2 of National Intelligence, for allocation to the elements of
- 3 the intelligence community through the relevant host exec-
- 4 utive departments and the Central Intelligence Agency.
- 5 Department comptrollers or appropriate budget execution
- 6 officers shall allot, allocate, reprogram, or transfer funds
- 7 appropriated for the National Intelligence Program in an
- 8 expeditious manner.
- 9 "(C) The Director of National Intelligence shall mon-
- 10 itor the implementation and execution of the National In-
- 11 telligence Program by the heads of the elements of the
- 12 intelligence community that manage programs and activi-
- 13 ties that are part of the National Intelligence Program,
- 14 which may include audits and evaluations.
- 15 "(6) Apportionment and allotment of funds under
- 16 this subsection shall be subject to chapter 13 and section
- 17 1517 of title 31, United States Code, and the Congres-
- 18 sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2
- 19 U.S.C. 621 et seq.).
- 20 "(7)(A) The Director of National Intelligence shall
- 21 provide a semi-annual report, beginning April 1, 2005,
- 22 and ending April 1, 2007, to the President and the Con-
- 23 gress regarding implementation of this section.
- 24 "(B) The Director of National Intelligence shall re-
- 25 port to the President and the Congress not later than 15

- 1 days after learning of any instance in which a depart-
- 2 mental comptroller acts in a manner inconsistent with the
- 3 law (including permanent statutes, authorization Acts,
- 4 and appropriations Acts), or the direction of the Director
- 5 of National Intelligence, in carrying out the National In-
- 6 telligence Program.
- 7 "(d) Role of Director of National Intel-
- 8 LIGENCE IN TRANSFER AND REPROGRAMMING OF
- 9 Funds.—(1)(A) No funds made available under the Na-
- 10 tional Intelligence Program may be transferred or repro-
- 11 grammed without the prior approval of the Director of Na-
- 12 tional Intelligence, except in accordance with procedures
- 13 prescribed by the Director of National Intelligence.
- 14 "(B) The Secretary of Defense shall consult with the
- 15 Director of National Intelligence before transferring or re-
- 16 programming funds made available under the Joint Mili-
- 17 tary Intelligence Program.
- 18 "(2) Subject to the succeeding provisions of this sub-
- 19 section, the Director of National Intelligence may transfer
- 20 or reprogram funds appropriated for a program within the
- 21 National Intelligence Program to another such program.
- 22 "(3) The Director of National Intelligence may only
- 23 transfer or reprogram funds referred to in subparagraph
- 24 (A)—

1	"(A) with the approval of the Director of the
2	Office of Management and Budget; and
3	"(B) after consultation with the heads of de-
4	partments containing agencies or organizations with-
5	in the intelligence community to the extent such
6	agencies or organizations are affected, and, in the
7	case of the Central Intelligence Agency, after con-
8	sultation with the Director of the Central Intel-
9	ligence Agency.
10	"(4) The amounts available for transfer or re-
11	programming in the National Intelligence Program in any
12	given fiscal year, and the terms and conditions governing
13	such transfers and reprogrammings, are subject to the
14	provisions of annual appropriations Acts and this sub-
15	section.
16	"(5)(A) A transfer or reprogramming of funds or per-
17	sonnel may be made under this subsection only if—
18	"(i) the funds are being transferred to an activ-
19	ity that is a higher priority intelligence activity;
20	"(ii) the transfer or reprogramming supports
21	an emergent need, improves program effectiveness,
22	or increases efficiency;
23	"(iii) the transfer or reprogramming does not
24	involve a transfer or reprogramming of funds to a
25	Reserve for Contingencies of the Director of Na-

1	tional Intelligence or the Reserve for Contingencies
2	of the Central Intelligence Agency;
3	"(iv) the transfer or reprogramming results in
4	a cumulative transfer or reprogramming of funds
5	out of any department or agency, as appropriate,
6	funded in the National Intelligence Program in a
7	single fiscal year—
8	"(I) that is less than $$150,000,000$, and
9	"(II) that is less than 5 percent of
10	amounts available to a department or agency
11	under the National Intelligence Program; and
12	"(v) the transfer or reprogramming does not
13	terminate an acquisition program.
14	"(B) A transfer or reprogramming may be made
15	without regard to a limitation set forth in clause (iv) or
16	(v) of subparagraph (A) if the transfer has the concur-
17	rence of the head of the department involved or the Direc-
18	tor of the Central Intelligence Agency (in the case of the
19	Central Intelligence Agency). The authority to provide
20	such concurrence may only be delegated by the head of
21	the department or agency involved to the deputy of such
22	officer.
23	"(6) Funds transferred or reprogrammed under this
24	subsection shall remain available for the same period as

- 1 the appropriations account to which transferred or repro-
- 2 grammed.
- 3 "(7) Any transfer or reprogramming of funds under
- 4 this subsection shall be carried out in accordance with ex-
- 5 isting procedures applicable to reprogramming notifica-
- 6 tions for the appropriate congressional committees. Any
- 7 proposed transfer or reprogramming for which notice is
- 8 given to the appropriate congressional committees shall be
- 9 accompanied by a report explaining the nature of the pro-
- 10 posed transfer or reprogramming and how it satisfies the
- 11 requirements of this subsection. In addition, the congres-
- 12 sional intelligence committees shall be promptly notified
- 13 of any transfer or reprogramming of funds made pursuant
- 14 to this subsection in any case in which the transfer or re-
- 15 programming would not have otherwise required re-
- 16 programming notification under procedures in effect as of
- 17 the date of the enactment of this subsection.
- 18 "(e) Transfer of Personnel.—(1)(A) In addition
- 19 to any other authorities available under law for such pur-
- 20 poses, in the first twelve months after establishment of
- 21 a new national intelligence center, the Director of National
- 22 Intelligence, with the approval of the Director of the Office
- 23 of Management and Budget and in consultation with the
- 24 congressional committees of jurisdiction referred to in sub-
- 25 paragraph (B), may transfer not more than 100 personnel

1	authorized for elements of the intelligence community to
2	such center.
3	"(B) The Director of National Intelligence shall
4	promptly provide notice of any transfer of personnel made
5	pursuant to this paragraph to—
6	"(i) the congressional intelligence committees;
7	"(ii) the Committees on Appropriations of the
8	Senate and the House of Representatives;
9	"(iii) in the case of the transfer of personnel to
10	or from the Department of Defense, the Committees
11	on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of
12	Representatives; and
13	"(iv) in the case of the transfer of personnel to
14	or from the Department of Justice, to the Commit-
15	tees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House
16	of Representatives.
17	"(C) The Director shall include in any notice under
18	subparagraph (B) an explanation of the nature of the
19	transfer and how it satisfies the requirements of this sub-
20	section.
21	"(2)(A) The Director of National Intelligence, with
22	the approval of the Director of the Office of Management
23	and Budget and in accordance with procedures to be devel-
24	oped by the Director of National Intelligence and the

25 heads of the departments and agencies concerned, may

1	transfer personnel authorized for an element of the intel-
2	ligence community to another such element for a period
3	of not more than 2 years.
4	"(B) A transfer of personnel may be made under this
5	paragraph only if—
6	"(i) the personnel are being transferred to an
7	activity that is a higher priority intelligence activity;
8	and
9	"(ii) the transfer supports an emergent need,
10	improves program effectiveness, or increases effi-
11	ciency.
12	"(C) The Director of National Intelligence shall
13	promptly provide notice of any transfer of personnel made
14	pursuant to this paragraph to—
15	"(i) the congressional intelligence committees;
16	"(ii) in the case of the transfer of personnel to
17	or from the Department of Defense, the Committees
18	on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of
19	Representatives; and
20	"(iii) in the case of the transfer of personnel to
21	or from the Department of Justice, to the Commit-
22	tees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House
23	of Representatives.
24	"(D) The Director shall include in any notice under
25	subparagraph (C) an explanation of the nature of the

1	transfer and how it satisfies the requirements of this para-
2	graph.
3	"(3) It is the sense of Congress that—
4	"(A) the nature of the national security threats
5	facing the United States will continue to challenge
6	the intelligence community to respond rapidly and
7	flexibly to bring analytic resources to bear against
8	emerging and unforeseen requirements;
9	"(B) both the Office of the Director of National
10	Intelligence and any analytic centers determined to
11	be necessary should be fully and properly supported
12	with appropriate levels of personnel resources and
13	that the President's yearly budget requests ade-
14	quately support those needs; and
15	"(C) the President should utilize all legal and
16	administrative discretion to ensure that the Director
17	of National Intelligence and all other elements of the
18	intelligence community have the necessary resources
19	and procedures to respond promptly and effectively
20	to emerging and unforeseen national security chal-
21	lenges.
22	"(f) Tasking and Other Authorities.—(1)(A)
23	The Director of National Intelligence shall—
24	"(i) establish objectives, priorities, and guidance
25	for the intelligence community to ensure timely and

1	effective collection, processing, analysis, and dissemi-
2	nation (including access by users to collected data
3	consistent with applicable law and, as appropriate,
4	the guidelines referred to in subsection (b) and ana-
5	lytic products generated by or within the intelligence
6	community) of national intelligence;
7	"(ii) determine requirements and priorities for,
8	and manage and direct the tasking of, collection,
9	analysis, production, and dissemination of national
10	intelligence by elements of the intelligence commu-
11	nity, including—
12	"(I) approving requirements (including
13	those requirements responding to needs pro-
14	vided by consumers) for collection and analysis;
15	and
16	"(II) resolving conflicts in collection re-
17	quirements and in the tasking of national col-
18	lection assets of the elements of the intelligence
19	community; and
20	"(iii) provide advisory tasking to intelligence
21	elements of those agencies and departments not
22	within the National Intelligence Program.
23	"(B) The authority of the Director of National Intel-
24	ligence under subparagraph (A) shall not apply—
25	"(i) insofar as the President so directs;

1	"(ii) with respect to clause (ii) of subparagraph
2	(A), insofar as the Secretary of Defense exercises
3	tasking authority under plans or arrangements
4	agreed upon by the Secretary of Defense and the Di-
5	rector of National Intelligence; or
6	"(iii) to the direct dissemination of information
7	to State government and local government officials
8	and private sector entities pursuant to sections 201
9	and 892 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
10	U.S.C. 121, 482).
11	"(2) The Director of National Intelligence shall over-
12	see the National Counterterrorism Center and may estab-
13	lish such other national intelligence centers as the Director
14	determines necessary.
15	"(3)(A) The Director of National Intelligence shall
16	prescribe, in consultation with the heads of other agencies
17	or elements of the intelligence community, and the heads
18	of their respective departments, personnel policies and
19	programs applicable to the intelligence community that—
20	"(i) encourage and facilitate assignments and
21	details of personnel to national intelligence centers,
22	and between elements of the intelligence community;
23	"(ii) set standards for education, training, and
24	career development of personnel of the intelligence
25	community;

1	"(iii) encourage and facilitate the recruitment
2	and retention by the intelligence community of high-
3	ly qualified individuals for the effective conduct of
4	intelligence activities;
5	"(iv) ensure that the personnel of the intel-
6	ligence community are sufficiently diverse for pur-
7	poses of the collection and analysis of intelligence
8	through the recruitment and training of women, mi-
9	norities, and individuals with diverse ethnic, cultural,
10	and linguistic backgrounds;
11	"(v) make service in more than one element of
12	the intelligence community a condition of promotion
13	to such positions within the intelligence community
14	as the Director shall specify; and
15	"(vi) ensure the effective management of intel-
16	ligence community personnel who are responsible for
17	intelligence community-wide matters.
18	"(B) Policies prescribed under subparagraph (A)
19	shall not be inconsistent with the personnel policies other-
20	wise applicable to members of the uniformed services.
21	"(4) The Director of National Intelligence shall en-
22	sure compliance with the Constitution and laws of the
23	United States by the Central Intelligence Agency and shall
24	ensure such compliance by other elements of the intel-
25	ligence community through the host executive departments

- 1 that manage the programs and activities that are part of
- 2 the National Intelligence Program.
- 3 "(5) The Director of National Intelligence shall en-
- 4 sure the elimination of waste and unnecessary duplication
- 5 within the intelligence community.
- 6 "(6) The Director of National Intelligence shall es-
- 7 tablish requirements and priorities for foreign intelligence
- 8 information to be collected under the Foreign Intelligence
- 9 Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), and
- 10 provide assistance to the Attorney General to ensure that
- 11 information derived from electronic surveillance or phys-
- 12 ical searches under that Act is disseminated so it may be
- 13 used efficiently and effectively for national intelligence
- 14 purposes, except that the Director shall have no authority
- 15 to direct or undertake electronic surveillance or physical
- 16 search operations pursuant to that Act unless authorized
- 17 by statute or Executive order.
- 18 "(7) The Director of National Intelligence shall per-
- 19 form such other functions as the President may direct.
- 20 "(8) Nothing in this title shall be construed as affect-
- 21 ing the role of the Department of Justice or the Attorney
- 22 General under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
- 23 of 1978.
- 24 "(g) Intelligence Information Sharing.—(1)
- 25 The Director of National Intelligence shall have principal

1	authority to ensure maximum availability of and access
2	to intelligence information within the intelligence commu-
3	nity consistent with national security requirements. The
4	Director of National Intelligence shall—
5	"(A) establish uniform security standards and
6	procedures;
7	"(B) establish common information technology
8	standards, protocols, and interfaces;
9	"(C) ensure development of information tech-
10	nology systems that include multi-level security and
11	intelligence integration capabilities;
12	"(D) establish policies and procedures to resolve
13	conflicts between the need to share intelligence infor-
14	mation and the need to protect intelligence sources
15	and methods;
16	"(E) develop an enterprise architecture for the
17	intelligence community and ensure that elements of
18	the intelligence community comply with such archi-
19	tecture; and
20	"(F) have procurement approval authority over
21	all enterprise architecture-related information tech-
22	nology items funded in the National Intelligence
23	Program.

- 1 "(2) The President shall ensure that the Director of
- 2 National Intelligence has all necessary support and au-
- 3 thorities to fully and effectively implement paragraph (1).
- 4 "(3) Except as otherwise directed by the President
- 5 or with the specific written agreement of the head of the
- 6 department or agency in question, a Federal agency or
- 7 official shall not be considered to have met any obligation
- 8 to provide any information, report, assessment, or other
- 9 material (including unevaluated intelligence information)
- 10 to that department or agency solely by virtue of having
- 11 provided that information, report, assessment, or other
- 12 material to the Director of National Intelligence or the
- 13 National Counterterrorism Center.
- 14 "(4) Not later than February 1 of each year, the Di-
- 15 rector of National Intelligence shall submit to the Presi-
- 16 dent and to the Congress an annual report that identifies
- 17 any statute, regulation, policy, or practice that the Direc-
- 18 tor believes impedes the ability of the Director to fully and
- 19 effectively implement paragraph (1).
- 20 "(h) Analysis.—To ensure the most accurate anal-
- 21 ysis of intelligence is derived from all sources to support
- 22 national security needs, the Director of National Intel-
- 23 ligence shall—
- "(1) implement policies and procedures—

1	"(A) to encourage sound analytic methods
2	and tradecraft throughout the elements of the
3	intelligence community;
4	"(B) to ensure that analysis is based upon
5	all sources available; and
6	"(C) to ensure that the elements of the in-
7	telligence community regularly conduct competi-
8	tive analysis of analytic products, whether such
9	products are produced by or disseminated to
10	such elements;
11	"(2) ensure that resource allocation for intel-
12	ligence analysis is appropriately proportional to re-
13	source allocation for intelligence collection systems
14	and operations in order to maximize analysis of all
15	collected data;
16	"(3) ensure that differences in analytic judg-
17	ment are fully considered and brought to the atten-
18	tion of policymakers; and
19	"(4) ensure that sufficient relationships are es-
20	tablished between intelligence collectors and analysts
21	to facilitate greater understanding of the needs of
22	analysts.
23	"(i) Protection of Intelligence Sources and
24	Methods.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence

- 1 shall protect intelligence sources and methods from unau-
- 2 thorized disclosure.
- 3 "(2) Consistent with paragraph (1), in order to maxi-
- 4 mize the dissemination of intelligence, the Director of Na-
- 5 tional Intelligence shall establish and implement guidelines
- 6 for the intelligence community for the following purposes:
- 7 "(A) Classification of information under appli-
- 8 cable law, Executive orders, or other Presidential di-
- 9 rectives.
- 10 "(B) Access to and dissemination of intel-
- ligence, both in final form and in the form when ini-
- tially gathered.
- "(C) Preparation of intelligence products in
- such a way that source information is removed to
- allow for dissemination at the lowest level of classi-
- 16 fication possible or in unclassified form to the extent
- 17 practicable.
- 18 "(3) The Director may only delegate a duty or au-
- 19 thority given the Director under this subsection to the
- 20 Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence.
- 21 "(j) Uniform Procedures for Sensitive Com-
- 22 PARTMENTED INFORMATION.—The Director of National
- 23 Intelligence, subject to the direction of the President,
- 24 shall—

1	"(1) establish uniform standards and proce-
2	dures for the grant of access to sensitive compart-
3	mented information to any officer or employee of
4	any agency or department of the United States and
5	to employees of contractors of those agencies or de-
6	partments;
7	"(2) ensure the consistent implementation of
8	those standards and procedures throughout such
9	agencies and departments;
10	"(3) ensure that security clearances granted by
11	individual elements of the intelligence community
12	are recognized by all elements of the intelligence
13	community, and under contracts entered into by
14	those agencies; and
15	"(4) ensure that the process for investigation
16	and adjudication of an application for access to sen-
17	sitive compartmented information is performed in
18	the most expeditious manner possible consistent with
19	applicable standards for national security.
20	"(k) Coordination With Foreign Govern-
21	MENTS.—Under the direction of the President and in a
22	manner consistent with section 207 of the Foreign Service
23	Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3927), the Director of National
24	Intelligence shall oversee the coordination of the relation-
25	ships between elements of the intelligence community and

- 1 the intelligence or security services of foreign governments
- 2 or international organizations on all matters involving in-
- 3 telligence related to the national security or involving in-
- 4 telligence acquired through clandestine means.
- 5 "(1) Enhanced Personnel Management.—(1)(A)
- 6 The Director of National Intelligence shall, under regula-
- 7 tions prescribed by the Director, provide incentives for
- 8 personnel of elements of the intelligence community to
- 9 serve—
- 10 "(i) on the staff of the Director of National In-
- 11 telligence;
- "(ii) on the staff of the national intelligence
- centers;
- 14 "(iii) on the staff of the National
- 15 Counterterrorism Center; and
- 16 "(iv) in other positions in support of the intel-
- 17 ligence community management functions of the Di-
- 18 rector.
- 19 "(B) Incentives under subparagraph (A) may include
- 20 financial incentives, bonuses, and such other awards and
- 21 incentives as the Director considers appropriate.
- 22 "(2)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
- 23 the personnel of an element of the intelligence community
- 24 who are assigned or detailed under paragraph (1)(A) to
- 25 service under the Director of National Intelligence shall

- 1 be promoted at rates equivalent to or better than per-
- 2 sonnel of such element who are not so assigned or detailed.
- 3 "(B) The Director may prescribe regulations to carry
- 4 out this section.
- 5 "(3)(A) The Director of National Intelligence shall
- 6 prescribe mechanisms to facilitate the rotation of per-
- 7 sonnel of the intelligence community through various ele-
- 8 ments of the intelligence community in the course of their
- 9 careers in order to facilitate the widest possible under-
- 10 standing by such personnel of the variety of intelligence
- 11 requirements, methods, users, and capabilities.
- 12 "(B) The mechanisms prescribed under subpara-
- 13 graph (A) may include the following:
- 14 "(i) The establishment of special occupational
- 15 categories involving service, over the course of a ca-
- reer, in more than one element of the intelligence
- 17 community.
- 18 "(ii) The provision of rewards for service in po-
- sitions undertaking analysis and planning of oper-
- ations involving two or more elements of the intel-
- 21 ligence community.
- 22 "(iii) The establishment of requirements for
- education, training, service, and evaluation for serv-
- ice involving more than one element of the intel-
- 25 ligence community.

- 1 "(C) It is the sense of Congress that the mechanisms
- 2 prescribed under this subsection should, to the extent
- 3 practical, seek to duplicate for civilian personnel within
- 4 the intelligence community the joint officer management
- 5 policies established by chapter 38 of title 10, United
- 6 States Code, and the other amendments made by title IV
- 7 of the Goldwater-Nichols Department of Defense Reorga-
- 8 nization Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–433).
- 9 "(4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) and
- 10 subparagraph (D), this subsection shall not apply with re-
- 11 spect to personnel of the elements of the intelligence com-
- 12 munity who are members of the uniformed services.
- 13 "(B) Mechanisms that establish requirements for
- 14 education and training pursuant to paragraph (3)(B)(iii)
- 15 may apply with respect to members of the uniformed serv-
- 16 ices who are assigned to an element of the intelligence
- 17 community funded through the National Intelligence Pro-
- 18 gram, but such mechanisms shall not be inconsistent with
- 19 personnel policies and education and training require-
- 20 ments otherwise applicable to members of the uniformed
- 21 services.
- 22 "(C) The personnel policies and programs developed
- 23 and implemented under this subsection with respect to law
- 24 enforcement officers (as that term is defined in section
- 25 5541(3) of title 5, United States Code) shall not affect

- 1 the ability of law enforcement entities to conduct oper-
- 2 ations or, through the applicable chain of command, to
- 3 control the activities of such law enforcement officers.
- 4 "(D) Assignment to the Office of the Director of Na-
- 5 tional Intelligence of commissioned officers of the Armed
- 6 Forces shall be considered a joint-duty assignment for
- 7 purposes of the joint officer management policies pre-
- 8 scribed by chapter 38 of title 10, United States Code, and
- 9 other provisions of that title.
- 10 "(m) Additional Authority With Respect to
- 11 Personnel.—(1) In addition to the authorities under
- 12 subsection (f)(3), the Director of National Intelligence
- 13 may exercise with respect to the personnel of the Office
- 14 of the Director of National Intelligence any authority of
- 15 the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency with re-
- 16 spect to the personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency
- 17 under the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50
- 18 U.S.C. 403a et seq.), and other applicable provisions of
- 19 law, as of the date of the enactment of this subsection
- 20 to the same extent, and subject to the same conditions
- 21 and limitations, that the Director of the Central Intel-
- 22 ligence Agency may exercise such authority with respect
- 23 to personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- 24 "(2) Employees and applicants for employment of the
- 25 Office of the Director of National Intelligence shall have

- 1 the same rights and protections under the Office of the
- 2 Director of National Intelligence as employees of the Cen-
- 3 tral Intelligence Agency have under the Central Intel-
- 4 ligence Agency Act of 1949, and other applicable provi-
- 5 sions of law, as of the date of the enactment of this sub-
- 6 section.
- 7 "(n) Acquisition Authorities.—(1) In carrying
- 8 out the responsibilities and authorities under this section,
- 9 the Director of National Intelligence may exercise the ac-
- 10 quisition and appropriations authorities referred to in the
- 11 Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a
- 12 et seq.) other than the authorities referred to in section
- 13 8(b) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403j(b)).
- 14 "(2) For the purpose of the exercise of any authority
- 15 referred to in paragraph (1), a reference to the head of
- 16 an agency shall be deemed to be a reference to the Direc-
- 17 tor of National Intelligence or the Principal Deputy Direc-
- 18 tor of National Intelligence.
- 19 "(3)(A) Any determination or decision to be made
- 20 under an authority referred to in paragraph (1) by the
- 21 head of an agency may be made with respect to individual
- 22 purchases and contracts or with respect to classes of pur-
- 23 chases or contracts, and shall be final.
- 24 "(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the Di-
- 25 rector of National Intelligence or the Principal Deputy Di-

- 1 rector of National Intelligence may, in such official's dis-
- 2 cretion, delegate to any officer or other official of the Of-
- 3 fice of the Director of National Intelligence any authority
- 4 to make a determination or decision as the head of the
- 5 agency under an authority referred to in paragraph (1).
- 6 "(C) The limitations and conditions set forth in sec-
- 7 tion 3(d) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949
- 8 (50 U.S.C. 403c(d)) shall apply to the exercise by the Di-
- 9 rector of National Intelligence of an authority referred to
- 10 in paragraph (1).
- 11 "(D) Each determination or decision required by an
- 12 authority referred to in the second sentence of section 3(d)
- 13 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 shall be
- 14 based upon written findings made by the official making
- 15 such determination or decision, which findings shall be
- 16 final and shall be available within the Office of the Direc-
- 17 tor of National Intelligence for a period of at least six
- 18 years following the date of such determination or decision.
- 19 "(o) Consideration of Views of Elements of
- 20 Intelligence Community.—In carrying out the duties
- 21 and responsibilities under this section, the Director of Na-
- 22 tional Intelligence shall take into account the views of a
- 23 head of a department containing an element of the intel-
- 24 ligence community and of the Director of the Central In-
- 25 telligence Agency.

1	"(p) Responsibility of Director of National
2	INTELLIGENCE REGARDING NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE
3	PROGRAM BUDGET CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF
4	DEFENSE.—Subject to the direction of the President, the
5	Director of National Intelligence shall, after consultation
6	with the Secretary of Defense, ensure that the National
7	Intelligence Program budgets for the elements of the intel-
8	ligence community that are within the Department of De-
9	fense are adequate to satisfy the national intelligence
10	needs of the Department of Defense, including the needs
11	of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the com-
12	manders of the unified and specified commands, and wher-
13	ever such elements are performing Government-wide func-
14	tions, the needs of other Federal departments and agen-
15	cies.
16	"(q) Acquisitions of Major Systems.—(1) For
17	each intelligence program within the National Intelligence
18	Program for the acquisition of a major system, the Direc-
19	tor of National Intelligence shall—
20	"(A) require the development and implementa-
21	tion of a program management plan that includes
22	cost, schedule, and performance goals and program
23	milestone criteria, except that with respect to De-
24	partment of Defense programs the Director shall
25	consult with the Secretary of Defense;

1	"(B) serve as exclusive milestone decision au-
2	thority, except that with respect to Department of
3	Defense programs the Director shall serve as mile-
4	stone decision authority jointly with the Secretary of
5	Defense or the designee of the Secretary; and
6	"(C) periodically—
7	"(i) review and assess the progress made
8	toward the achievement of the goals and mile-
9	stones established in such plan; and
10	"(ii) submit to Congress a report on the
11	results of such review and assessment.
12	"(2) If the Director of National Intelligence and the
13	Secretary of Defense are unable to reach an agreement
14	on a milestone decision under paragraph (1)(B), the Presi-
15	dent shall resolve the conflict.
16	"(3) Nothing in this subsection may be construed to
17	limit the authority of the Director of National Intelligence
18	to delegate to any other official any authority to perform
19	the responsibilities of the Director under this subsection.
20	"(4) In this subsection:
21	"(A) The term 'intelligence program', with re-
22	spect to the acquisition of a major system, means a
23	program that—

1	"(i) is carried out to acquire such major
2	system for an element of the intelligence com-
3	munity; and
4	"(ii) is funded in whole out of amounts
5	available for the National Intelligence Program.
6	"(B) The term 'major system' has the meaning
7	given such term in section 4(9) of the Federal Prop-
8	erty and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41
9	U.S.C. $403(9)$).
10	"(r) Performance of Common Services.—The
11	Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation
12	with the heads of departments and agencies of the United
13	States Government containing elements within the intel-
14	ligence community and with the Director of the Central
15	Intelligence Agency, coordinate the performance by the
16	elements of the intelligence community within the Na-
17	tional Intelligence Program of such services as are of com-
18	mon concern to the intelligence community, which services
19	the Director of National Intelligence determines can be
20	more efficiently accomplished in a consolidated manner.
21	"OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE
22	"Sec. 103. (a) Office of Director of National
23	INTELLIGENCE.—There is an Office of the Director of Na-
24	tional Intelligence.
25	"(b) Function.—The function of the Office of the
26	Director of National Intelligence is to assist the Director

1	of National Intelligence in carrying out the duties and re-
2	sponsibilities of the Director under this Act, the National
3	Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.), and other
4	applicable provisions of law, and to carry out such other
5	duties as may be prescribed by the President or by law.
6	"(c) Composition.—The Office of the Director of
7	National Intelligence is composed of the following:
8	"(1) The Director of National Intelligence.
9	"(2) The Principal Deputy Director of National
10	Intelligence.

- 11 "(3) Any Deputy Director of National Intel-12 ligence appointed under section 103A.
- "(4) The National Intelligence Council.
- 14 "(5) The General Counsel.
- 15 "(6) The Civil Liberties Protection Officer.
- 16 "(7) The Director of Science and Technology.
- 17 "(8) The National Counterintelligence Execu-18 tive (including the Office of the National Counter-19 intelligence Executive).
- "(9) Such other offices and officials as may be established by law or the Director may establish or designate in the Office, including national intelligence centers.
- 24 "(d) Staff.—(1) To assist the Director of National
- 25 Intelligence in fulfilling the duties and responsibilities of

- 1 the Director, the Director shall employ and utilize in the
- 2 Office of the Director of National Intelligence a profes-
- 3 sional staff having an expertise in matters relating to such
- 4 duties and responsibilities, and may establish permanent
- 5 positions and appropriate rates of pay with respect to that
- 6 staff.
- 7 "(2) The staff of the Office of the Director of Na-
- 8 tional Intelligence under paragraph (1) shall include the
- 9 staff of the Office of the Deputy Director of Central Intel-
- 10 ligence for Community Management that is transferred to
- 11 the Office of the Director of National Intelligence under
- 12 section 1091 of the National Security Intelligence Reform
- 13 Act of 2004.
- 14 "(e) Limitation on Co-Location With Other
- 15 ELEMENTS OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Com-
- 16 mencing as of October 1, 2008, the Office of the Director
- 17 of National Intelligence may not be co-located with any
- 18 other element of the intelligence community.
- 19 "DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE
- 20 "Sec. 103A. (a) Principal Deputy Director of
- 21 National Intelligence.—(1) There is a Principal Dep-
- 22 uty Director of National Intelligence who shall be ap-
- 23 pointed by the President, by and with the advice and con-
- 24 sent of the Senate.
- 25 "(2) In the event of a vacancy in the position of Prin-
- 26 cipal Deputy Director of National Intelligence, the Direc-

- 1 tor of National Intelligence shall recommend to the Presi-
- 2 dent an individual for appointment as Principal Deputy
- 3 Director of National Intelligence.
- 4 "(3) Any individual nominated for appointment as
- 5 Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence shall
- 6 have extensive national security experience and manage-
- 7 ment expertise.
- 8 "(4) The individual serving as Principal Deputy Di-
- 9 rector of National Intelligence shall not, while so serving,
- 10 serve in any capacity in any other element of the intel-
- 11 ligence community.
- 12 "(5) The Principal Deputy Director of National Intel-
- 13 ligence shall assist the Director of National Intelligence
- 14 in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Direc-
- 15 tor.
- 16 "(6) The Principal Deputy Director of National Intel-
- 17 ligence shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the Direc-
- 18 tor of National Intelligence during the absence or dis-
- 19 ability of the Director of National Intelligence or during
- 20 a vacancy in the position of Director of National Intel-
- 21 ligence.
- 22 "(b) Deputy Directors of National Intel-
- 23 LIGENCE.—(1) There may be not more than four Deputy
- 24 Directors of National Intelligence who shall be appointed
- 25 by the Director of National Intelligence.

	99
1	"(2) Each Deputy Director of National Intelligence
2	appointed under this subsection shall have such duties, re-
3	sponsibilities, and authorities as the Director of National
4	Intelligence may assign or are specified by law.
5	"(c) Military Status of Director of National
6	INTELLIGENCE AND PRINCIPAL DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF
7	NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—(1) Not more than one of the
8	individuals serving in the positions specified in paragraph
9	(2) may be a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces
10	in active status.
11	"(2) The positions referred to in this paragraph are
12	the following:
13	"(A) The Director of National Intelligence.
14	"(B) The Principal Deputy Director of Na-
15	tional Intelligence.
16	"(3) It is the sense of Congress that, under ordinary
17	circumstances, it is desirable that one of the individuals
18	serving in the positions specified in paragraph (2)—

- "(A) be a commissioned officer of the Armed 19
- Forces, in active status; or 20
- 21 "(B) have, by training or experience, an appre-
- ciation of military intelligence activities and require-22
- 23 ments.
- "(4) A commissioned officer of the Armed Forces, 24
- 25 while serving in a position specified in paragraph (2)—

1	"(A) shall not be subject to supervision or con-
2	trol by the Secretary of Defense or by any officer or
3	employee of the Department of Defense;
4	"(B) shall not exercise, by reason of the offi-
5	cer's status as a commissioned officer, any super-
6	vision or control with respect to any of the military
7	or civilian personnel of the Department of Defense
8	except as otherwise authorized by law; and
9	"(C) shall not be counted against the numbers
10	and percentages of commissioned officers of the rank
11	and grade of such officer authorized for the military
12	department of that officer.
13	"(5) Except as provided in subparagraph (A) or (B)
14	of paragraph (4), the appointment of an officer of the
15	Armed Forces to a position specified in paragraph (2)
16	shall not affect the status, position, rank, or grade of such
17	officer in the Armed Forces, or any emolument, perquisite,
18	right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of such
19	status, position, rank, or grade.
20	"(6) A commissioned officer of the Armed Forces on
21	active duty who is appointed to a position specified in
22	paragraph (2), while serving in such position and while
23	remaining on active duty, shall continue to receive military
24	pay and allowances and shall not receive the pay pre-
25	scribed for such position. Funds from which such pay and

- 1 allowances are paid shall be reimbursed from funds avail-
- 2 able to the Director of National Intelligence.
- 3 "NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE COUNCIL
- 4 "Sec. 103B. (a) National Intelligence Coun-
- 5 CIL.—There is a National Intelligence Council.
- 6 "(b) Composition.—(1) The National Intelligence
- 7 Council shall be composed of senior analysts within the
- 8 intelligence community and substantive experts from the
- 9 public and private sector, who shall be appointed by, re-
- 10 port to, and serve at the pleasure of, the Director of Na-
- 11 tional Intelligence.
- 12 "(2) The Director shall prescribe appropriate security
- 13 requirements for personnel appointed from the private sec-
- 14 tor as a condition of service on the Council, or as contrac-
- 15 tors of the Council or employees of such contractors, to
- 16 ensure the protection of intelligence sources and methods
- 17 while avoiding, wherever possible, unduly intrusive re-
- 18 quirements which the Director considers to be unnecessary
- 19 for this purpose.
- 20 "(c) Duties and Responsibilities.—(1) The Na-
- 21 tional Intelligence Council shall—
- 22 "(A) produce national intelligence estimates for
- the United States Government, including alternative
- views held by elements of the intelligence community
- and other information as specified in paragraph (2);

1	"(B) evaluate community-wide collection and
2	production of intelligence by the intelligence commu-
3	nity and the requirements and resources of such col-
4	lection and production; and
5	"(C) otherwise assist the Director of National
6	Intelligence in carrying out the responsibilities of the
7	Director under section 102A.
8	"(2) The Director of National Intelligence shall en-
9	sure that the Council satisfies the needs of policymakers
10	and other consumers of intelligence.
11	"(d) Service as Senior Intelligence Advis-
12	ERS.—Within their respective areas of expertise and under
13	the direction of the Director of National Intelligence, the
14	members of the National Intelligence Council shall con-
15	stitute the senior intelligence advisers of the intelligence
16	community for purposes of representing the views of the
17	intelligence community within the United States Govern-
18	ment.
19	"(e) AUTHORITY TO CONTRACT.—Subject to the di-
20	rection and control of the Director of National Intel-
21	ligence, the National Intelligence Council may carry out
22	its responsibilities under this section by contract, including
23	contracts for substantive experts necessary to assist the
24	Council with particular assessments under this section.

- 1 "(f) Staff.—The Director of National Intelligence
- 2 shall make available to the National Intelligence Council
- 3 such staff as may be necessary to permit the Council to
- 4 carry out its responsibilities under this section.
- 5 "(g) Availability of Council and Staff.—(1)
- 6 The Director of National Intelligence shall take appro-
- 7 priate measures to ensure that the National Intelligence
- 8 Council and its staff satisfy the needs of policymaking offi-
- 9 cials and other consumers of intelligence.
- 10 "(2) The Council shall be readily accessible to policy-
- 11 making officials and other appropriate individuals not oth-
- 12 erwise associated with the intelligence community.
- 13 "(h) Support.—The heads of the elements of the in-
- 14 telligence community shall, as appropriate, furnish such
- 15 support to the National Intelligence Council, including the
- 16 preparation of intelligence analyses, as may be required
- 17 by the Director of National Intelligence.
- 18 "(i) National Intelligence Council Prod-
- 19 UCT.—For purposes of this section, the term 'National In-
- 20 telligence Council product' includes a National Intelligence
- 21 Estimate and any other intelligence community assess-
- 22 ment that sets forth the judgment of the intelligence com-
- 23 munity as a whole on a matter covered by such product.
- 24 "GENERAL COUNSEL
- 25 "Sec. 103C. (a) General Counsel.—There is a
- 26 General Counsel of the Office of the Director of National

- 1 Intelligence who shall be appointed by the President, by
- 2 and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- 3 "(b) Prohibition on Dual Service as General
- 4 Counsel of Another Agency.—The individual serving
- 5 in the position of General Counsel may not, while so serv-
- 6 ing, also serve as the General Counsel of any other depart-
- 7 ment, agency, or element of the United States Govern-
- 8 ment.
- 9 "(c) Scope of Position.—The General Counsel is
- 10 the chief legal officer of the Office of the Director of Na-
- 11 tional Intelligence.
- 12 "(d) Functions.—The General Counsel shall per-
- 13 form such functions as the Director of National Intel-
- 14 ligence may prescribe.
- 15 "CIVIL LIBERTIES PROTECTION OFFICER
- 16 "Sec. 103D. (a) Civil Liberties Protection Of-
- 17 FICER.—(1) Within the Office of the Director of National
- 18 Intelligence, there is a Civil Liberties Protection Officer
- 19 who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intel-
- 20 ligence.
- 21 "(2) The Civil Liberties Protection Officer shall re-
- 22 port directly to the Director of National Intelligence.
- 23 "(b) Duties.—The Civil Liberties Protection Officer
- 24 shall—
- 25 "(1) ensure that the protection of civil liberties
- and privacy is appropriately incorporated in the poli-

1	cies and procedures developed for and implemented
2	by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence
3	and the elements of the intelligence community with-
4	in the National Intelligence Program;
5	"(2) oversee compliance by the Office and the
6	Director of National Intelligence with requirements
7	under the Constitution and all laws, regulations, Ex-
8	ecutive orders, and implementing guidelines relating
9	to civil liberties and privacy;
10	"(3) review and assess complaints and other in-
11	formation indicating possible abuses of civil liberties
12	and privacy in the administration of the programs
13	and operations of the Office and the Director of Na-
14	tional Intelligence and, as appropriate, investigate
15	any such complaint or information;
16	"(4) ensure that the use of technologies sustain,
17	and do not erode, privacy protections relating to the
18	use, collection, and disclosure of personal informa-
19	tion;
20	"(5) ensure that personal information contained
21	in a system of records subject to section 552a of
22	title 5, United States Code (popularly referred to as
23	the 'Privacy Act'), is handled in full compliance with

fair information practices as set out in that section;

24

1	"(6) conduct privacy impact assessments when
2	appropriate or as required by law; and
3	"(7) perform such other duties as may be pre-
4	scribed by the Director of National Intelligence or
5	specified by law.
6	"(c) Use of Agency Inspectors General.—
7	When appropriate, the Civil Liberties Protection Officer
8	may refer complaints to the Office of Inspector General
9	having responsibility for the affected element of the de-
10	partment or agency of the intelligence community to con-
11	duct an investigation under paragraph (3) of subsection
12	(b).
13	"DIRECTOR OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
14	"Sec. 103E. (a) DIRECTOR OF SCIENCE AND TECH-
15	NOLOGY.—There is a Director of Science and Technology
16	within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence
17	who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intel-
18	ligence.
19	"(b) Requirement Relating to Appointment.—
20	An individual appointed as Director of Science and Tech-
21	nology shall have a professional background and experi-
22	ence appropriate for the duties of the Director of Science
23	and Technology.
24	"(c) Duties.—The Director of Science and Tech-
25	nology shall—

1	"(1) act as the chief representative of the Di-
2	rector of National Intelligence for science and tech-
3	nology;
4	"(2) chair the Director of National Intelligence
5	Science and Technology Committee under subsection
6	(d);
7	"(3) assist the Director in formulating a long-
8	term strategy for scientific advances in the field of
9	intelligence;
10	"(4) assist the Director on the science and tech-
11	nology elements of the budget of the Office of the
12	Director of National Intelligence; and
13	"(5) perform other such duties as may be pre-
14	scribed by the Director of National Intelligence or
15	specified by law.
16	"(d) Director of National Intelligence
17	Science and Technology Committee.—(1) There is
18	within the Office of the Director of Science and Tech-
19	nology a Director of National Intelligence Science and
20	Technology Committee.
21	"(2) The Committee shall be composed of the prin-
22	cipal science officers of the National Intelligence Program.
23	"(3) The Committee shall—
24	"(A) coordinate advances in research and devel-
25	opment related to intelligence; and

1 "(B) perform such other functions as th	e Direc-
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- 2 tor of Science and Technology shall prescribe.
- 3 "NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE EXECUTIVE
- 4 "Sec. 103F. (a) National Counterintelligence
- 5 Executive.—The National Counterintelligence Executive
- 6 under section 902 of the Counterintelligence Enhancement
- 7 Act of 2002 (title IX of Public Law 107–306; 50 U.S.C.
- 8 402b et seq.) is a component of the Office of the Director
- 9 of National Intelligence.
- 10 "(b) Duties.—The National Counterintelligence Ex-
- 11 ecutive shall perform the duties provided in the Counter-
- 12 intelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 and such other du-
- 13 ties as may be prescribed by the Director of National In-
- 14 telligence or specified by law.
- 15 "CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
- 16 "Sec. 104. (a) Central Intelligence Agency.—
- 17 There is a Central Intelligence Agency.
- 18 "(b) Function.—The function of the Central Intel-
- 19 ligence Agency is to assist the Director of the Central In-
- 20 telligence Agency in carrying out the responsibilities speci-
- 21 fied in section 104A(c).
- 22 "DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
- 23 "Sec. 104A. (a) Director of Central Intel-
- 24 LIGENCE AGENCY.—There is a Director of the Central In-
- 25 telligence Agency who shall be appointed by the President,
- 26 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

1	"(b) Supervision.—The Director of the Central In-
2	telligence Agency shall report to the Director of National
3	Intelligence regarding the activities of the Central Intel-
4	ligence Agency.
5	"(c) Duties.—The Director of the Central Intel-
6	ligence Agency shall—
7	"(1) serve as the head of the Central Intel-
8	ligence Agency; and
9	"(2) carry out the responsibilities specified in
10	subsection (d).
11	"(d) Responsibilities.—The Director of the Cen-
12	tral Intelligence Agency shall—
13	"(1) collect intelligence through human sources
14	and by other appropriate means, except that the Di-
15	rector of the Central Intelligence Agency shall have
16	no police, subpoena, or law enforcement powers or
17	internal security functions;
18	"(2) correlate and evaluate intelligence related
19	to the national security and provide appropriate dis-
20	semination of such intelligence;
21	"(3) provide overall direction for and coordina-
22	tion of the collection of national intelligence outside
23	the United States through human sources by ele-
24	ments of the intelligence community authorized to
25	undertake such collection and, in coordination with

1	other departments, agencies, or elements of the
2	United States Government which are authorized to
3	undertake such collection, ensure that the most ef-
4	fective use is made of resources and that appropriate
5	account is taken of the risks to the United States
6	and those involved in such collection; and
7	"(4) perform such other functions and duties
8	related to intelligence affecting the national security
9	as the President or the Director of National Intel-
10	ligence may direct.
11	"(e) Termination of Employment of CIA Em-
12	PLOYEES.—(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any
13	other law, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency
14	may, in the discretion of the Director, terminate the em-
15	ployment of any officer or employee of the Central Intel-
16	ligence Agency whenever the Director deems the termi-
17	nation of employment of such officer or employee nec-
18	essary or advisable in the interests of the United States.
19	"(2) Any termination of employment of an officer or
20	employee under paragraph (1) shall not affect the right
21	of the officer or employee to seek or accept employment
22	in any other department, agency, or element of the United
23	States Government if declared eligible for such employ-
24	ment by the Office of Personnel Management.

1	"(f) Coordination With Foreign Govern-
2	MENTS.—Under the direction of the Director of National
3	Intelligence and in a manner consistent with section 207
4	of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3927), the
5	Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall coordi-
6	nate the relationships between elements of the intelligence
7	community and the intelligence or security services of for-
8	eign governments or international organizations on all
9	matters involving intelligence related to the national secu-
10	rity or involving intelligence acquired through clandestine
11	means.".
12	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
13	gress that—
14	(1) the human intelligence officers of the intel-
15	ligence community have performed admirably and
16	honorably in the face of great personal dangers;
17	(2) during an extended period of unprecedented
18	investment and improvements in technical collection
19	means, the human intelligence capabilities of the
20	United States have not received the necessary and
21	commensurate priorities;
22	(3) human intelligence is becoming an increas-
23	ingly important capability to provide information on
24	the asymmetric threats to the national security of
25	the United States;

1	(4) the continued development and improve-
2	ment of a robust and empowered and flexible human
3	intelligence work force is critical to identifying, un-
4	derstanding, and countering the plans and intentions
5	of the adversaries of the United States; and
6	(5) an increased emphasis on, and resources ap-
7	plied to, enhancing the depth and breadth of human
8	intelligence capabilities of the United States intel-
9	ligence community must be among the top priorities
10	of the Director of National Intelligence.
11	(c) Transformation of Central Intelligence
12	AGENCY.—The Director of the Central Intelligence Agen-
13	cy shall, in accordance with standards developed by the
14	Director in consultation with the Director of National
15	Intelligence—
16	(1) enhance the analytic, human intelligence,
17	and other capabilities of the Central Intelligence
18	Agency;
19	(2) develop and maintain an effective language
20	program within the Agency;
21	(3) emphasize the hiring of personnel of diverse
22	backgrounds for purposes of improving the capabili-
23	ties of the Agency;
24	(4) establish and maintain effective relation-
25	ships between human intelligence and signals intel-

1	ligence within the Agency at the operational level;
2	and
3	(5) achieve a more effective balance within the
4	Agency with respect to unilateral operations and liai-
5	son operations.
6	(d) Report.—(1) Not later than 180 days after the
7	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Cen-
8	tral Intelligence Agency shall submit to the Director of
9	National Intelligence and the congressional intelligence
10	committees a report setting forth the following:
11	(A) A strategy for improving the conduct of
12	analysis (including strategic analysis) by the Central
13	Intelligence Agency, and the progress of the Agency
14	in implementing that strategy.
15	(B) A strategy for improving the human intel-
16	ligence and other capabilities of the Agency, and the
17	progress of the Agency in implementing that strat-
18	egy.
19	(2)(A) The information in the report under para-
20	graph (1) on the strategy referred to in paragraph (1)(B)
21	shall—
22	(i) identify the number and types of personnel
23	required to implement that strategy;
24	(ii) include a plan for the recruitment, training,
25	equipping, and deployment of such personnel; and

1	(iii) set forth an estimate of the costs of such
2	activities.
3	(B) If as of the date of the report under paragraph
4	(1), a proper balance does not exist between unilateral op-
5	erations and liaison operations, such report shall set forth
6	the steps to be taken to achieve such balance.
7	SEC. 1012. REVISED DEFINITION OF NATIONAL INTEL-
8	LIGENCE.
9	Paragraph (5) of section 3 of the National Security
10	Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a) is amended to read as fol-
11	lows:
12	"(5) The terms 'national intelligence' and 'intel-
13	ligence related to national security' refer to all intel-
14	ligence, regardless of the source from which derived
15	and including information gathered within or outside
16	the United States, that—
17	"(A) pertains, as determined consistent
18	with any guidance issued by the President, to
19	more than one United States Government agen-
20	cy; and
21	"(B) that involves—
22	"(i) threats to the United States, its
23	people, property, or interests;
24	"(ii) the development, proliferation, or
25	use of weapons of mass destruction; or

1	"(iii) any other matter bearing on
2	United States national or homeland secu-
3	rity.".
4	SEC. 1013. JOINT PROCEDURES FOR OPERATIONAL CO-
5	ORDINATION BETWEEN DEPARTMENT OF DE-
6	FENSE AND CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGEN-
7	CY.
8	(a) Development of Procedures.—The Director
9	of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary
10	of Defense and the Director of the Central Intelligence
11	Agency, shall develop joint procedures to be used by the
12	Department of Defense and the Central Intelligence Agen-
13	cy to improve the coordination and deconfliction of oper-
14	ations that involve elements of both the Armed Forces and
15	the Central Intelligence Agency consistent with national
16	security and the protection of human intelligence sources
17	and methods. Those procedures shall, at a minimum, pro-
18	vide the following:
19	(1) Methods by which the Director of the Cen-
20	tral Intelligence Agency and the Secretary of De-
21	fense can improve communication and coordination
22	in the planning, execution, and sustainment of oper-
23	ations, including, as a minimum—
24	(A) information exchange between senior
25	officials of the Central Intelligence Agency and

1	senior officers and officials of the Department
2	of Defense when planning for such an operation
3	commences by either organization; and
4	(B) exchange of information between the
5	Secretary and the Director of the Central Intel-
6	ligence Agency to ensure that senior operational
7	officials in both the Department of Defense and
8	the Central Intelligence Agency have knowledge
9	of the existence of the ongoing operations of the
10	other.
11	(2) When appropriate, in cases where the De-
12	partment of Defense and the Central Intelligence
13	Agency are conducting separate missions in the
14	same geographical area, a mutual agreement on the
15	tactical and strategic objectives for the region and a
16	clear delineation of operational responsibilities to
17	prevent conflict and duplication of effort.
18	(b) Implementation Report.—Not later than 180
19	days after the date of the enactment of the Act, the Direc-
20	tor of National Intelligence shall submit to the congres-
21	sional defense committees (as defined in section 101 of
22	title 10, United States Code) and the congressional intel-
23	ligence committees (as defined in section 3(7) of the Na-
24	tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(7))) a report
25	describing the procedures established pursuant to sub-

1	section (a) and the status of the implementation of those
2	procedures.
3	SEC. 1014. ROLE OF DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-
4	LIGENCE IN APPOINTMENT OF CERTAIN OF-
5	FICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR INTELLIGENCE-
6	RELATED ACTIVITIES.
7	Section 106 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
8	U.S.C. 403-6) is amended by striking all after the heading
9	and inserting the following:
10	"(a) Recommendation of DNI in Certain Ap-
11	POINTMENTS.—(1) In the event of a vacancy in a position
12	referred to in paragraph (2), the Director of National In-
13	telligence shall recommend to the President an individual
14	for nomination to fill the vacancy.
15	"(2) Paragraph (1) applies to the following positions:
16	"(A) The Principal Deputy Director of National
17	Intelligence.
18	"(B) The Director of the Central Intelligence
19	Agency.
20	"(b) Concurrence of DNI in Appointments to
21	Positions in the Intelligence Community.—(1) In
22	the event of a vacancy in a position referred to in para-
23	graph (2), the head of the department or agency having
24	jurisdiction over the position shall obtain the concurrence
25	of the Director of National Intelligence before appointing

1	an individual to fill the vacancy or recommending to the
2	President an individual to be nominated to fill the va-
3	cancy. If the Director does not concur in the recommenda-
4	tion, the head of the department or agency concerned may
5	not fill the vacancy or make the recommendation to the
6	President (as the case may be). In the case in which the
7	Director does not concur in such a recommendation, the
8	Director and the head of the department or agency con-
9	cerned may advise the President directly of the intention
10	to withhold concurrence or to make a recommendation, as
11	the case may be.
12	"(2) Paragraph (1) applies to the following positions:
13	"(A) The Director of the National Security
14	Agency.
15	"(B) The Director of the National Reconnais-
16	sance Office.
17	"(C) The Director of the National Geospatial-
18	Intelligence Agency.
19	"(D) The Assistant Secretary of State for Intel-
20	ligence and Research.
21	"(E) The Director of the Office of Intelligence
22	of the Department of Energy.
23	"(F) The Director of the Office of Counterintel-

ligence of the Department of Energy.

24

1	"(G) The Assistant Secretary for Intelligence
2	and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury.
3	"(H) The Executive Assistant Director for In-
4	telligence of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or
5	any successor to that position.
6	"(I) The Assistant Secretary of Homeland Se-
7	curity for Information Analysis.
8	"(c) Consultation With DNI in Certain Posi-
9	TIONS.—(1) In the event of a vacancy in a position re-
10	ferred to in paragraph (2), the head of the department
11	or agency having jurisdiction over the position shall con-
12	sult with the Director of National Intelligence before ap-
13	pointing an individual to fill the vacancy or recommending
14	to the President an individual to be nominated to fill the
15	vacancy.
16	"(2) Paragraph (1) applies to the following positions:
17	"(A) The Director of the Defense Intelligence
18	Agency.
19	"(B) The Assistant Commandant of the Coast
20	Guard for Intelligence.".
21	SEC. 1015. EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE MATTERS.
22	(a) Executive Schedule Level I.—Section 5312
23	of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding the
24	end the following new item:
25	"Director of National Intelligence.".

1	(b) Executive Schedule Level II.—Section 5313
2	of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at
3	the end the following new items:
4	"Principal Deputy Director of National Intel-
5	ligence.
6	"Director of the National Counterterrorism
7	Center.
8	"Director of the National Counter Proliferation
9	Center.".
10	(c) Executive Schedule Level IV.—Section
11	5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
12	(1) by striking the item relating to the Assist-
13	ant Directors of Central Intelligence; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following new
15	item:
16	"General Counsel of the Office of the National
17	Intelligence Director.".
18	SEC. 1016. INFORMATION SHARING.
19	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
20	(1) Information sharing council.—The
21	term "Information Sharing Council" means the In-
22	formation Systems Council established by Executive
23	Order 13356, or any successor body designated by
24	the President and referred to under subsection (a)

1	(2) Information sharing environment;
2	ISE.—The terms "information sharing environment"
3	and "ISE" mean an approach that facilitates the
4	sharing of terrorism information, which approach
5	may include any methods determined necessary and
6	appropriate for carrying out this section.
7	(3) Program Manager.—The term "program
8	manager" means the program manager designated
9	under subsection (f).
10	(4) Terrorism information.—The term "ter-
11	rorism information" means all information, whether
12	collected, produced, or distributed by intelligence,
13	law enforcement, military, homeland security, or
14	other activities relating to—
15	(A) the existence, organization, capabili-
16	ties, plans, intentions, vulnerabilities, means of
17	finance or material support, or activities of for-
18	eign or international terrorist groups or individ-
19	uals, or of domestic groups or individuals in-
20	volved in transnational terrorism;
21	(B) threats posed by such groups or indi-
22	viduals to the United States, United States per-
23	sons, or United States interests, or to those of
24	other nations;

1	(C) communications of or by such groups
2	or individuals; or
3	(D) groups or individuals reasonably be-
4	lieved to be assisting or associated with such
5	groups or individuals.
6	(b) Information Sharing Environment.—
7	(1) Establishment.—The President shall—
8	(A) create an information sharing environ-
9	ment for the sharing of terrorism information
10	in a manner consistent with national security
11	and with applicable legal standards relating to
12	privacy and civil liberties;
13	(B) designate the organizational and man-
14	agement structures that will be used to operate
15	and manage the ISE; and
16	(C) determine and enforce the policies, di-
17	rectives, and rules that will govern the content
18	and usage of the ISE.
19	(2) Attributes.—The President shall, through
20	the structures described in subparagraphs (B) and
21	(C) of paragraph (1), ensure that the ISE provides
22	and facilitates the means for sharing terrorism infor-
23	mation among all appropriate Federal, State, local,
24	and tribal entities, and the private sector through
25	the use of policy guidelines and technologies. The

1	President shall, to the greatest extent practicable,
2	ensure that the ISE provides the functional equiva-
3	lent of, or otherwise supports, a decentralized, dis-
4	tributed, and coordinated environment that—
5	(A) connects existing systems, where ap-
6	propriate, provides no single points of failure,
7	and allows users to share information among
8	agencies, between levels of government, and, as
9	appropriate, with the private sector;
10	(B) ensures direct and continuous online
11	electronic access to information;
12	(C) facilitates the availability of informa-
13	tion in a form and manner that facilitates its
14	use in analysis, investigations and operations;
15	(D) builds upon existing systems capabili-
16	ties currently in use across the Government;
17	(E) employs an information access man-
18	agement approach that controls access to data
19	rather than just systems and networks, without
20	sacrificing security;
21	(F) facilitates the sharing of information
22	at and across all levels of security;
23	(G) provides directory services, or the
24	functional equivalent, for locating people and
25	information:

1	(H) incorporates protections for individ-
2	uals' privacy and civil liberties; and
3	(I) incorporates strong mechanisms to en-
4	hance accountability and facilitate oversight, in-
5	cluding audits, authentication, and access con-
6	trols.
7	(c) Preliminary Report.—Not later than 180 days
8	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the program
9	manager shall, in consultation with the Information Shar-
10	ing Council—
11	(1) submit to the President and Congress a de-
12	scription of the technological, legal, and policy issues
13	presented by the creation of the ISE, and the way
14	in which these issues will be addressed;
15	(2) establish an initial capability to provide
16	electronic directory services, or the functional equiv-
17	alent, to assist in locating in the Federal Govern-
18	ment intelligence and terrorism information and peo-
19	ple with relevant knowledge about intelligence and
20	terrorism information; and
21	(3) conduct a review of relevant current Federal
22	agency capabilities, databases, and systems for shar-
23	ing information.

1	(d) Guidelines and Requirements.—As soon as
2	possible, but in no event later than 270 days after the
3	date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall—
4	(1) leverage all ongoing efforts consistent with
5	establishing the ISE and issue guidelines for acquir-
6	ing, accessing, sharing, and using information, in-
7	cluding guidelines to ensure that information is pro-
8	vided in its most shareable form, such as by using
9	tearlines to separate out data from the sources and
10	methods by which the data are obtained;
11	(2) in consultation with the Privacy and Civi
12	Liberties Oversight Board established under section
13	1061, issue guidelines that—
14	(A) protect privacy and civil liberties in the
15	development and use of the ISE; and
16	(B) shall be made public, unless nondisclo-
17	sure is clearly necessary to protect national se-
18	curity; and
19	(3) require the heads of Federal departments
20	and agencies to promote a culture of information
21	sharing by—
22	(A) reducing disincentives to information
23	sharing, including over-classification of informa-
24	tion and unnecessary requirements for origi-

1	nator approval, consistent with applicable laws
2	and regulations; and
3	(B) providing affirmative incentives for in-
4	formation sharing.
5	(e) Implementation Plan Report.—Not later
6	than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act,
7	the President shall, with the assistance of the program
8	manager, submit to Congress a report containing an im-
9	plementation plan for the ISE. The report shall include
10	the following:
11	(1) A description of the functions, capabilities,
12	resources, and conceptual design of the ISE, includ-
13	ing standards.
14	(2) A description of the impact on enterprise
15	architectures of participating agencies.
16	(3) A budget estimate that identifies the incre-
17	mental costs associated with designing, testing, inte-
18	grating, deploying, and operating the ISE.
19	(4) A project plan for designing, testing, inte-
20	grating, deploying, and operating the ISE.
21	(5) The policies and directives referred to in
22	subsection (b)(1)(C), as well as the metrics and en-
23	forcement mechanisms that will be utilized

1	(6) Objective, systemwide performance meas-
2	ures to enable the assessment of progress toward
3	achieving the full implementation of the ISE.
4	(7) A description of the training requirements
5	needed to ensure that the ISE will be adequately im-
6	plemented and properly utilized.
7	(8) A description of the means by which privacy
8	and civil liberties will be protected in the design and
9	operation of the ISE.
10	(9) The recommendations of the program man-
11	ager, in consultation with the Information Sharing
12	Council, regarding whether, and under what condi-
13	tions, the ISE should be expanded to include other
14	intelligence information.
15	(10) A delineation of the roles of the Federal
16	departments and agencies that will participate in the
17	ISE, including an identification of the agencies that
18	will deliver the infrastructure needed to operate and
19	manage the ISE (as distinct from individual depart-
20	ment or agency components that are part of the
21	ISE), with such delineation of roles to be consistent
22	with—
23	(A) the authority of the Director of Na-
24	tional Intelligence under this title, and the
25	amendments made by this title, to set standards

1	for information sharing throughout the intel-
2	ligence community; and
3	(B) the authority of the Secretary of
4	Homeland Security and the Attorney General,
5	and the role of the Department of Homeland
6	Security and the Attorney General, in coordi-
7	nating with State, local, and tribal officials and
8	the private sector.
9	(11) The recommendations of the program
10	manager, in consultation with the Information Shar-
11	ing Council, for a future management structure for
12	the ISE, including whether the position of program
13	manager should continue to remain in existence.
14	(f) Program Manager.—
15	(1) Designation.—Not later than 120 days
16	after the date of the enactment of this Act, with no-
17	tification to Congress, the President shall designate
18	an individual as the program manager responsible
19	for information sharing across the Federal Govern-
20	ment. The individual designated as the program
21	manager shall serve as program manager during the
22	two-year period beginning on the date of designation
23	under this paragraph unless sooner removed from

service and replaced by the President (at the Presi-

24

1	dent's sole discretion). The program manager shall
2	have and exercise governmentwide authority.
3	(2) Duties and responsibilities.—
4	(A) In general.—The program manager
5	shall, in consultation with the Information
6	Sharing Council—
7	(i) plan for and oversee the implemen-
8	tation of, and manage, the ISE;
9	(ii) assist in the development of poli-
10	cies, procedures, guidelines, rules, and
11	standards as appropriate to foster the de-
12	velopment and proper operation of the
13	ISE; and
14	(iii) assist, monitor, and assess the
15	implementation of the ISE by Federal de-
16	partments and agencies to ensure adequate
17	progress, technological consistency and pol-
18	icy compliance; and regularly report the
19	findings to Congress.
20	(B) Content of Policies, Procedures,
21	GUIDELINES, RULES, AND STANDARDS.—The
22	policies, procedures, guidelines, rules, and
23	standards under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall—

1	(i) take into account the varying mis-
2	sions and security requirements of agencies
3	participating in the ISE;
4	(ii) address development, implementa-
5	tion, and oversight of technical standards
6	and requirements;
7	(iii) take into account ongoing and
8	planned efforts that support development,
9	implementation and management of the
10	ISE;
11	(iv) address and facilitate information
12	sharing between and among departments
13	and agencies of the intelligence community,
14	the Department of Defense, the homeland
15	security community and the law enforce-
16	ment community;
17	(v) address and facilitate information
18	sharing between Federal departments and
19	agencies and State, tribal, and local gov-
20	ernments;
21	(vi) address and facilitate, as appro-
22	priate, information sharing between Fed-
23	eral departments and agencies and the pri-
24	vate sector;

1	(vii) address and facilitate, as appro-
2	priate, information sharing between Fed-
3	eral departments and agencies with foreign
4	partners and allies; and
5	(viii) ensure the protection of privacy
6	and civil liberties.
7	(g) Information Sharing Council.—
8	(1) Establishment.—There is established an
9	Information Sharing Council that shall assist the
10	President and the program manager in their duties
11	under this section. The Information Sharing Council
12	shall serve during the two-year period beginning on
13	the date of the initial designation of the program
14	manager by the President under subsection $(f)(1)$,
15	unless sooner removed from service and replaced by
16	the President (at the sole discretion of the Presi-
17	dent) with a successor body.
18	(2) Specific duties.—In assisting the Presi-
19	dent and the program manager in their duties under
20	this section, the Information Sharing Council shall—
21	(A) advise the President and the program
22	manager in developing policies, procedures,
23	guidelines, roles, and standards necessary to es-
24	tablish, implement, and maintain the ISE:

1	(B) work to ensure coordination among the
2	Federal departments and agencies participating
3	in the ISE in the establishment, implementa-
4	tion, and maintenance of the ISE;
5	(C) identify and, as appropriate, rec-
6	ommend the consolidation and elimination of
7	current programs, systems, and processes used
8	by Federal departments and agencies to share
9	information, and recommend, as appropriate,
10	the redirection of existing resources to support
11	the ISE;
12	(D) identify gaps, if any, between existing
13	technologies, programs and systems used by
14	Federal departments and agencies to share in-
15	formation and the parameters of the proposed
16	information sharing environment;
17	(E) recommend solutions to address any
18	gaps identified under subparagraph (D);
19	(F) recommend means by which the ISE
20	can be extended to allow interchange of infor-
21	mation between Federal departments and agen-
22	cies and appropriate authorities of State and
23	local governments; and
24	(G) recommend whether or not, and by
25	which means, the ISE should be expanded so as

1	to allow future expansion encompassing other
2	relevant categories of information.
3	(3) Consultation.—In performing its duties,
4	the Information Sharing Council shall consider input
5	from persons and entities outside the Federal Gov-
6	ernment having significant experience and expertise
7	in policy, technical matters, and operational matters
8	relating to the ISE.
9	(4) Inapplicability of federal advisory
10	COMMITTEE ACT.—The Information Sharing Council
11	shall not be subject to the requirements of the Fed-
12	eral Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
13	(h) Performance Management Reports.—
14	(1) In general.—Not later than two years
15	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and an-
16	nually thereafter, the President shall submit to Con-
17	gress a report on the state of the ISE and of infor-
18	mation sharing across the Federal Government.
19	(2) Content.—Each report under this sub-
20	section shall include—
21	(A) a progress report on the extent to
22	which the ISE has been implemented, including
23	how the ISE has fared on the performance
24	measures and whether the performance goals
25	set in the preceding year have been met;

1	(B) objective system-wide performance
2	goals for the following year;
3	(C) an accounting of how much was spent
4	on the ISE in the preceding year;
5	(D) actions taken to ensure that procure-
6	ment of and investments in systems and tech-
7	nology are consistent with the implementation
8	plan for the ISE;
9	(E) the extent to which all terrorism watch
10	lists are available for combined searching in
11	real time through the ISE and whether there
12	are consistent standards for placing individuals
13	on, and removing individuals from, the watch
14	lists, including the availability of processes for
15	correcting errors;
16	(F) the extent to which State, tribal, and
17	local officials are participating in the ISE;
18	(G) the extent to which private sector data,
19	including information from owners and opera-
20	tors of critical infrastructure, is incorporated in
21	the ISE, and the extent to which individuals
22	and entities outside the government are receiv-
23	ing information through the ISE;
24	(H) the measures taken by the Federal
25	government to ensure the accuracy of informa-

1	tion in the ISE, in particular the accuracy of
2	information about individuals;
3	(I) an assessment of the privacy and civil
4	liberties protections of the ISE, including ac-
5	tions taken in the preceding year to implement
6	or enforce privacy and civil liberties protections;
7	and
8	(J) an assessment of the security protec-
9	tions used in the ISE.
10	(i) AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES.—The head of each
11	department or agency that possesses or uses intelligence
12	or terrorism information, operates a system in the ISE,
13	or otherwise participates (or expects to participate) in the
14	ISE shall—
15	(1) ensure full department or agency compli-
16	ance with information sharing policies, procedures,
17	guidelines, rules, and standards established under
18	subsections (b) and (f);
19	(2) ensure the provision of adequate resources
20	for systems and activities supporting operation of
21	and participation in the ISE;
22	(3) ensure full department or agency coopera-
23	tion in the development of the ISE to implement
24	governmentwide information sharing; and

	· -
1	(4) submit, at the request of the President or
2	the program manager, any reports on the implemen-
3	tation of the requirements of the ISE within such
4	department or agency.
5	(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
6	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
7	\$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2005 and 2006 .
8	SEC. 1017. ALTERNATIVE ANALYSIS OF INTELLIGENCE BY
9	THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.
10	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
11	effective date of this Act, the Director of National Intel-
12	ligence shall establish a process and assign an individual
13	or entity the responsibility for ensuring that, as appro-
14	priate, elements of the intelligence community conduct al-
15	ternative analysis (commonly referred to as "red-team
16	analysis") of the information and conclusions in intel-
17	ligence products.
18	(b) Report.—Not later than 270 days after the ef-
19	fective date of this Act, the Director of National Intel-
20	ligence shall provide a report to the Select Committee on
21	Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Com-
22	mittee of the House of Representatives on the implementa-

23 tion of subsection (a).

1	SEC. 1018. PRESIDENTIAL GUIDELINES ON IMPLEMENTA-
2	TION AND PRESERVATION OF AUTHORITIES.
3	The President shall issue guidelines to ensure the ef-
4	fective implementation and execution within the executive
5	branch of the authorities granted to the Director of Na-
6	tional Intelligence by this title and the amendments made
7	by this title, in a manner that respects and does not abro-
8	gate the statutory responsibilities of the heads of the de-
9	partments of the United States Government concerning
10	such departments, including, but not limited to:
11	(1) the authority of the Director of the Office
12	of Management and Budget; and
13	(2) the authority of the principal officers of the
14	executive departments as heads of their respective
15	departments, including, but not limited to, under—
16	(A) section 199 of the Revised Statutes
17	(22 U.S.C. 2651);
18	(B) title II of the Department of Energy
19	Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7131 et seq.);
20	(C) the State Department Basic Authori-
21	ties Act of 1956;
22	(D) section 102(a) of the Homeland Secu-
23	rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 112(a)); and
24	(E) sections 301 of title 5, 113(b) and
25	162(b) of title 10, 503 of title 28, and 301(b)
26	of title 31, United States Code.

1	SEC. 1019. ASSIGNMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES RELATING
2	TO ANALYTIC INTEGRITY.
3	(a) Assignment of Responsibilities.—For pur-
4	poses of carrying out section 102A(h) of the National Se-
5	curity Act of 1947 (as added by section 1011(a)), the Di-
6	rector of National Intelligence shall, not later than 180
7	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, assign
8	an individual or entity to be responsible for ensuring that
9	finished intelligence products produced by any element or
10	elements of the intelligence community are timely, objec-
11	tive, independent of political considerations, based upon
12	all sources of available intelligence, and employ the stand-
13	ards of proper analytic tradecraft.
14	(b) Responsibilities.—(1) The individual or entity
15	assigned responsibility under subsection (a)—
16	(A) may be responsible for general oversight
17	and management of analysis and production, but
18	may not be directly responsible for, or involved in,
19	the specific production of any finished intelligence
20	product;
21	(B) shall perform, on a regular basis, detailed
22	reviews of finished intelligence product or other ana-
23	lytic products by an element or elements of the intel-
24	ligence community covering a particular topic or
25	subject matter

1	(C) shall be responsible for identifying on
2	an annual basis functional or topical areas of
3	analysis for specific review under subparagraph
4	(B); and
5	(D) upon completion of any review under
6	subparagraph (B), may draft lessons learned,
7	identify best practices, or make recommenda-
8	tions for improvement to the analytic tradecraft
9	employed in the production of the reviewed
10	product or products.
11	(2) Each review under paragraph (1)(B) should—
12	(A) include whether the product or products
13	concerned were based on all sources of available in-
14	telligence, properly describe the quality and reli-
15	ability of underlying sources, properly caveat and ex-
16	press uncertainties or confidence in analytic judg-
17	ments, properly distinguish between underlying intel-
18	ligence and the assumptions and judgments of ana-
19	lysts, and incorporate, where appropriate, alternative
20	analyses; and
21	(B) ensure that the analytic methodologies,
22	tradecraft, and practices used by the element or ele-
23	ments concerned in the production of the product or
24	products concerned meet the standards set forth in
25	subsection (a).

1	(3) Information drafted under paragraph $(1)(D)$
2	should, as appropriate, be included in analysis teaching
3	modules and case studies for use throughout the intel-
4	ligence community.
5	(c) Annual Reports.—Not later than December 1
6	each year, the Director of National Intelligence shall sub-
7	mit to the congressional intelligence committees, the heads
8	of the relevant elements of the intelligence community,
9	and the heads of analytic training departments a report
10	containing a description, and the associated findings, of
11	each review under subsection (b)(1)(B) during such year.
12	(d) Congressional Intelligence Committees
13	Defined.—In this section, the term "congressional intel-
14	ligence committees" means—
15	(1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the
16	Senate; and
17	(2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
18	ligence of the House of Representatives.
19	SEC. 1020. SAFEGUARD OF OBJECTIVITY IN INTELLIGENCE
20	ANALYSIS.
21	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
22	effective date of this Act, the Director of National Intel-
23	ligence shall identify an individual within the Office of the
24	Director of National Intelligence who shall be available to
25	analysts within the Office of the Director of National In-

- 1 telligence to counsel, conduct arbitration, offer rec-
- 2 ommendations, and, as appropriate, initiate inquiries into
- 3 real or perceived problems of analytic tradecraft or
- 4 politicization, biased reporting, or lack of objectivity in in-
- 5 telligence analysis.
- 6 (b) Report.—Not later than 270 days after the ef-
- 7 fective date of this Act, the Director of National Intel-
- 8 ligence shall provide a report to the Select Committee on
- 9 Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Com-
- 10 mittee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives on
- 11 the implementation of subsection (a).
- 12 Subtitle B—National
- 13 Counterterrorism Center, Na-
- 14 tional Counter Proliferation
- 15 Center, and National Intel-
- 16 **ligence Centers**
- 17 SEC. 1021. NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.
- 18 Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
- 19 U.S.C. 402 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
- 20 following new section:
- 21 "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER
- 22 "Sec. 119. (a) Establishment of Center.—
- 23 There is within the Office of the Director of National In-
- 24 telligence a National Counterterrorism Center.
- 25 "(b) Director of National Counterterrorism
- 26 Center.—(1) There is a Director of the National

1	Counterterrorism Center, who shall be the head of the Na-								
2	tional Counterterrorism Center, and who shall be ap-								
3	pointed by the President, by and with the advice and con-								
4	sent of the Senate.								
5	"(2) The Director of the National Counterterrorism								
6	Center may not simultaneously serve in any other capacity								
7	in the executive branch.								
8	"(c) Reporting.—(1) The Director of the National								
9	Counterterrorism Center shall report to the Director of								
10	National Intelligence with respect to matters described in								
11	paragraph (2) and the President with respect to matters								
12	described in paragraph (3).								
13	"(2) The matters described in this paragraph								
14	are as follows:								
15	"(A) The budget and programs of the Na-								
16	tional Counterterrorism Center.								
17	"(B) The activities of the Directorate of								
18	Intelligence of the National Counterterrorism								
19	Center under subsection (h).								
20	"(C) The conduct of intelligence operations								
21	implemented by other elements of the intel-								
22	ligence community; and								
23	"(3) The matters described in this paragraph								
24	are the planning and progress of joint								

1	counterterrorism operations (other than intelligence
2	operations).
3	"(d) Primary Missions.—The primary missions of
4	the National Counterterrorism Center shall be as follows:
5	"(1) To serve as the primary organization in
6	the United States Government for analyzing and in-
7	tegrating all intelligence possessed or acquired by
8	the United States Government pertaining to ter-
9	rorism and counterterrorism, excepting intelligence
10	pertaining exclusively to domestic terrorists and do-
11	mestic counterterrorism.
12	"(2) To conduct strategic operational planning
13	for counterterrorism activities, integrating all instru-
14	ments of national power, including diplomatic, finan-
15	cial, military, intelligence, homeland security, and
16	law enforcement activities within and among agen-
17	cies.
18	"(3) To assign roles and responsibilities as part
19	of its strategic operational planning duties to lead
20	Departments or agencies, as appropriate, for
21	counterterrorism activities that are consistent with
22	applicable law and that support counterterrorism
23	strategic operational plans, but shall not direct the
24	execution of any resulting operations.

1	"(4) To ensure that agencies, as appropriate,							
2	have access to and receive all-source intelligence sup-							
3	port needed to execute their counterterrorism plans							
4	or perform independent, alternative analysis.							
5	"(5) To ensure that such agencies have access							
6	to and receive intelligence needed to accomplish their							
7	assigned activities.							
8	"(6) To serve as the central and shared knowl-							
9	edge bank on known and suspected terrorists and							
10	international terror groups, as well as their goals,							
11	strategies, capabilities, and networks of contacts and							
12	support.							
13	"(e) Domestic Counterterrorism Intel-							
14	LIGENCE.—(1) The Center may, consistent with applicable							
15	law, the direction of the President, and the guidelines re-							
16	ferred to in section 102A(b), receive intelligence pertaining							
17	exclusively to domestic counterterrorism from any Fed-							
18	eral, State, or local government or other source necessary							
19	to fulfill its responsibilities and retain and disseminate							
20	such intelligence.							
21	"(2) Any agency authorized to conduct							
22	counterterrorism activities may request information from							
23	the Center to assist it in its responsibilities, consistent							
24	with applicable law and the guidelines referred to in sec-							
25	tion 102A(b).							

1	"(f) Duties and Responsibilities of Direc-							
2	TOR.—(1) The Director of the National Counterterrorism							
3	Center shall—							
4	"(A) serve as the principal adviser to the Direc-							
5	tor of National Intelligence on intelligence oper-							
6	ations relating to counterterrorism;							
7	"(B) provide strategic operational plans for the							
8	civilian and military counterterrorism efforts of the							
9	United States Government and for the effective inte-							
10	gration of counterterrorism intelligence and oper-							
11	ations across agency boundaries, both inside and							
12	outside the United States;							
13	"(C) advise the Director of National Intel-							
14	ligence on the extent to which the counterterrorism							
15	program recommendations and budget proposals of							
16	the departments, agencies, and elements of the							
17	United States Government conform to the priorities							
18	established by the President;							
19	"(D) disseminate terrorism information, includ-							
20	ing current terrorism threat analysis, to the Presi-							
21	dent, the Vice President, the Secretaries of State,							
22	Defense, and Homeland Security, the Attorney Gen-							
23	eral, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency,							
24	and other officials of the executive branch as appro-							

1	priate, and to the appropriate committees of Con-
2	gress;
3	"(E) support the Department of Justice and
4	the Department of Homeland Security, and other
5	appropriate agencies, in fulfillment of their respon-
6	sibilities to disseminate terrorism information, con-
7	sistent with applicable law, guidelines referred to in
8	section 102A(b), Executive orders and other Presi-
9	dential guidance, to State and local government offi-
10	cials, and other entities, and coordinate dissemina-
11	tion of terrorism information to foreign governments
12	as approved by the Director of National Intelligence
13	"(F) develop a strategy for combining terrorist
14	travel intelligence operations and law enforcement
15	planning and operations into a cohesive effort to
16	intercept terrorists, find terrorist travel facilitators
17	and constrain terrorist mobility;
18	"(G) have primary responsibility within the
19	United States Government for conducting net as-
20	sessments of terrorist threats;
21	"(H) consistent with priorities approved by the
22	President, assist the Director of National Intel-
23	ligence in establishing requirements for the intel-
24	ligence community for the collection of terrorism in-
25	formation; and

- 1 "(I) perform such other duties as the Director
- 2 of National Intelligence may prescribe or are pre-
- 3 scribed by law.
- 4 "(2) Nothing in paragraph (1)(G) shall limit the au-
- 5 thority of the departments and agencies of the United
- 6 States to conduct net assessments.
- 7 "(g) Limitation.—The Director of the National
- 8 Counterterrorism Center may not direct the execution of
- 9 counterterrorism operations.
- 10 "(h) Resolution of Disputes.—The Director of
- 11 National Intelligence shall resolve disagreements between
- 12 the National Counterterrorism Center and the head of a
- 13 department, agency, or element of the United States Gov-
- 14 ernment on designations, assignments, plans, or respon-
- 15 sibilities under this section. The head of such a depart-
- 16 ment, agency, or element may appeal the resolution of the
- 17 disagreement by the Director of National Intelligence to
- 18 the President.
- 19 "(i) DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE.—The Direc-
- 20 tor of the National Counterterrorism Center shall estab-
- 21 lish and maintain within the National Counterterrorism
- 22 Center a Directorate of Intelligence which shall have pri-
- 23 mary responsibility within the United States Government
- 24 for analysis of terrorism and terrorist organizations (ex-
- 25 cept for purely domestic terrorism and domestic terrorist

- 1 organizations) from all sources of intelligence, whether col-
- 2 lected inside or outside the United States.
- 3 "(j) Directorate of Strategic Operational
- 4 Planning.—(1) The Director of the National
- 5 Counterterrorism Center shall establish and maintain
- 6 within the National Counterterrorism Center a Direc-
- 7 torate of Strategic Operational Planning which shall pro-
- 8 vide strategic operational plans for counterterrorism oper-
- 9 ations conducted by the United States Government.
- 10 "(2) Strategic operational planning shall include the
- 11 mission, objectives to be achieved, tasks to be performed,
- 12 interagency coordination of operational activities, and the
- 13 assignment of roles and responsibilities.
- 14 "(3) The Director of the National Counterterrorism
- 15 Center shall monitor the implementation of strategic oper-
- 16 ational plans, and shall obtain information from each ele-
- 17 ment of the intelligence community, and from each other
- 18 department, agency, or element of the United States Gov-
- 19 ernment relevant for monitoring the progress of such enti-
- 20 ty in implementing such plans.
- 21 SEC. 1022. NATIONAL COUNTER PROLIFERATION CENTER.
- Title I of the National Security Act of 1947, as
- 23 amended by section 1021 of this Act, is further amended
- 24 by adding at the end the following new section:

1	"NATIONAL COUNTER PROLIFERATION CENTER
2	"Sec. 119A. (a) Establishment.—Not later than
3	18 months after the date of the enactment of the National
4	Security Intelligence Reform Act of 2004, the President
5	shall establish a National Counter Proliferation Center,
6	taking into account all appropriate government tools to
7	prevent and halt the proliferation of weapons of mass de-
8	struction, their delivery systems, and related materials and
9	technologies.
10	"(b) Missions and Objectives.—In establishing
11	the National Counter Proliferation Center, the President
12	shall address the following missions and objectives to pre-
13	vent and halt the proliferation of weapons of mass destruc-
14	tion, their delivery systems, and related materials and
15	technologies:
16	"(1) Establishing a primary organization within
17	the United States Government for analyzing and in-
18	tegrating all intelligence possessed or acquired by
19	the United States pertaining to proliferation.
20	"(2) Ensuring that appropriate agencies have
21	full access to and receive all-source intelligence sup-
22	port needed to execute their counter proliferation
23	plans or activities, and perform independent, alter-
24	native analyses.

1	"(3) Establishing a central repository on known
2	and suspected proliferation activities, including the
3	goals, strategies, capabilities, networks, and any in-
4	dividuals, groups, or entities engaged in prolifera-
5	tion.
6	"(4) Disseminating proliferation information,
7	including proliferation threats and analyses, to the
8	President, to the appropriate departments and agen-
9	cies, and to the appropriate committees of Congress.
10	"(5) Conducting net assessments and warnings
11	about the proliferation of weapons of mass destruc-
12	tion, their delivery systems, and related materials
13	and technologies.
14	"(6) Coordinating counter proliferation plans
15	and activities of the various departments and agen-
16	cies of the United States Government to prevent and
17	halt the proliferation of weapons of mass destruc-
18	tion, their delivery systems, and related materials
19	and technologies.
20	"(7) Conducting strategic operational counter
21	proliferation planning for the United States Govern-
22	ment to prevent and halt the proliferation of weap-
23	ons of mass destruction, their delivery systems, and

 ${\it related}$ materials and technologies.

24

- 1 "(c) National Security Waiver.—The President
- 2 may waive the requirements of this section, and any parts
- 3 thereof, if the President determines that such require-
- 4 ments do not materially improve the ability of the United
- 5 States Government to prevent and halt the proliferation
- 6 of weapons of mass destruction, their delivery systems,
- 7 and related materials and technologies. Such waiver shall
- 8 be made in writing to Congress and shall include a de-
- 9 scription of how the missions and objectives in subsection
- 10 (b) are being met.
- 11 "(d) Report to Congress.—(1) Not later than
- 12 nine months after the implementation of this Act, the
- 13 President shall submit to Congress, in classified form if
- 14 necessary, the findings and recommendations of the Presi-
- 15 dent's Commission on Weapons of Mass Destruction es-
- 16 tablished by Executive Order in February 2004, together
- 17 with the views of the President regarding the establish-
- 18 ment of a National Counter Proliferation Center.
- 19 "(2) If the President decides not to exercise the waiv-
- 20 er authority granted by subsection (c), the President shall
- 21 submit to Congress from time to time updates and plans
- 22 regarding the establishment of a National Counter Pro-
- 23 liferation Center.
- 24 "(e) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 25 gress that a central feature of counter proliferation activi-

- 1 ties, consistent with the President's Proliferation Security
- 2 Initiative, should include the physical interdiction, by air,
- 3 sea, or land, of weapons of mass destruction, their delivery
- 4 systems, and related materials and technologies, and en-
- 5 hanced law enforcement activities to identify and disrupt
- 6 proliferation networks, activities, organizations, and per-
- 7 sons.".

8 SEC. 1023. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE CENTERS.

- 9 Title I of the National Security Act of 1947, as
- 10 amended by section 1022 of this Act, is further amended
- 11 by adding at the end the following new section:
- 12 "NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE CENTERS
- "Sec. 119B. (a) Authority To Establish.—The
- 14 Director of National Intelligence may establish one or
- 15 more national intelligence centers to address intelligence
- 16 priorities, including, but not limited to, regional issues.
- 17 "(b) Resources of Directors of Centers.—(1)
- 18 The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the
- 19 head of each national intelligence center under subsection
- 20 (a) has appropriate authority, direction, and control of
- 21 such center, and of the personnel assigned to such center,
- 22 to carry out the assigned mission of such center.
- "(2) The Director of National Intelligence shall en-
- 24 sure that each national intelligence center has appropriate
- 25 personnel to accomplish effectively the mission of such
- 26 center.

1	"(c) Information Sharing.—The Director of Na-								
2	tional Intelligence shall, to the extent appropriate and								
3	practicable, ensure that each national intelligence center								
4	under subsection (a) and the other elements of the intel-								
5	ligence community share information in order to facilitate								
6	the mission of such center.								
7	"(d) Mission of Centers.—Pursuant to the direc-								
8	tion of the Director of National Intelligence, each national								
9	intelligence center under subsection (a) may, in the area								
10	of intelligence responsibility assigned to such center—								
11	"(1) have primary responsibility for providing								
12	all-source analysis of intelligence based upon intel-								
13	ligence gathered both domestically and abroad;								
14	"(2) have primary responsibility for identifying								
15	and proposing to the Director of National Intel-								
16	ligence intelligence collection and analysis and pro-								
17	duction requirements; and								
18	"(3) perform such other duties as the Director								
19	of National Intelligence shall specify.								
20	"(e) Review and Modification of Centers.—								
21	The Director of National Intelligence shall determine on								
22	a regular basis whether—								
23	"(1) the area of intelligence responsibility as-								
24	signed to each national intelligence center under								

	30					
1	subsection (a) continues to meet appropriate intel-					
2	ligence priorities; and					
3	"(2) the staffing and management of such cen-					
4	ter remains appropriate for the accomplishment of					
5	the mission of such center.					
6	"(f) Termination.—The Director of National Intel-					
7	ligence may terminate any national intelligence center					
8	under subsection (a).					
9	"(g) Separate Budget Account.—The Director of					
10	National Intelligence shall, as appropriate, include in the					
11	National Intelligence Program budget a separate line item					
12	for each national intelligence center under subsection					
13	(a).".					
14	Subtitle C—Joint Intelligence					
15	Community Council					
16	SEC. 1031. JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL.					
17	Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50					
18	U.S.C. 402 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section					
19	101 the following new section:					
20	"JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL					
21	"Sec. 101A. (a) Joint Intelligence Community					
22	Council.—There is a Joint Intelligence Community					
23	Council.					
24	"(b) Membership.—The Joint Intelligence Commu-					

25 nity Council shall consist of the following:

1	"(1) The Director of National Intelligence, who
2	shall chair the Council.
3	"(2) The Secretary of State.
4	"(3) The Secretary of the Treasury.
5	"(4) The Secretary of Defense.
6	"(5) The Attorney General.
7	"(6) The Secretary of Energy.
8	"(7) The Secretary of Homeland Security.
9	"(8) Such other officers of the United States
10	Government as the President may designate from
11	time to time.
12	"(c) Functions.—The Joint Intelligence Commu-
13	nity Council shall assist the Director of National Intel-
14	ligence to in developing and implementing a joint, unified
15	national intelligence effort to protect national security
16	by—
17	"(1) advising the Director on establishing re-
18	quirements, developing budgets, financial manage-
19	ment, and monitoring and evaluating the perform-
20	ance of the intelligence community, and on such
21	other matters as the Director may request; and
22	"(2) ensuring the timely execution of programs,
23	policies, and directives established or developed by
24	the Director.

- 1 "(d) Meetings.—The Director of National Intel-
- 2 ligence shall convene regular meetings of the Joint Intel-
- 3 ligence Community Council.
- 4 "(e) Advice and Opinions of Members Other
- 5 Than Chairman.—(1) A member of the Joint Intel-
- 6 ligence Community Council (other than the Chairman)
- 7 may submit to the Chairman advice or an opinion in dis-
- 8 agreement with, or advice or an opinion in addition to,
- 9 the advice presented by the Director of National Intel-
- 10 ligence to the President or the National Security Council,
- 11 in the role of the Chairman as Chairman of the Joint In-
- 12 telligence Community Council. If a member submits such
- 13 advice or opinion, the Chairman shall present the advice
- 14 or opinion of such member at the same time the Chairman
- 15 presents the advice of the Chairman to the President or
- 16 the National Security Council, as the case may be.
- 17 "(2) The Chairman shall establish procedures to en-
- 18 sure that the presentation of the advice of the Chairman
- 19 to the President or the National Security Council is not
- 20 unduly delayed by reason of the submission of the indi-
- 21 vidual advice or opinion of another member of the Council.
- 22 "(f) Recommendations to Congress.—Any mem-
- 23 ber of the Joint Intelligence Community Council may
- 24 make such recommendations to Congress relating to the

1	intelligence community as such member considers appro-						
2	priate.".						
3	Subtitle D-Improvement of Edu-						
4	cation for the Intelligence Com-						
5	munity						
6	SEC. 1041. ADDITIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING RE-						
7	QUIREMENTS.						
8	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-						
9	ings:						
10	(1) Foreign language education is essential for						
11	the development of a highly-skilled workforce for the						
12	intelligence community.						
13	(2) Since September 11, 2001, the need for lan-						
14	guage proficiency levels to meet required national se-						
15	curity functions has been raised, and the ability to						
16	comprehend and articulate technical and scientific						
17	information in foreign languages has become critical.						
18	(b) Linguistic Requirements.—(1) The Director						
19	of National Intelligence shall—						
20	(A) identify the linguistic requirements for the						
21	Office of the Director of National Intelligence;						
22	(B) identify specific requirements for the range						
23	of linguistic skills necessary for the intelligence com-						
24	munity, including proficiency in scientific and tech-						
25	nical vocabularies of critical foreign languages; and						

1		(C)	develo	op a comprehe	ensive plai	n for	the Office
2	to	meet	such	requirements	through	the	education,

- 3 recruitment, and training of linguists.
- 4 (2) In carrying out activities under paragraph (1),
- 5 the Director shall take into account education grant pro-
- 6 grams of the Department of Defense and the Department
- 7 of Education that are in existence as of the date of the
- 8 enactment of this Act.
- 9 (3) Not later than one year after the date of the en-
- 10 actment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director
- 11 shall submit to Congress a report on the requirements
- 12 identified under paragraph (1), including the success of
- 13 the Office of the Director of National Intelligence in meet-
- 14 ing such requirements. Each report shall notify Congress
- 15 of any additional resources determined by the Director to
- 16 be required to meet such requirements.
- 17 (4) Each report under paragraph (3) shall be in un-
- 18 classified form, but may include a classified annex.
- 19 (c) Professional Intelligence Training.—The
- 20 Director of National Intelligence shall require the head of
- 21 each element and component within the Office of the Di-
- 22 rector of National Intelligence who has responsibility for
- 23 professional intelligence training to periodically review and
- 24 revise the curriculum for the professional intelligence

1	training of the senior and intermediate level personnel of
2	such element or component in order to—
3	(1) strengthen the focus of such curriculum on
4	the integration of intelligence collection and analysis
5	throughout the Office; and
6	(2) prepare such personnel for duty with other
7	departments, agencies, and element of the intel-
8	ligence community.
9	SEC. 1042. CROSS-DISCIPLINARY EDUCATION AND TRAIN-
10	ING.
11	Title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
12	U.S.C. 441g) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
13	lowing new section:
14	"FRAMEWORK FOR CROSS-DISCIPLINARY EDUCATION AND
15	TRAINING
16	"Sec. 1002. The Director of National Intelligence
17	shall establish an integrated framework that brings to-
18	gether the educational components of the intelligence com-
19	munity in order to promote a more effective and produc-
20	tive intelligence community through cross-disciplinary
21	education and joint training.".
22	SEC. 1043. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SCHOLARSHIP PRO-
23	GRAM.
24	Title X of the National Security Act of 1947, as
25	amended by section 1042 of this Act, is further amended
26	by adding at the end the following new section:

1	"INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM
2	"Sec. 1003. (a) Establishment.—
3	"(1) In general.—The Director of National
4	Intelligence, in consultation with the head of each
5	agency of the intelligence community, shall establish
6	a scholarship program (to be known as the 'Intel-
7	ligence Community Scholarship Program') to award
8	scholarships to individuals that is designed to recruit
9	and prepare students for civilian careers in the intel-
10	ligence community to meet the critical needs of the
11	intelligence community agencies.
12	"(2) Selection of recipients.—
13	"(A) MERIT AND AGENCY NEEDS.—Indi-
14	viduals shall be selected to receive scholarships
15	under this section through a competitive proc-
16	ess primarily on the basis of academic merit
17	and the needs of the agency.
18	"(B) Demonstrated commitment.—In-
19	dividuals selected under this section shall have
20	a demonstrated commitment to the field of
21	study for which the scholarship is awarded.
22	"(3) Contractual agreements.—To carry
23	out the Program the head of each agency shall enter
24	into contractual agreements with individuals selected
25	under paragraph (2) under which the individuals

1	agree to serve as full-time employees of the agency,
2	for the period described in subsection (g)(1), in posi-
3	tions needed by the agency and for which the indi-
4	viduals are qualified, in exchange for receiving a
5	scholarship.
6	"(b) Eligibility.—In order to be eligible to partici-
7	pate in the Program, an individual shall—
8	"(1) be enrolled or accepted for enrollment as
9	a full-time student at an institution of higher edu-
10	cation and be pursuing or intend to pursue under-
11	graduate or graduate education in an academic field
12	or discipline described in the list made available
13	under subsection (d);
14	"(2) be a United States citizen; and
15	"(3) at the time of the initial scholarship
16	award, not be an employee (as defined under section
17	2105 of title 5, United States Code).
18	"(c) Application.— An individual seeking a scholar-
19	ship under this section shall submit an application to the
20	Director of National Intelligence at such time, in such
21	manner, and containing such information, agreements, or
22	assurances as the Director may require.
23	"(d) Programs and Fields of Study.—The Di-

24 rector of National Intelligence shall—

1	"(1) make publicly available a list of academic
2	programs and fields of study for which scholarships
3	under the Program may be used; and
4	"(2) update the list as necessary.
5	"(e) Scholarships.—
6	"(1) In General.—The Director of National
7	Intelligence may provide a scholarship under the
8	Program for an academic year if the individual ap-
9	plying for the scholarship has submitted to the Di-
10	rector, as part of the application required under sub-
11	section (c), a proposed academic program leading to
12	a degree in a program or field of study on the list
13	made available under subsection (d).
14	"(2) Limitation on years.—An individual
15	may not receive a scholarship under this section for
16	more than 4 academic years, unless the Director of
17	National Intelligence grants a waiver.
18	"(3) STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES.—Scholar-
19	ship recipients shall maintain satisfactory academic
20	progress.
21	"(4) Amount.—The dollar amount of a schol-
22	arship under this section for an academic year shall
23	be determined under regulations issued by the Direc-
24	tor of National Intelligence, but shall in no case ex-

1	ceed the cost of tuition, fees, and other authorized
2	expenses as established by the Director.
3	"(5) Use of scholarships.—A scholarship
4	provided under this section may be expended for tui-
5	tion, fees, and other authorized expenses as estab-
6	lished by the Director of National Intelligence by
7	regulation.
8	"(6) Payment to institution of higher
9	EDUCATION.—The Director of National Intelligence
10	may enter into a contractual agreement with an in-
11	stitution of higher education under which the
12	amounts provided for a scholarship under this sec-
13	tion for tuition, fees, and other authorized expenses
14	are paid directly to the institution with respect to
15	which the scholarship is provided.
16	"(f) Special Consideration for Current Em-
17	PLOYEES.—
18	"(1) Set aside of scholarships.—Notwith-
19	standing paragraphs (1) and (3) of subsection (b),
20	10 percent of the scholarships awarded under this
21	section shall be set aside for individuals who are em-
22	ployees of agencies on the date of enactment of this
23	section to enhance the education of such employees
24	in areas of critical needs of agencies.

1	"(2) Full- or part-time education.—Em-
2	ployees who are awarded scholarships under para-
3	graph (1) shall be permitted to pursue under-
4	graduate or graduate education under the scholar-
5	ship on a full-time or part-time basis.
6	"(g) Employee Service.—
7	"(1) Period of Service.—Except as provided
8	in subsection (i)(2), the period of service for which
9	an individual shall be obligated to serve as an em-
10	ployee of the agency is 24 months for each academic
11	year for which a scholarship under this section is
12	provided. Under no circumstances shall the total pe-
13	riod of obligated service be more than 8 years.
14	"(2) Beginning of Service.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
16	subparagraph (B), obligated service under para-
17	graph (1) shall begin not later than 60 days
18	after the individual obtains the educational de-
19	gree for which the scholarship was provided.
20	"(B) Deferral.—In accordance with reg-
21	ulations established by the Director of National
22	Intelligence, the Director or designee may defer
23	the obligation of an individual to provide a pe-
24	riod of service under paragraph (1) if the Di-

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1	rector or designee determines that such a defer-
2	ral is appropriate.

"(h) Repayment.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Scholarship recipients who fail to maintain a high level of academic standing, as defined by the Director of National Intelligence, who are dismissed from their educational institutions for disciplinary reasons, or who voluntarily terminate academic training before graduation from the educational program for which the scholarship was awarded, shall be in breach of their contractual agreement and, in lieu of any service obligation arising under such agreement, shall be liable to the United States for repayment within 1 year after the date of default of all scholarship funds paid to them and to the institution of higher education on their behalf under the agreement, except as provided in subsection (i)(2). The repayment period may be extended by the Director when determined to be necessary, as established by regulation.

"(2) LIABILITY.—Scholarship recipients who, for any reason, fail to begin or complete their service obligation after completion of academic training, or fail to comply with the terms and conditions of deferment established by the Director of National

1	Intelligence under subsection $(1)(2)(B)$, shall be in
2	breach of their contractual agreement. When recipi-
3	ents breach their agreements for the reasons stated
4	in the preceding sentence, the recipient shall be lia-
5	ble to the United States for an amount equal to—
6	"(A) the total amount of scholarships re-
7	ceived by such individual under this section;
8	and
9	"(B) the interest on the amounts of such
10	awards which would be payable if at the time
11	the awards were received they were loans bear-
12	ing interest at the maximum legal prevailing
13	rate, as determined by the Treasurer of the
14	United States, multiplied by 3.
15	"(i) CANCELLATION, WAIVER, OR SUSPENSION OF
16	Obligation.—
17	"(1) Cancellation.—Any obligation of an in-
18	dividual incurred under the Program (or a contrac-
19	tual agreement thereunder) for service or payment
20	shall be canceled upon the death of the individual.
21	"(2) Waiver or suspension.—The Director
22	of National Intelligence shall prescribe regulations to
23	provide for the partial or total waiver or suspension
24	of any obligation of service or payment incurred by
25	an individual under the Program (or a contractual

1	agreement thereunder) whenever compliance by the
2	individual is impossible or would involve extreme
3	hardship to the individual, or if enforcement of such
4	obligation with respect to the individual would be
5	contrary to the best interests of the Government.
6	"(j) Regulations.—The Director of National Intel-
7	ligence shall prescribe regulations necessary to carry out
8	this section.
9	"(k) Definitions.—In this section:
10	"(1) AGENCY.—The term 'agency' means each
11	element of the intelligence community as determined
12	by the Director of National Intelligence.
13	"(2) Institution of higher education.—
14	The term 'institution of higher education' has the
15	meaning given that term under section 101 of the
16	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
17	"(3) Program.—The term 'Program' means
18	the Intelligence Community Scholarship Program es-
19	tablished under subsection (a).".
20	Subtitle E—Additional Improve-
21	ments of Intelligence Activities
22	SEC. 1051. SERVICE AND NATIONAL LABORATORIES AND
23	THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.
24	The Director of National Intelligence, in cooperation
25	with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of En-

1	ergy, should seek to ensure that each service laboratory
2	of the Department of Defense and each national labora-
3	tory of the Department of Energy may, acting through
4	the relevant Secretary and in a manner consistent with
5	the missions and commitments of the laboratory—
6	(1) assist the Director of National Intelligence
7	in all aspects of technical intelligence, including re-
8	search, applied sciences, analysis, technology evalua-
9	tion and assessment, and any other aspect that the
10	relevant Secretary considers appropriate; and
11	(2) make available to the intelligence commu-
12	nity, on a community-wide basis—
13	(A) the analysis and production services of
14	the service and national laboratories, in a man-
15	ner that maximizes the capacity and services of
16	such laboratories; and
17	(B) the facilities and human resources of
18	the service and national laboratories, in a man-
19	ner that improves the technological capabilities
20	of the intelligence community.
21	SEC. 1052. OPEN-SOURCE INTELLIGENCE.
22	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
23	gress that—
24	(1) the Director of National Intelligence should
25	establish an intelligence center for the purpose of co-

1	ordinating the collection, analysis, production, and
2	dissemination of open source intelligence to elements
3	of the intelligence community;
4	(2) open source intelligence is a valuable source
5	that must be integrated into the intelligence cycle to
6	ensure that United States policymakers are fully and
7	completely informed; and
8	(3) the intelligence center should ensure that
9	each element of the intelligence community uses
10	open source intelligence consistent with the mission
11	of such element.
12	(b) REQUIREMENT FOR EFFICIENT USE BY INTEL-
12	LIGENCE COMMUNITY OF OPEN-SOURCE INTEL-
13	
13 14	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall en-
14	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall en-
14 15	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the intelligence community makes efficient and
14151617	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the intelligence community makes efficient and effective use of open-source information and analysis.
14151617	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the intelligence community makes efficient and effective use of open-source information and analysis. (c) Report.—Not later than June 30, 2005, the Di-
1415161718	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the intelligence community makes efficient and effective use of open-source information and analysis. (c) Report.—Not later than June 30, 2005, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congression.
141516171819	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the intelligence community makes efficient and effective use of open-source information and analysis. (c) Report.—Not later than June 30, 2005, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report containing the deci-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the intelligence community makes efficient and effective use of open-source information and analysis. (c) Report.—Not later than June 30, 2005, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report containing the decision of the Director as to whether an open source intel-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	LIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the intelligence community makes efficient and effective use of open-source information and analysis. (c) Report.—Not later than June 30, 2005, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report containing the decision of the Director as to whether an open source intelligence center will be established. If the Director decides

- 1 effectively integrate open source intelligence into the na-
- 2 tional intelligence cycle.
- 3 (d) Congressional Intelligence Committees
- 4 Defined.—In this section, the term "congressional intel-
- 5 ligence committees" means—
- 6 (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the
- 7 Senate; and
- 8 (2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
- 9 ligence of the House of Representatives.
- 10 SEC. 1053. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE RESERVE CORPS.
- 11 (a) Establishment.—The Director of National In-
- 12 telligence may provide for the establishment and training
- 13 of a National Intelligence Reserve Corps (in this section
- 14 referred to as "National Intelligence Reserve Corps") for
- 15 the temporary reemployment on a voluntary basis of
- 16 former employees of elements of the intelligence commu-
- 17 nity during periods of emergency, as determined by the
- 18 Director.
- 19 (b) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—An individual may par-
- 20 ticipate in the National Intelligence Reserve Corps only
- 21 if the individual previously served as a full time employee
- 22 of an element of the intelligence community.
- 23 (c) Terms of Participation.—The Director of Na-
- 24 tional Intelligence shall prescribe the terms and conditions

- 1 under which eligible individuals may participate in the Na-
- 2 tional Intelligence Reserve Corps.
- 3 (d) Expenses.—The Director of National Intel-
- 4 ligence may provide members of the National Intelligence
- 5 Reserve Corps transportation and per diem in lieu of sub-
- 6 sistence for purposes of participating in any training that
- 7 relates to service as a member of the Reserve Corps.
- 8 (e) Treatment of Annuitants.—(1) If an annu-
- 9 itant receiving an annuity from the Civil Service Retire-
- 10 ment and Disability Fund becomes temporarily reem-
- 11 ployed pursuant to this section, such annuity shall not be
- 12 discontinued thereby.
- 13 (2) An annuitant so reemployed shall not be consid-
- 14 ered an employee for the purposes of chapter 83 or 84
- 15 of title 5, United States Code.
- 16 (f) Treatment Under Office of Director of
- 17 NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL CEILING.—A
- 18 member of the National Intelligence Reserve Corps who
- 19 is reemployed on a temporary basis pursuant to this sec-
- 20 tion shall not count against any personnel ceiling applica-
- 21 ble to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

1	Subtitle F—Privacy and Civil
2	Liberties
3	SEC. 1061. PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES OVERSIGHT
4	BOARD.
5	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
6	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
7	States, Congress makes the following findings:
8	(1) In conducting the war on terrorism, the
9	Federal Government may need additional powers
10	and may need to enhance the use of its existing pow-
11	ers.
12	(2) This potential shift of power and authority
13	to the Federal Government calls for an enhanced
14	system of checks and balances to protect the pre-
15	cious liberties that are vital to our way of life.
16	(b) Establishment of Board.—There is estab-
17	lished within the Executive Office of the President a Pri-
18	vacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board (referred to in
19	this section as the "Board").
20	(c) Functions.—
21	(1) Advice and counsel on development
22	AND IMPLEMENTATION OF POLICY.—For the pur-
23	pose of providing advice to the President or to the
24	head of any department or agency of the executive
25	branch the Board shall—

1	(A) review proposed regulations and execu-
2	tive branch policies related to efforts to protect
3	the Nation from terrorism, including the devel-
4	opment and adoption of information sharing
5	guidelines under subsections (d) and (f) of sec-
6	tion 1016;
7	(B) review the implementation of laws,
8	regulations, and executive branch policies re-
9	lated to efforts to protect the Nation from ter-
10	rorism, including the implementation of infor-
11	mation sharing guidelines under subsections (d)
12	and (f) of section 1016;
13	(C) advise the President and the head of
14	any department or agency of the executive
15	branch to ensure that privacy and civil liberties
16	are appropriately considered in the development
17	and implementation of such regulations and ex-
18	ecutive branch policies; and
19	(D) in providing advice on proposals to re-
20	tain or enhance a particular governmental
21	power, consider whether the department, agen-
22	cy, or element of the executive branch con-
23	cerned has explained—
24	(i) that there is adequate supervision
25	of the use by the executive branch of the

1	power to ensure protection of privacy and
2	civil liberties;
3	(ii) that there are adequate guidelines
4	and oversight to properly confine the use
5	of the power; and
6	(iii) that the need for the power, in-
7	cluding the risk presented to the national
8	security if the Federal Government does
9	not take certain actions, is balanced with
10	the need to protect privacy and civil lib-
11	erties.
12	(2) Oversight.—The Board shall continually
13	review—
14	(A) regulations, executive branch policies,
15	and procedures (including the implementation
16	of such regulations, policies, and procedures),
17	related laws pertaining to efforts to protect the
18	Nation from terrorism, and other actions by the
19	executive branch related to efforts to protect
20	the Nation from terrorism to ensure that pri-
21	vacy and civil liberties are protected; and
22	(B) the information sharing practices of
23	the departments, agencies, and elements of the
24	executive branch to determine whether or not
25	such practices appropriately protect privacy and

1	civil liberties and adhere to the information
2	sharing guidelines under subsections (d) and (f)
3	of section 1016 and to other applicable laws,
4	regulations, and executive branch policies re-
5	garding the protection of privacy and civil lib-
6	erties.
7	(3) Scope.—The Board shall ensure that con-
8	cerns with respect to privacy and civil liberties are
9	appropriately considered in the implementation of
10	laws, regulations, and executive branch policies re-
11	lated to efforts to protect the Nation against ter-
12	rorism.
13	(4) Reports to congress.—Not less fre-
14	quently than annually, the Board shall prepare a re-
15	port to Congress, unclassified to the greatest extent
16	possible (with a classified annex, if necessary), on
17	the Board's major activities during the preceding pe-
18	riod.
19	(d) Access to Information.—
20	(1) Authorization.—If determined by the
21	Board to be necessary to carry out its responsibil-
22	ities under this section, the Board is authorized, to
23	the extent permitted by law, to—
24	(A) have access from any department or
25	agency of the executive branch, or any Federal

1	officer or employee of any such department or
2	agency, to all relevant records, reports, audits,
3	reviews, documents, papers, recommendations,
4	or other relevant material, including classified
5	information consistent with applicable law;
6	(B) interview or take statements from offi-
7	cers of any department or agency of the execu-
8	tive branch;
9	(C) request information or assistance from
10	any State, tribal, or local government; and
11	(D)(i) request that persons (other than de-
12	partments, agencies, and elements of the execu-
13	tive branch) produce for the Board relevant in-
14	formation, documents, reports, answers,
15	records, accounts, papers, and other documen-
16	tary and testimonial evidence; and
17	(ii) if the person to whom such a request
18	is directed does not comply with the request
19	within 45 days of receipt of such request, notify
20	the Attorney General of such person's failure to
21	comply with such request, which notice shall in-
22	clude all relevant information.
23	(2) Production of Information and Evi-
24	DENCE.—

1	(A) EXPLANATION OF NONCOMPLIANCE.—
2	Upon receiving notification under paragraph
3	(1)(D)(ii) regarding a request, the Attorney
4	General shall provide an opportunity for the
5	person subject to the request to explain the rea-
6	sons for not complying with the request.
7	(B) ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
8	Upon receiving notification under paragraph
9	(1)(D)(ii) regarding a request, the Attorney
10	General shall review the request and may take
11	such steps as appropriate to ensure compliance
12	with the request for the information, docu-
13	ments, reports, answers, records, accounts, pa-
14	pers, and other documentary and testimonial
15	evidence covered by the request.
16	(3) AGENCY COOPERATION.—Whenever infor-
17	mation or assistance requested under subparagraph
18	(A) or (B) of paragraph (1) is, in the judgment of
19	the Board, unreasonably refused or not provided, the
20	Board shall report the circumstances to the head of
21	the department or agency concerned without delay.
22	If the requested information or assistance may be
23	provided to the Board in accordance with applicable
24	law, the head of the department or agency concerned
25	shall ensure compliance with such request.

1	(4) Exceptions for national security.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the National Intel-
3	ligence Director, in consultation with the Attor-
4	ney General, determines that it is necessary to
5	withhold information requested under para-
6	graph (3) to protect the national security inter-
7	ests of the United States, the head of the de-
8	partment or agency concerned shall not furnish
9	such information to the Board.
10	(B) CERTAIN INFORMATION.—If the Attor-
11	ney General determines that it is necessary to
12	withhold information requested under para-
13	graph (3) from disclosure to protect sensitive
14	law enforcement or counterterrorism informa-
15	tion or ongoing operations, the head of the de-
16	partment or agency concerned shall not furnish
17	such information to the Board.
18	(e) Membership.—
19	(1) Members.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall be
21	composed of a chairman, a vice chairman, and
22	three additional members appointed by the
23	President.
24	(B) CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN.—The
25	chairman and vice chairman shall each be ap-

1	pointed by the President, by and with the ad-
2	vice and consent of the Senate.
3	(C) APPOINTMENT REQUIREMENTS.—Any
4	individual appointed to the Board shall be ap-
5	pointed from among trustworthy and distin-
6	guished citizens outside the Federal Govern-
7	ment who are qualified on the basis of achieve-
8	ment, experience, and independence.
9	(D) Full-time service of chairman.—
10	The chairman may serve on a full-time basis.
11	(E) Service at pleasure of presi-
12	DENT.—The chairman, vice chairman, and
13	other members of the Board shall each serve at
14	the pleasure of the President.
15	(2) Incompatible office.—An individual ap-
16	pointed to the Board may not, while serving on the
17	Board, be an elected official, officer, or employee of
18	the Federal Government, other than in the capacity
19	as a member of the Board.
20	(3) Quorum and meetings.—The Board shall
21	meet upon the call of the chairman or a majority of
22	its members. Three members of the Board shall con-
23	stitute a quorum.
24	(f) Compensation and Travel Expenses.—
25	(1) Compensation.—

1	(A) Chairman on full-time basis.—If
2	the chairman serves on a full-time basis, the
3	rate of pay for the chairman shall be the annual
4	rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level
5	III of the Executive Schedule under section
6	5314 of title 5, United States Code.
7	(B) CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN ON
8	PART-TIME BASIS.—The chairman, if serving on
9	a part-time basis, and the vice chairman shall
10	be compensated at a rate equal to the daily
11	equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in ef-
12	fect for a position at level III of the Executive
13	Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United
14	States Code, for each day during which the
15	such official is engaged in the actual perform-
16	ance of the duties of the Board.
17	(C) Members.—Each member of the
18	Board shall be compensated at a rate equal to
19	the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic
20	pay in effect for a position at level IV of the
21	Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title
22	5, United States Code, for each day during
23	which that member is engaged in the actual

performance of the duties of the Board.

24

(2) Travel expenses.—Members of the Board shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for persons employed intermittently by the Federal Government under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Board.

(g) Staff.—

chairman, in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Board, shall appoint and fix the compensation of an executive director and such other personnel as may be necessary to enable the Board to carry out its functions, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this subsection may exceed the equivalent of that payable for a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

1	(2) Detailes.—Federal employees may be
2	detailed to the Board without reimbursement from
3	the Board, and such detailee shall retain the rights,
4	status, and privileges of the detailee's regular em-
5	ployment without interruption.
6	(3) Consultant services.—The Board may
7	procure the temporary or intermittent services of ex-
8	perts and consultants in accordance with section
9	3109 of title 5, United States Code, at rates that do
10	not exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a
11	position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under
12	section 5315 of such title.
13	(h) Security Clearances.—The appropriate de-
14	partments and agencies of the executive branch shall co-
15	operate with the Board to expeditiously provide Board
16	members and staff with appropriate security clearances to
17	the extent possible under applicable procedures and re-
18	quirements. Promptly upon commencing its work, the
19	Board shall adopt, after consultation with the Secretary
20	of Defense, the Attorney General, and the National Intel-
21	ligence Director, rules and procedures of the Board for
22	physical, communications, computer, document, personnel,
23	and other security in relation to the work of the Board.
24	(i) Applicability of Certain Laws.—

(1) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The

2	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.)
3	shall not apply with respect to the Board and its ac-
4	tivities.
5	(2) Freedom of information act.—For pur-
6	poses of the Freedom of Information Act, the Board
7	shall be treated as an agency (as that term is de-
8	fined in section 551(1) of title 5, United States
9	Code).
10	(j) Construction.—Except as otherwise provided in
11	this section, nothing in this section shall be construed to
12	require any consultation with the Board by any depart-
13	ment or agency of the executive branch or any Federal
14	officer or employee, or any waiting period that must be
15	observed by any department or agency of the executive
16	branch or any Federal officer or employee, before devel-
17	oping, proposing, or implementing any legislation, law,
18	regulation, policy, or guideline related to efforts to protect
19	the Nation from terrorism.
20	(k) Presidential Responsibility.—The Board
21	shall perform its functions within the executive branch and
22	under the general supervision of the President.
23	(l) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
24	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
25	necessary to carry out this section.

1	SEC. 1062. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DESIGNATION OF PRI-
2	VACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES OFFICERS.
3	It is the sense of Congress that each executive depart-
4	ment or agency with law enforcement or antiterrorism
5	functions should designate a privacy and civil liberties offi-
6	cer.
7	Subtitle G—Conforming and Other
8	Amendments
9	SEC. 1071. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO
10	ROLES OF DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-
11	LIGENCE AND DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL
12	INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.
13	(a) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—(1) The
14	National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.)
15	is amended by striking "Director of Central Intelligence"
16	each place it appears in the following provisions and in-
17	serting "Director of National Intelligence":
18	(A) Section $101(h)(2)(A)$ (50 U.S.C.
19	402(h)(2)(A)).
20	(B) Section $101(h)(5)$ (50 U.S.C. $402(h)(5)$).
21	(C) Section $101(i)(2)(A)$ (50 U.S.C.
22	402(i)(2)(A)).
23	(D) Section 101(j) (50 U.S.C. 402(j)).
24	(E) Section 105(a) (50 U.S.C. 403–5(a)).
25	(F) Section 105(b)(6)(A) (50 U.S.C. 403–
26	5(b)(6)(A)).

1	(G) Section 105B(a)(1) (50 U.S.C. 403-
2	5b(a)(1)).
3	(H) Section 105B(b) (50 U.S.C. 403–5b(b)),
4	the first place it appears.
5	(I) Section 110(b) (50 U.S.C. 404e(b)).
6	(J) Section 110(c) (50 U.S.C. 404e(c)).
7	(K) Section $112(a)(1)$ (50 U.S.C. $404g(a)(1)$).
8	(L) Section $112(d)(1)$ (50 U.S.C. $404g(d)(1)$).
9	(M) Section $113(b)(2)(A)$ (50 U.S.C.
10	404h(b)(2)(A)).
11	(N) Section $114(a)(1)$ (50 U.S.C. $404i(a)(1)$).
12	(O) Section $114(b)(1)$ (50 U.S.C. $404i(b)(1)$).
13	(P) Section $115(a)(1)$ (50 U.S.C. $404j(a)(1)$).
14	(Q) Section 115(b) (50 U.S.C. 404j(b)).
15	(R) Section $115(c)(1)(B)$ (50 U.S.C.
16	404j(e)(1)(B)).
17	(S) Section 116(a) (50 U.S.C. 404k(a)).
18	(T) Section $117(a)(1)$ (50 U.S.C. $404l(a)(1)$).
19	(U) Section 303(a) (50 U.S.C. 405(a)), both
20	places it appears.
21	(V) Section 501(d) (50 U.S.C. 413(d)).
22	(W) Section 502(a) (50 U.S.C. 413a(a)).
23	(X) Section 502(c) (50 U.S.C. 413a(c)).
24	(Y) Section 503(b) (50 U.S.C. 413b(b)).

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1
             (\mathbf{Z})
                    Section
                               504(a)(3)(C)
                                               (50)
                                                      U.S.C.
 2
        414(a)(3)(C).
 3
             (AA) Section 504(d)(2) (50 U.S.C. 414(d)(2)).
 4
             (BB) Section 506A(a)(1) (50 U.S.C. 415a-
        1(a)(1)).
 5
 6
             (CC) Section 603(a) (50 U.S.C. 423(a)).
 7
             (DD) Section 702(a)(1) (50 U.S.C. 432(a)(1)).
 8
             (EE) Section 702(a)(6)(B)(viii) (50 U.S.C.
 9
        432(a)(6)(B)(viii).
10
             (FF) Section 702(b)(1) (50 U.S.C. 432(b)(1)),
11
        both places it appears.
12
             (GG) Section 703(a)(1) (50 U.S.C. 432a(a)(1)).
13
             (HH) Section 703(a)(6)(B)(viii) (50 U.S.C.
14
        432a(a)(6)(B)(viii)).
15
             (II) Section 703(b)(1) (50 U.S.C. 432a(b)(1)),
16
        both places it appears.
17
             (JJ) Section 704(a)(1) (50 U.S.C. 432b(a)(1)).
18
                     Section
                                                (50)
                                                      U.S.C.
             (KK)
                                704(f)(2)(H)
19
        432b(f)(2)(H).
20
             (LL)
                      Section
                                 704(g)(1)
                                               (50)
                                                      U.S.C.
21
        432b(g)(1), both places it appears.
22
             (MM) Section 1001(a) (50 U.S.C. 441g(a)).
23
             (NN)
                      Section
                                 1102(a)(1)
                                               (50)
                                                      U.S.C.
24
        442a(a)(1).
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1
             (OO)
                      Section
                                 1102(b)(1)
                                               (50)
                                                       U.S.C.
 2
        442a(b)(1).
 3
             (PP)
                      Section
                                 1102(c)(1)
                                               (50)
                                                       U.S.C.
 4
        442a(c)(1).
 5
             (QQ) Section 1102(d) (50 U.S.C. 442a(d)).
 6
         (2) That Act is further amended by striking "of Cen-
    tral Intelligence" each place it appears in the following
 8
    provisions:
 9
             (A) Section 105(a)(2) (50 U.S.C. 403-5(a)(2)).
10
             (B)
                   Section
                            105B(a)(2) (50 U.S.C. 403–
11
        5b(a)(2).
12
             (C) Section 105B(b) (50 U.S.C. 403–5b(b)),
13
        the second place it appears.
14
        (3) That Act is further amended by striking "Direc-
15
    tor" each place it appears in the following provisions and
    inserting "Director of National Intelligence":
16
17
             (A) Section 114(c) (50 U.S.C. 404i(c)).
18
             (B) Section 116(b) (50 U.S.C. 404k(b)).
19
             (C) Section 1001(b) (50 U.S.C. 441g(b)).
20
             (C) Section 1001(c) (50 U.S.C. 441g(c)), the
21
        first place it appears.
22
             (D)
                    Section
                              1001(d)(1)(B)
                                                (50)
                                                       U.S.C.
23
        441g(d)(1)(B).
24
             (E) Section 1001(e) (50 U.S.C. 441g(e)), the
25
        first place it appears.
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1	(4) Section 114A of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404i-1) is
2	amended by striking "Director of Central Intelligence"
3	and inserting "Director of National Intelligence, the Di-
4	rector of the Central Intelligence Agency"
5	(5) Section 504(a)(2) of that Act (50 U.S.C.
6	414(a)(2)) is amended by striking "Director of Central In-
7	telligence" and inserting "Director of the Central Intel-
8	ligence Agency''.
9	(6) Section 701 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 431) is
10	amended—
11	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "Operational
12	files of the Central Intelligence Agency may be ex-
13	empted by the Director of Central Intelligence" and
14	inserting "The Director of the Central Intelligence
15	Agency, with the coordination of the Director of Na-
16	tional Intelligence, may exempt operational files of
17	the Central Intelligence Agency"; and
18	(B) in subsection (g)(1), by striking "Director
19	of Central Intelligence" and inserting "Director of
20	the Central Intelligence Agency and the Director of
21	National Intelligence".
22	(7) The heading for section 114 of that Act (50

23 U.S.C. 404i) is amended to read as follows:

1 "ADDITIONAL ANNUAL REPORTS FROM THE DIRECTOR OF 2 NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE". 3 (b) CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY ACT OF 4 1949.—(1) The Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 5 (50 U.S.C. 403a et seq.) is amended by striking "Director of Central Intelligence" each place it appears in the fol-6 lowing provisions and inserting "Director of National In-8 telligence": 9 (A) Section 6 (50 U.S.C. 403g). 10 (B) Section 17(f) (50 U.S.C. 403q(f)), both 11 places it appears. 12 (2) That Act is further amended by striking "of Central Intelligence" in each of the following provisions: 13 14 (A) Section 2 (50 U.S.C. 403b). 15 (A)Section 16(c)(1)(B)(50)U.S.C. 16 403p(c)(1)(B). 17 (B) Section 17(d)(1) (50 U.S.C. 403q(d)(1)). 18 (C) Section 20(c) (50 U.S.C. 403t(c)). 19 (3) That Act is further amended by striking "Director of Central Intelligence" each place it appears in the 20 21 following provisions and inserting "Director of the Central 22 Intelligence Agency": 23 (A) Section 14(b) (50 U.S.C. 403n(b)). 24 (B) Section 16(b)(2) (50 U.S.C. 403p(b)(2)).

1	(C) Section $16(b)(3)$ (50 U.S.C. $403p(b)(3)$),
2	both places it appears.
3	(D) Section $21(g)(1)$ (50 U.S.C. $403u(g)(1)$).
4	(E) Section $21(g)(2)$ (50 U.S.C. $403u(g)(2)$).
5	(e) Central Intelligence Agency Retirement
6	Act.—Section 101 of the Central Intelligence Agency Re-
7	tirement Act (50 U.S.C. 2001) is amended by striking
8	paragraph (2) and inserting the following new paragraph
9	(2):
10	"(2) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means
11	the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.".
12	(d) CIA VOLUNTARY SEPARATION PAY ACT.—Sub-
13	section $(a)(1)$ of section 2 of the Central Intelligence
14	Agency Voluntary Separation Pay Act (50 U.S.C. 2001
15	note) is amended to read as follows:
16	"(1) the term 'Director' means the Director of
17	the Central Intelligence Agency;".
18	(e) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF
19	1978.—(1) The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
20	$1978~(50~\mathrm{U.S.C.}~1801~\mathrm{et}~\mathrm{seq.})$ is amended by striking "Di-
21	rector of Central Intelligence" each place it appears and
22	inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
23	(f) Classified Information Procedures Act.—
24	Section 9(a) of the Classified Information Procedures Act
25	(5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by striking "Director of Cen-

1	tral Intelligence" and inserting "Director of National In-
2	telligence''.
3	(g) Intelligence Authorization Acts.—
4	(1) Public Law 103–359.—Section 811(c)(6)(C)
5	of the Counterintelligence and Security Enhance-
6	ments Act of 1994 (title VIII of Public Law 103-
7	359) is amended by striking "Director of Central In-
8	telligence" and inserting "Director of National Intel-
9	ligence".
10	(2) Public LAW 107–306.—(A) The Intelligence
11	Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law
12	107–306) is amended by striking "Director of Cen-
13	tral Intelligence, acting as the head of the intel-
14	ligence community," each place it appears in the fol-
15	lowing provisions and inserting "Director of Na-
16	tional Intelligence":
17	(i) Section 313(a) (50 U.S.C. 404n(a)).
18	(ii) Section 343(a)(1) (50 U.S.C. 404n-
19	2(a)(1))
20	(B) That Act is further amended by striking
21	"Director of Central Intelligence" each place it ap-
22	pears in the following provisions and inserting "Di-
23	rector of National Intelligence":
24	(i) Section 904(e)(4) (50 U.S.C.
25	402e(e)(4)).

1	(ii) Section $904(e)(5)$ (50 U.S.C.
2	402c(e)(5)).
3	(iii) Section 904(h) (50 U.S.C. 402c(h)),
4	each place it appears.
5	(iv) Section $904(m)$ (50 U.S.C. $402c(m)$).
6	(C) Section 341 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404n-
7	1) is amended by striking "Director of Central Intel-
8	ligence, acting as the head of the intelligence com-
9	munity, shall establish in the Central Intelligence
10	Agency" and inserting "Director of National Intel-
11	ligence shall establish within the Central Intelligence
12	Agency''.
13	(D) Section 352(b) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404–
14	3 note) is amended by striking "Director" and in-
15	serting "Director of National Intelligence".
16	(3) Public Law 108–177.—(A) The Intelligence
17	Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law
18	108–177) is amended by striking "Director of Cen-
19	tral Intelligence" each place it appears in the fol-
20	lowing provisions and inserting "Director of Na-
21	tional Intelligence'':
22	(i) Section 317(a) (50 U.S.C. 403–3 note).
23	(ii) Section 317(h)(1).
24	(iii) Section 318(a) (50 U.S.C. 441g note).
25	(iv) Section 319(b) (50 U.S.C. 403 note).

1	(v) Section 341(b) (28 U.S.C. 519 note).
2	(vi) Section 357(a) (50 U.S.C. 403 note).
3	(vii) Section 504(a) (117 Stat. 2634), both
4	places it appears.
5	(B) Section $319(f)(2)$ of that Act (50 U.S.C.
6	403 note) is amended by striking "Director" the
7	first place it appears and inserting "Director of Na-
8	tional Intelligence".
9	(C) Section 404 of that Act (18 U.S.C. 4124
10	note) is amended by striking "Director of Central
11	Intelligence" and inserting "Director of the Central
12	Intelligence Agency''.
13	SEC. 1072. OTHER CONFORMING AMENDMENTS
14	(a) National Security Act of 1947.—(1) Section
15	101(j) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
16	402(j)) is amended by striking "Deputy Director of Cen-
17	tral Intelligence" and inserting "Principal Deputy Direc-
18	tor of National Intelligence".
19	(2) Section 105(a) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403–5(a))
20	is amended by striking "The Secretary" in the matter pre-
21	ceding paragraph (1) and inserting "Consistent with sec-
22	tions 102 and 102A, the Secretary".
23	(3) Section 105(b) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403–5(b))
24	is amended by striking "103 and 104" in the matter pre-
25	ceding paragraph (1) and inserting "102 and 102A".

- 1 (4) Section 112(d)(1) of that Act (50 U.S.C.
- 2 404g(d)(1)) is amended by striking "section 103(c)(6) of
- 3 this Act" and inserting "section 102A(i) of this Act".
- 4 (5) Section 116(b) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404k(b))
- 5 is amended by striking "to the Deputy Director of Central
- 6 Intelligence, or with respect to employees of the Central
- 7 Intelligence Agency, the Director may delegate such au-
- 8 thority to the Deputy Director for Operations" and insert-
- 9 ing "to the Principal Deputy Director of National Intel-
- 10 ligence, or with respect to employees of the Central Intel-
- 11 ligence Agency, to the Director of the Central Intelligence
- 12 Agency".
- 13 (6) Section 506A(b)(1) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 415a-
- 14 1(b)(1)) is amended by striking "Office of the Deputy Di-
- 15 rector of Central Intelligence" and inserting "Office of the
- 16 Director of National Intelligence".
- 17 (7) Section 701(c)(3) of that Act (50 U.S.C.
- 18 431(c)(3)) is amended by striking "Office of the Director
- 19 of Central Intelligence" and inserting "Office of the Direc-
- 20 tor of National Intelligence".
- 21 (8) Section 1001(b) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 441g(b))
- 22 is amended by striking "Assistant Director of Central In-
- 23 telligence for Administration" and inserting "Office of the
- 24 Director of National Intelligence".

1 (b) Central Intelligence Act of 1949.—S	ection
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- 2 6 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50)
- 3 U.S.C. 403g) is amended by striking "section 103(c)(7)
- 4 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-
- 5 3(c)(7))" and inserting "section 102A(i) of the National
- 6 Security Act of 1947".
- 7 (c) Central Intelligence Agency Retirement
- 8 Act.—Section 201(c) of the Central Intelligence Agency
- 9 Retirement Act (50 U.S.C. 2011(c)) is amended by strik-
- 10 ing "paragraph (6) of section 103(c) of the National Secu-
- 11 rity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–3(c)) that the Director
- 12 of Central Intelligence" and inserting "section 102A(i) of
- 13 the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–
- 14 3(c)(1)) that the Director of National Intelligence".
- 15 (d) Intelligence Authorization Acts.—
- 16 (1) Public Law 107–306.—(A) Section 343(c)
- of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
- 18 2003 (Public Law 107–306; 50 U.S.C. 404n–2(c)) is
- amended by striking "section 103(c)(6) of the Na-
- 20 tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–
- 3((c)(6))" and inserting "section 102A(i) of the Na-
- 22 tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–
- 23 3(e)(1))".
- 24 (B)(i) Section 902 of that Act (also known as
- 25 the Counterintelligence Enhancements Act of 2002)

1	(50 U.S.C. 402b) is amended by striking "Presi-
2	dent" each place it appears and inserting "Director
3	of National Intelligence".
4	(ii) Section 902(a)(2) of that Act is amended by
5	striking "Director of Central Intelligence" and in-
6	serting "Director of the Central Intelligence Agen-
7	cy''.
8	(C) Section 904 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 402c)
9	is amended—
10	(i) in subsection (c), by striking "Office of
11	the Director of Central Intelligence" and insert-
12	ing "Office of the Director of National Intel-
13	ligence"; and
14	(ii) in subsection (l), by striking "Office of
15	the Director of Central Intelligence" and insert-
16	ing "Office of the Director of National Intel-
17	ligence".
18	(2) Public Law 108–177.—(A) Section 317 of
19	the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
20	2004 (Public Law 108–177; 50 U.S.C. 403–3 note)
21	is amended—
22	(i) in subsection (g), by striking "Assistant
23	Director of Central Intelligence for Analysis
24	and Production" and inserting "Deputy Direc-
25	tor of National Intelligence"; and

1	(ii) in subsection $(h)(2)(C)$, by striking
2	"Assistant Director" and inserting "Deputy Di-
3	rector of National Intelligence".
4	(B) Section 318(e) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 441g
5	note) is amended by striking "Assistant Director of
6	Central Intelligence for Analysis and Production"
7	and inserting "Deputy Director of National Intel-
8	ligence".
9	SEC. 1073. ELEMENTS OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY
10	UNDER NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.
11	Paragraph (4) of section 3 of the National Security
12	Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a) is amended to read as fol-
13	lows:
14	"(4) The term 'intelligence community' includes
15	the following:
16	"(A) The Office of the Director of Na-
17	tional Intelligence.
18	"(B) The Central Intelligence Agency.
19	"(C) The National Security Agency.
20	"(D) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
21	"(E) The National Geospatial-Intelligence
22	Agency.
23	"(F) The National Reconnaissance Office.
24	"(G) Other offices within the Department
25	of Defense for the collection of specialized na-

1	tional intelligence through reconnaissance pro-
2	grams.
3	"(H) The intelligence elements of the
4	Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine
5	Corps, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and
6	the Department of Energy.
7	"(I) The Bureau of Intelligence and Re-
8	search of the Department of State.
9	"(J) The Office of Intelligence and Anal-
10	ysis of the Department of the Treasury.
11	"(K) The elements of the Department of
12	Homeland Security concerned with the analysis
13	of intelligence information, including the Office
14	of Intelligence of the Coast Guard.
15	"(L) Such other elements of any other de-
16	partment or agency as may be designated by
17	the President, or designated jointly by the Di-
18	rector of National Intelligence and the head of
19	the department or agency concerned, as an ele-
20	ment of the intelligence community.".

1	SEC. 1074. REDESIGNATION OF NATIONAL FOREIGN INTEL-
2	LIGENCE PROGRAM AS NATIONAL INTEL-
3	LIGENCE PROGRAM.
4	(a) Redesignation.—Paragraph (6) of section 3 of
5	the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a) is
6	amended by striking "Foreign".
7	(b) Conforming Amendments.—(1)(A) Section
8	506 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
9	415a) is amended—
10	(i) in subsection (a), by striking "National For-
11	eign Intelligence Program" and inserting "National
12	Intelligence Program"; and
13	(ii) in the section heading, by striking "FOR-
14	EIGN".
15	(B) Section 105 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403–5) is
16	amended—
17	(i) in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a),
18	by striking "National Foreign Intelligence Program"
19	and inserting "National Intelligence Program"; and
20	(ii) in the section heading, by striking "FOR-
21	EIGN".
22	(2) Section 17(f) of the Central Intelligence Agency
23	Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403q(f)) is amended by striking
24	"National Foreign Intelligence Program" and inserting
25	"National Intelligence Program"

1	SEC. 1075. REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AUTHORITY.
2	Section 111 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
3	U.S.C. 404f) is repealed.
4	SEC. 1076. CLERICAL AMENDMENTS TO NATIONAL SECU-
5	RITY ACT OF 1947.
6	The table of contents in the first section of the Na-
7	tional Security Act of 1947 is amended—
8	(1) by striking the items relating to sections
9	102 through 105 and inserting the following new
10	items:
	 "Sec. 101A. Joint Intelligence Community Council. "Sec. 102. Director of National Intelligence. "Sec. 102A. Responsibilities and authorities of the Director of National Intelligence. "Sec. 103. Office of the Director of National Intelligence. "Sec. 103A. Deputy Directors of National Intelligence. "Sec. 103B. National Intelligence Council. "Sec. 103C. General Counsel. "Sec. 103D. Civil Liberties Protection Officer. "Sec. 103E. Director of Science and Technology. "Sec. 103F. National Counterintelligence Executive. "Sec. 104. Central Intelligence Agency. "Sec. 104A. Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. "Sec. 105. Responsibilities of the Secretary of Defense pertaining to the National Intelligence Program.";
11	(2) by striking the item relating to section 111;
12	(3) by striking the item relating to section 114
13	and inserting the following new item:
	"Sec. 114. Additional annual reports from the Director of National Intelligence.";
14	(4) by inserting after the item relating to sec-
15	tion 118 the following new items:
	"Sec. 119. National Counterterrorism Center. "Sec. 119A. National Counter Proliferation Center. "Sec. 119B. National intelligence centers.

1	(5) by striking the item relating to section 506
2	and inserting the following new item:
	"Sec. 506. Specificity of National Intelligence Program budget amounts for counterterrorism, counterproliferation, counternarcotics, and counterintelligence.";
3	and
4	(6) by inserting after the item relating to sec-
5	tion 1001 the following new items:
	"Sec. 1002. Framework for cross-disciplinary education and training. "Sec. 1003. Intelligence Community Scholarship Program.".
6	SEC. 1077. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO PRO-
7	HIBITING DUAL SERVICE OF THE DIRECTOR
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8	OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.
	OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY. Section 1 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of
8	
8	Section 1 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of
8 9 10	Section 1 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a) is amended—
8 9 10 11	Section 1 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (a), (b), and
8 9 10 11 12	Section 1 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively; and
8 9 10 11 12 13	Section 1 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively; and (2) by striking paragraph (2), as so redesig-
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Section 1 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively; and (2) by striking paragraph (2), as so redesignated, and inserting the following new paragraph

1	SEC. 1078. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH INSPECTOR GEN-
2	ERAL FOR THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF
3	NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.
4	The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.)
5	is amended by inserting after section 8J the following new
6	section:
7	"AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH INSPECTOR GENERAL OF
8	THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL IN-
9	TELLIGENCE
10	SEC. 8K. If the Director of National Intelligence de-
11	termines that an Office of Inspector General would be ben-
12	eficial to improving the operations and effectiveness of the
13	Office of the Director of National Intelligence, the Direc-
14	tor of National Intelligence is authorized to establish, with
15	any of the duties, responsibilities, and authorities set forth
16	in this Act, an Office of Inspector General.".
17	SEC. 1079. ETHICS MATTERS.
18	(a) Political Service of Personnel.—Section
19	7323(b)(2)(B)(i) of title 5, United States Code, is
20	amended—
21	(1) in subclause (XII), by striking "or" at the
22	end; and
23	(2) by inserting after subclause (XIII) the fol-
24	lowing new subclause:
25	"(XIV) the Office of the Director of Na-
26	tional Intelligence; or".

1	(b) Deletion of Information About Foreign
2	GIFTS.—Section 7342(f)(4) of title 5, United States Code
3	is amended—
4	(1) by inserting "(A)" after "(4)";
5	(2) in subparagraph (A), as so designated, by
6	striking "the Director of Central Intelligence" and
7	inserting "the Director of the Central Intelligence
8	Agency"; and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
10	paragraph:
11	"(B) In transmitting such listings for the Office of
12	the Director of National Intelligence, the Director of Na-
13	tional Intelligence may delete the information described in
14	subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraphs (2) and (3) if
15	the Director certifies in writing to the Secretary of State
16	that the publication of such information could adversely
17	affect United States intelligence sources.".
18	(c) Exemption from Financial Disclosures.—
19	Section 105(a)(1) of the Ethics in Government Act (5
20	U.S.C. App.) is amended by inserting "the Office of the
21	Director of National Intelligence," before "the Central In-
22	telligence Agency''.

1	SEC. 1080. CONSTRUCTION OF AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR
2	OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TO ACQUIRE
3	AND MANAGE PROPERTY AND SERVICES.
4	Section 113(e) of title 40, United States Code, is
5	amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (18), by striking "or" at the
7	end;
8	(2) in paragraph (19), by striking the period at
9	the end and inserting "; or"; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following new
11	paragraph:
12	"(20) the Office of the Director of National In-
13	telligence.".
14	SEC. 1081. GENERAL REFERENCES.
15	(a) DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AS HEAD
16	OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Any reference to the
17	Director of Central Intelligence or the Director of the Cen-
18	tral Intelligence Agency in the Director's capacity as the
19	head of the intelligence community in any law, regulation,
20	document, paper, or other record of the United States
21	shall be deemed to be a reference to the Director of Na-
22	tional Intelligence.
23	(b) DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AS HEAD
24	OF CIA.—Any reference to the Director of Central Intel-
25	ligence or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency
26	in the Director's capacity as the head of the Central Intel-

- 1 ligence Agency in any law, regulation, document, paper,
- 2 or other record of the United States shall be deemed to
- 3 be a reference to the Director of the Central Intelligence
- 4 Agency.
- 5 (c) Community Management Staff.—Any ref-
- 6 erence to the Community Management Staff in any law,
- 7 regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United
- 8 States shall be deemed to be a reference to the staff of
- 9 the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

10 Subtitle H—Transfer, Termination,

11 Transition, and Other Provisions

- 12 SEC. 1091. TRANSFER OF COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT
- 13 STAFF.
- 14 (a) Transfer.—There shall be transferred to the
- 15 Office of the Director of National Intelligence such staff
- 16 of the Community Management Staff as of the date of
- 17 the enactment of this Act as the Director of National In-
- 18 telligence determines to be appropriate, including all func-
- 19 tions and activities discharged by the Community Manage-
- 20 ment Staff as of that date.
- 21 (b) Administration.—The Director of National In-
- 22 telligence shall administer the Community Management
- 23 Staff after the date of the enactment of this Act as a com-
- 24 ponent of the Office of the Director of National Intel-

1	ligence	under	section	103	of	the	National	Security	Act	of

- 2 1947, as amended by section 1011(a) of this Act.
- 3 SEC. 1092. TRANSFER OF TERRORIST THREAT INTEGRA-
- 4 TION CENTER.
- 5 (a) Transfer.—There shall be transferred to the
- 6 National Counterterrorism Center the Terrorist Threat
- 7 Integration Center (TTIC) or its successor entity, includ-
- 8 ing all functions and activities discharged by the Terrorist
- 9 Threat Integration Center or its successor entity as of the
- 10 date of the enactment of this Act.
- 11 (b) Administration.—The Director of the National
- 12 Counterterrorism Center shall administer the Terrorist
- 13 Threat Integration Center after the date of the enactment
- 14 of this Act as a component of the Directorate of Intel-
- 15 ligence of the National Counterterrorism Center under
- 16 section 119(i) of the National Security Act of 1947, as
- 17 added by section 1021(a) of this Act.
- 18 SEC. 1093. TERMINATION OF POSITIONS OF ASSISTANT DI-
- 19 RECTORS OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE.
- 20 (a) Termination.—The positions referred to in sub-
- 21 section (b) are hereby abolished.
- 22 (b) Covered Positions.—The positions referred to
- 23 in this subsection are as follows:
- 24 (1) The Assistant Director of Central Intel-
- 25 ligence for Collection.

1	(2) The Assistant Director of Central Intel-
2	ligence for Analysis and Production.
3	(3) The Assistant Director of Central Intel-
4	ligence for Administration.
5	SEC. 1094. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.
6	The President shall transmit to Congress a plan for
7	the implementation of this title and the amendments made
8	by this title. The plan shall address, at a minimum, the
9	following:
10	(1) The transfer of personnel, assets, and obli-
11	gations to the Director of National Intelligence pur-
12	suant to this title.
13	(2) Any consolidation, reorganization, or
14	streamlining of activities transferred to the Director
15	of National Intelligence pursuant to this title.
16	(3) The establishment of offices within the Of-
17	fice of the Director of National Intelligence to imple-
18	ment the duties and responsibilities of the Director
19	of National Intelligence as described in this title.
20	(4) Specification of any proposed disposition of
21	property, facilities, contracts, records, and other as-
22	sets and obligations to be transferred to the Director
23	of National Intelligence.

1	(5) Recommendations for additional legislative
2	or administrative action as the President considers
3	appropriate.
4	SEC. 1095. DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE RE-
5	PORT ON IMPLEMENTATION OF INTEL-
6	LIGENCE COMMUNITY REFORM.
7	(a) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the effec-
8	tive date of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence
9	shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees
10	a report on the progress made in the implementation of
11	this title, including the amendments made by this title.
12	The report shall include a comprehensive description of
13	the progress made, and may include such recommenda-
14	tions for additional legislative or administrative action as
15	the Director considers appropriate.
16	(b) Congressional Intelligence Committees
17	DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional intel-
18	ligence committees" means—
19	(1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the
20	Senate; and
21	(2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
22	ligence of the House of Representatives.
23	SEC. 1096. TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITIES.
24	(a) In General.—Upon the request of the Director
25	of National Intelligence, the head of any executive agency

- 1 may, on a reimbursable basis, provide services or detail
- 2 personnel to the Director of National Intelligence.
- 3 (b) Transfer of Personnel.—In addition to any
- 4 other authorities available under law for such purposes,
- 5 in the fiscal year after the effective date of this Act, the
- 6 Director of National Intelligence—
- 7 (1) is authorized within the Office of the Direc-
- 8 tor of National Intelligence 500 new personnel bil-
- 9 lets; and
- 10 (2) with the approval of the Director of the Of-
- 11 fice of Management and Budget, may detail not
- more than 150 personnel funded within the National
- 13 Intelligence Program to the Office of the Director of
- National Intelligence for a period of not more than
- 15 2 years.
- 16 SEC. 1097. EFFECTIVE DATES.
- 17 (a) In General.—Except as otherwise expressly
- 18 provided in this Act, this title and the amendments made
- 19 by this title shall take effect not later than six months
- 20 after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 21 (b) Specific Effective Dates.—(1)(A) Not later
- 22 than 60 days after the date of the appointment of the first
- 23 Director of National Intelligence, the Director of National
- 24 Intelligence shall first appoint individuals to positions
- 25 within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

1	(B)	Subparagraph	(A)	shall	not	apply	with	respect
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- 2 to the Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence.
- 3 (2) Not later than 180 days after the effective date
- 4 of this Act, the President shall transmit to Congress the
- 5 implementation plan required by section 1094.
- 6 (3) Not later than one year after the date of the en-
- 7 actment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence
- 8 shall prescribe regulations, policies, procedures, standards,
- 9 and guidelines required under section 102A of the Na-
- 10 tional Security Act of 1947, as amended by section
- 11 1011(a) of this Act.

12 Subtitle I—Other Matters

- 13 SEC. 1101. STUDY OF PROMOTION AND PROFESSIONAL
- 14 MILITARY EDUCATION SCHOOL SELECTION
- 15 RATES FOR MILITARY INTELLIGENCE OFFI-
- 16 CERS.
- 17 (a) Study.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct
- 18 a study of the promotion selection rates, and the selection
- 19 rates for attendance at professional military education
- 20 schools, of intelligence officers of the Armed Forces, par-
- 21 ticularly in comparison to the rates for other officers of
- 22 the same Armed Force who are in the same grade and
- 23 competitive category.
- 24 (b) Report.—The Secretary shall submit to the
- 25 Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House

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- 2 ings resulting from the study under subsection (a) and the
- 3 Secretary's recommendations (if any) for such changes in
- 4 law as the Secretary considers needed to ensure that intel-
- 5 ligence officers, as a group, are selected for promotion,
- 6 and for attendance at professional military education
- 7 schools, at rates not less than the rates for all line (or
- 8 the equivalent) officers of the same Armed Force (both
- 9 in the zone and below the zone) in the same grade. The
- 10 report shall be submitted not later than April 1, 2005.
- 11 SEC. 1102. EXTENSION AND IMPROVEMENT OF AUTHORI-
- 12 TIES OF PUBLIC INTEREST DECLASSIFICA-
- 13 TION BOARD.
- 14 (a) DIRECTION.—Section 703(a) of the Public Inter-
- 15 est Declassification Act of 2000 (title VII of Public Law
- 16 106–567; 114 Stat. 2856; 50 U.S.C. 435 note) is
- 17 amended—
- 18 (1) by inserting "(1)" after "ESTABLISH-
- 19 MENT.—"; and
- 20 (2) by adding at the end the following new
- 21 paragraph:
- "(2) The Board shall report directly to the President
- 23 or, upon designation by the President, the Vice President,
- 24 the Attorney General, or other designee of the President.
- 25 The other designee of the President under this paragraph

- 1 may not be an agency head or official authorized to clas-
- 2 sify information under Executive Order 12958, or any suc-
- 3 cessor order.".
- 4 (b) Purposes.—Section 703(b) of that Act (114
- 5 Stat. 2856) is amended by adding at the end the following
- 6 new paragraph:
- 7 "(5) To review and make recommendations to
- 8 the President in a timely manner with respect to any
- 9 congressional request, made by the committee of ju-
- risdiction, to declassify certain records or to recon-
- sider a declination to declassify specific records.".
- 12 (c) Recommendations on Special Searches.—
- 13 Section 704(c)(2)(A) of that Act (114 Stat. 2860) is
- 14 amended by inserting before the period the following: ",
- 15 and also including specific requests for the declassification
- 16 of certain records or for the reconsideration of declinations
- 17 to declassify specific records".
- 18 (d) Declassification Reviews.—Section 704 of
- 19 that Act (114 Stat. 2859) is further amended by adding
- 20 at the end the following new subsection:
- 21 "(e) Declassification Reviews.—If requested by
- 22 the President, the Board shall review in a timely manner
- 23 certain records or declinations to declassify specific
- 24 records, the declassification of which has been the subject

- 1 of specific congressional request described in section
- 2 703(b)(5).".
- 3 (e) Notification of Review.—Section 706 of that
- 4 Act (114 Stat. 2861) is amended by adding at the end
- 5 the following new subsection:
- 6 "(f) Notification of Review.—In response to a
- 7 specific congressional request for declassification review
- 8 described in section 703(b)(5), the Board shall advise the
- 9 originators of the request in a timely manner whether the
- 10 Board intends to conduct such review.".
- 11 (f) Extension.—Section 710(b) of that Act (114
- 12 Stat. 2864) is amended by striking "4 years" and insert-
- 13 ing "8 years".
- 14 SEC. 1103. SEVERABILITY.
- 15 If any provision of this Act, or an amendment made
- 16 by this Act, or the application of such provision to any
- 17 person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of
- 18 this Act, or the application of such provision to persons
- 19 or circumstances other those to which such provision is
- 20 held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

1	TITLE II—FEDERAL BUREAU OF
2	INVESTIGATION
3	SEC. 2001. IMPROVEMENT OF INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES
4	OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA-
5	TION.
6	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
7	ings:
8	(1) The National Commission on Terrorist At-
9	tacks Upon the United States in its final report
10	stated that, under Director Robert Mueller, the Fed-
11	eral Bureau of Investigation has made significant
12	progress in improving its intelligence capabilities.
13	(2) In the report, the members of the Commis-
14	sion also urged that the Federal Bureau of Inves-
15	tigation fully institutionalize the shift of the Bureau
16	to a preventive counterterrorism posture.
17	(b) Improvement of Intelligence Capabili-
18	TIES.—The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
19	tion shall continue efforts to improve the intelligence capa-
20	bilities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and to de-
21	velop and maintain within the Bureau a national intel-
22	ligence workforce.
23	(c) National Intelligence Workforce.—(1) In
24	developing and maintaining a national intelligence work-

25 force under subsection (b), the Director of the Federal Bu-

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1	reau of Investigation shall, develop and maintain a special-
2	ized and integrated national intelligence workforce con-
3	sisting of agents, analysts, linguists, and surveillance spe-
4	cialists who are recruited, trained, and rewarded in a man-
5	ner which ensures the existence within the Federal Bureau
6	of Investigation an institutional culture with substantial
7	expertise in, and commitment to, the intelligence mission
8	of the Bureau.
9	(2) Each agent employed by the Bureau after the
10	date of the enactment of this Act shall receive basic train-
11	ing in both criminal justice matters and national intel-
12	ligence matters.
13	(3) Each agent employed by the Bureau after the
14	date of the enactment of this Act shall, to the maximum
15	extent practicable, be given the opportunity to undergo,
16	during such agent's early service with the Bureau, mean-
17	ingful assignments in criminal justice matters and in na-
18	tional intelligence matters.
19	(4) The Director shall—
20	(A) establish career positions in national intel-
21	ligence matters for agents, analysts, and related per-
22	sonnel of the Bureau; and
23	(B) in furtherance of the requirement under
24	subparagraph (A) and to the maximum extent prac-

ticable, afford agents, analysts, and related per-

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- 1 sonnel of the Bureau the opportunity to work in the
- 2 career specialty selected by such agents, analysts,
- and related personnel over their entire career with
- 4 the Bureau.
- 5 (5) The Director shall carry out a program to en-
- 6 hance the capacity of the Bureau to recruit and retain
- 7 individuals with backgrounds in intelligence, international
- 8 relations, language, technology, and other skills relevant
- 9 to the intelligence mission of the Bureau.
- 10 (6) The Director shall, to the maximum extent prac-
- 11 ticable, afford the analysts of the Bureau training and ca-
- 12 reer opportunities commensurate with the training and ca-
- 13 reer opportunities afforded analysts in other elements of
- 14 the intelligence community.
- 15 (7) Commencing as soon as practicable after the date
- 16 of the enactment of this Act, each direct supervisor of a
- 17 Field Intelligence Group, and each Bureau Operational
- 18 Manager at the Section Chief and Assistant Special Agent
- 19 in Charge (ASAC) level and above, shall be a certified in-
- 20 telligence officer.
- 21 (8) The Director shall, to the maximum extent prac-
- 22 ticable, ensure that the successful discharge of advanced
- 23 training courses, and of one or more assignments to an-
- 24 other element of the intelligence community, is a pre-

- 1 condition to advancement to higher level intelligence as-
- 2 signments within the Bureau.
- 3 (d) FIELD OFFICE MATTERS.—(1) In improving the
- 4 intelligence capabilities of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
- 5 tigation under subsection (b), the Director of the Federal
- 6 Bureau of Investigation shall ensure that each Field Intel-
- 7 ligence Group reports directly to a field office senior man-
- 8 ager responsible for intelligence matters.
- 9 (2) The Director shall provide for such expansion of
- 10 the secure facilities in the field offices of the Bureau as
- 11 is necessary to ensure the discharge by the field offices
- 12 of the intelligence mission of the Bureau.
- 13 (3) The Director shall require that each Field Intel-
- 14 ligence Group manager ensures the integration of ana-
- 15 lysts, agents, linguists, and surveillance personnel in the
- 16 field.
- 17 (e) DISCHARGE OF IMPROVEMENTS.—(1) The Direc-
- 18 tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall carry out
- 19 subsections (b) through (d) through the head of the Direc-
- 20 torate of Intelligence of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
- 21 tion.
- 22 (2) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
- 23 tion shall carry out subsections (b) through (d) under the
- 24 joint guidance of the Attorney General and the National

- 1 Intelligence Director in a manner consistent with section
- 2 112(e).
- 3 (f) Budget Matters.—The Director of the Federal
- 4 Bureau of Investigation shall, establish a budget structure
- 5 of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to reflect the four
- 6 principal missions of the Bureau as follows:
- 7 (1) Intelligence.
- 8 (2) Counterterrorism and counterintelligence.
- 9 (3) Criminal Enterprises/Federal Crimes.
- 10 (4) Criminal justice services.
- 11 (g) Reports.—(1) Not later than 180 days after the
- 12 date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Fed-
- 13 eral Bureau of Investigation shall submit to Congress a
- 14 report on the progress made as of the date of such report
- 15 in carrying out the requirements of this section.
- 16 (2) The Director shall include in each annual pro-
- 17 gram review of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that
- 18 is submitted to Congress a report on the progress made
- 19 by each field office of the Bureau during the period cov-
- 20 ered by such review in addressing Bureau and national
- 21 program priorities.
- 22 (3) Not later than 180 days after the date of the en-
- 23 actment of this Act, and every 12 months thereafter, the
- 24 Director shall submit to Congress a report assessing the

1	qualifications,	status,	and	roles	of	analysts	at	Bureau

- 2 headquarters and in the field offices of the Bureau.
- 3 (4) Not later than 180 days after the date of the en-
- 4 actment of this Act, and every 12 months thereafter, the
- 5 Director shall submit to Congress a report on the progress
- 6 of the Bureau in implementing information-sharing prin-
- 7 ciples.
- 8 SEC. 2002. DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE OF THE FED-
- 9 ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.
- 10 (a) Directorate of Intelligence of Federal
- 11 Bureau of Investigation.—The element of the Federal
- 12 Bureau of Investigation known as of the date of the enact-
- 13 ment of this Act as the Office of Intelligence is hereby
- 14 redesignated as the Directorate of Intelligence of the Fed-
- 15 eral Bureau of Investigation.
- 16 (b) HEAD OF DIRECTORATE.—The head of the Di-
- 17 rectorate of Intelligence shall be the Executive Assistant
- 18 Director for Intelligence of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
- 19 tigation.
- 20 (c) Responsibilities.—The Directorate of Intel-
- 21 ligence shall be responsible for the following:
- 22 (1) Supervision of all national intelligence pro-
- grams, projects, and activities of the Bureau.

1	(2) The discharge by the Bureau of the require-
2	ments in section 105B of the National Security Act
3	of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–5b).
4	(3) The oversight of Bureau field intelligence
5	operations.
6	(4) Coordinating human source development
7	and management by the Bureau.
8	(5) Coordinating collection by the Bureau
9	against nationally-determined intelligence require-
10	ments.
11	(6) Strategic analysis.
12	(7) Intelligence program and budget manage-
13	ment.
14	(8) The intelligence workforce.
15	(9) Any other responsibilities specified by the
16	Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or
17	specified by law.
18	(d) STAFF.—The Directorate of Intelligence shall
19	consist of such staff as the Director of the Federal Bureau
20	of Investigation considers appropriate for the activities of
21	the Directorate.

1	SEC. 2003. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION INTEL-
2	LIGENCE CAREER SERVICE.
3	(a) Establishment of Federal Bureau of In-
4	VESTIGATION INTELLIGENCE CAREER SERVICE.—The Di-
5	rector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation may—
6	(1) in consultation with the Director of the Of-
7	fice of Personnel Management—
8	(A) establish positions for intelligence ana-
9	lysts, and prescribe standards and procedures
10	for establishing and classifying such positions,
11	without regard to chapter 51 of title 5, United
12	States Code; and
13	(B) fix the rate of basic pay for such posi-
14	tions, without regard to subchapter III of chap-
15	ter 53 of title 5, United States Code, if the rate
16	of pay is not greater than the rate of basic pay
17	payable for level IV of the Executive Schedule;
18	(2) appoint individuals to such positions; and
19	(3) establish a performance management sys-
20	tem for such individuals with at least one level of
21	performance above a retention standard.
22	(b) Reporting Requirement.—Not less than 60
23	days before the date of the implementation of authorities
24	authorized under this section, the Director of the Federal
25	Bureau of Investigation shall submit an operating plan de-
26	scribing the Director's intended use of the authorities

1	under this section to the appropriate committees of Con-
2	gress.
3	(c) Annual Report.—Not later than December 31,
4	2005, and annually thereafter for 4 years, the Director
5	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit an an-
6	nual report of the use of the permanent authorities pro-
7	vided under this section during the preceding fiscal year
8	to the appropriate committees of Congress.
9	(d) Appropriate Committees of Congress De-
10	FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate commit-
11	tees of Congress means"—
12	(1) the Committees on Appropriations, Home-
13	land Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Ju-
14	diciary and the Select Committee on Intelligence of
15	the Senate; and
16	(2) the Committees on Appropriations, Govern-
17	ment Reform, and the Judiciary and the Permanent
18	Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of
19	Representatives.
20	SEC. 2004. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION RESERVE
21	SERVICE.
22	(a) In General.—Chapter 35 of title 5, United
23	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
24	lowing:

1	"SUBCHAPTER	VII_{-}	-RETENTION	OE	RETIRED
1		v 11—		() 1 '	

- 2 SPECIALIZED EMPLOYEES AT THE FED-
- 3 ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
- 4 "§ 3598. Federal Bureau of Investigation Reserve
- 5 Service
- 6 "(a) Establishment.—The Director of the Federal
- 7 Bureau of Investigation may provide for the establishment
- 8 and training of a Federal Bureau of Investigation Reserve
- 9 Service (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'FBI
- 10 Reserve Service') for temporary reemployment of employ-
- 11 ees in the Bureau during periods of emergency, as deter-
- 12 mined by the Director.
- 13 "(b) Membership.—Membership in the FBI Re-
- 14 serve Service shall be limited to individuals who previously
- 15 served as full-time employees of the Bureau.
- 16 "(c) Annuitants.—If an individual receiving an an-
- 17 nuity from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability
- 18 Fund on the basis of such individual's service becomes
- 19 temporarily reemployed pursuant to this section, such an-
- 20 nuity shall not be discontinued thereby. An individual so
- 21 reemployed shall not be considered an employee for the
- 22 purposes of chapter 83 or 84.
- 23 "(d) NO IMPACT ON BUREAU PERSONNEL CEIL-
- 24 ING.—FBI Reserve Service members reemployed on a

- 1 temporary basis pursuant to this section shall not count
- 2 against any personnel ceiling applicable to the Bureau.
- 3 "(e) Expenses.—The Director may provide mem-
- 4 bers of the FBI Reserve Service transportation and per
- 5 diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with applicable
- 6 provisions of this title, for the purpose of participating in
- 7 any training that relates to service as a member of the
- 8 FBI Reserve Service.
- 9 "(f) Limitation on Membership of
- 10 the FBI Reserve Service is not to exceed 500 members
- 11 at any given time.
- 12 "(g) Limitation on Duration of Service.—An
- 13 individual may not be reemployed under this section for
- 14 more than 180 days in connection with any particular
- 15 emergency unless, in the judgment of the Director, the
- 16 public interest so requires.".
- 17 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for chap-
- 18 ter 35 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by add-
- 19 ing at the end the following:

- 20 SEC. 2005. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION MANDA-
- 21 TORY SEPARATION AGE.
- 22 (a) Civil Service Retirement System.—Section
- 23 8335(b) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

[&]quot;SUBCHAPTER VII--RETENTION OF RETIRED SPECIALIZED EMPLOYEES AT THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

[&]quot;3598. Federal Bureau of Investigation Reserve Service.".

1	(1) by striking "(b)" and inserting "(b)(1)";
2	and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(2) In the case of employees of the Federal
5	Bureau of Investigation, the second sentence of
6	paragraph (1) shall be applied by substituting '65
7	years of age' for '60 years of age'. The Federal Bu-
8	reau of Investigation may not grant more than 50
9	exemptions in any fiscal year in accordance with the
10	preceding sentence, and the authority to grant such
11	exemptions shall cease to be available after Sep-
12	tember 30, 2007.".
13	(b) Federal Employees' Retirement System.—
14	Section 8425(b) of title 5, United States Code, is
15	amended—
16	(1) by striking "(b)" and inserting "(b)(1)";
17	and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(2) In the case of employees of the Federal
20	Bureau of Investigation, the second sentence of
21	paragraph (1) shall be applied by substituting '65
22	years of age' for '60 years of age'. The Federal Bu-
23	reau of Investigation may not grant more than 50
24	exemptions in any fiscal year in accordance with the
25	preceding sentence, and the authority to grant such

1	exemptions shall cease to be available after Sep
2	tember 30, 2007.".
3	SEC. 2006. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION USE OF
4	TRANSLATORS.
5	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enact
6	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney
7	General of the United States shall submit to the Com
8	mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee
9	on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a repor
10	that contains, with respect to each preceding 12-month
11	period—
12	(1) the number of translators employed, or con
13	tracted for, by the Federal Bureau of Investigation
14	or other components of the Department of Justice
15	(2) any legal or practical impediments to using
16	translators employed by the Federal, State, or loca
17	agencies on a full-time, part-time, or shared basis;
18	(3) the needs of the Federal Bureau of Inves
19	tigation for the specific translation services in cer
20	tain languages, and recommendations for meeting
21	those needs;
22	(4) the status of any automated statistical re
23	porting system, including implementation and future
24	viability;

1	(5) the storage capabilities of the digital collec-
2	tion system or systems utilized;
3	(6) a description of the establishment and com-
4	pliance with audio retention policies that satisfy the
5	investigative and intelligence goals of the Federal
6	Bureau of Investigation; and
7	(7) a description of the implementation of qual-
8	ity control procedures and mechanisms for moni-
9	toring compliance with quality control procedures.
10	TITLE III—SECURITY
11	CLEARANCES
12	SEC. 3001. SECURITY CLEARANCES.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	(1) The term "agency" means—
15	(A) an executive agency (as that term is
16	defined in section 105 of title 5, United States
17	Code);
18	(B) a military department (as that term is
19	defined in section 102 of title 5, United States
20	Code); and
21	(C) an element of the intelligence commu-
22	nity.
23	(2) The term "authorized investigative agency"
24	means an agency designated by the head of the
25	agency selected pursuant to subsection (b) to con-

1	duct a counterintelligence investigation or investiga-
2	tion of persons who are proposed for access to classi-
3	fied information to ascertain whether such persons
4	satisfy the criteria for obtaining and retaining access
5	to such information.
6	(3) The term "authorized adjudicative agency"
7	means an agency authorized by law, regulation, or
8	direction of the Director of National Intelligence to
9	determine eligibility for access to classified informa-
10	tion in accordance with Executive Order 12968.
11	(4) The term "highly sensitive program"
12	means—
13	(A) a government program designated as a
14	Special Access Program (as that term is de-
15	fined in section 4.1(h) of Executive Order
16	12958 or any successor Executive order); or
17	(B) a government program that applies re-
18	strictions required for—
19	(i) restricted data (as that term is de-
20	fined in section 11 y. of the Atomic Energy
21	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(y)); or
22	(ii) other information commonly re-
23	ferred to as "sensitive compartmented in-
24	formation".

1	(5) The term "current investigation file"
2	means, with respect to a security clearance, a file on
3	an investigation or adjudication that has been con-
4	ducted during—
5	(A) the 5-year period beginning on the
6	date the security clearance was granted, in the
7	case of a Top Secret Clearance, or the date ac-
8	cess was granted to a highly sensitive program;
9	(B) the 10-year period beginning on the
10	date the security clearance was granted in the
11	case of a Secret Clearance; and
12	(C) the 15-year period beginning on the
13	date the security clearance was granted in the
14	case of a Confidential Clearance.
15	(6) The term "personnel security investigation"
16	means any investigation required for the purpose of
17	determining the eligibility of any military, civilian, or
18	government contractor personnel to access classified
19	information.
20	(7) The term "periodic reinvestigations" means
21	investigations conducted for the purpose of updating
22	a previously completed background investigation—
23	(A) every 5 years in the case of a top se-
24	cret clearance or access to a highly sensitive
25	program;

1	(B) every 10 years in the case of a secret
2	clearance; or
3	(C) every 15 years in the case of a Con-
4	fidential Clearance.
5	(8) The term "appropriate committees of Con-
6	gress' means—
7	(A) the Permanent Select Committee on
8	Intelligence and the Committees on Armed
9	Services, Homeland Security, Government Re-
10	form, and the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
11	resentatives; and
12	(B) the Select Committee on Intelligence
13	and the Committees on Armed Services, Home-
14	land Security and Governmental Affairs, and
15	the Judiciary of the Senate.
16	(b) Selection of Entity.—Not later than 90 days
17	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President
18	shall select a single department, agency, or element of the
19	executive branch to be responsible for—
20	(1) directing day-to-day oversight of investiga-
21	tions and adjudications for personnel security clear-
22	ances, including for highly sensitive programs,
23	throughout the United States Government;
24	(2) developing and implementing uniform and
25	consistent policies and procedures to ensure the ef-

1	fective, efficient, and timely completion of security
2	clearances and determinations for access to highly
3	sensitive programs, including the standardization of
4	security questionnaires, financial disclosure require
5	ments for security clearance applicants, and poly-
6	graph policies and procedures;
7	(3) serving as the final authority to designate
8	an authorized investigative agency or authorized ad-
9	judicative agency;
10	(4) ensuring reciprocal recognition of access to
11	classified information among the agencies of the
12	United States Government, including acting as the
13	final authority to arbitrate and resolve disputes in-
14	volving the reciprocity of security clearances and ac-
15	cess to highly sensitive programs pursuant to sub-
16	section (d);
17	(5) ensuring, to the maximum extent prac-
18	ticable, that sufficient resources are available in each
19	agency to achieve clearance and investigative pro-
20	gram goals; and
21	(6) reviewing and coordinating the development
22	of tools and techniques for enhancing the conduct of
23	investigations and granting of clearances.
24	(c) Performance of Security Clearance Inves
25	TIGATIONS.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of

1	law, not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
2	ment of this Act, the President shall, in consultation with
3	the head of the entity selected pursuant to subsection (b),
4	select a single agency of the executive branch to conduct,
5	to the maximum extent practicable, security clearance in-
6	vestigations of employees and contractor personnel of the
7	United States Government who require access to classified
8	information and to provide and maintain all security clear-
9	ances of such employees and contractor personnel. The
10	head of the entity selected pursuant to subsection (b) may
11	designate other agencies to conduct such investigations if
12	the head of the entity selected pursuant to subsection (b)
13	considers it appropriate for national security and effi-
14	ciency purposes.
15	(2) The agency selected under paragraph (1) shall—
16	(A) take all necessary actions to carry out the
17	requirements of this section, including entering into
18	a memorandum of understanding with any agency
19	carrying out responsibilities relating to security
20	clearances or security clearance investigations before
21	the date of the enactment of this Act;
22	(B) as soon as practicable, integrate reporting
23	of security clearance applications, security clearance
24	investigations, and determinations of eligibility for

1	security clearances, with the database required by
2	subsection (e); and
3	(C) ensure that security clearance investigations
4	are conducted in accordance with uniform standards
5	and requirements established under subsection (b),
6	including uniform security questionnaires and finan-
7	cial disclosure requirements.
8	(d) Reciprocity of Security Clearance and Ac-
9	CESS DETERMINATIONS.—(1) All security clearance back-
10	ground investigations and determinations completed by an
11	authorized investigative agency or authorized adjudicative
12	agency shall be accepted by all agencies.
13	(2) All security clearance background investigations
14	initiated by an authorized investigative agency shall be
15	transferable to any other authorized investigative agency.
16	(3)(A) An authorized investigative agency or author-
17	ized adjudicative agency may not establish additional in-
18	vestigative or adjudicative requirements (other than re-
19	quirements for the conduct of a polygraph examination)
20	that exceed requirements specified in Executive Orders es-
21	tablishing security requirements for access to classified in-
22	formation without the approval of the head of the entity
23	selected pursuant to subsection (b).
24	(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the head of
25	the entity selected pursuant to subsection (b) may estab-

- 1 lish such additional requirements as the head of such enti-
- 2 ty considers necessary for national security purposes.
- 3 (4) An authorized investigative agency or authorized
- 4 adjudicative agency may not conduct an investigation for
- 5 purposes of determining whether to grant a security clear-
- 6 ance to an individual where a current investigation or
- 7 clearance of equal level already exists or has been granted
- 8 by another authorized adjudicative agency.
- 9 (5) The head of the entity selected pursuant to sub-
- 10 section (b) may disallow the reciprocal recognition of an
- 11 individual security clearance by an agency under this sec-
- 12 tion on a case-by-case basis if the head of the entity se-
- 13 lected pursuant to subsection (b) determines that such ac-
- 14 tion is necessary for national security purposes.
- 15 (6) The head of the entity selected pursuant to sub-
- 16 section (b) shall establish a review procedure by which
- 17 agencies can seek review of actions required under this
- 18 section.
- 19 (e) Database on Security Clearances.—(1) Not
- 20 later than 12 months after the date of the enactment of
- 21 this Act, the Director of the Office of Personnel Manage-
- 22 ment shall, in cooperation with the heads of the entities
- 23 selected pursuant to subsections (b) and (c), establish and
- 24 commence operating and maintaining an integrated, se-
- 25 cure, database into which appropriate data relevant to the

- 1 granting, denial, or revocation of a security clearance or
- 2 access pertaining to military, civilian, or government con-
- 3 tractor personnel shall be entered from all authorized in-
- 4 vestigative and adjudicative agencies.
- 5 (2) The database under this subsection shall function
- 6 to integrate information from existing Federal clearance
- 7 tracking systems from other authorized investigative and
- 8 adjudicative agencies into a single consolidated database.
- 9 (3) Each authorized investigative or adjudicative
- 10 agency shall check the database under this subsection to
- 11 determine whether an individual the agency has identified
- 12 as requiring a security clearance has already been granted
- 13 or denied a security clearance, or has had a security clear-
- 14 ance revoked, by any other authorized investigative or ad-
- 15 judicative agency.
- 16 (4) The head of the entity selected pursuant to sub-
- 17 section (b) shall evaluate the extent to which an agency
- 18 is submitting information to, and requesting information
- 19 from, the database under this subsection as part of a de-
- 20 termination of whether to certify the agency as an author-
- 21 ized investigative agency or authorized adjudicative agen-
- 22 cy.
- 23 (5) The head of the entity selected pursuant to sub-
- 24 section (b) may authorize an agency to withhold informa-
- 25 tion about certain individuals from the database under

1	this subsection if the head of the entity considers it nec-
2	essary for national security purposes.
3	(f) EVALUATION OF USE OF AVAILABLE TECH-
4	NOLOGY IN CLEARANCE INVESTIGATIONS AND ADJUDICA-
5	TIONS.—(1) The head of the entity selected pursuant to
6	subsection (b) shall evaluate the use of available informa-
7	tion technology and databases to expedite investigative
8	and adjudicative processes for all and to verify standard
9	information submitted as part of an application for a secu-
10	rity clearance.
11	(2) The evaluation shall assess the application of the
12	technologies described in paragraph (1) for—
13	(A) granting interim clearances to applicants at
14	the secret, top secret, and special access program
15	levels before the completion of the appropriate ful
16	investigation;
17	(B) expediting investigations and adjudications
18	of security clearances, including verification of infor-
19	mation submitted by the applicant;
20	(C) ongoing verification of suitability of per-
21	sonnel with security clearances in effect for contin-
22	ued access to classified information;
23	(D) use of such technologies to augment peri-
24	odic reinvestigations:

1	(E) assessing the impact of the use of such
2	technologies on the rights of applicants to the verify,
3	correct, or challenge information obtained through
4	such technologies; and
5	(F) such other purposes as the head of the enti-
6	ty selected pursuant to subsection (b) considers ap-
7	propriate.
8	(3) An individual subject to verification utilizing the
9	technology described in paragraph (1) shall be notified of
10	such verification, shall provide consent to such use, and
11	shall have access to data being verified in order to correct
12	errors or challenge information the individual believes is
13	incorrect.
14	(4) Not later than one year after the date of the en-
15	actment of this Act, the head of the entity selected pursu-
16	ant to subsection (b) shall submit to the President and
17	and to subsection (b) shall submit to the President and
1 /	the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the
18	
	the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the
18	the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the results of the evaluation, including recommendations on
18 19	the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the results of the evaluation, including recommendations on the use of technologies described in paragraph (1).
18 19 20	the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the results of the evaluation, including recommendations on the use of technologies described in paragraph (1). (g) REDUCTION IN LENGTH OF PERSONNEL SECU-
18 19 20 21	the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the results of the evaluation, including recommendations on the use of technologies described in paragraph (1). (g) REDUCTION IN LENGTH OF PERSONNEL SECURITY CLEARANCE PROCESS.—(1) The head of the entity

- 1 thorized adjudicative agency, a plan to reduce the length
- 2 of the personnel security clearance process.
- 3 (2)(A) To the extent practical the plan under para-
- 4 graph (1) shall require that each authorized adjudicative
- 5 agency make a determination on at least 90 percent of
- 6 all applications for a personnel security clearance within
- 7 an average of 60 days after the date of receipt of the com-
- 8 pleted application for a security clearance by an author-
- 9 ized investigative agency. Such 60-day average period
- 10 shall include—
- (i) a period of not longer than 40 days to com-
- 12 plete the investigative phase of the clearance review;
- 13 and
- 14 (ii) a period of not longer than 20 days to com-
- plete the adjudicative phase of the clearance review.
- 16 (B) Determinations on clearances not made within 60
- 17 days shall be made without delay.
- 18 (3)(A) The plan under paragraph (1) shall take effect
- 19 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 20 (B) During the period beginning on a date not later
- 21 than 2 years after the date after the enactment of this
- 22 Act and ending on the date on which the plan under para-
- 23 graph (1) takes effect, each authorized adjudicative agen-
- 24 cy shall make a determination on at least 80 percent of
- 25 all applications for a personnel security clearance pursu-

1	ant to this section within an average of 120 days after
2	the date of receipt of the application for a security clear-
3	ance by an authorized investigative agency. Such 120-day
4	average period shall include—
5	(i) a period of not longer than 90 days to com-
6	plete the investigative phase of the clearance review;
7	and
8	(ii) a period of not longer than 30 days to com-
9	plete the adjudicative phase of the clearance review.
10	(h) Reports.—(1) Not later than February 15,
11	2006, and annually thereafter through 2011, the head of
12	the entity selected pursuant to subsection (b) shall submit
13	to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the
14	progress made during the preceding year toward meeting
15	the requirements of this section.
16	(2) Each report shall include, for the period covered
17	by such report—
18	(A) the periods of time required by the author-
19	ized investigative agencies and authorized adjudica-
20	tive agencies for conducting investigations, adjudi-
21	cating cases, and granting clearances, from date of
22	submission to ultimate disposition and notification
23	to the subject and the subject's employer;

1	(B) a discussion of any impediments to the
2	smooth and timely functioning of the requirements
3	of this section; and
4	(C) such other information or recommendations
5	as the head of the entity selected pursuant to sub-
6	section (b) considers appropriate.
7	(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
8	authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
9	essary for fiscal year 2005 and each fiscal year thereafter
10	for the implementation, maintenance, and operation of the
11	database required by subsection (e).
12	TITLE IV—TRANSPORTATION
	CECLIDION
13	SECURITY
13 14	SECURITY Subtitle A—National Strategy for
14	Subtitle A—National Strategy for
14 15	Subtitle A—National Strategy for Transportation Security
14 15 16	Subtitle A—National Strategy for Transportation Security SEC. 4001. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR TRANSPORTATION SE-
14 15 16 17	Subtitle A—National Strategy for Transportation Security SEC. 4001. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR TRANSPORTATION SECURITY.
14 15 16 17	Subtitle A—National Strategy for Transportation Security SEC. 4001. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR TRANSPORTATION SECURITY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 114 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
14 15 16 17 18	Subtitle A—National Strategy for Transportation Security SEC. 4001. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR TRANSPORTATION SECURITY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 114 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Subtitle A—National Strategy for Transportation Security SEC. 4001. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR TRANSPORTATION SECURITY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 114 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subtitle A—National Strategy for Transportation Security SEC. 4001. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR TRANSPORTATION SECURITY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 114 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(t) Transportation Security Strategic Planning.—

1	"(A) a National Strategy for Transpor-
2	tation Security; and
3	"(B) transportation modal security plans.
4	"(2) Role of Secretary of Transpor-
5	TATION.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall
6	work jointly with the Secretary of Transportation in
7	developing, revising, and updating the documents re-
8	quired by paragraph (1).
9	"(3) Contents of National Strategy for
10	TRANSPORTATION SECURITY.—The National Strat-
11	egy for Transportation Security shall include the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(A) An identification and evaluation of
14	the transportation assets in the United States
15	that, in the interests of national security and
16	commerce, must be protected from attack or
17	disruption by terrorist or other hostile forces,
18	including modal security plans for aviation,
19	bridge and tunnel, commuter rail and ferry,
20	highway, maritime, pipeline, rail, mass transit,
21	over-the-road bus, and other public transpor-
22	tation infrastructure assets that could be at
23	risk of such an attack or disruption.
24	"(B) The development of risk-based prior-
25	ities across all transportation modes and real-

1	istic deadlines for addressing security needs as-
2	sociated with those assets referred to in sub-
3	paragraph (A).
4	"(C) The most appropriate, practical, and
5	cost-effective means of defending those assets
6	against threats to their security.
7	"(D) A forward-looking strategic plan that
8	sets forth the agreed upon roles and missions of
9	Federal, state, regional, and local authorities
10	and establishes mechanisms for encouraging
11	private sector cooperation and participation in
12	the implementation of such plan.
13	"(E) A comprehensive delineation of re-
14	sponse and recovery responsibilities and issues
15	regarding threatened and executed acts of ter-
16	rorism within the United States.
17	"(F) A prioritization of research and devel-
18	opment objectives that support transportation
19	security needs, giving a higher priority to re-
20	search and development directed toward pro-
21	tecting vital transportation assets.
22	"(4) Submissions of plans to congress.—
23	"(A) Initial Strategy.—The Secretary
24	of Homeland Security shall submit the National
25	Strategy for Transportation Security, including

1	the transportation modal security plans, devel-
2	oped under this subsection to the appropriate
3	congressional committees not later than April 1,
4	2005.
5	"(B) Subsequent versions.—After De-
6	cember 31, 2005, the Secretary of Homeland
7	Security shall submit the National Strategy for
8	Transportation Security, including the trans-
9	portation modal security plans and any revi-
10	sions to the National Strategy for Transpor-
11	tation Security and the transportation modal
12	security plans, to appropriate congressional
13	committees not less frequently than April 1 of
14	each even-numbered year.
15	"(C) Periodic progress report.—
16	"(i) Requirement for report.—
17	Each year, in conjunction with the submis-
18	sion of the budget to Congress under sec-
19	tion 1105(a) of title 31, United States
20	Code, the Secretary of Homeland Security
21	shall submit to the appropriate congres-
22	sional committees an assessment of the
23	progress made on implementing the Na-
24	tional Strategy for Transportation Secu-

rity.

25

1	"(ii) Content.—Each progress re-
2	port under this subparagraph shall include,
3	at a minimum, recommendations for im-
4	proving and implementing the National
5	Strategy for Transportation Security and
6	the transportation modal security plans
7	that the Secretary, in consultation with the
8	Secretary of Transportation, considers ap-
9	propriate.
10	"(D) Classified material.—Any part of
11	the National Strategy for Transportation Secu-
12	rity or the transportation modal security plans
13	that involve information that is properly classi-
14	fied under criteria established by Executive
15	order shall be submitted to the appropriate con-
16	gressional committees separately in a classified
17	format.
18	"(E) Appropriate congressional com-
19	MITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the
20	term "appropriate congressional committees"
21	means the Committee on Transportation and
22	Infrastructure and the Select Committee on
23	Homeland Security of the House of Representa-
24	tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science,
25	and Transportation and the Committee on

1	Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs
2	of the Senate.
3	"(5) Priority Status.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The National Strategy
5	for Transportation Security shall be the gov-
6	erning document for Federal transportation se-
7	curity efforts.
8	"(B) OTHER PLANS AND REPORTS.—The
9	National Strategy for Transportation Security
10	shall include, as an integral part or as an
11	appendix—
12	"(i) the current National Maritime
13	Transportation Security Plan under sec-
14	tion 70103 of title 46;
15	"(ii) the report required by section
16	44938 of this title;
17	"(iii) transportation modal security
18	plans required under this section; and
19	"(iv) any other transportation security
20	plan or report that the Secretary of Home-
21	land Security determines appropriate for
22	inclusion.".
23	(b) Aviation Security Planning; Operational
24	Criteria.—Section 44904 of title 49, United States
25	Code, is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
2	section (e); and
3	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(c) Modal Security Plan for Aviation.—In ad-
6	dition to the requirements set forth in subparagraphs (B)
7	through (F) of section 114(t)(3), the modal security plan
8	for aviation prepared under section 114(t) shall—
9	"(1) establish a damage mitigation and recovery
10	plan for the aviation system in the event of a ter-
11	rorist attack; and
12	"(2) include a threat matrix document that out-
13	lines each threat to the United States civil aviation
14	system and the corresponding layers of security in
15	place to address such threat.
16	"(d) Operational Criteria.—Not later than 90
17	days after the date of the submission of the National
18	Strategy for Transportation Security under section
19	114(t)(4)(A), the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Secu-
20	rity (Transportation Security Administration) shall issue
21	operational criteria to protect airport infrastructure and
22	operations against the threats identified in the plans pre-
23	pared under section $114(t)(1)$ and shall approve best prac-
24	tices guidelines for airport assets.".

1	Subtitle B—Aviation Security
2	SEC. 4011. PROVISION FOR THE USE OF BIOMETRIC OR
3	OTHER TECHNOLOGY.
4	(a) Use of Biometric Identifier Technology.—
5	Section 44903(h) of title 49, United States Code, is
6	amended—
7	(1) in paragraph (4)(E) by striking "may pro-
8	vide for" and inserting "shall issue, not later than
9	March 31, 2005, guidance for"; and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(5) Use of biometric technology in Air-
12	PORT ACCESS CONTROL SYSTEMS.—In issuing guid-
13	ance under paragraph (4)(E), the Assistant Sec-
14	retary of Homeland Security (Transportation Secu-
15	rity Administration) in consultation with representa-
16	tives of the aviation industry, the biometric identifier
17	industry, and the National Institute of Standards
18	and Technology, shall establish, at a minimum—
19	"(A) comprehensive technical and oper-
20	ational system requirements and performance
21	standards for the use of biometric identifier
22	technology in airport access control systems (in-
23	cluding airport perimeter access control sys-
24	tems) to ensure that the biometric identifier

systems are effective, reliable, and secure;

25

1	"(B) a list of products and vendors that
2	meet the requirements and standards set forth
3	in subparagraph (A);
4	"(C) procedures for implementing biomet-
5	ric identifier systems—
6	"(i) to ensure that individuals do not
7	use an assumed identity to enroll in a bio-
8	metric identifier system; and
9	"(ii) to resolve failures to enroll, false
10	matches, and false non-matches; and
11	"(D) best practices for incorporating bio-
12	metric identifier technology into airport access
13	control systems in the most effective manner,
14	including a process to best utilize existing air-
15	port access control systems, facilities, and
16	equipment and existing data networks con-
17	necting airports.
18	"(6) Use of biometric technology for
19	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TRAVEL.—
20	"(A) In General.—Not later than 120
21	days after the date of enactment of this para-
22	graph, the Assistant Secretary, in consultation
23	with the Attorney General, shall—
24	"(i) establish a law enforcement offi-
25	cer travel credential that incorporates bio-

1	metric identifier technology and is uniform
2	across all Federal, State, local, tribal, and
3	territorial government law enforcement
4	agencies;
5	"(ii) establish a process by which the
6	travel credential will be used to verify the
7	identity of a Federal, State, local, tribal, or
8	territorial law enforcement officer seeking
9	to carry a weapon on board an aircraft.
10	without unnecessarily disclosing to the
11	public that the individual is a law enforce-
12	ment officer;
13	"(iii) establish procedures—
14	"(I) to ensure that only Federal
15	State, local, tribal, and territorial gov-
16	ernment law enforcement officers are
17	issued a law enforcement travel cre-
18	dential;
19	"(II) to resolve failures to enroll
20	false matches, and false non-matches
21	relating to use of the law enforcement
22	travel credential; and
23	"(III) to invalidate any law en-
24	forcement travel credential that is

1	lost, stolen, or no longer authorized
2	for use;
3	"(iv) begin issuance of the travel cre-
4	dential to each Federal, State, local, tribal,
5	or territorial government law enforcement
6	officer authorized by the Assistant Sec-
7	retary to carry a weapon on board an air-
8	craft; and
9	"(v) take such other actions with re-
10	spect to the travel credential as the Assist-
11	ant Secretary considers appropriate.
12	"(B) Funding.—There is authorized to be
13	appropriated such sums as may be necessary to
14	carry out this paragraph.
15	"(7) Definitions.—In this subsection, the fol-
16	lowing definitions apply:
17	"(A) BIOMETRIC IDENTIFIER INFORMA-
18	TION.—The term 'biometric identifier informa-
19	tion' means the distinct physical or behavioral
20	characteristics of an individual that are used
21	for unique identification, or verification of the
22	identity, of an individual.
23	"(B) BIOMETRIC IDENTIFIER.—The term
24	'biometric identifier' means a technology that
25	enables the automated identification, or

1	verification of the identity, of an individual
2	based on biometric information.
3	"(C) FAILURE TO ENROLL.—The term
4	'failure to enroll' means the inability of an indi-
5	vidual to enroll in a biometric identifier system
6	due to an insufficiently distinctive biometric
7	sample, the lack of a body part necessary to
8	provide the biometric sample, a system design
9	that makes it difficult to provide consistent bio-
10	metric identifier information, or other factors.
11	"(D) FALSE MATCH.—The term 'false
12	match' means the incorrect matching of one in-
13	dividual's biometric identifier information to an-
14	other individual's biometric identifier informa-
15	tion by a biometric identifier system.
16	"(E) False non-match.—The term 'false
17	non-match' means the rejection of a valid iden-
18	tity by a biometric identifier system.
19	"(F) SECURE AREA OF AN AIRPORT.—The
20	term 'secure area of an airport' means the ster-
21	ile area and the Secure Identification Display
22	Area of an airport (as such terms are defined
23	in section 1540.5 of title 49, Code of Federal
24	Regulations, or any successor regulation to such
25	section).".

1 ((b)	AVIATION	SECURITY	RESEARCH	AND	DEVELOP-

- 2 MENT.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 3 retary of Homeland Security for the use of the Transpor-
- 4 tation Security Administration \$20,000,000, in addition
- 5 to any amounts otherwise authorized by law, for research
- 6 and development of advanced biometric technology appli-
- 7 cations to aviation security, including mass identification
- 8 technology.
- 9 (c) Sense of Congress on Transfer of Tech-
- 10 NOLOGY.—It is the sense of Congress that the national
- 11 intelligence community and the Department of Homeland
- 12 Security should share information on and technological
- 13 advancements to biometric systems, biometric technology,
- 14 and biometric identifier systems obtained through re-
- 15 search and development programs conducted by various
- 16 Federal agencies.
- 17 (d) BIOMETRIC CENTER OF EXCELLENCE.—There is
- 18 authorized to be appropriated \$1,000,000, in addition to
- 19 any amounts otherwise authorized by law, for the estab-
- 20 lishment of a competitive center of excellence that will de-
- 21 velop and expedite the Federal Government's use of bio-
- 22 metric identifiers.
- 23 SEC. 4012. ADVANCED AIRLINE PASSENGER
- 24 PRESCREENING.
- 25 (a) IN GENERAL.—

1 (1) Domestic flights.—Section 44903(j)(2)
of title 49, United States Code, is amended by add-
3 ing at the end the following:
4 "(C) ADVANCED AIRLINE PASSENGER
5 PRESCREENING.—
6 "(i) Commencement of Testing.—
7 Not later than January 1, 2005, the As-
8 sistant Secretary of Homeland Security
9 (Transportation Security Administration)
or the designee of the Assistant Secretary
shall commence testing of an advanced
passenger prescreening system that will
allow the Department of Homeland Secu-
rity to assume the performance of com-
paring passenger information, as defined
by the Assistant Secretary, to the auto-
matic selectee and no fly lists, utilizing all
appropriate records in the consolidated and
integrated terrorist watchlist maintained
by the Federal Government.
21 "(ii) Assumption of Function.—
Not later than 180 days after completion
of testing under clause (i), the Assistant
Secretary, or the designee of the Assistant
25 Secretary, shall begin to assume the per-

1	formance of the passenger prescreening
2	function of comparing passenger informa-
3	tion to the automatic selectee and no fly
4	lists and utilize all appropriate records in
5	the consolidated and integrated terrorist
6	watchlist maintained by the Federal Gov-
7	ernment in performing that function.
8	"(iii) Requirements.—In assuming
9	performance of the function under clause
10	(ii), the Assistant Secretary shall—
11	"(I) establish a procedure to en-
12	able airline passengers, who are de-
13	layed or prohibited from boarding a
14	flight because the advanced passenger
15	prescreening system determined that
16	they might pose a security threat, to
17	appeal such determination and correct
18	information contained in the system;
19	"(II) ensure that Federal Gov-
20	ernment databases that will be used
21	to establish the identity of a pas-
22	senger under the system will not
23	produce a large number of false
24	positives;

1	"(III) establish an internal over-
2	sight board to oversee and monitor
3	the manner in which the system is
4	being implemented;
5	"(IV) establish sufficient oper-
6	ational safeguards to reduce the op-
7	portunities for abuse;
8	"(V) implement substantial secu-
9	rity measures to protect the system
10	from unauthorized access;
11	"(VI) adopt policies establishing
12	effective oversight of the use and op-
13	eration of the system; and
14	"(VII) ensure that there are no
15	specific privacy concerns with the
16	technological architecture of the sys-
17	tem.
18	"(iv) Passenger information.—
19	Not later than 180 days after the comple-
20	tion of the testing of the advanced pas-
21	senger prescreening system, the Assistant
22	Secretary, by order or interim final rule—
23	"(I) shall require air carriers to
24	supply to the Assistant Secretary the
25	passenger information needed to begin

1	implementing the advanced passenger
2	prescreening system; and
3	"(II) shall require entities that
4	provide systems and services to air
5	carriers in the operation of air carrier
6	reservations systems to provide to air
7	carriers passenger information in pos-
8	session of such entities, but only to
9	the extent necessary to comply with
10	subclause (I).
11	"(D) Screening of employees against
12	WATCHLIST.—The Assistant Secretary of
13	Homeland Security (Transportation Security
14	Administration), in coordination with the Sec-
15	retary of Transportation and the Administrator
16	of the Federal Aviation Administration, shall
17	ensure that individuals are screened against all
18	appropriate records in the consolidated and in-
19	tegrated terrorist watchlist maintained by the
20	Federal Government before—
21	"(i) being certificated by the Federal
22	Aviation Administration;
23	"(ii) being granted unescorted access
24	to the secure area of an airport; or

1	"(iii) being granted unescorted access
2	to the air operations area (as defined in
3	section 1540.5 of title 49, Code of Federal
4	Regulations, or any successor regulation to
5	such section) of an airport.
6	"(E) AIRCRAFT CHARTER CUSTOMER AND
7	LESSEE PRESCREENING.—
8	"(i) In general.—Not later than 90
9	days after the date on which the Assistant
10	Secretary assumes the performance of the
11	advanced passenger prescreening function
12	under subparagraph (C)(ii), the Assistant
13	Secretary shall establish a process by
14	which operators of aircraft to be used in
15	charter air transportation with a maximum
16	takeoff weight greater than 12,500 pounds
17	and lessors of aircraft with a maximum
18	takeoff weight greater than 12,500 pounds
19	may—
20	"(I) request the Department of
21	Homeland Security to use the ad-
22	vanced passenger prescreening system
23	to compare information about any in-
24	dividual seeking to charter an aircraft
25	with a maximum takeoff weight great-

1	er than 12,500 pounds, any passenger
2	proposed to be transported aboard
3	such aircraft, and any individual seek-
4	ing to lease an aircraft with a max-
5	imum takeoff weight greater than
6	12,500 pounds to the automatic se-
7	lectee and no fly lists, utilizing all ap-
8	propriate records in the consolidated
9	and integrated terrorist watchlist
10	maintained by the Federal Govern-
11	ment; and
12	"(II) refuse to charter or lease
13	an aircraft with a maximum takeoff
14	weight greater than 12,500 pounds to
15	or transport aboard such aircraft any
16	persons identified on such watch list.
17	"(ii) Requirements.—The require-
18	ments of subparagraph (C)(iii) shall apply
19	to this subparagraph.
20	"(iii) No fly and automatic se-
21	LECTEE LISTS.—The Secretary of Home-
22	land Security, in consultation with the Ter-
23	rorist Screening Center, shall design and
24	review, as necessary, guidelines, policies,
25	and operating procedures for the collection,

1	removal, and updating of data maintained,
2	or to be maintained, in the no fly and
3	automatic selectee lists.
4	"(F) Applicability.—Section 607 of the
5	Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthoriza-
6	tion Act (49 U.S.C. 44903 note; 117 Stat.
7	2568) shall not apply to the advanced pas-
8	senger prescreening system established under
9	subparagraph (C).
10	"(G) APPEAL PROCEDURES.—
11	"(i) In General.—The Assistant
12	Secretary shall establish a timely and fair
13	process for individuals identified as a
14	threat under one or more of subparagraphs
15	(C), (D), and (E) to appeal to the Trans-
16	portation Security Administration the de-
17	termination and correct any erroneous in-
18	formation.
19	"(ii) Records.—The process shall in-
20	clude the establishment of a method by
21	which the Assistant Secretary will be able
22	to maintain a record of air passengers and
23	other individuals who have been
24	misidentified and have corrected erroneous
25	information. To prevent repeated delays of

1	misidentified passengers and other individ-
2	uals, the Transportation Security Adminis-
3	tration record shall contain information de-
4	termined by the Assistant Secretary to au-
5	thenticate the identity of such a passenger
6	or individual.
7	"(H) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the
8	term 'secure area of an airport' means the ster-
9	ile area and the Secure Identification Display
10	Area of an airport (as such terms are defined
11	in section 1540.5 of title 49, Code of Federal
12	Regulations, or any successor regulation to such
13	section).".
14	(2) International flights.—Section
15	44909(c) of title 49, United States Code, is
16	amended—
17	(i) by striking "paragraph (5)," in
18	paragraph (4) and inserting "paragraphs
19	(5) and (6),"; and
20	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(6) Prescreening international pas-
23	SENGERS.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60
25	days after date of enactment of this paragraph.

1	the Secretary of Homeland Security, or the des-
2	ignee of the Secretary, shall issue a notice of
3	proposed rulemaking that will allow the Depart-
4	ment of Homeland Security to compare pas-
5	senger information for any international flight
6	to or from the United States against the con-
7	solidated and integrated terrorist watchlist
8	maintained by the Federal Government before
9	departure of the flight.
10	"(B) APPEAL PROCEDURES.—
11	"(i) In General.—The Secretary of
12	Homeland Security shall establish a timely
13	and fair process for individuals identified
14	as a threat under subparagraph (A) to ap-
15	peal to the Department of Homeland Secu-
16	rity the determination and correct any er-
17	roneous information.
18	"(ii) Records.—The process shall in-
19	clude the establishment of a method by
20	which the Secretary will be able to main-
21	tain a record of air passengers and other
22	individuals who have been misidentified
23	and have corrected erroneous information.
24	To prevent repeated delays of misidentified
25	passengers and other individuals, the De-

1	partment of Homeland Security record
2	shall contain information determined by
3	the Secretary to authenticate the identity
4	of such a passenger or individual.".
5	(b) Report on Effects on Privacy and Civil
6	Liberties.—
7	(1) Requirement for report.—Not later
8	than 180 days after the date of the enactment of
9	this Act, the Security Privacy Officer of the Depart-
10	ment of Homeland Security shall submit a report as-
11	sessing the impact of the automatic selectee and no
12	fly lists on privacy and civil liberties to the Com-
13	mittee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Home-
14	land Security and Governmental Affairs, and the
15	Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
16	tation of the Senate and the Committee on the Judi-
17	ciary, the Committee on Government Reform, the
18	Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure,
19	and the Select Committee on Homeland Security of
20	the House of Representatives.
21	(2) Content.—The report submitted under
22	paragraph (1) shall include—
23	(A) any recommendations for practices,
24	procedures, regulations, or legislation that the
25	Security Privacy Officer considers necessary to

1	minimize adverse effects of automatic selectee
2	and no fly lists on privacy, discrimination, due
3	process, and other civil liberties;
4	(B) a discussion of the implications of ap-
5	plying those lists to other modes of transpor-
6	tation; and
7	(C) the effect that implementation of the
8	recommendations would have on the effective-
9	ness of the use of such lists to protect the
10	United States against terrorist attacks.
11	(3) Form.—To the greatest extent consistent
12	with the protection of law enforcement-sensitive in-
13	formation and classified information, and the admin-
14	istration of applicable law, the report shall be sub-
15	mitted in unclassified form and shall be available to
16	the public. The report may contain a classified
17	annex if necessary.
18	(c) Report on Criteria for Consolidated Ter-
19	RORIST WATCH LIST.—
20	(1) In general.—Within 180 days after the
21	date of enactment of this Act, the Director of Na-
22	tional Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary
23	of Homeland Security, the Secretary of State, and
24	the Attorney General, shall submit to Congress a re-

1	port on the Terrorist Screening Center consolidated
2	screening watch list.
3	(2) Contents.—The report shall include—
4	(A) the criteria for placing the name of an
5	individual on the watch list;
6	(B) the minimum standards for reliability
7	and accuracy of identifying information;
8	(C) the degree of information certainty and
9	the range of threat levels that are to be identi-
10	fied for an individual; and
11	(D) the range of applicable consequences
12	that are to apply to an individual, if located.
13	(3) FORM.—To the greatest extent consistent
14	with the protection of law enforcement-sensitive in-
15	formation and classified information and the admin-
16	istration of applicable law, the report shall be sub-
17	mitted in unclassified form and shall be available to
18	the public. The report may contain a classified
19	annex if necessary.
20	SEC. 4013. DEPLOYMENT AND USE OF DETECTION EQUIP-
21	MENT AT AIRPORT SCREENING CHECK-
22	POINTS.
23	(a) In General.—Subchapter I of chapter 449, of
24	title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
2.5	end the following:

1	" \S 44925. Deployment and use of detection equipment
2	at airport screening checkpoints.
3	"(a) Weapons and Explosives.—The Secretary of
4	Homeland Security shall give a high priority to developing,
5	testing, improving, and deploying, at airport screening
6	checkpoints, equipment that detects nonmetallic, chemical,
7	biological, and radiological weapons, and explosives, in all
8	forms, on individuals and in their personal property. The
9	Secretary shall ensure that the equipment alone, or as
10	part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic
11	operating conditions the types of weapons and explosives
12	that terrorists would likely try to smuggle aboard an air
13	carrier aircraft.
14	"(b) Strategic Plan for Deployment and Use
15	OF EXPLOSIVE DETECTION EQUIPMENT AT AIRPORT
16	Screening Checkpoints.—
17	"(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days
18	after the date of enactment of this section, the As-
19	sistant Secretary of Homeland Security (Transpor-
20	tation Security Administration) shall submit to the
21	appropriate congressional committees a strategic
22	plan to promote the optimal utilization and deploy-
23	ment of explosive detection equipment at airports to
24	screen individuals and their personal property. Such
25	equipment includes walk-through explosive detection
26	portals, document scanners, shoe scanners, and

1	backscatter x-ray scanners. The plan may be sub-
2	mitted in a classified format.
3	"(2) Content.—The strategic plan shall in-
4	clude, at minimum—
5	"(A) a description of current efforts to de-
6	tect explosives in all forms on individuals and in
7	their personal property;
8	"(B) a description of the operational appli-
9	cations of explosive detection equipment at air-
10	port screening checkpoints;
11	"(C) a deployment schedule and a descrip-
12	tion of the quantities of equipment needed to
13	implement the plan;
14	"(D) a description of funding needs to im-
15	plement the plan, including a financing plan
16	that provides for leveraging of non-Federal
17	funding;
18	"(E) a description of the measures taken
19	and anticipated to be taken in carrying out sub-
20	section (d); and
21	"(F) a description of any recommended
22	legislative actions.
23	"(c) Portal Detection Systems.—There is au-
24	thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland
25	Security for the use of the Transportation Security Ad-

- 1 ministration \$250,000,000, in addition to any amounts
- 2 otherwise authorized by law, for research, development,
- 3 and installation of detection systems and other devices for
- 4 the detection of biological, chemical, radiological, and ex-
- 5 plosive materials.
- 6 "(d) Interim Action.—Until measures are imple-
- 7 mented that enable the screening of all passengers for ex-
- 8 plosives, the Assistant Secretary shall provide, by such
- 9 means as the Assistant Secretary considers appropriate,
- 10 explosives detection screening for all passengers identified
- 11 for additional screening and their personal property that
- 12 will be carried aboard a passenger aircraft operated by an
- 13 air carrier or foreign air carrier in air transportation or
- 14 intrastate air transportation.".
- 15 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The analysis for
- 16 chapter 449 of title 49, United States Code, is amended
- 17 by inserting after the item relating to section 44924 the
- 18 following:

"44925. Deployment and use of detection equipment at airport screening checkpoints.".

- 19 SEC. 4014. ADVANCED AIRPORT CHECKPOINT SCREENING
- 20 **DEVICES.**
- 21 (a) Advanced Integrated Airport Checkpoint
- 22 Screening System Pilot Program.—Not later than
- 23 March 31, 2005, the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Se-
- 24 curity (Transportation Security Administration) shall de-

- 1 velop and initiate a pilot program to deploy and test ad-
- 2 vanced airport checkpoint screening devices and tech-
- 3 nology as an integrated system at not less than 5 airports
- 4 in the United States.
- 5 (b) Funding.—Of the amounts appropriated pursu-
- 6 ant to section 48301(a) of title 49, United States Code,
- 7 for each of fiscal years 2005 and 2006, not more than
- 8 \$150,000,000 shall be available to carry out subsection
- 9 (a).
- 10 SEC. 4015. IMPROVEMENT OF SCREENER JOB PERFORM-
- ANCE.
- 12 (a) REQUIRED ACTION.—The Assistant Secretary of
- 13 Homeland Security (Transportation Security Administra-
- 14 tion) shall take such action as may be necessary to im-
- 15 prove the job performance of airport screening personnel.
- 16 (b) Human Factors Study.—In carrying out this
- 17 section, the Assistant Secretary shall provide, not later
- 18 than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
- 19 to the appropriate congressional committees a report on
- 20 the results of any human factors study conducted by the
- 21 Department of Homeland Security to better understand
- 22 problems in screener performance and to improve screener
- 23 performance.

1	SEC	401G	FEDERAL	ΔTR	MARSHALS.
1	SEC.	4010.	FEDERAL	AIR	MANSHALS.

2	(a) Federal Air Marshal Anonymity.—The Di-
3	rector of the Federal Air Marshal Service of the Depart-
4	ment of Homeland Security shall continue operational ini-
5	tiatives to protect the anonymity of Federal air marshals.
6	(b) Authorization of Additional Appropria-
7	TIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the
8	Secretary of Homeland Security for the use of the Bureau
9	of Immigration and Customs Enforcement, in addition to
10	any amounts otherwise authorized by law, for the deploy-
11	ment of Federal air marshals under section 44917 of title
12	49, United States Code, \$83,000,000 for the 3 fiscal-year
13	period beginning with fiscal year 2005. Such sums shall
14	remain available until expended.
15	(c) Federal Law Enforcement
16	COUNTERTERRORISM TRAINING.—
17	(1) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—The As-
18	sistant Secretary for Immigration and Customs En-
19	forcement and the Director of Federal Air Marshal
20	Service of the Department of Homeland Security,
21	shall make available, as practicable, appropriate in-
22	formation on in-flight counterterrorism and weapons
23	handling procedures and tactics training to Federal
24	law enforcement officers who fly while in possession
25	of a firearm.

1	(2) Identification of fraudulent docu-
2	MENTS.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration
3	and Customs Enforcement and the Director of Fed-
4	eral Air Marshal Service of the Department of
5	Homeland Security, in coordination with the Assist-
6	ant Secretary of Homeland Security (Transportation
7	Security Administration), shall ensure that Trans-
8	portation Security Administration screeners and
9	Federal air marshals receive training in identifying
10	fraudulent identification documents, including fraud-
11	ulent or expired visas and passports. Such training
12	shall also be made available to other Federal law en-
13	forcement agencies and local law enforcement agen-
14	cies located in a State that borders Canada or Mex-
15	ico.
16	SEC. 4017. INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS TO ALLOW MAX-
17	IMUM DEPLOYMENT OF FEDERAL AIR MAR-
18	SHALS.
19	The President is encouraged to pursue aggressively
20	international agreements with foreign governments to
21	allow the maximum deployment of Federal air marshals
22	on international flights.
23	SEC. 4018. FOREIGN AIR MARSHAL TRAINING.
24	Section 44917 of title 49, United States Code, is
25	amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(d) Training for Foreign Law Enforcement
2	Personnel.—
3	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary for
4	Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the De-
5	partment of Homeland Security, after consultation
6	with the Secretary of State, may direct the Federal
7	Air Marshal Service to provide appropriate air mar-
8	shal training to law enforcement personnel of foreign
9	countries.
10	"(2) Watchlist screening.—The Federal
11	Air Marshal Service may only provide appropriate
12	air marshal training to law enforcement personnel of
13	foreign countries after comparing the identifying in-
14	formation and records of law enforcement personnel
15	of foreign countries against all appropriate records
16	in the consolidated and integrated terrorist
17	watchlists maintained by the Federal Government.
18	"(3) Fees.—The Assistant Secretary shall es-
19	tablish reasonable fees and charges to pay expenses
20	incurred in carrying out this subsection. Funds col-
21	lected under this subsection shall be credited to the
22	account in the Treasury from which the expenses
23	were incurred and shall be available to the Assistant
24	Secretary for purposes for which amounts in such
25	account are available.".

1 SEC. 4019. IN-LINE CHECKED BAGGAGE SCREENING.

- 2 (a) In-Line Baggage Screening Equipment.—
- 3 The Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security (Transpor-
- 4 tation Security Administration) shall take such action as
- 5 may be necessary to expedite the installation and use of
- 6 in-line baggage screening equipment at airports at which
- 7 screening is required by section 44901 of title 49, United
- 8 States Code.
- 9 (b) SCHEDULE.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 10 date of enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary
- 11 shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees
- 12 a schedule to expedite the installation and use of in-line
- 13 baggage screening equipment at such airports, with an es-
- 14 timate of the impact that such equipment, facility modi-
- 15 fication, and baggage conveyor placement will have on
- 16 staffing needs and levels related to aviation security.
- 17 (c) Replacement of Trace-Detection Equip-
- 18 MENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
- 19 ment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall establish
- 20 and submit to the appropriate congressional committees
- 21 a schedule for replacing trace-detection equipment, as
- 22 soon as practicable and where appropriate, with explosive
- 23 detection system equipment.
- 24 (d) Cost-Sharing Study.—The Secretary of Home-
- 25 land Security, in consultation with representatives of air
- 26 carriers, airport operators, and other interested parties,

1	shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees,
2	in conjunction with the submission of the budget for fiscal
3	year 2006 to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31,
4	United States Code—
5	(1) a proposed formula for cost-sharing among
6	the Federal Government, State and local govern-
7	ments, and the private sector for projects to install
8	in-line baggage screening equipment that reflects the
9	benefits that each of such entities derive from such
10	projects, including national security benefits and
11	labor and other cost savings;
12	(2) recommendations, including recommended
13	legislation, for an equitable, feasible, and expeditious
14	system for defraying the costs of the in-line baggage
15	screening equipment authorized by this title; and
16	(3) the results of a review of innovative financ-
17	ing approaches and possible cost savings associated
18	with the installation of in-line baggage screening
19	equipment at airports.
20	(e) Authorization for Expiring and New
21	LOIs.—
22	(1) In general.—Section 44923(i) of title 49,
23	United States Code, is amended by striking
24	"\$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2004 through

1	2007." and inserting "\$400,000,000 for each of fis-
2	cal years 2005, 2006, and 2007.".
3	(2) Period of Reimbursement.—Notwith-
4	standing any other provision of law, the Secretary
5	may provide that the period of reimbursement under
6	any letter of intent may extend for a period not to
7	exceed 10 years after the date that the Secretary

- 8 issues such letter, subject to the availability of ap-
- 9 propriations. This paragraph applies to letters of in-
- tent issued under section 44923 of title 49, United
- 11 States Code, and letters of intent issued under sec-
- tion 367 of the Department of Transportation and
- Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 2003 (49
- 14 U.S.C. 47110 note).
- 15 SEC. 4020. CHECKED BAGGAGE SCREENING AREA MONI-
- 16 TORING.
- 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for Border
- 18 and Transportation Security of the Department of Home-
- 19 land Security shall provide, subject to the availability of
- 20 funds, assistance to airports at which screening is required
- 21 by section 44901 of title 49, United States Code, and that
- 22 have checked baggage screening areas that are not open
- 23 to public view in the acquisition and installation of secu-
- 24 rity monitoring cameras for surveillance of such areas in
- 25 order to deter theft from checked baggage and to aid in

- 1 the speedy resolution of liability claims against the Trans-
- 2 portation Security Administration.
- 3 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 4 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Home-
- 5 land Security for fiscal year 2005 such sums as may be
- 6 necessary to carry out this section. Such sums shall re-
- 7 main available until expended.

8 SEC. 4021. WIRELESS COMMUNICATION.

- 9 (a) Study.—The Assistant Secretary of Homeland
- 10 Security (Transportation Security Administration), in
- 11 consultation with the Administrator of the Federal Avia-
- 12 tion Administration, shall conduct a study to determine
- 13 the viability of providing devices or methods, including
- 14 wireless methods, to enable a flight crew to discreetly no-
- 15 tify the pilot in the case of a security breach or safety
- 16 issue occurring in the cabin.
- 17 (b) Matters To Be Considered.—In conducting
- 18 the study, the Transportation Security Administration
- 19 and the Federal Aviation Administration shall consider
- 20 technology that is readily available and can be quickly in-
- 21 tegrated and customized for use aboard aircraft for flight
- 22 crew communication.
- 23 (c) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 24 of enactment of this Act, the Transportation Security Ad-

	1	ministration	shall	submit to	the	appropriate	congressiona
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- 2 committees a report on the results of the study.
- 3 SEC. 4022. IMPROVED PILOT LICENSES.
- 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
- 5 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the
- 6 Federal Aviation Administration shall begin to issue im-
- 7 proved pilot licenses consistent with the requirements of
- 8 title 49, United States Code, and title 14, Code of Federal
- 9 Regulations.
- 10 (b) Requirements.—Improved pilots licenses issued
- 11 under subsection (a) shall—
- 12 (1) be resistant to tampering, alteration, and
- 13 counterfeiting;
- 14 (2) include a photograph of the individual to
- 15 whom the license is issued; and
- 16 (3) be capable of accommodating a digital pho-
- tograph, a biometric identifier, or any other unique
- identifier that the Administrator considers nec-
- 19 essary.
- 20 (c) Tampering.—To the extent practical, the Admin-
- 21 istrator shall develop methods to determine or reveal
- 22 whether any component or security feature of a license
- 23 issued under subsection (a) has been tampered, altered,
- 24 or counterfeited.

1	(d) Use of Designees.—The Administrator may
2	use designees to carry out subsection (a) to the extent fea-
3	sible in order to minimize the burdens on pilots.
4	SEC. 4023. AVIATION SECURITY STAFFING.
5	(a) AVIATION SECURITY STAFFING.—Not later than
6	90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Assist-
7	ant Secretary of Homeland Security (Transportation Se-
8	curity Administration) shall develop and submit to the ap-
9	propriate congressional committees standards for deter-
10	mining the aviation security staffing for all airports at
11	which screening is required under section 44901 of title
12	49, United States Code, necessary to—
13	(1) provide necessary levels of aviation security
14	and
15	(2) ensure that the average aviation security-re-
16	lated delay experienced by airline passengers is mini-
17	mized.
18	(b) GAO ANALYSIS.—As soon as practicable after the
19	date on which the Assistant Secretary has developed
20	standards under subsection (a), the Comptroller General
21	shall conduct an expedited analysis of, and submit a report
22	to the appropriate congressional committees on, the stand-
23	ards for effectiveness, administrability, ease of compliance

24 and consistency with the requirements of existing law.

- 1 (c) Integration of Federal Airport Work-
- 2 FORCE AND AVIATION SECURITY.—The Secretary of
- 3 Homeland Security shall conduct a study of the feasibility
- 4 of combining operations of Federal employees involved in
- 5 screening at commercial airports and aviation security-re-
- 6 lated functions under the authority of the Department of
- 7 Homeland Security in order to coordinate security-related
- 8 activities, increase the efficiency and effectiveness of those
- 9 activities, and increase commercial air transportation se-
- 10 curity.

11 SEC. 4024. IMPROVED EXPLOSIVE DETECTION SYSTEMS.

- 12 (a) Plan and Guidelines.—The Assistant Sec-
- 13 retary of Homeland Security (Transportation Security Ad-
- 14 ministration) shall develop a plan and guidelines for imple-
- 15 menting improved explosive detection system equipment.
- 16 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 17 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Home-
- 18 land Security for the use of the Transportation Security
- 19 Administration \$100,000,000, in addition to any amounts
- 20 otherwise authorized by law, for the purpose of research
- 21 and development of improved explosive detection systems
- 22 for aviation security under section 44913 of title 49,
- 23 United States Code.

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1	SEC. 4025. FRUITIBITED ITEMS LIST.
2	Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment
3	of this Act, the Assistant Secretary for Homeland Security
4	(Transportation Security Administration) shall complete a
5	review of the list of items prohibited from being carried
6	aboard a passenger aircraft operated by an air carrier or
7	foreign air carrier in air transportation or intrastate air
8	transportation set forth in section 1540 of title 49, Code
9	of Federal Regulations, and shall release a revised list that
10	includes—
11	(1) butane lighters; and
12	(2) any other modification that the Assistant
13	Secretary considers appropriate.
14	SEC. 4026. MAN-PORTABLE AIR DEFENSE SYSTEMS
15	(MANPADS).
16	(a) United States Policy on Nonproliferation
17	
1 /	AND EXPORT CONTROL.—
18	AND EXPORT CONTROL.— (1) TO LIMIT AVAILABILITY AND TRANSFER OF
18	(1) To limit availability and transfer of
18 19	(1) To limit availability and transfer of manpads.—The President shall pursue, on an ur-
18 19 20	(1) To limit availability and transfer of Manpads.—The President shall pursue, on an urgent basis, further strong international diplomatic
18 19 20 21	(1) To LIMIT AVAILABILITY AND TRANSFER OF MANPADS.—The President shall pursue, on an urgent basis, further strong international diplomatic and cooperative efforts, including bilateral and mul-
18 19 20 21 22	(1) To LIMIT AVAILABILITY AND TRANSFER OF MANPADS.—The President shall pursue, on an urgent basis, further strong international diplomatic and cooperative efforts, including bilateral and multilateral treaties, in the appropriate forum to limit

MANPADS.—The President is encouraged to seek to

26

1	enter into agreements with the governments of for-
2	eign countries that, at a minimum, would—
3	(A) prohibit the entry into force of a
4	MANPADS manufacturing license agreement
5	and MANPADS co-production agreement, other
6	than the entry into force of a manufacturing li-
7	cense or co-production agreement with a coun-
8	try that is party to such an agreement;
9	(B) prohibit, except pursuant to transfers
10	between governments, the export of a
11	MANPADS, including any component, part, ac-
12	cessory, or attachment thereof, without an indi-
13	vidual validated license; and
14	(C) prohibit the reexport or retransfer of a
15	MANPADS, including any component, part, ac-
16	cessory, or attachment thereof, to a third per-
17	son, organization, or government unless the
18	written consent of the government that ap-
19	proved the original export or transfer is first
20	obtained.
21	(3) To achieve destruction of manpads.—
22	The President should continue to pursue further
23	strong international diplomatic and cooperative ef-
24	forts, including bilateral and multilateral treaties, in
25	the appropriate forum to assure the destruction of

1	excess, obsolete, and illicit stocks of MANPADSs
2	worldwide.
3	(4) Reporting and Briefing require-
4	MENT.—
5	(A) President's report.—Not later
6	than 180 days after the date of enactment of
7	this Act, the President shall transmit to the ap-
8	propriate congressional committees a report
9	that contains a detailed description of the sta-
10	tus of diplomatic efforts under paragraphs (1),
11	(2), and (3) and of efforts by the appropriate
12	United States agencies to comply with the rec-
13	ommendations of the General Accounting Office
14	set forth in its report GAO-04-519, entitled
15	"Nonproliferation: Further Improvements
16	Needed in U.S. Efforts to Counter Threats
17	from Man-Portable Air Defense Systems".
18	(B) ANNUAL BRIEFINGS.—Annually after
19	the date of submission of the report under sub-
20	paragraph (A) and until completion of the dip-
21	lomatic and compliance efforts referred to in
22	subparagraph (A), the Secretary of State shall
23	brief the appropriate congressional committees
24	on the status of such efforts.

1	(b) FAA AIRWORTHINESS CERTIFICATION OF MIS-
2	SILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS FOR COMMERCIAL AIRCRAFT.—
3	(1) In general.—As soon as practicable, but
4	not later than the date of completion of Phase II or
5	the Department of Homeland Security's counter-
6	man-portable air defense system (MANPADS) devel
7	opment and demonstration program, the Adminis-
8	trator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall
9	establish a process for conducting airworthiness and
10	safety certification of missile defense systems for
11	commercial aircraft certified as effective and func-
12	tional by the Department of Homeland Security
13	The process shall require a certification by the Ad-
14	ministrator that such systems can be safely inte-
15	grated into aircraft systems and ensure airworthi-
16	ness and aircraft system integrity.
17	(2) CERTIFICATION ACCEPTANCE.—Under the
18	process, the Administrator shall accept the certific
19	cation of the Department of Homeland Security that
20	a missile defense system is effective and functional
21	to defend commercial aircraft against MANPADSs
22	(3) Expeditious certification.—Under the
23	process, the Administrator shall expedite the air-
24	worthiness and safety certification of missile defense

- systems for commercial aircraft certified by the De partment of Homeland Security.
 - (4) Reports.—Not later than 90 days after the first airworthiness and safety certification for a missile defense system for commercial aircraft is issued by the Administrator, and annually thereafter until December 31, 2008, the Federal Aviation Administration shall transmit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report that contains a detailed description of each airworthiness and safety certification issued for a missile defense system for commercial aircraft.

(c) Programs to Reduce Manpads.—

- (1) In General.—The President is encouraged to pursue strong programs to reduce the number of MANPADSs worldwide so that fewer MANPADSs will be available for trade, proliferation, and sale.
- (2) Reporting and Briefing require-Ments.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall transmit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains a detailed description of the status of the programs being pursued under subsection (a).

1	Annually thereafter until the programs are no longer
2	needed, the Secretary of State shall brief the appro-
3	priate congressional committees on the status of pro-
4	grams.
5	(3) Funding.—There is authorized to be ap-
6	propriated such sums as may be necessary to carry
7	out this section.
8	(d) MANPADS Vulnerability Assessments Re-
9	PORT.—
10	(1) In general.—Not later than one year
11	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
12	retary of Homeland Security shall transmit to the
13	Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of
14	the House of Representatives and the Committee on
15	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Sen-
16	ate a report describing the Department of Homeland
17	Security's plans to secure airports and the aircraft
18	arriving and departing from airports against
19	MANPADSs attacks.
20	(2) Matters to be addressed.—The Sec-
21	retary's report shall address, at a minimum, the fol-
22	lowing:
23	(A) The status of the Department's efforts
24	to conduct MANPADSs vulnerability assess-

1	ments at United States airports at which the
2	Department is conducting assessments.
3	(B) How intelligence is shared between the
4	United States intelligence agencies and Federal,
5	State, and local law enforcement to address the
6	MANPADS threat and potential ways to im-
7	prove such intelligence sharing.
8	(C) Contingency plans that the Depart-
9	ment has developed in the event that it receives
10	intelligence indicating a high threat of a
11	MANPADS attack on aircraft at or near
12	United States airports.
13	(D) The feasibility and effectiveness of im-
14	plementing public education and neighborhood
15	watch programs in areas surrounding United
16	States airports in cases in which intelligence re-
17	ports indicate there is a high risk of
18	MANPADS attacks on aircraft.
19	(E) Any other issues that the Secretary
20	deems relevant.
21	(3) FORMAT.—The report required by this sub-
22	section may be submitted in a classified format.
23	(e) Definitions.—In this section, the following defi-
24	nitions apply:

1	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
2	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
3	mittees" means—
4	(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the
5	Committee on International Relations, and the
6	Committee on Transportation and Infrastruc-
7	ture of the House of Representatives; and
8	(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the
9	Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Com-
10	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
11	tation of the Senate.
12	(2) MANPADS.—The term "MANPADS"
13	means—
14	(A) a surface-to-air missile system de-
15	signed to be man-portable and carried and fired
16	by a single individual; and
17	(B) any other surface-to-air missile system
18	designed to be operated and fired by more than
19	one individual acting as a crew and portable by
20	several individuals.
21	SEC. 4027. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.
22	(a) Administrative Imposition of Penalties.—
23	Section 46301(d) of title 49, United States Code, is
24	amended—

1	(1) in the first sentence of paragraph (2) by
2	striking "46302, 46303," and inserting "46302 (for
3	a violation relating to section 46504),";
4	(2) in the second sentence of paragraph (2)—
5	(A) by striking "Under Secretary of
6	Transportation for Security' and inserting
7	"Secretary of Homeland Security"; and
8	(B) by striking "44909)" and inserting
9	"44909), 46302 (except for a violation relating
10	to section 46504), 46303,";
11	(3) in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) by striking
12	"Under Secretary or" each place it occurs and in-
13	serting "Secretary of Homeland Security or"; and
14	(4) in paragraph (4)(A) by moving clauses (i),
15	(ii), and (iii) 2 ems to the left.
16	(b) Compromise and Setoff for False Informa-
17	TION.—Section 46302(b)(1) of title 49, United States
18	Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of Transpor-
19	tation" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security
20	and, for a violation relating to section 46504, the Sec-
21	retary of Transportation,".
22	(c) Carrying a Weapon.—Section 46303 of title
23	49, United States Code, is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (b)(1) by striking "Secretary
2	of Transportation" and inserting "Secretary of
3	Homeland Security"; and
4	(2) in subsection (c)(2) by striking "Under Sec-
5	retary of Transportation for Security" and inserting
6	"Secretary of Homeland Security".
7	SEC. 4028. REPORT ON SECONDARY FLIGHT DECK BAR-
8	RIERS.
9	Not later than 6 months after the date of the enact-
10	ment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Se-
11	curity (Transportation Security Administration) shall sub-
12	mit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
13	on the costs and benefits associated with the use of sec-
14	ondary flight deck barriers, including the recommendation
15	of the Assistant Secretary whether or not the use of such
16	barriers should be mandated for all air carriers. The re-
17	port may be submitted in a classified form.
18	SEC. 4029. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION OF AVIATION
19	SECURITY FUNDING.
20	Section 48301(a) of title 49, United States Code, is
21	amended by striking "and 2005" and inserting "2005,
22	and 2006".

1	Subtitle C—Air Cargo Security
2	SEC. 4051. PILOT PROGRAM TO EVALUATE USE OF BLAST
3	RESISTANT CARGO AND BAGGAGE CON-
4	TAINERS.
5	(a) In General.—Beginning not later than 180
6	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Assistant
7	Secretary of Homeland Security (Transportation Security
8	Administration) shall carry out a pilot program to evalu-
9	ate the use of blast-resistant containers for cargo and bag-
10	gage on passenger aircraft to minimize the potential ef-
11	fects of detonation of an explosive device.
12	(b) Incentives for Participation in Pilot Pro-
13	GRAM.—
14	(1) In general.—As part of the pilot pro-
15	gram, the Assistant Secretary shall provide incen-
16	tives to air carriers to volunteer to test the use of
17	blast-resistant containers for cargo and baggage on
18	passenger aircraft.
19	(2) APPLICATIONS.—To volunteer to participate
20	in the incentive program, an air carrier shall submit
21	to the Assistant Secretary an application that is in
22	such form and contains such information as the As-
23	sistant Secretary requires.
24	(3) Types of incentives.—Incentives pro-
25	vided by the Assistant Secretary to air carriers that

- 1 volunteer to participate in the pilot program shall in-
- 2 clude the use of, and financial assistance to cover in-
- 3 creased costs to the carriers associated with the use
- 4 and maintenance of, blast-resistant containers, in-
- 5 cluding increased fuel costs.
- 6 (c) Technological Improvements.—The Sec-
- 7 retary of Homeland Security, in cooperation with the Sec-
- 8 retary of Transportation, shall support efforts to explore
- 9 alternative technologies for minimizing the potential ef-
- 10 fects of detonation of an explosive device on cargo and
- 11 passenger aircraft.
- 12 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 13 authorized to be appropriated to carry out subsections (a)
- 14 and (b) \$2,000,000. Such sums shall remain available
- 15 until expended.
- 16 SEC. 4052. AIR CARGO SECURITY.
- 17 (a) AIR CARGO SCREENING TECHNOLOGY.—The As-
- 18 sistant Secretary of Homeland Security (Transportation
- 19 Security Administration) shall develop technology to bet-
- 20 ter identify, track, and screen air cargo.
- 21 (b) Improved Air Cargo and Airport Secu-
- 22 RITY.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 23 retary of Homeland Security for the use of the Transpor-
- 24 tation Security Administration, in addition to any
- 25 amounts otherwise authorized by law, for the purpose of

1	improving aviation security related to the transportation				
2	of cargo on both passenger aircraft and all-cargo				
3	aircraft—				
4	(1) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2005;				
5	(2) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2006; and				
6	(3) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.				
7	Such sums shall remain available until expended.				
8	(c) Research, Development, and Deploy-				
9	MENT.—To carry out subsection (a), there is authorized				
10	to be appropriated to the Secretary, in addition to any				
11	amounts otherwise authorized by law, for research and de-				
12	velopment related to enhanced air cargo security tech-				
13	nology as well as for deployment and installation of en-				
14	hanced air cargo security technology—				
15	(1) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2005;				
16	(2) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2006; and				
17	(3) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.				
18	Such sums shall remain available until expended.				
19	(d) Advanced Cargo Security Grants.—				
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish				
21	and carry out a program to issue competitive grants				
22	to encourage the development of advanced air cargo				
23	security technology, including use of innovative fi-				
24	nancing or other means of funding such activities.				
25	The Secretary may make available funding for this				

1	purpose	from	amounts	appropriated	pursuant	to
2	subsectio	on (c).				

- 1 (2) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA, ETC.—The Sec1 retary shall establish such eligibility criteria, estab2 lish such application and administrative procedures,
 3 and provide for such matching funding require4 ments, if any, as may be necessary and appropriate
 5 to ensure that the technology is deployed as fully
 6 and rapidly as possible.
- 10 SEC. 4053. AIR CARGO SECURITY REGULATIONS.
- Not later than 240 days after the date of enactment
- 12 of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security
- 13 (Transportation Security Administration) shall issue a
- 14 final rule in Docket Number TSA-2004-19515 to amend
- 15 transportation security regulations to enhance and im-
- 16 prove the security of air cargo transported in both pas-
- 17 senger and all-cargo aircraft.
- 18 SEC. 4054. REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL AIR CARGO
- 19 THREATS.
- 20 (a) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 21 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- 22 rity, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and
- 23 the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration,
- 24 shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 25 Transportation and the Committee on Homeland Security

1	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
2	mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House
3	of Representatives a report that contains the following:
4	(1) A description of the current procedures in
5	place to address the threat of an inbound all-cargo
6	aircraft from outside the United States that intel-
7	ligence sources indicate could carry explosive, incen-
8	diary, chemical, biological, or nuclear devices.
9	(2) An analysis of the potential for establishing
10	secure facilities along established international avia-
11	tion routes for the purposes of diverting and secur-
12	ing aircraft described in paragraph (1).
13	(b) Report Format.—The Secretary may submit
14	all, or part, of the report required by this section in such
15	a classified and redacted format as the Secretary deter-
16	mines appropriate or necessary.
17	Subtitle D—Maritime Security
18	SEC. 4071. WATCH LISTS FOR PASSENGERS ABOARD VES
19	SELS.
20	(a) Watch Lists.—
21	(1) In general.—As soon as practicable but
22	not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
23	ment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
24	rity shall—

1	(A) implement a procedure under which
2	the Department of Homeland Security com-
3	pares information about passengers and crew
4	who are to be carried aboard a cruise ship with
5	a comprehensive, consolidated database con-
6	taining information about known or suspected
7	terrorists and their associates;
8	(B) use the information obtained by com-
9	paring the passenger and crew information with
10	the information in the database to prevent
11	known or suspected terrorists and their associ-
12	ates from boarding such ships or to subject
13	them to specific additional security scrutiny,
14	through the use of "no transport" and "auto-
15	matic selectee" lists or other means.
16	(2) Waiver.—The Secretary may waive the re-
17	quirement in paragraph (1)(B) with respect to cruise
18	ships embarking at foreign ports if the Secretary de-
19	termines that the application of such requirement to
20	such cruise ships is impracticable.
21	(b) Cooperation From Operators of Cruise
22	SHIPS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall by
23	rulemaking require operators of cruise ships to provide the
24	passenger and crew information necessary to implement
25	the procedure required by subsection (a).

- 1 (c) Maintenance of Accuracy and Integrity of 2 "No Transport" and "Automatic Selectee" 3 Lists.—
 - (1) Watch list database.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Terrorist Screening Center, shall develop guidelines, policies, and operating procedures for the collection, removal, and updating of data maintained, or to be maintained, in the "no transport" and "automatic selectee" lists described in subsection (a)(1) that are designed to ensure the accuracy and integrity of the lists.
 - (2) Accuracy of entries.—In developing the "no transport" and "automatic selectee" lists under subsection (a)(1)(B), the Secretary shall establish a simple and timely method for correcting erroneous entries, for clarifying information known to cause false hits or misidentification errors, and for updating relevant information that is dispositive in the passenger and crew screening process. The Secretary shall also establish a process to provide an individual whose name is confused with, or similar to, a name in the watch list database with a means of demonstrating that such individual is not the person named in the database.

- 1 (d) CRUISE SHIP DEFINED.—In this section, the
- 2 term "cruise ship" means a vessel on an international voy-
- 3 age that embarks or disembarks passengers at a port of
- 4 United States jurisdiction to which subpart C of part 160
- 5 of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, applies and that
- 6 provides overnight accommodations.
- 7 SEC. 4072. DEADLINES FOR COMPLETION OF CERTAIN
- 8 PLANS, REPORTS, AND ASSESSMENTS.
- 9 (a) National Maritime Transportation Secu-
- 10 RITY PLAN.—Section 70103(a)(1) of title 46, United
- 11 States Code, is amended by striking "The Secretary" and
- 12 inserting "Not later than April 1, 2005, the Secretary".
- 13 (b) Facility and Vessel Vulnerability Assess-
- 14 MENTS.—Section 70102(b)(1) of title 46, United States
- 15 Code, is amended by striking ", the Secretary" and insert-
- 16 ing "and by not later than December 31, 2004, the Sec-
- 17 retary".
- 18 (c) Strategic Plan Reports.—Not later than 90
- 19 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
- 20 retary of the department in which the Coast Guard is op-
- 21 erating shall submit to the Committee on Commerce,
- 22 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
- 23 mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House
- 24 of Representatives—

1	(1) a comprehensive program management plan
2	that identifies specific tasks to be completed, and
3	deadlines for completion, for the transportation se-
4	curity card program under section 70105 of title 46,
5	United States Code, that incorporates best practices
6	for communicating, coordinating, and collaborating
7	with the relevant stakeholders to resolve relevant
8	issues, such as background checks;
9	(2) a report on the status of negotiations under
10	section 103(a) of the Maritime Transportation Secu-
11	rity Act of 2002 (46 U.S.C. 70111);
12	(3) the report required by section 107(b) of the
13	Maritime Transportation Security Act of 2002 (33
14	U.S.C. 1226 note); and
15	(4) a report on the status of the development
16	of the system and standards required by section 111
17	of the Maritime Transportation Security Act of
18	2002 (46 U.S.C. 70116 note).
19	(d) Other Reports.—Not later than 90 days after
20	the date of the enactment of this Act—
21	(1) the Secretary of Homeland Security shall
22	submit to the appropriate congressional
23	committees—
24	(A) a report on the establishment of the
25	National Maritime Security Advisory Com-

1	mittee under section 70112 of title 46, United
2	States Code; and
3	(B) a report on the status of the program
4	required by section 70116 of title 46, United
5	States Code, to evaluate and certify secure sys-
6	tems of international intermodal transportation;
7	(2) the Secretary of Transportation shall sub-
8	mit to the appropriate congressional committees the
9	annual report required by section 905 of the Inter-
10	national Maritime and Port Security Act (46 U.S.C.
11	App. 1802) that includes information that should
12	have been included in the last preceding annual re-
13	port that was due under that section; and
14	(3) the Commandant of the United States
15	Coast Guard shall submit to the appropriate con-
16	gressional committees the report required by section
17	110(b) of the Maritime Transportation Security Act
18	of 2002 (46 U.S.C. 70101 note).
19	Subtitle E—General Provisions
20	SEC. 4081. DEFINITIONS.
21	In this title (other than in sections 4001 and 4026),
22	the following definitions apply:
23	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
24	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
25	mittees" means the Committee on Commerce,

1	Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the
2	Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of
3	the House of Representatives.
4	(2) Aviation definitions.—The terms "air
5	carrier", "air transportation", "aircraft", "airport",
6	"cargo", "foreign air carrier", and "intrastate air
7	transportation" have the meanings given such terms
8	in section 40102 of title 49, United States Code.
9	(3) Secure area of an airport.—The term
10	"secure area of an airport" means the sterile area
11	and the Secure Identification Display Area of an air-
12	port (as such terms are defined in section 1540.5 of
13	title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, or any suc-
14	cessor regulations).
15	SEC. 4082. EFFECTIVE DATE.
16	This title shall take effect on the date of enactment
17	of this Act.

1	TITLE V—BORDER PROTECTION,			
2	IMMIGRATION, AND VISA			
3	MATTERS			
4	Subtitle A-Advanced Technology			
5	Northern Border Security Pilot			
6	Program			
7	SEC. 5101. ESTABLISHMENT.			
8	The Secretary of Homeland Security may carry out			
9	a pilot program to test various advanced technologies that			
10	will improve border security between ports of entry along			
11	the northern border of the United States.			
12	SEC. 5102. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.			
13	(a) Required Features.—The Secretary of Home-			
14	land Security shall design the pilot program under this			
15	subtitle to have the following features:			
16	(1) Use of advanced technological systems, in-			
17	cluding sensors, video, and unmanned aerial vehicles,			
18	for border surveillance.			
19	(2) Use of advanced computing and decision in-			
20	tegration software for—			
21	(A) evaluation of data indicating border in-			
22	cursions;			
23	(B) assessment of threat potential; and			

1	(C) rapid real-time communication, moni-
2	toring, intelligence gathering, deployment, and
3	response.
4	(3) Testing of advanced technology systems and
5	software to determine best and most cost-effective
6	uses of advanced technology to improve border secu-
7	rity.
8	(4) Operation of the program in remote
9	stretches of border lands with long distances be-
10	tween 24-hour ports of entry with a relatively small
11	presence of United States border patrol officers.
12	(5) Capability to expand the program upon a
13	determination by the Secretary that expansion would
14	be an appropriate and cost-effective means of im-
15	proving border security.
16	(b) Coordination With Other Agencies.—The
17	Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that the op-
18	eration of the pilot program under this subtitle—
19	(1) is coordinated among United States, State
20	local, and Canadian law enforcement and border se-
21	curity agencies; and
22	(2) includes ongoing communication among
23	such agencies.

1	SEC	5109	ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
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- 2 (a) Procurement of Advanced Technology.—
- 3 The Secretary of Homeland Security may enter into con-
- 4 tracts for the procurement or use of such advanced tech-
- 5 nologies as the Secretary determines appropriate for the
- 6 pilot program under this subtitle.
- 7 (b) Program Partnerships.—In carrying out the
- 8 pilot program under this subtitle, the Secretary of Home-
- 9 land Security may provide for the establishment of cooper-
- 10 ative arrangements for participation in the pilot program
- 11 by such participants as law enforcement and border secu-
- 12 rity agencies referred to in section 5102(b), institutions
- 13 of higher education, and private sector entities.
- 14 SEC. 5104. REPORT.
- 15 (a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—Not later than 1
- 16 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- 17 of Homeland Security shall submit to Congress a report
- 18 on the pilot program under this subtitle.
- 19 (b) CONTENT.—The report under subsection (a) shall
- 20 include the following matters:
- 21 (1) A discussion of the implementation of the
- pilot program, including the experience under the
- pilot program.
- 24 (2) A recommendation regarding whether to ex-
- pand the pilot program along the entire northern

1	border of the United States and a timeline for the
2	implementation of the expansion.
3	SEC. 5105. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as
5	may be necessary to carry out the pilot program under
6	this subtitle.
7	Subtitle B—Border and
8	Immigration Enforcement
9	SEC. 5201. BORDER SURVEILLANCE.
10	(a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland
12	Security shall submit to the President and the appropriate
13	committees of Congress a comprehensive plan for the sys-
14	tematic surveillance of the southwest border of the United
15	States by remotely piloted aircraft.
16	(b) Contents.—The plan submitted under sub-
17	section (a) shall include—
18	(1) recommendations for establishing command
19	and control centers, operations sites, infrastructure,
20	maintenance, and procurement;
21	(2) cost estimates for the implementation of the
22	plan and ongoing operations;
23	(3) recommendations for the appropriate agent
24	within the Department of Homeland Security to be

1	the executive agency for remotely piloted aircraft op-
2	erations;
3	(4) the number of remotely piloted aircraft re-
4	quired for the plan;
5	(5) the types of missions the plan would under-
6	take, including—
7	(A) protecting the lives of people seeking
8	illegal entry into the United States;
9	(B) interdicting illegal movement of people
10	weapons, and other contraband across the bor-
11	der;
12	(C) providing investigative support to as-
13	sist in the dismantling of smuggling and crimi-
14	nal networks along the border;
15	(D) using remotely piloted aircraft to serve
16	as platforms for the collection of intelligence
17	against smugglers and criminal networks along
18	the border; and
19	(E) further validating and testing of re-
20	motely piloted aircraft for airspace security mis-
21	sions;
22	(6) the equipment necessary to carry out the
23	plan; and

1	(7) a recommendation regarding whether to ex-
2	pand the pilot program along the entire southwest
3	border.
4	(c) Implementation.—The Secretary of Homeland
5	Security shall implement the plan submitted under sub-
6	section (a) as a pilot program as soon as sufficient funds
7	are appropriated and available for this purpose.
8	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
9	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
10	necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
11	SEC. 5202. INCREASE IN FULL-TIME BORDER PATROL
12	AGENTS.
1213	AGENTS. In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the
13	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the
13 14	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the avail-
131415	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not less than 2,000 the number of positions for full-time ac-
13 14 15 16 17	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not less than 2,000 the number of positions for full-time ac-
13 14 15 16 17	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not less than 2,000 the number of positions for full-time active-duty border patrol agents within the Department of
13 14 15 16 17 18	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not less than 2,000 the number of positions for full-time active-duty border patrol agents within the Department of Homeland Security above the number of such positions for
13 14 15 16 17 18	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not less than 2,000 the number of positions for full-time active-duty border patrol agents within the Department of Homeland Security above the number of such positions for which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal year.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not less than 2,000 the number of positions for full-time active-duty border patrol agents within the Department of Homeland Security above the number of such positions for which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal year. In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, in addition
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not less than 2,000 the number of positions for full-time active-duty border patrol agents within the Department of Homeland Security above the number of such positions for which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal year. In each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010, in addition to the border patrol agents assigned along the northern

- 1 crease in border patrol agents during each such fiscal
- 2 year.
- 3 SEC. 5203. INCREASE IN FULL-TIME IMMIGRATION AND
- 4 CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT INVESTIGATORS.
- 5 In each of fiscal years 2006 through 2010, the Sec-
- 6 retary of Homeland Security shall, subject to the avail-
- 7 ability of appropriations for such purpose, increase by not
- 8 less than 800 the number of positions for full-time active
- 9 duty investigators within the Department of Homeland
- 10 Security investigating violations of immigration laws (as
- 11 defined in section 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and Na-
- 12 tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17)) above the number of
- 13 such positions for which funds were made available during
- 14 the preceding fiscal year.
- 15 SEC. 5204. INCREASE IN DETENTION BED SPACE.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of ap-
- 17 propriated funds, the Secretary of Homeland Security
- 18 shall increase by not less than 8,000, in each of the fiscal
- 19 years 2006 through 2010, the number of beds available
- 20 for immigration detention and removal operations of the
- 21 Department of Homeland Security above the number for
- 22 which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal year.
- 23 (b) Priority.—The Secretary shall give priority for
- 24 the use of these additional beds to the detention of individ-
- 25 uals charged with removability under section 237(a)(4) of

1	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
2	1227(a)(4)) or inadmissibility under section 212(a)(3) of
3	that Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)).
4	Subtitle C—Visa Requirements
5	SEC. 5301. IN PERSON INTERVIEWS OF VISA APPLICANTS.
6	(a) Requirement for Interviews.—Section 222
7	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202)
8	is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
9	section:
10	"(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
11	the Secretary of State shall require every alien applying
12	for a nonimmigrant visa—
13	"(1) who is at least 14 years of age and not
14	more than 79 years of age to submit to an in person
15	interview with a consular officer unless the require-
16	ment for such interview is waived—
17	"(A) by a consular official and such alien
18	is—
19	"(i) within that class of non-
20	immigrants enumerated in subparagraph
21	(A) or (G) of section 101(a)(15);
22	"(ii) within the NATO visa category;
23	"(iii) within that class of non-
24	immigrants enumerated in section

1	101(a)(15)(C)(iii) (referred to as the 'C-3
2	visa' category); or
3	"(iv) granted a diplomatic or official
4	visa on a diplomatic or official passport or
5	on the equivalent thereof;
6	"(B) by a consular official and such alien
7	is applying for a visa—
8	"(i) not more than 12 months after
9	the date on which such alien's prior visa
10	expired;
11	"(ii) for the visa classification for
12	which such prior visa was issued;
13	"(iii) from the consular post located
14	in the country of such alien's usual resi-
15	dence, unless otherwise prescribed in regu-
16	lations that require an applicant to apply
17	for a visa in the country of which such ap-
18	plicant is a national; and
19	"(iv) the consular officer has no indi-
20	cation that such alien has not complied
21	with the immigration laws and regulations
22	of the United States; or
23	"(C) by the Secretary of State if the Sec-
24	retary determines that such waiver is—

1	"(i) in the national interest of the
2	United States; or
3	"(ii) necessary as a result of unusual
4	or emergent circumstances; and
5	"(2) notwithstanding paragraph (1), to submit
6	to an in person interview with a consular officer if
7	such alien—
8	"(A) is not a national or resident of the
9	country in which such alien is applying for a
10	visa;
11	"(B) was previously refused a visa, unless
12	such refusal was overcome or a waiver of ineli-
13	gibility has been obtained;
14	"(C) is listed in the Consular Lookout and
15	Support System (or successor system at the De-
16	partment of State);
17	"(D) is a national of a country officially
18	designated by the Secretary of State as a state
19	sponsor of terrorism, except such nationals who
20	possess nationalities of countries that are not
21	designated as state sponsors or terrorism;
22	"(E) requires a security advisory opinion
23	or other Department of State clearance, unless
24	such alien is—

1	"(i) within that class of non-
2	immigrants enumerated in subparagraph
3	(A) or (G) of section 101(a)(15);
4	"(ii) within the NATO visa category;
5	"(iii) within that class of non-
6	immigrants enumerated in section
7	101(a)(15)(C)(iii) (referred to as the 'C–3
8	visa' category); or
9	"(iv) an alien who qualifies for a dip-
10	lomatic or official visa, or its equivalent; or
11	"(F) is identified as a member of a group
12	or sector that the Secretary of State
13	determines—
14	"(i) poses a substantial risk of sub-
15	mitting inaccurate information in order to
16	obtain a visa;
17	"(ii) has historically had visa applica-
18	tions denied at a rate that is higher than
19	the average rate of such denials; or
20	"(iii) poses a security threat to the
21	United States.".
22	SEC. 5302. VISA APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.
23	Section 222(c) of the Immigration and Nationality
24	Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(c)) is amended by inserting "The alien
25	shall provide complete and accurate information in re-

- 1 sponse to any request for information contained in the ap-
- 2 plication." after the second sentence.
- 3 SEC. 5303. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 4 Notwithstanding section 1086 or any other provision
- 5 of this Act, sections 5301 and 5302 shall take effect 90
- 6 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 7 SEC. 5304. REVOCATION OF VISAS AND OTHER TRAVEL
- 8 **DOCUMENTATION.**
- 9 (a) Limitation on Review.—Section 221(i) of the
- 10 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(i)) is
- 11 amended by adding at the end the following: "There shall
- 12 be no means of judicial review (including review pursuant
- 13 to section 2241 of title 28, United States Code, or any
- 14 other habeas corpus provision, and sections 1361 and
- 15 1651 of such title) of a revocation under this subsection,
- 16 except in the context of a removal proceeding if such rev-
- 17 ocation provides the sole ground for removal under section
- 18 237(a)(1)(B).".
- 19 (b) Classes of Deportable Aliens.—Section
- 20 237(a)(1)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
- 21 U.S.C. 1227(a)(1)(B)) is amended by striking "United
- 22 States is" and inserting the following: "United States, or
- 23 whose nonimmigrant visa (or other documentation author-
- 24 izing admission into the United States as a nonimmigrant)
- 25 has been revoked under section 221(i), is".

1	(c) REVOCATION OF PETITIONS.—Section 205 of the
2	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1155) is
3	amended—
4	(1) by striking "Attorney General" and insert-
5	ing "Secretary of Homeland Security"; and
6	(2) by striking the final two sentences.
7	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
8	this section shall take effect on the date of enactment of
9	this Act and shall apply to revocations under sections 205
10	and 221(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
11	U.S.C. 1155, 1201(i)) made before, on, or after such date.
12	Subtitle D—Immigration Reform
12	
13	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS.
13	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS.
13 14	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS. (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 274(a) of the
131415	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS. (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS. (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS. (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(4) In the case of a person who has brought aliens
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS. (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(4) In the case of a person who has brought aliens into the United States in violation of this subsection, the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS. (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(4) In the case of a person who has brought aliens into the United States in violation of this subsection, the sentence otherwise provided for may be increased by up
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	sec. 5401. Bringing in and harboring certain aliens. (a) Criminal Penalties.—Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(4) In the case of a person who has brought aliens into the United States in violation of this subsection, the sentence otherwise provided for may be increased by up to 10 years if—
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 5401. BRINGING IN AND HARBORING CERTAIN ALIENS. (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(4) In the case of a person who has brought aliens into the United States in violation of this subsection, the sentence otherwise provided for may be increased by up to 10 years if— "(A) the offense was part of an ongoing com-

1	"(C)(i) aliens were transported in a manner
2	that endangered their lives; or
3	"(ii) the aliens presented a life-threatening
4	health risk to people in the United States.".
5	(b) Outreach Program.—Section 274 of the Immi-
6	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324), as amended
7	by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the
8	end the following:
9	"(e) Outreach Program.—The Secretary of Home-
10	land Security, in consultation with the Attorney General
11	and the Secretary of State, as appropriate, shall develop
12	and implement an outreach program to educate the public
13	in the United States and abroad about the penalties for
14	bringing in and harboring aliens in violation of this sec-
15	tion.".
16	SEC. 5402. DEPORTATION OF ALIENS WHO HAVE RECEIVED
17	MILITARY-TYPE TRAINING FROM TERRORIST
18	ORGANIZATIONS.
19	Section 237(a)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality
20	Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)) is amended by adding at the
21	end the following:
22	"(E) RECIPIENT OF MILITARY-TYPE
23	TRAINING.—
24	"(i) In general.—Any alien who has
25	received military-type training from or on

1	behalf of any organization that, at the time
2	the training was received, was a terrorist
3	organization (as defined in subclause (I) or
4	(II) of section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)), is deport-
5	able.
6	"(ii) Definition.—As used in this
7	subparagraph, the term 'military-type
8	training' includes training in means or
9	methods that can cause death or serious
10	bodily injury, destroy or damage property,
11	or disrupt services to critical infrastruc-
12	ture, or training on the use, storage, pro-
13	duction, or assembly of any explosive, fire-
14	arm, or other weapon, including any weap-
15	on of mass destruction (as defined in sec-
16	tion 2332a(c)(2) of title 18, United States
17	Code).".
18	SEC. 5403. STUDY AND REPORT ON TERRORISTS IN THE
19	ASYLUM SYSTEM.
20	(a) Study.—Commencing not later than 30 days
21	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comp-
22	troller General of the United States shall conduct a study
23	to evaluate the extent to which weaknesses in the United
24	States asylum system and withholding of removal system

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1	have been or could be exploited by aliens connected to
2	charged in connection with, or tied to terrorist activity
3	(b) Elements.—The study under subsection (a)
4	shall address, but not be limited to, the following:
5	(1) The number of aliens connected to, tied to
6	charged in connection with, or who claim to have
7	been accused of or charged in connection with ter-
8	rorist activity who have applied for, been granted, or
9	been denied asylum.
10	(2) The number of aliens connected to, tied to
11	charged in connection with, or who claim to have
12	been accused of or charged in connection with ter-
13	rorist activity who have applied for, been granted, or
14	been denied release from detention.
15	(3) The number of aliens connected to, tied to
16	charged in connection with, or who claim to have
17	been accused of or charged in connection with ter-
18	rorist activity who have been denied asylum but who
19	remain at large in the United States.
20	(4) The effect of the confidentiality provisions
21	of section 208.6 of title 8, Code of Federal Regula
22	tions, on the ability of the United States Govern-

ment to establish that an alien is connected to or

tied to terrorist activity, such that the alien is

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1	barred from asylum or withholding of removal, is re-
2	movable from the United States, or both.
3	(5) The effect that precedential decisions, if
4	any, holding that the extrajudicial punishment of an
5	individual connected to terrorism, or guerrilla or mil-
6	itant activity abroad, or threats of such punishment
7	constitute persecution on account of political opinion
8	as defined in section 101(a)(42) of the Immigration
9	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(42)), have
10	had on the ability of the United States Government
11	to remove aliens whom the United States Govern-
12	ment believes are connected to or have ties to ter-
13	rorism,
14	(6) The extent to which court precedents have
15	affected the ability of the United States Government
16	to determine or prove that an alien the United
17	States Government believes to be connected to or
18	tied to terrorism is in fact so connected or tied
19	including—
20	(A) so-called "imputed political opinion";
21	(B) judicial review, reversal, or both of the
22	credibility determinations of immigration
23	judges; and

1	(C) the need to use classified information
2	in removal proceedings against aliens suspected
3	of connections or ties to terrorism.
4	(7) The likelihood that an alien connected to or
5	with ties to terrorism has been granted asylum or
6	withholding of removal.
7	(8) The likelihood that an alien connected to or
8	with ties to terrorism has used the United States
9	asylum system to enter or remain in the United
10	States in order to plan, conspire, or carry out, or at-
11	tempt to plan, conspire, or carry out, an act of ter-
12	rorism.
13	(c) Consideration and Assessment.—Solely for
14	purposes of conducting the study under subsection (a), the
15	Comptroller General shall consider the possibility, and as-
16	sess the likelihood, that an alien whom the United States
17	Government accuses or has accused of having a connection
18	to or ties to terrorism is in fact connected to or tied to
19	terrorism, notwithstanding any administrative or judicial
20	determination to the contrary.
21	(d) Scope.—In conducting the study under sub-
22	section (a), the Comptroller General shall seek information
23	from the Department of Homeland Security, the Federal
24	Bureau of Investigation, the Central Intelligence Agency,
25	the Department of Justice, foreign governments, experts

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1	in the field of alien terrorists, and any other appropriate
2	source.
3	(e) Privacy.—
4	(1) In General.—Notwithstanding section
5	208.6 of title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, the
6	Comptroller General shall, for purposes of the study
7	under subsection (a), have access to the applications
8	and administrative and judicial records of alien ap-
9	plicants for asylum and withholding of removal. Ex-
10	cept for purposes of preparing the reports under
11	subsection (f), such information shall not be further
12	disclosed or disseminated, nor shall the names or
13	personal identifying information of any applicant be
14	released.
15	(2) SECURITY OF RECORDS.—The Comptroller
16	General shall ensure that records received pursuant
17	to this section are appropriately secured to prevent
18	their inadvertent disclosure.
10	(f) Report to Congress —

(1) REPORT TO CONGRESS.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress and the Secretary of Homeland Security a report on the findings and rec-

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1	ommendations of the Comptroller General under the
2	study under subsection (a).
3	(2) Elements.—The report under paragraph
4	(1) shall include the following:
5	(A) The assessment of the Comptroller
6	General on each matter specified in subsection
7	(b).
8	(B) Any recommendations of the Comp-
9	troller General for such administrative action
10	on any matter specified in subsection (a) as the
11	Comptroller General considers necessary to bet-
12	ter protect the national security of the United
13	States.
14	(C) Any recommendations of the Comp-
15	troller General for such legislative action on any
16	matter specified in subsection (a) as the Comp-
17	troller General considers necessary to better
18	protect the national security of the United
19	States.
20	(3) FORM.—If necessary, the Comptroller Gen-
21	eral may submit a classified and unclassified version
22	of the report under paragraph (1).
23	(g) Appropriate Committees of Congress De-
24	FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate commit-
25	tees of Congress" means—

1	(1) the Committee on Homeland Security and
2	Governmental Affairs, the Committee on the Judici-
3	ary, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the
4	Senate; and
5	(2) the Committee on the Judiciary and the
6	Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the
7	House of Representatives.
8	Subtitle E—Treatment of Aliens
9	Who Commit Acts of Torture,
10	Extrajudicial Killings, or Other
11	Atrocities Abroad
12	SEC. 5501. INADMISSIBILITY AND DEPORTABILITY OF
13	ALIENS WHO HAVE COMMITTED ACTS OF
14	TORTURE OR EXTRAJUDICIAL KILLINGS
15	ABROAD.
16	(a) Inadmissibility.—Section 212(a)(3)(E) of the
17	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
18	1182(a)(3)(E)) is amended—
19	(1) in clause (ii), by striking "has engaged in
20	conduct that is defined as genocide for purposes of
21	the International Convention on the Prevention and
22	Punishment of Genocide is inadmissible" and insert-
23	ing "ordered, incited, assisted, or otherwise partici-
24	pated in conduct outside the United States that
25	would, if committed in the United States or by a

1	United States national, be genocide, as defined in
2	section 1091(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
3	inadmissible";
4	(2) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(iii) Commission of acts of tor-
6	TURE OR EXTRAJUDICIAL KILLINGS.—Any
7	alien who, outside the United States, has
8	committed, ordered, incited, assisted, or
9	otherwise participated in the commission
10	of—
11	"(I) any act of torture, as de-
12	fined in section 2340 of title 18,
13	United States Code; or
14	"(II) under color of law of any
15	foreign nation, any extrajudicial kill-
16	ing, as defined in section 3(a) of the
17	Torture Victim Protection Act of
18	1991 (28 U.S.C. 1350 note),
19	is inadmissible."; and
20	(3) in the subparagraph heading, by striking
21	"Participants in Nazi Persecution or Geno-
22	CIDE" and inserting "PARTICIPANTS IN NAZI PERSE-
23	CUTION, GENOCIDE, OR THE COMMISSION OF ANY
24	ACT OF TORTURE OR EXTRAJUDICIAL KILLING".

1	(b) Deportability.—Section 237(a)(4)(D) of such
2	Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(D)) is amended—
3	(1) by striking "clause (i) or (ii)" and inserting
4	"clause (i), (ii), or (iii)"; and
5	(2) in the subparagraph heading, by striking
6	"Assisted in Nazi Persecution or engaged in
7	GENOCIDE" and inserting "PARTICIPATED IN NAZI
8	PERSECUTION, GENOCIDE, OR THE COMMISSION OF
9	ANY ACT OF TORTURE OR EXTRAJUDICIAL KILLING".
10	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
11	this section shall apply to offenses committed before, on,
12	or after the date of enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 5502. INADMISSIBILITY AND DEPORTABILITY OF FOR-
13	SEC. 3502. INADMISSIBILITY AND DEPORTABILITY OF FOR-
13	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE
14	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE
14 15	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLA-
14 15 16 17	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLATIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.
14 15 16 17	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLA- TIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. (a) GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY.—Section
14 15 16 17	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLA- TIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. (a) GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY.—Section 212(a)(2)(G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8)
114 115 116 117 118	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLA- TIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. (a) GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY.—Section 212(a)(2)(G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)(G)) is amended to read as follows:
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLA- TIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. (a) GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY.—Section 212(a)(2)(G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)(G)) is amended to read as follows: "(G) FOREIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLA- TIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. (a) GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY.—Section 212(a)(2)(G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)(G)) is amended to read as follows: "(G) FOREIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	EIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLA- TIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. (a) GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY.—Section 212(a)(2)(G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)(G)) is amended to read as follows: "(G) FOREIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO HAVE COMMITTED PARTICULARLY SEVERE VIOLATIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.—Any

1	lations of religious freedom, as defined in sec-
2	tion 3 of the International Religious Freedom
3	Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6402), is inadmis-
4	sible.".
5	(b) Ground of Deportability.—Section 237(a)(4)
6	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
7	1227(a)(4)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(E) PARTICIPATED IN THE COMMISSION
10	OF SEVERE VIOLATIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREE-
11	DOM.—Any alien described in section
12	212(a)(2)(G) is deportable.".
13	SEC. 5503. WAIVER OF INADMISSIBILITY.
14	Section 212(d)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality
15	Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(3)) is amended—
16	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and
17	3(E)" and inserting "and clauses (i) and (ii) of
18	paragraph (3)(E)"; and
19	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and
20	3(E)" and inserting "and clauses (i) and (ii) of
21	paragraph (3)(E)".

1	SEC. 5504. BAR TO GOOD MORAL CHARACTER FOR ALIENS
2	WHO HAVE COMMITTED ACTS OF TORTURE,
3	EXTRAJUDICIAL KILLINGS, OR SEVERE VIO-
4	LATIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.
5	Section 101(f) of the Immigration and Nationality
6	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(f)) is amended—
7	(1) by striking the period at the end of para-
8	graph (8) and inserting "; or"; and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(9) one who at any time has engaged in con-
11	duct described in section 212(a)(3)(E) (relating to
12	assistance in Nazi persecution, participation in geno-
13	cide, or commission of acts of torture or
14	extrajudicial killings) or 212(a)(2)(G) (relating to
15	severe violations of religious freedom).".
16	SEC. 5505. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL IN-
17	VESTIGATIONS.
18	(a) Amendment of the Immigration and Na-
19	TIONALITY ACT.—Section 103 of the Immigration and
20	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) is amended by adding
21	at the end the following:
22	"(h)(1) The Attorney General shall establish within
23	the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice an Of-
24	fice of Special Investigations with the authority to detect
25	and investigate and where appropriate to take legal ac-

1	tion	to	denaturalize	anv	alien	described	in	section
1	00011	w	uenaturanze	any	anen	described	111	Section

- 2 212(a)(3)(E).
- 3 "(2) The Attorney General shall consult with the Sec-
- 4 retary of Homeland Security in making determinations
- 5 concerning the criminal prosecution or extradition of
- 6 aliens described in section 212(a)(3)(E).
- 7 "(3) In determining the appropriate legal action to
- 8 take against an alien described in section 212(a)(3)(E),
- 9 consideration shall be given to—
- 10 "(A) the availability of criminal prosecution
- under the laws of the United States for any conduct
- that may form the basis for removal and
- denaturalization; or
- 14 "(B) the availability of extradition of the alien
- to a foreign jurisdiction that is prepared to under-
- take a prosecution for such conduct.".
- 17 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—
- 18 (1) In General.—There are authorized to be
- appropriated to the Department of Justice such
- sums as may be necessary to carry out the addi-
- 21 tional duties established under section 103(h) of the
- Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by this
- subtitle) in order to ensure that the Office of Special
- Investigations fulfills its continuing obligations re-
- 25 garding Nazi war criminals.

1	(2) Availability of funds.—Amounts appro-
2	priated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to
3	remain available until expended.
4	SEC. 5506. REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.
5	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
6	of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the
7	Secretary of Homeland Security, shall submit to the Com-
8	mittees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of
9	Representatives a report on implementation of this sub-
10	title that includes a description of—
11	(1) the procedures used to refer matters to the
12	Office of Special Investigations and other compo-
13	nents within the Department of Justice and the De-
14	partment of Homeland Security in a manner con-
15	sistent with the amendments made by this subtitle;
16	(2) the revisions, if any, made to immigration
17	forms to reflect changes in the Immigration and Na-
18	tionality Act made by the amendments contained in
19	this subtitle; and
20	(3) the procedures developed, with adequate due
21	process protection, to obtain sufficient evidence to
22	determine whether an alien may be inadmissible
23	under the terms of the amendments made by this
24	subtitle.

1	TITLE VI—TERRORISM
2	PREVENTION
3	Subtitle A—Individual Terrorists
4	as Agents of Foreign Powers
5	SEC. 6001. INDIVIDUAL TERRORISTS AS AGENTS OF FOR-
6	EIGN POWERS.
7	(a) In General.—Section 101(b)(1) of the Foreign
8	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
9	1801(b)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following
10	new subparagraph:
11	"(C) engages in international terrorism or
12	activities in preparation therefore; or".
13	(b) Sunset.—The amendment made by subsection
14	(a) shall be subject to the sunset provision in section 224
15	of Public Law 107–56 (115 Stat. 295), including the ex-
16	ception provided in subsection (b) of such section 224.
17	SEC. 6002. ADDITIONAL SEMIANNUAL REPORTING RE-
18	QUIREMENTS UNDER THE FOREIGN INTEL-
19	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
20	(a) Additional Reporting Requirements.—The
21	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
22	1801 et seq.) is amended—
23	(1) by redesignating—
24	(A) title VI as title VII; and
25	(B) section 601 as section 701; and

1	(2) by inserting after title V the following new
2	title:
3	"TITLE VI—REPORTING
4	REQUIREMENT
5	"SEC. 601. SEMIANNUAL REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY GEN-
6	ERAL.
7	"(a) Report.—On a semiannual basis, the Attorney
8	General shall submit to the Permanent Select Committee
9	on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, the Select
10	Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, and the commit-
11	tees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and
12	the Senate, in a manner consistent with the protection of
13	the national security, a report setting forth with respect
14	to the preceding 6-month period—
15	"(1) the aggregate number of persons targeted
16	for orders issued under this Act, including a break-
17	down of those targeted for—
18	"(A) electronic surveillance under section
19	105;
20	"(B) physical searches under section 304;
21	"(C) pen registers under section 402; and
22	"(D) access to records under section 501;
23	"(2) the number of individuals covered by an
24	order issued pursuant to section 101(b)(1)(C);

1	"(3) the number of times that the Attorney
2	General has authorized that information obtained
3	under this Act may be used in a criminal proceeding
4	or any information derived therefrom may be used
5	in a criminal proceeding;
6	"(4) a summary of significant legal interpreta-
7	tions of this Act involving matters before the For-
8	eign Intelligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign
9	Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review, including
10	interpretations presented in applications or plead-
11	ings filed with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
12	Court or the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court
13	of Review by the Department of Justice; and
14	"(5) copies of all decisions (not including or-
15	ders) or opinions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
16	lance Court or Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
17	Court of Review that include significant construction
18	or interpretation of the provisions of this Act.
19	"(b) Frequency.—The first report under this sec-
20	tion shall be submitted not later than 6 months after the
21	date of enactment of this section. Subsequent reports
22	under this section shall be submitted semi-annually there-
23	after.".
24	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
25	for the Foreign Intelligence Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801

- 1 et seq.) is amended by striking the items relating to title
- 2 VI and inserting the following new items:

"TITLE VI—REPORTING REQUIREMENT

"Sec. 601. Semiannual report of the Attorney General.

"TITLE VII—EFFECTIVE DATE

"Sec. 701. Effective date.".

Subtitle B—Money Laundering and

· ·
Terrorist Financing
SEC. 6101. ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION FOR FINCEN.
Subsection (d) of section 310 of title 31, United
States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking "APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
authorized" and inserting "APPROPRIATIONS.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized"; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

"(2) AUTHORIZATION FOR FUNDING KEY TECH-NOLOGICAL IMPROVEMENTS IN MISSION-CRITICAL FINCEN SYSTEMS.—There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2005 the following amounts, which are authorized to remain available until expended:

"(A) BSA DIRECT.—For technological im-19 20 provements to provide authorized law enforce-21 ment and financial regulatory agencies with 22 Web-based access to FinCEN data, to fully de-

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1	velop and implement the highly secure network
2	required under section 362 of Public Law 107–
3	56 to expedite the filing of, and reduce the fil-
4	ing costs for, financial institution reports, in-
5	cluding suspicious activity reports, collected by
6	FinCEN under chapter 53 and related provi-
7	sions of law, and enable FinCEN to imme-
8	diately alert financial institutions about sus-
9	picious activities that warrant immediate and
10	enhanced scrutiny, and to provide and upgrade
11	advanced information-sharing technologies to
12	materially improve the Government's ability to
13	exploit the information in the FinCEN data
14	banks, \$16,500,000.
15	"(B) ADVANCED ANALYTICAL TECH-
16	NOLOGIES.—To provide advanced analytical
17	tools needed to ensure that the data collected
18	by FinCEN under chapter 53 and related provi-
19	sions of law are utilized fully and appropriately
20	in safeguarding financial institutions and sup-
21	porting the war on terrorism, \$5,000,000.
22	"(C) Data networking moderniza-
23	TION.—To improve the telecommunications in-
24	frastructure to support the improved capabili-
25	ties of the FinCEN systems, \$3,000,000.

1	"(D) ENHANCED COMPLIANCE CAPA-
2	BILITY.—To improve the effectiveness of the
3	Office of Compliance in FinCEN, \$3,000,000.
4	"(E) DETECTION AND PREVENTION OF FI-
5	NANCIAL CRIMES AND TERRORISM.—To provide
6	development of, and training in the use of, tech-
7	nology to detect and prevent financial crimes
8	and terrorism within and without the United
9	States, \$8,000,000.".
10	SEC. 6102. MONEY LAUNDERING AND FINANCIAL CRIMES
11	STRATEGY REAUTHORIZATION.
12	(a) Program.—Section 5341(a)(2) of title 31,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(1) by striking "February 1" and inserting
15	"August 1"; and
16	(2) by striking "and 2003," and inserting
17	"2003, 2005, and 2007,".
18	(b) Reauthorization of Appropriations.—Sec-
19	tion 5355 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by
20	adding at the end the following:
	"2004\$15,000,000.

1	Subtitle C-Money Laundering
2	Abatement and Financial
3	Antiterrorism Technical Correc-
4	tions
5	SEC. 6201. SHORT TITLE.
6	This subtitle may be cited as the "International
7	Money Laundering Abatement and Financial
8	Antiterrorism Technical Corrections Act of 2004".
9	SEC. 6202. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO PUBLIC LAW 107-
10	56.
11	(a) The heading of title III of Public Law 107–56
12	is amended to read as follows:
13	"TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL
14	MONEY LAUNDERING ABATE-
15	MENT AND FINANCIAL
16	ANTITERRORISM ACT OF
17	2001" .
18	(b) The table of contents for Public Law 107–56 is
19	amended by striking the item relating to title III and in-
20	serting the following:
	"TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL MONEY LAUNDERING ABATEMENT AND FINANCIAL ANTITERRORISM ACT OF 2001".
21	(c) Section 302 of Public Law 107–56 is amended—
22	(1) in subsection (a)(4), by striking the comma
23	after "movement of criminal funds";

1	(2) in subsection $(b)(7)$, by inserting "or types
2	of accounts" after "classes of international trans-
3	actions"; and
4	(3) in subsection (b)(10), by striking "sub-
5	chapters II and III" and inserting "subchapter II".
6	(d) Section 303(a) of Public Law 107–56 is amended
7	by striking "Anti-Terrorist Financing Act" and inserting
8	"Financial Antiterrorism Act".
9	(e) The heading for section 311 of Public Law 107–
10	56 is amended by striking "OR INTERNATIONAL
11	TRANSACTIONS" and inserting "INTERNATIONAL
12	TRANSACTIONS, OR TYPES OF ACCOUNTS".
13	(f) Section 314 of Public Law 107–56 is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (1)—
15	(A) by inserting a comma after "organiza-
16	tions engaged in"; and
17	(B) by inserting a comma after "credible
18	evidence of engaging in";
19	(2) in paragraph (2)(A)—
20	(A) by striking "and" after "nongovern-
21	mental organizations,"; and
22	(B) by inserting a comma after "unwit-
23	tingly involved in such finances";

1	(A) by striking "to monitor accounts of"
2	and inserting "monitor accounts of,"; and
3	(B) by striking the comma after "organiza-
4	tions identified"; and
5	(4) in paragraph (3)(B), by inserting "finan-
6	cial" after "size, and nature of the".
7	(g) Section 321(a) of Public Law 107–56 is amended
8	by striking " $5312(2)$ " and inserting " $5312(a)(2)$ ".
9	(h) Section 325 of Public Law 107–56 is amended
10	by striking "as amended by section 202 of this title," and
11	inserting "as amended by section 352,".
12	(i) Subsections $(a)(2)$ and $(b)(2)$ of section 327 of
13	Public Law 107–56 are each amended by striking "2001"
14	and all that follows and inserting a period.
15	(j) Section $356(c)(4)$ of Public Law 107–56 is
16	amended by striking "or business or other grantor trust"
17	and inserting ", business trust, or other grantor trust".
18	(k) Section 358(e) of Public Law 107–56 is
19	amended—
20	(1) by striking "Section 123(a)" and inserting
21	"That portion of section 123(a)";
22	(2) by striking "is amended to read" and in-
23	serting "that precedes paragraph (1) of such section
24	is amended to read"; and

1	(3) in the amendment made in that subsection
2	(e), by striking "person." and inserting the fol-
3	lowing: "person—".
4	(l) Section 360 of Public Law 107–56 is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "the" after
6	"utilization of the funds of"; and
7	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "at such insti-
8	tutions" and inserting "at such institution".
9	(m) Section $362(a)(1)$ of Public Law $107-56$ is
10	amended by striking "subchapter II or III" and inserting
11	"subchapter II".
12	(n) Section 365 of Public Law 107–56 is amended—
13	(1) by redesignating the second of the 2 sub-
14	sections designated as subsection (c) (relating to a
15	clerical amendment) as subsection (d); and
16	(2) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
17	section (e).
18	(o) Section 365(d) of Public Law 107–56 (as so re-
19	designated by subsection (n) of this section) is amended
20	by striking "section 5332 (as added by section 112 of this
21	title)" and inserting "section 5330".

1	SEC. 6203. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO OTHER PROVI-
2	SIONS OF LAW.
3	(a) Section 310(c) of title 31, United States Code,
4	is amended by striking "the Network" each place such
5	term appears and inserting "FinCEN".
6	(b) Section 5312(a)(3)(C) of title 31, United States
7	Code, is amended by striking "sections 5333 and 5316"
8	and inserting "sections 5316 and 5331".
9	(c) Section 5318(i) of title 31, United States Code,
10	is amended—
11	(1) in paragraph (3)(B), by inserting a comma
12	after "foreign political figure" the second place such
13	term appears; and
14	(2) in the heading of paragraph (4), by striking
15	"DEFINITION" and inserting "DEFINITIONS".
16	(d) Section 5318(k)(1)(B) of title 31, United States
17	Code, is amended by striking "section 5318A(f)(1)(B)"
18	and inserting "section 5318A(e)(1)(B)".
19	(e) The heading for section 5318A of title 31, United
20	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
21	"§ 5318A. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial
22	institutions, international transactions,
23	or types of accounts of primary money
24	laundering concern".
25	(f) Section 5318A of title 31, United States Code,
26	is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)(4)(A), by striking ", as de-
2	fined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
3	Act," and inserting "(as defined in section 3 of the
4	Federal Deposit Insurance Act)";
5	(2) in subsection (a)(4)(B)(iii), by striking "or
6	class of transactions" and inserting "class of trans-
7	actions, or type of account";
8	(3) in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$, by striking "or
9	class of transactions to be" and inserting "class of
10	transactions, or type of account to be"; and
11	(4) in subsection (e)(3), by inserting "or sub-
12	section (i) or (j) of section 5318" after "identifica-
13	tion of individuals under this section".
14	(g) Section 5324(b) of title 31, United States Code,
15	is amended by striking "5333" each place such term ap-
16	pears and inserting "5331".
17	(h) Section 5332 of title 31, United States Code, is
18	amended—
19	(1) in subsection (b)(2), by striking ", subject
20	to subsection (d) of this section"; and
21	(2) in subsection (c)(1), by striking ", subject
22	to subsection (d) of this section,".
23	(i) The table of sections for subchapter II of chapter
24	53 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking

- 1 the item relating to section 5318A and inserting the fol-
- 2 lowing:
 - "5318A. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial institutions, international transactions, or types of accounts of primary money laundering concern.".
- 3 (j) Section 18(w)(3) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
- 4 Act (12 U.S.C. 1828(w)(3)) is amended by inserting a
- 5 comma after "agent of such institution".
- 6 (k) Section 21(a)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insur-
- 7 ance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b(a)(2)) is amended by striking
- 8 "recognizes that" and inserting "recognizing that".
- 9 (l) Section 626(e) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act
- 10 (15 U.S.C. 1681v(e)) is amended by striking "govern-
- 11 mental agency" and inserting "government agency".
- 12 SEC. 6204. REPEAL OF REVIEW.
- 13 Title III of Public Law 107–56 is amended by strik-
- 14 ing section 303 (31 U.S.C. 5311 note).
- 15 SEC. 6205. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 16 The amendments made by this subchapter to Public
- 17 Law 107–56, the United States Code, the Federal Deposit
- 18 Insurance Act, and any other provision of law shall take
- 19 effect as if such amendments had been included in Public
- 20 Law 107–56, as of the date of enactment of such Public
- 21 Law, and no amendment made by such Public Law that
- 22 is inconsistent with an amendment made by this sub-
- 23 chapter shall be deemed to have taken effect.

1	Subtitle D—Additional
2	Enforcement Tools
3	SEC. 6301. BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING SECU-
4	RITY PRINTING.
5	(a) Production of Documents.—Section 5114(a)
6	of title 31, United States Code (relating to engraving and
7	printing currency and security documents), is amended—
8	(1) by striking "(a) The Secretary of the Treas-
9	ury" and inserting:
10	"(a) Authority To Engrave and Print.—
11	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of the
12	Treasury''; and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraphs:
15	"(2) Engraving and printing for other
16	GOVERNMENTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury
17	may produce currency, postage stamps, and other
18	security documents for foreign governments if—
19	"(A) the Secretary of the Treasury deter-
20	mines that such production will not interfere
21	with engraving and printing needs of the
22	United States; and
23	"(B) the Secretary of State determines
24	that such production would be consistent with
25	the foreign policy of the United States.

1	"(3) Procurement Guidelines.—Articles,
2	material, and supplies procured for use in the pro-
3	duction of currency, postage stamps, and other secu-
4	rity documents for foreign governments pursuant to
5	paragraph (2) shall be treated in the same manner
6	as articles, material, and supplies procured for pub-
7	lic use within the United States for purposes of title
8	III of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a et
9	seq.; commonly referred to as the Buy American
10	Act).".
11	(b) Reimbursement.—Section 5143 of title 31,
12	United States Code (relating to payment for services of
13	the Bureau of Engraving and Printing), is amended—
14	(1) in the first sentence, by inserting "or to a
15	foreign government under section 5114" after
16	"agency";
17	(2) in the second sentence, by inserting "and
18	other" after "including administrative"; and
19	(3) in the last sentence, by inserting ", and the
20	Secretary shall take such action, in coordination
21	with the Secretary of State, as may be appropriate
22	to ensure prompt payment by a foreign government
23	of any invoice or statement of account submitted by
24	the Secretary with respect to services rendered
25	under section 5114" before the period at the end.

I	SEC. 6302. REPORTING OF CERTAIN CROSS-BORDER TRANS-
2	MITTAL OF FUNDS.
3	Section 5318 of title 31, United States Code, is
4	amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
5	section:
6	"(n) Reporting of Certain Cross-Border
7	Transmittals of Funds.—
8	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (3)
9	and (4), the Secretary shall prescribe regulations re-
10	quiring such financial institutions as the Secretary
11	determines to be appropriate to report to the Finan-
12	cial Crimes Enforcement Network certain cross-bor-
13	der electronic transmittals of funds, if the Secretary
14	determines that reporting of such transmittals is
15	reasonably necessary to conduct the efforts of the
16	Secretary against money laundering and terrorist fi-
17	nancing.
18	"(2) Limitation on reporting require-
19	MENTS.—Information required to be reported by the
20	regulations prescribed under paragraph (1) shall not
21	exceed the information required to be retained by
22	the reporting financial institution pursuant to sec-
23	tion 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and
24	the regulations promulgated thereunder, unless—
25	"(A) the Board of Governors of the Fed-
26	eral Reserve System and the Secretary jointly

1	determine that a particular item or items of in-
2	formation are not currently required to be re-
3	tained under such section or such regulations;
4	and
5	"(B) the Secretary determines, after con-
6	sultation with the Board of Governors of the
7	Federal Reserve System, that the reporting of
8	such information is reasonably necessary to
9	conduct the efforts of the Secretary to identify
10	cross-border money laundering and terrorist fi-
11	nancing.
12	"(3) Form and manner of reports.—In
13	prescribing the regulations required under para-
14	graph (1), the Secretary shall, subject to paragraph
15	(2), determine the appropriate form, manner, con-
16	tent, and frequency of filing of the required reports.
17	"(4) Feasibility Report.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Before prescribing the
19	regulations required under paragraph (1), and
20	as soon as is practicable after the date of enact-
21	ment of the National Intelligence Reform Act of
22	2004, the Secretary shall submit a report to the
23	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
24	Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Fi-

1	nancial Services of the House of Representa-
2	tives that—
3	"(i) identifies the information in
4	cross-border electronic transmittals of
5	funds that may be found in particular
6	cases to be reasonably necessary to con-
7	duct the efforts of the Secretary to identify
8	money laundering and terrorist financing,
9	and outlines the criteria to be used by the
10	Secretary to select the situations in which
11	reporting under this subsection may be re-
12	quired;
13	"(ii) outlines the appropriate form,
14	manner, content, and frequency of filing of
15	the reports that may be required under
16	such regulations;
17	"(iii) identifies the technology nec-
18	essary for the Financial Crimes Enforce-
19	ment Network to receive, keep, exploit,
20	protect the security of, and disseminate in-
21	formation from reports of cross-border
22	electronic transmittals of funds to law en-
23	forcement and other entities engaged in ef-
24	forts against money laundering and ter-
25	rorist financing; and

1	"(iv) discusses the information secu-
2	rity protections required by the exercise of
3	the Secretary's authority under this sub-
4	section.
5	"(B) Consultation.—In reporting the
6	feasibility report under subparagraph (A), the
7	Secretary may consult with the Bank Secrecy
8	Act Advisory Group established by the Sec-
9	retary, and any other group considered by the
10	Secretary to be relevant.
11	"(5) Regulations.—
12	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
13	graph (B), the regulations required by para-
14	graph (1) shall be prescribed in final form by
15	the Secretary, in consultation with the Board of
16	Governors of the Federal Reserve System, be-
17	fore the end of the 3-year period beginning on
18	the date of enactment of the National Intel-
19	ligence Reform Act of 2004.
20	"(B) TECHNOLOGICAL FEASIBILITY.—No
21	regulations shall be prescribed under this sub-
22	section before the Secretary certifies to the
23	Congress that the Financial Crimes Enforce-
24	ment Network has the technological systems in
25	place to effectively and efficiently receive, keep,

1	exploit, protect the security of, and disseminate
2	information from reports of cross-border elec-
3	tronic transmittals of funds to law enforcement
4	and other entities engaged in efforts against
5	money laundering and terrorist financing.".
6	SEC. 6303. TERRORISM FINANCING.
7	(a) Report on Terrorist Financing.—
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 270 days
9	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Presi-
10	dent, acting through the Secretary of the Treasury,
11	shall submit to Congress a report evaluating the cur-
12	rent state of United States efforts to curtail the
13	international financing of terrorism.
14	(2) Contents.—The report required by para-
15	graph (1) shall evaluate and make recommendations
16	on—
17	(A) the effectiveness and efficiency of cur-
18	rent United States governmental efforts and
19	methods to detect, track, disrupt, and stop ter-
20	rorist financing;
21	(B) the relationship between terrorist fi-
22	nancing and money laundering, including how
23	the laundering of proceeds related to illegal nar-
24	cotics or foreign political corruption may con-
25	tribute to terrorism or terrorist financing;

1	(C) the nature, effectiveness, and efficiency
2	of current efforts to coordinate intelligence and
3	agency operations within the United States
4	Government to detect, track, disrupt, and stop
5	terrorist financing, including identifying who, if
6	anyone, has primary responsibility for devel-
7	oping priorities, assigning tasks to agencies,
8	and monitoring the implementation of policy
9	and operations;
10	(D) the effectiveness and efficiency of ef-
11	forts to protect the critical infrastructure of the
12	United States financial system, and ways to im-
13	prove the effectiveness of financial institutions;
14	(E) ways to improve multilateral and inter-
15	national governmental cooperation on terrorist
16	financing, including the adequacy of agency co-
17	ordination within the United States related to
18	participating in international cooperative efforts
19	and implementing international treaties and
20	compacts; and
21	(F) ways to improve the setting of prior-
22	ities and coordination of United States efforts
23	to detect, track, disrupt, and stop terrorist fi-
24	nancing, including recommendations for
25	changes in executive branch organization or

1	procedures, legislative reforms, additional re-
2	sources, or use of appropriated funds.
3	(b) Postemployment Restriction for Certain
4	Bank and Thrift Examiners.—Section 10 of the Fed-
5	eral Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1820) is amended
6	by adding at the end the following:
7	"(k) One-Year Restrictions on Federal Exam-
8	INERS OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—
9	"(1) In general.—In addition to other appli-
10	cable restrictions set forth in title 18, United States
11	Code, the penalties set forth in paragraph (6) of this
12	subsection shall apply to any person who—
13	"(A) was an officer or employee (including
14	any special Government employee) of a Federal
15	banking agency or a Federal reserve bank;
16	"(B) served 2 or more months during the
17	final 12 months of his or her employment with
18	such agency or entity as the senior examiner
19	(or a functionally equivalent position) of a de-
20	pository institution or depository institution
21	holding company with continuing, broad respon-
22	sibility for the examination (or inspection) of
23	that depository institution or depository institu-
24	tion holding company on behalf of the relevant
25	agency or Federal reserve bank; and

1	"(C) within 1 year after the termination
2	date of his or her service or employment with
3	such agency or entity, knowingly accepts com-
4	pensation as an employee, officer, director, or
5	consultant from—
6	"(i) such depository institution, any
7	depository institution holding company
8	that controls such depository institution, or
9	any other company that controls such de-
10	pository institution; or
11	"(ii) such depository institution hold-
12	ing company or any depository institution
13	that is controlled by such depository insti-
14	tution holding company.
15	"(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this
16	subsection—
17	"(A) the term 'depository institution' in-
18	cludes an uninsured branch or agency of a for-
19	eign bank, if such branch or agency is located
20	in any State; and
21	"(B) the term 'depository institution hold-
22	ing company' includes any foreign bank or com-
23	pany described in section 8(a) of the Inter-
24	national Banking Act of 1978.

"(3) Rules of Construction.—For purposes
of this subsection, a foreign bank shall be deemed to
control any branch or agency of the foreign bank,
and a person shall be deemed to act as a consultant
for a depository institution, depository institution
holding company, or other company, only if such
person directly works on matters for, or on behalf
of, such depository institution, depository institution
holding company, or other company.

"(4) Regulations.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal banking agency shall prescribe rules or regulations to administer and carry out this subsection, including rules, regulations, or guidelines to define the scope of persons referred to in paragraph (1)(B).

"(B) Consultation required.—The Federal banking agencies shall consult with each other for the purpose of assuring that the rules and regulations issued by the agencies under subparagraph (A) are, to the extent possible, consistent, comparable, and practicable, taking into account any differences in the supervisory programs utilized by the agencies for

1	the supervision of depository institutions and
2	depository institution holding companies.
3	"(5) Waiver.—
4	"(A) AGENCY AUTHORITY.—A Federal
5	banking agency may grant a waiver, on a case
6	by case basis, of the restriction imposed by this
7	subsection to any officer or employee (including
8	any special Government employee) of that agen-
9	cy, and the Board of Governors of the Federal
10	Reserve System may grant a waiver of the re-
11	striction imposed by this subsection to any offi-
12	cer or employee of a Federal reserve bank, if
13	the head of such agency certifies in writing that
14	granting the waiver would not affect the integ-
15	rity of the supervisory program of the relevant
16	Federal banking agency.
17	"(B) Definition.—For purposes of this
18	paragraph, the head of an agency is—
19	"(i) the Comptroller of the Currency,
20	in the case of the Office of the Comptroller
21	of the Currency;
22	"(ii) the Chairman of the Board of
23	Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
24	in the case of the Board of Governors of
25	the Federal Reserve System;

1	"(iii) the Chairperson of the Board of
2	Directors, in the case of the Corporation;
3	and
4	"(iv) the Director of the Office of
5	Thrift Supervision, in the case of the Of-
6	fice of Thrift Supervision.
7	"(6) Penalties.—
8	"(A) In General.—In addition to any
9	other administrative, civil, or criminal remedy
10	or penalty that may otherwise apply, whenever
11	a Federal banking agency determines that a
12	person subject to paragraph (1) has become as-
13	sociated, in the manner described in paragraph
14	(1)(C), with a depository institution, depository
15	institution holding company, or other company
16	for which such agency serves as the appropriate
17	Federal banking agency, the agency shall im-
18	pose upon such person one or more of the fol-
19	lowing penalties:
20	"(i) Industry-wide prohibition
21	ORDER.—The Federal banking agency
22	shall serve a written notice or order in ac-
23	cordance with and subject to the provisions
24	of section 8(e)(4) for written notices or or-
25	ders under paragraph (1) or (2) of section

1	8(e), upon such person of the intention of
2	the agency—
3	"(I) to remove such person from
4	office or to prohibit such person from
5	further participation in the conduct of
6	the affairs of the depository institu-
7	tion, depository institution holding
8	company, or other company for a pe-
9	riod of up to 5 years; and
10	"(II) to prohibit any further par-
11	ticipation by such person, in any man-
12	ner, in the conduct of the affairs of
13	any insured depository institution for
14	a period of up to 5 years.
15	"(ii) CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY.—
16	The Federal banking agency may, in an
17	administrative proceeding or civil action in
18	an appropriate United States district
19	court, impose on such person a civil mone-
20	tary penalty of not more than \$250,000.
21	Any administrative proceeding under this
22	clause shall be conducted in accordance
23	with section 8(i). In lieu of an action by
24	the Federal banking agency under this
25	clause, the Attorney General of the United

1	States may bring a civil action under this
2	clause in the appropriate United States
3	district court.
4	"(B) Scope of prohibition order.—
5	Any person subject to an order issued under
6	subparagraph (A)(i) shall be subject to para-
7	graphs (6) and (7) of section 8(e) in the same
8	manner and to the same extent as a person
9	subject to an order issued under such section.
10	"(C) Definitions.—Solely for purposes of
11	this paragraph, the 'appropriate Federal bank-
12	ing agency' for a company that is not a deposi-
13	tory institution or depository institution holding
14	company shall be the Federal banking agency
15	on whose behalf the person described in para-
16	graph (1) performed the functions described in
17	paragraph (1)(B).".
18	(c) Postemployment Restriction for Certain
19	CREDIT UNION Examiners.—Section 206 of the Federal
20	Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1786) is amended by adding
21	at the end the following:
22	"(w) One-Year Restrictions on Federal Exam-
23	INERS OF INSURED CREDIT UNIONS.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to other appli-
25	cable restrictions set forth in title 18, United States

1	Code, the penalties set forth in paragraph (5) of this
2	subsection shall apply to any person who—
3	"(A) was an officer or employee (including
4	any special Government employee) of the Ad-
5	ministration;
6	"(B) served 2 or more months during the
7	final 12 months of his or her employment with
8	the Administration as the senior examiner (or a
9	functionally equivalent position) of an insured
10	credit union with continuing, broad responsi-
11	bility for the examination (or inspection) of that
12	insured credit union on behalf of the Adminis-
13	tration; and
14	"(C) within 1 year after the termination
15	date of his or her service or employment with
16	the Administration, knowingly accepts com-
17	pensation as an employee, officer, director, or
18	consultant from such insured credit union.
19	"(2) Rule of construction.—For purposes
20	of this subsection, a person shall be deemed to act
21	as a consultant for an insured credit union only if
22	such person directly works on matters for, or on be-
23	half of, such insured credit union.
24	"(3) Regulations.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall pre-
2	scribe rules or regulations to administer and
3	carry out this subsection, including rules, regu-
4	lations, or guidelines to define the scope of per-
5	sons referred to in paragraph (1)(B).
6	"(B) Consultation.—In prescribing
7	rules or regulations under this paragraph, the
8	Board shall, to the extent it deems necessary,
9	consult with the Federal banking agencies (as
10	defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
11	surance Act) on regulations issued by such
12	agencies in carrying out section 10(k) of the
13	Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
14	"(4) Waiver.—The Board may grant a waiver,
15	on a case by case basis, of the restriction imposed
16	by this subsection to any officer or employee (includ-
17	ing any special Government employee) of the Admin-
18	istration if the Chairman certifies in writing that
19	granting the waiver would not affect the integrity of
20	the supervisory program of the Administration.
21	"(5) Penalties.—
22	"(A) In General.—In addition to any
23	other administrative, civil, or criminal remedy
24	or penalty that may otherwise apply, whenever
25	the Board determines that a person subject to

1	paragraph (1) has become associated, in the
2	manner described in paragraph (1)(C), with an
3	insured credit union, the Board shall impose
4	upon such person one or more of the following
5	penalties:
6	"(i) Industry-wide prohibition
7	ORDER.—The Board shall serve a written
8	notice or order in accordance with and
9	subject to the provisions of subsection
10	(g)(4) for written notices or orders under
11	paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (g),
12	upon such person of the intention of the
13	Board—
14	"(I) to remove such person from
15	office or to prohibit such person from
16	further participation in the conduct of
17	the affairs of the insured credit union
18	for a period of up to 5 years; and
19	"(II) to prohibit any further par-
20	ticipation by such person, in any man-
21	ner, in the conduct of the affairs of
22	any insured credit union for a period
23	of up to 5 years.
24	"(ii) Civil monetary penalty.—
25	The Board may, in an administrative pro-

1	ceeding or civil action in an appropriate
2	United States district court, impose on
3	such person a civil monetary penalty of not
4	more than \$250,000. Any administrative
5	proceeding under this clause shall be con-
6	ducted in accordance with subsection (k).
7	In lieu of an action by the Board under
8	this clause, the Attorney General of the
9	United States may bring a civil action
10	under this clause in the appropriate United
11	States district court.
12	"(B) Scope of prohibition order.—
13	Any person subject to an order issued under
14	this subparagraph (A)(i) shall be subject to
15	paragraphs (5) and (7) of subsection (g) in the
16	same manner and to the same extent as a per-
17	son subject to an order issued under subsection
18	(g).".
19	(d) Effective Date.—Notwithstanding any other
20	effective date established pursuant to this Act, subsection
21	(a) shall become effective on the date of enactment of this
22	Act, and the amendments made by subsections (b) and
23	(c) shall become effective at the end of the 12-month pe-
24	riod beginning on the date of enactment of this Act,
25	whether or not final regulations are issued in accordance

1	with the amendments made by this section as of that date
2	of enactment.
3	Subtitle E—Criminal History
4	Background Checks
5	SEC. 6401. PROTECT ACT.
6	Public Law 108–21 is amended—
7	(1) in section $108(a)(2)(A)$ by striking "an 18
8	month" and inserting "a 30-month"; and
9	(2) in section $108(a)(3)(A)$ by striking "an 18-
10	month" and inserting "a 30-month".
11	SEC. 6402. REVIEWS OF CRIMINAL RECORDS OF APPLI-
12	CANTS FOR PRIVATE SECURITY OFFICER EM-
13	PLOYMENT.
14	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
15	"Private Security Officer Employment Authorization Act
16	of 2004".
17	(b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
18	(1) employment of private security officers in
19	the United States is growing rapidly;
20	(2) private security officers function as an ad-
21	junct to, but not a replacement for, public law en-
22	forcement by helping to reduce and prevent crime;
23	(3) such private security officers protect indi-
24	viduals, property, and proprietary information, and
25	provide protection to such diverse operations as

1	banks, hospitals, research and development centers,
2	manufacturing facilities, defense and aerospace con-
3	tractors, high technology businesses, nuclear power
4	plants, chemical companies, oil and gas refineries,
5	airports, communication facilities and operations, of-
6	fice complexes, schools, residential properties, apart-
7	ment complexes, gated communities, and others;
8	(4) sworn law enforcement officers provide sig-
9	nificant services to the citizens of the United States
10	in its public areas, and are supplemented by private
11	security officers;
12	(5) the threat of additional terrorist attacks re-
13	quires cooperation between public and private sec-
14	tors and demands professional, reliable, and respon-
15	sible security officers for the protection of people, fa-
16	cilities, and institutions;
17	(6) the trend in the Nation toward growth in
18	such security services has accelerated rapidly;
19	(7) such growth makes available more public
20	sector law enforcement officers to combat serious
21	and violent crimes, including terrorism;
22	(8) the American public deserves the employ-
23	ment of qualified, well-trained private security per-
24	sonnel as an adjunct to sworn law enforcement offi-
25	cers; and

1	(9) private security officers and applicants for
2	private security officer positions should be thor-
3	oughly screened and trained.
4	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) Employee.—The term "employee" includes
6	both a current employee and an applicant for em-
7	ployment as a private security officer.
8	(2) Authorized employer.—The term "au-
9	thorized employer" means any person that—
10	(A) employs private security officers; and
11	(B) is authorized by regulations promul-
12	gated by the Attorney General to request a
13	criminal history record information search of an
14	employee through a State identification bureau
15	pursuant to this section.
16	(3) Private security officer.—The term
17	"private security officer"—
18	(A) means an individual other than an em-
19	ployee of a Federal, State, or local government,
20	whose primary duty is to perform security serv-
21	ices, full or part time, for consideration, wheth-
22	er armed or unarmed and in uniform or plain
23	clothes (except for services excluded from cov-
24	erage under this Act if the Attorney General

1	determines by regulation that such exclusion
2	would serve the public interest); but
3	(B) does not include—
4	(i) employees whose duties are pri-
5	marily internal audit or credit functions;
6	(ii) employees of electronic security
7	system companies acting as technicians or
8	monitors; or
9	(iii) employees whose duties primarily
10	involve the secure movement of prisoners.
11	(4) Security services.—The term "security
12	services" means acts to protect people or property as
13	defined by regulations promulgated by the Attorney
14	General.
15	(5) STATE IDENTIFICATION BUREAU.—The
16	term "State identification bureau" means the State
17	entity designated by the Attorney General for the
18	submission and receipt of criminal history record in-
19	formation.
20	(d) Criminal History Record Information
21	Search.—
22	(1) In general.—
23	(A) Submission of fingerprints.—An
24	authorized employer may submit to the State
25	identification bureau of a participating State,

1	fingerprints or other means of positive identi-
2	fication, as determined by the Attorney Gen-
3	eral, of an employee of such employer for pur-
4	poses of a criminal history record information
5	search pursuant to this Act.
6	(B) Employee rights.—
7	(i) Permission.—An authorized em-
8	ployer shall obtain written consent from an
9	employee to submit to the State identifica-
10	tion bureau of the participating State the
11	request to search the criminal history
12	record information of the employee under
13	this Act.
14	(ii) Access.—An authorized employer
15	shall provide to the employee confidential
16	access to any information relating to the
17	employee received by the authorized em-
18	ployer pursuant to this Act.
19	(C) Providing information to the
20	STATE IDENTIFICATION BUREAU.—Upon re-
21	ceipt of a request for a criminal history record
22	information search from an authorized employer
23	pursuant to this Act, submitted through the
24	State identification bureau of a participating
25	State, the Attorney General shall—

1	(i) search the appropriate records of
2	the Criminal Justice Information Services
3	Division of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
4	tigation; and
5	(ii) promptly provide any resulting
6	identification and criminal history record
7	information to the submitting State identi-
8	fication bureau requesting the information.
9	(D) USE OF INFORMATION.—
10	(i) IN GENERAL.—Upon receipt of the
11	criminal history record information from
12	the Attorney General by the State identi-
13	fication bureau, the information shall be
14	used only as provided in clause (ii).
15	(ii) Terms.—In the case of—
16	(I) a participating State that has
17	no State standards for qualification to
18	be a private security officer, the State
19	shall notify an authorized employer as
20	to the fact of whether an employee
21	has been—
22	(aa) convicted of a felony,
23	an offense involving dishonesty or
24	a false statement if the convic-
25	tion occurred during the previous

1	10 years, or an offense involving
2	the use or attempted use of phys-
3	ical force against the person of
4	another if the conviction occurred
5	during the previous 10 years; or
6	(bb) charged with a criminal
7	felony for which there has been
8	no resolution during the pre-
9	ceding 365 days; or
10	(II) a participating State that
11	has State standards for qualification
12	to be a private security officer, the
13	State shall use the information re-
14	ceived pursuant to this Act in apply-
15	ing the State standards and shall only
16	notify the employer of the results of
17	the application of the State standards.
18	(E) Frequency of requests.—An au-
19	thorized employer may request a criminal his-
20	tory record information search for an employee
21	only once every 12 months of continuous em-
22	ployment by that employee unless the author-
23	ized employer has good cause to submit addi-
24	tional requests.

1	(2) Regulations.—Not later than 180 days
2	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney
3	General shall issue such final or interim final regula-
4	tions as may be necessary to carry out this Act,
5	including—
6	(A) measures relating to the security, con-
7	fidentiality, accuracy, use, submission, dissemi-
8	nation, destruction of information and audits,
9	and record keeping;
10	(B) standards for qualification as an au-
11	thorized employer; and
12	(C) the imposition of reasonable fees nec-
13	essary for conducting the background checks.
14	(3) Criminal penalties for use of infor-
15	MATION.—Whoever knowingly and intentionally uses
16	any information obtained pursuant to this Act other
17	than for the purpose of determining the suitability
18	of an individual for employment as a private security
19	officer shall be fined under title 18, United States
20	Code, or imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or
21	both.
22	(4) User fees.—
23	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the
24	Federal Bureau of Investigation may—

1	(i) collect fees to process background
2	checks provided for by this Act; and
3	(ii) establish such fees at a level to in-
4	clude an additional amount to defray ex-
5	penses for the automation of fingerprint
6	identification and criminal justice informa-
7	tion services and associated costs.
8	(B) Limitations.—Any fee collected
9	under this subsection—
10	(i) shall, consistent with Public Law
11	101–515 and Public Law 104–99, be cred-
12	ited to the appropriation to be used for sal-
13	aries and other expenses incurred through
14	providing the services described in such
15	Public Laws and in subparagraph (A);
16	(ii) shall be available for expenditure
17	only to pay the costs of such activities and
18	services; and
19	(iii) shall remain available until ex-
20	pended.
21	(C) STATE COSTS.—Nothing in this Act
22	shall be construed as restricting the right of a
23	State to assess a reasonable fee on an author-
24	ized employer for the costs to the State of ad-
25	ministering this Act.

1	(5) State opt out.—A State may decline to
2	participate in the background check system author-
3	ized by this Act by enacting a law or issuing an
4	order by the Governor (if consistent with State law)
5	providing that the State is declining to participate
6	pursuant to this subsection.
7	SEC. 6403. CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECKS.
8	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall
10	report to the Judiciary Committee of the Senate and the
11	Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives re-
12	garding all statutory requirements for criminal history
13	record checks that are required to be conducted by the
14	Department of Justice or any of its components.
15	(b) Definitions.—As used in this section—
16	(1) the terms "criminal history information"
17	and "criminal history records" include—
18	(A) an identifying description of the indi-
19	vidual to whom the information or records per-
20	tain;
21	(B) notations of arrests, detentions, indict-
22	ments, or other formal criminal charges per-
23	taining to such individual; and

1	(C) any disposition to a notation described
2	in subparagraph (B), including acquittal, sen-
3	tencing, correctional supervision, or release; and
4	(2) the term "IAFIS" means the Integrated
5	Automated Fingerprint Identification System of the
6	Federal Bureau of Allocation, which serves as the
7	national depository for fingerprint, biometric, and
8	criminal history information, through which finger-
9	prints are processed electronically.
10	(c) Identification of Information.—The Attor-
11	ney General shall identify—
12	(1) the number of criminal history record
13	checks requested, including the type of information
14	requested;
15	(2) the usage of different terms and definitions
16	regarding criminal history information; and
17	(3) the variation in fees charged for such infor-
18	mation and who pays such fees.
19	(d) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Attorney General
20	shall make recommendations to Congress for improving,
21	standardizing, and consolidating the existing statutory au-
22	thorization, programs, and procedures for the conduct of
23	criminal history record checks for non-criminal justice
24	purposes. In making these recommendations to Congress,
25	the Attorney General shall consider—

1	(1) the effectiveness and efficiency of utilizing
2	commercially available databases as a supplement to
3	IAFIS criminal history information checks;
4	(2) any security concerns created by the exist-
5	ence of these commercially available databases con-
6	cerning their ability to provide sensitive information
7	that is not readily available about law enforcement
8	or intelligence officials, including their identity, resi-
9	dence, and financial status;
10	(3) the effectiveness of utilizing State data-
11	bases;
12	(4) any feasibility studies by the Department of
13	Justice of the resources and structure of the Federal
14	Bureau of Investigation to establish a system to pro-
15	vide criminal history information;
16	(5) privacy rights and other employee protec-
17	tions, including—
18	(A) employee consent;
19	(B) access to the records used if employ-
20	ment was denied;
21	(C) the disposition of the fingerprint sub-
22	missions after the records are searched;
23	(D) an appeal mechanism; and
24	(E) penalties for misuse of the informa-
25	tion:

1	(6) the scope and means of processing back-
2	ground checks for private employers utilizing data
3	maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation
4	that the Attorney General should be allowed to au-
5	thorize in cases where the authority for such checks
6	is not available at the State level;
7	(7) any restrictions that should be placed on
8	the ability of an employer to charge an employee or
9	prospective employee for the cost associated with the
10	background check;
11	(8) which requirements should apply to the
12	handling of incomplete records;
13	(9) the circumstances under which the criminal
14	history information should be disseminated to the
15	employer;
16	(10) the type of restrictions that should be pre-
17	scribed for the handling of criminal history informa-
18	tion by an employer;
19	(11) the range of Federal and State fees that
20	might apply to such background check requests;
21	(12) any requirements that should be imposed
22	concerning the time for responding to such back-
23	ground check requests;

1	(13) any infrastructure that may need to be de-
2	veloped to support the processing of such checks,
3	including—
4	(A) the means by which information is col-
5	lected and submitted in support of the checks;
6	and
7	(B) the system capacity needed to process
8	such checks at the Federal and State level;
9	(14) the role that States should play; and
10	(15) any other factors that the Attorney Gen-
11	eral determines to be relevant to the subject of the
12	report.
13	(e) Consultation.—In developing the report under
14	this section, the Attorney General shall consult with rep-
15	resentatives of State criminal history record repositories,
16	the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact
17	Council, appropriate representatives of private industry,
18	and representatives of labor, as determined appropriate by
19	the Attorney General.
20	Subtitle F—Grand Jury
21	Information Sharing
22	SEC. 6501. GRAND JURY INFORMATION SHARING.
23	(a) Rule Amendments.—Rule 6(e) of the Federal
24	Rules of Criminal Procedure is amended—
25	(1) in paragraph (3)—

1	(A) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by striking
2	"or state subdivision or of an Indian tribe" and
3	inserting ", state subdivision, Indian tribe, or
4	foreign government";
5	(B) in subparagraph (D)—
6	(i) by inserting after the first sentence
7	the following: "An attorney for the govern-
8	ment may also disclose any grand jury
9	matter involving, within the United States
10	or elsewhere, a threat of attack or other
11	grave hostile acts of a foreign power or its
12	agent, a threat of domestic or international
13	sabotage or terrorism, or clandestine intel-
14	ligence gathering activities by an intel-
15	ligence service or network of a foreign
16	power or by its agent, to any appropriate
17	Federal, State, State subdivision, Indian
18	tribal, or foreign government official, for
19	the purpose of preventing or responding to
20	such threat or activities."; and
21	(ii) in clause (i)—
22	(I) by striking "federal"; and
23	(II) by adding at the end the fol-
24	lowing: "Any State, State subdivision,
25	Indian tribal, or foreign government

1	official who receives information
2	under Rule $6(e)(3)(D)$ may use the
3	information only consistent with such
4	guidelines as the Attorney General
5	and the Director of National Intel-
6	ligence shall jointly issue."; and
7	(C) in subparagraph (E)—
8	(i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and
9	(iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively;
10	(ii) by inserting after clause (ii) the
11	following:
12	"(iii) at the request of the govern-
13	ment, when sought by a foreign court or
14	prosecutor for use in an official criminal
15	investigation;"; and
16	(iii) in clause (iv), as redesignated—
17	(I) by striking "state or Indian
18	tribal" and inserting "State, Indian
19	tribal, or foreign'; and
20	(II) by striking "or Indian tribal
21	official" and inserting "Indian tribal,
22	or foreign government official"; and
23	(2) in paragraph (7), by inserting ", or of
24	guidelines jointly issued by the Attorney General and

1	the	Director	of	National	Intelligence	pursuant	to
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- 2 Rule 6," after "Rule 6".
- 3 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 203(c) of
- 4 Public Law 107–56 (18 U.S.C. 2517 note) is amended
- 5 by striking "Rule 6(e)(3)(C)(i)(V) and (VI)" and inserting
- 6 "Rule 6(e)(3)(D)".

7 Subtitle G—Providing Material

8 Support to Terrorism

- 9 SEC. 6601. SHORT TITLE.
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Material Support
- 11 to Terrorism Prohibition Enhancement Act of 2004".
- 12 SEC. 6602. RECEIVING MILITARY-TYPE TRAINING FROM A
- 13 FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATION.
- 14 Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is
- 15 amended by adding after section 2339C the following new
- 16 section:
- 17 "§ 2339D. Receiving military-type training from a for-
- 18 eign terrorist organization
- 19 "(a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly receives mili-
- 20 tary-type training from or on behalf of any organization
- 21 designated at the time of the training by the Secretary
- 22 of State under section 219(a)(1) of the Immigration and
- 23 Nationality Act as a foreign terrorist organization shall
- 24 be fined under this title or imprisoned for ten years, or
- 25 both. To violate this subsection, a person must have

1	knowledge that the organization is a designated terrorist
2	organization (as defined in subsection (c)(4)), that the or-
3	ganization has engaged or engages in terrorist activity (as
4	defined in section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality
5	Act), or that the organization has engaged or engages in
6	terrorism (as defined in section 140(d)(2) of the Foreign
7	Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and
8	1989).
9	"(b) Extraterritorial Jurisdiction.—There is
10	extraterritorial Federal jurisdiction over an offense under
11	this section. There is jurisdiction over an offense under
12	subsection (a) if—
13	"(1) an offender is a national of the United
14	States (as defined in 101(a)(22) of the Immigration
15	and Nationality Act) or an alien lawfully admitted
16	for permanent residence in the United States (as de-
17	fined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and
18	Nationality Act);
19	"(2) an offender is a stateless person whose ha-
20	bitual residence is in the United States;
21	"(3) after the conduct required for the offense
22	occurs an offender is brought into or found in the
23	United States, even if the conduct required for the
24	offense occurs outside the United States;

1	"(4) the offense occurs in whole or in part with-
2	in the United States;
3	"(5) the offense occurs in or affects interstate
4	or foreign commerce; or
5	"(6) an offender aids or abets any person over
6	whom jurisdiction exists under this paragraph in
7	committing an offense under subsection (a) or con-
8	spires with any person over whom jurisdiction exists
9	under this paragraph to commit an offense under
10	subsection (a).
11	"(c) Definitions.—As used in this section—
12	"(1) the term 'military-type training' includes
13	training in means or methods that can cause death
14	or serious bodily injury, destroy or damage property
15	or disrupt services to critical infrastructure, or train-
16	ing on the use, storage, production, or assembly of
17	any explosive, firearm or other weapon, including
18	any weapon of mass destruction (as defined in sec-
19	tion $2232a(c)(2)$;
20	"(2) the term 'serious bodily injury' has the
21	meaning given that term in section 1365(h)(3);
22	"(3) the term 'critical infrastructure' means
23	systems and assets vital to national defense, national
24	security, economic security, public health or safety
25	including both regional and national infrastructure.

1	Critical infrastructure may be publicly or privately
2	owned; examples of critical infrastructure include
3	gas and oil production, storage, or delivery systems,
4	water supply systems, telecommunications networks,
5	electrical power generation or delivery systems, fi-
6	nancing and banking systems, emergency services
7	(including medical, police, fire, and rescue services),
8	and transportation systems and services (including
9	highways, mass transit, airlines, and airports); and
10	"(4) the term 'foreign terrorist organization'
11	means an organization designated as a terrorist or-
12	ganization under section 219(a)(1) of the Immigra-
	2.27
13	tion and Nationality Act.".
13 14	tion and Nationality Act.". SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATE-
	v
14	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATE-
14 15	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM.
14 15 16	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United
14 15 16 17	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
14 15 16 17	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in section 2332b(g)(5)(B)(i)—
114 115 116 117 118	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in section 2332b(g)(5)(B)(i)— (A) by inserting "1361 (relating to govern-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in section 2332b(g)(5)(B)(i)— (A) by inserting "1361 (relating to government property or contracts)," before "1362";
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in section 2332b(g)(5)(B)(i)— (A) by inserting "1361 (relating to government property or contracts)," before "1362"; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 6603. ADDITIONS TO OFFENSE OF PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in section 2332b(g)(5)(B)(i)— (A) by inserting "1361 (relating to government property or contracts)," before "1362"; and (B) by inserting "2156 (relating to na-

1	(A) by striking "or" before "section
2	46502"; and
3	(B) by inserting "or any offense listed in
4	section 2332b(g)(5)(B) (except for sections
5	2339A and 2339B)" after "section 60123(b) of
6	title 49,".
7	(b) Definitions.—Section 2339A(b) of title 18,
8	United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
9	"(b) Definitions.—As used in this section—
10	"(1) the term 'material support or resources'
11	means any property, tangible or intangible, or serv-
12	ice, including currency or monetary instruments or
13	financial securities, financial services, lodging, train-
14	ing, expert advice or assistance, safehouses, false
15	documentation or identification, communications
16	equipment, facilities, weapons, lethal substances, ex-
17	plosives, personnel (1 or more individuals who may
18	be or include oneself), and transportation, except
19	medicine or religious materials;
20	"(2) the term 'training' means instruction or
21	teaching designed to impart a specific skill, as op-
22	posed to general knowledge; and
23	"(3) the term 'expert advice or assistance'
24	means advice or assistance derived from scientific,
25	technical or other specialized knowledge.".

1	(c) Addition to Offense of Providing Mate-
2	RIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS.—Section
3	2339B(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended—
5	(1) by striking ", within the United States or
6	subject to the jurisdiction of the United States,";
7	and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following: "To vio-
9	late this paragraph, a person must have knowledge
10	that the organization is a designated terrorist orga-
11	nization (as defined in subsection (g)(6)), that the
12	organization has engaged or engages in terrorist ac-
13	tivity (as defined in section 212(a)(3)(B) of the Im-
14	migration and Nationality Act), or that the organi-
15	zation has engaged or engages in terrorism (as de-
16	fined in section $140(d)(2)$ of the Foreign Relations
17	Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989).".
18	(d) Federal Authority.—Section 2339B(d) of
19	title 18 is amended by striking "There" and inserting the
20	following:
21	"(1) In general.—There is jurisdiction over
22	an offense under subsection (a) if—
23	"(A) an offender is a national of the United
24	States (as defined in section 101(a)(22) of the Im-
25	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.

1	1101(a)(22)) or an alien lawfully admitted for per-
2	manent residence in the United States (as defined in
3	section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nation-
4	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20)));
5	"(B) an offender is a stateless person whose ha-
6	bitual residence is in the United States;
7	"(C) after the conduct required for the offense
8	occurs an offender is brought into or found in the
9	United States, even if the conduct required for the
10	offense occurs outside the United States;
11	"(D) the offense occurs in whole or in part
12	within the United States;
13	"(E) the offense occurs in or affects interstate
14	or foreign commerce; or
15	"(F) an offender aids or abets any person over
16	whom jurisdiction exists under this paragraph in
17	committing an offense under subsection (a) or con-
18	spires with any person over whom jurisdiction exists
19	under this paragraph to commit an offense under
20	subsection (a).".
21	"(2) Extraterritorial jurisdiction.—
22	There".
23	(e) Definition.—Section 2339B(g)(4) of title 18,
24	United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

1 "	(4)	the	term	'material	support	or	resources

- 2 has the same meaning given that term in section
- 3 2339A (including the definitions of 'training' and
- 4 'expert advice or assistance' in that section);".
- 5 (f) Additional Provisions.—Section 2339B of
- 6 title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- 7 end the following:
- 8 "(h) Provision of Personnel.—No person may be
- 9 prosecuted under this section in connection with the term
- 10 'personnel' unless that person has knowingly provided, at-
- 11 tempted to provide, or conspired to provide a foreign ter-
- 12 rorist organization with 1 or more individuals (who may
- 13 be or include himself) to work under that terrorist organi-
- 14 zation's direction or control or to organize, manage, super-
- 15 vise, or otherwise direct the operation of that organization.
- 16 Individuals who act entirely independently of the foreign
- 17 terrorist organization to advance its goals or objectives
- 18 shall not be considered to be working under the foreign
- 19 terrorist organization's direction and control.
- 20 "(i) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 21 tion shall be construed or applied so as to abridge the ex-
- 22 ercise of rights guaranteed under the First Amendment
- 23 to the Constitution of the United States.
- 24 "(j) Exception.—No person may be prosecuted
- 25 under this section in connection with the term 'personnel',

1	'training', or 'expert advice or assistance' if the provision
2	of that material support or resources to a foreign terrorist
3	organization was approved by the Secretary of State with
4	the concurrence of the Attorney General. The Secretary
5	of State may not approve the provision of any material
6	support that may be used to carry out terrorist activity
7	(as defined in section 212(a)(3)(B)(iii) of the Immigration
8	and Nationality Act).".
9	(g) Sunset Provision.—
10	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
11	graph (2), this section and the amendments made by
12	this section shall cease to be effective on December
13	31, 2006.
14	(2) Exception.—This section and the amend-
15	ments made by this section shall continue in effect
16	with respect to any particular offense that—
17	(A) is prohibited by this section or amend-
18	ments made by this section; and
19	(B) began or occurred before December
20	31, 2006.
21	SEC. 6604. FINANCING OF TERRORISM.
22	(a) Financing Terrorism.—Section 2339c(c)(2) of
23	title 18, United States Code, is amended—

1	(1) by striking ", resources, or funds" and in-
2	serting "or resources, or any funds or proceeds of
3	such funds";
4	(2) in subparagraph (A), by striking "were pro-
5	vided" and inserting "are to be provided, or knowing
6	that the support or resources were provided,"; and
7	(3) in subparagraph (B)—
8	(A) by striking "or any proceeds of such
9	funds"; and
10	(B) by striking "were provided or col-
11	lected" and inserting "are to be provided or col-
12	lected, or knowing that the funds were provided
13	or collected,".
14	(b) Definitions.—Section 2339c(e) of title 18,
15	United States Code, is amended—
16	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
17	(12);
18	(2) by redesignating paragraph (13) as para-
19	graph (14); and
20	(3) by inserting after paragraph (12) the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(13) the term 'material support or resources
23	has the same meaning given that term in section
24	2339B(g)(4) of this title: and".

1 Subtitle H—Stop Terrorist and

2 Military Hoaxes Act of 2004

- 3 SEC. 6701. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This subtitle may be cited as the "Stop Terrorist and
- 5 Military Hoaxes Act of 2004".
- 6 SEC. 6702. HOAXES AND RECOVERY COSTS.
- 7 (a) Prohibition on Hoaxes.—Chapter 47 of title
- 8 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after sec-
- 9 tion 1037 the following:
- 10 "§ 1038. False information and hoaxes
- 11 "(a) Criminal Violation.—
- 12 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever engages in any
- conduct with intent to convey false or misleading in-
- formation under circumstances where such informa-
- tion may reasonably be believed and where such in-
- 16 formation indicates that an activity has taken, is
- taking, or will take place that would constitute a vio-
- 18 lation of chapter 2, 10, 11B, 39, 40, 44, 111, or
- 19 113B of this title, section 236 of the Atomic Energy
- 20 Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284), or section 46502, the
- second sentence of section 46504, section 46505
- (b)(3) or (c), section 46506 if homicide or attempted
- homicide is involved, or section 60123(b) of title 49,
- shall—

1	"(A) be fined under this title or impris-
2	oned not more than 5 years, or both;
3	"(B) if serious bodily injury results, be
4	fined under this title or imprisoned not more
5	than 20 years, or both; and
6	"(C) if death results, be fined under this
7	title or imprisoned for any number of years up
8	to life, or both.
9	"(2) Armed forces.—Any person who makes
10	a false statement, with intent to convey false or mis-
11	leading information, about the death, injury, cap-
12	ture, or disappearance of a member of the Armed
13	Forces of the United States during a war or armed
14	conflict in which the United States is engaged—
15	"(A) shall be fined under this title, impris-
16	oned not more than 5 years, or both;
17	"(B) if serious bodily injury results, shall
18	be fined under this title, imprisoned not more
19	than 20 years, or both; and
20	"(C) if death results, shall be fined under
21	this title, imprisoned for any number of years
22	or for life, or both.
23	"(b) Civil Action.—Whoever engages in any con-
24	duct with intent to convey false or misleading information
25	under circumstances where such information may reason-

- 1 ably be believed and where such information indicates that
- 2 an activity has taken, is taking, or will take place that
- 3 would constitute a violation of chapter 2, 10, 11B, 39,
- 4 40, 44, 111, or 113B of this title, section 236 of the Atom-
- 5 ic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284), or section
- 6 46502, the second sentence of section 46504, section
- 7 46505 (b)(3) or (c), section 46506 if homicide or at-
- 8 tempted homicide is involved, or section 60123(b) of title
- 9 49 is liable in a civil action to any party incurring expenses
- 10 incident to any emergency or investigative response to that
- 11 conduct, for those expenses.
- 12 "(c) Reimbursement.—
- 13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The court, in imposing a
- sentence on a defendant who has been convicted of
- an offense under subsection (a), shall order the de-
- fendant to reimburse any state or local government,
- or private not-for-profit organization that provides
- fire or rescue service incurring expenses incident to
- any emergency or investigative response to that con-
- duct, for those expenses.
- 21 "(2) Liability.—A person ordered to make re-
- imbursement under this subsection shall be jointly
- and severally liable for such expenses with each
- other person, if any, who is ordered to make reim-

1	bursement	under	this	subsection	for	the	same	ex-
2	penses.							

- 3 "(3) CIVIL JUDGMENT.—An order of reim-
- 4 bursement under this subsection shall, for the pur-
- 5 poses of enforcement, be treated as a civil judgment.
- 6 "(d) ACTIVITIES OF LAW ENFORCEMENT.—This sec-
- 7 tion does not prohibit any lawfully authorized investiga-
- 8 tive, protective, or intelligence activity of a law enforce-
- 9 ment agency of the United States, a State, or political sub-
- 10 division of a State, or of an intelligence agency of the
- 11 United States.".
- 12 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 13 as the beginning of chapter 47 of title 18, United States
- 14 Code, is amended by adding after the item for section
- 15 1037 the following:

"1038. False information and hoaxes.".

16 SEC. 6703. OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND FALSE STATE-

- 17 MENTS IN TERRORISM CASES.
- 18 (a) Enhanced Penalty.—Section 1001(a) and the
- 19 third undesignated paragraph of section 1505 of title 18,
- 20 United States Code, are amended by striking "be fined
- 21 under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or
- 22 both" and inserting "be fined under this title, imprisoned
- 23 not more than 5 years or, if the offense involves inter-
- 24 national or domestic terrorism (as defined in section
- 25 2331), imprisoned not more than 8 years, or both".

- 1 (b) SENTENCING GUIDELINES.—Not later than 30
- 2 days of the enactment of this section, the United States
- 3 Sentencing Commission shall amend the Sentencing
- 4 Guidelines to provide for an increased offense level for an
- 5 offense under sections 1001(a) and 1505 of title 18,
- 6 United States Code, if the offense involves international
- 7 or domestic terrorism, as defined in section 2331 of such
- 8 title.

9 SEC. 6704. CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION.

- 10 Section 1958 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 11 amended—
- 12 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "facility in"
- and inserting "facility of"; and
- 14 (2) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting "or for-
- eign" after "interstate".

16 Subtitle I—Weapons of Mass De-

17 struction Prohibition Improve-

18 **ment Act of 2004**

- 19 **SEC. 6801. SHORT TITLE.**
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Weapons of Mass
- 21 Destruction Prohibition Improvement Act of 2004".
- 22 SEC. 6802. WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION.
- 23 (a) Expansion of Jurisdictional Bases and
- 24 Scope.—Section 2332a of title 18, United States Code,
- 25 is amended—

1	(1) so that paragraph (2) of subsection (a)
2	reads as follows:
3	"(2) against any person or property within the
4	United States, and
5	"(A) the mail or any facility of interstate
6	or foreign commerce is used in furtherance of
7	the offense;
8	"(B) such property is used in interstate or
9	foreign commerce or in an activity that affects
10	interstate or foreign commerce;
11	"(C) any perpetrator travels in or causes
12	another to travel in interstate or foreign com-
13	merce in furtherance of the offense; or
14	"(D) the offense, or the results of the of-
15	fense, affect interstate or foreign commerce, or,
16	in the case of a threat, attempt, or conspiracy,
17	would have affected interstate or foreign com-
18	merce;'';
19	(2) in paragraph (3) of subsection (a), by strik-
20	ing the comma at the end and inserting "; or";
21	(3) in subsection (a), by adding the following at
22	the end:
23	"(4) against any property within the United
24	States that is owned, leased, or used by a foreign
25	government,";

1	(4) at the end of subsection (c)(1), by striking
2	"and";
3	(5) in subsection (c)(2), by striking the period
4	at the end and inserting "; and; and
5	(6) in subsection (c), by adding at the end the
6	following:
7	"(3) the term 'property' includes all real and
8	personal property.".
9	(b) RESTORATION OF THE COVERAGE OF CHEMICAL
10	Weapons.—Section 2332a of title 18, United States
11	Code, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended—
12	(1) in the section heading, by striking "cer-
13	tain";
14	(2) in subsection (a), by striking "(other than
15	a chemical weapon as that term is defined in section
16	229F)"; and
17	(3) in subsection (b), by striking "(other than
18	a chemical weapon (as that term is defined in sec-
19	tion 229F))".
20	(c) Expansion of Categories of Restricted
21	Persons Subject to Prohibitions Relating to Se-
22	LECT AGENTS.—Section 175b(d)(2) of title 18, United
23	States Code, is amended—
24	(1) in subparagraph (G) by—
25	(A) inserting "(i)" after "(G)";

1	(B) inserting ", or (ii) acts for or on behalf
2	of, or operates subject to the direction or con-
3	trol of, a government or official of a country de-
4	scribed in this subparagraph" after "ter-
5	rorism"; and
6	(C) striking "or" after the semicolon.
7	(2) in subparagraph (H) by striking the period
8	and inserting "; or"; and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
10	paragraph:
11	"(I) is a member of, acts for or on behalf
12	of, or operates subject to the direction or con-
13	trol of, a terrorist organization as defined in
14	section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi) of the Immigration and
15	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(vi)).".
16	(d) Conforming Amendment to Regulations.—
17	(1) Section 175b(a)(1) of title 18, United
18	States Code, is amended by striking "as a select
19	agent in Appendix A" and all that follows and in-
20	serting the following: "as a non-overlap or overlap
21	select biological agent or toxin in sections 73.4 and
22	73.5 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursu-
23	ant to section 351A of the Public Health Service
24	Act, and is not excluded under sections 73.4 and

1	73.5 or exempted under section 73.6 of title 42,
2	Code of Federal Regulations.".
3	(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1)
4	shall take effect at the same time that sections 73.4,
5	73.5, and 73.6 of title 42, Code of Federal Regula-
6	tions, become effective.
7	(e) Enhancing Prosecution of Weapons of
8	Mass Destruction Offenses.—Section 1961(1)(B) of
9	title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
10	end the following: "sections 175–178 (relating to biologi-
11	cal weapons), sections 229–229F (relating to chemical
12	weapons), section 831 (relating to nuclear materials),".
1 4	
13	SEC. 6803. PARTICIPATION IN NUCLEAR AND WEAPONS OF
13	SEC. 6803. PARTICIPATION IN NUCLEAR AND WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE
13 14	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE
13 14 15 16	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE UNITED STATES.
13 14 15 16 17	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) Section 57(b) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954
13 14 15 16 17	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) Section 57(b) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2077(b)) is amended by striking "in the pro-
13 14 15 16 17	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) Section 57(b) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2077(b)) is amended by striking "in the production of any special nuclear material" and inserting "or
13 14 15 16 17 18	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) Section 57(b) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2077(b)) is amended by striking "in the production of any special nuclear material" and inserting "or participate in the development or production of any special
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) Section 57(b) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2077(b)) is amended by striking "in the production of any special nuclear material" and inserting "or participate in the development or production of any special nuclear material".
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MASS DESTRUCTION THREATS TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) Section 57(b) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2077(b)) is amended by striking "in the production of any special nuclear material" and inserting "or participate in the development or production of any special nuclear material". (b) Section 92 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42)

1	(2) by inserting "participate in the development
2	of," after "interstate or foreign commerce,".
3	(c) Title 18, United States Code, is amended—
4	(1) in the table of sections at the beginning of
5	chapter 39, by inserting after the item relating to
6	section 831 the following:
	"832. Participation in nuclear and weapons of mass destruction threats to the United States.";
7	(2) by inserting after section 831 the following:
8	" \S 832. Participation in nuclear and weapons of mass
9	destruction threats to the United States
10	"(a) Whoever, within the United States or subject to
11	the jurisdiction of the United States, willfully participates
12	in or knowingly provides material support or resources (as
13	defined in section 2339A) to a nuclear weapons program
14	or other weapons of mass destruction program of a foreign
15	terrorist power, or attempts or conspires to do so, shall
16	be imprisoned for not more than 20 years.
17	"(b) There is extraterritorial Federal jurisdiction
18	over an offense under this section.
19	"(c) Whoever without lawful authority develops, pos-
20	sesses, or attempts or conspires to develop or possess a
21	radiological weapon, or threatens to use or uses a radio-
22	logical weapon against any person within the United
23	States, or a national of the United States while such na-
24	tional is outside of the United States or against any pron-

1	erty that is owned, leased, funded, or used by the United
2	States, whether that property is within or outside of the
3	United States, shall be imprisoned for any term of years
4	or for life.
5	"(d) As used in this section—
6	"(1) 'nuclear weapons program' means a pro-
7	gram or plan for the development, acquisition, or
8	production of any nuclear weapon or weapons;
9	"(2) 'weapons of mass destruction program'
10	means a program or plan for the development, ac-
11	quisition, or production of any weapon or weapons
12	of mass destruction (as defined in section 2332a(c));
13	"(3) 'foreign terrorist power' means a terrorist
14	organization designated under section 219 of the
15	Immigration and Nationality Act, or a state sponsor
16	of terrorism designated under section 6(j) of the Ex-
17	port Administration Act of 1979 or section 620A of
18	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; and
19	"(4) 'nuclear weapon' means any weapon that
20	contains or uses nuclear material as defined in sec-
21	tion 831(f)(1)."; and
22	(3) in section $2332b(g)(5)(B)(i)$, by inserting
23	after "nuclear materials)," the following: "832 (re-
24	lating to participation in nuclear and weapons of
25	mass destruction threats to the United States)".

Subtitle J—Prevention of Terrorist

2 Access to Destructive Weapons

3 **Act of 2004**

4	SEC	6901	SHORT	TITLE
4	DEU.	0901.	SHULL	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

- 5 This subtitle may be cited as the "Prevention of Ter-
- 6 rorist Access to Destructive Weapons Act of 2004".

7 SEC. 6902. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- 8 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 9 ings:
- 10 (1) The criminal use of man-portable air de-
- 11 fense systems (referred to in this section as
- 12 "MANPADS") presents a serious threat to civil
- aviation worldwide, especially in the hands of terror-
- ists or foreign states that harbor them.
- 15 (2) Atomic weapons or weapons designed to re-
- lease radiation (commonly known as "dirty bombs")
- 17 could be used by terrorists to inflict enormous loss
- of life and damage to property and the environment.
- 19 (3) Variola virus is the causative agent of
- smallpox, an extremely serious, contagious, and
- sometimes fatal disease. Variola virus is classified as
- a Category A agent by the Centers for Disease Con-
- 23 trol and Prevention, meaning that it is believed to
- pose the greatest potential threat for adverse public
- health impact and has a moderate to high potential

for large-scale dissemination. The last case of small-pox in the United States was in 1949. The last nat-urally occurring case in the world was in Somalia in 1977. Although smallpox has been officially eradi-cated after a successful worldwide vaccination pro-gram, there remain two official repositories of the variola virus for research purposes. Because it is so dangerous, the variola virus may appeal to terror-ists.

(4) The use, or even the threatened use, of MANPADS, atomic or radiological weapons, or the variola virus, against the United States, its allies, or its people, poses a grave risk to the security, foreign policy, economy, and environment of the United States. Accordingly, the United States has a compelling national security interest in preventing unlawful activities that lead to the proliferation or spread of such items, including their unauthorized production, construction, acquisition, transfer, possession, import, or export. All of these activities markedly increase the chances that such items will be obtained by terrorist organizations or rogue states, which could use them to attack the United States, its allies, or United States nationals or corporations.

1	(5) There is no legitimate reason for a private
2	individual or company, absent explicit government
3	authorization, to produce, construct, otherwise ac-
4	quire, transfer, receive, possess, import, export, or
5	use MANPADS, atomic or radiological weapons, or
6	the variola virus.
7	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this subtitle is to
8	combat the potential use of weapons that have the ability
9	to cause widespread harm to United States persons and
10	the United States economy (and that have no legitimate
11	private use) and to threaten or harm the national security
12	or foreign relations of the United States.
13	SEC. 6903. MISSILE SYSTEMS DESIGNED TO DESTROY AIR-
13 14	SEC. 6903. MISSILE SYSTEMS DESIGNED TO DESTROY AIR- CRAFT.
14	CRAFT.
14 15	CRAFT. Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is
14151617	CRAFT. Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 2332f the following:
14151617	CRAFT. Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 2332f the following: "§ 2332g. Missile systems designed to destroy aircraft."
14 15 16 17 18	CRAFT. Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 2332f the following: "§ 2332g. Missile systems designed to destroy aircraft "(a) UNLAWFUL CONDUCT.—
141516171819	CRAFT. Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 2332f the following: "§ 2332g. Missile systems designed to destroy aircraft "(a) Unlawful Conduct.— "(1) In General.—Except as provided in para-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	CRAFT. Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 2332f the following: "§ 2332g. Missile systems designed to destroy aircraft "(a) Unlawful Conduct.— "(1) In General.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), it shall be unlawful for any person to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CRAFT. Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 2332f the following: "§ 2332g. Missile systems designed to destroy aircraft "(a) Unlawful Conduct.— "(1) In General.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), it shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly produce, construct, otherwise acquire,

1	"(A) an explosive or incendiary rocket or
2	missile that is guided by any system designed to
3	enable the rocket or missile to—
4	"(i) seek or proceed toward energy ra-
5	diated or reflected from an aircraft or to-
6	ward an image locating an aircraft; or
7	"(ii) otherwise direct or guide the
8	rocket or missile to an aircraft;
9	"(B) any device designed or intended to
10	launch or guide a rocket or missile described in
11	subparagraph (A); or
12	"(C) any part or combination of parts de-
13	signed or redesigned for use in assembling or
14	fabricating a rocket, missile, or device described
15	in subparagraph (A) or (B).
16	"(2) Nonweapon.—Paragraph (1)(A) does not
17	apply to any device that is neither designed nor re-
18	designed for use as a weapon.
19	"(3) Excluded conduct.—This subsection
20	does not apply with respect to—
21	"(A) conduct by or under the authority of
22	the United States or any department or agency
23	thereof or of a State or any department or
24	agency thereof; or

1	"(B) conduct pursuant to the terms of a
2	contract with the United States or any depart-
3	ment or agency thereof or with a State or any
4	department or agency thereof.
5	"(b) Jurisdiction.—Conduct prohibited by sub-
6	section (a) is within the jurisdiction of the United States
7	if—
8	"(1) the offense occurs in or affects interstate
9	or foreign commerce;
10	"(2) the offense occurs outside of the United
11	States and is committed by a national of the United
12	States;
13	"(3) the offense is committed against a national
14	of the United States while the national is outside the
15	United States;
16	"(4) the offense is committed against any prop-
17	erty that is owned, leased, or used by the United
18	States or by any department or agency of the United
19	States, whether the property is within or outside the
20	United States; or
21	"(5) an offender aids or abets any person over
22	whom jurisdiction exists under this subsection in
23	committing an offense under this section or con-
24	spires with any person over whom jurisdiction exists

1	under this subsection to commit an offense under
2	this section.
3	"(c) Criminal Penalties.—
4	"(1) In general.—Any person who violates, or
5	attempts or conspires to violate, subsection (a) shall
6	be fined not more than \$2,000,000 and shall be sen-
7	tenced to a term of imprisonment not less than 25
8	years or to imprisonment for life.
9	"(2) OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES.—Any person
10	who, in the course of a violation of subsection (a),
11	uses, attempts or conspires to use, or possesses and
12	threatens to use, any item or items described in sub-
13	section (a), shall be fined not more than \$2,000,000
14	and imprisoned for not less than 30 years or impris-
15	oned for life.
16	"(3) Special circumstances.—If the death
17	of another results from a person's violation of sub-
18	section (a), the person shall be fined not more than
19	\$2,000,000 and punished by imprisonment for life.
20	"(d) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term
21	'aircraft' has the definition set forth in section
22	40102(a)(6) of title 49, United States Code.".
23	SEC. 6904. ATOMIC WEAPONS.
24	(a) Prohibitions.—Section 92 of the Atomic En-
25	ergy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2122) is amended—

1	(1) by inserting at the beginning "a." before
2	"It";
3	(2) by inserting "knowingly" after "for any per-
4	son to";
5	(3) by striking "or" before "export";
6	(4) by striking "transfer or receive in interstate
7	or foreign commerce," before "manufacture";
8	(5) by inserting "receive," after "acquire,";
9	(6) by inserting ", or use, or possess and
10	threaten to use," before "any atomic weapon"; and
11	(7) by inserting at the end the following:
12	"b. Conduct prohibited by subsection a. is within the
13	jurisdiction of the United States if—
14	"(1) the offense occurs in or affects interstate
15	or foreign commerce; the offense occurs outside of
16	the United States and is committed by a national of
17	the United States;
18	"(2) the offense is committed against a national
19	of the United States while the national is outside the
20	United States;
21	"(3) the offense is committed against any prop-
22	erty that is owned, leased, or used by the United
23	States or by any department or agency of the United
24	States, whether the property is within or outside the
25	United States: or

1	"(4) an offender aids or abets any person over
2	whom jurisdiction exists under this subsection in
3	committing an offense under this section or con-
4	spires with any person over whom jurisdiction exists
5	under this subsection to commit an offense under
6	this section.".
7	(b) Violations.—Section 222 of the Atomic Energy
8	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2272) is amended by—
9	(1) inserting at the beginning "a." before
10	"Whoever";
11	(2) striking ", 92,"; and
12	(3) inserting at the end the following:
13	"b. Any person who violates, or attempts or conspires
14	to violate, section 92 shall be fined not more than
15	\$2,000,000 and sentenced to a term of imprisonment not
16	less than 25 years or to imprisonment for life. Any person
17	who, in the course of a violation of section 92, uses, at-
18	tempts or conspires to use, or possesses and threatens to
19	use, any atomic weapon shall be fined not more than
20	\$2,000,000 and imprisoned for not less than 30 years or
21	imprisoned for life. If the death of another results from
22	a person's violation of section 92, the person shall be fined
23	not more than $$2,000,000$ and punished by imprisonment
24	for life.".

1	SEC. 6905. RADIOLOGICAL DISPERSAL DEVICES.
2	Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended by adding after section 2332g the following:
4	"§ 2332h. Radiological dispersal devices
5	"(a) Unlawful Conduct.—
6	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
7	graph (2), it shall be unlawful for any person to
8	knowingly produce, construct, otherwise acquire,
9	transfer directly or indirectly, receive, possess, im-
10	port, export, or use, or possess and threaten to
11	use—
12	"(A) any weapon that is designed or in-
13	tended to release radiation or radioactivity at a
14	level dangerous to human life; or
15	"(B) or any device or other object that is
16	capable of and designed or intended to endan-
17	ger human life through the release of radiation
18	or radioactivity.
19	"(2) Exception.—This subsection does not
20	apply with respect to—
21	"(A) conduct by or under the authority of
22	the United States or any department or agency
23	thereof; or
24	"(B) conduct pursuant to the terms of a
25	contract with the United States or any depart-
26	ment or agency thereof.

1	"(b) Jurisdiction.—Conduct prohibited by sub-
2	section (a) is within the jurisdiction of the United States
3	if—
4	"(1) the offense occurs in or affects interstate
5	or foreign commerce;
6	"(2) the offense occurs outside of the United
7	States and is committed by a national of the United
8	States;
9	"(3) the offense is committed against a national
10	of the United States while the national is outside the
11	United States;
12	"(4) the offense is committed against any prop-
13	erty that is owned, leased, or used by the United
14	States or by any department or agency of the United
15	States, whether the property is within or outside the
16	United States; or
17	"(5) an offender aids or abets any person over
18	whom jurisdiction exists under this subsection in
19	committing an offense under this section or con-
20	spires with any person over whom jurisdiction exists
21	under this subsection to commit an offense under
22	this section.
23	"(c) Criminal Penalties.—
24	"(1) In general.—Any person who violates, or
25	attempts or conspires to violate, subsection (a) shall

1	be fined not more than \$2,000,000 and shall sen-
2	tenced to a term of imprisonment not less than 25
3	years or to imprisonment for life.
4	"(2) OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES.—Any person
5	who, in the course of a violation of subsection (a),
6	uses, attempts or conspires to use, or possesses and
7	threatens to use, any item or items described in sub-
8	section (a), shall be fined not more than \$2,000,000
9	and imprisoned for not less than 30 years or impris-
10	oned for life.
11	"(3) Special circumstances.—If the death
12	of another results from a person's violation of sub-
13	section (a), the person shall be fined not more than
14	\$2,000,000 and punished by imprisonment for life.".
15	SEC. 6906. VARIOLA VIRUS.
16	Chapter 10 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
17	ed by inserting after section 175b the following:
18	"§ 175c. Variola virus
19	"(a) Unlawful Conduct.—
20	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
21	graph (2), it shall be unlawful for any person to
22	knowingly produce, engineer, synthesize, acquire,
23	transfer directly or indirectly, receive, possess, im-
24	port, export, or use, or possess and threaten to use,
25	variola virus.

1	"(2) Exception.—This subsection does not
2	apply to conduct by, or under the authority of, the
3	Secretary of Health and Human Services.
4	"(b) Jurisdiction.—Conduct prohibited by sub-
5	section (a) is within the jurisdiction of the United States
6	if—
7	"(1) the offense occurs in or affects interstate
8	or foreign commerce;
9	"(2) the offense occurs outside of the United
10	States and is committed by a national of the United
11	States;
12	"(3) the offense is committed against a national
13	of the United States while the national is outside the
14	United States;
15	"(4) the offense is committed against any prop-
16	erty that is owned, leased, or used by the United
17	States or by any department or agency of the United
18	States, whether the property is within or outside the
19	United States; or
20	"(5) an offender aids or abets any person over
21	whom jurisdiction exists under this subsection in
22	committing an offense under this section or con-
23	spires with any person over whom jurisdiction exists
24	under this subsection to commit an offense under
25	this section.

1	"(c) Criminal Penalties.—
2	"(1) In general.—Any person who violates, or
3	attempts or conspires to violate, subsection (a) shall
4	be fined not more than \$2,000,000 and shall be sen-
5	tenced to a term of imprisonment not less than 25
6	years or to imprisonment for life.
7	"(2) OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES.—Any person
8	who, in the course of a violation of subsection (a),
9	uses, attempts or conspires to use, or possesses and
10	threatens to use, any item or items described in sub-
11	section (a), shall be fined not more than \$2,000,000
12	and imprisoned for not less than 30 years or impris-
13	oned for life.
14	"(3) Special circumstances.—If the death
15	of another results from a person's violation of sub-
16	section (a), the person shall be fined not more than
17	\$2,000,000 and punished by imprisonment for life.
18	"(d) Definition.—As used in this section, the term
19	'variola virus' means a virus that can cause human small-
20	pox or any derivative of the variola major virus that con-
21	tains more than 85 percent of the gene sequence of the
22	variola major virus or the variola minor virus.".
23	SEC. 6907. INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS.
24	Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (a), by inserting "2122 and"
2	after "sections";
3	(2) in paragraph (c), by inserting "section 175c
4	(relating to variola virus)," after "section 175 (relat-
5	ing to biological weapons),"; and
6	(3) in paragraph (q), by inserting "2332g,
7	2332h," after "2332f,".
8	SEC. 6908. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 2332b(g)(5)(B) OF
9	TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.
10	Section 2332b(g)(5)(B) of title 18, United States
11	Code, is amended—
12	(1) in clause (i)—
13	(A) by inserting before "2339 (relating to
14	harboring terrorists)" the following: "2332g
15	(relating to missile systems designed to destroy
16	aircraft), 2332h (relating to radiological dis-
17	persal devices),"; and
18	(B) by inserting "175c (relating to variola
19	virus)," after "175 or 175b (relating to biologi-
20	cal weapons),"; and
21	(2) in clause (ii)—
22	(A) by striking "section" and inserting
23	"sections 92 (relating to prohibitions governing
24	atomic weapons) or"; and
25	(B) by inserting "2122 or" before "2284".

1	SEC. 6909. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 1956(c)(7)(D) OF TITLE
2	18, UNITED STATES CODE.
3	Section 1956(c)(7)(D), title 18, United States Code,
4	is amended—
5	(1) by inserting after "section 152 (relating to
6	concealment of assets; false oaths and claims; brib-
7	ery)," the following: "section 175c (relating to the
8	variola virus),";
9	(2) by inserting after "section 2332(b) (relating
10	to international terrorist acts transcending national
11	boundaries)," the following: "section 2332g (relating
12	to missile systems designed to destroy aircraft), sec-
13	tion 2332h (relating to radiological dispersal de-
14	vices),"; and
15	(3) striking "or" after "any felony violation of
16	the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938," and
17	after "any felony violation of the Foreign Corrupt
18	Practices Act", striking ";" and inserting ", or sec-
19	tion 92 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
20	U.S.C. 2122) (relating to prohibitions governing
21	atomic weapons)".
22	SEC. 6910. EXPORT LICENSING PROCESS.
23	Section 38(g)(1)(A) of the Arms Export Control Act
24	(22 U.S.C. 2778) is amended—
25	(1) by striking "or" before "(xi)"; and

1	(2) by inserting after clause (xi) the following:
2	"or (xii) section 3, 4, 5, and 6 of the Prevention of
3	Terrorist Access to Destructive Weapons Act of
4	2004, relating to missile systems designed to destroy
5	aircraft (18 U.S.C. 2332g), prohibitions governing
6	atomic weapons (42 U.S.C. 2122), radiological dis-
7	persal devices (18 U.S.C. 2332h), and variola virus
8	(18 U.S.C. 175b);".
9	SEC. 6911. CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.
10	(a) Chapter 113B.—The table of sections for chap-
11	ter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
12	inserting the following after the item for section 2332f:

- "2332g. Missile systems designed to destroy aircraft.
- "2332h. Radiological dispersal devices.".
- 13 (b) Chapter 10.—The table of sections for chapter
- 14 10 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
- 15 the following item after the item for section 175b: "175c. Variola virus.".

16 Subtitle K—Pretrial Detention of

17 **Terrorists**

- 18 **SEC. 6951. SHORT TITLE.**
- 19 This subtitle may be cited as the "Pretrial Detention
- 20 of Terrorists Act of 2004".

1	SEC. 6952. PRESUMPTION FOR PRETRIAL DETENTION IN
2	CASES INVOLVING TERRORISM.
3	Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended—
5	(1) in subsection (e)—
6	(A) by inserting "or" before "the Mari-
7	time"; and
8	(B) by inserting "or an offense listed in
9	section 2332b(g)(5)(B) of title 18, United
10	States Code, for which a maximum term of im-
11	prisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed"
12	after "or 2332b of this title,"; and
13	(2) in subsections $(f)(1)(A)$ and $(g)(1)$, by in-
14	serting ", or an offense listed in section
15	2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of im-
16	prisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed" after
17	"violence" each place such term appears.
18	TITLE VII—IMPLEMENTATION
19	OF 9/11 COMMISSION REC-
20	OMMENDATIONS
21	SEC. 7001. SHORT TITLE.
22	This title may be cited as the "9/11 Commission Im-
23	plementation Act of 2004".

A—Diplomacy, Subtitle Foreign Aid, and the Military in the War 2 on Terrorism 3 SEC. 7101. FINDINGS. 4 5 Consistent with the report of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States, Con-6 7 gress makes the following findings: 8 (1) Long-term success in the war on terrorism 9 demands the use of all elements of national power, 10 including diplomacy, military action, intelligence, 11 covert action, law enforcement, economic policy, for-12 eign aid, public diplomacy, and homeland defense. 13 (2) To win the war on terrorism, the United 14 States must assign to economic and diplomatic capa-15 bilities the same strategic priority that is assigned to 16 military capabilities. 17 (3) The legislative and executive branches of 18 the Government of the United States must commit 19 to robust, long-term investments in all of the tools 20 necessary for the foreign policy of the United States

23 (4) The investments referred to in paragraph 24 (3) will require increased funding to United States

to successfully accomplish the goals of the United

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States.

1	foreign affairs programs in general, and to priority
2	areas as described in this title in particular.
3	SEC. 7102. TERRORIST SANCTUARIES.
4	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
5	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
6	States, Congress makes the following findings:
7	(1) Complex terrorist operations require loca-
8	tions that provide such operations sanctuary from
9	interference by Government or law enforcement per-
10	sonnel.
11	(2) A terrorist sanctuary existed in Afghanistan
12	before September 11, 2001.
13	(3) The terrorist sanctuary in Afghanistan pro-
14	vided direct and indirect value to members of al
15	Qaeda who participated in the terrorist attacks on
16	the United States on September 11, 2001, and in
17	other terrorist operations.
18	(4) Terrorist organizations have fled to some of
19	the least governed and most lawless places in the
20	world to find sanctuary.
21	(5) During the 21st century, terrorists are
22	often focusing on remote regions and failing states
23	as locations to seek sanctuary.

1	(b) Sense of Congress on United States Pol-
2	ICY ON TERRORIST SANCTUARIES.—It is the sense of Con-
3	gress that it should be the policy of the United States—
4	(1) to identify foreign countries that are being
5	used as terrorist sanctuaries;
6	(2) to assess current United States resources
7	and tools being used to assist foreign governments
8	to eliminate such sanctuaries;
9	(3) to develop and implement a coordinated
10	strategy to prevent terrorists from using such for-
11	eign countries as sanctuaries; and
12	(4) to work in bilateral and multilateral for to
13	elicit the cooperation needed to identify and address
14	terrorist sanctuaries that may exist today, but, so
15	far, remain unknown to governments.
16	(c) Amendments to Existing Law To Include
17	TERRORIST SANCTUARIES.—
18	(1) In general.—Section 6(j) of the Export
19	Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App.
20	2405(j)) is amended—
21	(A) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
22	paragraph (6); and
23	(B) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
24	following:

1	"(5)(A) As used in paragraph (1), the term 're-
2	peatedly provided support for acts of international
3	terrorism' shall include the recurring use of any part
4	of the territory of the country as a sanctuary for ter-
5	rorists or terrorist organizations.
6	"(B) In this paragraph—
7	"(i) the term 'territory of a country' means
8	the land, waters, and airspace of the country;
9	and
10	"(ii) the term 'sanctuary' means an area in
11	the territory of a country—
12	"(I) that is used by a terrorist or ter-
13	rorist organization—
14	"(aa) to carry out terrorist activi-
15	ties, including training, financing, and
16	recruitment; or
17	"(bb) as a transit point; and
18	"(II) the government of which ex-
19	pressly consents to, or with knowledge, al-
20	lows, tolerates, or disregards such use of
21	its territory.".
22	(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
23	subsection or the amendments made by this sub-
24	section shall be construed as affecting any deter-
25	mination made by the Secretary of State pursuant

1	to section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of
2	1979 with respect to a country prior to the date of
3	enactment of this Act.
4	(3) Implementation.—The President shall
5	implement the amendments made by paragraph (1)
6	by exercising the authorities of the President under
7	the International Emergency Economic Powers Act
8	(50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).
9	(d) Amendments to Global Patterns of Ter-
10	RORISM REPORT.—
11	(1) In general.—Section 140(a)(1) of the
12	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years
13	1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. $2656f(a)(1)$) is
14	amended—
15	(A) by striking "(1)" and inserting
16	"(1)(A)";
17	(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (A)
18	through (C) as clauses (i) through (iii), respec-
19	tively;
20	(C) in subparagraph (A)(iii) (as redesig-
21	nated), by adding "and" at the end; and
22	(D) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(B) detailed assessments with respect to
24	each foreign country whose territory is being

1	used as a sanctuary for terrorists or terrorist
2	organizations;".
3	(2) Contents.—Section 140(b) of such Act
4	(22 U.S.C. 2656f(b)) is amended—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)—
6	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
7	graph (A), by striking "subsection (a)(1)"
8	and inserting "subsection (a)(1)(A)"; and
9	(ii) by striking "and" at the end;
10	(B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
11	paragraph (3);
12	(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
13	following:
14	"(2) with respect to subsection (a)(1)(B)—
15	"(A) the extent of knowledge by the gov-
16	ernment of the country with respect to terrorist
17	activities in the territory of the country; and
18	"(B) the actions by the country—
19	"(i) to eliminate each terrorist sanc-
20	tuary in the territory of the country;
21	"(ii) to cooperate with United States
22	antiterrorism efforts; and
23	"(iii) to prevent the proliferation of
24	and trafficking in weapons of mass de-

1	struction in and through the territory of
2	the country;";
3	(D) in paragraph (3), as redesignated, by
4	striking the period at the end and inserting a
5	semicolon; and
6	(E) by inserting after paragraph (3) the
7	following:
8	"(4) a strategy for addressing, and where pos-
9	sible eliminating, terrorist sanctuaries that shall
10	include—
11	"(A) a description of terrorist sanctuaries,
12	together with an assessment of the priorities of
13	addressing and eliminating such sanctuaries;
14	"(B) an outline of strategies for disrupting
15	or eliminating the security provided to terrorists
16	by such sanctuaries;
17	"(C) a description of efforts by the United
18	States to work with other countries in bilateral
19	and multilateral fora to address or eliminate
20	terrorist sanctuaries and disrupt or eliminate
21	the security provided to terrorists by such sanc-
22	tuaries; and
23	"(D) a description of long-term goals and
24	actions designed to reduce the conditions that
25	allow the formation of terrorist sanctuaries; and

1	"(5) an update of the information contained in
2	the report required to be transmitted to Congress
3	under 7119(b) of the 9/11 Commission Implementa-
4	tion Act of 2004.".
5	(3) Definitions.—Section 140(d) of the For-
6	eign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988
7	and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f(d)) is amended—
8	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at
9	the end;
10	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking the pe-
11	riod at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
12	(C) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(4) the terms 'territory' and 'territory of the
14	country' mean the land, waters, and airspace of the
15	country; and
16	"(5) the terms 'terrorist sanctuary' and 'sanc-
17	tuary' mean an area in the territory of the
18	country—
19	"(A) that is used by a terrorist or terrorist
20	organization—
21	"(i) to carry out terrorist activities,
22	including training, fundraising, financing,
23	and recruitment; or
24	"(ii) as a transit point; and

1	"(B) the government of which expressly
2	consents to, or with knowledge, allows, toler-
3	ates, or disregards such use of its territory and
4	is not subject to a determination under—
5	"(i) section 6(j)(1)(A) of the Export
6	Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C.
7	App. $2405(j)(1)(A)$;
8	"(ii) section 620A(a) of the Foreign
9	Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
10	2371(a)); or
11	"(iii) section 40(d) of the Arms Ex-
12	port Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)).".
13	(4) Effective date.—The amendments made
14	by this subsection apply with respect to the report
15	required to be transmitted under section 140 of the
16	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years
17	1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f), by April 30,
18	2006, and by April 30 of each subsequent year.
19	SEC. 7103. UNITED STATES COMMITMENT TO THE FUTURE
20	OF PAKISTAN.
21	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
22	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
23	States, Congress makes the following findings:
24	(1) The Government of Pakistan has a critical
25	role to perform in the struggle against terrorism.

1	(2) Due to its location, topography, social con-
2	ditions, and other factors, Pakistan can be attractive
3	to extremists seeking refuge or opportunities to re-
4	cruit or train, or a place from which to operate
5	against Coalition Forces in Afghanistan.
6	(3) A stable Pakistan, with a moderate, respon-
7	sible government that serves as a voice of tolerance
8	in the Muslim world, is critical to stability in the re-
9	gion.
10	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
11	gress that the United States should—
12	(1) help to ensure a promising, stable, and se-
13	cure future for Pakistan over the long term;
14	(2) provide a comprehensive program of assist-
15	ance to encourage and enable Pakistan—
16	(A) to continue and improve upon its com-
17	mitment to combating extremists;
18	(B) to seek to resolve any outstanding dif-
19	ficulties with its neighbors and other countries
20	in its region;
21	(C) to continue to make efforts to fully
22	control its territory and borders;
23	(D) to progress toward becoming a more
24	effective and participatory democracy;

1	(E) to participate more vigorously in the
2	global marketplace and to continue to mod-
3	ernize its economy;
4	(F) to take all necessary steps to halt the
5	spread of weapons of mass destruction;
6	(G) to improve and expand access to edu-
7	cation for all citizens; and
8	(H) to increase the number and level of ex-
9	changes between the Pakistani people and the
10	American people; and
11	(3) continue to provide assistance to Pakistan
12	at not less than the overall levels requested by the
13	President for fiscal year 2005.
14	(c) Extension of Pakistan Waivers.—The Act
15	entitled "An Act to authorize the President to exercise
16	waivers of foreign assistance restrictions with respect to
17	Pakistan through September 30, 2003, and for other pur-
18	poses", approved October 27, 2001 (Public Law 107–57;
19	115 Stat. 403), as amended by section 2213 of the Emer-
20	gency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense and
21	for the Reconstruction of Iraq and Afghanistan, 2004
22	(Public Law 108–106; 117 Stat. 1232), is further
23	amended—
24	(1) in section 1(b)—

1	(A) in the heading, by striking "FISCAL
2	Year 2004" and inserting "FISCAL Years
3	2005 and 2006"; and
4	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "2004"
5	and inserting "2005 or 2006";
6	(2) in section 3(2), by striking "and 2004,"
7	and inserting "2004, 2005, and 2006"; and
8	(3) in section 6, by striking "2004" and insert-
9	ing "2006".
10	SEC. 7104. ASSISTANCE FOR AFGHANISTAN.
11	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the
12	"Afghanistan Freedom Support Act Amendments of
13	2004".
14	(b) COORDINATION OF ASSISTANCE.—
15	(1) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of
16	the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon
17	the United States, Congress makes the following
18	findings:
19	(A) The United States and its allies in the
20	international community have made progress in
21	promoting economic and political reform within
22	Afghanistan, including the establishment of a
23	central government with a democratic constitu-
24	tion, a new currency, and a new army, the in-

1	crease of personal freedom, and the elevation of
2	the standard of living of many Afghans.
3	(B) A number of significant obstacles must
4	be overcome if Afghanistan is to become a se-
5	cure and prosperous democracy, and such a
6	transition depends in particular upon—
7	(i) improving security throughout the
8	country;
9	(ii) disarming and demobilizing mili-
10	tias;
11	(iii) curtailing the rule of the war-
12	lords;
13	(iv) promoting equitable economic de-
14	velopment;
15	(v) protecting the human rights of the
16	people of Afghanistan;
17	(vi) continuing to hold elections for
18	public officials; and
19	(vii) ending the cultivation, produc-
20	tion, and trafficking of narcotics.
21	(C) The United States and the inter-
22	national community must make a long-term
23	commitment to addressing the unstable security
24	situation in Afghanistan and the burgeoning
25	narcotics trade, endemic poverty, and other se-

1	rious problems in Afghanistan in order to pre-
2	vent that country from relapsing into a sanc-
3	tuary for international terrorism.
4	(2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
5	Congress that the United States Government should
6	take, with respect to Afghanistan, the following ac-
7	tions:
8	(A) Work with other nations to obtain
9	long-term security, political, and financial com-
10	mitments and fulfillment of pledges to the Gov-
11	ernment of Afghanistan to accomplish the ob-
12	jectives of the Afghanistan Freedom Support
13	Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7501 et seq.), especially
14	to ensure a secure, democratic, and prosperous
15	Afghanistan that respects the rights of its citi-
16	zens and is free of international terrorist orga-
17	nizations.
18	(B) Use the voice and vote of the United
19	States in relevant international organizations,
20	including the North Atlantic Treaty Organiza-
21	tion and the United Nations Security Council,
22	to strengthen international commitments to as-
23	sist the Government of Afghanistan in enhanc-
24	ing security, building national police and mili-

tary forces, increasing counter-narcotics efforts,

25

1	and expanding infrastructure and public serv-
2	ices throughout the country.
3	(C) Take appropriate steps to increase the
4	assistance provided under programs of the De-
5	partment of State and the United States Agen-
6	cy for International Development throughout
7	Afghanistan and to increase the number of per-
8	sonnel of those agencies in Afghanistan as nec-
9	essary to support the increased assistance.
10	(c) Coordinator for Assistance.—
11	(1) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following
12	findings:
13	(A) The Final Report of the National
14	Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the
15	United States criticized the provision of United
16	States assistance to Afghanistan for being too
17	inflexible.
18	(B) The Afghanistan Freedom Support
19	Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7501 et seq.) contains
20	provisions that provide for flexibility in the pro-
21	vision of assistance for Afghanistan and are not
22	subject to the requirements of typical foreign
23	assistance programs and provide for the des-
24	ignation of a coordinator to oversee United
25	States assistance for Afghanistan.

1	(2) Designation of Coordinator.—Section
2	104(a) of the Afghanistan Freedom Support Act of
3	2002 (22 U.S.C. 7514(a)) is amended in the matter
4	preceding paragraph (1) by striking "is strongly
5	urged to" and inserting "shall".
6	(d) Assistance Plan; International Coordina-
7	TION.—Section 104 of the Afghanistan Freedom Support
8	Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7514) is amended by adding at
9	the end the following:
10	"(c) Assistance Plan.—
11	"(1) Submission to congress.—The coordi-
12	nator designated under subsection (a) shall annually
13	submit the Afghanistan assistance plan of the Ad-
14	ministration to—
15	"(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
16	of the Senate;
17	"(B) the Committee on International Rela-
18	tions of the House of Representatives;
19	"(C) the Committee on Appropriations of
20	the Senate; and
21	"(D) the Committee on Appropriations of
22	the House of Representatives.
23	"(2) Contents.—The assistance plan sub-
24	mitted under paragraph (1) shall describe—

1	"(A) how the plan relates to the strategy
2	provided pursuant to section 304; and
3	"(B) how the plan builds upon United
4	States assistance provided to Afghanistan since
5	2001.
6	"(d) Coordination With International Commu-
7	NITY.—
8	"(1) In general.—The coordinator designated
9	under subsection (a) shall work with the inter-
10	national community and the Government of Afghani-
11	stan to ensure that assistance to Afghanistan is im-
12	plemented in a coherent, consistent, and efficient
13	manner to prevent duplication and waste.
14	"(2) International financial institu-
15	TIONS.—The coordinator designated under sub-
16	section (a), under the direction of the Secretary of
17	State, shall work through the Secretary of the
18	Treasury and the United States Executive Directors
19	at the international financial institutions (as defined
20	in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial
21	Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r(e)(2))) to coordi-
22	nate United States assistance for Afghanistan with
23	international financial institutions.
24	(e) General Provisions Relating to the Af-
25	GHANISTAN FREEDOM SUPPORT ACT OF 2002 —

1	(1) Assistance to promote economic, po-
2	LITICAL AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT.—
3	(A) Declaration of Policy.—Congress
4	reaffirms the authorities contained in title I of
5	the Afghanistan Freedom Support Act of 2002
6	(22 U.S.C. 7501 et seq.), relating to economic
7	and democratic development assistance for Af-
8	ghanistan.
9	(B) Provision of Assistance.—Section
10	103(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7513(a)) is
11	amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1)
12	by striking "section 512 of Public Law 107-
13	115 or any other similar" and inserting "any
14	other".
15	(2) Declarations of General Policy.—
16	Congress makes the following declarations:
17	(A) The United States reaffirms the sup-
18	port that it and other countries expressed for
19	the report entitled "Securing Afghanistan's Fu-
20	ture" in their Berlin Declaration of April 2004.
21	The United States should help enable the
22	growth needed to create an economically sus-
23	tainable Afghanistan capable of the poverty re-
24	duction and social development foreseen in the
25	report.

1	(B) The United States supports the par-
2	liamentary elections to be held in Afghanistan
3	by April 2005 and will help ensure that such
4	elections are not undermined, including by war-
5	lords or narcotics traffickers.
6	(C) The United States continues to urge
7	North Atlantic Treaty Organization members
8	and other friendly countries to make much
9	greater military contributions toward securing
10	the peace in Afghanistan.
11	(3) Form of Reports.—Section 304 of the Af-
12	ghanistan Freedom Support Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C.
13	7554) is amended—
14	(A) by striking "The Secretary" and in-
15	serting the following:
16	"(a) In General.—The Secretary";
17	(B) by striking "The first report" and in-
18	serting the following:
19	"(b) Deadline For Submission.—The first re-
20	port"; and
21	(C) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(c) Form of Reports.—Any report or other mat-
23	ter that is required to be submitted to Congress (including
24	a committee of Congress) by this Act may contain a classi-
25	fied annex.".

1	(4) Long-term strategy.—
2	(A) Strategy.—Title III of the Afghani-
3	stan Freedom Support Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C.
4	7551 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
5	the following:
6	"SEC. 305. FORMULATION OF LONG-TERM STRATEGY FOR
7	AFGHANISTAN.
8	"(a) Strategy.—
9	"(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
10	after the date of enactment of this section, the
11	President shall formulate a 5-year strategy for Af-
12	ghanistan and submit such strategy to—
13	"(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
14	of the Senate;
15	"(B) the Committee on International Rela-
16	tions of the House of Representatives;
17	"(C) the Committee on Appropriations of
18	the Senate; and
19	"(D) the Committee on Appropriations of
20	the House of Representatives.
21	"(2) Contents.—The strategy formulated
22	under paragraph (1) shall include specific and meas-
23	urable goals for addressing the long-term develop-
24	ment and security needs of Afghanistan, including
25	sectors such as agriculture and irrigation, par-

1	liamentary and democratic development, the judicial
2	system and rule of law, human rights, education,
3	health, telecommunications, electricity, women's
4	rights, counternarcotics, police, border security, anti-
5	corruption, and other law-enforcement activities, as
6	well as the anticipated costs and time frames associ-
7	ated with achieving those goals.
8	"(b) Monitoring.—
9	"(1) Annual Report.—The President shall
10	transmit on an annual basis through 2010 a report
11	describing the progress made toward the implemen-
12	tation of the strategy required by subsection (a) and
13	any changes to the strategy since the date of the
14	submission of the last report to—
15	"(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
16	of the Senate;
17	"(B) the Committee on International Rela-
18	tions of the House of Representatives;
19	"(C) the Committee on Appropriations of
20	the Senate; and
21	"(D) the Committee on Appropriations of
22	the House of Representatives.".
23	(B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of
24	contents for such Act (22 U.S.C. 7501 note) is

section 303 the following new item:
"Sec. 305. Formulation of long-term strategy for Afghanistan.".
(f) EDUCATION, THE RULE OF LAW, AND RELATED
Issues.—
(1) Declaration of Policy.—Congress de-
clares that, although Afghanistan has adopted a new
constitution and made progress on primary edu-
cation, the United States must invest in a concerted
effort in Afghanistan to improve the rule of law,
good governance, and effective policing, to accelerate
work on secondary and university education systems,
and to establish new initiatives to increase the ca-
pacity of civil society.
(2) Amendment.—Section 103(a)(5) of the Af-
ghanistan Freedom Support Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C.
7513(a)(5)) is amended to read as follows:
"(5) Education, the rule of law, and re-
LATED ISSUES.—
"(A) Education.—To assist in the devel-
opment of the capacity of the Government of
Afghanistan to provide education to the people
of Afghanistan, including assistance such as—
"(i) support for an educated citizenry
through improved access to basic edu-

1	cation, with particular emphasis on basic
2	education for children, especially orphans;
3	"(ii) programs to enable the Govern-
4	ment of Afghanistan to recruit and train
5	teachers, with special focus on the recruit-
6	ment and training of female teachers;
7	"(iii) programs to enable the Govern-
8	ment of Afghanistan to develop school cur-
9	ricula that incorporate relevant informa-
10	tion such as landmine awareness, food se-
11	curity and agricultural education, civic
12	education, and human rights education, in-
13	cluding education relating to religious free-
14	dom;
15	"(iv) programs to construct, renovate,
16	or rebuild, and to equip and provide teach-
17	er training, for primary schools, secondary
18	schools, and universities; and
19	"(v) programs to increase educational
20	exchanges and partnerships between the
21	United States and Afghanistan.
22	"(B) Rule of Law.—To assist in the de-
23	velopment of the rule of law and good govern-
24	ance and reduced corruption in Afghanistan, in-
25	cluding assistance such as—

1	"(i) support for the activities of the
2	Government of Afghanistan to implement
3	its constitution, to develop modern legal
4	codes and court rules, to provide for the
5	creation of legal assistance programs, and
6	other initiatives to promote the rule of law
7	in Afghanistan;
8	"(ii) support for improvements in the
9	capacity and physical infrastructure of the
10	justice system in Afghanistan, such as for
11	professional training (including for women)
12	to improve the administration of justice,
13	for programs to enhance prosecutorial and
14	judicial capabilities and to protect partici-
15	pants in judicial cases, for improvements
16	in the instruction of law enforcement per-
17	sonnel (including human rights training)
18	and for the promotion of civilian police
19	roles that support democracy;
20	"(iii) support for rehabilitation and
21	rebuilding of courthouses and detention fa-
22	cilities;
23	"(iv) support for the effective admin-
24	istration of justice at the national, re-
25	gional, and local levels, including programs

1	to improve penal institutions and the reha-
2	bilitation of prisoners, and to establish a
3	responsible and community-based police
4	force;
5	"(v) support to increase the trans-
6	parency, accountability, and participatory
7	nature of governmental institutions, includ-
8	ing programs designed to combat corrup-
9	tion and other programs for the promotion
10	of good governance, such as the develop-
11	ment of regulations relating to financial
12	disclosure for public officials, political par-
13	ties, and candidates for public office, and
14	transparent budgeting processes and finan-
15	cial management systems;
16	"(vi) support for establishment of a
17	central bank and central budgeting author-
18	ity;
19	"(vii) support for international organi-
20	zations that provide civil advisers to the
21	Government of Afghanistan; and
22	"(viii) support for Afghan and inter-
23	national efforts to investigate human
24	rights atrocities committed in Afghanistan
25	by the Taliban regime, opponents of such

1	regime, and terrorist groups operating in
2	Afghanistan, including the collection of fo-
3	rensic evidence relating to such atrocities.
4	"(C) CIVIL SOCIETY AND DEMOCRACY.—
5	To support the development of democratic insti-
6	tutions in Afghanistan, including assistance
7	for—
8	"(i) international monitoring and ob-
9	serving of, and the promotion of, free and
10	fair elections;
11	"(ii) strengthening democratic polit-
12	ical parties;
13	"(iii) international exchanges and pro-
14	fessional training for members or officials
15	of government, political, and civic or other
16	nongovernmental entities;
17	"(iv) national, regional, and local elec-
18	tions and political party development;
19	"(v) an independent media;
20	"(vi) programs that support the ex-
21	panded participation of women and mem-
22	bers of all ethnic groups in government at
23	national, regional, and local levels; and
24	"(vii) programs to strengthen civil so-
25	ciety organizations that promote human

1	rights, including religious freedom, free-
2	dom of expression, and freedom of associa-
3	tion, and support human rights moni-
4	toring.
5	"(D) Protection of sites.—To provide
6	for the protection of Afghanistan's culture, his-
7	tory, and national identity, including the reha-
8	bilitation of Afghanistan's museums and sites
9	of cultural significance.".
10	(3) Conforming Amendment.—Section
11	103(a)(4) of the Afghanistan Freedom Support Act
12	of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7513(a)(4)) is amended—
13	(A) in subparagraph (K), by striking
14	"and" at the end;
15	(B) in subparagraph (L), by striking the
16	period at the end and inserting "; and; and
17	(C) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(M) assistance in identifying and sur-
19	veying key road and rail routes that are essen-
20	tial for economic renewal in Afghanistan and
21	the region and support for the establishment of
22	a customs service and training for customs offi-
23	cers.".
24	(g) Monitoring of Assistance for Afghani-
25	STAN.—Section 103 of the Afghanistan Freedom Support

1	Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7513), is amended by adding at
2	the end the following:
3	"(d) Monitoring of Assistance for Afghani-
4	STAN.—
5	"(1) Report.—
6	"(A) In General.—The Secretary of
7	State, in consultation with the Administrator
8	for the United States Agency for International
9	Development, shall submit to the Committee on
10	Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Com-
11	mittee on International Relations of the House
12	of Representatives a report on the obligations of
13	United States assistance for Afghanistan from
14	all United States Government departments and
15	agencies.
16	"(B) Contents.—Each such report shall
17	set forth, for the preceding annual period and
18	cumulatively, a description of—
19	"(i) the activities and the purposes for
20	which funds were obligated;
21	"(ii) the source of the funds stated
22	specifically by fiscal year, agency, and pro-
23	gram;

1	"(iii) the participation of each United
2	States Government department or agency;
3	and
4	"(iv) such other information as the
5	Secretary considers appropriate to fully in-
6	form Congress on such matters.
7	"(C) Additional requirements.—The
8	first report submitted under this paragraph
9	shall include a cumulative account of informa-
10	tion described in subparagraph (B) from all
11	prior periods beginning with fiscal year 2001.
12	The first report under this paragraph shall be
13	submitted not later than March 15, 2005. Sub-
14	sequent reports shall be submitted every 12
15	months thereafter and may be included in the
16	report required under section 206(c)(2).
17	"(2) Submission of information for re-
18	PORT.—The head of each United States Government
19	agency referred to in paragraph (1) shall provide on
20	a timely basis to the Secretary of State such infor-
21	mation as the Secretary may reasonably require to
22	allow the Secretary to prepare and submit the report
23	required under paragraph (1).".
24	(h) United States Policy To Support Disar-
25	MAMENT OF PRIVATE MILITIAS AND EXPANSION OF

1	International Peacekeeping and Security Oper-
2	ATIONS IN AFGHANISTAN.—
3	(1) United states policy relating to dis-
4	ARMAMENT OF PRIVATE MILITIAS.—
5	(A) In general.—It shall be the policy of
6	the United States to take immediate steps to
7	provide active support for the disarmament, de-
8	mobilization, and reintegration of armed sol-
9	diers, particularly child soldiers, in Afghanistan,
10	in close consultation with the President of Af-
11	ghanistan.
12	(B) Report.—The report required under
13	section 206(c)(2) of the Afghanistan Freedom
14	Support Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7536(c)(2))
15	shall include a description of the progress to
16	implement paragraph (1).
17	(2) International peacekeeping and secu-
18	RITY OPERATIONS.—Section 206 of such Act (22
19	U.S.C. 7536) is amended by adding at the end the
20	following:
21	"(e) United States Policy Relating To Inter-
22	NATIONAL PEACEKEEPING AND SECURITY OPER-
23	ATIONS.—It shall be the policy of the United States to
24	make every effort to support the expansion of inter-

1	national peacekeeping and security operations in Afghani-
2	stan in order to—
3	"(1) increase the area in which security is pro-
4	vided and undertake vital tasks related to promoting
5	security, such as disarming warlords, militias, and
6	irregulars, and disrupting opium production; and
7	"(2) safeguard highways in order to allow the
8	free flow of commerce and to allow material assist-
9	ance to the people of Afghanistan, and aid personnel
10	in Afghanistan, to move more freely.".
11	(i) Efforts To Expand International Peace-
12	KEEPING AND SECURITY OPERATIONS IN AFGHANI-
13	STAN.—Section 206(d)(1) of the Afghanistan Freedom
14	Support Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7536(d)(1)) is amended
15	to read as follows:
16	"(1) Efforts to expand international
17	PEACEKEEPING AND SECURITY OPERATIONS IN AF-
18	GHANISTAN.—
19	"(A) Efforts.—The President shall en-
20	courage, and, as authorized by law, enable other
21	countries to actively participate in expanded
22	international peacekeeping and security oper-
23	ations in Afghanistan, especially through the
24	provision of military personnel for extended pe-
25	riods of time.

1	"(B) Reports.—The President shall pre-
2	pare and transmit a report on the efforts car-
3	ried out pursuant to subparagraph (A) to the
4	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate
5	and the Committee on International Relations
6	of the House of Representatives. The first re-
7	port under this subparagraph shall be trans-
8	mitted not later than 60 days after the date of
9	the enactment of the Afghanistan Freedom
10	Support Act Amendments of 2004 and subse-
11	quent reports shall be transmitted every 6
12	months thereafter and may be included in the
13	report required by subsection (c)(2).".
14	(j) Provisions Relating to Counternarcotics
15	EFFORTS IN AFGHANISTAN.—
16	(1) AUTHORIZATION OF ASSISTANCE.—Section
17	103(a)(3)(A) of the Afghanistan Freedom Support
18	Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. $7513(a)(3)(A)$) is
19	amended—
20	(A) in clause (i), by striking "establish
21	crop substitution programs," and inserting
22	"promote alternatives to poppy cultivation, in-
23	cluding the introduction of high value crops
24	that are suitable for export and the provision of

1	appropriate technical assistance and credit
2	mechanisms for farmers,";
3	(B) in clause (ii), by inserting before the
4	semicolon at the end the following: ", and to
5	create special counternarcotics courts, prosecu-
6	tors, and places of incarceration";
7	(C) in clause (iii), by inserting before the
8	semicolon at the end the following: ", in par-
9	ticular, notwithstanding section 660 of the For-
10	eign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2420),
11	by providing non-lethal equipment, training (in-
12	cluding training in internationally recognized
13	standards of human rights, the rule of law,
14	anti-corruption, and the promotion of civilian
15	police roles that support democracy), and pay-
16	ments, during fiscal years 2005 through 2008,
17	for salaries for special counternarcotics police
18	and supporting units";
19	(D) in clause (iv), by striking "and" at the
20	end;
21	(E) in clause (v), by striking the period at
22	the end and inserting "; and; and
23	(F) by adding after clause (v) the fol-
24	lowing:

1	"(vi) assist the Afghan National Army
2	with respect to any of the activities under
3	this paragraph.".
4	(2) Sense of congress and report.—Title
5	II of the Afghanistan Freedom Support Act of 2002
6	(22 U.S.C. 7531 et seq.) is amended—
7	(A) by redesignating sections 207 and 208
8	as sections 208 and 209, respectively; and
9	(B) by inserting after section 206 the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"SEC. 207. SENSE OF CONGRESS AND REPORT REGARDING
12	COUNTER-DRUG EFFORTS IN AFGHANISTAN.
13	"(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
14	gress that—
15	"(1) the President should make the substantial
16	reduction of illegal drug production and trafficking
17	in Afghanistan a priority in the Global War on Ter-
18	rorism;
19	"(2) the Secretary of Defense, in coordination
20	with the Secretary of State and the heads of other
21	appropriate Federal agencies, should expand co-
22	operation with the Government of Afghanistan and
23	international organizations involved in counter-drug
24	activities to assist in providing a secure environment
25	for counter-drug personnel in Afghanistan; and

1	"(3) the United States, in conjunction with the
2	Government of Afghanistan and coalition partners,
3	should undertake additional efforts to reduce illegal
4	drug trafficking and related activities that provide
5	financial support for terrorist organizations in Af-
6	ghanistan and neighboring countries.
7	"(b) Report Required.—(1) The Secretary of De-
8	fense and the Secretary of State shall jointly prepare a
9	report that describes—
10	"(A) the progress made toward substantially re-
11	ducing poppy cultivation and heroin production ca-
12	pabilities in Afghanistan; and
13	"(B) the extent to which profits from illegal
14	drug activity in Afghanistan are used to financially
15	support terrorist organizations and groups seeking
16	to undermine the Government of Afghanistan.
17	"(2) The report required by this subsection shall be
18	submitted to Congress not later than 120 days after the
19	date of the enactment of the 9/11 Recommendations Im-
20	plementation Act.".
21	(3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
22	tents for such Act (22 U.S.C. 7501 note) is amend-
23	ed by striking the items relating to sections 207 and
24	208 and inserting the following:

"Sec. 207. Sense of Congress and report regarding counter-drug efforts in Afghanistan.

- "Sec. 208. Relationship to other authority.
- "Sec. 209. Authorization of appropriations.".
- 1 (k) Additional Amendments to Afghanistan
- 2 Freedom Support Act of 2002.—
- 3 (1) Extension of Reports on Implementa-
- 4 TION OF STRATEGY.—Section 206(c)(2) of the Af-
- 5 ghanistan Freedom Support Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C.
- 6 7536(c)(2)) is amended in the matter preceding sub-
- 7 paragraph (A) by striking "2007" and inserting
- 8 "2010".
- 9 (2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section
- 10 103(a)(7)(A)(xii) of such Act (22 U.S.C.
- 11 7513(a)(7)(A)(xii) is amended by striking "Na-
- tional" and inserting "Afghan Independent".
- 13 (l) Repeal of Prohibition on Assistance.—Sec-
- 14 tion 620D of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
- 15 U.S.C. 2374; relating to prohibition on assistance to Af-
- 16 ghanistan) is repealed.
- 17 (m) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
- 18 108(a) of the Afghanistan Freedom Assistance Act of
- 19 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7518(a)) is amended by striking
- 20 "\$1,825,000,000 for fiscal year 2004" and all that follows
- 21 and inserting "such sums as may be necessary for each
- 22 of the fiscal years 2005 and 2006.".

1	SEC. 7105. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE UNITED
2	STATES AND SAUDI ARABIA.
3	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
4	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
5	States, Congress makes the following findings:
6	(1) Despite a long history of friendly relations
7	with the United States, there have been problems in
8	cooperation between the United States and Saudi
9	Arabia.
10	(2) The Government of Saudi Arabia has not
11	always responded promptly or fully to United States
12	requests for assistance in the global war on Islamist
13	terrorism.
14	(3) The Government of Saudi Arabia has not
15	done all it can to prevent financial or other support
16	from being provided to, or reaching, extremist orga-
17	nizations in Saudi Arabia or other countries.
18	(4) Counterterrorism cooperation between the
19	Governments of the United States and Saudi Arabia
20	has improved significantly since the terrorist bomb-
21	ing attacks in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, on May 12,
22	2003, and the Government of Saudi Arabia is now
23	pursuing al Qaeda and other terror groups operating
24	inside Saudi Arabia.
25	(5) The United States must enhance its co-
26	operation and strong relationship with Saudi Arabia

1	based upon a shared and public commitment to po-
2	litical and economic reform, greater tolerance and
3	respect for religious and cultural diversity and joint
4	efforts to prevent funding for and support of ex-
5	tremist organizations in Saudi Arabia and elsewhere.
6	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
7	gress that there should be a more robust dialogue between
8	the people and Government of the United States and the
9	people and Government of Saudi Arabia in order to im-
10	prove the relationship between the United States and
11	Saudi Arabia.
12	SEC. 7106. EFFORTS TO COMBAT ISLAMIST TERRORISM.
13	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
14	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
15	States, Congress makes the following findings:
16	(1) While support for the United States has
17	plummeted in the Islamic world, many negative
18	views are uninformed, at best, and, at worst, are in-
19	formed by coarse stereotypes and caricatures.
20	(2) Local newspapers in countries with pre-
21	dominantly Muslim populations and influential
22	broadcasters who reach Muslim audiences through
23	satellite television often reinforce the idea that the
24	people and Government of the United States are
25	anti-Muslim.

1	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
2	gress that—
3	(1) the Government of the United States should
4	offer an example of moral leadership in the world
5	that includes a commitment to treat all people hu-
6	manely, abide by the rule of law, and be generous
7	to the people and governments of other countries;
8	(2) the United States should cooperate with
9	governments of countries with predominantly Mus-
10	lim populations to foster agreement on respect for
11	human dignity and opportunity, and to offer a vision
12	of a better future that includes stressing life over
13	death, individual educational and economic oppor-
14	tunity, widespread political participation, contempt
15	for violence, respect for the rule of law, openness in
16	discussing differences, and tolerance for opposing
17	points of view;
18	(3) the United States should encourage reform,
19	freedom, democracy, and opportunity for Muslims;
20	and
21	(4) the United States should work to defeat ex-
22	tremism in all its form, especially in nations with
23	predominantly Muslim populations by providing as-
24	sistance to governments, non-governmental organiza-
25	tions, and individuals who promote modernization.

1	SEC. 7107. UNITED STATES POLICY TOWARD DICTATOR-
2	SHIPS.
3	(a) FINDING.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
4	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
5	States, Congress finds that short-term gains enjoyed by
6	the United States through cooperation with repressive dic-
7	tatorships have often been outweighed by long-term set-
8	backs for the stature and interests of the United States.
9	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
10	gress that—
11	(1) United States foreign policy should promote
12	the importance of individual educational and eco-
13	nomic opportunity, encourage widespread political
14	participation, condemn violence, and promote respect
15	for the rule of law, openness in discussing dif-
16	ferences among people, and tolerance for opposing
17	points of view; and
18	(2) the United States Government must encour-
19	age the governments of all countries with predomi-
20	nantly Muslim populations, including those that are
21	friends and allies of the United States, to promote
22	the value of life and the importance of individual
23	education and economic opportunity, encourage
24	widespread political participation, condemn violence
25	and promote the rule of law, openness in discussing

1	differences among people, and tolerance for opposing
2	points of view.
3	SEC. 7108. PROMOTION OF FREE MEDIA AND OTHER AMER-
4	ICAN VALUES.
5	(a) Promotion of United States Values
6	THROUGH BROADCAST MEDIA.—
7	(1) Findings.—Consistent with the report of
8	the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon
9	the United States, Congress makes the following
10	findings:
11	(A) Although the United States has dem-
12	onstrated and promoted its values in defending
13	Muslims against tyrants and criminals in Soma-
14	lia, Bosnia, Kosovo, Afghanistan, and Iraq, this
15	message is neither convincingly presented nor
16	widely understood.
17	(B) If the United States does not act to
18	vigorously define its message in countries with
19	predominantly Muslim populations, the image
20	of the United States will be defined by Islamic
21	extremists who seek to demonize the United
22	States.
23	(C) Recognizing that many Muslim audi-
24	ences rely on satellite television and radio, the
25	United States Government has launched prom-

1	ising initiatives in television and radio broad-
2	casting to the Islamic world, including Iran and
3	Afghanistan.
4	(2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
5	Congress that—
6	(A) the United States must do more to de-
7	fend and promote its values and ideals to the
8	broadest possible audience in countries with
9	predominantly Muslim populations;
10	(B) United States efforts to defend and
11	promote these values and ideals are beginning
12	to ensure that accurate expressions of these val-
13	ues reach large Muslim audiences and should be
14	robustly supported;
15	(C) the United States Government could
16	and should do more to engage Muslim audi-
17	ences in the struggle of ideas; and
18	(D) the United States Government should
19	more intensively employ existing broadcast
20	media in the Islamic world as part of this en-
21	gagement.
22	(b) Enhancing Free and Independent Media.—
23	(1) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following
24	findings:

1	(A) Freedom of speech and freedom of the
2	press are fundamental human rights.
3	(B) The United States has a national in-
4	terest in promoting these freedoms by sup-
5	porting free media abroad, which is essential to
6	the development of free and democratic societies
7	consistent with our own.
8	(C) Free media is undermined, endan-
9	gered, or nonexistent in many repressive and
10	transitional societies around the world, includ-
11	ing in Eurasia, Africa, and the Middle East.
12	(D) Individuals lacking access to a plu-
13	rality of free media are vulnerable to misin-
14	formation and propaganda and are potentially
15	more likely to adopt anti-United States views.
16	(E) Foreign governments have a responsi-
17	bility to actively and publicly discourage and
18	rebut unprofessional and unethical media while
19	respecting journalistic integrity and editorial
20	independence.
21	(2) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the
22	policy of the United States, acting through the Sec-
23	retary of State, to—
24	(A) ensure that the promotion of freedom
25	of the press and freedom of media worldwide is

1	a priority of United States foreign policy and
2	an integral component of United States public
3	diplomacy;
4	(B) respect the journalistic integrity and
5	editorial independence of free media worldwide;
6	and
7	(C) ensure that widely accepted standards
8	for professional and ethical journalistic and edi-
9	torial practices are employed when assessing
10	international media.
11	(c) Establishment of Media Network.—
12	(1) Grants for establishment of net-
13	WORK.—The Secretary of State shall, utilizing
14	amounts authorized to be appropriated by subsection
15	(e)(2), make grants to the National Endowment for
16	Democracy (NED) under the National Endowment
17	for Democracy Act (22 U.S.C. 4411 et seq.) for uti-
18	lization by the Endowment to provide funding to a
19	private sector group to establish and manage a free
20	and independent media network as specified in para-
21	graph (2).
22	(2) Media network.—The media network es-
23	tablished using funds under paragraph (1) shall pro-
24	vide an effective forum to convene a broad range of
25	individuals, organizations, and governmental partici-

1	pants involved in journalistic activities and the devel-
2	opment of free and independent media in order to—
3	(A) fund a clearinghouse to collect and
4	share information concerning international
5	media development and training;
6	(B) improve research in the field of media
7	assistance and program evaluation to better in-
8	form decisions regarding funding and program
9	design for government and private donors;
10	(C) explore the most appropriate use of ex-
11	isting means to more effectively encourage the
12	involvement of the private sector in the field of
13	media assistance; and
14	(D) identify effective methods for the de-
15	velopment of a free and independent media in
16	societies in transition.
17	(d) Authorizations of Appropriations.—
18	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
19	appropriated for each of fiscal years 2005 and 2006,
20	unless otherwise authorized by Congress, such sums
21	as may be necessary to carry out United States Gov-
22	ernment broadcasting activities consistent with this
23	section under the United States Information and
24	Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1431
25	et seq.), the United States International Broad-

1	casting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6201 et seq.), and
2	the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act
3	of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6501 et seq.), and to carry out
4	other activities under this section consistent with the
5	purposes of such Acts, unless otherwise authorized
6	by Congress.
7	(2) Grants for media network.—In addi-
8	tion to the amounts authorized to be appropriated
9	under paragraph (1), there are authorized to be ap-
10	propriated for each of fiscal years 2005 and 2006,
11	unless otherwise authorized by Congress, such sums
12	as may be necessary for grants under subsection
13	(c)(1) for the establishment of the media network
14	described in subsection $(c)(2)$.
15	SEC. 7109. PUBLIC DIPLOMACY RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE
16	DEPARTMENT OF STATE.
17	(a) In General.—The State Department Basic Au-
18	thorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a et seq.) is amend-
19	ed by inserting after section 59 the following new section:
20	"SEC. 60. PUBLIC DIPLOMACY RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE
21	DEPARTMENT OF STATE.
22	"(a) Integral Component.—The Secretary of
23	State shall make public diplomacy an integral component
24	in the planning and execution of United States foreign pol-

1	"(b) Coordination and Development of Strat-
2	EGY.—The Secretary shall make every effort to—
3	"(1) coordinate, subject to the direction of the
4	President, the public diplomacy activities of Federal
5	agencies; and
6	"(2) coordinate with the Broadcasting Board of
7	Governors to—
8	"(A) develop a comprehensive and coherent
9	strategy for the use of public diplomacy re-
10	sources; and
11	"(B) develop and articulate long-term
12	measurable objectives for United States public
13	diplomacy.
14	"(c) Objectives.—The strategy developed pursuant
15	to subsection (b) shall include public diplomacy efforts tar-
16	geting developed and developing countries and select and
17	general audiences, using appropriate media to properly ex-
18	plain the foreign policy of the United States to the govern-
19	ments and populations of such countries, with the objec-
20	tives of increasing support for United States policies and
21	providing news and information. The Secretary shall,
22	through the most effective mechanisms, counter misin-
23	formation and propaganda concerning the United States.
24	The Secretary shall continue to articulate the importance

1	of freedom, democracy, and human rights as fundamental
2	principles underlying United States foreign policy goals.
3	"(d) Identification of United States Foreign
4	Assistance.—In cooperation with the United States
5	Agency for International Development (USAID) and other
6	public and private assistance organizations and agencies,
7	the Secretary should ensure that information relating to
8	foreign assistance provided by the United States, non-
9	governmental organizations, and private entities of the
10	United States is disseminated widely, and particularly, to
11	the extent practicable, within countries and regions that
12	receive such assistance. The Secretary should ensure that,
13	to the extent practicable, projects funded by USAID not
14	involving commodities, including projects implemented by
15	private voluntary organizations, are identified as provided
16	by the people of the United States.".
17	(b) Functions of the Under Secretary of
18	STATE FOR PUBLIC DIPLOMACY.—
19	(1) AMENDMENT.—Section 1(b)(3) of such Act
20	(22 U.S.C. 2651a(b)(3)) is amended by adding at
21	the end the following new sentence: "The Under
22	Secretary for Public Diplomacy shall—
23	"(A) prepare an annual strategic plan for
24	public diplomacy in collaboration with overseas

1	posts and in consultation with the regional and
2	functional bureaus of the Department;
3	"(B) ensure the design and implementa-
4	tion of appropriate program evaluation meth-
5	odologies;
6	"(C) provide guidance to Department per-
7	sonnel in the United States and overseas who
8	conduct or implement public diplomacy policies,
9	programs, and activities;
10	"(D) assist the United States Agency for
11	International Development and the Broad-
12	casting Board of Governors to present the poli-
13	cies of the United States clearly and effectively;
14	and
15	"(E) submit statements of United States
16	policy and editorial material to the Broad-
17	casting Board of Governors for broadcast con-
18	sideration.".
19	(2) Consultation.—The Under Secretary of
20	State for Public Diplomacy, in carrying out the re-
21	sponsibilities described in section $1(b)(3)$ of such Act
22	(as amended by paragraph (1)), shall consult with
23	public diplomacy officers operating at United States
24	overseas posts and in the regional bureaus of the
25	Department of State.

	398
1	SEC. 7110. PUBLIC DIPLOMACY TRAINING.
2	(a) Statement of Policy.—The following should
3	be the policy of the United States:
4	(1) The Foreign Service should recruit individ-
5	uals with expertise and professional experience in
6	public diplomacy.
7	(2) United States chiefs of mission should have
8	a prominent role in the formulation of public diplo-
9	macy strategies for the countries and regions to
10	which they are assigned and should be accountable
11	for the operation and success of public diplomacy ef-
12	forts at their posts.
13	(3) Initial and subsequent training of Foreign
14	Service officers should be enhanced to include infor-
15	mation and training on public diplomacy and the
16	tools and technology of mass communication.
17	(b) Personnel.—
18	(1) QUALIFICATIONS.—In the recruitment,
19	training, and assignment of members of the Foreign
20	Service, the Secretary of State—
21	(A) should emphasize the importance of
22	public diplomacy and applicable skills and tech-
23	niques;

(B) should consider the priority recruit-

ment into the Foreign Service, including at

middle-level entry, of individuals with expertise

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1	and professional experience in public diplomacy,
2	mass communications, or journalism; and
3	(C) shall give special consideration to indi-
4	viduals with language facility and experience in
5	particular countries and regions.
6	(2) Languages of special interest.—The
7	Secretary of State shall seek to increase the number
8	of Foreign Service officers proficient in languages
9	spoken in countries with predominantly Muslim pop-
10	ulations. Such increase should be accomplished
11	through the recruitment of new officers and incen-
12	tives for officers in service.
13	(c) Public Diplomacy Suggested for Pro-
14	MOTION IN FOREIGN SERVICE.—Section 603(b) of the
15	Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4003(b)) is
16	amended by adding at the end the following: "The pre-
17	cepts for selection boards shall include, whether the mem-
18	ber of the Service or the member of the Senior Foreign
19	Service, as the case may be, has demonstrated—
20	(1) a willingness and ability to explain United
21	States policies in person and through the media
22	when occupying positions for which such willingness
23	and ability is, to any degree, an element of the mem-
24	ber's duties, or
25	(2) other experience in public diplomacy.

1	SEC. 7111. PROMOTING DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS
2	AT INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.
3	(a) Support and Expansion of Democracy Cau-
4	cus.—
5	(1) In General.—The President, acting
6	through the Secretary of State and the relevant
7	United States chiefs of mission, should—
8	(A) continue to strongly support and seek
9	to expand the work of the democracy caucus at
10	the United Nations General Assembly and the
11	United Nations Human Rights Commission;
12	and
13	(B) seek to establish a democracy caucus
14	at the United Nations Conference on Disar-
15	mament and at other broad-based international
16	organizations.
17	(2) Purposes of the caucus.—A democracy
18	caucus at an international organization should—
19	(A) forge common positions, including, as
20	appropriate, at the ministerial level, on matters
21	of concern before the organization and work
22	within and across regional lines to promote
23	agreed positions;
24	(B) work to revise an increasingly out-
25	moded system of membership selection, regional
26	voting, and decisionmaking; and

1	(C) establish a rotational leadership agree-
2	ment to provide member countries an oppor-
3	tunity, for a set period of time, to serve as the
4	designated president of the caucus, responsible
5	for serving as its voice in each organization.
6	(b) Leadership and Membership of Inter-
7	NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.—The President, acting
8	through the Secretary of State, the relevant United States
9	chiefs of mission, and, where appropriate, the Secretary
10	of the Treasury, should use the voice, vote, and influence
11	of the United States to—
12	(1) where appropriate, reform the criteria for
13	leadership and, in appropriate cases, for member-
14	ship, at all United Nations bodies and at other inter-
15	national organizations and multilateral institutions
16	to which the United States is a member so as to ex-
17	clude countries that violate the principles of the spe-
18	cific organization;
19	(2) make it a policy of the United Nations and
20	other international organizations and multilateral in-
21	stitutions of which the United States is a member
22	that a member country may not stand in nomination
23	for membership or in nomination or in rotation for
24	a significant leadership position in such bodies if the

1	member country is subject to sanctions imposed by
2	the United Nations Security Council; and
3	(3) work to ensure that no member country
4	stand in nomination for membership, or in nomina-
5	tion or in rotation for a significant leadership posi-
6	tion in such organizations, or for membership on the
7	United Nations Security Council, if the government
8	of the member country has been determined by the
9	Secretary of State to have repeatedly provided sup-
10	port for acts of international terrorism.
11	(c) Increased Training in Multilateral Diplo-
12	MACY.—
13	(1) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the
14	policy of the United States that training courses
LT	
15	should be established for Foreign Service Officers
	should be established for Foreign Service Officers and civil service employees of the State Department,
15	
15 16	and civil service employees of the State Department,
15 16 17	and civil service employees of the State Department, including appropriate chiefs of mission, on the con-
15 16 17 18	and civil service employees of the State Department, including appropriate chiefs of mission, on the conduct of multilateral diplomacy, including the conduct
15 16 17 18	and civil service employees of the State Department, including appropriate chiefs of mission, on the conduct of multilateral diplomacy, including the conduct of negotiations at international organizations and
15 16 17 18 19 20	and civil service employees of the State Department, including appropriate chiefs of mission, on the conduct of multilateral diplomacy, including the conduct of negotiations at international organizations and multilateral institutions, negotiating skills that are
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and civil service employees of the State Department, including appropriate chiefs of mission, on the conduct of multilateral diplomacy, including the conduct of negotiations at international organizations and multilateral institutions, negotiating skills that are required at multilateral settings, coalition-building

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall en-
2	sure that the training described in paragraph
3	(1) is provided at various stages of the career
4	of members of the Service.
5	(B) ACTIONS OF THE SECRETARY.—The
6	Secretary shall ensure that—
7	(i) officers of the Service receive train-
8	ing on the conduct of diplomacy at inter-
9	national organizations and other multilat-
10	eral institutions and at broad-based multi-
11	lateral negotiations of international instru-
12	ments as part of their training upon entry
13	into the Service; and
14	(ii) officers of the Service, including
15	chiefs of mission, who are assigned to
16	United States missions representing the
17	United States to international organiza-
18	tions and other multilateral institutions or
19	who are assigned in Washington, D.C., to
20	positions that have as their primary re-
21	sponsibility formulation of policy toward
22	such organizations and institutions or to-
23	ward participation in broad-based multilat-
24	eral negotiations of international instru-
25	ments, receive specialized training in the

1	areas described in paragraph (1) prior to
2	beginning of service for such assignment
3	or, if receiving such training at that time
4	is not practical, within the first year of be-
5	ginning such assignment.
6	(3) Training for civil service employ-
7	EES.—The Secretary shall ensure that employees of
8	the Department of State who are members of the
9	civil service and who are assigned to positions de-
10	scribed in paragraph (2) receive training described
11	in paragraph (1) prior to the beginning of service for
12	such assignment or, if receiving such training at
13	such time is not practical, within the first year of
14	beginning such assignment.
15	SEC. 7112. EXPANSION OF UNITED STATES SCHOLARSHIP
16	AND EXCHANGE PROGRAMS IN THE ISLAMIC
	AND EXCHANGE PROGRAMS IN THE ISLAMIC WORLD.
161718	
17	WORLD.
17 18	world. (a) Findings.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
17 18 19	world. (a) Findings.—Consistent with the report of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
17 18 19 20	world. (a) Findings.—Consistent with the report of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States, Congress makes the following findings:
17 18 19 20 21	world. (a) Findings.—Consistent with the report of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States, Congress makes the following findings: (1) Exchange, scholarship, and library pro-

1	(2) Exchange, scholarship, and library pro-
2	grams can expose young people from other countries
3	to United States values and offer them knowledge
4	and hope.
5	(b) Declaration of Policy.—Consistent with the
6	report of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks
7	Upon the United States, Congress declares that—
8	(1) the United States should commit to a long-
9	term and sustainable investment in promoting en-
10	gagement with people of all levels of society in coun-
11	tries with predominantly Muslim populations, par-
12	ticularly with youth and those who influence youth;
13	(2) such an investment should make use of the
14	talents and resources in the private sector and
15	should include programs to increase the number of
16	people who can be exposed to the United States and
17	its fundamental ideas and values in order to dispel
18	misconceptions; and
19	(3) such programs should include youth ex-
20	change programs, young ambassadors programs,
21	international visitor programs, academic and cul-
22	tural exchange programs, American Corner pro-
23	grams, library programs, journalist exchange pro-
24	grams, sister city programs, and other programs re-
25	lated to people-to-people diplomacy.

1	(c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
2	gress that the United States should significantly increase
3	its investment in the people-to-people programs described
4	in subsection (b).
5	(d) Authority To Expand Educational and
6	CULTURAL EXCHANGES.—The President is authorized to
7	substantially expand the exchange, scholarship, and li-
8	brary programs of the United States, especially such pro-
9	grams that benefit people in the Muslim world.
10	(e) Availability of Funds.—Of the amounts au-
11	thorized to be appropriated in each of the fiscal years
12	2005 and 2006 for educational and cultural exchange pro-
13	grams, there shall be available to the Secretary of State
14	such sums as may be necessary to carry out programs
15	under this section, unless otherwise authorized by Con-
16	gress.
17	SEC. 7112. PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO AMER-
18	ICAN-SPONSORED SCHOOLS IN PREDOMI-
19	NANTLY MUSLIM COUNTRIES TO PROVIDE
20	SCHOLARSHIPS.
21	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
22	ings:
23	(1) During the 2003–2004 school year, the Of-
24	fice of Overseas Schools of the Department of State

1	is financially assisting 189 elementary and sec-
2	ondary schools in foreign countries.
3	(2) United States-sponsored elementary and
4	secondary schools are located in more than 20 coun-
5	tries with predominantly Muslim populations in the
6	Near East, Africa, South Asia, Central Asia, and
7	East Asia.
8	(3) United States-sponsored elementary and
9	secondary schools provide an American-style edu-
10	cation in English, with curricula that typically in-
11	clude an emphasis on the development of critical
12	thinking and analytical skills.
13	(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—The United States has
14	an interest in increasing the level of financial support pro-
15	vided to United States-sponsored elementary and sec-
16	ondary schools in countries with predominantly Muslim
17	populations in order to—
18	(1) increase the number of students in such
19	countries who attend such schools;
20	(2) increase the number of young people who
21	may thereby gain at any early age an appreciation
22	for the culture, society, and history of the United
23	States; and

1	(3) increase the number of young people who
2	may thereby improve their proficiency in the English
3	language.
4	(c) Pilot Program.—The Secretary of State, acting
5	through the Director of the Office of Overseas Schools of
6	the Department of State, may conduct a pilot program
7	to make grants to United States-sponsored elementary
8	and secondary schools in countries with predominantly
9	Muslim populations for the purpose of providing full or
10	partial merit-based scholarships to students from lower-
11	income and middle-income families of such countries to
12	attend such schools.
13	(d) Determination of Eligible Students.—For
14	purposes of the pilot program, a United States-sponsored
15	elementary and secondary school that receives a grant
16	under the pilot program may establish criteria to be imple-
17	mented by such school to determine what constitutes
18	lower-income and middle-income families in the country
19	(or region of the country, if regional variations in income
20	levels in the country are significant) in which such school
21	is located.
22	(e) RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts ap-
23	propriated to the Secretary of State pursuant to the au-
24	thorization of appropriations in subsection (h) shall be
25	used for the sole purpose of making grants under this sec-

- 1 tion, and may not be used for the administration of the
- 2 Office of Overseas Schools of the Department of State or
- 3 for any other activity of the Office.
- 4 (f) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—Nothing in this
- 5 section shall be construed to require participation in the
- 6 pilot program by a United States-sponsored elementary or
- 7 secondary school in a predominantly Muslim country.
- 8 (g) Report.—Not later than April 15, 2006, the
- 9 Secretary of State shall submit to the Committee on Inter-
- 10 national Relations of the House of Representatives and
- 11 the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a re-
- 12 port on the pilot program. The report shall assess the suc-
- 13 cess of the program, examine any obstacles encountered
- 14 in its implementation, and address whether it should be
- 15 continued, and if so, provide recommendations to increase
- 16 its effectiveness.
- 17 (h) Funding.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 18 priated to the Secretary of State for each of the fiscal
- 19 years 2005 and 2006, unless otherwise authorized by Con-
- 20 gress, such sums as necessary to implement the pilot pro-
- 21 gram under this section.
- 22 SEC. 7113. INTERNATIONAL YOUTH OPPORTUNITY FUND.
- 23 (a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
- 24 tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
- 25 States, Congress makes the following findings:

1	(1) Education that teaches tolerance, the dig-
2	nity and value of each individual, and respect for
3	different beliefs is a key element in any global strat-
4	egy to eliminate terrorism.
5	(2) Education in the Middle East about the
6	world outside that region is weak.
7	(3) The United Nations has rightly equated lit-
8	eracy with freedom.
9	(4) The international community is moving to-
10	ward setting a concrete goal of reducing by half the
11	illiteracy rate in the Middle East by 2010, through
12	the implementation of education programs targeting
13	women and girls and programs for adult literacy,
14	and by other means.
15	(5) To be effective, efforts to improve education
16	in the Middle East must also include—
17	(A) support for the provision of basic edu-
18	cation tools, such as textbooks that translate
19	more of the world's knowledge into local lan-
20	guages and local libraries to house such mate-
21	rials; and
22	(B) more vocational education in trades
23	and business skills.
24	(6) The Middle East can benefit from some of
25	the same programs to bridge the digital divide that

1	already have been developed for other regions of the
2	world.
3	(b) International Youth Opportunity Fund.—
4	(1) Establishment.—The Secretary of State
5	is authorized to establish through an existing inter-
6	national organization, such as the United Nations
7	Educational, Science and Cultural Organization
8	(UNESCO) or other similar body, an International
9	Youth Opportunity Fund to provide financial assist-
10	ance for the improvement of public education in the
11	Middle East and other countries of strategic interest
12	with predominantly Muslim populations.
13	(2) International participation.—The Sec-
14	retary should seek the cooperation of the inter-
15	national community in establishing and generously
16	supporting the Fund.
17	SEC. 7114. THE USE OF ECONOMIC POLICIES TO COMBAT
18	TERRORISM.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
20	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
21	States, Congress makes the following findings:
22	(1) While terrorism is not caused by poverty,
23	breeding grounds for terrorism are created by back-
24	ward economic policies and repressive political re-

1	(2) Policies that support economic development
2	and reform also have political implications, as eco-
3	nomic and political liberties are often linked.
4	(3) The United States is working toward cre-
5	ating a Middle East Free Trade Area by 2013 and
6	implementing a free trade agreement with Bahrain,
7	and free trade agreements exist between the United
8	States and Israel and the United States and Jordan.
9	(4) Existing and proposed free trade agree-
10	ments between the United States and countries with
11	predominantly Muslim populations are drawing in-
12	terest from other countries in the Middle East re-
13	gion, and countries with predominantly Muslim pop-
14	ulations can become full participants in the rules-
15	based global trading system, as the United States
16	considers lowering its barriers to trade.
17	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
18	gress that—
19	(1) a comprehensive United States strategy to
20	counter terrorism should include economic policies
21	that encourage development, open societies, and op-
22	portunities for people to improve the lives of their
23	families and to enhance prospects for their children's
24	future;

1	(2) one element of such a strategy should en-
2	compass the lowering of trade barriers with the
3	poorest countries that have a significant population
4	of Muslim individuals;
5	(3) another element of such a strategy should
6	encompass United States efforts to promote eco-
7	nomic reform in countries that have a significant
8	population of Muslim individuals, including efforts to
9	integrate such countries into the global trading sys-
10	tem; and
11	(4) given the importance of the rule of law in
12	promoting economic development and attracting in-
13	vestment, the United States should devote an in-
14	creased proportion of its assistance to countries in
15	the Middle East to the promotion of the rule of law.
16	SEC. 7115. MIDDLE EAST PARTNERSHIP INITIATIVE.
17	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
18	are authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years
19	2005 and 2006, (unless otherwise authorized by Congress)
20	such sums as may be necessary for the Middle East Part-
21	nership Initiative.
22	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
23	gress that, given the importance of the rule of law and
24	economic reform to development in the Middle East, a sig-
25	nificant portion of the funds authorized to be appropriated

1	under subsection (a) should be made available to promote
2	the rule of law in the Middle East.
3	SEC. 7116. COMPREHENSIVE COALITION STRATEGY FOR
4	FIGHTING TERRORISM.
5	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
6	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
7	States, Congress makes the following findings:
8	(1) Almost every aspect of the counterterrorism
9	strategy of the United States relies on international
10	cooperation.
11	(2) Since September 11, 2001, the number and
12	scope of United States Government contacts with
13	foreign governments concerning counterterrorism
14	have expanded significantly, but such contacts have
15	often been ad hoc and not integrated as a com-
16	prehensive and unified approach to counterterrorism.
17	(b) In General.—The Secretary of State is author-
18	ized in consultation with relevant United States Govern-
19	ment agencies, to negotiate on a bilateral or multilateral
20	basis, as appropriate, international agreements under
21	which parties to an agreement work in partnership to ad-
22	dress and interdict acts of international terrorism.
23	(e) International Contact Group on
24	Counterterrorism.—

1	(1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
2	Congress that the President—
3	(A) should seek to engage the leaders of
4	the governments of other countries in a process
5	of advancing beyond separate and uncoordi-
6	nated national counterterrorism strategies to
7	develop with those other governments a com-
8	prehensive multilateral strategy to fight ter-
9	rorism; and
10	(B) to that end, should seek to establish
11	an international counterterrorism policy contact
12	group with the leaders of governments pro-
13	viding leadership in global counterterrorism ef-
14	forts and governments of countries with sizable
15	Muslim populations, to be used as a ready and
16	flexible international means for discussing and
17	coordinating the development of important
18	counterterrorism policies by the participating
19	governments.
20	(2) Authority.—The President is authorized
21	to establish an international counterterrorism policy
22	contact group with the leaders of governments re-
23	ferred to in paragraph (1) for the following pur-
24	poses:

1	(A) To meet annually, or more frequently
2	as the President determines appropriate, to de-
3	velop in common with such other governments
4	important policies and a strategy that address
5	the various components of international pros-
6	ecution of the war on terrorism, including poli-
7	cies and a strategy that address military issues,
8	law enforcement, the collection, analysis, and
9	dissemination of intelligence, issues relating to
10	interdiction of travel by terrorists,
11	counterterrorism-related customs issues, finan-
12	cial issues, and issues relating to terrorist sanc-
13	tuaries.
14	(B) To address, to the extent (if any) that
15	the President and leaders of other participating
16	governments determine appropriate, long-term
17	issues that can contribute to strengthening sta-
18	bility and security in the Middle East.
19	SEC. 7117. FINANCING OF TERRORISM.
20	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
21	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
22	States, Congress makes the following findings:
23	(1) The death or capture of several important
24	financial facilitators has decreased the amount of

1	money available to al Qaeda, and has made it more
2	difficult for al Qaeda to raise and move money.
3	(2) The capture of al Qaeda financial
4	facilitators has provided a windfall of intelligence
5	that can be used to continue the cycle of disruption.
6	(3) The United States Government has rightly
7	recognized that information about terrorist money
8	helps in understanding terror networks, searching
9	them out, and disrupting their operations.
10	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
11	gress that—
12	(1) a critical weapon in the effort to stop ter-
13	rorist financing should be the targeting of terrorist
14	financial facilitators by intelligence and law enforce-
15	ment agencies; and
16	(2) efforts to track terrorist financing must be
17	paramount in United States counterterrorism ef-
18	forts.
19	SEC. 7118. DESIGNATION OF FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANI-
20	ZATIONS.
21	(a) Period of Designation.—Section 219(a)(4) of
22	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
23	1189(a)(4)) is amended—
24	(1) in subparagraph (A)—

1	(A) by striking "Subject to paragraphs (5)
2	and (6), a" and inserting "A"; and
3	(B) by striking "for a period of 2 years be-
4	ginning on the effective date of the designation
5	under paragraph (2)(B)" and inserting "until
6	revoked under paragraph (5) or (6) or set aside
7	pursuant to subsection (c)";
8	(2) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting
9	the following:
10	"(B) REVIEW OF DESIGNATION UPON PE-
11	TITION.—
12	"(i) In General.—The Secretary
13	shall review the designation of a foreign
14	terrorist organization under the procedures
15	set forth in clauses (iii) and (iv) if the des-
16	ignated organization files a petition for
17	revocation within the petition period de-
18	scribed in clause (ii).
19	"(ii) Petition Period.—For pur-
20	poses of clause (i)—
21	"(I) if the designated organiza-
22	tion has not previously filed a petition
23	for revocation under this subpara-
24	graph, the petition period begins 2

1	years after the date on which the des-
2	ignation was made; or
3	"(II) if the designated organiza-
4	tion has previously filed a petition for
5	revocation under this subparagraph,
6	the petition period begins 2 years
7	after the date of the determination
8	made under clause (iv) on that peti-
9	tion.
10	"(iii) Procedures.—Any foreign ter-
11	rorist organization that submits a petition
12	for revocation under this subparagraph
13	must provide evidence in that petition that
14	the relevant circumstances described in
15	paragraph (1) are sufficiently different
16	from the circumstances that were the basis
17	for the designation such that a revocation
18	with respect to the organization is war-
19	ranted.
20	"(iv) Determination.—
21	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Not later
22	than 180 days after receiving a peti-
23	tion for revocation submitted under
24	this subparagraph, the Secretary shall

1	make a determination as to such rev-
2	ocation.
3	"(II) CLASSIFIED INFORMA-
4	TION.—The Secretary may consider
5	classified information in making a de-
6	termination in response to a petition
7	for revocation. Classified information
8	shall not be subject to disclosure for
9	such time as it remains classified, ex-
10	cept that such information may be
11	disclosed to a court ex parte and in
12	camera for purposes of judicial review
13	under subsection (c).
14	"(III) Publication of deter-
15	MINATION.—A determination made by
16	the Secretary under this clause shall
17	be published in the Federal Register.
18	"(IV) Procedures.—Any rev-
19	ocation by the Secretary shall be
20	made in accordance with paragraph
21	(6)."; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(C) OTHER REVIEW OF DESIGNATION.—
24	"(i) In general.—If in a 5-year pe-
25	riod no review has taken place under sub-

1	paragraph (B), the Secretary shall review
2	the designation of the foreign terrorist or-
3	ganization in order to determine whether
4	such designation should be revoked pursu-
5	ant to paragraph (6).
6	"(ii) Procedures.—If a review does
7	not take place pursuant to subparagraph
8	(B) in response to a petition for revocation
9	that is filed in accordance with that sub-
10	paragraph, then the review shall be con-
11	ducted pursuant to procedures established
12	by the Secretary. The results of such re-
13	view and the applicable procedures shall
14	not be reviewable in any court.
15	"(iii) Publication of results of
16	REVIEW.—The Secretary shall publish any
17	determination made pursuant to this sub-
18	paragraph in the Federal Register.".
19	(b) Aliases.—Section 219 of the Immigration and
20	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189) is amended—
21	(1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
22	subsections (c) and (d), respectively; and
23	(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
24	lowing new subsection (b):
25	"(b) Amendments to a Designation.—

"(1) In General.—The Secretary may amend
a designation under this subsection if the Secretary
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
finds that the organization has changed its name,
adopted a new alias, dissolved and then reconsti-
tuted itself under a different name or names, or
merged with another organization.
"(2) Procedure.—Amendments made to a
designation in accordance with paragraph (1) shall
be effective upon publication in the Federal Register.
Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (a)(2)
shall apply to an amended designation upon such
publication. Paragraphs (2)(A)(i), (4), (5), (6), (7),
and (8) of subsection (a) shall also apply to an
amended designation.
"(3) Administrative record.—The adminis-
trative record shall be corrected to include the
amendments as well as any additional relevant infor-
mation that supports those amendments.
"(4) Classified information.—The Sec-
retary may consider classified information in amend-
ing a designation in accordance with this subsection.
Classified information shall not be subject to disclo-
sure for such time as it remains classified, except

that such information may be disclosed to a court ex

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1	parte and in camera for purposes of judicial review
2	under subsection (e).".
3	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
4	Section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
5	U.S.C. 1189) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (a)—
7	(A) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "sub-
8	section (b)" and inserting "subsection (c)";
9	(B) in paragraph (6)(A)—
10	(i) in the matter preceding clause (i),
11	by striking "or a redesignation made under
12	paragraph (4)(B)" and inserting "at any
13	time, and shall revoke a designation upon
14	completion of a review conducted pursuant
15	to subparagraphs (B) and (C) of para-
16	graph (4)"; and
17	(ii) in clause (i), by striking "or redes-
18	ignation";
19	(C) in paragraph (7), by striking ", or the
20	revocation of a redesignation under paragraph
21	(6),"; and
22	(D) in paragraph (8)—
23	(i) by striking ", or if a redesignation
24	under this subsection has become effective
25	under paragraph (4)(B),"; and

1	(ii) by striking "or redesignation";
2	and
3	(2) in subsection (c), as so redesignated—
4	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "of the
5	designation in the Federal Register," and all
6	that follows through "review of the designa-
7	tion" and inserting "in the Federal Register of
8	a designation, an amended designation, or a de-
9	termination in response to a petition for revoca-
10	tion, the designated organization may seek judi-
11	cial review";
12	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting ",
13	amended designation, or determination in re-
14	sponse to a petition for revocation" after "des-
15	ignation";
16	(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting ",
17	amended designation, or determination in re-
18	sponse to a petition for revocation" after "des-
19	ignation"; and
20	(D) in paragraph (4), by inserting ",
21	amended designation, or determination in re-
22	sponse to a petition for revocation" after "des-
23	ignation" each place that term appears.
24	(d) SAVINGS PROVISION.—For purposes of applying
25	section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act on

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1	or after the date of enactment of this Act, the term "des-
2	ignation", as used in that section, includes all redesigna-
3	tions made pursuant to section 219(a)(4)(B) of the Immi-
4	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)(4)(B))
5	prior to the date of enactment of this Act, and such redes-
6	ignations shall continue to be effective until revoked as
7	provided in paragraph (5) or (6) of section 219(a) of the
8	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)).
9	SEC. 7119. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
10	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit
12	to Congress a report on the activities of the Government
13	of the United States to carry out the provisions of this
14	subtitle.
15	(b) CONTENTS.—The report required under this sec-
16	tion shall include the following:
17	(1) Terrorist sanctuaries.—A description
18	of the strategy of the United States to address and,
19	where possible, eliminate terrorist sanctuaries,
20	including—
21	(A) a description of the terrorist sanc-
22	tuaries that exist;
23	(B) an outline of strategies, tactics, and
24	tools for disrupting or eliminating the security

provided to terrorists by such sanctuaries;

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1	(C) a description of efforts by the United
2	States Government to work with other countries
3	in bilateral and multilateral for to elicit the co-
4	operation needed to identify and address ter-
5	rorist sanctuaries that may exist unknown to
6	governments; and
7	(D) a description of long-term goals and
8	actions designed to reduce the conditions that
9	allow the formation of terrorist sanctuaries,
10	such as supporting and strengthening host gov-
11	ernments, reducing poverty, increasing eco-
12	nomic development, strengthening civil society,
13	securing borders, strengthening internal secu-
14	rity forces, and disrupting logistics and commu-
15	nications networks of terrorist groups.
16	(2) Support for Pakistan.—A description of
17	a United States strategy to engage with Pakistan
18	and to support it over the long term, including—
19	(A) recommendations on the composition
20	and levels of assistance required in future
21	years, with special consideration of the proper
22	balance between security assistance and other
23	forms of assistance;
24	(B) a description of the composition and
25	levels of assistance, other than security assist-

1	ance, at present and in the recent past, struc-
2	tured to permit a comparison of current and
3	past practice with that recommended for the fu-
4	ture;
5	(C) measures that could be taken to ensure
6	that all forms of foreign assistance to Pakistan
7	have the greatest possible long-term positive im-
8	pact on the welfare of the Pakistani people and
9	on the ability of Pakistan to cooperate in global
10	efforts against terror; and
11	(D) measures that could be taken to allevi-
12	ate difficulties, misunderstandings, and com-
13	plications in the relationship between the
14	United States and Pakistan.
15	(3) Collaboration with saudi arabia.—A
16	description of the strategy of the United States for
17	expanding collaboration with the Government of
18	Saudi Arabia on subjects of mutual interest and of
19	importance, including a description of—
20	(A) steps that could usefully be taken to
21	institutionalize and make more transparent gov-
22	ernment to government relationships between
23	the United States and Saudi Arabia, including
24	the utility of undertaking periodic, formal, and
25	visible high-level dialogues between government

1	officials of both countries to address challenges
2	in the relationship between the 2 governments
3	and to identify areas and mechanisms for co-
4	operation;
5	(B) intelligence and security cooperation
6	between the United States and Saudi Arabia in
7	the fight against Islamist terrorism;
8	(C) ways to increase the contribution of
9	Saudi Arabia to the stability of the Middle East
10	and the Islamic world, particularly to the Mid-
11	dle East peace process, by eliminating support
12	from or within Saudi Arabia for extremist
13	groups or tendencies;
14	(D) political and economic reform in Saudi
15	Arabia and throughout the Islamic world;
16	(E) ways to promote greater tolerance and
17	respect for cultural and religious diversity in
18	Saudi Arabia and throughout the Islamic world;
19	and
20	(F) ways to assist the Government of
21	Saudi Arabia in reversing the impact of any fi-
22	nancial, moral, intellectual, or other support
23	provided in the past from Saudi sources to ex-
24	tremist groups in Saudi Arabia and other coun-

1	tries, and to prevent this support from con-
2	tinuing in the future.
3	(4) STRUGGLE OF IDEAS IN THE ISLAMIC
4	WORLD.—A description of a cohesive, long-term
5	strategy of the United States to help win the strug-
6	gle of ideas in the Islamic world, including the fol-
7	lowing:
8	(A) A description of specific goals related
9	to winning this struggle of ideas.
10	(B) A description of the range of tools
11	available to the United States Government to
12	accomplish such goals and the manner in which
13	such tools will be employed.
14	(C) A list of benchmarks for measuring
15	success and a plan for linking resources to the
16	accomplishment of such goals.
17	(D) A description of any additional re-
18	sources that may be necessary to help win this
19	struggle of ideas.
20	(E) Any recommendations for the creation
21	of, and United States participation in, inter-
22	national institutions for the promotion of de-
23	mocracy and economic diversification in the Is-
24	lamic world, and intraregional trade in the Mid-
25	dle East.

1	(F) An estimate of the level of United
2	States financial assistance that would be suffi-
3	cient to convince United States allies and peo-
4	ple in the Islamic world that engaging in the
5	struggle of ideas in the Islamic world is a top
6	priority of the United States and that the
7	United States intends to make a substantial
8	and sustained commitment toward winning this
9	struggle.
10	(5) Outreach through broadcast media.—
11	A description of a cohesive, long-term strategy of the
12	United States to expand its outreach to foreign Mus-
13	lim audiences through broadcast media, including
14	the following:
15	(A) The initiatives of the Broadcasting
16	Board of Governors with respect to outreach to
17	foreign Muslim audiences.
18	(B) An outline of recommended actions
19	that the United States Government should take
20	to more regularly and comprehensively present
21	a United States point of view through indige-
22	nous broadcast media in countries with pre-
23	dominantly Muslim populations, including in-
24	creasing appearances by United States Govern-
25	ment officials, experts, and citizens.

1	(C) An assessment of the major themes of
2	biased or false media coverage of the United
3	States in foreign countries and the actions
4	taken to address this type of media coverage.
5	(D) An assessment of potential incentives
6	for, and costs associated with, encouraging
7	United States broadcasters to dub or subtitle
8	into Arabic and other relevant languages their
9	news and public affairs programs broadcast in
10	the Muslim world in order to present those pro-
11	grams to a much broader Muslim audience than
12	is currently reached.
13	(E) Any recommendations the President
14	may have for additional funding and legislation
15	necessary to achieve the objectives of the strat-
16	egy.
17	(6) VISAS FOR PARTICIPANTS IN UNITED
18	STATES PROGRAMS.—A description of—
19	(A) any recommendations for expediting
20	the issuance of visas to individuals who are en-
21	tering the United States for the purpose of par-
22	ticipating in a scholarship, exchange, or visitor
23	program described in section 7111(b) without
24	compromising the security of the United States
25	and

1	(B) a proposed schedule for implementing
2	any recommendations described in subpara-
3	graph (A).
4	(7) Basic education in muslim coun-
5	TRIES.—A description of a strategy, that was devel-
6	oped after consultation with nongovernmental orga-
7	nizations and individuals involved in education as-
8	sistance programs in developing countries, to pro-
9	mote free universal basic education in the countries
10	of the Middle East and in other countries with pre-
11	dominantly Muslim populations designated by the
12	President. The strategy shall include the following
13	elements:
14	(A) A description of the manner in which
15	the resources of the United States and the
16	international community shall be used to help
17	achieve free universal basic education in such
18	countries, including—
19	(i) efforts of the United states to co-
20	ordinate an international effort;
21	(ii) activities of the United States to
22	leverage contributions from members of
23	the Group of Eight or other donors; and
24	(iii) assistance provided by the United
25	States to leverage contributions from the

1	private sector and civil society organiza-
2	tions.
3	(B) A description of the efforts of the
4	United States to coordinate with other donors
5	to reduce duplication and waste at the global
6	and country levels and to ensure efficient co-
7	ordination among all relevant departments and
8	agencies of the Government of the United
9	States.
10	(C) A description of the strategy of the
11	United States to assist efforts to overcome chal-
12	lenges to achieving free universal basic edu-
13	cation in such countries, including strategies to
14	target hard to reach populations to promote
15	education.
16	(D) A listing of countries that the Presi-
17	dent determines might be eligible for assistance
18	under the International Youth Opportunity
19	Fund described in section 7113(b) and related
20	programs.
21	(E) A description of the efforts of the
22	United States to encourage countries in the
23	Middle East and other countries with predomi-
24	nantly Muslim populations designated by the

1	President to develop and implement a national
2	education plan.
3	(F) A description of activities that could be
4	carried out as part of the International Youth
5	Opportunity Fund to help close the digital di-
6	vide and expand vocational and business skills
7	in such countries.
8	(G) An estimate of the funds needed to
9	achieve free universal basic education by 2015
10	in each country described in subparagraph (D),
11	and an estimate of the amount that has been
12	expended by the United States and by each
13	such country during the previous fiscal year.
14	(H) A description of the United States
15	strategy for garnering programmatic and finan-
16	cial support from countries in the Middle East
17	and other countries with predominantly Muslim
18	populations designated by the President, inter-
19	national organizations, and other countries that
20	share the objectives of the International Youth
21	Opportunity Fund.
22	(8) Economic Reform.—A description of the
23	efforts of the United States Government to encour-
24	age development and promote economic reform in

1	countries that have a predominantly Muslim popu-
2	lation, including a description of—
3	(A) efforts to integrate countries with pre-
4	dominantly Muslim populations into the global
5	trading system; and
6	(B) actions that the United States Govern-
7	ment, acting alone and in partnership with gov-
8	ernments in the Middle East, can take to pro-
9	mote intraregional trade and the rule of law in
10	the region.
11	(e) FORM OF REPORT.—Any report or other matter
12	that is required to be submitted to Congress (including
13	a committee of Congress) under this section may contain
14	a classified annex.
15	SEC. 7120. CASE-ZABLOCKI ACT REQUIREMENTS.
16	(a) Availability of Treaties and Inter-
17	NATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—Section 112a of title 1, United
18	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(d) The Secretary of State shall make publicly avail-
21	able through the Internet website of the Department of
22	State each treaty or international agreement proposed to
23	be published in the compilation entitled 'United States
24	Treaties and Other International Agreements' not later

1	than 180 days after the date on which the treaty or agree-
2	ment enters into force.".
3	(b) Transmission to Congress.—Section 112b(a)
4	of title 1, United States Code, is amended by striking
5	"Committee on Foreign Affairs" and inserting "Com-
6	mittee on International Relations".
7	(c) Report.—Section 112b of title 1, United States
8	Code, is amended—
9	(1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as
10	subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and
11	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(d)(1) The Secretary of State shall annually submit
14	to Congress a report that contains an index of all inter-
15	national agreements, listed by country, date, title, and
16	summary of each such agreement (including a description
17	of the duration of activities under the agreement and the
18	agreement itself), that the United States—
19	"(A) has signed, proclaimed, or with reference
20	to which any other final formality has been executed,
21	or that has been extended or otherwise modified,
22	during the preceding calendar year; and
23	"(B) has not been published, or is not proposed
24	to be published, in the compilation entitled 'United

1	States Treaties and Other International Agree-
2	ments'.
3	"(2) The report described in paragraph (1) may be
4	submitted in classified form.".
5	(d) Determination of International Agree-
6	MENT.—Subsection (e) of section 112b of title 1, United
7	States Code, as redesignated, is amended—
8	(1) by striking "(e) The Secretary of State"
9	and inserting the following:
10	"(e)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of
11	State"; and
12	(2) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(2)(A) An arrangement shall constitute an inter-
14	national agreement within the meaning of this section
15	(other than subsection (c)) irrespective of the duration of
16	activities under the arrangement or the arrangement
17	itself.
18	"(B) Arrangements that constitute an international
19	agreement within the meaning of this section (other than
20	subsection (c)) include the following:
21	"(i) A bilateral or multilateral counterterrorism
22	agreement.
23	"(ii) A bilateral agreement with a country that
24	is subject to a determination under section
25	6(j)(1)(A) of the Export Administration Act of 1979

1	(50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)(1)(A)), section 620A(a) of
2	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
3	2371(a)), or section 40(d) of the Arms Export Con-
4	trol Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)).".
5	(e) Enforcement of Requirements.—Section
6	139(b) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal
7	Years 1988 and 1989 is amended to read as follows:
8	"(b) Effective Date.—Subsection (a) shall take
9	effect 60 days after the date of enactment of the 911 Com-

- 12 SEC. 7121. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, this

10 mission Implementation Act of 2004 and shall apply dur-

ing fiscal years 2005, 2006, and 2007.".

- 14 subtitle shall take effect on the date of enactment of this
- 15 Act.

Subtitle B—Terrorist Travel and Effective Screening

- 18 SEC. 7201. COUNTERTERRORIST TRAVEL INTELLIGENCE.
- 19 (a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
- 20 tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
- 21 States, Congress makes the following findings:
- 22 (1) Travel documents are as important to ter-
- 23 rorists as weapons since terrorists must travel clan-
- destinely to meet, train, plan, case targets, and gain
- access to attack sites.

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1	(2) International travel is dangerous for terror-
2	ists because they must surface to pass through regu-
3	lated channels, present themselves to border security
4	officials, or attempt to circumvent inspection points.
5	(3) Terrorists use evasive, but detectable, meth-
6	ods to travel, such as altered and counterfeit pass-
7	ports and visas, specific travel methods and routes,
8	liaisons with corrupt government officials, human
9	smuggling networks, supportive travel agencies, and
10	immigration and identity fraud.
11	(4) Before September 11, 2001, no Federal
12	agency systematically analyzed terrorist travel strat-
13	egies. If an agency had done so, the agency could
14	have discovered the ways in which the terrorist pred-
15	ecessors to al Qaeda had been systematically, but
16	detectably, exploiting weaknesses in our border secu-
17	rity since the early 1990s.
18	(5) Many of the hijackers were potentially vul-
19	nerable to interception by border authorities. Ana-
20	lyzing their characteristic travel documents and trav-
21	el patterns could have allowed authorities to inter-
22	cept some of the hijackers and a more effective use
23	of information available in government databases

could have identified some of the hijackers.

24

- (6) The routine operations of our immigration laws and the aspects of those laws not specifically aimed at protecting against terrorism inevitably shaped al Qaeda's planning and opportunities.
 - (7) New insights into terrorist travel gained since September 11, 2001, have not been adequately integrated into the front lines of border security.
 - (8) The small classified terrorist travel intelligence collection and analysis program currently in place has produced useful results and should be expanded.

(b) Strategy.—

(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center shall submit to Congress unclassified and classified versions of a strategy for combining terrorist travel intelligence, operations, and law enforcement into a cohesive effort to intercept terrorists, find terrorist travel facilitators, and constrain terrorist mobility domestically and internationally. The report to Congress should include a description of the actions taken to implement the strategy and an assessment regarding vulnerabilities within the United States and foreign travel systems that may be exploited by international

1	terrorists, human smugglers and traffickers, and
2	their facilitators.
3	(2) COORDINATION.—The strategy shall be de-
4	veloped in coordination with all relevant Federal
5	agencies.
6	(3) Contents.—The strategy may address—
7	(A) a program for collecting, analyzing,
8	disseminating, and utilizing information and in-
9	telligence regarding terrorist travel tactics and
10	methods, and outline which Federal intelligence,
11	diplomatic, and law enforcement agencies will
12	be held accountable for implementing each ele-
13	ment of the strategy;
14	(B) the intelligence and law enforcement
15	collection, analysis, operations, and reporting
16	required to identify and disrupt terrorist travel
17	tactics, practices, patterns, and trends, and the
18	terrorist travel facilitators, document forgers,
19	human smugglers, travel agencies, and corrupt
20	border and transportation officials who assist
21	terrorists;
22	(C) the training and training materials re-
23	quired by consular, border, and immigration of-
24	ficials to effectively detect and disrupt terrorist
25	travel described under subsection (c)(3);

1	(D) the new technology and procedures re-
2	quired and actions to be taken to integrate ex-
3	isting counterterrorist travel document and mo-
4	bility intelligence into border security processes,
5	including consular, port of entry, border patrol,
6	maritime, immigration benefits, and related law
7	enforcement activities;
8	(E) the actions required to integrate cur-
9	rent terrorist mobility intelligence into military
10	force protection measures;
11	(F) the additional assistance to be given to
12	the interagency Human Smuggling and Traf-
13	ficking Center for purposes of combatting ter-
14	rorist travel, including further developing and
15	expanding enforcement and operational capa-
16	bilities that address terrorist travel;
17	(G) the actions to be taken to aid in the
18	sharing of information between the frontline
19	border agencies of the Department of Home-
20	land Security, the Department of State, and
21	classified and unclassified sources of
22	counterterrorist travel intelligence and informa-
23	tion elsewhere in the Federal Government, in-
24	cluding the Human Smuggling and Trafficking
25	Center;

1	(H) the development and implementation
2	of procedures to enable the National
3	Counterterrorism Center, or its designee, to
4	timely receive terrorist travel intelligence and
5	documentation obtained at consulates and ports
6	of entry, and by law enforcement officers and
7	military personnel;
8	(I) the use of foreign and technical assist-
9	ance to advance border security measures and
10	law enforcement operations against terrorist
11	travel facilitators;
12	(J) the feasibility of developing a program
13	to provide each consular, port of entry, and im-
14	migration benefits office with a counterterrorist
15	travel expert trained and authorized to use the
16	relevant authentication technologies and cleared
17	to access all appropriate immigration, law en-
18	forcement, and intelligence databases;
19	(K) the feasibility of digitally transmitting
20	suspect passport information to a central cadre
21	of specialists, either as an interim measure
22	until such time as experts described under sub-
23	paragraph (J) are available at consular, port of
24	entry, and immigration benefits offices, or oth-
25	erwise;

1	(L) the development of a mechanism to en-
2	sure the coordination and dissemination of ter-
3	rorist travel intelligence and operational infor-
4	mation among the Department of Homeland
5	Security, the Department of State, the National
6	Counterterrorism Center, and other appropriate
7	agencies;
8	(M) granting consular officers and immi-
9	gration adjudicators, as appropriate, the secu-
10	rity clearances necessary to access law enforce-
11	ment sensitive and intelligence databases; and
12	(N) how to integrate travel document
13	screening for terrorism indicators into border
14	screening, and how to integrate the intelligence
15	community into a robust travel document
16	screening process to intercept terrorists.
17	(c) Frontline Counterterrorist Travel Tech-
18	NOLOGY AND TRAINING.—
19	(1) Technology acquisition and dissemi-
20	NATION PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the
21	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
22	Homeland Security, in conjunction with the Sec-
23	retary of State, shall submit to Congress a plan de-
24	scribing how the Department of Homeland Security
25	and the Department of State can acquire and de-

1	ploy, to the maximum extent feasible, to all con-
2	sulates, ports of entry, and immigration benefits of-
3	fices, technologies that facilitate document authen-
4	tication and the detection of potential terrorist indi-
5	cators on travel documents. To the extent possible,
6	technologies acquired and deployed under this plan
7	shall be compatible with systems used by the De-
8	partment of Homeland Security to detect fraudulent
9	documents and identify genuine documents.
10	(2) Contents of Plan.—The plan submitted
11	under paragraph (1) shall—
12	(A) outline the timetable needed to acquire
13	and deploy the authentication technologies;
14	(B) identify the resources required to—
15	(i) fully disseminate these tech-
16	nologies; and
17	(ii) train personnel on use of these
18	technologies; and
19	(C) address the feasibility of using these
20	technologies to screen every passport or other
21	documentation described in section 7209(b)
22	submitted for identification purposes to a
23	United States consular, border, or immigration
24	official.
25	(d) Training Program.—

1	(1) REVIEW, EVALUATION, AND REVISION OF
2	EXISTING TRAINING PROGRAMS.—The Secretary of
3	Homeland Security shall—
4	(A) review and evaluate the training re-
5	garding travel and identity documents, and
6	techniques, patterns, and trends associated with
7	terrorist travel that is provided to personnel of
8	the Department of Homeland Security;
9	(B) in coordination with the Secretary of
10	State, review and evaluate the training de-
11	scribed in subparagraph (A) that is provided to
12	relevant personnel of the Department of State;
13	and
14	(C) in coordination with the Secretary of
15	State, develop and implement an initial training
16	and periodic retraining program—
17	(i) to teach border, immigration, and
18	consular officials (who inspect or review
19	travel or identity documents as part of
20	their official duties) how to effectively de-
21	tect, intercept, and disrupt terrorist travel;
22	and
23	(ii) to ensure that the officials de-
24	scribed in clause (i) regularly receive the
25	most current information on such matters

1	and are periodically retrained on the mat-
2	ters described in paragraph (2).
3	(2) Required topics of revised pro-
4	GRAMS.—The training program developed under
5	paragraph (1)(C) shall include training in—
6	(A) methods for identifying fraudulent and
7	genuine travel documents;
8	(B) methods for detecting terrorist indica-
9	tors on travel documents and other relevant
10	identity documents;
11	(C) recognition of travel patterns, tactics,
12	and behaviors exhibited by terrorists;
13	(D) effective utilization of information con-
14	tained in databases and data systems available
15	to the Department of Homeland Security; and
16	(E) other topics determined to be appro-
17	priate by the Secretary of Homeland Security,
18	in consultation with the Secretary of State or
19	the Director of National Intelligence.
20	(3) Implementation.—
21	(A) DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECU-
22	RITY.—
23	(i) In General.—The Secretary of
24	Homeland Security shall provide all border
25	and immigration officials who inspect or

1	review travel or identity documents as part
2	of their official duties with the training de-
3	scribed in paragraph (1)(C).
4	(ii) Report to congress.—Not later
5	than 12 months after the date of enact-
6	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter
7	for a period of 3 years, the Secretary of
8	Homeland Security shall submit a report
9	to Congress that—
10	(I) describes the number of bor-
11	der and immigration officials who in-
12	spect or review identity documents as
13	part of their official duties, and the
14	proportion of whom have received the
15	revised training program described in
16	paragraph (1)(C)(i);
17	(II) explains the reasons, if any,
18	for not completing the requisite train-
19	ing described in paragraph (1)(C)(i);
20	(III) provides a timetable for
21	completion of the training described in
22	paragraph (1)(C)(i) for those who
23	have not received such training; and
24	(IV) describes the status of peri-
25	odic retraining of appropriate per-

1	sonnel described in paragraph
2	(1)(C)(ii).
3	(B) Department of state.—
4	(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of
5	State shall provide all consular officers
6	who inspect or review travel or identity
7	documents as part of their official duties
8	with the training described in paragraph
9	(1)(C).
10	(ii) Report to congress.—Not later
11	than 12 months after the date of enact-
12	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter
13	for a period of 3 years, the Secretary of
14	State shall submit a report to Congress
15	that—
16	(I) describes the number of con-
17	sular officers who inspect or review
18	travel or identity documents as part of
19	their official duties, and the propor-
20	tion of whom have received the revised
21	training program described in para-
22	graph (1)(C)(i);
23	(II) explains the reasons, if any,
24	for not completing the requisite train-
25	ing described in paragraph (1)(C)(i);

1	(III) provides a timetable for
2	completion of the training described in
3	paragraph (1)(C)(i) for those who
4	have not received such training; and
5	(IV) describes the status of peri-
6	odic retraining of appropriate per-
7	sonnel described in paragraph
8	(1)(C)(ii).
9	(4) Assistance to others.—The Secretary of
10	Homeland Security may assist States, Indian tribes,
11	local governments, and private organizations to es-
12	tablish training programs related to terrorist travel
13	intelligence.
14	(5) Authorization of appropriations.—
15	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
16	as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years
17	2005 through 2009 to carry out the provisions of
18	this subsection.
19	(e) Enhancing Classified Counterterrorist
20	Travel Efforts.—
21	(1) In General.—The Director of National In-
22	telligence shall significantly increase resources and
23	personnel to the small classified program that col-
24	lects and analyzes intelligence on terrorist travel.

1	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There are authorized to be appropriated for each of
3	the fiscal years 2005 through 2009 such sums as
4	may be necessary to carry out this subsection.
5	SEC. 7202. ESTABLISHMENT OF HUMAN SMUGGLING AND
6	TRAFFICKING CENTER.
7	(a) Establishment.—There is established a
8	Human Smuggling and Trafficking Center (referred to in
9	this section as the "Center").
10	(b) OPERATION.—The Secretary of State, the Sec-
11	retary of Homeland Security, and the Attorney General
12	shall operate the Center in accordance with the Memo-
13	randum of Understanding entitled, "Human Smuggling
14	and Trafficking Center (HSTC), Charter".
15	(e) Functions.—In addition to such other respon-
16	sibilities as the President may assign, the Center shall—
17	(1) serve as the focal point for interagency ef-
18	forts to address terrorist travel;
19	(2) serve as a clearinghouse with respect to all
20	relevant information from all Federal Government
21	agencies in support of the United States strategy to
22	prevent separate, but related, issues of clandestine
23	terrorist travel and facilitation of migrant smuggling
24	and trafficking of persons;

1	(3) ensure cooperation among all relevant pol-
2	icy, law enforcement, diplomatic, and intelligence
3	agencies of the Federal Government to improve ef-
4	fectiveness and to convert all information available
5	to the Federal Government relating to clandestine
6	terrorist travel and facilitation, migrant smuggling,
7	and trafficking of persons into tactical, operational,
8	and strategic intelligence that can be used to combat
9	such illegal activities; and
10	(4) prepare and submit to Congress, on an an-
11	nual basis, a strategic assessment regarding
12	vulnerabilities in the United States and foreign trav-
13	el system that may be exploited by international ter-
14	rorists, human smugglers and traffickers, and their
15	facilitators.
16	(d) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
17	of enactment of this Act, the President shall transmit to
18	Congress a report regarding the implementation of this
19	section, including a description of the staffing and re-
20	source needs of the Center.
21	(e) Relationship to the NCTC.—As part of its
22	mission to combat terrorist travel, the Center shall work
23	to support the efforts of the National Counterterrorism
24	Center

1	SEC. 7203. RESPONSIBILITIES AND FUNCTIONS OF CON-
2	SULAR OFFICERS.
3	(a) Increased Number of Consular Officers.—
4	The Secretary of State, in each of fiscal years 2006
5	through 2009, may increase by 150 the number of posi-
6	tions for consular officers above the number of such posi-
7	tions for which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal
8	year.
9	(b) Limitation on Use of Foreign Nationals
10	FOR VISA SCREENING.—
11	(1) Immigrant visas.—Section 222(b) of the
12	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(b))
13	is amended by adding at the end the following: "All
14	immigrant visa applications shall be reviewed and
15	adjudicated by a consular officer.".
16	(2) Nonimmigrant visas.—Section 222(d) of
17	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
18	1202(d)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
19	lowing: "All nonimmigrant visa applications shall be
20	reviewed and adjudicated by a consular officer.".
21	(e) Training for Consular Officers in Detec-
22	TION OF FRAUDULENT DOCUMENTS.—Section 305(a) of
23	the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act
24	of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1734(a)) is amended by adding at the
25	end the following: "In accordance with section 7201(d) of
26	the 9/11 Commission Implementation Act of 2004, and

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- 1 as part of the consular training provided to such officers
- 2 by the Secretary of State, such officers shall also receive
- 3 training in detecting fraudulent documents and general
- 4 document forensics and shall be required as part of such
- 5 training to work with immigration officers conducting in-
- 6 spections of applicants for admission into the United
- 7 States at ports of entry.".
 - (d) Assignment of Anti-Fraud Specialists.—
- 9 (1) SURVEY REGARDING DOCUMENT FRAUD.—
 10 The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Sec11 retary of Homeland Security, shall conduct a survey
 12 of each diplomatic and consular post at which visas
 13 are issued to assess the extent to which fraudulent
 14 documents are presented by visa applicants to con-

(2) Requirement for specialist.—

sular officers at such posts.

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 31, 2005, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall identify the diplomatic and consular posts at which visas are issued that experience the greatest frequency of presentation of fraudulent documents by visa applicants. The Secretary of State shall assign or designate at each such post at least 1 full-time anti-fraud specialist

1	employed by the Department of State to assist
2	the consular officers at each such post in the
3	detection of such fraud.
4	(B) Exceptions.—The Secretary of State
5	is not required to assign or designate a spe-
6	cialist under subparagraph (A) at a diplomatic
7	or consular post if an employee of the Depart-
8	ment of Homeland Security, who has sufficient
9	training and experience in the detection of
10	fraudulent documents, is assigned on a full-time
11	basis to such post under section 428 of the
12	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 236).
13	SEC. 7204. INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS TO TRACK AND
14	CURTAIL TERRORIST TRAVEL THROUGH THE
15	USE OF FRAUDULENTLY OBTAINED DOCU-
13	
16	MENTS.
16 17	MENTS.
16 17 18	MENTS. (a) Findings.—Congress makes the following find-
16 17	MENTS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
16 17 18 19	MENTS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings: (1) International terrorists travel across inter-
16 17 18 19 20	MENTS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings: (1) International terrorists travel across international borders to raise funds, recruit members,
16 17 18 19 20 21	MENTS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings: (1) International terrorists travel across international borders to raise funds, recruit members, train for operations, escape capture, communicate,
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MENTS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings: (1) International terrorists travel across international borders to raise funds, recruit members, train for operations, escape capture, communicate, and plan and carry out attacks.

- sies of the United States in Kenya and Tanzania on August 7, 1998, the attack on the USS Cole on October 12, 2000, and the attack on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon on September 11, 2001, traveled across international borders to plan and carry out these attacks.
 - (3) The international terrorists who planned other attacks on the United States, including the plot to bomb New York City landmarks in 1993, the plot to bomb the New York City subway in 1997, and the millennium plot to bomb Los Angeles International Airport on December 31, 1999, traveled across international borders to plan and carry out these attacks.
 - (4) Many of the international terrorists who planned and carried out large-scale attacks against foreign targets, including the attack in Bali, Indonesia, on October 11, 2002, and the attack in Madrid, Spain, on March 11, 2004, traveled across international borders to plan and carry out these attacks.
 - (5) Throughout the 1990s, international terrorists, including those involved in the attack on the World Trade Center on February 26, 1993, the plot to bomb New York City landmarks in 1993, and the

1	millennium plot to bomb Los Angeles International
2	Airport on December 31, 1999, traveled on fraudu-
3	lent passports and often had more than 1 passport.
4	(6) Two of the September 11, 2001, hijackers
5	were carrying passports that had been manipulated
6	in a fraudulent manner.
7	(7) The National Commission on Terrorist At-
8	tacks Upon the United States, (commonly referred
9	to as the 9/11 Commission), stated that "Targeting
10	travel is at least as powerful a weapon against ter-
11	rorists as targeting their money.".
12	(b) International Agreements To Track and
13	CURTAIL TERRORIST TRAVEL.—
	(1) International agreement on lost,
14	(1) INTERMATIONAL ACREEMENT ON LOSI,
1415	STOLEN, OR FALSIFIED DOCUMENTS.—The Presi-
15	STOLEN, OR FALSIFIED DOCUMENTS.—The Presi-
15 16	STOLEN, OR FALSIFIED DOCUMENTS.—The President should lead efforts to track and curtail the
151617	STOLEN, OR FALSIFIED DOCUMENTS.—The President should lead efforts to track and curtail the travel of terrorists by supporting the drafting, adop-
15 16 17 18	stolen, or falsified documents.—The President should lead efforts to track and curtail the travel of terrorists by supporting the drafting, adoption, and implementation of international agree-
15 16 17 18 19	STOLEN, OR FALSIFIED DOCUMENTS.—The President should lead efforts to track and curtail the travel of terrorists by supporting the drafting, adoption, and implementation of international agreements, and relevant United Nations Security Council
15 16 17 18 19 20	stolen, or falsified documents.—The President should lead efforts to track and curtail the travel of terrorists by supporting the drafting, adoption, and implementation of international agreements, and relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions to track and stop international travel by
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	stolen, or falsified documents.—The President should lead efforts to track and curtail the travel of terrorists by supporting the drafting, adoption, and implementation of international agreements, and relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions to track and stop international travel by terrorists and other criminals through the use of

1	(2) Contents of International Agree-
2	MENT.—The President should seek, as appropriate,
3	the adoption or full implementation of effective
4	international measures to—
5	(A) share information on lost, stolen, and
6	fraudulent passports and other travel docu-
7	ments for the purposes of preventing the unde-
8	tected travel of persons using such passports
9	and other travel documents that were obtained
10	improperly;
11	(B) establish and implement a real-time
12	verification system of passports and other travel
13	documents with issuing authorities;
14	(C) share with officials at ports of entry in
15	any such country information relating to lost,
16	stolen, and fraudulent passports and other trav-
17	el documents;
18	(D) encourage countries—
19	(i) to criminalize—
20	(I) the falsification or counter-
21	feiting of travel documents or breeder
22	documents for any purpose;
23	(II) the use or attempted use of
24	false documents to obtain a visa or
25	cross a border for any purpose;

1	(III) the possession of tools or
2	implements used to falsify or counter-
3	feit such documents;
4	(IV) the trafficking in false or
5	stolen travel documents and breeder
6	documents for any purpose;
7	(V) the facilitation of travel by a
8	terrorist; and
9	(VI) attempts to commit, includ-
10	ing conspiracies to commit, the crimes
11	specified in subclauses (I) through
12	(V);
13	(ii) to impose significant penalties to
14	appropriately punish violations and effec-
15	tively deter the crimes specified in clause
16	(i); and
17	(iii) to limit the issuance of citizenship
18	papers, passports, identification docu-
19	ments, and similar documents to persons—
20	(I) whose identity is proven to
21	the issuing authority;
22	(II) who have a bona fide entitle-
23	ment to or need for such documents;
24	and

1	(III) who are not issued such
2	documents principally on account of a
3	disproportional payment made by
4	them or on their behalf to the issuing
5	authority;
6	(E) provide technical assistance to coun-
7	tries to help them fully implement such meas-
8	ures; and
9	(F) permit immigration and border
10	officials—
11	(i) to confiscate a lost, stolen, or fal-
12	sified passport at ports of entry;
13	(ii) to permit the traveler to return to
14	the sending country without being in pos-
15	session of the lost, stolen, or falsified pass-
16	port; and
17	(iii) to detain and investigate such
18	traveler upon the return of the traveler to
19	the sending country.
20	(3) International civil aviation organiza-
21	TION.—The United States shall lead efforts to track
22	and curtail the travel of terrorists by supporting ef-
23	forts at the International Civil Aviation Organization
24	to continue to strengthen the security features of
25	passports and other travel documents.

1	(e) Report.—
2	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
3	the date of enactment of this Act, and at least annu-
4	ally thereafter, the President shall submit to the ap-
5	propriate congressional committees a report on
6	progress toward achieving the goals described in
7	subsection (b).
8	(2) Termination.—Paragraph (1) shall cease
9	to be effective when the President certifies to the
10	Committee on International Relations of the House
11	of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign
12	Relations of the Senate that the goals described in
13	subsection (b) have been fully achieved.
14	SEC. 7205. INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS FOR TRANS-
15	LITERATION OF NAMES INTO THE ROMAN AL-
16	PHABET FOR INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL DOCU-
17	MENTS AND NAME-BASED WATCHLIST SYS-
18	TEMS.
19	(a) Engrance Communication (c. 1)
	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
20	ings:
2021	
	ings:
21	ings: (1) The current lack of a single convention for
21 22	ings: (1) The current lack of a single convention for translating Arabic names enabled some of the 19 hi-

I	to defeat name-based terrorist watchlist systems and
2	to make more difficult any potential efforts to locate
3	them.
4	(2) Although the development and utilization of
5	terrorist watchlist systems using biometric identi-
6	fiers will be helpful, the full development and utiliza-
7	tion of such systems will take several years, and
8	name-based terrorist watchlist systems will always
9	be useful.
10	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
11	gress that the President should seek to enter into an inter-
12	national agreement to modernize and improve standards
13	for the transliteration of names into the Roman alphabet
14	in order to ensure 1 common spelling for such names for
15	international travel documents and name-based watchlist
16	systems.
17	SEC. 7206. IMMIGRATION SECURITY INITIATIVE.
18	(a) In General.—Section 235A(b) of the Immigra-
19	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1225a(b)) is
20	amended—
21	(1) in the subsection heading, by inserting
22	"AND IMMIGRATION SECURITY INITIATIVE" after
23	"Program";
24	(2) by striking "Attorney General" and insert-
25	ing "Secretary of Homeland Security"; and

1	(3) by adding at the end the following: "Begin-
2	ning not later than December 31, 2006, the number
3	of airports selected for an assignment under this
4	subsection shall be at least 50.".
5	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
6	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of
7	Homeland Security to carry out the amendments made by
8	subsection (a)—
9	(1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2005;
10	(2) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2006; and
11	(3) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.
12	SEC. 7207. CERTIFICATION REGARDING TECHNOLOGY FOR
	SEC. 7207. CERTIFICATION REGARDING TECHNOLOGY FOR VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS.
13	
13 14	VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS.
13 14 15	VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS. Not later than October 26, 2006, the Secretary of
12 13 14 15 16	VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS. Not later than October 26, 2006, the Secretary of State shall certify to Congress which of the countries designated to participate in the visa waiver program establishment.
13 14 15 16	VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS. Not later than October 26, 2006, the Secretary of State shall certify to Congress which of the countries designated to participate in the visa waiver program establishment.
13 14 15 16	VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS. Not later than October 26, 2006, the Secretary of State shall certify to Congress which of the countries designated to participate in the visa waiver program established under section 217 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1187) are developing a program to
13 14 15 16 17	VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS. Not later than October 26, 2006, the Secretary of State shall certify to Congress which of the countries designated to participate in the visa waiver program established under section 217 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1187) are developing a program to issue to individuals seeking to enter that country pursuant
13 14 15 16 17 18	VISA WAIVER PARTICIPANTS. Not later than October 26, 2006, the Secretary of State shall certify to Congress which of the countries designated to participate in the visa waiver program established under section 217 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1187) are developing a program to issue to individuals seeking to enter that country pursuant
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Not later than October 26, 2006, the Secretary of State shall certify to Congress which of the countries designated to participate in the visa waiver program established under section 217 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1187) are developing a program to issue to individuals seeking to enter that country pursuant to a visa issued by that country, a machine readable visa

1	SEC. 7208. BIOMETRIC ENTRY AND EXIT DATA SYSTEM.
2	(a) FINDING.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
3	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
4	States, Congress finds that completing a biometric entry
5	and exit data system as expeditiously as possible is an es-
6	sential investment in efforts to protect the United States
7	by preventing the entry of terrorists.
8	(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "entry
9	and exit data system" means the entry and exit system
10	required by applicable sections of—
11	(1) the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immi-
12	grant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–
13	208);
14	(2) the Immigration and Naturalization Service
15	Data Management Improvement Act of 2000 (Public
16	Law 106–205);
17	(3) the Visa Waiver Permanent Program Act
18	(Public Law 106–396);
19	(4) the Enhanced Border Security and Visa
20	Entry Reform Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–173);
21	and
22	(5) the Uniting and Strengthening America by
23	Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept
24	and Obstruct Terrorism (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act
25	of 2001 (Public Law 107–56).

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(c) Plan and Report.—

1	(1) DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN.—The Secretary
2	of Homeland Security shall develop a plan to accel-
3	erate the full implementation of an automated bio-
4	metric entry and exit data system.
5	(2) Report.—Not later than 180 days after
6	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
7	shall submit a report to Congress on the plan devel-
8	oped under paragraph (1), which shall contain—
9	(A) a description of the current
10	functionality of the entry and exit data system,
11	including—
12	(i) a listing of ports of entry and
13	other Department of Homeland Security
14	and Department of State locations with bi-
15	ometric entry data systems in use and
16	whether such screening systems are located
17	at primary or secondary inspection areas;
18	(ii) a listing of ports of entry and
19	other Department of Homeland Security
20	and Department of State locations with bi-
21	ometric exit data systems in use;
22	(iii) a listing of databases and data
23	systems with which the entry and exit data
24	system are interoperable;
25	(iv) a description of—

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1	(I) identified deficiencies con-
2	cerning the accuracy or integrity of
3	the information contained in the entry
4	and exit data system;
5	(II) identified deficiencies con-
6	cerning technology associated with
7	processing individuals through the
8	system; and
9	(III) programs or policies
10	planned or implemented to correct
11	problems identified in subclause (I) or
12	(II); and
13	(v) an assessment of the effectiveness
14	of the entry and exit data system in ful-
15	filling its intended purposes, including pre-
16	venting terrorists from entering the United
17	States;
18	(B) a description of factors relevant to the
19	accelerated implementation of the biometric
20	entry and exit data system, including—
21	(i) the earliest date on which the Sec-
22	retary estimates that full implementation
23	of the biometric entry and exit data system
24	can be completed;

1	(ii) the actions the Secretary will take
2	to accelerate the full implementation of the
3	biometric entry and exit data system at all
4	ports of entry through which all aliens
5	must pass that are legally required to do
6	so; and
7	(iii) the resources and authorities re-
8	quired to enable the Secretary to meet the
9	implementation date described in clause
10	(i);
11	(C) a description of any improvements
12	needed in the information technology employed
13	for the biometric entry and exit data system;
14	(D) a description of plans for improved or
15	added interoperability with any other databases
16	or data systems; and
17	(E) a description of the manner in which
18	the Department of Homeland Security's US-
19	VISIT program—
20	(i) meets the goals of a comprehensive
21	entry and exit screening system, including
22	both entry and exit biometric; and
23	(ii) fulfills the statutory obligations
24	under subsection (b).

1	(d) Collection of Biometric Exit Data.—The
2	entry and exit data system shall include a requirement for
3	the collection of biometric exit data for all categories of
4	individuals who are required to provide biometric entry
5	data, regardless of the port of entry where such categories
6	of individuals entered the United States.
7	(e) Integration and Interoperability.—
8	(1) Integration of data system.—Not later
9	than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act,
10	the Secretary shall fully integrate all databases and
11	data systems that process or contain information on
12	aliens, which are maintained by—
13	(A) the Department of Homeland Security,
14	at—
15	(i) the United States Immigration and
16	Customs Enforcement;
17	(ii) the United States Customs and
18	Border Protection; and
19	(iii) the United States Citizenship and
20	Immigration Services;
21	(B) the Department of Justice, at the Ex-
22	ecutive Office for Immigration Review; and
23	(C) the Department of State, at the Bu-
24	reau of Consular Affairs

1	(2) INTEROPERABLE COMPONENT.—The fully
2	integrated data system under paragraph (1) shall be
3	an interoperable component of the entry and exit
4	data system.
5	(3) Interoperable data system.—Not later
6	than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act,
7	the Secretary shall fully implement an interoperable
8	electronic data system, as required by section 202 of
9	the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Re-
10	form Act (8 U.S.C. 1722) to provide current and
11	immediate access to information in the databases of
12	Federal law enforcement agencies and the intel-
13	ligence community that is relevant to determine—
14	(A) whether to issue a visa; or
15	(B) the admissibility or deportability of an
16	alien.
17	(f) Maintaining Accuracy and Integrity of
18	ENTRY AND EXIT DATA SYSTEM.—
19	(1) Policies and procedures.—
20	(A) Establishment.—The Secretary of
21	Homeland Security shall establish rules, guide-
22	lines, policies, and operating and auditing pro-
23	cedures for collecting, removing, and updating
24	data maintained in, and adding information to,

1	the entry and exit data system that ensure the
2	accuracy and integrity of the data.
3	(B) Training.—The Secretary shall de-
4	velop training on the rules, guidelines, policies,
5	and procedures established under subparagraph
6	(A), and on immigration law and procedure. All
7	personnel authorized to access information
8	maintained in the databases and data system
9	shall receive such training.
10	(2) Data collected from foreign nation-
11	ALS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, the Sec-
12	retary of State, and the Attorney General, after con-
13	sultation with directors of the relevant intelligence
14	agencies, shall standardize the information and data
15	collected from foreign nationals, and the procedures
16	utilized to collect such data, to ensure that the infor-
17	mation is consistent and valuable to officials access-
18	ing that data across multiple agencies.
19	(3) Data Maintenance Procedures.—Heads
20	of agencies that have databases or data systems
21	linked to the entry and exit data system shall estab-
22	lish rules, guidelines, policies, and operating and au-
23	diting procedures for collecting, removing, and up-
24	dating data maintained in, and adding information

to, such databases or data systems that ensure the

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I	accuracy and integrity of the data and for limiting
2	access to the information in the databases or data
3	systems to authorized personnel.
4	(4) Requirements.—The rules, guidelines,
5	policies, and procedures established under this sub-
6	section shall—
7	(A) incorporate a simple and timely meth-
8	od for—
9	(i) correcting errors in a timely and
10	effective manner;
11	(ii) determining which government of-
12	ficer provided data so that the accuracy of
13	the data can be ascertained; and
14	(iii) clarifying information known to
15	cause false hits or misidentification errors;
16	(B) include procedures for individuals to—
17	(i) seek corrections of data contained
18	in the databases or data systems; and
19	(ii) appeal decisions concerning data
20	contained in the databases or data sys-
21	tems;
22	(C) strictly limit the agency personnel au-
23	thorized to enter data into the system;
24	(D) identify classes of information to be
25	designated as temporary or permanent entries,

1	with corresponding expiration dates for tem-
2	porary entries; and
3	(E) identify classes of prejudicial informa-
4	tion requiring additional authority of super-
5	visory personnel before entry.
6	(5) Centralizing and streamlining cor-
7	RECTION PROCESS.—
8	(A) In general.—The President, or agen-
9	cy director designated by the President, shall
10	establish a clearinghouse bureau in the Depart-
11	ment of Homeland Security, to centralize and
12	streamline the process through which members
13	of the public can seek corrections to erroneous
14	or inaccurate information contained in agency
15	databases, which is related to immigration sta-
16	tus, or which otherwise impedes lawful admis-
17	sion to the United States.
18	(B) Time schedules.—The process de-
19	scribed in subparagraph (A) shall include spe-
20	cific time schedules for reviewing data correc-
21	tion requests, rendering decisions on such re-
22	quests, and implementing appropriate corrective
23	action in a timely manner.
24	(g) Integrated Biometric Entry-Exit Screen-
25	ING SYSTEM.—The biometric entry and exit data system

1	shall facilitate efficient immigration benefits processing
2	by—
3	(1) ensuring that the system's tracking capa-
4	bilities encompass data related to all immigration
5	benefits processing, including—
6	(A) visa applications with the Department
7	of State;
8	(B) immigration related filings with the
9	Department of Labor;
10	(C) cases pending before the Executive Of-
11	fice for Immigration Review; and
12	(D) matters pending or under investigation
13	before the Department of Homeland Security;
14	(2) utilizing a biometric based identity number
15	tied to an applicant's biometric algorithm established
16	under the entry and exit data system to track all im-
17	migration related matters concerning the applicant;
18	(3) providing that—
19	(A) all information about an applicant's
20	immigration related history, including entry and
21	exit history, can be queried through electronic
22	means; and
23	(B) database access and usage guidelines
24	include stringent safeguards to prevent misuse
25	of data;

1	(4) providing real-time updates to the informa-
2	tion described in paragraph (3)(A), including perti-
3	nent data from all agencies referred to in paragraph
4	(1); and
5	(5) providing continuing education in
6	counterterrorism techniques, tools, and methods for
7	all Federal personnel employed in the evaluation of
8	immigration documents and immigration-related pol-
9	iey.
10	(h) Entry-Exit System Goals.—The Department
11	of Homeland Security shall operate the biometric entry
12	and exit system so that it—
13	(1) serves as a vital counterterrorism tool;
14	(2) screens travelers efficiently and in a wel-
15	coming manner;
16	(3) provides inspectors and related personnel
17	with adequate real-time information;
18	(4) ensures flexibility of training and security
19	protocols to most effectively comply with security
20	mandates;
21	(5) integrates relevant databases and plans for
22	database modifications to address volume increase
23	and database usage; and
24	(6) improves database search capacities by uti-
25	lizing language algorithms to detect alternate names

1	(i) Dedicated Specialists and Front Line Per-
2	SONNEL TRAINING.—In implementing the provisions of
3	subsections (g) and (h), the Department of Homeland Se-
4	curity and the Department of State shall—
5	(1) develop cross-training programs that focus
6	on the scope and procedures of the entry and exit
7	data system;
8	(2) provide extensive community outreach and
9	education on the entry and exit data system's proce-
10	dures;
11	(3) provide clear and consistent eligibility
12	guidelines for applicants in low-risk traveler pro-
13	grams; and
14	(4) establish ongoing training modules on immi-
15	gration law to improve adjudications at our ports of
16	entry, consulates, and embassies.
17	(j) Compliance Status Reports.—Not later than
18	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
19	retary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of State, the
20	Attorney General, and the head of any other department
21	or agency subject to the requirements of this section, shall
22	issue individual status reports and a joint status report
23	detailing the compliance of the department or agency with
24	each requirement under this section.

1	(k) Expediting Registered Travelers Across
2	International Borders.—
3	(1) Findings.—Consistent with the report of
4	the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon
5	the United States, Congress makes the following
6	findings:
7	(A) Expediting the travel of previously
8	screened and known travelers across the bor-
9	ders of the United States should be a high pri-
10	ority.
11	(B) The process of expediting known trav-
12	elers across the borders of the United States
13	can permit inspectors to better focus on identi-
14	fying terrorists attempting to enter the United
15	States.
16	(2) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
17	"registered traveler program" means any program
18	designed to expedite the travel of previously screened
19	and known travelers across the borders of the
20	United States.
21	(3) Registered travel program.—
22	(A) In general.—As soon as is prac-
23	ticable, the Secretary shall develop and imple-
24	ment a registered traveler program to expedite

1	the processing of registered travelers who enter
2	and exit the United States.
3	(B) Participation.—The registered trav-
4	eler program shall include as many participants
5	as practicable by—
6	(i) minimizing the cost of enrollment;
7	(ii) making program enrollment con-
8	venient and easily accessible; and
9	(iii) providing applicants with clear
10	and consistent eligibility guidelines.
11	(C) Integration.—The registered trav-
12	eler program shall be integrated into the auto-
13	mated biometric entry and exit data system de-
14	scribed in this section.
15	(D) REVIEW AND EVALUATION.—In devel-
16	oping the registered traveler program, the Sec-
17	retary shall—
18	(i) review existing programs or pilot
19	projects designed to expedite the travel of
20	registered travelers across the borders of
21	the United States;
22	(ii) evaluate the effectiveness of the
23	programs described in clause (i), the costs
24	associated with such programs, and the
25	costs to travelers to join such programs:

1	(iii) increase research and develop-
2	ment efforts to accelerate the development
3	and implementation of a single registered
4	traveler program; and
5	(iv) review the feasibility of allowing
6	participants to enroll in the registered
7	traveler program at consular offices.
8	(4) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
10	submit to Congress a report describing the Depart-
11	ment's progress on the development and implemen-
12	tation of the registered traveler program.
13	(l) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
14	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, for
15	each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2009, such sums
16	as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this
17	section.
18	SEC. 7209. TRAVEL DOCUMENTS.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
20	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
21	States, Congress makes the following findings:
22	(1) Existing procedures allow many individuals
23	to enter the United States by showing minimal iden-
24	tification or without showing any identification.

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1	(2) The planning for the terrorist attacks of
2	September 11, 2001, demonstrates that terrorists
3	study and exploit United States vulnerabilities.

- (3) Additional safeguards are needed to ensure that terrorists cannot enter the United States.
- (b) Passports.—

(1) DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall develop and implement a plan as expeditiously as possible to require a passport or document, or combination of documents, deemed by the Secretary of Homeland Security to be sufficient to denote identity and citizenship, for all travel into the United States by United States citizens and by categories of individuals for whom documentation requirements have previously been waived under section 212(d)(4)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(4)(B)). This plan shall be implemented not later than January 1, 2008, and shall seek to expedite the travel of frequent travelers, including those who reside in border communities, and in doing so, shall make readily available a registered traveler program (as described in section 7208(k)).

1	(2) REQUIREMENT TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTA-
2	TION.—The plan developed under paragraph (1)
3	shall require all United States citizens, and cat-
4	egories of individuals for whom documentation re-
5	quirements have previously been waived under sec-
6	tion 212(d)(4)(B) of such Act, to carry and produce
7	the documentation described in paragraph (1) when
8	traveling from foreign countries into the United
9	States.
10	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
11	After the complete implementation of the plan described
12	in subsection (b)—
13	(1) neither the Secretary of State nor the Sec-
14	retary of Homeland Security may exercise discretion
15	under section 212(d)(4)(B) of such Act to waive
16	documentary requirements for travel into the United
17	States; and
18	(2) the President may not exercise discretion
19	under section 215(b) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1185(b))
20	to waive documentary requirements for United
21	States citizens departing from or entering, or at-
22	tempting to depart from or enter, the United States
23	except—
24	(A) where the Secretary of Homeland Se-
25	curity determines that the alternative docu-

1	mentation that is the basis for the waiver of the
2	documentary requirement is sufficient to denote
3	identity and citizenship;
4	(B) in the case of an unforeseen emer-
5	gency in individual cases; or
6	(C) in the case of humanitarian or national
7	interest reasons in individual cases.
8	(d) Transit Without Visa Program.—The Sec-
9	retary of State shall not use any authorities granted under
10	section 212(d)(4)(C) of such Act until the Secretary, in
11	conjunction with the Secretary of Homeland Security,
12	completely implements a security plan to fully ensure se-
13	cure transit passage areas to prevent aliens proceeding in
14	immediate and continuous transit through the United
15	States from illegally entering the United States.
16	SEC. 7210. EXCHANGE OF TERRORIST INFORMATION AND
17	INCREASED PREINSPECTION AT FOREIGN
18	AIRPORTS.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
20	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
21	States, Congress makes the following findings:
22	(1) The exchange of terrorist information with
23	other countries, consistent with privacy require-
24	ments, along with listings of lost and stolen pass-
25	ports, will have immediate security benefits.

1	(2) The further away from the borders of the
2	United States that screening occurs, the more secu-
3	rity benefits the United States will gain.
4	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
5	gress that—
6	(1) the Federal Government should exchange
7	terrorist information with trusted allies;
8	(2) the Federal Government should move to-
9	ward real-time verification of passports with issuing
10	authorities;
11	(3) where practicable, the Federal Government
12	should conduct screening before a passenger departs
13	on a flight destined for the United States;
14	(4) the Federal Government should work with
15	other countries to ensure effective inspection regimes
16	at all airports;
17	(5) the Federal Government should work with
18	other countries to improve passport standards and
19	provide foreign assistance to countries that need
20	help making the transition to the global standard for
21	identification; and
22	(6) the Department of Homeland Security, in
23	coordination with the Department of State and other
24	Federal agencies, should implement the initiatives
25	called for in this subsection.

1	(c) Report Regarding the Exchange of Ter-
2	RORIST INFORMATION.—
3	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
4	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
5	retary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
6	rity, working with other Federal agencies, shall sub-
7	mit to the appropriate committees of Congress a re-
8	port on Federal efforts to collaborate with allies of
9	the United States in the exchange of terrorist infor-
10	mation.
11	(2) Contents.—The report shall outline—
12	(A) strategies for increasing such collabo-
13	ration and cooperation;
14	(B) progress made in screening passengers
15	before their departure to the United States; and
16	(C) efforts to work with other countries to
17	accomplish the goals described under this sec-
18	tion.
19	(d) Preinspection at Foreign Airports.—
20	(1) In general.—Section 235A(a)(4) of the
21	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
22	1225a(a)(4)) is amended to read as follows:
23	"(4) Subject to paragraph (5), not later than
24	January 1, 2008, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
25	rity, in consultation with the Secretary of State,

1	shall establish preinspection stations in at least 25
2	additional foreign airports, which the Secretary of
3	Homeland Security, in consultation with the Sec-
4	retary of State, determines, based on the data com-
5	piled under paragraph (3) and such other informa-
6	tion as may be available, would most effectively fa-
7	cilitate the travel of admissible aliens and reduce the
8	number of inadmissible aliens, especially aliens who
9	are potential terrorists, who arrive from abroad by
10	air at points of entry within the United States. Such
11	preinspection stations shall be in addition to those
12	established before September 30, 1996, or pursuant
13	to paragraph (1).".
14	(2) Report.—Not later than June 30, 2006,
15	the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Sec-
16	retary of State shall submit a report on the progress
17	being made in implementing the amendment made
18	by paragraph (1) to—
19	(A) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
20	Senate;
21	(B) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
22	House of Representatives;
23	(C) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
24	the Senate;

1	(D) the Committee on International Rela-
2	tions of the House of Representatives;
3	(E) the Committee on Homeland Security
4	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
5	(F) the Select Committee on Homeland
6	Security of the House of Representatives (or
7	any successor committee).
8	SEC. 7211. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR BIRTH CERTIFI-
9	CATES.
10	(a) Definition.—In this section, the term "birth
11	certificate" means a certificate of birth—
12	(1) for an individual (regardless of where
13	born)—
14	(A) who is a citizen or national of the
15	United States at birth; and
16	(B) whose birth is registered in the United
17	States; and
18	(2) that—
19	(A) is issued by a Federal, State, or local
20	government agency or authorized custodian of
21	record and produced from birth records main-
22	tained by such agency or custodian of record; or
23	(B) is an authenticated copy, issued by a
24	Federal, State, or local government agency or
25	authorized custodian of record, of an original

1	certificate of birth issued by such agency or
2	custodian of record.
3	(b) Standards for Acceptance by Federal
4	AGENCIES.—
5	(1) In general.—Beginning 2 years after the
6	promulgation of minimum standards under para-
7	graph (3), no Federal agency may accept a birth
8	certificate for any official purpose unless the certifi-
9	cate conforms to such standards.
10	(2) State certification.—
11	(A) In General.—Each State shall certify
12	to the Secretary of Health and Human Services
13	that the State is in compliance with the require-
14	ments of this section.
15	(B) Frequency.—Certifications under
16	subparagraph (A) shall be made at such inter-
17	vals and in such a manner as the Secretary of
18	Health and Human Services, with the concur-
19	rence of the Secretary of Homeland Security
20	and the Commissioner of Social Security, may
21	prescribe by regulation.
22	(C) COMPLIANCE.—Each State shall en-
23	sure that units of local government and other
24	authorized custodians of records in the State
25	comply with this section.

1	(D) Audits.—The Secretary of Health
2	and Human Services may conduct periodic au-
3	dits of each State's compliance with the require-
4	ments of this section.
5	(3) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—Not later than 1
6	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
7	Secretary of Health and Human Services shall by
8	regulation establish minimum standards for birth
9	certificates for use by Federal agencies for official
10	purposes that—
11	(A) at a minimum, shall require certifi-
12	cation of the birth certificate by the State or
13	local government custodian of record that
14	issued the certificate, and shall require the use
15	of safety paper or an alternative, equally secure
16	medium, the seal of the issuing custodian of
17	record, and other features designed to prevent
18	tampering, counterfeiting, or otherwise dupli-
19	cating the birth certificate for fraudulent pur-
20	poses;
21	(B) shall establish requirements for proof
22	and verification of identity as a condition of
23	issuance of a birth certificate, with additional
24	security measures for the issuance of a birth
25	certificate for a person who is not the applicant;

1	(C) shall establish standards for the proc-
2	essing of birth certificate applications to pre-
3	vent fraud;
4	(D) may not require a single design to
5	which birth certificates issued by all States
6	must conform; and
7	(E) shall accommodate the differences be-
8	tween the States in the manner and form in
9	which birth records are stored and birth certifi-
10	cates are produced from such records.
11	(4) Consultation with government agen-
12	CIES.—In promulgating the standards required
13	under paragraph (3), the Secretary of Health and
14	Human Services shall consult with—
15	(A) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
16	(B) the Commissioner of Social Security;
17	(C) State vital statistics offices; and
18	(D) other appropriate Federal agencies.
19	(5) Extension of effective date.—The
20	Secretary of Health and Human Services may ex-
21	tend the date specified under paragraph (1) for up
22	to 2 years for birth certificates issued by a State if
23	the Secretary determines that the State made rea-
24	sonable efforts to comply with the date under para-
25	graph (1) but was unable to do so.

1	(c) Grants to States.—
2	(1) Assistance in meeting federal stand-
3	ARDS.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the date
5	a final regulation is promulgated under sub-
6	section (b)(3), the Secretary of Health and
7	Human Services shall award grants to States to
8	assist them in conforming to the minimum
9	standards for birth certificates set forth in the
10	regulation.
11	(B) Allocation of grants.—The Sec-
12	retary shall award grants to States under this
13	paragraph based on the proportion that the es-
14	timated average annual number of birth certifi-
15	cates issued by a State applying for a grant
16	bears to the estimated average annual number
17	of birth certificates issued by all States.
18	(C) MINIMUM ALLOCATION.—Notwith-
19	standing subparagraph (B), each State shall re-
20	ceive not less than 0.5 percent of the grant
21	funds made available under this paragraph.
22	(2) Assistance in matching birth and
23	DEATH RECORDS.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of
25	Health and Human Services, in coordination

1	with the Commissioner of Social Security and
2	other appropriate Federal agencies, shall award
3	grants to States, under criteria established by
4	the Secretary, to assist States in—
5	(i) computerizing their birth and
6	death records;
7	(ii) developing the capability to match
8	birth and death records within each State
9	and among the States; and
10	(iii) noting the fact of death on the
11	birth certificates of deceased persons.
12	(B) ALLOCATION OF GRANTS.—The Sec-
13	retary shall award grants to qualifying States
14	under this paragraph based on the proportion
15	that the estimated annual average number of
16	birth and death records created by a State ap-
17	plying for a grant bears to the estimated annual
18	average number of birth and death records
19	originated by all States.
20	(C) MINIMUM ALLOCATION.—Notwith-
21	standing subparagraph (B), each State shall re-
22	ceive not less than 0.5 percent of the grant
23	funds made available under this paragraph.
24	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
25	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for

1	each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2009 such sums as
2	may be necessary to carry out this section.
3	(e) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
4	Section 656 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immi-
5	grant Responsibility Act of 1996 (5 U.S.C. 301 note) is
6	repealed.
7	SEC. 7212. DRIVER'S LICENSES AND PERSONAL IDENTI-
8	FICATION CARDS.
9	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
10	(1) Driver's license.—The term 'driver's li-
11	cense' means a motor vehicle operator's license as
12	defined in section 30301(5) of title 49, United
13	States Code.
14	(2) Personal identification card.—The
15	term 'personal identification card' means an identi-
16	fication document (as defined in section $1028(d)(3)$
17	of title 18, United States Code) issued by a State.
18	(b) Standards for Acceptance by Federal
19	Agencies.—
20	(1) In general.—
21	(A) Limitation on acceptance.—No
22	Federal agency may accept, for any official pur-
23	pose, a driver's license or personal identification
24	card newly issued by a State more than 2 years
25	after the promulgation of the minimum stand-

1	ards under paragraph (2) unless the driver's li-
2	cense or personal identification card conforms
3	to such minimum standards.
4	(B) Date for conformance.—The Sec-
5	retary of Transportation, in consultation with
6	the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall es-
7	tablish a date after which no driver's license or
8	personal identification card shall be accepted by
9	a Federal agency for any official purpose unless
10	such driver's license or personal identification
11	card conforms to the minimum standards estab-
12	lished under paragraph (2). The date shall be
13	as early as the Secretary determines it is prac-
14	ticable for the States to comply with such date
15	with reasonable efforts.
16	(C) STATE CERTIFICATION.—
17	(i) In general.—Each State shall
18	certify to the Secretary of Transportation
19	that the State is in compliance with the re-
20	quirements of this section.
21	(ii) Frequency.—Certifications
22	under clause (i) shall be made at such in-
23	tervals and in such a manner as the Sec-
24	retary of Transportation, with the concur-

1	rence of the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
2	rity, may prescribe by regulation.
3	(iii) Audits.—The Secretary of
4	Transportation may conduct periodic au-
5	dits of each State's compliance with the re-
6	quirements of this section.
7	(2) Minimum standards.—Not later than 18
8	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the
9	Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the
10	Secretary of Homeland Security, shall by regulation,
11	establish minimum standards for driver's licenses or
12	personal identification cards issued by a State for
13	use by Federal agencies for identification purposes
14	that shall include—
15	(A) standards for documentation required
16	as proof of identity of an applicant for a driv-
17	er's license or personal identification card;
18	(B) standards for the verifiability of docu-
19	ments used to obtain a driver's license or per-
20	sonal identification card;
21	(C) standards for the processing of appli-
22	cations for driver's licenses and personal identi-
23	fication cards to prevent fraud;

1	(D) standards for information to be in-
2	cluded on each driver's license or personal iden-
3	tification card, including—
4	(i) the person's full legal name;
5	(ii) the person's date of birth;
6	(iii) the person's gender;
7	(iv) the person's driver's license or
8	personal identification card number;
9	(v) a digital photograph of the person;
10	(vi) the person's address of principal
11	residence; and
12	(vii) the person's signature;
13	(E) standards for common machine-read-
14	able identity information to be included on each
15	driver's license or personal identification card,
16	including defined minimum data elements;
17	(F) security standards to ensure that driv-
18	er's licenses and personal identification cards
19	are—
20	(i) resistant to tampering, alteration,
21	or counterfeiting; and
22	(ii) capable of accommodating and en-
23	suring the security of a digital photograph
24	or other unique identifier; and

1	(G) a requirement that a State confiscate
2	a driver's license or personal identification card
3	if any component or security feature of the li-
4	cense or identification card is compromised.
5	(3) Content of regulations.—The regula-
6	tions required by paragraph (2)—
7	(A) shall facilitate communication between
8	the chief driver licensing official of a State, an
9	appropriate official of a Federal agency and
10	other relevant officials, to verify the authen-
11	ticity of documents, as appropriate, issued by
12	such Federal agency or entity and presented to
13	prove the identity of an individual;
14	(B) may not infringe on a State's power to
15	set criteria concerning what categories of indi-
16	viduals are eligible to obtain a driver's license
17	or personal identification card from that State;
18	(C) may not require a State to comply with
19	any such regulation that conflicts with or other-
20	wise interferes with the full enforcement of
21	State criteria concerning the categories of indi-
22	viduals that are eligible to obtain a driver's li-
23	cense or personal identification card from that
24	State;

1	(D) may not require a single design to
2	which driver's licenses or personal identification
3	cards issued by all States must conform; and
4	(E) shall include procedures and require-
5	ments to protect the privacy rights of individ-
6	uals who apply for and hold driver's licenses
7	and personal identification cards.
8	(4) Negotiated Rulemaking.—
9	(A) In General.—Before publishing the
10	proposed regulations required by paragraph (2)
11	to carry out this title, the Secretary of Trans-
12	portation shall establish a negotiated rule-
13	making process pursuant to subchapter IV of
14	chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code (5
15	U.S.C. 561 et seq.).
16	(B) Representation on negotiated
17	RULEMAKING COMMITTEE.—Any negotiated
18	rulemaking committee established by the Sec-
19	retary of Transportation pursuant to subpara-
20	graph (A) shall include representatives from—
21	(i) among State offices that issue
22	driver's licenses or personal identification
23	cards;
24	(ii) among State elected officials;

1	(iii) the Department of Homeland Se-
2	curity; and
3	(iv) among interested parties.
4	(C) Time requirement.—The process de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (A) shall be conducted
6	in a timely manner to ensure that—
7	(i) any recommendation for a pro-
8	posed rule or report is provided to the Sec-
9	retary of Transportation not later than 9
10	months after the date of enactment of this
11	Act and shall include an assessment of the
12	benefits and costs of the recommendation;
13	and
14	(ii) a final rule is promulgated not
15	later than 18 months after the date of en-
16	actment of this Act.
17	(c) Grants to States.—
18	(1) Assistance in meeting federal stand-
19	ARDS.—Beginning on the date a final regulation is
20	promulgated under subsection (b)(2), the Secretary
21	of Transportation shall award grants to States to
22	assist them in conforming to the minimum stand-
23	ards for driver's licenses and personal identification
24	cards set forth in the regulation.

1	(2) Allocation of Grants.—The Secretary
2	of Transportation shall award grants to States
3	under this subsection based on the proportion that
4	the estimated average annual number of driver's li-
5	censes and personal identification cards issued by a
6	State applying for a grant bears to the average an-
7	nual number of such documents issued by all States.
8	(3) MINIMUM ALLOCATION.—Notwithstanding
9	paragraph (2), each State shall receive not less than
10	0.5 percent of the grant funds made available under
11	this subsection.
12	(d) Extension of Effective Date.—The Sec-
13	retary of Transportation may extend the date specified
14	under subsection (b)(1)(A) for up to 2 years for driver's
15	licenses issued by a State if the Secretary determines that
16	the State made reasonable efforts to comply with the date
17	under such subsection but was unable to do so.
18	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
19	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of
20	Transportation for each of the fiscal years 2005 through
21	2009, such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
22	section.
23	SEC. 7213. SOCIAL SECURITY CARDS AND NUMBERS.
24	(a) Security Enhancements.—The Commissioner
25	of Social Security shall—

1	(1) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
2	actment of this Act—
3	(A) restrict the issuance of multiple re-
4	placement social security cards to any indi-
5	vidual to 3 per year and 10 for the life of the
6	individual, except that the Commissioner may
7	allow for reasonable exceptions from the limits
8	under this paragraph on a case-by-case basis in
9	compelling circumstances;
10	(B) establish minimum standards for the
11	verification of documents or records submitted
12	by an individual to establish eligibility for an
13	original or replacement social security card,
14	other than for purposes of enumeration at
15	birth; and
16	(C) require independent verification of any
17	birth record submitted by an individual to es-
18	tablish eligibility for a social security account
19	number, other than for purposes of enumera-
20	tion at birth, except that the Commissioner may
21	allow for reasonable exceptions from the re-
22	quirement for independent verification under
23	this subparagraph on a case by case basis in
24	compelling circumstances; and

1	(2) notwithstanding section 205(r) of the Social
2	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 405(r)) and any agreement
3	entered into thereunder, not later than 18 months
4	after the date of enactment of this Act with respect
5	to death indicators and not later than 36 months
6	after the date of enactment of this Act with respect
7	to fraud indicators, add death and fraud indicators
8	to the social security number verification systems for
9	employers, State agencies issuing driver's licenses
10	and identity cards, and other verification routines
11	that the Commissioner determines to be appropriate.
12	(b) Interagency Security Task Force.—The
13	Commissioner of Social Security, in consultation with the
14	Secretary of Homeland Security, shall form an inter-
15	agency task force for the purpose of further improving the
16	security of social security cards and numbers. Not later
17	than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act,
18	the task force shall establish, and the Commissioner shall
19	provide for the implementation of, security requirements,
20	including—
21	(1) standards for safeguarding social security
22	cards from counterfeiting, tampering, alteration, and
23	theft;
24	(2) requirements for verifying documents sub-
25	mitted for the issuance of replacement cards; and

1	(3) actions to increase enforcement against the
2	fraudulent use or issuance of social security numbers
3	and cards.
4	(c) Enumeration at Birth.—
5	(1) Improvement of application proc-
6	ESS.—As soon as practicable after the date of enact-
7	ment of this Act, the Commissioner of Social Secu-
8	rity shall undertake to make improvements to the
9	enumeration at birth program for the issuance of so-
10	cial security account numbers to newborns. Such im-
11	provements shall be designed to prevent—
12	(A) the assignment of social security ac-
13	count numbers to unnamed children;
14	(B) the issuance of more than 1 social se-
15	curity account number to the same child; and
16	(C) other opportunities for fraudulently ob-
17	taining a social security account number.
18	(2) Report to congress.—Not later than 1
19	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
20	Commissioner shall transmit to each House of Con-
21	gress a report specifying in detail the extent to
22	which the improvements required under paragraph
23	(1) have been made.
24	(d) Study Regarding Process for Enumeration
25	at Birth.—

(1) In General.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of Social Security shall conduct a study to determine the most efficient options for ensuring the integrity of the process for enumeration at birth. This study shall include an examination of available methods for reconciling hospital birth records with birth registrations submitted to agencies of States and political subdivisions thereof and with information provided to the Commissioner as part of the process for enumeration at birth.

(2) Report.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall submit a report to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate regarding the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).
- (B) Contents.—The report submitted under subparagraph (A) shall contain such recommendations for legislative changes as the Commissioner considers necessary to implement needed improvements in the process for enumeration at birth.

1	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to the Commissioner of
3	Social Security for each of the fiscal years 2005 through
4	2009, such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
5	section.
6	SEC. 7214. PROHIBITION OF THE DISPLAY OF SOCIAL SECU-
7	RITY ACCOUNT NUMBERS ON DRIVER'S LI-
8	CENSES OR MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRA-
9	TIONS.
10	(a) In General.—Section 205(c)(2)(C)(vi) of the
11	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 405(e)(2)(C)(vi)) is
12	amended—
13	(1) by inserting "(I)" after "(vi)"; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
15	clause:
16	"(II) Any State or political subdivision thereof (and
17	any person acting as an agent of such an agency or instru-
18	mentality), in the administration of any driver's license or
19	motor vehicle registration law within its jurisdiction, may
20	not display a social security account number issued by the
21	Commissioner of Social Security (or any derivative of such
22	number) on any driver's license, motor vehicle registra-
23	tion, or personal identification card (as defined in section
24	7212(a)(2) of the 9/11 Commission Implementation Act
25	of 2004), or include, on any such license, registration, or

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1	personal identification card, a magnetic strip, bar code,
2	or other means of communication which conveys such
3	number (or derivative thereof).".
4	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
5	subsection (a)(2) shall apply with respect to licenses, reg-
6	istrations, and identification cards is sued or reissued 1
7	year after the date of enactment of this Act.
8	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
9	are authorized to be appropriated to the Commissioner of
10	Social Security for each of the fiscal years 2005 through
11	2009, such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
12	section.
13	SEC. 7215. TERRORIST TRAVEL PROGRAM.
14	The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation
15	with the Director of the National Counterterrorism Cen-
16	ter, and consistent with the strategy developed under sec-
17	tion 7201, shall establish a program to oversee the imple-
18	mentation of the Department's responsibilities with re-
19	spect to terrorist travel, including the analysis, coordina-
20	tion, and dissemination of terrorist travel intelligence and
21	operational information—
22	(1) among appropriate subdivisions of the De-
23	partment of Homeland Security, including—
24	(A) the Bureau of Customs and Border

Protection;

1	(B) United States Immigration and Cus-
2	toms Enforcement;
3	(C) United States Citizenship and Immi-
4	gration Services;
5	(D) the Transportation Security Adminis-
6	tration; and
7	(E) any other subdivision, as determined
8	by the Secretary; and
9	(2) between the Department of Homeland Secu-
10	rity and other appropriate Federal agencies.
11	SEC. 7216. INCREASE IN PENALTIES FOR FRAUD AND RE-
12	LATED ACTIVITY.
13	Section 1028(b)(4) of title 18, United States Code,
14	is amended by striking "25 years" and inserting "30
15	years".
16	SEC. 7217. STUDY ON ALLEGEDLY LOST OR STOLEN PASS-
17	PORTS.
18	(a) In General.—Not later than May 31, 2005, the
19	Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of
20	Homeland Security, shall submit a report, containing the
21	results of a study on the subjects described in subsection
22	(b), to—
23	(1) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-
24	ate;

1	(2) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
2	House of Representatives;
3	(3) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
4	Senate;
5	(4) the Committee on International Relations of
6	the House of Representatives;
7	(5) the Committee on Homeland Security and
8	Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
9	(6) the Select Committee on Homeland Security
10	of the House of Representatives (or any successor
11	committee).
12	(b) CONTENTS.—The study referred to in subsection
13	(a) shall examine the feasibility, cost, potential benefits,
14	and relative importance to the objectives of tracking sus-
15	pected terrorists' travel, and apprehending suspected ter-
16	rorists, of establishing a system, in coordination with other
17	countries, through which border and visa issuance officials
18	have access in real-time to information on newly issued
19	passports to persons whose previous passports were alleg-
20	edly lost or stolen.
21	(c) Incentives.—The study described in subsection
22	(b) shall make recommendations on incentives that might
23	be offered to encourage foreign nations to participate in
24	the initiatives described in subsection (b).

1	SEC. 7218. ESTABLISHMENT OF VISA AND PASSPORT SECU-
2	RITY PROGRAM IN THE DEPARTMENT OF
3	STATE.
4	(a) Establishment.—There is established, within
5	the Bureau of Diplomatic Security of the Department of
6	State, the Visa and Passport Security Program (in this
7	section referred to as the "Program").
8	(b) Preparation of Strategic Plan.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary for
10	Diplomatic Security, in coordination with the appro-
11	priate officials of the Bureau of Consular Affairs,
12	the coordinator for counterterrorism, the National
13	Counterterrorism Center, and the Department of
14	Homeland Security, and consistent with the strategy
15	mandated by section 7201, shall ensure the prepara-
16	tion of a strategic plan to target and disrupt individ-
17	uals and organizations, within the United States and
18	in foreign countries, that are involved in the fraudu-
19	lent production, distribution, use, or other similar
20	activity—
21	(A) of a United States visa or United
22	States passport;
23	(B) of documents intended to help fraudu-
24	lently procure a United States visa or United
25	States passport, or other documents intended to
26	gain unlawful entry into the United States; or

1	(C) of passports and visas issued by for-
2	eign countries intended to gain unlawful entry
3	into the United States.
4	(2) Emphasis.—The strategic plan shall—
5	(A) focus particular emphasis on individ-
6	uals and organizations that may have links to
7	domestic terrorist organizations or foreign ter-
8	rorist organizations (as such term is defined in
9	section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality
10	Act (8 U.S.C. 1189));
11	(B) require the development of a strategic
12	training course under the Antiterrorism Assist-
13	ance Training (ATA) program of the Depart-
14	ment of State (or any successor or related pro-
15	gram) under chapter 8 of part II of the Foreign
16	Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2349aa et
17	seq.) (or other relevant provisions of law) to
18	train participants in the identification of fraud-
19	ulent documents and the forensic detection of
20	such documents which may be used to obtain
21	unlawful entry into the United States; and
22	(C) determine the benefits and costs of
23	providing technical assistance to foreign govern-
24	ments to ensure the security of passports, visas,
25	and related documents and to investigate, ar-

1	rest, and prosecute individuals who facilitate
2	travel by the creation of false passports and
3	visas, documents to obtain such passports and
4	visas, and other types of travel documents.
5	(c) Program.—
6	(1) Individual in Charge.—
7	(A) Designation.—The Assistant Sec-
8	retary for Diplomatic Security shall designate
9	an individual to be in charge of the Program.
10	(B) QUALIFICATION.—The individual des-
11	ignated under subparagraph (A) shall have ex-
12	pertise and experience in the investigation and
13	prosecution of visa and passport fraud.
14	(2) Program components.—The Program
15	shall include the following:
16	(A) Analysis of methods.—Analyze, in
17	coordination with other appropriate government
18	agencies, methods used by terrorists to travel
19	internationally, particularly the use of false or
20	altered travel documents to illegally enter for-
21	eign countries and the United States, and con-
22	sult with the Bureau of Consular Affairs and
23	the Secretary of Homeland Security on rec-
24	ommended changes to the visa issuance process
25	that could combat such methods, including the

1	introduction of new technologies into such proc-
2	ess.
3	(B) Identification of individuals and
4	DOCUMENTS.—Identify, in cooperation with the
5	Human Trafficking and Smuggling Center, in-
6	dividuals who facilitate travel by the creation of
7	false passports and visas, documents used to
8	obtain such passports and visas, and other
9	types of travel documents, and ensure that the
10	appropriate agency is notified for further inves-
11	tigation and prosecution or, in the case of such
12	individuals abroad for which no further inves-
13	tigation or prosecution is initiated, ensure that
14	all appropriate information is shared with for-
15	eign governments in order to facilitate inves-
16	tigation, arrest, and prosecution of such individ-
17	uals.
18	(C) Identification of foreign coun-
19	TRIES NEEDING ASSISTANCE.—Identify foreign
20	countries that need technical assistance, such as
21	law reform, administrative reform, prosecutorial
22	training, or assistance to police and other inves-
23	tigative services, to ensure passport, visa, and
24	related document security and to investigate,

arrest, and prosecute individuals who facilitate

1	travel by the creation of false passports and
2	visas, documents used to obtain such passports
3	and visas, and other types of travel documents.
4	(D) Inspection of applications.—Ran-
5	domly inspect visa and passport applications for
6	accuracy, efficiency, and fraud, especially at
7	high terrorist threat posts, in order to prevent
8	a recurrence of the issuance of visas to those
9	who submit incomplete, fraudulent, or otherwise
10	irregular or incomplete applications.
11	(d) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
12	on which the strategy required under section 7201 is sub-
13	mitted to Congress, the Assistant Secretary for Diplomatic
14	Security shall submit to Congress a report containing—
15	(1) a description of the strategic plan prepared
16	under subsection (b); and
17	(2) an evaluation of the feasibility of estab-
18	lishing civil service positions in field offices of the
19	Bureau of Diplomatic Security to investigate visa
20	and passport fraud, including an evaluation of
21	whether to allow diplomatic security agents to con-
22	vert to civil service officers to fill such positions.

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1	SEC. 7219. EFFECTIVE DATE.
2	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, this
3	subtitle shall take effect on the date of enactment of this
4	Act.
5	SEC. 7220. IDENTIFICATION STANDARDS.
6	(a) Proposed Standards.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland
8	Security—
9	(A) shall propose minimum standards for
10	identification documents required of domestic
11	commercial airline passengers for boarding an
12	aircraft; and
13	(B) may, from time to time, propose min-
14	imum standards amending or replacing stand-
15	ards previously proposed and transmitted to
16	Congress and approved under this section.
17	(2) Submission to congress.—Not later than
18	6 months after the date of enactment of this Act,
19	the Secretary shall submit the standards under
20	paragraph (1)(A) to the Senate and the House of
21	Representatives on the same day while each House
22	is in session.
23	(3) Effective date.—Any proposed stand-

ards submitted to Congress under this subsection

shall take effect when an approval resolution is

24

1	passed by the House and the Senate under the pro-
2	cedures described in subsection (b) and becomes law.
3	(b) Congressional Approval Procedures.—
4	(1) Rulemaking power.—This subsection is
5	enacted by Congress—
6	(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power
7	of the Senate and the House of Representa-
8	tives, respectively, and as such they are deemed
9	a part of the rules of each House, respectively,
10	but applicable only with respect to the proce-
11	dure to be followed in that House in the case
12	of such approval resolutions; and it supersedes
13	other rules only to the extent that they are in-
14	consistent therewith; and
15	(B) with full recognition of the constitu-
16	tional right of either House to change the rules
17	(so far as relating to the procedure of that
18	House) at any time, in the same manner and
19	to the same extent as in the case of any other
20	rule of that House.
21	(2) APPROVAL RESOLUTION.—For the purpose
22	of this subsection, the term "approval resolution"
23	means a joint resolution of Congress, the matter
24	after the resolving clause of which is as follows:
25	"That the Congress approves the proposed stand-

I	ards issued under section 7220 of the 9/11 Commis-
2	sion Implementation Act of 2004, transmitted by the
3	President to the Congress on", the
4	blank space being filled in with the appropriate date.
5	(3) Introduction.—Not later than the first
6	day of session following the day on which proposed
7	standards are transmitted to the House of Rep-
8	resentatives and the Senate under subsection (a), an
9	approval resolution—
10	(A) shall be introduced (by request) in the
11	House by the Majority Leader of the House of
12	Representatives, for himself or herself and the
13	minority leader of the House of Representa-
14	tives, or by Members of the House of Rep-
15	resentatives designated by the Majority Leader
16	and Minority Leader of the House; and
17	(B) shall be introduced (by request) in the
18	Senate by the Majority Leader of the Senate,
19	for himself or herself and the Minority Leader
20	of the Senate, or by Members of the Senate
21	designated by the Majority Leader and Minority
22	Leader of the Senate.
23	(4) Prohibitions.—

1	(A) Amendments.—No amendment to an
2	approval resolution shall be in order in either
3	the House of Representative of the Senate.
4	(B) Motions to suspend.—No motion to
5	suspend the application of this paragraph shall
6	be in order in either House, nor shall it be in
7	order in either House for the Presiding Officer
8	to entertain a request to suspend the applica-
9	tion of this paragraph by unanimous consent.
10	(5) Referral.—
11	(A) In general.—An approval resolution
12	shall be referred to the committees of the
13	House of Representatives and of the Senate
14	with jurisdiction. Each committee shall make
15	its recommendations to the House of Rep-
16	resentatives or the Senate, as the case may be
17	within 45 days after its introduction. Except as
18	provided in subparagraph (B), if a committee to
19	which an approval resolution has been referred
20	has not reported it at the close of the 45th day
21	after its introduction, such committee shall be
22	automatically discharged from further consider-
23	ation of the resolution and it shall be placed or
24	the appropriate calendar.

1	(B) FINAL PASSAGE.—A vote on final pas-
2	sage of the resolution shall be taken in each
3	House on or before the close of the 15th day
4	after the resolution is reported by the com-
5	mittee or committees of that House to which it
6	was referred, or after such committee or com-
7	mittees have been discharge from further con-
8	sideration of the resolution.
9	(C) Computation of days.—For pur-
10	poses of this paragraph, in computing a number
11	of days in either House, there shall be excluded
12	any day on which that House is not in session.
13	(6) Coordination with action of other
14	HOUSE.—If prior to the passage by one House of an
15	approval resolution of that House, that House re-
16	ceives the same approval resolution from the other
17	House, then the procedure in that House shall be
18	the same as if no approval resolution has been re-
19	ceived from the other House, but the vote on final
20	passage shall be on the approval resolution of the
21	other House.
22	(7) Floor consideration in the house of
23	REPRESENTATIVES.—
24	(A) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion in
25	the House of Representatives to proceed to the

consideration of an approval resolution shall be
highly privileged and not debatable. An amend-
ment to the motion shall not be in order, not
shall it be in order to move to reconsider the
vote by which the motion is agreed to or dis-
agreed to.
(B) Debate in the House of
Representatives on an implementing bill or ap-
proval resolution shall be limited to not more
than 4 hours, which shall be divided equally be-
tween those favoring and those opposing the
resolution. A motion to further limit debate
shall not be debatable. It shall not be in order
to move to recommit an approval resolution or
to move to reconsider the vote by which an ap-
proval resolution is agree to or disagreed to.
(C) MOTION TO POSTPONE.—Motions to
postpone made in the House of Representatives
with respect to the consideration of an approval
resolution and motions to proceed to the consid-
eration of other business shall be decided with-
out debate.
(D) APPEALS.—All appeals from the deci-
sions of the Chair relating to the application of

the Rules of the House of Representatives to

1	the procedure relating to an approval resolution
2	shall be decided without debate.
3	(E) Rules of the house of rep-
4	RESENTATIVES.—Except to the extent specifi-
5	cally provided in subparagraphs (A) through
6	(D), consideration of an approval resolution
7	shall be governed by the Rules of the House of
8	Representatives applicable to other resolutions
9	in similar circumstances.
10	(8) Floor consideration in the Senate.—
11	(A) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion in
12	the Senate to proceed to the consideration of an
13	approval resolution shall be privileged and not
14	debatable. An amendment to the motion shall
15	not be in order, not shall it be in order to move
16	to reconsider the vote by which the motion is
17	agreed to or disagreed to.
18	(B) Debate on Resolution.—Debate in
19	the Senate on an approval resolution, and ap-
20	peals in connection therewith, shall be limited
21	to not more than 10 hours, which shall be
22	equally divided between, and controlled by, the
23	Majority Leader and the Minority Leader, or

their designees.

1	(C) Debate on motions and appeals.—
2	Debate in the Senate on any debatable motion
3	or appeal in connection with an approval resolu-
4	tion shall be limited to not more than 1 hour,
5	which shall be equally divided between, and con-
6	trolled by, the mover and the manager of the
7	resolution, except that in the event the manager
8	of the resolution is in favor of any such motion
9	or appeal, the time in opposition thereto, shall
10	be controlled by the Minority Leader or des-
11	ignee. Such leaders, or either of them, may,
12	from time under their control on the passage of
13	an approval resolution, allot additional time to
14	any Senator during the consideration of any de-
15	batable motion or appeal.
16	(D) LIMIT ON DEBATE.—A motion in the
17	Senate to further limit debate is not debatable.
18	A motion to recommit an approval resolution is
19	not in order.
20	(c) Default Standards.—
21	(1) In general.—If the standards proposed
22	under subsection (a)(1)(A) are not approved pursu-
23	ant to the procedures described in subsection (b),
24	then not later than 1 year after rejection by a vote
25	of either House of Congress, domestic commercial

1	airline passengers seeking to board an aircraft shall
2	present, for identification purposes—
3	(A) a valid, unexpired passport;
4	(B) domestically issued documents that the
5	Secretary of Homeland Security designates as
6	reliable for identification purposes;
7	(C) any document issued by the Attorney
8	General or the Secretary of Homeland Security
9	under the authority of 1 of the immigration
10	laws (as defined under section 101(a)(17) of
11	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
12	1101(a)(17)); or
13	(D) a document issued by the country of
14	nationality of any alien not required to possess
15	a passport for admission to the United States
16	that the Secretary designates as reliable for
17	identifications purposes
18	(2) Exception.—The documentary require-
19	ments described in paragraph (1)—
20	(A) shall not apply to individuals below the
21	age of 17, or such other age as determined by
22	the Secretary of Homeland Security;
23	(B) may be waived by the Secretary of
24	Homeland Security in the case of an unforeseen
25	medical emergency.

(d) RECOMMENDATION TO CONGRESS.—Not later

2	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
3	Secretary of Homeland Security shall recommend to
4	Congress—
5	(1) categories of Federal facilities that the Sec-
6	retary determines to be at risk for terrorist attack
7	and requiring minimum identification standards for
8	access to such facilities; and
9	(2) appropriate minimum identification stand-
10	ards to gain access to those facilities.
11	Subtitle C—National Preparedness
12	SEC. 7301. THE INCIDENT COMMAND SYSTEM.
13	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
14	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
15	States, Congress makes the following findings:
16	(1) The attacks on September 11, 2001, dem-
17	onstrated that even the most robust emergency re-
18	sponse capabilities can be overwhelmed if an attack
19	is large enough.
20	(2) Teamwork, collaboration, and cooperation
21	at an incident site are critical to a successful re-
22	sponse to a terrorist attack.
23	(3) Key decisionmakers who are represented at
24	the incident command level help to ensure an effec-

1	tive response, the efficient use of resources, and re-
2	sponder safety.
3	(4) The incident command system also enables
4	emergency managers and first responders to man-
5	age, generate, receive, evaluate, share, and use infor-
6	mation.
7	(5) Regular joint training at all levels is essen-
8	tial to ensuring close coordination during an actual
9	incident.
10	(6) In Homeland Security Presidential Directive
11	5, the President directed the Secretary of Homeland
12	Security to develop an incident command system, to
13	be known as the National Incident Management Sys-
14	tem (NIMS), and directed all Federal agencies to
15	make the adoption of NIMS a condition for the re-
16	ceipt of Federal emergency preparedness assistance
17	by States, territories, tribes, and local governments
18	beginning in fiscal year 2005.
19	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
20	gress that—
21	(1) the United States needs to implement the
22	recommendations of the National Commission on
23	Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States by adopt-
24	ing a unified incident command system and signifi-
25	cantly enhancing communications connectivity be-

1	tween and among all levels of government agencies,
2	emergency response providers (as defined in section
3	2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
4	101), and other organizations with emergency re-
5	sponse capabilities;
6	(2) the unified incident command system should
7	enable emergency managers and first responders to
8	manage, generate, receive, evaluate, share, and use
9	information in the event of a terrorist attack or a
10	significant national disaster;
11	(3) emergency response agencies nationwide
12	should adopt the Incident Command System known
13	as NIMS;
14	(4) when multiple agencies or multiple jurisdic-
15	tions are involved, they should follow a unified com-
16	mand system based on NIMS;
17	(5) the regular use of, and training in, NIMS
18	by States and, to the extent practicable, territories,
19	tribes, and local governments, should be a condition
20	for receiving Federal preparedness assistance; and
21	(6) the Secretary of Homeland Security should
22	require, as a further condition of receiving homeland
23	security preparedness funds from the Office of State
24	and Local Government Coordination and Prepared-
25	ness, that grant applicants document measures

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1	taken to fully and aggressively implement the Inci-
2	dent Command System and unified command proce-
3	dures.
4	SEC. 7302. NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION MUTUAL AID.
5	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
6	(1) Authorized representative of the
7	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "authorized
8	representative of the Federal Government" means
9	any individual or individuals designated by the
10	President with respect to the executive branch, the
11	Chief Justice with respect to the Federal judiciary,
12	or the President of the Senate and Speaker of the
13	House of Representatives with respect to Congress,
14	or their designees, to request assistance under a mu-
15	tual aid agreement for an emergency or public serv-
16	ice event.
17	(2) Chief operating officer.—The term
18	"chief operating officer" means the official des-
19	ignated by law to declare an emergency in and for
20	the locality of that chief operating officer.
21	(3) Emergency.—The term "emergency"
22	means a major disaster or emergency declared by
23	the President, or a state of emergency declared by

the mayor of the District of Columbia, the Governor

of the State of Maryland or the Commonwealth of

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1	Virginia, or the declaration of a local emergency by
2	the chief operating officer of a locality, or their des-
3	ignees, that triggers mutual aid under the terms of
4	a mutual aid agreement.
5	(4) Employee.—The term "employee" means
6	the employees of the party, including its agents or
7	authorized volunteers, who are committed in a mu-
8	tual aid agreement to prepare for or who respond to
9	an emergency or public service event.
10	(5) Locality.—The term "locality" means a
11	county, city, or town within the State of Maryland
12	or the Commonwealth of Virginia and within the
13	National Capital Region.
14	(6) MUTUAL AID AGREEMENT.—The term "mu-
15	tual aid agreement" means an agreement, author-
16	ized under subsection (b), for the provision of police
17	fire, rescue and other public safety and health or
18	medical services to any party to the agreement dur-
19	ing a public service event, an emergency, or pre-
20	planned training event.
21	(7) National capital region or region.—

(7) NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION OR REGION.— The term "National Capital Region" or "Region" means the area defined under section 2674(f)(2) of title 10, United States Code, and those counties with

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1	a border abutting that area and any municipalities
2	therein.
3	(8) Party.—The term "party" means the
4	State of Maryland, the Commonwealth of Virginia,
5	the District of Columbia, and any of the localities
6	duly executing a Mutual Aid Agreement under this
7	section.
8	(9) Public service event.—The term "pub-
9	lic service event"—
10	(A) means any undeclared emergency, inci-
11	dent or situation in preparation for or response
12	to which the mayor of the District of Columbia,
13	an authorized representative of the Federal
14	Government, the Governor of the State of
15	Maryland, the Governor of the Commonwealth
16	of Virginia, or the chief operating officer of a
17	locality in the National Capital Region, or their
18	designees, requests or provides assistance under
19	a Mutual Aid Agreement within the National
20	Capital Region; and
21	(B) includes Presidential inaugurations,
22	public gatherings, demonstrations and protests,
23	and law enforcement, fire, rescue, emergency
24	health and medical services, transportation,
25	communications, public works and engineering,

1	mass care, and other support that require
2	human resources, equipment, facilities or serv-
3	ices supplemental to or greater than the re-
4	questing jurisdiction can provide.
5	(10) STATE.—The term "State" means the

- (10) STATE.—The term "State" means the State of Maryland, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the District of Columbia.
- (11) Training.—The term "training" means emergency and public service event-related exercises, testing, or other activities using equipment and personnel to simulate performance of any aspect of the giving or receiving of aid by National Capital Region jurisdictions during emergencies or public service events, such actions occurring outside actual emergency or public service event periods.

(b) Mutual Aid Authorized.—

(1) In General.—The mayor of the District of Columbia, any authorized representative of the Federal Government, the Governor of the State of Maryland, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia, or the chief operating officer of a locality, or their designees, acting within his or her jurisdictional purview, may, in accordance with State law, enter into, request or provide assistance under mutual aid agreements with localities, the Washington

1	Metropolitan Area Transit Authority, the Metropoli-
2	tan Washington Airports Authority, and any other
3	governmental agency or authority for—
4	(A) law enforcement, fire, rescue, emer-
5	gency health and medical services, transpor-
6	tation, communications, public works and engi-
7	neering, mass care, and resource support in an
8	emergency or public service event;
9	(B) preparing for, mitigating, managing,
10	responding to or recovering from any emer-
11	gency or public service event; and
12	(C) training for any of the activities de-
13	scribed under subparagraphs (A) and (B).
14	(2) Facilitating localities.—The State of
15	Maryland and the Commonwealth of Virginia are en-
16	couraged to facilitate the ability of localities to enter
17	into interstate mutual aid agreements in the Na-
18	tional Capital Region under this section.
19	(3) Application and effect.—This section—
20	(A) does not apply to law enforcement se-
21	curity operations at special events of national
22	significance under section 3056(e) of title 18,
23	United States Code, or other law enforcement
24	functions of the United States Secret Service;

1	(B) does not diminish any authorities, ex-
2	press or implied, of Federal agencies to enter
3	into mutual aid agreements in furtherance of
4	their Federal missions; and
5	(C) does not—
6	(i) preclude any party from entering
7	into supplementary Mutual Aid Agree-
8	ments with fewer than all the parties, or
9	with another party; or
10	(ii) affect any other agreement in ef-
11	fect before the date of enactment of this
12	Act among the States and localities, in-
13	cluding the Emergency Management As-
14	sistance Compact.
15	(4) RIGHTS DESCRIBED.—Other than as de-
16	scribed in this section, the rights and responsibilities
17	of the parties to a mutual aid agreement entered
18	into under this section shall be as described in the
19	mutual aid agreement.
20	(c) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—
21	(1) In general.—The District of Columbia
22	may purchase liability and indemnification insurance
23	or become self insured against claims arising under
24	a mutual aid agreement authorized under this sec-
25	tion

1	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
3	as may be necessary to carry out paragraph (1).
4	(d) LIABILITY AND ACTIONS AT LAW.—
5	(1) In general.—Any responding party or its
6	officers or employees rendering aid or failing to
7	render aid to the District of Columbia, the Federal
8	Government, the State of Maryland, the Common-
9	wealth of Virginia, or a locality, under a mutual aid
10	agreement authorized under this section, and any
11	party or its officers or employees engaged in training
12	activities with another party under such a mutual
13	aid agreement, shall be liable on account of any act
14	or omission of its officers or employees while so en-
15	gaged or on account of the maintenance or use of
16	any related equipment, facilities, or supplies, but
17	only to the extent permitted under the laws and pro-
18	cedures of the State of the party rendering aid.
19	(2) Actions.—Any action brought against a
20	party or its officers or employees on account of an
21	act or omission in the rendering of aid to the Dis-
22	trict of Columbia, the Federal Government, the
23	State of Maryland, the Commonwealth of Virginia,
24	or a locality, or failure to render such aid or on ac-
25	count of the maintenance or use of any related

1	equipment, facilities, or supplies may be brought
2	only under the laws and procedures of the State of
3	the party rendering aid and only in the Federal or
4	State courts located therein. Actions against the
5	United States under this section may be brought
6	only in Federal courts.

- (3) IMMUNITIES.—This section shall not abrogate any other immunities from liability that any party has under any other Federal or State law.
- (e) Workers Compensation.—
- (1) Compensation.—Each party shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the emergency forces of that party and representatives of deceased members of such forces if such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid to the District of Columbia, the Federal Government, the State of Maryland, the Commonwealth of Virginia, or a locality, under a mutual aid agreement, or engaged in training activities under a mutual aid agreement, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within their own jurisdiction.
- (2) OTHER STATE LAW.—No party shall be liable under the law of any State other than its own for providing for the payment of compensation and

1	death benefits to injured members of the emergency
2	forces of that party and representatives of deceased
3	members of such forces if such members sustain in-
4	juries or are killed while rendering aid to the Dis-
5	trict of Columbia, the Federal Government, the
6	State of Maryland, the Commonwealth of Virginia,
7	or a locality, under a mutual aid agreement or en-
8	gaged in training activities under a mutual aid
9	agreement.
10	(f) Licenses and Permits.—If any person holds a
11	license, certificate, or other permit issued by any respond-
12	ing party evidencing the meeting of qualifications for pro-
13	fessional, mechanical, or other skills and assistance is re-
14	quested by a receiving jurisdiction, such person will be
15	deemed licensed, certified, or permitted by the receiving
16	jurisdiction to render aid involving such skill to meet a
17	public service event, emergency or training for any such
18	events.
19	SEC. 7303. ENHANCEMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY COMMU-
20	NICATIONS INTEROPERABILITY.
21	(a) Coordination of Public Safety Interoper-
22	ABLE COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAMS.—
23	(1) Program.—The Secretary of Homeland Se-
24	curity, in consultation with the Secretary of Com-
25	merce and the Chairman of the Federal Communica-

1	tions Commission, shall establish a program to en-
2	hance public safety interoperable communications at
3	all levels of government. Such program shall—
4	(A) establish a comprehensive national ap-
5	proach to achieving public safety interoperable
6	communications;
7	(B) coordinate with other Federal agencies
8	in carrying out subparagraph (A);
9	(C) develop, in consultation with other ap-
10	propriate Federal agencies and State and local
11	authorities, appropriate minimum capabilities
12	for communications interoperability for Federal,
13	State, and local public safety agencies;
14	(D) accelerate, in consultation with other
15	Federal agencies, including the National Insti-
16	tute of Standards and Technology, the private
17	sector, and nationally recognized standards or-
18	ganizations as appropriate, the development of
19	national voluntary consensus standards for pub-
20	lic safety interoperable communications,
21	recognizing—
22	(i) the value, life cycle, and technical
23	capabilities of existing communications in-
24	frastructure:

1	(ii) the need for cross-border inter-
2	operability between States and nations;
3	(iii) the unique needs of small, rural
4	communities; and
5	(iv) the interoperability needs for
6	daily operations and catastrophic events;
7	(E) encourage the development and imple-
8	mentation of flexible and open architectures in-
9	corporating, where possible, technologies that
10	currently are commercially available, with ap-
11	propriate levels of security, for short-term and
12	long-term solutions to public safety communica-
13	tions interoperability;
14	(F) assist other Federal agencies in identi-
15	fying priorities for research, development, and
16	testing and evaluation with regard to public
17	safety interoperable communications;
18	(G) identify priorities within the Depart-
19	ment of Homeland Security for research, devel-
20	opment, and testing and evaluation with regard
21	to public safety interoperable communications;
22	(H) establish coordinated guidance for
23	Federal grant programs for public safety inter-
24	operable communications;

1	(I) provide technical assistance to State
2	and local public safety agencies regarding plan-
3	ning, acquisition strategies, interoperability ar-
4	chitectures, training, and other functions nec-
5	essary to achieve public safety communications
6	interoperability;
7	(J) develop and disseminate best practices
8	to improve public safety communications inter-
9	operability; and
10	(K) develop appropriate performance meas-
11	ures and milestones to systematically measure
12	the Nation's progress toward achieving public
13	safety communications interoperability, includ-
14	ing the development of national voluntary con-
15	sensus standards.
16	(2) Office for interoperability and com-
17	PATIBILITY.—
18	(A) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—The
19	Secretary may establish an Office for Interoper-
20	ability and Compatibility within the Directorate
21	of Science and Technology to carry out this
22	subsection.
23	(B) Functions.—If the Secretary estab-
24	lishes such office, the Secretary shall, through
25	such office—

1	(i) carry out Department of Home-
2	land Security responsibilities and authori-
3	ties relating to the SAFECOM Program;
4	and
5	(ii) carry out section 510 of the
6	Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added
7	by subsection (d).
8	(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
9	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
10	retary to carry out this subsection—
11	(A) \$22,105,000 for fiscal year 2005;
12	(B) \$22,768,000 for fiscal year 2006;
13	(C) \$23,451,000 for fiscal year 2007;
14	(D) \$24,155,000 for fiscal year 2008; and
15	(E) \$24,879,000 for fiscal year 2009.
16	(b) Report.—Not later than 120 days after the date
17	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to the
18	Congress on Department of Homeland Security plans for
19	accelerating the development of national voluntary con-
20	sensus standards for public safety interoperable commu-
21	nications, a schedule of milestones for such development,
22	and achievements of such development.
23	(c) International Interoperability.—Not later
24	than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	the President shall establish a mechanism for coordinating
2	cross-border interoperability issues between—
3	(1) the United States and Canada; and
4	(2) the United States and Mexico.
5	(d) High Risk Area Communications Capabili-
6	TIES.—Title V of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
7	U.S.C. 311 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"SEC. 510. URBAN AND OTHER HIGH RISK AREA COMMU-
10	NICATIONS CAPABILITIES.
11	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in consultation
12	with the Federal Communications Commission and the
13	Secretary of Defense, and with appropriate governors,
14	mayors, and other State and local government officials,
15	shall provide technical guidance, training, and other as-
16	sistance, as appropriate, to support the rapid establish-
17	ment of consistent, secure, and effective interoperable
18	communications capabilities in the event of an emergency
19	in urban and other areas determined by the Secretary to
20	be at consistently high levels of risk from terrorist attack.
21	"(b) MINIMUM CAPABILITIES.—The interoperable
22	communications capabilities established under subsection
23	(a) shall ensure the ability of all levels of government
24	agencies, emergency response providers (as defined in sec-
25	tion 2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.

1	101)), and other organizations with emergency response
2	capabilities—
3	"(1) to communicate with each other in the
4	event of an emergency; and
5	"(2) to have appropriate and timely access to
6	the Information Sharing Environment described in
7	section 1016 of the National Security Intelligence
8	Reform Act of 2004.".
9	(e) Multiyear Interoperability Grants.—
10	(1) Multiyear commitments.—In awarding
11	grants to any State, region, local government, or In-
12	dian tribe for the purposes of enhancing interoper-
13	able communications capabilities for emergency re-
14	sponse providers, the Secretary may commit to obli-
15	gate Federal assistance beyond the current fiscal
16	year, subject to the limitations and restrictions in
17	this subsection.
18	(2) Restrictions.—
19	(A) Time limit.—No multiyear interoper-
20	ability commitment may exceed 3 years in dura-
21	tion.
22	(B) Amount of committed funds.—
23	The total amount of assistance the Secretary
24	has committed to obligate for any future fiscal

1	year under paragraph (1) may not exceed
2	\$150,000,000.
3	(3) Letters of intent.—
4	(A) Issuance.—Pursuant to paragraph
5	(1), the Secretary may issue a letter of intent
6	to an applicant committing to obligate from fu-
7	ture budget authority an amount, not more
8	than the Federal Government's share of the
9	project's cost, for an interoperability commu-
10	nications project (including interest costs and
11	costs of formulating the project).
12	(B) Schedule.—A letter of intent under
13	this paragraph shall establish a schedule under
14	which the Secretary will reimburse the appli-
15	cant for the Federal Government's share of the
16	project's costs, as amounts become available, if
17	the applicant, after the Secretary issues the let-
18	ter, carries out the project before receiving
19	amounts under a grant issued by the Secretary.
20	(C) Notice to secretary.—An applicant
21	that is issued a letter of intent under this sub-
22	section shall notify the Secretary of the appli-
23	cant's intent to carry out a project pursuant to
24	the letter before the project begins.

1	(D) Notice to congress.—The Sec-
2	retary shall transmit a written notification to
3	the Congress no later than 3 days before the
4	issuance of a letter of intent under this section.
5	(E) Limitations.—A letter of intent
6	issued under this section is not an obligation of
7	the Government under section 1501 of title 31,
8	United States Code, and is not deemed to be an
9	administrative commitment for financing. An
10	obligation or administrative commitment may
11	be made only as amounts are provided in au-
12	thorization and appropriations laws.
13	(F) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
14	in this subsection shall be construed—
15	(i) to prohibit the obligation of
16	amounts pursuant to a letter of intent
17	under this subsection in the same fiscal
18	year as the letter of intent is issued; or
19	(ii) to apply to, or replace, Federal as-
20	sistance intended for interoperable commu-
21	nications that is not provided pursuant to
22	a commitment under this subsection.
23	(f) Interoperable Communications Plans.—
24	Any applicant requesting funding assistance from the Sec-
25	retary for interoperable communications for emergency re-

1	sponse providers shall submit an Interoperable Commu-
2	nications Plan to the Secretary for approval. Such a plan
3	shall—
4	(1) describe the current state of communica-
5	tions interoperability in the applicable jurisdictions
6	among Federal, State, and local emergency response
7	providers and other relevant private resources;
8	(2) describe the available and planned use of
9	public safety frequency spectrum and resources for
10	interoperable communications within such jurisdic-
11	tions;
12	(3) describe how the planned use of spectrum
13	and resources for interoperable communications is
14	compatible with surrounding capabilities and inter-
15	operable communications plans of Federal, State,
16	and local governmental entities, military installa-
17	tions, foreign governments, critical infrastructure,
18	and other relevant entities;
19	(4) include a 5-year plan for the dedication of
20	Federal, State, and local government and private re-
21	sources to achieve a consistent, secure, and effective
22	interoperable communications system, including
23	planning, system design and engineering, testing and
24	technology development, procurement and installa-

tion, training, and operations and maintenance; and

25

1	(5) describe how such 5-year plan meets or ex-
2	ceeds any applicable standards and grant require-
3	ments established by the Secretary.
4	(g) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) Interoperable communications.—The
6	term "interoperable communications" means the
7	ability of emergency response providers and relevant
8	Federal, State, and local government agencies to
9	communicate with each other as necessary, through
10	a dedicated public safety network utilizing informa-
11	tion technology systems and radio communications
12	systems, and to exchange voice, data, or video with
13	one another on demand, in real time, as necessary
14	(2) Emergency response providers.—The
15	term "emergency response providers" has the mean-
16	ing that term has under section 2 of the Homeland
17	Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101).
18	(h) Clarification of Responsibility for Inter-
19	OPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS.—
20	(1) Under secretary for emergency pre-
21	PAREDNESS AND RESPONSE.—Section 502(7) of the
22	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 312(7))
23	is amended—

1	(A) by striking "developing comprehensive
2	programs for developing interoperative commu-
3	nications technology, and"; and
4	(B) by striking "such" and inserting
5	"interoperable communications".
6	(2) Office for domestic preparedness.—
7	Section 430(c) of such Act (6 U.S.C. 238(c)) is
8	amended—
9	(A) in paragraph (7) by striking "and"
10	after the semicolon;
11	(B) in paragraph (8) by striking the period
12	and inserting "; and; and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(9) helping to ensure the acquisition of inter-
15	operable communication technology by State and
16	local governments and emergency response pro-
17	viders.".
18	(i) Sense of Congress Regarding Interoper-
19	ABLE COMMUNICATIONS.—
20	(1) FINDING.—The Congress finds that—
21	(A) many first responders working in the
22	same jurisdiction or in different jurisdictions
23	cannot effectively and efficiently communicate
24	with one another: and

1	(B) their inability to do so threatens the
2	public's safety and may result in unnecessary
3	loss of lives and property.
4	(2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
5	Congress that interoperable emergency communica-
6	tions systems and radios should continue to be de-
7	ployed as soon as practicable for use by the first re-
8	sponder community, and that upgraded and new dig-
9	ital communications systems and new digital radios
10	must meet prevailing national, voluntary consensus
11	standards for interoperability.
12	SEC. 7304. REGIONAL MODEL STRATEGIC PLAN PILOT
_	
13	PROJECTS.
	PROJECTS. (a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302
13	
13 14	(a) Pilot Projects.—Consistent with sections 302
13 14 15	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
13 14 15 16	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182, 238), not later than 90 days after the date of enact-
13 14 15 16	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182, 238), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall
13 14 15 16 17	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182, 238), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish not fewer than 2 pilot projects in high threat
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182, 238), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish not fewer than 2 pilot projects in high threat urban areas or regions that are likely to implement a na-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182, 238), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish not fewer than 2 pilot projects in high threat urban areas or regions that are likely to implement a national model strategic plan.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182, 238), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish not fewer than 2 pilot projects in high threat urban areas or regions that are likely to implement a national model strategic plan. (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the pilot projects
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) PILOT PROJECTS.—Consistent with sections 302 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182, 238), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish not fewer than 2 pilot projects in high threat urban areas or regions that are likely to implement a national model strategic plan. (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the pilot projects required by this section shall be to develop a regional strategical plan.

1	consistent with the national strategic plan developed by
2	the Department of Homeland Security.
3	(c) Selection Criteria.—In selecting urban areas
4	for the location of pilot projects under this section, the
5	Secretary shall consider—
6	(1) the level of risk to the area, as determined
7	by the Department of Homeland Security;
8	(2) the number of Federal, State, and local law
9	enforcement agencies located in the area;
10	(3) the number of potential victims from a large
11	scale terrorist attack in the area; and
12	(4) such other criteria reflecting a community's
13	risk and vulnerability as the Secretary determines is
14	appropriate.
15	(d) Interagency Assistance.—The Secretary of
16	Homeland Security shall consult with the Secretary of De-
17	fense as necessary for the development of the pilot projects
18	required by this section, including examining relevant
19	standards, equipment, and protocols in order to improve
20	interagency communication among first responders.
21	(e) Reports to Congress.—The Secretary of
22	Homeland Security shall submit to Congress—
23	(1) an interim report regarding the progress of
24	the interagency communications pilot projects re-

1	quired by this section 6 months after the date of en-
2	actment of this Act; and
3	(2) a final report 18 months after that date of
4	enactment.
5	(f) Funding.—There are authorized to be made
6	available to the Secretary of Homeland Security, such
7	sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.
8	SEC. 7305. PRIVATE SECTOR PREPAREDNESS.
9	(a) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the Na-
10	tional Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United
11	States, Congress makes the following findings:
12	(1) Private sector organizations own 85 percent
13	of the Nation's critical infrastructure and employ
14	the vast majority of the Nation's workers.
15	(2) Preparedness in the private sector and pub-
16	lic sector for rescue, restart and recovery of oper-
17	ations should include, as appropriate—
18	(A) a plan for evacuation;
19	(B) adequate communications capabilities;
20	and
21	(C) a plan for continuity of operations.
22	(3) The American National Standards Institute
23	recommends a voluntary national preparedness
24	standard for the private sector based on the existing
25	American National Standard on Disaster/Emercency

1	Management and Business Continuity Programs
2	(NFPA 1600), with appropriate modifications. This
3	standard establishes a common set of criteria and
4	terminology for preparedness, disaster management,
5	emergency management, and business continuity
6	programs.
7	(4) The mandate of the Department of Home-
8	land Security extends to working with the private
9	sector, as well as government entities.
10	(b) Sense of Congress on Private Sector Pre-
11	PAREDNESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Sec-
12	retary of Homeland Security should promote, where ap-
13	propriate, the adoption of voluntary national preparedness
14	standards such as the private sector preparedness stand-
15	ard developed by the American National Standards Insti-
16	tute and based on the National Fire Protection Associa-
17	tion 1600 Standard on Disaster/Emergency Management
18	and Business Continuity Programs.
19	SEC. 7306. CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE AND READINESS
20	ASSESSMENTS.
21	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
22	ings:
23	(1) Under section 201 of the Homeland Secu-
24	rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C 121), the Department of
25	Homeland Security, through the Under Secretary

1	for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protec-
2	tion, has the responsibility—
3	(A) to carry out comprehensive assess-
4	ments of the vulnerabilities of the key resources
5	and critical infrastructure of the United States,
6	including the performance of risk assessments
7	to determine the risks posed by particular types
8	of terrorist attacks within the United States;
9	(B) to identify priorities for protective and
10	supportive measures; and
11	(C) to develop a comprehensive national
12	plan for securing the key resources and critical
13	infrastructure of the United States.
14	(2) Under Homeland Security Presidential Di-
15	rective 7, issued on December 17, 2003, the Sec-
16	retary of Homeland Security was given 1 year to de-
17	velop a comprehensive plan to identify, prioritize,
18	and coordinate the protection of critical infrastruc-
19	ture and key resources.
20	(3) The report of the National Commission on
21	Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States rec-
22	ommended that the Secretary of Homeland Security
23	should—
24	(A) identify those elements of the United
25	States' transportation, energy, communications,

1	financial, and other institutions that need to be
2	protected;
3	(B) develop plans to protect that infra-
4	structure; and
5	(C) exercise mechanisms to enhance pre-
6	paredness.
7	(b) Reports on Risk Assessment and Readi-
8	NESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
9	ment of this Act, and in conjunction with the reporting
10	requirements of Public Law 108–330, the Secretary of
11	Homeland Security shall submit a report to Congress on—
12	(1) the Department of Homeland Security's
13	progress in completing vulnerability and risk assess-
14	ments of the Nation's critical infrastructure;
15	(2) the adequacy of the Government's plans to
16	protect such infrastructure; and
17	(3) the readiness of the Government to respond
18	to threats against the United States.
19	SEC. 7307. NORTHERN COMMAND AND DEFENSE OF THE
20	UNITED STATES HOMELAND.
21	It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of De-
22	fense should regularly assess the adequacy of the plans
23	and strategies of the United States Northern Command
24	with a view to ensuring that the United States Northern
25	Command is prepared to respond effectively to all military

1	and paramilitary threats within the United States, should
2	it be called upon to do so by the President.
3	SEC. 7308. EFFECTIVE DATE.
4	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, this
5	subtitle shall take effect on the date of enactment of this
6	Act.
7	Subtitle D—Homeland Security
8	SEC. 7401. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON FIRST RESPONDER
9	FUNDING.
10	It is the sense of Congress that Congress must pass
11	legislation in the first session of the 109th Congress to
12	reform the system for distributing grants to enhance State
13	and local government prevention of, preparedness for, and
14	response to acts of terrorism.
15	SEC. 7402. COORDINATION OF INDUSTRY EFFORTS.
16	Section 102(f) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
17	(Public Law 107–296; 6 U.S.C. 112(f)) is amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at the
19	end;
20	(2) in paragraph (7), by striking the period at
21	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(8) coordinating industry efforts, with respect
24	to functions of the Department of Homeland Secu-
25	rity, to identify private sector resources and capabili-

1	ties that could be effective in supplementing Federal,
2	State, and local government agency efforts to pre-
3	vent or respond to a terrorist attack;
4	"(9) coordinating with the Directorate of Bor-
5	der and Transportation Security and the Assistant
6	Secretary for Trade Development of the Department
7	of Commerce on issues related to the travel and
8	tourism industries; and
9	"(10) consulting with the Office of State and
10	Local Government Coordination and Preparedness
11	on all matters of concern to the private sector, in-
12	cluding the tourism industry.".
13	SEC. 7403. STUDY REGARDING NATIONWIDE EMERGENCY
14	NOTIFICATION SYSTEM.
15	(a) Study.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in
16	cooordination with the Chairman of the Federal Commu-
17	nications Commission, and in consultation with the heads
18	of other appropriate Federal agencies and representatives
19	
	of providers and participants in the telecommunications
20	of providers and participants in the telecommunications industry, shall conduct a study to determine whether it
21	industry, shall conduct a study to determine whether it

1	(1) alert persons in the United States of immi-
2	nent or current hazardous events caused by acts of
3	terrorism; and
4	(2) provide information to individuals regarding
5	appropriate measures that may be undertaken to al-
6	leviate or minimize threats to their safety and wel-
7	fare posed by such events.
8	(b) Technologies To Consider.—In conducting
9	the study, the Secretary shall consider the use of the tele-
10	phone, wireless communications, and other existing com-
11	munications networks to provide such notification.
12	(c) Report.—Not later than 9 months after the date
13	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
14	Congress a report regarding the conclusions of the study.
15	SEC. 7404. PILOT STUDY TO MOVE WARNING SYSTEMS INTO
16	THE MODERN DIGITAL AGE.
17	(a) PILOT STUDY.—The Secretary of Homeland Se-
18	curity, from funds made available for improving the na-
19	tional system to notify the general public in the event of
20	a terrorist attack, and in consultation with the Attorney
21	General, the Secretary of Transportation, the heads of
22	other appropriate Federal agencies, the National Associa-
23	tion of State Chief Information Officers, and other stake-
24	holders with respect to public warning systems, shall con-
25	duct a pilot study under which the Secretary of Homeland

- 1 Security may issue public warnings regarding threats to
- 2 homeland security using a warning system that is similar
- 3 to the AMBER Alert communications network.
- 4 (b) Report.—Not later than 9 months after the date
- 5 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- 6 rity shall submit to Congress a report regarding the find-
- 7 ings, conclusions, and recommendations of the pilot study.
- 8 (c) Prohibition on Use of Highway Trust
- 9 Fund.—No funds derived from the Highway Trust Fund
- 10 may be transferred to, made available to, or obligated by
- 11 the Secretary of Homeland Security to carry out this sec-
- 12 tion
- 13 SEC. 7405. REQUIRED COORDINATION.
- 14 The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure
- 15 that there is effective and ongoing coordination of Federal
- 16 efforts to prevent, prepare for, and respond to acts of ter-
- 17 rorism and other major disasters and emergencies among
- 18 the divisions of the Department of Homeland Security, in-
- 19 cluding the Directorate of Emergency Preparedness and
- 20 Response and the Office for State and Local Government
- 21 Coordination and Preparedness.
- 22 SEC. 7406. EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS COMPACTS.
- 23 Section 611(h) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster
- 24 Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5196(h))
- 25 is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and			
2	(3) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respectively;			
3	(2) by indenting paragraph (2) (as so redesig-			
4	nated); and			
5	(3) by striking the subsection designation and			
6	heading and inserting the following:			
7	"(h) Emergency Preparedness Compacts.—(1)			
8	The Director shall establish a program supporting the de-			
9	velopment of emergency preparedness compacts for acts			
10	of terrorism, disasters, and emergencies throughout the			
11	Nation, by—			
12	"(A) identifying and cataloging existing emer-			
13	gency preparedness compacts for acts of terrorism,			
14	disasters, and emergencies at the State and local lev-			
15	els of government;			
16	"(B) disseminating to State and local govern-			
17	ments examples of best practices in the development			
18	of emergency preparedness compacts and models of			
19	existing emergency preparedness compacts, including			
20	agreements involving interstate jurisdictions; and			
21	"(C) completing an inventory of Federal re-			
22	sponse capabilities for acts of terrorism, disasters,			
23	and emergencies, making such inventory available to			
24	appropriate Federal, State, and local government of-			

1	ficials, and ensuring that such inventory is as cur-
2	rent and accurate as practicable.".
3	SEC. 7407. RESPONSIBILITIES OF COUNTERNARCOTICS OF
4	FICE.
5	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 878 of the Homeland Se-
6	curity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 458) is amended to read
7	as follows:
8	"SEC. 878. OFFICE OF COUNTERNARCOTICS ENFORCE-
9	MENT.
10	"(a) Office.—There is established in the Depart-
11	ment an Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement, which
12	shall be headed by a Director appointed by the President,
13	by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
14	"(b) Assignment of Personnel.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall assign
16	permanent staff to the Office, consistent with effec-
17	tive management of Department resources.
18	"(2) Liaisons.—The Secretary shall designate
19	senior employees from each appropriate subdivision
20	of the Department that has significant counter-
21	narcotics responsibilities to act as a liaison between
22	that subdivision and the Office of Counternarcotics
23	Enforcement.
24	"(c) Limitation on Concurrent Employment.—
25	Except as provided in subsection (d), the Director of the

1 Office of Counternarco	tics Enforcement	shall not	be	em-
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- 2 ployed by, assigned to, or serve as the head of, any other
- 3 branch of the Federal Government, any State or local gov-
- 4 ernment, or any subdivision of the Department other than
- 5 the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement.
- 6 "(d) Eligibility To Serve as the United
- 7 STATES INTERDICTION COORDINATOR.—The Director of
- 8 the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement may be ap-
- 9 pointed as the United States Interdiction Coordinator by
- 10 the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy,
- 11 and shall be the only person at the Department eligible
- 12 to be so appointed.
- 13 "(e) Responsibilities.—The Secretary shall direct
- 14 the Director of the Office of Counternarcotics
- 15 Enforcement—
- 16 "(1) to coordinate policy and operations within
- the Department, between the Department and other
- 18 Federal departments and agencies, and between the
- 19 Department and State and local agencies with re-
- spect to stopping the entry of illegal drugs into the
- 21 United States;
- 22 "(2) to ensure the adequacy of resources within
- 23 the Department for stopping the entry of illegal
- drugs into the United States;

1	"(3) to recommend the appropriate financial
2	and personnel resources necessary to help the De-
3	partment better fulfill its responsibility to stop the
4	entry of illegal drugs into the United States;
5	"(4) within the Joint Terrorism Task Force
6	construct to track and sever connections between il-
7	legal drug trafficking and terrorism; and
8	"(5) to be a representative of the Department
9	on all task forces, committees, or other entities
10	whose purpose is to coordinate the counternarcotics
11	enforcement activities of the Department and other
12	Federal, State or local agencies.
13	"(f) Savings Clause.—Nothing in this section shall
14	be construed to authorize direct control of the operations
15	conducted by the Directorate of Border and Transpor-
16	tation Security, the Coast Guard, or joint terrorism task
17	forces.
18	"(g) Reports to Congress.—
19	"(1) Annual budget review.—The Director
20	of the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement shall,
21	not later than 30 days after the submission by the
22	President to Congress of any request for expendi-
23	tures for the Department, submit to the Committees
24	on Appropriations and the authorizing committees of
25	iurisdiction of the House of Representatives and the

1	Senate a review and evaluation of such request. The
2	review and evaluation shall—
3	"(A) identify any request or subpart of any
4	request that affects or may affect the counter-
5	narcotics activities of the Department or any of
6	its subdivisions, or that affects the ability of the
7	Department or any subdivision of the Depart-
8	ment to meet its responsibility to stop the entry
9	of illegal drugs into the United States;
10	"(B) describe with particularity how such
11	requested funds would be or could be expended
12	in furtherance of counternarcotics activities;
13	and
14	"(C) compare such requests with requests
15	for expenditures and amounts appropriated by
16	Congress in the previous fiscal year.
17	"(2) Evaluation of counternarcotics ac-
18	TIVITIES.—The Director of the Office of Counter-
19	narcotics Enforcement shall, not later than Feb-
20	ruary 1 of each year, submit to the Committees on
21	Appropriations and the authorizing committees of
22	jurisdiction of the House of Representatives and the
23	Senate a review and evaluation of the counter-
24	narcotics activities of the Department for the pre-
25	vious fiscal year. The review and evaluation shall—

1	"(A) describe the counternarcotics activi-
2	ties of the Department and each subdivision of
3	the Department (whether individually or in co-
4	operation with other subdivisions of the Depart-
5	ment, or in cooperation with other branches of
6	the Federal Government or with State or local
7	agencies), including the methods, procedures,
8	and systems (including computer systems) for
9	collecting, analyzing, sharing, and dissemi-
10	nating information concerning narcotics activity
11	within the Department and between the De-
12	partment and other Federal, State, and local
13	agencies;
14	"(B) describe the results of those activi-
15	ties, using quantifiable data whenever possible;
16	"(C) state whether those activities were
17	sufficient to meet the responsibility of the De-
18	partment to stop the entry of illegal drugs into
19	the United States, including a description of the
20	performance measures of effectiveness that were
21	used in making that determination; and
22	"(D) recommend, where appropriate,
23	changes to those activities to improve the per-
24	formance of the Department in meeting its re-

1	sponsibility to stop the entry of illegal drugs
2	into the United States.
3	"(3) Classified or law enforcement sen-
4	SITIVE INFORMATION.—Any content of a review and
5	evaluation described in the reports required in this
6	subsection that involves information classified under
7	criteria established by an Executive order, or whose
8	public disclosure, as determined by the Secretary,
9	would be detrimental to the law enforcement or na-
10	tional security activities of the Department or any
11	other Federal, State, or local agency, shall be pre-
12	sented to Congress separately from the rest of the
13	review and evaluation.".
14	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 103(a) of
15	the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 113(a)) is
16	amended—
17	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (8) and (9) as
18	paragraphs (9) and (10), respectively; and
19	(2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(8) A Director of the Office of Counter-
22	narcotics Enforcement.".
23	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—Of the
24	amounts appropriated for the Department of Homeland
25	Security for Departmental management and operations

1	for fiscal year 2005, there is authorized up to \$6,000,000
2	to carry out section 878 of the Department of Homeland
3	Security Act of 2002.
4	SEC. 7408. USE OF COUNTERNARCOTICS ENFORCEMENT
5	ACTIVITIES IN CERTAIN EMPLOYEE PER
6	FORMANCE APPRAISALS.
7	(a) In General.—Subtitle E of title VIII of the
8	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 411 et seq.)
9	is amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"SEC. 843. USE OF COUNTERNARCOTICS ENFORCEMENT
11	ACTIVITIES IN CERTAIN EMPLOYEE PER
12	FORMANCE APPRAISALS.
13	"(a) In General.—Each subdivision of the Depart-
14	ment that is a National Drug Control Program Agency
15	shall include as one of the criteria in its performance ap-
16	praisal system, for each employee directly or indirectly in-
17	volved in the enforcement of Federal, State, or local nar-
18	cotics laws, the performance of that employee with respect
19	to the enforcement of Federal, State, or local narcotics
20	laws, relying to the greatest extent practicable on objective
21	performance measures, including—
22	"(1) the contribution of that employee to sei-
23	zures of narcotics and arrests of violators of Fed-
24	eral State or local narcotics laws, and

1	"(2) the degree to which that employee cooper-
2	ated with or contributed to the efforts of other em-
3	ployees, either within the Department or other Fed-
4	eral, State, or local agencies, in counternarcotics en-
5	forcement.
6	"(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
7	"(1) the term 'National Drug Control Program
8	Agency' means—
9	"(A) a National Drug Control Program
10	Agency, as defined in section 702(7) of the Of-
11	fice of National Drug Control Policy Reauthor-
12	ization Act of 1998 (as last in effect); and
13	"(B) any subdivision of the Department
14	that has a significant counternarcotics responsi-
15	bility, as determined by—
16	"(i) the counternarcotics officer, ap-
17	pointed under section 878; or
18	"(ii) if applicable, the counter-
19	narcotics officer's successor in function (as
20	determined by the Secretary); and
21	"(2) the term 'performance appraisal system'
22	means a system under which periodic appraisals of
23	job performance of employees are made, whether
24	under chapter 43 of title 5, United States Code, or
25	otherwise.".

1	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
2	for the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by
3	inserting after the item relating to section 842 the fol-
4	lowing:
	"Sec. 843. Use of counternarcotics enforcement activities in certain employee performance appraisals.".
5	Subtitle E—Public Safety Spectrum
6	SEC. 7501. DIGITAL TELEVISION CONVERSION DEADLINE.
7	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
8	(1) Congress granted television broadcasters ad-
9	ditional 6 megahertz blocks of spectrum to transmit
10	digital broadcasts simultaneously with the analog
11	broadcasts they submit on their original 6 megahertz
12	blocks of spectrum.
13	(2) Section 309(j)(14) of the Communications
14	Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(14)) requires each
15	television broadcaster to cease analog transmissions
16	and return 6 megahertz of spectrum not later
17	than—
18	(A) December 31, 2006; or
19	(B) the date on which more than 85 per-
20	cent of the television households in the market
21	of such broadcaster can view digital broadcast
22	television channels using a digital television, a
23	digital-to-analog converter box, cable service, or
24	satellite service.

1	(3) Twenty-four megahertz of spectrum occu-
2	pied by television broadcasters has been earmarked
3	for use by first responders as soon as the television
4	broadcasters return the spectrum broadcasters being
5	used to provide analog transmissions. This spectrum
6	would be ideal to provide first responders with inter-
7	operable communications channels.
8	(4) Large parts of the vacated spectrum could
9	be auctioned for advanced commercial services, such
10	as wireless broadband.
11	(5) The 85 percent penetration test described in
12	paragraph (2)(B) could delay the termination of
13	analog television broadcasts and the return of spec-
14	trum well beyond 2007, hindering the use of that
15	spectrum for these important public safety and ad-
16	vanced commercial uses.
17	(6) While proposals to require broadcasters to
18	return, on a date certain, the spectrum earmarked
19	for future public safety use may improve the ability
20	of public safety entities to begin planning for use of

return, on a date certain, the spectrum earmarked
for future public safety use may improve the ability
of public safety entities to begin planning for use of
this spectrum, such proposals have certain deficiencies. The proposals would require the dislocation
of up to 75 broadcast stations, which also serve a
critical public safety function by broadcasting weather, traffic, disaster, and other safety alerts. Such

1	disparate treatment of broadcasters would be unfair
2	to the broadcasters and their respective viewers. Re-
3	quiring the return of all analog broadcast spectrum
4	by a date certain would have the benefit of address-
5	ing the digital television transition in a comprehen-
6	sive fashion that treats all broadcasters and viewers
7	equally, while freeing spectrum for advanced com-
8	mercial services.
9	(7) The Federal Communications Commission
10	should consider all regulatory means available to ex-
11	pedite the return of the analog spectrum.
12	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
13	gress that—
14	(1) Congress must act to pass legislation in the
15	first session of the 109th Congress that establishes
16	a comprehensive approach to the timely return of
17	analog broadcast spectrum as early as December 31,
18	2006; and
19	(2) any delay in the adoption of the legislation
20	described in paragraph (1) will delay the ability of
21	public safety entities to begin planning to use this
22	needed spectrum.

1	SEC. 7502. STUDIES ON TELECOMMUNICATIONS CAPABILI-
2	TIES AND REQUIREMENTS.
3	(a) Allocations of Spectrum for Emergency
4	RESPONSE PROVIDERS.—The Federal Communications
5	Commission shall, in consultation with the Secretary of
6	Homeland Security and the National Telecommunications
7	and Information Administration, conduct a study to assess
8	short-term and long-term needs for allocations of addi-
9	tional portions of the electromagnetic spectrum for Fed-
10	eral, State, and local emergency response providers, in-
11	cluding whether or not an additional allocation of spec-
12	trum in the 700 megahertz band should be granted by
13	Congress to such emergency response providers.
14	(b) Strategies To Meet Public Safety Tele-
15	COMMUNICATIONS REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of
16	Homeland Security shall, in consultation with the Federal
17	Communications Commission and the National Tele-
18	communications and Information Administration, conduct
19	a study to assess strategies that may be used to meet pub-
20	lic safety telecommunications needs, including—
21	(1) the need and efficacy of deploying nation-
22	wide interoperable communications networks (includ-
23	ing the potential technical and operational standards
24	and protocols for nationwide interoperable
25	broadband mobile communications networks that
26	may be used by Federal, State, regional, and local

1	governmental and nongovernmental public safety,
2	homeland security, and other emergency response
3	personnel);
4	(2) the capacity of public safety entities to uti-
5	lize wireless broadband applications; and
6	(3) the communications capabilities of all emer-
7	gency response providers, including hospitals and
8	health care workers, and current efforts to promote
9	communications coordination and training among
10	emergency response providers.
11	(c) Study Requirements.—In conducting the stud-
12	ies required by subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary of
13	Homeland Security and the Federal Communications
14	Commission shall—
15	(1) seek input from Federal, State, local, and
16	regional emergency response providers regarding the
17	operation and administration of a potential nation-
18	wide interoperable broadband mobile communica-
19	tions network; and
20	(2) consider the use of commercial wireless
21	technologies to the greatest extent practicable.
22	(d) Reports.—(1) Not later than one year after the
23	date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Communica-
24	tions Commission (in the case of the study required by
25	subsection (a)) and the Secretary of Homeland Security

1	(in the case of the study required by subsection (b)) shall
2	submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report
3	on such study, including the findings of such study.
4	(2) In this subsection, the term "appropriate commit-
5	tees of Congress" means—
6	(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
7	Transportation and the Committee on Homeland Se-
8	curity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
9	(B) the Committee on Energy and Commerce
10	and the Select Committee on Homeland Security of
11	the House of Representatives.
12	Subtitle F—Presidential Transition
13	SEC. 7601. PRESIDENTIAL TRANSITION.
14	(a) Services Provided President-Elect.—Sec-
15	tion 3 of the Presidential Transition Act of 1963 (3
16	U.S.C. 102 note) is amended—
17	(1) by adding after subsection (a)(8)(A)(iv) the
18	following:
19	"(v) Activities under this paragraph
20	shall include the preparation of a detailed
21	classified, compartmented summary by the
22	relevant outgoing executive branch officials
23	of specific operational threats to national
24	security; major military or covert oper-

1	uses of military force. This summary shall
2	be provided to the President-elect as soon
3	as possible after the date of the general
4	elections held to determine the electors of
5	President and Vice President under section
6	1 or 2 of title 3, United States Code.";
7	(2) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
8	section (g); and
9	(3) by adding after subsection (e) the following:
10	``(f)(1) The President-elect should submit to the Fed-
11	eral Bureau of Investigation or other appropriate agency
12	and then, upon taking effect and designation, to the agen-
13	cy designated by the President under section 115(b) of
14	the National Intelligence Reform Act of 2004, the names
15	of candidates for high level national security positions
16	through the level of undersecretary of cabinet departments
17	as soon as possible after the date of the general elections
18	held to determine the electors of President and Vice Presi-
19	dent under section 1 or 2 of title 3, United States Code.
20	"(2) The responsible agency or agencies shall under-
21	take and complete as expeditiously as possible the back-
22	ground investigations necessary to provide appropriate se-
23	curity clearances to the individuals who are candidates de-
24	scribed under paragraph (1) before the date of the inau-

1	guration of the President-elect as President and the mau-
2	guration of the Vice-President-elect as Vice President."
3	(b) Sense of the Senate Regarding Expedited
4	Consideration of National Security Nominees.—
5	It is the sense of the Senate that—
6	(1) the President-elect should submit the nomi-
7	nations of candidates for high-level national security
8	positions, through the level of undersecretary of cab-
9	inet departments, to the Senate by the date of the
10	inauguration of the President-elect as President; and
11	(2) for all such national security nominees re-
12	ceived by the date of inauguration, the Senate com-
13	mittees to which these nominations are referred
14	should, to the fullest extent possible, complete their
15	consideration of these nominations, and, if such
16	nominations are reported by the committees, the full
17	Senate should vote to confirm or reject these nomi-
18	nations, within 30 days of their submission.
19	(c) SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR TRANSITION TEAM
20	Members.—
21	(1) Definition.—In this section, the term
22	"major party" shall have the meaning given under
23	section 9002(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of
24	1986.

1	(2) In general.—Each major party candidate
2	for President may submit, before the date of the
3	general election, requests for security clearances for
4	prospective transition team members who will have
5	a need for access to classified information to carry
6	out their responsibilities as members of the Presi-
7	dent-elect's transition team.
8	(3) Completion date.—Necessary back-
9	ground investigations and eligibility determinations
10	to permit appropriate prospective transition team
11	members to have access to classified information
12	shall be completed, to the fullest extent practicable,
13	by the day after the date of the general election.
14	(d) Effective Date.—Notwithstanding section
15	351, this section and the amendments made by this sec-
16	tion shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.
17	Subtitle G—Improving Inter-
18	national Standards and Co-
19	operation to Fight Terrorist Fi-
20	nancing
21	SEC. 7701. IMPROVING INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND
22	COOPERATION TO FIGHT TERRORIST FI-
23	NANCING.
24	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
25	ings:

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(1) The global war on terrorism and cutting off terrorist financing is a policy priority for the United States and its partners, working bilaterally and multilaterally through the United Nations, the United Nations Security Council and its committees, such as the 1267 and 1373 Committees, the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), and various international financial institutions, including the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), and the regional multilateral development banks, and other multilateral fora. (2) The international financial community has become engaged in the global fight against terrorist financing. The Financial Action Task Force has focused on the new threat posed by terrorist financing to the international financial system, resulting in the establishment of the FATF's Eight Special Recommendations on Terrorist Financing as the international standard on combating terrorist financing.

20 21 The Group of Seven and the Group of Twenty Fi-

22 nance Ministers are developing action plans to curb

23 the financing of terror. In addition, other economic

24 and regional fora, such as the Asia-Pacific Economic

25 Cooperation (APEC) Forum, and the Western

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- Hemisphere Financial Ministers, have been used to marshal political will and actions in support of combating the financing of terrorism (CFT) standards.
 - (3) FATF's Forty Recommendations on Money Laundering and the Eight Special Recommendations on Terrorist Financing are the recognized global standards for fighting money laundering and terrorist financing. The FATF has engaged in an assessment process for jurisdictions based on their compliance with these standards.
 - (4) In March 2004, the IMF and IBRD Boards agreed to make permanent a pilot program of collaboration with the FATF to assess global compliance with the FATF Forty Recommendations on Money Laundering and the Eight Special Recommendations on Terrorist Financing. As a result, anti-money laundering (AML) and combating the financing of terrorism (CFT) assessments are now a regular part of their Financial Sector Assessment Program (FSAP) and Offshore Financial Center assessments, which provide for a comprehensive analysis of the strength of a jurisdiction's financial system. These reviews assess potential systemic vulnerabilities, consider sectoral development needs and priorities, and review the state of implementa-

- tion of and compliance with key financial codes and
 regulatory standards, among them the AML and
 CFT standards.
 - (5) To date, 70 FSAPs have been conducted, with over 24 of those incorporating AML and CFT assessments. The international financial institutions (IFIs), the FATF, and the FATF-style regional bodies together are expected to assess AML and CFT regimes in up to 40 countries or jurisdictions per year. This will help countries and jurisdictions identify deficiencies in their AML and CFT regimes and help focus technical assistance efforts.
 - (6) Technical assistance programs from the United States and other nations, coordinated with the Department of State and other departments and agencies, are playing an important role in helping countries and jurisdictions address shortcomings in their AML and CFT regimes and bringing their regimes into conformity with international standards. Training is coordinated within the United States Government, which leverages multilateral organizations and bodies and international financial institutions to internationalize the conveyance of technical assistance.

1	(7) In fulfilling its duties in advancing incorpo-
2	ration of AML and CFT standards into the IFIs as
3	part of the IFIs' work on protecting the integrity of
4	the international monetary system, the Department
5	of the Treasury, under the guidance of the Secretary
6	of the Treasury, has effectively brought together all
7	of the key United States Government agencies. In
8	particular, United States Government agencies con-
9	tinue to work together to foster broad support for
10	this important undertaking in various multilateral
11	fora, and United States Government agencies recog-
12	nize the need for close coordination and communica-
13	tion within our own Government.
14	(b) Sense of Congress Regarding Success in
15	MULTILATERAL ORGANIZATIONS.—It is the sense of Con-
16	gress that the Secretary of the Treasury should continue
17	to promote the dissemination of international AML and
18	CFT standards, and to press for full implementation of
19	the FATF $40 + 8$ Recommendations by all countries in
20	order to curb financial risks and hinder terrorist financing
21	around the globe. The efforts of the Secretary in this re-
22	gard should include, where necessary or appropriate, mul-
23	tilateral action against countries whose counter-money
24	laundering regimes and efforts against the financing of
25	terrorism fall below recognized international standards.

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1	SEC. 7702. DEFINITIONS.
2	In this subtitle—
3	(1) the term "international financial institu-
4	tions" has the same meaning as in section
5	1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institu-
6	tions Act;
7	(2) the term "Financial Action Task Force"
8	means the international policy-making and standard-
9	setting body dedicated to combating money laun-
10	dering and terrorist financing that was created by
11	the Group of Seven in 1989; and
12	(3) the terms "Interagency Paper on Sound
13	Practices to Strengthen the Resilience of the U.S.
14	Financial System" and "Interagency Paper" mean
15	the interagency paper prepared by the Board of
16	Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the
17	Comptroller of the Currency, and the Securities and
18	Exchange Commission that was announced in the
19	Federal Register on April 8, 2003.
20	SEC. 7703. EXPANDED REPORTING AND TESTIMONY RE-
21	QUIREMENTS FOR THE SECRETARY OF THE
22	TREASURY.
23	(a) Reporting Requirements.—Section 1503(a)
24	of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C.

25 262o-2(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(15) Work with the International Monetary
2	Fund to—
3	"(A) foster strong global anti-money laun-
4	dering (AML) and combat the financing of ter-
5	rorism (CFT) regimes;
6	"(B) ensure that country performance
7	under the Financial Action Task Force anti-
8	money laundering and counterterrorist financ-
9	ing standards is effectively and comprehensively
10	monitored;
11	"(C) ensure note is taken of AML and
12	CFT issues in Article IV reports, International
13	Monetary Fund programs, and other regular re-
14	views of country progress;
15	"(D) ensure that effective AML and CFT
16	regimes are considered to be indispensable ele-
17	ments of sound financial systems; and
18	"(E) emphasize the importance of sound
19	AML and CFT regimes to global growth and
20	development.".
21	(b) Testimony.—Section 1705(b) of the Inter-
22	national Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r–4(b))
23	is amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the
25	end;

1	(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at
2	the end and inserting "; and"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(4) the status of implementation of inter-
5	national anti-money laundering and counterterrorist
6	financing standards by the International Monetary
7	Fund, the multilateral development banks, and other
8	multilateral financial policymaking bodies.".
9	SEC. 7704. COORDINATION OF UNITED STATES GOVERN-
10	MENT EFFORTS.
11	The Secretary of the Treasury, or the designee of the
11 12	· ·
	· ·
12	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official
12 13	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), shall con-
12 13 14	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), shall continue to convene the interagency United States Govern-
12 13 14 15	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), shall continue to convene the interagency United States Government FATF working group. This group, which includes
12 13 14 15	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), shall continue to convene the interagency United States Government FATF working group. This group, which includes representatives from all relevant Federal agencies, shall
112 113 114 115 116	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), shall continue to convene the interagency United States Government FATF working group. This group, which includes representatives from all relevant Federal agencies, shall meet at least once a year to advise the Secretary on poli-
12 13 14 15 16 17	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), shall continue to convene the interagency United States Government FATF working group. This group, which includes representatives from all relevant Federal agencies, shall meet at least once a year to advise the Secretary on policies to be pursued by the United States regarding the de-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Secretary, as the lead United States Government official to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), shall continue to convene the interagency United States Government FATF working group. This group, which includes representatives from all relevant Federal agencies, shall meet at least once a year to advise the Secretary on policies to be pursued by the United States regarding the development of common international AML and CFT stand-

1	Subtitle H—Emergency Financial
2	Preparedness
3	SEC. 7801. DELEGATION AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY
4	OF THE TREASURY.
5	Section 306(d) of title 31, United States Code, is
6	amended by inserting "or employee" after "another offi-
7	cer''.
8	SEC. 7802. TREASURY SUPPORT FOR FINANCIAL SERVICES
9	INDUSTRY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE
10	AND CONSUMER EDUCATION.
11	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that the Secretary of
12	the Treasury—
13	(1) has successfully communicated and coordi-
14	nated with the private-sector financial services in-
15	dustry about financial infrastructure preparedness
16	and response issues;
17	(2) has successfully reached out to State and
18	local governments and regional public-private part-
19	nerships, such as ChicagoFIRST, that protect em-
20	ployees and critical infrastructure by enhancing com-
21	munication and coordinating plans for disaster pre-
22	paredness and business continuity; and
23	(3) has set an example for the Department of
24	Homeland Security and other Federal agency part-
25	ners, whose active participation is vital to the overall

1	success of the activities described in paragraphs (1)
2	and (2).
3	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
4	gress that the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation
5	with the Secretary of Homeland Security, other Federal
6	agency partners, and private-sector financial organization
7	partners, should—
8	(1) furnish sufficient personnel and techno-
9	logical and financial resources to educate consumers
10	and employees of the financial services industry
11	about domestic counterterrorist financing activities,
12	particularly about—
13	(A) how the public and private sector orga-
14	nizations involved in such activities can combat
15	terrorism while protecting and preserving the
16	lives and civil liberties of consumers and em-
17	ployees of the financial services industry; and
18	(B) how the consumers and employees of
19	the financial services industry can assist the
20	public and private sector organizations involved
21	in such activities; and
22	(2) submit annual reports to Congress on ef-
23	forts to accomplish subparagraphs (A) and (B) of
24	paragraph (1).

1	(c) Report on Public-Private Partnerships.—
2	Before the end of the 6-month period beginning on the
3	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treas-
4	ury shall submit a report to the Committee on Financial
5	Services of the House of Representatives and the Com-
6	mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
7	Senate containing—
8	(1) information on the efforts that the Depart-
9	ment of the Treasury has made to encourage the
10	formation of public-private partnerships to protect
11	critical financial infrastructure and the type of sup-
12	port that the Department has provided to such part-
13	nerships; and
14	(2) recommendations for administrative or leg-
15	islative action regarding such partnerships, as the
16	Secretary may determine to be appropriate.
17	SEC. 7803. EMERGENCY SECURITIES RESPONSE ACT OF
18	2004.
19	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
20	"Emergency Securities Response Act of 2004".
21	(b) Extension of Emergency Order Authority
22	OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.—
23	(1) Extension of Authority.—Section
24	12(k)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
25	U.S.C. $78l(k)(2)$) is amended to read as follows:

1	"(2) Emergency orders.—
2	"(A) In General.—The Commission, in
3	an emergency, may by order summarily take
4	such action to alter, supplement, suspend, or
5	impose requirements or restrictions with respect
6	to any matter or action subject to regulation by
7	the Commission or a self-regulatory organiza-
8	tion under the securities laws, as the Commis-
9	sion determines is necessary in the public inter-
10	est and for the protection of investors—
11	"(i) to maintain or restore fair and
12	orderly securities markets (other than mar-
13	kets in exempted securities);
14	"(ii) to ensure prompt, accurate, and
15	safe clearance and settlement of trans-
16	actions in securities (other than exempted
17	securities); or
18	"(iii) to reduce, eliminate, or prevent
19	the substantial disruption by the emer-
20	gency of—
21	"(I) securities markets (other
22	than markets in exempted securities),
23	investment companies, or any other
24	significant portion or segment of such
25	markets; or

1	"(II) the transmission or proc-
2	essing of securities transactions (other
3	than transactions in exempted securi-
4	ties).
5	"(B) Effective period.—An order of
6	the Commission under this paragraph shall con-
7	tinue in effect for the period specified by the
8	Commission, and may be extended. Except as
9	provided in subparagraph (C), an order of the
10	Commission under this paragraph may not con-
11	tinue in effect for more than 10 business days,
12	including extensions.
13	"(C) Extension.—An order of the Com-
14	mission under this paragraph may be extended
15	to continue in effect for more than 10 business
16	days if, at the time of the extension, the Com-
17	mission finds that the emergency still exists and
18	determines that the continuation of the order
19	beyond 10 business days is necessary in the
20	public interest and for the protection of inves-
21	tors to attain an objective described in clause
22	(i), (ii), or (iii) of subparagraph (A). In no
23	event shall an order of the Commission under
24	this paragraph continue in effect for more than
25	30 calendar days.

1	"(D) SECURITY FUTURES.—If the actions
2	described in subparagraph (A) involve a secu-
3	rity futures product, the Commission shall con-
4	sult with and consider the views of the Com-
5	modity Futures Trading Commission.
6	"(E) Exemption.—In exercising its au-
7	thority under this paragraph, the Commission
8	shall not be required to comply with the provi-
9	sions of—
10	"(i) section 19(c); or
11	"(ii) section 553 of title 5, United
12	States Code.".
13	(e) Consultation; Definition of Emergency.—
14	Section 12(k)(6) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
15	(15 U.S.C. $78l(k)(6)$) is amended to read as follows:
16	"(6) Consultation.—Prior to taking any ac-
17	tion described in paragraph (1)(B), the Commission
18	shall consult with and consider the views of the Sec-
19	retary of the Treasury, the Board of Governors of
20	the Federal Reserve System, and the Commodity
21	Futures Trading Commission, unless such consulta-
22	tion is impracticable in light of the emergency.
23	"(7) Definitions.—For purposes of this
24	subsection—
25	"(A) the term 'emergency' means—

1	"(i) a major market disturbance char-
2	acterized by or constituting—
3	"(I) sudden and excessive fluc-
4	tuations of securities prices generally,
5	or a substantial threat thereof, that
6	threaten fair and orderly markets; or
7	"(II) a substantial disruption of
8	the safe or efficient operation of the
9	national system for clearance and set-
10	tlement of transactions in securities,
11	or a substantial threat thereof; or
12	"(ii) a major disturbance that sub-
13	stantially disrupts, or threatens to substan-
14	tially disrupt—
15	"(I) the functioning of securities
16	markets, investment companies, or
17	any other significant portion or seg-
18	ment of the securities markets; or
19	"(II) the transmission or proc-
20	essing of securities transactions; and
21	"(B) notwithstanding section 3(a)(47), the
22	term 'securities laws' does not include the Pub-
23	lie Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.".
24	(d) Parallel Authority of the Secretary of
25	THE TREASURY WITH RESPECT TO GOVERNMENT SECU-

1	RITIES.—	-Section	15C	of	the	Securities	Exchange	Act	of
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- 2 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780-5) is amended by adding at the end
- 3 the following:
- 4 "(h) Emergency Authority.—The Secretary may,
- 5 by order, take any action with respect to a matter or ac-
- 6 tion subject to regulation by the Secretary under this sec-
- 7 tion, or the rules of the Secretary under this section, in-
- 8 volving a government security or a market therein (or sig-
- 9 nificant portion or segment of that market), that the Com-
- 10 mission may take under section 12(k)(2) with respect to
- 11 transactions in securities (other than exempted securities)
- 12 or a market therein (or significant portion or segment of
- 13 that market).".
- (e) Joint Report on Implementation of Finan-
- 15 CIAL SYSTEM RESILIENCE RECOMMENDATIONS.—
- 16 (1) Report required.—Not later than April
- 30, 2006, the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
- serve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, and
- the Securities and Exchange Commission shall pre-
- pare and submit to the Committee on Financial
- 21 Services of the House of Representatives and the
- Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
- of the Senate a joint report on the efforts of the pri-
- vate sector to implement the Interagency Paper on

1	Sound Practices to Strengthen the Resilience of the
2	U.S. Financial System.
3	(2) Contents of Report.—The report re-
4	quired by paragraph (1) shall—
5	(A) examine the efforts to date of private
6	sector financial services firms covered by the
7	Interagency Paper to implement enhanced busi-
8	ness continuity plans;
9	(B) examine the extent to which the imple-
10	mentation of such business continuity plans has
11	been done in a geographically dispersed man-
12	ner, including an analysis of the extent to which
13	such firms have located their main and backup
14	facilities in separate electrical networks, in dif-
15	ferent watersheds, in independent transpor-
16	tation systems, and using separate tele-
17	communications centers, and the cost and tech-
18	nological implications of further dispersal;
19	(C) examine the need to cover a larger
20	range of private sector financial services firms
21	that play significant roles in critical financial
22	markets than those covered by the Interagency
23	Paper; and
24	(D) recommend legislative and regulatory
25	changes that will—

1	(i) expedite the effective implementa-
2	tion of the Interagency Paper by all cov-
3	ered financial services entities; and
4	(ii) optimize the effective implementa-
5	tion of business continuity planning by the
6	financial services industry.
7	(3) Confidentiality.—Any information pro-
8	vided to the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
9	serve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, or
10	the Securities and Exchange Commission for the
11	purposes of the preparation and submission of the
12	report required by paragraph (1) shall be treated as
13	privileged and confidential. For purposes of section
14	552 of title 5, United States Code, this subsection
15	shall be considered a statute described in subsection
16	(b)(3)(B) of that section 552.
17	(4) Definition.—As used in this subsection,
18	the terms "Interagency Paper on Sound Practices to
19	Strengthen the Resilience of the U.S. Financial Sys-
20	tem" and "Interagency Paper" mean the inter-
21	agency paper prepared by the Board of Governors of
22	the Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the
23	Currency, and the Securities and Exchange Commis-
24	sion that was announced in the Federal Register on
25	April 8, 2003.

SEC. 7804. PRIVATE SECTOR PREPAREDNI

- 2 It is the sense of Congress that the insurance indus-
- 3 try and credit-rating agencies, where relevant, should care-
- 4 fully consider a company's compliance with standards for
- 5 private sector disaster and emergency preparedness in as-
- 6 sessing insurability and creditworthiness, to ensure that
- 7 private sector investment in disaster and emergency pre-
- 8 paredness is appropriately encouraged.

9 TITLE VIII—OTHER MATTERS

10 Subtitle A—Intelligence Matters

- 11 SEC. 8101. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY USE OF NATIONAL
- 12 INFRASTRUCTURE SIMULATION AND ANAL-
- 13 YSIS CENTER.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intel-
- 15 ligence shall establish a formal relationship, including in-
- 16 formation sharing, between the elements of the intelligence
- 17 community and the National Infrastructure Simulation
- 18 and Analysis Center.
- 19 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the relationship
- 20 under subsection (a) shall be to permit the intelligence
- 21 community to take full advantage of the capabilities of the
- 22 National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center,
- 23 particularly vulnerability and consequence analysis, for
- 24 real time response to reported threats and long term plan-
- 25 ning for projected threats.

1	Subtitle B—Department of
2	Homeland Security Matters
3	SEC. 8201. HOMELAND SECURITY GEOSPATIAL INFORMA-
4	TION.
5	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
6	ings:
7	(1) Geospatial technologies and geospatial data
8	improve government capabilities to detect, plan for,
9	prepare for, and respond to disasters in order to
10	save lives and protect property.
11	(2) Geospatial data improves the ability of in-
12	formation technology applications and systems to en-
13	hance public security in a cost-effective manner.
14	(3) Geospatial information preparedness in the
15	United States, and specifically in the Department of
16	Homeland Security, is insufficient because of—
17	(A) inadequate geospatial data compat-
18	ibility;
19	(B) insufficient geospatial data sharing;
20	and
21	(C) technology interoperability barriers.
22	(b) Homeland Security Geospatial Informa-
23	TION.—Section 703 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
24	(6 U.S.C. 343) is amended—

1	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before
2	"The Chief Information"; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(b) Geospatial Information Functions.—
5	"(1) Definitions.—As used in this subsection:
6	"(A) GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION.—The
7	term 'geospatial information' means graphical
8	or digital data depicting natural or manmade
9	physical features, phenomena, or boundaries of
10	the earth and any information related thereto,
11	including surveys, maps, charts, remote sensing
12	data, and images.
13	"(B) Geospatial Technology.—The
14	term 'geospatial technology' means any tech-
15	nology utilized by analysts, specialists, sur-
16	veyors, photogrammetrists, hydrographers, ge-
17	odesists, cartographers, architects, or engineers
18	for the collection, storage, retrieval, or dissemi-
19	nation of geospatial information, including—
20	"(i) global satellite surveillance sys-
21	tems;
22	"(ii) global position systems;
23	"(iii) geographic information systems;
24	"(iv) mapping equipment;
25	"(v) geocoding technology; and

1	"(vi) remote sensing devices.
2	"(2) Office of Geospatial Management.—
3	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Office of
4	Geospatial Management is established within
5	the Office of the Chief Information Officer.
6	"(B) Geospatial Information offi-
7	CER.—
8	"(i) Appointment.—The Office of
9	Geospatial Management shall be adminis-
10	tered by the Geospatial Information Offi-
11	cer, who shall be appointed by the Sec-
12	retary and serve under the direction of the
13	Chief Information Officer.
14	"(ii) Functions.—The Geospatial In-
15	formation Officer shall assist the Chief In-
16	formation Officer in carrying out all func-
17	tions under this section and in coordi-
18	nating the geospatial information needs of
19	the Department.
20	"(C) COORDINATION OF GEOSPATIAL IN-
21	FORMATION.—The Chief Information Officer
22	shall establish and carry out a program to pro-
23	vide for the efficient use of geospatial informa-
24	tion, which shall include—

1	"(i) providing such geospatial infor-
2	mation as may be necessary to implement
3	the critical infrastructure protection pro-
4	grams;
5	"(ii) providing leadership and coordi-
6	nation in meeting the geospatial informa-
7	tion requirements of those responsible for
8	planning, prevention, mitigation, assess-
9	ment and response to emergencies, critical
10	infrastructure protection, and other func-
11	tions of the Department; and
12	"(iii) coordinating with users of
13	geospatial information within the Depart-
14	ment to assure interoperability and prevent
15	unnecessary duplication.
16	"(D) Responsibilities.—In carrying out
17	this subsection, the responsibilities of the Chief
18	Information Officer shall include—
19	"(i) coordinating the geospatial infor-
20	mation needs and activities of the Depart-
21	ment;
22	"(ii) implementing standards, as
23	adopted by the Director of the Office of
24	Management and Budget under the proc-
25	esses established under section 216 of the

1	E-Government Act of 2002 (44 U.S.C.
2	3501 note), to facilitate the interoper-
3	ability of geospatial information pertaining
4	to homeland security among all users of
5	such information within—
6	"(I) the Department;
7	"(II) State and local government;
8	and
9	"(III) the private sector;
10	"(iii) coordinating with the Federal
11	Geographic Data Committee and carrying
12	out the responsibilities of the Department
13	pursuant to Office of Management and
14	Budget Circular A-16 and Executive
15	Order 12906; and
16	"(iv) making recommendations to the
17	Secretary and the Executive Director of
18	the Office for State and Local Government
19	Coordination and Preparedness on award-
20	ing grants to—
21	"(I) fund the creation of
22	geospatial data; and
23	"(II) execute information sharing
24	agreements regarding geospatial data

1	with State, local, and tribal govern-
2	ments.
3	"(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
4	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
5	as may be necessary to carry out this subsection for
6	each fiscal year.".
7	Subtitle C—HOMELAND SECU-
8	RITY CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL
9	LIBERTIES PROTECTION
10	SEC. 8301. SHORT TITLE.
11	This subtitle may be cited as the "Homeland Security
12	Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Protection Act of 2004".
13	SEC. 8302. MISSION OF DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECU-
14	RITY.
15	Section 101(b)(1) of the Homeland Security Act of
16	2002 (6 U.S.C. 111(b)(1)) is amended—
17	(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "and"
18	after the semicolon;
19	(2) by redesignating subparagraph (G) as sub-
20	paragraph (H); and
21	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (F) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(G) ensure that the civil rights and civil
24	liberties of persons are not diminished by ef-

1	forts, activities, and programs aimed at secur-
2	ing the homeland; and".
3	SEC. 8303. OFFICER FOR CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIB-
4	ERTIES.
5	Section 705(a) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
6	(6 U.S.C. 345(a)) is amended—
7	(1) by amending the matter preceding para-
8	graph (1) to read as follows:
9	"(a) In General.—The Officer for Civil Rights and
10	Civil Liberties, who shall report directly to the Secretary,
11	shall—";
12	(2) by amending paragraph (1) to read as fol-
13	lows:
14	"(1) review and assess information concerning
15	abuses of civil rights, civil liberties, and profiling on
16	the basis of race, ethnicity, or religion, by employees
17	and officials of the Department;";
18	(3) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
19	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
20	(4) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(3) assist the Secretary, directorates, and of-
22	fices of the Department to develop, implement, and
23	periodically review Department policies and proce-
24	dures to ensure that the protection of civil rights

1	and civil liberties is appropriately incorporated into
2	Department programs and activities;
3	"(4) oversee compliance with constitutional,
4	statutory, regulatory, policy, and other requirements
5	relating to the civil rights and civil liberties of indi-
6	viduals affected by the programs and activities of
7	the Department;
8	"(5) coordinate with the Privacy Officer to en-
9	sure that—
10	"(A) programs, policies, and procedures in-
11	volving civil rights, civil liberties, and privacy
12	considerations are addressed in an integrated
13	and comprehensive manner; and
14	"(B) Congress receives appropriate reports
15	regarding such programs, policies, and proce-
16	dures; and
17	"(6) investigate complaints and information in-
18	dicating possible abuses of civil rights or civil lib-
19	erties, unless the Inspector General of the Depart-
20	ment determines that any such complaint or infor-
21	mation should be investigated by the Inspector Gen-
22	eral.".

1	SEC. 8304. PROTECTION OF CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIB-
2	ERTIES BY OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.
3	Section 8I of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5
4	U.S.C. App.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
5	lowing:
6	``(f)(1) The Inspector General of the Department of
7	Homeland Security shall designate a senior official within
8	the Office of Inspector General, who shall be a career
9	member of the civil service at the equivalent to the GS-
10	15 level or a career member of the Senior Executive Serv-
11	ice, to perform the functions described in paragraph (2).
12	"(2) The senior official designated under paragraph
13	(1) shall—
14	"(A) coordinate the activities of the Office of
15	Inspector General with respect to investigations of
16	abuses of civil rights or civil liberties;
17	"(B) receive and review complaints and infor-
18	mation from any source alleging abuses of civil
19	rights and civil liberties by employees or officials of
20	the Department and employees or officials of inde-
21	pendent contractors or grantees of the Department;
22	"(C) initiate investigations of alleged abuses of
23	civil rights or civil liberties by employees or officials
24	of the Department and employees or officials of
25	independent contractors or grantees of the Depart-
26	ment;

1	"(D) ensure that personnel within the Office of
2	Inspector General receive sufficient training to con-
3	duct effective civil rights and civil liberties investiga-
4	tions;
5	"(E) consult with the Officer for Civil Rights
6	and Civil Liberties regarding—
7	"(i) alleged abuses of civil rights or civil
8	liberties; and
9	"(ii) any policy recommendations regarding
10	civil rights and civil liberties that may be found-
11	ed upon an investigation by the Office of In-
12	spector General;
13	"(F) provide the Officer for Civil Rights and
14	Civil Liberties with information regarding the out-
15	come of investigations of alleged abuses of civil
16	rights and civil liberties;
17	"(G) refer civil rights and civil liberties matters
18	that the Inspector General decides not to investigate
19	to the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties;
20	"(H) ensure that the Office of the Inspector
21	General publicizes and provides convenient public ac-
22	cess to information regarding—
23	"(i) the procedure to file complaints or
24	comments concerning civil rights and civil lib-
25	erties matters; and

1	"(ii) the status of corrective actions taken
2	by the Department in response to Office of the
3	Inspector General reports; and
4	"(I) inform the Officer for Civil Rights and
5	Civil Liberties of any weaknesses, problems, and de-
6	ficiencies within the Department relating to civil
7	rights or civil liberties.".
8	SEC. 8305. PRIVACY OFFICER.
9	Section 222 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
10	(6 U.S.C. 142) is amended—
11	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
12	inserting ", who shall report directly to the Sec-
13	retary," after "in the Department";
14	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the
15	end;
16	(3) by redesignating paragraph (5) as para-
17	graph (6); and
18	(4) by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(5) coordinating with the Officer for Civil
21	Rights and Civil Liberties to ensure that—
22	"(A) programs, policies, and procedures in-
23	volving civil rights, civil liberties, and privacy
24	considerations are addressed in an integrated
25	and comprehensive manner; and

1	"(B) Congress receives appropriate reports
2	on such programs, policies, and procedures;
3	and".
4	SEC. 8306. PROTECTIONS FOR HUMAN RESEARCH SUB-
5	JECTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND
6	SECURITY.
7	The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure
8	that the Department of Homeland Security complies with
9	the protections for human research subjects, as described
10	in part 46 of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations, or
11	in equivalent regulations as promulgated by such Sec-
12	retary, with respect to research that is conducted or sup-
13	ported by the Department.
14	Subtitle D—Other Matters
15	SEC. 8401. AMENDMENTS TO CLINGER-COHEN ACT PROVI-
16	SIONS TO ENHANCE AGENCY PLANNING FOR
17	INFORMATION SECURITY NEEDS.
18	Chapter 113 of title 40, United States Code, is
19	amended—
20	(1) in section 11302(b), by inserting "security,"
21	after "use,";
22	(2) in section 11302(c), by inserting ", includ-
23	ing information security risks," after "risks" both
24	places it appears;

1	(3) in section $11312(b)(1)$, by striking "infor-
2	mation technology investments" and inserting "in-
3	vestments in information technology (including infor-
4	mation security needs)"; and
5	(4) in section $11315(b)(2)$, by inserting ", se-
6	cure," after "sound".
7	SEC. 8402. ENTERPRISE ARCHITECTURE.
8	(a) Enterprise Architecture Defined.—In this
9	section, the term "enterprise architecture" means a de-
10	tailed outline or blueprint of the information technology
11	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that will satisfy
12	the ongoing mission and goals of the Federal Bureau of
13	Investigation and that sets forth specific and identifiable
14	benchmarks.
15	(b) Enterprise Architecture.—The Federal Bu-
16	reau of Investigation shall—
17	(1) continually maintain and update an enter-
18	prise architecture; and
19	(2) maintain a state of the art and up to date
20	information technology infrastructure that is in com-
21	pliance with the enterprise architecture of the Fed-
22	eral Bureau of Investigation.
23	(c) Report.—Subject to subsection (d), the Director
24	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall, on an annual
25	basis, submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the

1	Senate and House of Representatives a report on whether
2	the major information technology investments of the Fed-
3	eral Bureau of Investigation are in compliance with the
4	enterprise architecture of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
5	tion and identify any inability or expectation of inability
6	to meet the terms set forth in the enterprise architecture.
7	(d) Failure To Meet Terms.—If the Director of
8	the Federal Bureau of Investigation identifies any inabil-
9	ity or expectation of inability to meet the terms set forth
10	in the enterprise architecture in a report under subsection
11	(c), the report under subsection (c) shall—
12	(1) be twice a year until the inability is cor-
13	rected;
14	(2) include a statement as to whether the in-
15	ability or expectation of inability to meet the terms
16	set forth in the enterprise architecture is substan-
17	tially related to resources; and
18	(3) if the inability or expectation of inability is
19	substantially related to resources, include a request
20	for additional funding that would resolve the prob-
21	lem or a request to reprogram funds that would re-
22	solve the problem.
23	(e) Enterprise Architecture, Agency Plans
24	AND REPORTS.—This section shall be carried out in com-

1	pliance with the requirements set forth in section 1016
2	(e) and (h).
3	SEC. 8403. FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE AND RECORDS.
4	(a) STUDY.—Not later than 90 days after the date
5	of enactment of this Act, the Office of Government Ethics
6	shall submit to Congress a report—
7	(1) evaluating the financial disclosure process
8	for employees of the executive branch of Govern-
9	ment; and
10	(2) making recommendations for improving that
11	process.
12	(b) Transmittal of Record Relating to Presi-
13	DENTIALLY APPOINTED POSITIONS TO PRESIDENTIAL
14	CANDIDATES.—
15	(1) Definition.—In this section, the term
16	"major party" has the meaning given that term
17	under section 9002(6) of the Internal Revenue Code
18	of 1986.
19	(2) Transmittal.—
20	(A) In general.—Not later than 15 days
21	after the date on which a major party nomi-
22	nates a candidate for President, the Office of
23	Personnel Management shall transmit an elec-
24	tronic record to that candidate on Presidentially
25	appointed positions.

1	(B) OTHER CANDIDATES.—After making
2	transmittals under subparagraph (A), the Of-
3	fice of Personnel Management may transmit an
4	electronic record on Presidentially appointed po-
5	sitions to any other candidate for President.
6	(3) Content.—The record transmitted under
7	this subsection shall provide—
8	(A) all positions which are appointed by
9	the President, including the title and descrip-
10	tion of the duties of each position;
11	(B) the name of each person holding a po-
12	sition described under subparagraph (A);
13	(C) any vacancy in the positions described
14	under subparagraph (A), and the period of time
15	any such position has been vacant;
16	(D) the date on which an appointment
17	made after the applicable Presidential election
18	for any position described under subparagraph
19	(A) is necessary to ensure effective operation of
20	the Government; and
21	(E) any other information that the Office
22	of Personnel Management determines is useful
23	in making appointments.
24	(c) Reduction of Positions Requiring Appoint-
25	MENT WITH SENATE CONFIRMATION.—

1	(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
2	"agency" means an Executive agency as defined
3	under section 105 of title 5, United States Code.
4	(2) REDUCTION PLAN.—
5	(A) In general.—Not later than 180
6	days after the date of enactment of this Act,
7	the head of each agency shall submit a Presi-
8	dential appointment reduction plan to—
9	(i) the President;
10	(ii) the Committee on Homeland Se-
11	curity and Governmental Affairs of the
12	Senate; and
13	(iii) the Committee on Government
14	Reform of the House of Representatives.
15	(B) Content.—The plan under this para-
16	graph shall provide for the reduction of—
17	(i) the number of positions within that
18	agency that require an appointment by the
19	President, by and with the advice and con-
20	sent of the Senate; and
21	(ii) the number of levels of such posi-
22	tions within that agency.
23	(d) Office of Government Ethics Review of
24	CONFLICT OF INTEREST LAW —

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
3	the Office of Government Ethics, in consultation
4	with the Attorney General of the United States,
5	shall conduct a comprehensive review of conflict of
6	interest laws relating to executive branch employ-
7	ment and submit a report to—
8	(A) the President;
9	(B) the Committees on Homeland Security
10	and Governmental Affairs and the Judiciary of
11	the Senate;
12	(C) the Committees on Government Re-
13	form and the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
14	resentatives.
15	(2) Contents.—The report under this sub-
16	section shall examine sections 203, 205, 207, and
17	208 of title 18, United States Code.
18	SEC. 8404. EXTENSION OF REQUIREMENT FOR AIR CAR-
19	RIERS TO HONOR TICKETS FOR SUSPENDED
20	AIR PASSENGER SERVICE.
21	Section 145(c) of the Aviation and Transportation
22	Security Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note) is amended by strik-
23	ing "more than" and all that follows and inserting "after
24	November 19, 2005.".