Department of Veterans Affairs



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OVERVIEW OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), established as an independent agency under the President by Executive Order 5398 on July 21, 1930, was elevated to Cabinet level on March 15, 1989 (Public Law No. 100-527).

The Department's mission is to serve America's veterans and their families with dignity and compassion and to be their principal advocate in ensuring that they receive medical care, benefits, social support, and lasting memorials promoting the health, welfare, and dignity of all veterans in recognition of their service to this Nation.

VA is the second largest Federal department and has over 260,000 employees. Among the many professions represented in the vast VA workforce are physicians, nurses, counselors, statisticians, architects, computer specialists, and attorneys. As advocates for veterans and their families, the VA community is committed to providing the very best services with an attitude of caring and courtesy.

VA comprises a Central Office (VACO), which is located in Washington, DC, and field facilities throughout the Nation administered by its three major line organizations: Veterans Health Administration (VHA), Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA), and National Cemetery Administration (NCA).

Services and benefits are provided through a nationwide network of 153 hospitals, 895 outpatient clinics, 135 nursing homes, 47 residential rehabilitation treatment programs, 209 readjustment counseling centers, 57 veterans benefits regional offices, and 125 national cemeteries.

The Secretary identified five broad strategic goals for VA to focus on as the means to improve services to veterans and their families and to improve management in the Department. These goals are the components of the VA Strategic Plan:

- Restore the capability of veterans with disabilities to the greatest extent possible and improve the quality of their lives and that of their families.
- Ensure a smooth transition for veterans from active military service to civilian life.
- Honor and serve veterans in life and memorialize them in death for their sacrifices on behalf of the Nation.
- Contribute to the public health, emergency management, socioeconomic well-being, and history of the Nation.
- Deliver world-class service to veterans and their families by applying sound business principles that result in effective management of people, communications, technology, and governance.

THE VETERAN

NUMBERS: The estimated total veteran population was 23,816,000 as of September 30, 2007. This included 7,884,000 Vietnam era veterans, representing the single largest period-of-service component of the veteran population. Gulf War era veterans now comprise the second largest component, numbering 4,996,000. World War II veterans numbered 2,912,000, while Korean conflict veterans totaled 2,961,000. Veterans serving only in peacetime numbered 6,077,000, about one-in-four veterans. (NOTE: The sum of the numbers by period does NOT add to the total because the period categories shown here are not mutually exclusive: an estimated 785,000 veterans served in two war periods and 99,000 veterans served in three or more; these veterans are counted in ALL the periods in which they served.)

AGE: As of September 30, 2007, the median age of all veterans was 60 years. Veterans under the age of 45 constituted 20 percent of the total, while those aged 45 to 64 represented 41 percent, and those 65 or older were 39 percent of the total.

SEX: Female veterans numbered 1,780,000 million, representing 7.5 percent of the total veteran population. Roughly one-in-five resident U.S. males 18 years of age or older is a veteran.

FUTURE POPULATION: The veteran population (23.8 million in 2007) is projected to decline to 22.7 million by the year 2010, under currently expected armed forces strength and mortality rates. The population of veterans aged 65 or older peaked at 10.0 million in 2000. It is projected to decline to 9.2 million in 2010 but rise again to about 9.6 million in 2013 as the Vietnam era cohort ages. The number of veterans aged 85 or older is projected to increase by14 percent between 2007 and 2010 from 1,219,000 to nearly 1.4 million.

EDUCATION: Data from the American Community Survey (ACS) of 2006 shows that among the civilian U.S. population 25 years and over, veterans had a higher percent completing high school or having some college, or an associates degree as the highest level attained than non-veterans, while non-veterans had a higher percent completing a bachelors or higher degree as well as a higher percent who were less than a high school graduate.

INCOME: Data from the 2006 ACS shows that among the civilian population 18 years and over with income in the past 12 months, veterans in general had higher personal income than non-veterans. Specifically, the median personal income of veterans overall was \$34,000 compared to \$24,000 for non-veterans. The median for male veterans was \$35,100 compared to \$30,900 for male non-veterans, and was \$27,100 for female veterans compared to \$19,200 for female non-veterans of that age.

(SOURCE: VA Office of Policy and Planning. VetPop2007.)

POINT OF CONTACT: John O'Hara, Office of Policy and Planning, (202) 461-5800

BUDGET SUMMARY

The Department's budget for FY 2008 was enacted on December 26, 2007. VA was funded under Public Law No. 110-161, the Consolidated Appropriations Act for 2008. VA's funding for FY 2008 is \$8 billion above the FY 2007 enacted level. The following is a breakdown of the enacted FY 2008 appropriations as compared to the FY 2007 enacted level:

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Program	2007 Enacted**	2008 Enacted
Medical *	\$36,222,190	\$39,615,220
Benefit	\$42,950,536	\$45,969,823
Memorial	\$ 160,747	\$ 195,000
Construction	\$ 1,040,937	\$ 1,904,135
IT	\$ 1,248,920	\$ 1,966,465
All Other	\$ 390,445	\$ 358,499
Total	\$82,013,785	\$90,009,142

- * Includes Medical Care Collections.
- ** Includes \$1,788.6 million in funding pursuant to Public Law No. 110-28, Emergency Supplemental.

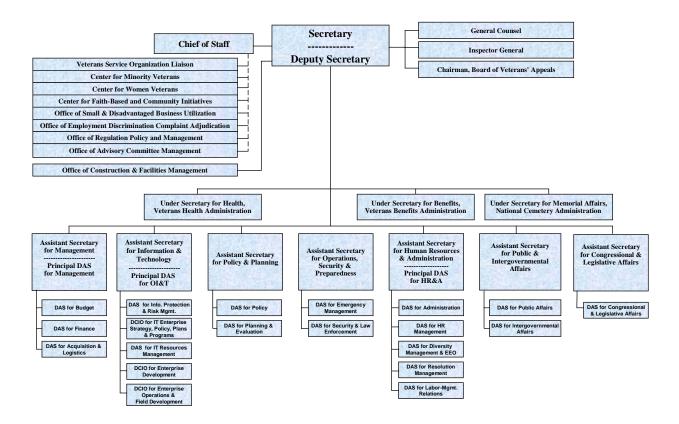
As enacted in 2008, annual appropriations are funding VHA through an account structure comprised of four accounts: Medical Services, Medical Administration, Medical Facilities, and Medical and Prosthetic Research.

Monetary benefits, memorial programs, and construction have separate appropriations. Remaining staff functions are funded out of the General Operating Expenses appropriation, with the exception of the Office of the Inspector General, which has its own appropriation.

Close to half of the VA budget, \$44.5 billion, goes out in the form of checks to veterans and their families (disability payments, income support, etc.).

The remaining \$45.5 billion is "discretionary". Most of these funds (\$39.6 billion out of \$45.5 billion) support the medical care system.

ORGANIZATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS



The **Secretary of Veterans Affairs** is a member of the President's cabinet, serving as the chief advisor to the President on veterans' affairs. As the head of the Federal government's second largest department, the Secretary is responsible for an \$90 billion budget used to provide a nationwide system of health care services, benefits programs, and national cemeteries for America's veterans. The Secretary sets policies governing the Department's operations, defines its basic organizational structure, and maintains favorable relations with organizations, groups, and individuals interested in veterans' affairs.

The **Deputy Secretary of Veterans Affairs** is second in command, serving as the Department's chief operating officer. The Deputy Secretary directs the policy and operations of the Department and provides broad direction to the Department's 260,000 employees through the administrations and staff offices, ensuring coordinated action and conformance with the Secretary's directives. The Deputy Secretary chairs the Department's governance process through the Strategic Management Council and leads the Business Oversight Board and Capital Investment Board.

Administrations and Staff Offices: The Department includes 3 administrations that provide for the delivery of services and benefits, 7 assistant secretaries who advise and support the Secretary and the administrations, and 12 staff offices that provide specific assistance to the Secretary.

The three administrations are Veterans Health Administration, Veterans Benefits Administration, and National Cemetery Administration. The head of each administration reports to the Secretary through the Deputy Secretary. These administrations give centralized program direction to field facilities that provide diverse program services to veterans and their families. Further, each administration has Central Office components that support the administration's operations. This organizational structure reflects a basic management approach of centralized policy direction, complemented by consistent decentralized execution.

The seven assistant secretaries serve as the principal staff advisors to the Secretary and Deputy Secretary and oversee or administer programs in their respective areas of responsibility.

- The Assistant Secretary for Management serves as the Department's Chief Budget Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Senior Real Property Officer, and Senior Official for Environment, Energy, and Transportation. The Assistant Secretary is responsible for financial management, budget administration, and resources planning, and serves as the Department's principal advisor for budget, fiscal, and capital policy. As the Department's Chief Acquisition Officer, the Assistant Secretary is responsible for VA's acquisition system and material management activities. The Assistant Secretary also supports the Strategic Management Council with regard to implementing the capital asset planning process.
- The Assistant Secretary for Information and Technology serves as the Chief Information Officer (CIO) for the Department. As the CIO, the Assistant Secretary is the principal advisor to the Secretary on matters relating to information and technology management in the Department as delineated in Public Law No. 104-106, the Clinger-Cohen Act; the Paperwork Reduction Act, Chapter 35 of Title 44 United States Code; and any other associated legislated or regulatory media.
- The Assistant Secretary for Policy and Planning is responsible for the Secretary's policy analysis and planning processes and their integration into the Department's Strategic Management Process. The Assistant Secretary's functions entail responsibility for performing Department-level policy analyses and development, program evaluations, strategic planning, quality improvement, actuarial studies and assessments, veterans' demographics, VA/DoD coordination services, and statistical analyses. The Assistant Secretary is responsible for the Nation's official estimates and projections of the veteran population and the National Survey of Veterans, Active Duty Service Members, Activated National Guard and Reserve Members, Family Members, and Survivors.
- The Assistant Secretary for Operations, Security, and Preparedness is the principal advisor to the Secretary and Deputy Secretary on VA's capability and readiness to continue services to veterans and their families, respond to contingency support missions to the Department of Defense (DoD) and other Federal agencies engaged in emergency response activities and respond effectively during national emergencies.

- The Assistant Secretary for Human Resources and Administration is responsible for providing VA-wide responsibilities to such programs as human resources management, diversity management and equal employment opportunity, discrimination complaint resolution, labor-management relations, and general administrative support (primarily services to VACO). The Assistant Secretary serves as the Department's Designated Agency Safety and Health Official and is responsible for administering the Occupational Safety and Health and Workers' Compensation programs. The Assistant Secretary also serves as the Department's Chief Human Capital Officer (CHCO), advising and assisting the Secretary in carrying out VA's responsibilities for selecting, developing, training, and managing a high quality workforce in accordance with merit systems principles.
- The Assistant Secretary for Public and Intergovernmental Affairs is responsible for the coordination and dissemination of VA-related information to various audiences, specifically veterans and associated service organizations, and to the general public through the news media. The Assistant Secretary manages and directs the Department's intergovernmental, consumer affairs, and homeless programs. The office supports veterans-specific interest groups, special events, and program activities to meet the needs of several audiences first and foremost veterans.
- The Assistant Secretary for Congressional and Legislative Affairs serves as the principal advisor to the Secretary and Deputy Secretary concerning all legislative and congressional liaison matters and has overall responsibility for the plans, policies, goals, and direction of the Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs. The Assistant Secretary is the principal coordinator of VA's legislative program development, ensures departmental compliances with congressionally mandated reports and serves as the point-of-contact with the Government Accountability Office (GAO).

The 12 staff offices that report directly to the Secretary or Deputy Secretary include: General Counsel, Inspector General, Board of Veterans' Appeals, Veterans Service Organizations Liaison, Center for Minority Veterans, Center for Women Veterans, Center for Faith-Based and Community Initiatives, Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, Office of Employment Discrimination Complaint Adjudication, Office of Regulation Policy and Management, Office of Advisory Committee Management, and Office of Construction and Facilities Management.

Office of the Medical Inspector **Under Secretary for Health** Office of Quality & Safety Office of Research Oversight Office of Quality & Operations Enduring Freedom and Iraqi Freedom (OEF/OIF) **Principal Deputy** Office of Patient Safety **Under Secretary for Health ADUSH for Clinical &** Chief of Staff **Organizational Support** Office of Communications Office of Compliance & ness Integrity Assistant Deputy Under Secretary for Health for Patient Care Services Officer Deputy Under Secretary for Health for Operations Office of Workforce Mgmt and Consulting Policy and Planning and Managen Management Review Service Research & Development Chief Financial Office Assistant DUSH for Operations and Management Public Health & Environm Hazards Officer **Chief Information Officer** Director of **Network Support** Academic Affiliations **Prosthetics and Clinical** Officer **Logistics Officer Veterans Canteen** Service Readjustment Counseling Officer Employee Education System Officer 21 VISN Directors **Nursing Service Officer DoD Coordination Officer Business Officer** Ethics in Health Care Office

VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

In 2007, VHA provided health care for 5.5 million veterans. It is among the largest providers of health professional training in the world; operates one of the largest and most effective research organizations in the United States; is a principal federal asset for providing medical assistance in major disasters; and serves as the largest direct-care provider for homeless citizens in the United States.

Today's VHA provides care at more than 1,400 sites throughout the country, employs a staff of 204,000, and maintains affiliations with 107 academic health systems. More than 65 percent of all physicians in the U.S. today have trained in VA facilities.

A dozen years ago, VHA began the difficult and ongoing task of reinventing itself into a model health care system. In 2008, following 13 years of breathtaking change, that task continues. VHA's unprecedented transformation began with fundamental changes to our management and structure. In 1995, VHA established 22 regional networks (now 21) and charged each one with conducting daily operations and decisions affecting hospitals, clinics, nursing homes and readjustment counseling centers located within their regions. These regional networks (called Veterans Integrated Service Networks, or VISNs) remain our fundamental units for managing funding and ensuring accountability.

VISNs were a bold move to decentralize VHA's bureaucracy, eliminating layers of administration and bringing staff closer to patient care. Since 1995, VHA has moved from an inpatient model of care, characterized by a limited number of specialized facilities that often were far from a veteran's home, to an outpatient model in which more than 1,400 sites provide care in communities throughout the United States.

Fundamentally, VHA transformed itself from a collection of "safety net" hospitals to a health system focused on health promotion and disease prevention. More than 600 new community-based outpatient clinics have been established since 1995, bringing the total number of community and facility based outpatient clinics to 895 as of January 2007. The ratio of outpatient visits to inpatient admissions in 1995 was 29 to one; it now exceeds 100 to one—and we now have more than one million ambulatory care encounters each week.

Restructuring our organization was just the beginning. We needed a way to hold ourselves accountable for making quality and safety non-negotiable standards for veterans' care. So we began to quantify care delivery with an aggressive use of performance measurements for field and headquarters managers. These measurements have led to a consistent application of evidence-based guidelines that systemize the best practices in government and private-sector care.

Measuring performance has challenged VHA to deliver excellent health care. Information technology supports that challenge. We use technology to more readily and accurately process clinical and administrative information, to automate processes formerly done manually, to deliver care across long distances, to train staff, and to improve quality and reduce errors.

In 2004, President Bush cited our system as a model for the entire health care industry in moving towards his goal of providing most Americans with computerized health records within the next ten years. Our Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS) is a single, integrated system for health care providers serving all VA hospitals, nursing homes, outpatient clinics and readjustment counseling centers. Through CPRS, providers can update a patient's medical history, review any test results, submit orders, and access patient health information from any VA medical center or clinic. The system is accessible across all settings — inpatient, outpatient, operating rooms, emergency rooms, long-term care, and even for home care providers.

CPRS has virtually eliminated medical errors caused by illegible handwriting. Automated allergy alerts and other error checks prevent potentially dangerous treatments from being ordered. The use of bar code technology on all medications and on the patient's wristband ensures that the right patient receives the right medication, in the right dosage, administered by the right person, at the right time.

Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology Architecture (VistA) imaging gives us the ability to capture and display a wide variety of medical images as part of the patient's electronic health record. VistA produces a multimedia, online patient record integrating traditional medical chart information with medical images of all kinds; including x-rays, pathology slides, video views, scanned documents, cardiology exam results, wound photos, dental images, and endoscopies. This technology is available at every VA hospital.

One focus for VHA's new technologies is improving the coordination of patient care, so that care is delivered seamlessly across all environments, from hospital to outpatient to home. Another focus is to support patients' ability to successfully age and manage disease in their own homes. And an additional focus is to make care accessible for rural and disabled patients who can't easily visit clinics. VHA conducts more than 400,000 consultations annually via telemedicine. This technology also is being used in radiology, mental health, cardiology, pathology, dermatology, and in-home care teleconsultations for spinal cord injury patients and for patients with other chronic conditions.

Guided by our mission of providing exceptional health care that improves veterans' health and well-being, VHA also has become a leader in patient safety. Our system's guiding principles are voluntary participation, confidentiality protection, and non-punitive reporting. In short, the premise is that a safer system requires a learning organization, where weakness is identified, understood, and corrected.

Through our affiliations with University Schools of Medicine, every year nearly 34,000 medical residents and 19,000 medical students receive training at VHA. VHA's robust training program is critical to our ability to recruit and retain the highest quality staff. It enables new health professionals throughout our nation to receive training in state-of-the-art care, including patient safety programs, quality measurement and electronic health records.

VHA's tradition of path-breaking research has given the world the first effective therapies for tuberculosis; better fitting, lighter, artificial limbs; the implantable cardiac pacemaker; the computed tomography (CT) scanner and Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI); the liver transplant; and the nicotine patch. Recently, we have added to this scientific legacy through achievements including a vaccine that significantly reduced the incidence of shingles in clinical trials; research suggesting a natural byproduct of glucose metabolism may halt brain damage after diabetic coma; and the establishment of a new center to adapt technologies for the special needs of veterans with spinal cord injury and limb loss.

Throughout the years, VHA has established special programs and centers to focus on emerging research and clinical needs, such as our National Center for Post Traumatic Stress Disorders and our Blind Rehabilitation Service. In 2008, a major concern for VHA is providing care for servicemen and women returning from Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom (OEF/OIF) - especially those with multiple, major injuries. In 2004, VHA created four Polytrauma Centers throughout the country to bring together expertise and provide multidisciplinary recovery and rehabilitation services for servicemembers and veterans who were badly injured in our nation's newest war. In 2011, a fifth center will open in San Antonio, Texas.

Polytrauma is one of several "signature injuries" with which veterans of Iraq and Afghanistan are returning home. While the most common health problems of these veterans are musculoskeletal ailments, principally joint and back disorders; 40 percent of the OEF/OIF veterans VA has seen received preliminary diagnosis of a mental health condition, and 20 percent received a preliminary diagnosis of post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD). VA now screens all returning veterans for PTSD, and for mild traumatic brain injuries, or concussions, as well. Today, approximately 5 percent of the patients who receive VA health care are veterans of the current conflict.

VHA is aggressively preparing, not only for today, but for tomorrow. First, we are creating models that put the patient at the center of care and seamlessly coordinate that care beyond the hospital and clinic to the patient's home, workplace, and community. Through our continuum of care model, important populations, including aging veterans and veterans with chronic illnesses, will receive preventive care on all levels – from monitoring blood pressure to early intervention when symptoms increase.

Our greater understanding of various illnesses also will contribute to moving care out of the hospitals. For example, our belief that veterans can, in fact, recover from mental illnesses informs our belief that many can live within their communities and achieve independence, even while they continue to seek treatment.

Second, to reinforce the continuum of care model, we are developing training models for the 21st century that cultivate a new role for physicians, that of a team player involved in many relationships with non-physician health professionals, as well with other physicians. New training models also address the need to develop a system that encourages optimal care and establishes new rules and ways of relating for health professionals within the system. For example, VHA's patient safety training promotes prevention and early reporting of risks, not punishment for errors. These new education models also emphasize continuous, rather than periodic, learning through the Internet and other information channels.

Third, VHA continues to work on new technologies, such as medical devices that enhance current capabilities by directly inputting information from medical tests into computer-based records. And VHA is investigating the potential of genomic medicine to anticipate health needs and outcomes and to provide truly personalized health care.

VA's Under Secretary for Health has established four essential priorities for the future: to make caring for patients our first priority; to practice progressive leadership throughout our organization; to promote improved business processes; and to produce meaningful performance measures.

Congressional Affairs Public Affairs Office of Business **Under Secretary for Benefits** Chief of Staff **Process Integration** Executive Review **Deputy Under Secretary** Office of Performance **Chief Financial Officer** for Benefits Analysis and Integrity **Associate Deputy Under** Associate Deputy Under Associate Deputy Under Acquisition Staff Secretary for Secretary for Field Operations Secretary for Management Policy and Program Mgmt. Office of Compensation and Eastern Area Southern Area Office of Facilities. **Education Service** Access & Administration Loan Guaranty Central Area Office of Diversity Muskogee Management & EEO Vocational Western Area Rehabilitation and Development & Training Phoenix Employment Service Office of Communications & Insurance Service Case Management Records Management Center Appeals Management Center

VETERANS BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION

VBA is responsible for administering the Department's programs that provide financial and other forms of assistance to veterans, their dependents, and survivors. Major benefits include veterans' compensation, veterans' pension, survivors' benefits, rehabilitation and employment assistance, education assistance, home loan guaranties, and life insurance coverage.

57 Regional Offices

VBA MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The following summarizes the organizational elements and functions within VBA Headquarters.

The Associate Deputy Under Secretary for Policy and Program Management (ADUSPPM) has oversight responsibility for the management of VBA's five core business lines: Compensation and Pension, Education, Loan Guaranty, Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment, and Insurance. (For program descriptions, see "VBA Benefit Programs" on Page 11.) In addition to responsibility for managing VBA's five major program offices, the ADUSPPM has responsibility for strategic planning. This includes developing long-range strategic plans for VBA, analyzing strategic data, researching and identifying long-range risks and challenges for the organization, and conducting organizational assessments.

The Associate Deputy Under Secretary for Field Operations (ADUSFO) has oversight responsibility for the management of the field organization and the Appeals Management Center (AMC). Within the field, 57 regional offices administer VBA's benefit programs. These regional offices are aligned under four Area Directors that report to the ADUSFO.

The Associate Deputy Under Secretary for Management (ADUSM) has oversight responsibility for five staff offices that manage, coordinate and integrate programs to support VBA business lines and regional office operations.

- The Office of Human Resources has responsibility for human resource functions within VBA headquarters. These include labor relations, employee relations, employee compensation and benefits, recruitment and classification, and human resources policy and planning. The office is also responsible for overall policy and directions governing human resources functions administered at the four Human Resource Centers and the regional offices.
- The Office of Diversity Management and Equal Employment Opportunity is responsible for EEO programs and functions, which include diversity management and affirmative employment, employee discrimination complaint processing, and complaint investigations for Federally Assisted Programs.
- The Office of Facilities, Access and Administration is responsible for ensuring and enhancing access to VBA services by veterans and their families, physical facilities development and planning, emergency preparedness, VBA's administrative policies and procedures, and VBA's Web-administration and support services such as security and fire safety.
- The Office of Employee Development and Training is responsible for establishing VBA training policies, providing leadership development programs, and coordinating headquarters activities for the preparation, delivery, and evaluation of technical and non-technical training throughout VBA. Functions include development of the VBA Strategic Training Plan, synchronization of VBA and departmental training initiatives, management of the strategic technical training delivery system TPSS (Technical and Performance Support System) in support of the business lines, and the administration of nationwide training programs via instructor-led resident classes and lessons delivered via satellite, computer desktop delivery, and video teleconferencing.
- The Acquisition Liaison Staff is responsible for performing necessary actions to support the acquisition of goods and services for all VBA services, staffs, and regional offices. The staff also provides liaison and coordination support to Federal oversight agencies such as Congress, GAO, and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

The **Chief Financial Officer (CFO)** is fully responsible for all aspects of the formulation, presentation, defense, and execution of VBA's benefits and general operating expense budgets, totaling over \$42 billion. This responsibility includes managing and directing VBA's financial accounting and reporting; as well as policy and systems development.

The Office of Business Process Integration (OBPI) is responsible for ensuring VBA's strategic business needs and requirements are properly documented, integrated, and communicated both internally and externally. OBPI facilitates the design, development, and implementation of business systems and information technology to enhance claims processing within VBA.

The Office of Performance Analysis and Integrity (OPA&I) is responsible for conducting data analyses and studies leading to improved processes and systems for benefits delivery.

VBA BENEFIT PROGRAMS

Compensation and Pension Programs provide direct payments to veterans, dependents, and survivors as a result of the veteran's service-connected disability or because of financial need.

- <u>Disability Compensation</u> is a monetary benefit paid to veterans with disabilities that are the result of a disease or injury incurred or aggravated during active military service. The benefit amount is graduated according to the degree of the veteran's disability on a scale from 10 percent to 100 percent (in increments of 10 percent).
- Dependency and Indemnity Compensation (DIC) benefits are generally payable to the survivors of servicemembers who died while on active duty or survivors of veterans who died from their service-connected disabilities.
- Pension programs are designed to provide income support to veterans with wartime service and their families for a nonservice-connected disability or death. These programs are for lowincome veterans and survivors.
- <u>Burial and Interment Allowances</u> are payable for certain veterans. A higher rate of burial allowance applies if the veteran's death is service-connected.
- Spina Bifida Monthly Allowance under 38 U.S.C. 1805 is provided for children born with spina bifida who are children of individuals who served in the Republic of Vietnam during the Vietnam Era or served in or near the demilitarization zone in Korea during the period September 1, 1967, through August 31, 1971. Payment is made at one of three levels and is based on degree of disability suffered by the child.
- Children of Women Vietnam Veterans Born with Certain Defects This program provides a monetary allowance, healthcare, and vocational training benefits to eligible children born to women who served in the Republic of Vietnam during the period beginning on February 28, 1961, and ending May 7, 1975, if they suffer from certain covered birth defects. VA identifies the birth defects as those that are associated with the service of the mother in Vietnam and result in permanent physical or mental disability.

Education Programs provide resources to veterans, servicepersons, reservists, and certain veterans' dependents to help with readjustment and restore educational opportunities lost because of service to the country, to extend benefits of higher education to qualified persons who may not otherwise be able to afford it, to aid in military recruitment and the retention of highly qualified personnel, to encourage membership in the Selected Reserve, and to enhance the national workforce. Details may be found at www.gibill.va.gov.

- Post-Vietnam Era Veterans Educational Assistance Program (VEAP) is available for eligible veterans who entered active duty between January 1, 1977, and June 30, 1985. Benefits and entitlement are determined by the contributions paid while on active duty and veterans have 10 years after separation in which to use the benefit.
- Montgomery GI Bill Active Duty (MGIB) provides a program of education benefits that may be used while on active duty or after separation. There are several distinct eligibility categories. Generally a veteran will receive 36 months of entitlement and has 10 years after separation to use the benefit.
- Montgomery GI Bill Selected Reserve (MGIB-SR) is a program funded and managed by DoD and is available to members of the Selected Reserve. VA administers this program but DoD determines the member's eligibility. Generally a qualified member of the Reserve will receive 36 months of entitlement and will have 14 years in which to use the benefit.
- Reservists Educational Assistance Program (REAP) is a program funded and managed by DoD and is available to members of the Selected or Ready Reserve who are called to active duty to support contingency operations. VA administers this program but DoD determines the member's eligibility. Generally a qualified member of the Selected or Ready Reserve will receive 36 months of entitlement and will be able to use the benefit as long as he or she remains in the Selected or Ready Reserve.
- National Call to Service is a program of education benefits that may be used while on active duty or after separation. The person must have enlisted on or after October 1, 2003, under the National Call to Service program and selected one of the two education incentives provided by that program. A veteran will receive education benefits based on the education initiative selected. These are either (1) education benefits of up to 12 months of MGIB benefits (the 3-year rate) or (2) education benefits of up to 36 months of the MGIB benefits (half the 2-year rate).
- Dependents Educational Assistance Program (DEA) is designed to assist dependents of veterans who (1) have been determined to be 100 percent permanently and totally disabled due to a service connected condition, (2) died due to a service-connected condition, or (3) died while on active duty. Dependents typically receive 45 months of eligibility. The criteria for using this benefit is shown below:
 - Children have 8 years to use this benefit.
 - ✓ A spouse of a living veteran has 10 years to use this benefit.
 - ✓ A surviving spouse of a veteran who died with a 100 percent service-connected condition has 10 years to use this benefit.
 - A surviving spouse of a veteran who died on active duty has 20 years to use this benefit.

The **Loan Guaranty Program** provides assistance to veterans and servicemembers to enable them to buy and retain homes. Assistance is provided through VA's partial guaranty of loans made by private lenders in lieu of the substantial down payment and private mortgage insurance required in conventional mortgage transactions. This protection means that in most cases qualified veterans can obtain a loan without making a downpayment. Also, the Loan Guaranty Program offers the following:

- Specially Adapted Housing Grants (SAH) are available to veterans that have specific service-connected disabilities for the purpose of constructing an adapted dwelling or modifying an existing dwelling to meet the veterans needs. The goal of the Specially Adapted Housing Program is to provide a barrier-free living environment that affords the veterans a level of independent living he or she may not have otherwise enjoyed.
- Native American Direct Home Loans are available to eligible Native American veterans who wish to purchase or construct a home on trust lands. These loans are direct loans made by the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- <u>Servicing Assistance</u> provides help for borrowers having difficulty in making their loan payments. The assistance can take several forms but the goal is to try and keep the veteran in the property and avoid foreclosure.

The **Insurance Programs** were created to provide life insurance at a "standard" premium rate to members of the armed forces who are exposed to the extra hazards of military service. Veterans are eligible to maintain their VA life insurance following discharge. In general, a new program was created for each wartime period since World War I. There are four life insurance programs that still issue coverage as well as a program of traumatic injury coverage:

- Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance (SGLI) Provides up to \$400,000 of life insurance coverage to active-duty members of the Uniformed Services and members of the Reserves, cadets and midshipmen of the four service academies, members of the Reserve Officer Training Corps, and members who volunteer for assignment to a mobilization category in the Individual Ready Reserve. SGLI also offers Family Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance (FSGLI) for up to \$100,000 in coverage for a servicemember's spouse, if the servicemember is on active duty or a member of the Ready Reserve of a uniformed service. All dependent children are automatically insured for \$10,000 at no charge.
- Veterans' Group Life Insurance (VGLI) Individuals who separate from service with SGLI coverage can convert their coverage to VGLI, regardless of health, by submitting an application with the first month's premium within 120 days of discharge. After 120 days, the individual may still be granted VGLI provided evidence of insurability is submitted within one-year of the end of the 120-day period.
- Service-Disabled Veterans Insurance (SDVI) A veteran who has a VA service-connected disability rating but is otherwise in good health may apply for life insurance coverage of up to \$10,000 within two years from the date of being notified by VA of the service-connected status. This insurance is limited to veterans who left service after April 24, 1951. If the veteran is totally disabled, they may apply for an additional \$20,000 of coverage under this program.
- ➤ Veterans Mortgage Life Insurance (VMLI) Mortgage life insurance protection for up to \$90,000 is available to severely disabled veterans who receive a Specially Adapted Housing Grant.
- Servicemembers' Traumatic Injury Protection (TSGLI) is a rider to the SGLI policies and provides automatic traumatic injury coverage to all servicemembers under SGLI, effective December 1, 2005. It provides for payment between \$25,000 and \$100,000 (depending on the type of injury) to SGLI members who sustain a traumatic injury that results in certain severe losses. The benefit is retroactive to October 7, 2001, if the loss was a direct result of injuries incurred in Operations Enduring Freedom or Iraqi Freedom.

The **Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Program** helps veterans with service-connected disabilities prepare for, find, and keep suitable jobs. For veterans with service-connected disabilities so severe that they cannot immediately consider work, VR&E offers services to improve their ability to live as independently as possible. Vocational rehabilitation services include a vocational evaluation (i.e. assessment of interests, aptitudes, and abilities), vocational counseling and planning, employment services (i.e. job seeking skills and job placement assistance), training for suitable employment, supportive rehabilitation services, and independent living services. Generally, a veteran must complete a program of rehabilitation services within 12 years from the date of VA notification of entitlement to compensation. This period may be deferred or extended if a medical condition prevents the veteran from pursuing rehabilitation services for a period of time, or if the veteran has a serious employment handicap.

Vocational and Educational Counseling - VR&E can also provide a wide range of vocational and educational counseling services to servicemembers still on active duty, as well as veterans and dependents who are eligible for one of VA's educational benefit programs. These services are designed to help an individual choose a vocational direction and determine the course needed to achieve the chosen goal.

Assistance may include interest and aptitude testing, occupational exploration, setting occupational goals, locating the right type of training program, and exploring educational or training facilities which might be utilized to achieve a vocational goal.

POINT OF CONTACT: For benefits information, please call 1-800-827-1000.

Under Secretary for Information Systems Memorial Affairs Service/CIO Deputy Under Secretary for Communications Office of Management Office of State Cemetery Finance and Management Service Support Service Field Programs Planning 5 Memorial Service Logistics Memorial Programs Management Service Service 125 National 3 MPS Processing Human Resources Field Office Training Center

NCA Call Center

NATIONAL CEMETERY ADMINISTRATION

NCA operates 125 national cemeteries in the United States and territories, together with oversight/management of 33 soldiers' lots, confederate cemeteries, and monument sites. The mission of NCA is to honor our Nation's veterans with a final resting place and commemorate their service to our Nation. This mission is accomplished through four major program areas:

- Providing for the interment of eligible service members, veterans, reservists, National Guard members, and certain family members in national cemeteries. A total of 100,185 veterans and eligible family members were buried in national cemeteries in FY 2007. More than 3.2 million veterans, spouses, and dependents are buried in the system's more than 7,200 acres of developed land. NCA maintains these cemeteries and memorials as national shrines.
- Furnishing headstones and markers for the 360,000 graves of veterans throughout the United States and the world. In FY 2007, NCA furnished headstones, markers, and inscriptions as lasting memorials to our Nation's veterans. The Government does not provide for the cost of setting the headstone or marker in private cemeteries. In national cemeteries, a headstone or marker is provided, including the cost of placement.
- Administering the State Cemetery Grants Program, which provides financial assistance to states for establishing, expanding, and improving state veterans' cemeteries. Since the program was established in 1978, 162 grants have been made, totaling over \$306 million through FY 2007. The program provides Federal funding up to 100 percent of the cost of establishing, expanding, or improving state veterans cemeteries that complement NCA. There are currently 69 state veterans cemeteries in 37 states throughout the Nation, Guam, and Saipan. In FY 2007, 23,258 veterans and dependents were buried in these cemeteries.
- Providing Presidential Memorial Certificates to veterans' loved ones to honor the service of honorably discharged deceased service members or veterans. In FY 2007, NCA issued 423,000 Presidential Memorial Certificates on behalf of the President.

POINT OF CONTACT: Regis Massimino, National Cemetery Administration, (202) 461-6247

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR MANAGEMENT



The Assistant Secretary for Management oversees all resource requirements, development and implementation of agency performance measures, and financial management activities relating to VA programs and operations. Responsibility also includes a departmental accounting and financial management system that provides for management, cost, budgeting, and accounting information. In addition, the office oversees the Department's acquisition and material management activities, capital asset management activities, and business oversight activities, including development and implementation of policies and regulations.

OFFICE OF BUDGET

The Office of Budget is responsible for overseeing VA budget formulation, analyzing resource requirements, preparing and justifying budget submissions, and representing VA in budget deliberations with Congress and OMB. This office monitors the financial execution of the budget, and the development and implementation of performance measures as defined in the Chief Financial Officers Act as well as the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993. This includes examining actual expenditures and performance with the approved operating budget plan. This office also prepares and submits the Department's annual performance and accountability report to the President, members of Congress, and OMB. The Deputy Assistant Secretary for Budget serves as VA's Performance Improvement Officer and coordinates the performance management activities of the Department.

OFFICE OF FINANCE

The Office of Finance is responsible for continually improving the quality of the Department's financial services. It maintains stewardship of departmental resources and provides financial information on appropriations and general, revolving, special, and deposit funds for cost and obligation accounting. The Office of Finance establishes financial policy, systems and operating procedures for all Department financial entities, provides guidance on all aspects of financial management, and directs and manages the Department's financial operations and systems support.

The office is responsible for the continued maintenance and update of VA's central payroll and human resources system, PAID, and implementation of legislative and other mandated changes. The office leads VA efforts to implement high-quality, cost-effective and operational improvements to PAID and related self-service applications, Employee Express. The office also maintains VA's legacy core accounting system, the Financial Management System (FMS).

The office leads VA's efforts to support the administration's e-Government initiatives -- e-Payroll and e-Travel. The e-Payroll initiative standardizes, consolidates, and integrates Federal civilian payroll services and procedures. As a result of the Office of Personnel Management's (OPM) alignment of VA with the Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS), the Office of Finance, as VA's primary liaison, works with all VA offices, DFAS, OPM, and OMB on plans for accomplishing the planned migration of VA's payroll servicing. The office completed VA's implementation of a new Web-based electronic travel system in concert with the Federal government's E-Gov Travel Program in December 2007, and oversees system and program service enhancements.

The Office of Finance is responsible for issuing VA's quarterly and annual consolidated financial statements and providing external departmental financial reports to the Department of the Treasury, OMB, and Congress. It also establishes departmentwide standards and policies in financial management and reporting, cost accounting, cash management, debt collection, payroll and management controls.

The Office of Finance also directs and manages the departmentwide travel and purchase card programs, and analyzes and oversees the performance and effectiveness of trusts established under VA's enhanced-use leasing program. It is also responsible for VA financial operations at Central Office and the Financial Services Center in Austin, Texas, and debt collection operations provided by VA's Debt Management Center in St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Office of Finance also oversees the management and direction of VA's Franchise Fund through its Enterprise Fund Office. The Fund is comprised of the following business lines (Enterprise Centers): Corporate Data Center operations, Debt Management Center, Financial Services Center, Law Enforcement Training Center, Security and Investigations Center, and VA Records Center and Vault. These centers are authorized to sell common administrative services to VA and other Government agencies. The Enterprise Centers operate entirely on revenues earned from customers and receive no appropriated funding.

OFFICE OF ACQUISITION AND LOGISTICS

The Office of Acquisition and Logistics (OA&L) operates the largest Federal procurement and supply system outside DoD. VA's Supply Fund, a self-sustaining, revolving fund authorized by statute, funds all OA&L activities, the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, and VHA's Logistics Office.

In support of VA's mission, OA&L serves two fundamental roles:

- Operations: To provide acquisition and logistics support and Supply Fund financial services for the administrations and staff offices to help fulfill their missions.
- Program Oversight and Stewardship: To ensure VA compliance with laws, regulations, and national policies governing Federal acquisition, logistics, and personal property management.

Three major business lines exist within OA&L - acquisitions, logistics, and Supply Fund financial services.

The Office of Acquisitions procures goods and services for VA. The office awards and administers cost-effective national contracts to meet supply and equipment needs of VA facilities around the country. Contracts include medical-related Federal Supply Schedules, with authority delegated by General Services Administration (GSA); blanket purchase agreements; direct delivery (for high-tech medical equipment and systems); centralized purchases; and prime vendor (PV) distribution contracts. VA facilities use PV contracts to purchase pharmaceuticals, medical and surgical supplies, and nonperishable food items needed to operate the largest health-care system in the Nation.

The Office of Acquisitions manages VA's mandatory acquisition training program and offers continuing education programs for VA procurement staff around the country. Other responsibilities include formulating departmental strategies for acquisition planning and contract administration as well as procurement. The office distributes hearing aids and prosthetic devices, provides hearing air repair services, and provides acquisition services for other government agencies, including support for national emergencies and other contingency situations.

The Office of Acquisitions and Logistics Programs and Policy is responsible for oversight and policy development for the Department's acquisition and logistics activities. This office is also charged with developing and implementing VA's Strategic Sourcing Program. Other responsibilities include managing VA's Contracting Officer Certification Program, warranting VA contracting officers, and conducting business reviews of all major contract actions. Program management responsibility for VA's metric system and value engineering also resides within this organization.

The Office of Finance, Logistics, and Business Services manages VA's Supply Fund and operates warehousing, distribution, and other logistics activities for the Department. The Supply Fund offers innovative financial services such as the 1 VA + Program which allows VA organizations to extend obligation authority of appropriated funds for up to 3 years beyond the current fiscal year for bona fide needs. The Fund's Capital Equipment Leasing Program allows VA and other government agency customers to acquire equipment on a lease-to-own basis on terms of 1-5 years.

The office distributes interment flags and designs, prints, and distributes VA forms and publications. The office also provides transportation services for supplies and household goods, inspects x-ray and laundry equipment, and operates VA's program to recover and sell precious metals.

OA&L partners with other government agencies to achieve maximum cost avoidance and savings. For example, VA and DoD jointly negotiate purchases of pharmaceuticals, medical and surgical supplies, and high-tech, high-cost medical equipment. Other Federal agencies use VA national contracts to take advantage of lower prices and streamline their acquisition process.

OFFICE OF ASSET ENTERPRISE MANAGEMENT

In July 2001, VA established the Office of Asset Enterprise Management (OAEM) as a corporate capital asset planning and management office. OAEM acts as one of the principal policy offices and business advisors to the Assistant Secretary for Management and Deputy Secretary regarding the acquisition, management, and disposal of all VA capital assets. The office oversees capital asset issues to ensure a consistent and cohesive departmental approach by promoting and evaluating the effectiveness of capital asset management policies, principles, standards, and guidelines. It is responsible for recommending and promulgating departmental capital asset policies for approval by the Secretary and/or Strategic Management Council. OAEM coordinates

the Department's capital investment planning process and chairs the Capital Investment Panel. The office provides guidance, standards, and technical expertise with respect to individual investments, and develops the Department's 5-year Capital Asset Plan, VA Asset Management Plan, and VA Annual Energy Plan.

Since OAEM's creation, the size, scope, and complexity of responsibilities have grown significantly. This office is more involved with the VA administrations on setting budgetary priorities to reflect both legislative intent and the goals of the Department and coordinating the budget and planning process for construction programs. It is responsible for oversight of VA's enhanced-use leasing program and for leadership of the Secretary's Site Review Initiative. OAEM serves as the office integrating and overseeing VA's energy, environment, and transportation/fleet management policies and programs, and chairs the VA Energy Management Task Force, Green Buildings Council, and Fleet Management Task Force. The office serves on the Federal Real Property Council and its subgroups. OAEM is responsible for the VA Capital Asset Management System (CAMS), which integrates asset management and governance at multiple levels, improves financial and analytic capability, and provides for better-informed decision-making.

Federal reporting requirements have increased, and OAEM has responded aggressively to meet additional mandates in the areas of real property management, environment, transportation and fleet management, and energy costs and consumption. OAEM is responsible for the OMB/PMA scorecards on Real Property, Energy, Transportation and Environment.

OFFICE OF BUSINESS OVERSIGHT

The Office of Business Oversight (OBO) has oversight responsibility for audit and review of the Department's finance, acquisition, logistics, and capital asset management activities. The goals of the organization include improving internal audit coverage of field activities and ensuring consistent application of policy, procedures, and regulations. The office includes a director's office, located in Washington, DC, and two supporting services, the Management Quality Assurance Service and the Internal Controls Service, located in Austin, Texas.

The Management Quality Assurance Service performs internal audit reviews of the Department's financial, acquisition, logistics, and capital asset management activities and conducts financial analysis, monitoring, risk assessment and advisory services for VA's CFO. The Internal Controls Service coordinates reviews of internal controls over financial reporting required by Appendix A of OMB Circular A-123, Management's Responsibility for Internal Control, and system reviews required under OMB Circular A-127, Financial Management Systems. These reviews include internal control assessments, remediation activities, and the preparation of the Department's annual statement of assurance related to internal controls over financial reporting.

OBO also established VA's Finance and Logistics Council. This council consists of the VA CFO and Deputy CFO, Director of the Office of Asset Enterprise Management, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Acquisitions and Logistics, the three administrations' CFOs, VHA's Chief Business Officer, and a Chief Logistics Officer from each administration. In addition to addressing general financial management, acquisition, logistics, capital asset management, and budget issues, the council manages the oversight and field assistance activities of OBO.

FINANCIAL AND LOGISTICS INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY ENTERPRISE (FLITE) PROGRAM OFFICE

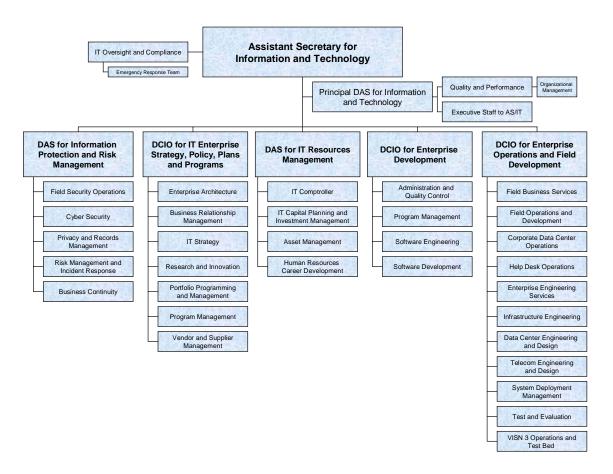
The FLITE Program Office is responsible for the enterprise-wide financial and asset management integration program to standardize functional processes and modernize the information technology environment supporting financial and asset management within VA. The program has two primary elements, an asset management component referred to as the Strategic Asset Management (SAM) project, and a financial component referred to as the Integrated Financial Accounting System (IFAS).

The FLITE Program Office oversees and coordinates all aspects of the program, including systems engineering, organizational change management, training, program management, communications, and risk and investment management, and directs multi-disciplinary efforts of VA and contractor personnel to accomplish various tasks.

The FLITE Program Office is also responsible for implementing VA's new Financial Reporting Data Warehouse (FRDW), a key component of VA remediation efforts associated with the material weakness, "lack of an integrated financial management system."

The objectives of the FLITE initiative are to improve service to those who serve our veterans by providing timely, consistent and reliable financial, asset management, budget, and related information for management decisions, improve VA's accountability while eliminating the material weaknesses cited above, and improve insight, understanding, and information data exchange.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY



The Assistant Secretary for Information and Technology (AS/IT) is the Chief Information Officer (CIO) for the Department of Veterans Affairs and is the principal advisor to the Secretary on all matters relating to the management of VA's information and technology (IT). The AS/IT is the single leadership authority for IT in VA. The Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Information and Technology (PDAS/IT) facilitates IT activities in the Department to improve the effectiveness of program operations and to assist line and staff organizations in the performance of their missions. The PDAS/IT is the senior advisor to the Assistant Secretary for all departmentwide information technology, security and privacy matters including policy/budget formulation, planning, assessment of Department business requirements, acquisition, execution and oversight; internal and external coordination; development and analysis of department-level program data.

The Office of Information and Technology (OI&T) is composed of seven major organizational elements: IT Oversight and Compliance; Quality and Performance; Information Protection and Risk Management; IT Enterprise Strategy, Policy, Plans and Programs; IT Resources Management; Enterprise Development; and Enterprise Operations and Field Development.

OFFICE OF INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY

OI&T is the steward of VA's IT assets and resources, and is responsible for ensuring the efficient and effective operation of VA's IT Management System to meet mission requirements of the Secretary, under secretaries, assistant secretaries, and other key officials. The mission of OI&T is to partner with the business units to enable VA to become a veteran centric service provider through the delivery of available, adaptable, secure, and cost effective technology services. OI&T represents VA's IT program internally and externally to Congress, OMB, GAO, OIG, Federal agencies, and interested parties.

The office advises and assists the AS/IT on matters relating to departmentwide IT responsibilities and functions, including policy/budget formulation, planning, acquisition, execution, and oversight; internal and external coordination; development and analysis of Department-level program data; and assessment of Department IT requirements. IT's role is defined in OMB Circular A-130 which implements the Clinger-Cohen Act.

The *Office of IT Oversight and Compliance (ITOC)* is VA's independent oversight and compliance arm. Established in January 2007, ITOC is charged with departmentwide compliance in the areas of privacy, records management, information physical security, and cyber security. To that effect, ITOC followings compliance with two primary laws: the Privacy Act of 1974 and the E-Government Act of 2002. These laws give Federal agencies responsibilities for protecting personal information, including ensuring its security. Additionally, ITOC ensures compliance with the Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 which requires agencies to develop, document, and implement agency wide programs to provide security for their information and information systems which include personally identifiable information (PII) and the systems on which it resides. ITOC works collaboratively with VA administrations to proactively identify weaknesses, improve their processes, and eliminate significant vulnerabilities. During times of crisis, ITQC provides emergency response and forensic analysis capabilities to detect vulnerabilities and safeguard data.

The *Office of Quality and Performance* leads Ol&T's performance management and process improvement efforts. The office facilitates the establishment of performance measures and metrics related to the full range of IT program responsibilities and strategic objectives and manages associated measurement efforts. The office links IT business objectives to strategic goals, drives quality and performance standards, validates requirements, and integrates expectations into all IT processes, programs, and initiatives while maintaining a culture of quality performance and continuous improvement. The office conducts analysis and evaluation of a variety of IT programs, processes, functions, and facilities, and provides recommendations to the AS/IT. The office leads and manages the Department's IT Management System transition to a single IT leadership authority, serves as adviser to the AS/IT on a wide range of complex and sensitive issues which cross organizational boundaries within the Department, and interfaces with external agencies such as OMB, GAO, OIG, and Congress. The office also coordinates the Department's implementation of IT requirements for the E-Government Act of 2002 and is the primary contact for issues related to OMB E-Government initiatives and the roll-up of the President's Management Agenda performance metrics.

OFFICE OF INFORMATION PROTECTION AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Office of Information Protection and Risk Management advises and assists the AS/IT on matters related to information protection including privacy, cyber security, risk management, records management, Freedom of Information Act, incident response, critical infrastructure protection, and business continuity. The office develops, implements, and oversees the policies, procedures, training, communication, and operations related to improving how VA and its partners safeguard the personally identifiable information (PII) of veterans and VA employees. Our objective is to assure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information and information systems.

OFFICE OF IT ENTERPRISE STRATEGY, POLICY, PLANS AND PROGRAMS

The Office of IT Enterprise Strategy, Policy, Plans and Programs advises and assists the AS/IT in overseeing and directing the areas of IT strategy, plans, and programs for the Department. The office develops the Enterprise Architecture and IT Strategic Plan which addresses short and long-term IT goals, objectives, and performance measures necessary to support VA business lines. The office develops the IT Multi-Year Program which identifies major business initiatives that require IT support, as well as IT infrastructure needs over a two to four year time-frame. The office develops IT Program Management policies and standards; and through the conduct of Program Management Reviews, Milestone Reviews, and Operational Analysis, the office monitors compliance with cost, schedule, and performance goals for major IT initiatives. The office is charged with linking VA business lines to identify evolving business needs that require IT support, identifying service level standards on ongoing support, and resolving issues regarding IT support to VA businesses.

OFFICE OF IT RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

The Office of IT Resources Management advises the AS/IT on resource requirements related to OI&T. The office directs the financial management, human capital management, IT asset management and procurement activities of OI&T. As such, it has the primary responsibility of linking the budgeting process with IT programs.

OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT

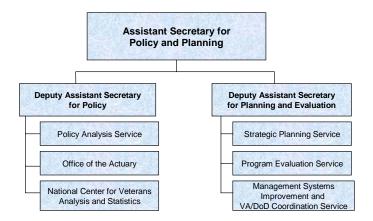
The Office of Enterprise Development serves as the chief advisor to the AS/IT for all enterprise application development activities. Development consists of planning, developing (or acquiring), and testing applications that meet business requirements. It provides day-to-day direction over all solutions developed by OI&T for VA business units. The organization includes: Administration and Quality Control (to sustain the organization and manage process improvement, quality, program performance and communications); Program Management (to establish and oversee development initiatives through their entire life cycle); Software Engineering (to develop and maintain architectural standards and ensure applications are appropriately architected to those standards); and Software Development (to develop or acquire and test solutions).

OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE OPERATIONS AND FIELD DEVELOPMENT

The Office of Enterprise Operations and Field Development directs all operational and maintenance activities associated with VA's IT environment on behalf of the AS/IT. This includes the following activities: overseeing and managing VA's data processing centers, the IT network, and telecommunications; conducting production monitoring for all information systems, production services; managing the delivery of operations services to all VA geographic locations; and conducting all Private Branch Exchange management and maintenance.

POINT OF CONTACT: Anne A. Ogu, Office of Information and Technology, (202) 461-6933

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR POLICY AND PLANNING



The Assistant Secretary for Policy and Planning (OP&P) provides comprehensive advice, counsel, plans, and reports for the Secretary and other VA senior leaders in the areas of corporate policy, strategic planning and management, VA/DoD coordination services, and management improvement to support VA's endeavors to provide benefits and services to our Nation's veterans in an effective and efficient manner. OP&P provides expert guidance and support for the Department's strategic planning process and implementation of the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA); supports the development, analysis, and review of issues affecting veterans' programs; provides quantitative and actuarial analysis to the Department in support of major policy deliberations; serves as the Department's focal point for access to and availability of official data; coordinates the independent evaluation of program performance focusing on program outcomes, service quality, customer satisfaction, and management efficiencies; coordinates and supports VA and DoD activities, councils, and partnerships; and fosters the adoption of management systems improvement initiatives, including the use of such quality engineering/management tools as business process reengineering across VA.

OFFICE OF POLICY

The Office of Policy provides independent analyses to the Secretary and other VA policy and decision makers concerning future and current veteran policies and programs. The Office of Policy consists of the Policy Analysis Service, the National Center for Veterans Analysis and Statistics, and the Office of the Actuary. The principal functions of the Office of Policy include:

- On-going analysis of VA and national current and proposed policies and programs to assess and facilitate enhancement of their impact and consistency with the President's Management Agenda as it relates to VA.
- Administering the National Survey of Veterans and National Center for Veterans Analysis and Statistics data functions to support continual enhancement of policies, programs, benefits, and services to veterans with emphasis on veteran cohorts including Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Iraqi Freedom, Guard and Reserve veterans, women veterans, minority veterans, aging veterans, and other specialized veteran groups.
- Coordinating, facilitating, and leading the Department's development, analysis, and reviews of policy issues affecting veterans programs.

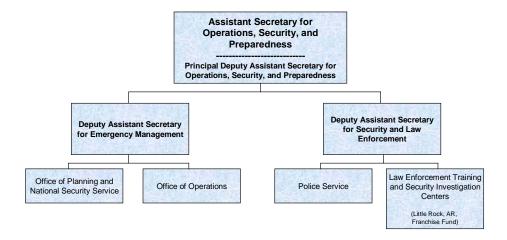
- Supporting the Office of the Secretary by reviewing and analyzing internal and external policy issues and legislative initiatives; participating in the development of the Department's legislative proposals and associated cost estimates; and facilitating cooperative and collaborative improvement across the Department.
- Providing support to a wide range of internal and intergovernmental efforts, including advisory committees and task forces.
- Managing and directing survey research including national surveys.
- Serving as a central clearing house for the collection, analysis, and dissemination of information and data about veterans and veterans programs and services.
- Conducting actuarial estimates and projections.
- Developing, validating, and disseminating official veteran population estimates and projections.

OFFICE OF PLANNING AND EVALUATION

The Office of Planning and Evaluation has responsibility for:

- Overseeing the implementation of VA's governance and strategic planning processes, which includes development of the VA Strategic Plan and the VA/DoD Joint Strategic Plan. These documents provide conceptual and analytical information to support program officials collaborating on the identification and analysis of environmental factors and strategic issues that affect VA and it's ability to deliver benefits and services to veterans and their families.
- Managing the Program Evaluation process that assesses the extent to which VA programs achieve intended outcomes and the needs of veterans and dependents in the future.
- Coordinating the Department's implementation of Competitive Sourcing to include annual development and update of the Department's FAIR Act Inventory and Business Process Reengineering studies; leading and overseeing management improvement initiatives, organizational assessments and transformation; leading and overseeing the Secretary's Performance Excellence awards; and providing consultation on quality engineering and management best practices.
- Serving as VA's internal coordinator and external liaison regarding strategic plans.
- Coordinating the Department's collaborative efforts with DoD under the VA/DoD Joint Executive Council, Health Executive Council, and Benefits Executive Council; responding to stakeholder reports with VA/DoD coordination; and supporting the Senior Oversight Committee, Overarching Integrated Product Team, and Lines of Action as directed.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR OPERATIONS, SECURITY, AND PREPAREDNESS



The Assistant Secretary for Operations, Security, and Preparedness (OSP) coordinates VA's emergency management, preparedness, security, and law enforcement activities to ensure the Department can continue to perform the Mission Essential Functions under all circumstances across the spectrum of threats. OSP directs and provides oversight for VA's planning, response, and security and law enforcement programs in support of the National Response Plan and VA overall operations. OSP has primary responsibility for:

- Coordinating the implementation of VA's Strategic Objective 4.1, "Improve the Nation's preparedness for response to war, terrorism, national emergencies, and natural disasters by developing plans and taking actions to ensure continued service to veterans as well as support to national, state, and local emergency management and homeland security offices."
- Ensuring that VA environments for care and administration are safe, secure, and as free as possible from the threat of physical danger or property loss.

OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

The Office of Emergency Management (OEM) is responsible for developing, coordinating, and implementing policy and programs to ensure VA has an integrated Comprehensive Emergency Management Program. OEM has two organizational units: Operations Service and Planning and National Security. In addition, OEM is responsible for:

- Coordinating and developing departmental policies relating to the Comprehensive Emergency Management Program in accordance with executive orders, Presidential management directives, regulations and guidance.
- Serving as principal point of contact with the Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, and other departments and agencies pertaining to emergency management, continuity of operations, domestic incident management, and national security emergency programs.
- Managing the Presidential and departmental line of succession programs.

- Managing the departmental Readiness Operations Center (ROC). The ROC is staffed around-the-clock and serves as the collection and dissemination point for information to support VA's Comprehensive Emergency Management Program.
- Coordinating emergency preparedness and crisis response activities both VA-wide and with other Federal, state, and local agencies.
- Developing training and exercises that enhance VA's preparedness programs.
- Maintaining VA's emergency relocation sites.
- Developing policies and managing the Information Security Program (classified documents) to ensure compliance with Executive Order 12958, as amended, and Information Security Oversight Office (ISOO) directives.
- In coordination with the Office of Security and Law Enforcement (OSLE), establish policies and procedures for implementing the Personnel Security and Suitability Program in accordance with applicable executive orders, laws and regulations.

OFFICE OF SECURITY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT

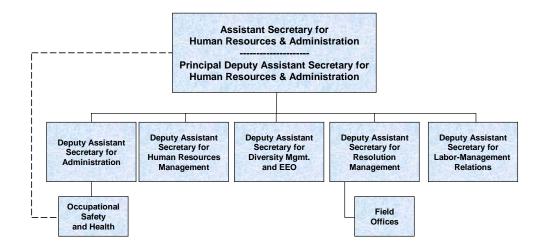
OSLE is responsible for developing policies, procedures and standards that govern the implementation of physical security measures designed to protect personnel (veterans and visitors), facilities and property in VA. OSLE is also responsible for:

- Developing and implementing training requirements and standards for VA police officers.
- Protecting the Secretary and Deputy Secretary.
- Developing and implementing VA's weapons management program.
- Managing the Law Enforcement Training Center and the Security Investigation Center.
- Representing VA on interagency committees and maintain effective working relationships with VA's OIG and other law enforcement entities.

OSLE is composed of three units: Police Service, Security and Investigations Center, and the Law Enforcement Training Center. The Security and Investigations Center and the Law Enforcement Training Center are enterprise activities. Their budget and staffing levels are based on revenue generated by reimbursable services provided by the Centers.

POINT OF CONTACT: Judy Connelly, Office of Operations, Security, and Preparedness (202) 461-4986

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HUMAN RESOURCES AND ADMINISTRATION



The Assistant Secretary for Human Resources and Administration (HR&A) provides direction and oversight to five major program areas headed by the Deputy Assistant Secretaries for Administration, Human Resources Management, Diversity Management and Equal Employment Opportunity, Resolution Management, and Labor-Management Relations. With the assistance of these officials, the Assistant Secretary is responsible for directing both policy and operational functions in these program areas. The Assistant Secretary serves as the Department's Designated Agency Safety and Health Official and is responsible for administering the Occupational Safety and Health and Workers' Compensation programs. The Assistant Secretary also serves as the Department's Chief Human Capital Officer (CHCO), advising and assisting the Secretary in carrying out VA's responsibilities for selecting, developing, training, and managing a high quality workforce in accordance with merit systems principles.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

The Office of Administration (O/A) provides a wide range of support services, primarily to VACO. Local services include audiovisuals, transportation, personal property, space management, mail, and operation of the VACO building as well as administrative support to all VACO employees in satellite locations. Nationwide, O/A oversees the Department's Occupational Safety and Health, and Workers' Compensation programs; provides guidance and assistance to facilities in their audiovisual needs; the oversight and responsibility of the transit benefit program; the processing of executive correspondence (White House bulk mail), and protocol matters affecting the Department.

The office serves as departmental liaison to GSA concerning space acquisition and other support functions within the Washington, DC, metropolitan area. The office manages the VACO space inventory, and is responsible for alterations and renovation projects, and serves as the facility site manager for nine Washington area locations.

OFFICE OF HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

The Office of Human Resources Management (OHRM) is responsible for advising and assisting the Secretary and other VACO and field officials to meet the established mission, goals, and objectives of the Department through a strategically aligned and customer-focused human resources program.

This office is focused on policy development, workforce planning initiatives, human resources development, legislative changes, and civil service reform. This includes the fundamental human resources functions of staffing (recruitment and retention), classification, compensation, executive resources, workforce planning, employee relations, employee work-life and benefits, career transition, oversight and effectiveness, and employee development within the human resources community.

The functions of OHRM include liaison with OPM representing VA before Congress, OMB, and other Federal agencies on human resources issues.

OFFICE OF DIVERSITY MANAGEMENT AND EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

The Office of Diversity Management and Equal Employment Opportunity (DM&EEO) advises and supports the Assistant Secretary for HR&A in workforce diversity issues. The office also supports the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, under secretaries, assistant secretaries, and other key officials in their commitment to achieve and sustain a diverse workforce.

DM&EEO works proactively to enhance the employment of women, minorities, veterans, and persons with disabilities through the following:

- Leadership in diversity and affirmative employment policy.
- National Special Emphasis Programs.
- Diversity training and education.
- Workforce analysis and evaluation.
- Internship programs and partnerships.
- Electronic diversity tools and publications.

Our vision is an environment that fosters respect, fairness, and equal opportunity for all employees.

OFFICE OF RESOLUTION MANAGEMENT

The Office of Resolution Management (ORM) is responsible for addressing workplace disputes in VA through the use of prevention techniques, early intervention, alternative dispute resolution, counseling and investigations. ORM uses a variety of services and programs to accomplish these responsibilities in a timely and high quality manner. These services and programs fall under four key measures:

▶ **Prevention**. ORM offers prevention programs that ensure employees and managers understand the characteristics of a healthy work environment and have the tools to address workplace disputes.

- ➤ Early Resolution. ORM serves as a resource for the resolution of workplace disputes. ORM has been designated as the lead organization for workplace alternative dispute resolution (ADR) within VA.
- Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Complaint Processing. ORM has developed programs to improve the overall management of Equal Employment Opportunity discrimination complaint processing services within VA. ORM provides EEO discrimination complaint processing services to VA employees, applicants for employment, and former employees. These services include counseling, investigation, and procedural final agency decisions. ADR is encouraged through all phases of the complaint process. These services are provided through a nationwide network of seven field offices and nine satellite offices located throughout the United States. ORM provides compliance oversight functions on final decisions, appellate reviews, matters relating to settlements including breach of settlement agreements, and fully investigates claims for compensatory damages. ORM has oversight responsibility for the Department's External Civil Rights Program which ensures compliance with Title VI and Title IX of the Civil Rights Act.
- ► **High Quality ORM Workforce**. ORM recruits, develops, trains and retains a highly competent and diverse workforce by promoting a positive work environment.

OFFICE OF LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

The Office of Labor-Management Relations (LMR) supports the VA's mission of providing worldclass service to veterans and their families by promoting cooperative labor-management relationships to ensure that the Department can effectively manage its workforce while creating a positive work environment for employees and meeting its labor relations obligations.

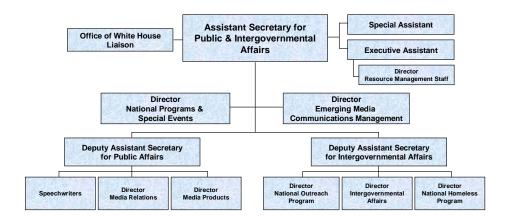
LMR is responsible for promulgating labor-management relations policy and programs for the Department. This includes providing leadership, involvement, and support for establishing and maintaining collaborative labor-management relationships at all levels in the Department; providing guidance and support for conducting labor-management negotiations; providing contact interpretation guidance relating to national agreement provisions; and providing help in resolving contract disputes.

LMR also provides training to include contract interpretation and implementation, rights and responsibilities under the labor statute, and labor-management cooperation.

Finally, LMR ensures that labor-management goals and objectives are linked to VA's Strategic Plan and that measures are developed to evaluate the effectiveness of the labor relations program as it relates to the mission of improving services and creating a positive work environment for employees.

POINT OF CONTACT: Suzanne Campbell, Office of Human Resources and Administration, (202) 461-5012.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS



The Assistant Secretary for Public and Intergovernmental Affairs manages all aspects of communications with veterans, the general public, VA employees, and the news media; an array of special events geared to the needs and interests of veterans and their families; and efforts by the agency to work with various state and local governments to better meet the needs of veterans across the Nation. The responsibility includes coordination and distribution of the information VA communicates to its audiences, especially to the general public through the news media, and the provision of public affairs policy guidance for the Department. The Assistant Secretary also directs and manages the intergovernmental, international, homeless and consumer affairs, as well as the special events program office. The Office of the Assistant Secretary works to meet the needs of all VA audiences-first and foremost, veterans.

OFFICE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

The Deputy Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs is responsible for providing external and internal communications services and public affairs policy guidance to administration and other operating elements to create awareness of VA programs, services, and responsibilities.

The primary mission of the Office of Public Affairs (OPA) is to provide the Nation's veterans, and their eligible dependents and survivors, information through news media channels about VA benefits and programs. Through the preparation and dissemination of various communications materials, the office provides essential information on program eligibility and operations to a variety of public entities. It maintains close liaison with media representatives and monitors print and broadcast news activity. It provides responses to inquiries concerning data and information about agency operations and policy. OPA provides assessments of public affairs issues to the Secretary and his staff, and assists VA field facilities in the formulation and execution of community affairs programs. OPA conducts public affairs training to enhance the ability of public affairs officers to communicate through the news media. It also communicates information on administration policy and priorities through a variety of means, including articles, speeches, and media interviews with agency officials. OPA provides timely advice, information, and counsel to public affairs officers based in field facilities maintained by VHA, VBA, and NCA. The program is designed to provide the Department with the means by which program objectives can be enhanced through supportive communication activities.

OPA supports publicity activities surrounding numerous national special events such as the National Disabled Veterans Winter Sports Clinic, National Veterans Wheelchair Games, National Veterans Golden Age Games, National Veterans Creative Arts Festival, Memorial Day, and Veterans Day national ceremonies; publishes an annually updated handbook of federal veterans benefits information in English and Spanish; and produces the Department's print and electronic internal communications media. The office maintains Internet access to the benefits booklet (in English and Spanish), news releases, fact sheets, video products, and other informational materials.

With personnel in Central Office and seven regional offices, OPA provides an array of public information and professional communications media services: news and feature releases, fact sheets, statistical summaries, radio and television materials, magazine articles, speeches, and official statements. The office also provides advice to the Secretary, administrations, and staff offices concerning public interest and reaction to VA policies and programs.

The office produces a number of media specifically aimed at VA's internal audiences - employees, volunteers, veteran patients and clients, and other stakeholders. *VAnguard* is VA's employee magazine published six times a year and distributed nationally to all VA facilities. *VA News* is a weekly video newscast of events, activities, issues and achievements affecting VA employees. It is broadcast via satellite to all major VA facilities. The office sends via e-mail a daily message for all employees to inform them of VA achievements, initiatives and policy decisions and to recognize VA employees for their achievements. All of these products are posted on the OPA Web site, as well. The office also uses the employee leave and earnings statement to send messages communicating management priorities and program initiatives.

The office produces a monthly video news magazine called "The American Veteran" which is broadcast to military personnel around the world on the Pentagon Channel and on domestic cable and satellite television systems.

OFFICE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

The Deputy Assistant Secretary for Intergovernmental Affairs serves as the Department liaison in all intergovernmental affairs matters and is the primary point of contact with Federal, state, and local government officials. The office coordinates VA's participation in intergovernmental affairs initiatives, including White House-sponsored activities and is responsible for the assessment of the issues and concerns of state and local officials and the impact of VA's action in their areas of jurisdiction. The office also facilitates continuous and bilateral communications between the states and VA to gain early knowledge of state actions and concerns, issues, and supporting programs.

The Office of Intergovernmental Affairs has a strategic planning component and an operational component: The strategic planning team is focused on the future, how best to build relationships with states, territories, and Native American tribal governments with special emphasis on those with the largest population of veterans. The team advises the Assistant Secretary and Deputy Assistant Secretary about important upcoming special events, forums, and/or conferences where VA participation would be beneficial. The staff serves as the primary liaison to national intergovernmental organizations. The operational team will execute the Strategic Team's plan, which involves coordinating all VA field events and participation in non-VA activities and conventions. The team will travel to venues, engage media and message VA's focus on state and organizational partnerships. They operate as a rapid response team when needed, serving as field liaisons to the states, territories, and tribal governments.

The Office of Intergovernmental Affairs is responsible for developing, managing, and coordinating the Department's international programs. In coordination with the National Security Council (NSC), DoD, and the State Department, the staff develops state visit programs and subject matter exchanges for representatives of foreign governments concerning veterans' benefits. This provides a venue for the exchange of information on how best to assist countries in developing programs to better serve their veterans and to help foster our bilateral relations with participating countries. The service is also responsible for coordinating with foreign governments all international commemorative events such as the anniversary of foreign wars, battles, and official recognition by foreign governments of our veterans. A major responsibility of the service is to interface with the diplomatic community on all international matters concerning our veterans and all foreign official travel.

The Homeless Veterans Programs office coordinates departmentwide efforts to assist our Nation's homeless veterans. The staff is tasked with developing partnerships with other Federal agencies, state and local governments, national and local homeless service providers, veterans service organizations, and Native American tribal governments to improve internal and external systems of assisting homeless veterans. This office oversees all VA homeless programs and serves as the Department's coordinating office with the Interagency Council on Homelessness. In addition, this office coordinates the Department's Working Group on Homelessness which provides logistical support to the 15-member Advisory Committee on Homeless Veterans. This office is a key internal partner to the loan guarantee for multifamily transitional housing for homeless veterans' initiative. The Office coordinates VA involvement in the planning and participation in joint conferences with Federal departments that assist homeless veterans; oversees VA participation with the Department of Labor's (DOL) pilot to assist incarcerated veterans; and participates as a key component of the Secretary's Task Force on access and availability of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.

The National Outreach Coordinator is responsible for coordinating the Department's outreach efforts, as well as developing and implementing administrative and operational policies for departmentwide application. The coordinator serves as the Department's primary point of contact and subject-matter expert on outreach and related activities that affect the nature and benefits of targeted groups of veterans. The coordinator develops and implements departmentwide outreach policies and procedures, and oversees efforts with various communications offices to develop local, regional and national outreach communication plans. The coordinator liaisons VA's outreach efforts with the White House, Congress, and other Federal, state and local officials in the development of coordinated outreach efforts.

Consumer Affairs Service (CAS) is the Department's liaison with other Cabinet-level consumer affairs offices and act as the department-level consumer complaint response office. CAS acts as a consultant and coordinator for other VA offices and field stations in establishing and maintaining their Internet-based customer response activities, as well as their ongoing customer service programs. CAS responds to inquiries from state and local government elected officials regarding individual veterans concerns.

OFFICE OF NATIONAL PROGRAMS AND SPECIAL EVENTS

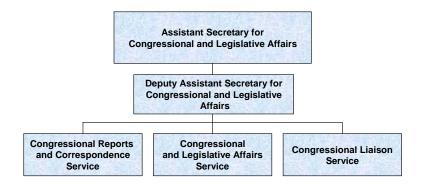
The Office of National Programs and Special Events coordinates VA activities related to commemorative veterans programs, and the four national rehabilitative special events for disabled veterans. Such activities include Veterans Day, National Disabled Veterans Winter Sports Clinic, National Veterans Wheelchair Games, National Veterans Golden Age Games, National Veterans Creative Arts Festival, and nationally recognized historical events. This office also directs the activities of the National Rehabilitative Special Events Management Group currently chaired by the Deputy Secretary and vice-chaired by the Assistant Secretary for Public and Intergovernmental Affairs.

OFFICE OF WHITE HOUSE LIAISON

The Office of White House Liaison advises the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, and the Assistant Secretary for Public and Intergovernmental Affairs on the placement of Senior-level non-career appointments in VA.

POINT OF CONTACT: Janis Tullis, Office of Public and Intergovernmental Affairs, (202) 461-7500.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS



The Assistant Secretary for Congressional and Legislative Affairs is responsible for promoting the enactment of legislation authorizing improved veterans benefits and services by coordinating the development of pro-veteran legislation and advising the Secretary on legislative strategy; by maintaining healthy communications with Congress through constituent services, briefings, reports, hearings, and other informational exchanges; and by maintaining productive working relationships with congressional members/staff, congressional committees, and GAO.

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

The Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs is responsible for advising senior department officials on developing and maintaining VA's relationship with Members of Congress and congressional committees and on congressional interest in VA policy and program development and implementation, managing all congressional hearings, and ensuring that Congress receives pertinent and timely information about VA programs and policy issues. In addition, the office provides support and assistance with respect to specific legislative activity, monitors the status of pending legislation affecting VA, and works closely with the Legislative Advisor in developing the Department's annual legislative program.

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS AND CORRESPONDENCE

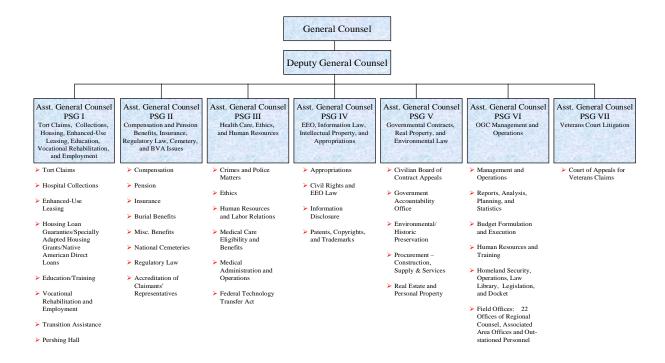
The Office of Congressional Reports and Correspondence is responsible for ensuring that VA is compliant and timely in meeting congressional mandates for reports. In addition, the office maintains the Department's liaison function between VA and GAO, and coordinates meetings and reports due to the GAO. Responses to pre- and post-hearing questions associated with congressional hearings are managed by the office, as well as the office's internal correspondence function.

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL LIAISON

The Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs maintains two satellite offices located in the Russell Senate Office Building and the Rayburn House Office Building to provide constituent casework and related services, allowing for direct, face-to-face contact with Members of Congress and their staffs.

POINT OF CONTACT: Jo Brabson, Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs, (202) 461-6461.

GENERAL COUNSEL



The Office of General Counsel (OGC) assists in the formulation of policy and provides legal advice and services to the Secretary and all organizational components in the Department. The General Counsel serves as the chief legal officer for the Department on all matters of law, litigation, and legislation. The OGC interprets all laws pertaining to the Department and serves as the final legal authority in issuing departmental regulations that implement laws pertaining to the Department. OGC responsibilities also include the Department's ethics program. The OGC represents the Secretary in litigation involving the Department and works in close cooperation with the Department of Justice and the United States Attorneys throughout the country in defending the Department in legal actions brought against it. Further, the OGC directly represents the Secretary in all cases litigated before the U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims. Working in close cooperation with department officials, OGC prepares for the Secretary's approval, legislative initiatives for submission to OMB and the Congress.

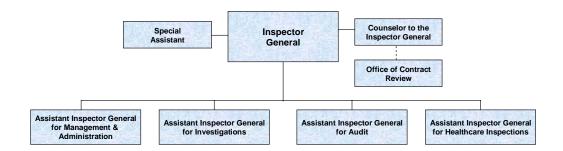
At VACO, the responsibility for the full range of legal, litigation, and legislative activities is distributed among seven Professional Staff Groups (PSG's), each headed by an Assistant General Counsel. Each PSG has expertise in the specific subject matter areas noted in the chart above, and is responsible for providing legal advice to program officials, reviewing proposed regulations and directives, and handling litigation involving VA programs. One of the Assistant General Counsels is VA's Designated Ethics Official. Each PSG also prepares any draft legislation that is needed in its assigned subject areas.

The OGC maintains 22 field offices, each under the supervision of a Regional Counsel. Each Regional Counsel is responsible for providing legal advice and assistance to Directors and other officials of regional offices, VISN Directors and other officials of medical facilities, and officials of readjustment counseling centers and national cemeteries located within the assigned region. The responsibilities of a Regional Counsel include:

- Performing necessary legal review in administrative tort claims and providing appropriate legal service and support to the local U.S. Attorneys' Offices in tort litigation cases.
- Recovering funds owed the United States by applying legal collection remedies to include conducting litigation in Federal and state courts to effect collection.
- Initiating required court actions in guardianship commitment matters by appearing in state courts and furnishing legal assistance to appropriate elements of VBA.
- Providing necessary legal services in connection with the loan guaranty program.
- Advising and representing management of VA facilities located within the Regional Counsel's jurisdiction on issues relating to personnel and labor law.
- Providing training to employees of VA facilities within the assigned region.
- Maintaining liaison with state agencies and legislatures and with state and local bar associations.

POINT OF CONTACT: Michael Hogan, Office of the General Counsel, (202) 461-7685

INSPECTOR GENERAL



The Office of Inspector General (OIG) was administratively established in VA on January 1, 1978. The Inspector General Act of 1978 (Public Law No. 95-452), enacted in October 1978, statutorily established the OIG for the Department of Veterans Affairs. The Inspector General Amendments of 1988 (Public Law No. 100-504) established detailed reporting requirements on the resolution and implementation status of issued OIG reports. Public Law No. 100-322 expanded OIG activities to monitor and evaluate VHA Quality Assurance Programs and activities of the Medical Inspector.

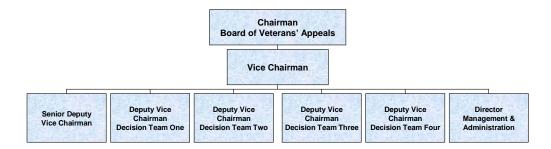
VA's OIG directs an independent and objective organization. The purpose of this organization is to conduct audits, investigations, and inspections of VA programs, operations, and other activities carried out or financed by VA; to recommend policies that promote economy, efficiency, and effectiveness; and to prevent and detect criminal activity, waste, abuse, and mismanagement in VA.

Accomplishments of the office are described in semiannual reports required by the Inspector General Act. These reports are provided to the VA Secretary, Congress, and OMB.

Operations of the OIG are centrally managed in Washington, DC, and are divided among field offices established for audits, investigations, and health care inspections.

POINT OF CONTACT: Joseph Vallowe, Office of the Inspector General, (202) 461-4606

BOARD OF VETERANS' APPEALS



The Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA), a statutory Board created in 1933, makes final decisions on appeals to the Secretary under laws affecting the provision of benefits by the Department to veterans, their dependents, or their survivors. BVA conducts hearings in Washington, DC, and at VA regional offices. Hearings by videoconference are available at most regional offices. Final decisions of the Board may be appealed to the United States Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims. Appeals in insurance cases involving contracts may be taken into Federal courts after administrative remedies are exhausted.

The Board consists of a Chairman, Vice Chairman, Senior Deputy Vice Chairman, four Deputy Vice Chairmen, and sufficient members to conduct hearings and decide appeals in a proper and timely manner. The Chairman serves at the Assistant Secretary level within the Department and is appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of six years. The other members of the Board, including the Vice Chairman, are appointed by the Secretary, with the approval of the President, based upon recommendations of the Chairman. The Secretary designates one member of the Board as Vice Chairman.

The Board is organized into an Appellate Group, four Decision Teams, and a Management and Administration section. The Appellate Group, headed by the Senior Deputy Vice Chairman, provides counsel to the Chairman and serves as BVA's liaison with VA's OGC, VHA, VBA, and other elements of the agency. The Appellate Group is also responsible for the Board's professional training and quality assurance programs, BVA's research center, the handling of Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) and Privacy Act matters, regulation and handbook/directives drafting, and medical consultations and reviews by one medical advisor.

Each of BVA's decision teams is headed by a Deputy Vice Chairman, and is comprised of approximately 12 Veterans Law Judges (VLJ) and 72 attorney advisors. Decisions of the Board are rendered by individual VLJs or by panels of not less than three VLJs. Board counsel assist VLJs, review appeals, conduct research, and prepare tentative decisions. Each decision team decides cases from regional offices in one of four geographic regions.

BVA's Management and Administration Section is responsible for case management and tracking, docket control, hearing scheduling, correspondence, secretarial and transcription services, procurement, and liaison with parties outside BVA.

POINT OF CONTACT: Susan Toth, Board of Veterans' Appeals, (202) 565-8785

SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY FOR VETERANS SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS LIAISON

The Veterans Service Organizations (VSO) Liaison is the VA Secretary's primary advisor on matters affecting VSOs and is responsible for the Department's day-to-day liaison with those organizations.

Liaison responsibilities include communicating regularly with VSO officials to ensure VA's responsiveness to the needs of the organizations and their members; attending the VSO Midwinter conferences and National conventions; and communicating with veterans concerning issues they feel strongly about, including health care. The incumbent attends all National Commanders' testimony on veteran's issues to the House and Senate Veterans Affairs Committees. Other responsibilities include articulating the Department's points of view on issues affecting America's veterans; maintaining and publishing lists of VSOs and their representatives for use by VA and the public (http://www1.va.gov/vso); advising the Secretary and Deputy Secretary of VSO policy statements or specific positions on veterans' issues; and assisting VSOs in their dealings with other Federal agencies.

POINT OF CONTACT: Kevin Secor, Veterans Service Organizations Liaison, (202) 273-4835

CENTER FOR MINORITY VETERANS

The Center for Minority Veterans (CMV) was established by Congress on November 2, 1994, to promote, evaluate and assess minority veterans' use of VA programs and recommend solutions to better serve minority veterans. Serving as a principal advisor to the VA Secretary, the CMV is charged with identifying barriers to service and health care access as well as increasing local awareness of minority veteran-related issues by developing strategies for improving minority participation is existing VA benefits programs. Specifically, these veterans include the following minority groups: African American, Hispanic, Asian American, Pacific Islander, and Native American, including American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian. Cultural, economic, and ethnic differences may hinder access to VA services by veteran minority groups. Outreach activities, surveys, site visits, and direct contact with veterans are some of the channels through which the CMV gathers information to identify opportunities for improvement. The CMV utilizes three major outreach initiatives to assist in identifying and addressing minority veterans concerns:

- Members of the Secretary's Advisory Committee on Minority Veterans are recognized authorities in fields pertinent to the needs of the minority group they represent. This diverse committee advises the Secretary and Congress on VA's administration of benefits, provisions of health care, and services to minority veterans. Additionally, they provide an annual report to Congress outlining recommendations, concerns, and observations on VA's delivery of services to minority veterans.
- Approximately 300 Minority Veterans Program Coordinators (MVPC) are assigned throughout VA in each regional office, medical center, and national cemetery. MVPCs focus on the needs of minority veterans in their respective local communities by educating them on VA benefits, services and programs, as well as advocate on behalf of these veterans by identifying gaps in services.
- Through established collaborative partnership efforts with veteran stakeholders, both internal and external, the CMV conducts outreach to minority veterans in rural and urban areas on VA benefits and services. These critical partnerships are developed and sustained through active participation in committee meetings, conferences, Federal, state, and local veterans workshops/forums.

POINT OF CONTACT: Lucretia M. McClenney, Center for Minority Veterans, (202) 461-6191

CENTER FOR WOMEN VETERANS

The Center for Women Veterans was established by Public Law No. 103-446 in November 1994 to oversee VA programs for women veterans.

The Center's mission is to ensure that women veterans receive benefits and services on par with male veterans; VA programs are responsive to gender-specific needs of women veterans; outreach is performed to improve women veterans' awareness of services, benefits and eligibility criteria; and women veterans are treated with dignity and respect. The Director, Center for Women Veterans, acts as the primary advisor to the Secretary on all matters related to policies, legislation, programs, issues, and initiatives affecting women veterans.

The Center's goals are to work closely with VA's staff offices and the three administrations (VHA, VBA, and NCA) to identify policies, practices, programs, and related activities that may be unresponsive or insensitive to the needs of women veterans and recommend changes, revisions, or new initiatives to address the identified deficiencies; foster communication among all elements of VA on the findings and assure the women veterans' community that women veteran's issues are incorporated into VA's strategic plan; promote and provide educational activities on women veterans' issues for VA personnel and other appropriate individuals; encourage and develop collaborative relationships with veterans service organizations, Federal, state, and community-based agencies to coordinate activities on issues related to women veterans; coordinate outreach activities that enhance women veterans' awareness of new and existing VA services and benefits; and promote research activities on women veterans' issues.

The Center's activities include monitoring and assessing changes VA-wide and assessing the impact these changes may have on the women veterans; monitoring VA briefings during Transition Assistance Programs to ensure that active duty women are provided access to information on the benefits and services available to them as veterans prior to their release from active duty; facilitating joint training and networking among Women Veterans Program Managers and Coordinators across VA; providing women veteran consumers the opportunity to share their concerns and issues with VA managers through community forums and gatherings, and regional/national summits; monitoring VA's research agenda to ensure that women veterans and their issues are included in all VA studies; continuing outreach to the women veterans' community; establishing and continuing relationships with state and county departments of veterans affairs, national veterans service organizations, and other Federal agencies responsible for providing services to women; and widely distributing the pocket guide, "Women Veterans – 25 Frequently Asked Questions."

The Center provides consultation and support to the Advisory Committee on Women Veterans. This statutory Committee provides advice and guidance to the Secretary on the administration of benefits by the Department for women veterans, reports and studies pertaining to women veterans, and the needs of women veterans with respect to compensation, health care, rehabilitation, outreach, and other benefits and programs administered by the Department, including the Center for Women Veterans.

CENTER FOR FAITH-BASED AND COMMUNITY INITIATIVES

The Center for Faith-Based and Community Initiatives (CFBCI) was established on June 1, 2004, by Executive Order 13342, to coordinate agency efforts to eliminate regulatory, contracting, and other programmatic obstacles to the participation of faith-based and other community organization in the provision of social and community services.

The Center's mission is to incorporate faith-based and other community organizations in VA programs and initiatives to the greatest extent possible. The CFBCI Director serves as the liaison and point of contact with the White House OFBCI.

The Center's responsibilities include:

- Coordinating a comprehensive agency effort to incorporate faith-based and other community organizations in agency programs and initiatives to the greatest extent possible.
- Proposing initiatives to remove barriers including but not limited to reform of regulations, procurement, and other internal policies and practices.
- Proposing the development of innovative pilot and demonstration programs to increase the participation of faith-based and other community organizations in Federal as well as state and local initiatives.
- Developing and coordinating agency outreach efforts to disseminate information more effectively to faith-based and other community organizations with respect to programming changes, contracting opportunities, and other agency initiatives.

The Center works closely with other VA offices that have organizational and programmatic responsibilities with faith-based and community groups. A Center Steering Committee provides consultation, sharing of information, and collaboration on all faith-based and community issues.

CFBCI's Web site, <u>www1.va.gov/fbci</u>, provides updated information on faith-based and community initiatives activities, programs and resources. The Center contact phone number is 202-461-7689.

POINT OF CONTACT: Darin Selnick, Center for Faith-Based and Community Initiatives, (202) 461-7689

OFFICE OF SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS UTILIZATION

The Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU) consist of the Office of Small Business Programs and the Center for Veterans Enterprise (CVE). The Director, OSDBU, serves as the Department's advocate for the participation of service-disabled veteran-owned small businesses (SDVOSBs), veteran-owned small businesses (VOSBs), small business concerns (SBCs), small disadvantaged businesses (SDBs), women-owned small businesses (WOSBs), and Historically Underutilized Businesses (HUBZone) in VA contracts and subcontracts. This office plans, implements, and coordinates Department programs for small businesses as directed by statutes, Executive Orders, and applicable regulations. The OSDBU Director serves as the Department's principal liaison to the Small Business Administration. In matters relating to the Department's socioeconomic acquisition program, the Director is a liaison with the Department of Commerce, GSA, and the Office of Federal Procurement Policy.

Established by statute in 1979, OSDBU works closely with VA program offices and contracting activities to ensure maximum practical opportunity for small businesses in the Department's procurements. Activities include conducting contract bundling reviews, training acquisition officials, counseling entrepreneurs, participating as small business experts at conferences, distributing informational materials that describe how to do business with the Department and sharing acquisition information with Veterans Service Organizations. This office negotiates, establishes, and maintains the departmentwide procurement goals, and reports on the progress toward accomplishing these goals. This office monitors the effectiveness of current policy, procedures, and plans for enhancing utilization of small businesses in future departmental requirements.

CENTER FOR VETERANS ENTERPRISE

The Center for Veterans Enterprise (CVE) promotes the formation and expansion of businesses owned by veterans. The Census Bureau estimates there are approximately 3.2 million businesses owned by veterans. VA's statutory duties include:

- Locating every business in the nation owned by a veteran or veterans and annually offering help to that business.
- Maintaining a database of verified veteran and service-disabled veteran-owned businesses. The Vendor Information Pages database is available at www.VetBiz.gov.
- Annually notifying Federal agencies of the products and services provided by serviceconnected disabled veteran-owned small businesses (SDVOSBs).
- Informing veterans about how to locate Federal, state and local government procurement opportunities and corporate opportunities.
- Maintaining an electronic clearinghouse of assistance programs available to veterans.
- Supporting the Secretary of Veterans Affairs in his capacity as an ex-officio member of the Board of Directors of the National Veterans Business Development Corporation.
- Cooperating with the Small Business Administration and DOL to promote self-employment for disabled veterans.

Providing training and business coaching to veterans. CVE maintains a national toll-free helpline (1-866-584-2344) for veterans interested in starting or expanding a business. CVE staff provides one-on-one personalized advice, access to resources, professional referrals, and the latest in news and information to assist veterans in business.

By Executive Order 13360 (2004), the CVE assists Federal agencies in their efforts to increase utilization of SDVOSBs; verifies the accuracy of contractor databases that have information about VOSBs or SDVOSBs; and with DOL, promotes entrepreneurship in Transition Assistance Programs.

CVE's Web site, <u>www.VetBiz.gov</u>, and its VIP database have been recognized by the Administrator of the Small Business Administration and the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, as the primary sourcing tool to locate veterans in business.

In October 2006, readers of the Veterans Business Journal voted VA's CVE as the number one organization helping veterans in business.

The Veterans Benefits, Healthcare, and Information Technology Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-461) created the "Veterans First" buying authority for VA only. It includes stronger provisions for service-disabled veteran small business, new provisions for all other veteran-owned small business, provisions for eligible surviving spouses and the verification of the VIP database.

- Verify ownership and control of veteran-owned small businesses; and verify the accuracy of other contractor databases that have VOSB/SDVOSB information.
- Priority for service disabled and other veterans in procurement actions.

OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINT ADJUDICATION

The Office of Employment Discrimination Complaint Adjudication (OEDCA) began operations on February 19, 1998, pursuant to The Veterans Benefits Act of 1997. The Director of OEDCA is required to:

- Issue final agency decisions and orders on the merits of EEO complaints and on any relief that may be available.
- Report cases involving a finding of intentional discrimination or retaliation against employees asserting rights under an equal employment opportunity law to the Secretary or Deputy Secretary.

OEDCA is an independent office responsible for issuing final agency decisions and orders on the substantive merits of employment discrimination complaints filed by employees and applicants for employment. In order to avoid a conflict of interest, complaints alleging that the Secretary or Deputy Secretary personally made a decision directly related to the matters in dispute, or were otherwise personally involved in such matters, will be referred for decision-making to another Federal agency pursuant to a cost-reimbursable agreement. Such a referral will not be made, however, when the action complained of relates merely to routine, ministerial approval of selection recommendations submitted to the Secretary by under secretaries, assistant secretaries, or other key officials.

Final agency decisions and orders are rendered in a fair and impartial manner and are based on evidence contained in the investigation report and, if applicable, the hearing transcript and exhibits provided by an Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) appointed administrative judge. OEDCA is also responsible for determining equitable relief and issuing final agency decisions on a complainant's entitlement to compensatory damages, attorney's fees, and costs where the complainant is a prevailing party. The Director's decisions are not subject to further review or appeal by any official within the Department. Complainants who are dissatisfied with a final agency decision or order may either appeal to the EEOC (or in some cases the Merit Systems Protection Board) or file a civil action in an appropriate United States District Court.

OFFICE OF REGULATION POLICY AND MANAGEMENT

The Department has several thousand regulations which guide its employees and the public on the many benefits and services VA provides to veterans and their families. VA's Office of Regulation Policy and Management (00REG) is responsible for the centralized management, coordination, and processing of all VA regulations. 00REG has devised and implemented procedures to centralize control and improve Secretarial oversight, management, drafting efficiency, policy resolution, impact analysis, and coordination of diverse VA regulations. 00REG also supervises VA's Regulation Rewrite Project -- a comprehensive effort to review, reorganize, and rewrite VA regulations lacking clarity, consistency, or logical organization.

00REG has a permanent staff whose mission is to ensure that VA's rulemaking process is responsive to the needs of VA program offices who serve our veterans. 00REG provides centralized supervision and coordination for regulation development, tracking, policy and legal integration, and economic impact analysis. 00REG has successfully redressed problems identified with VA's former decentralized regulation process by improving timeliness, consistency, and collaborative coordination on policy and legal issues. 00REG sets goals for regulation development and publication against which progress can be measured, and operates a regulation tracking system which is available to VA's leaders and operational staff.

00REG also supervises the work of special regulation analysis and drafting teams participating in VA's Regulation Rewrite Project. The project is staffed by subject matter experts and legal advisors detailed from their parent organizations, whose mission is to identify and rewrite confusing, ambiguous, or disorganized VA regulations. Initially, the Project is focusing on 276 Compensation & Pension (C&P) Service regulations, contained in Part 3 of Title 38 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Project team members have included employees from C&P Service, BVA, and OGC. The C&P portion of the project began in 2002 and is projected to be completed in 2010. Once this effort is completed the Rewrite Project may focus on other VA regulations in need of revision.

By efficiently managing and standardizing the rulemaking process in VA, 00REG improves the Secretary's ability to articulate and implement his priorities, policies, and goals. Clear, understandable regulations, produced in a timely manner, will enhance the delivery of VA's services to our veterans for years to come.

POINT OF CONTACT: Robert C. McFetridge, Office of Regulation Policy and Management, (202) 461-4902

OFFICE OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE MANAGEMENT

The Advisory Committee Management Office services as the coordinating office for VA's 26 federal advisory committees. It is responsible for establishing clear goals, standards, and uniform procedures for advisory committee activities. It is also responsible for ensuring the VA advisory committee operations are in compliance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

POINT OF CONTACT: Phil Riggin, Special Assistant to the Secretary, (202) 461-7127

OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

The Office of Construction and Facilities Management (CFM), established by the Secretary on April 1, 2007, consistent with Public Law No. 109-461 is the principal construction and real estate arm of the Department. The Director reports to the Office of the Secretary and provides advice to the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, under secretaries, and other senior VA officials on a wide variety of issues concerning VA's capital facilities programs. CFM executes VA's major construction program and provides leasing, real property management, and other capital asset services in support of VA missions. The office is responsible for major construction (projects \$10 million and greater); leasing and real property management; infrastructure issues of the State Home and Homeless Grants Programs; consulting support (technical, architectural, and engineering services); and construction and design standards. CFM is organized into three principal elements:

STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT OFFICE

The Strategic Management Office is responsible for construction estimating, value engineering, Architect/Engineer evaluation and selection, design standards, criteria, specifications and standard details, and national security standards for facilities.

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT OFFICE

The Resource Management Office is responsible for financial management of VA's major construction and minor construction programs, administrative budget, contract administration, office administration functions, operations support, human resource management, historic preservation, and quality assurance.

SERVICE DELIVERY OFFICE

The Service Delivery Office is responsible for executing the major construction and leasing programs and for providing technical support to field stations. CFM has three regional construction project manager sites and positions resident engineers at construction and lease sites across the Nation.

POINT OF CONTACT: Donald H. Orndoff, Jr., Office of Construction and Facilities Management, (202) 565-5009