

**Table 4.3. Consumption of Fossil Fuels for Electricity Generation and for Useful Thermal Output, 1995 through 2006**

Period	Coal (Thousand Tons) <sup>1</sup>	Petroleum (Thousand Barrels) <sup>2</sup>	Natural Gas (Thousand Mcf)	Other Gases (Million Btu) <sup>3</sup>
<b>Total (All Sectors)</b>				
1995	881,012	158,140	5,572,253	313,415
1996	928,015	172,499	5,178,232	345,850
1997	952,955	188,517	5,433,338	307,092
1998	966,615	251,486	6,030,490	333,816
1999	970,175	234,694	6,304,942	350,100
2000	1,015,398	217,494	6,676,744	356,053
2001	991,635	234,940	6,730,591	263,469
2002	1,005,144	183,408	6,986,081	278,111
2003	1,031,778	224,593	6,337,402	294,143
2004	1,044,798	229,364	6,726,679	354,069
2005	1,065,281	231,193	7,027,967	348,312
2006	1,053,783	131,005	7,418,959	341,129
<b>Electricity Generators, Electric Utilities</b>				
1995	829,007	105,956	3,196,507	--
1996	874,681	116,680	2,732,107	--
1997	900,361	132,147	2,968,453	--
1998	910,867	187,461	3,258,054	--
1999	894,120	151,868	3,113,419	--
2000	859,335	125,788	3,043,094	--
2001	806,269	133,456	2,686,287	--
2002	767,803	99,219	2,259,684	5,182
2003	757,384	118,087	1,763,764	6,078
2004	772,224	124,541	1,809,443	5,163
2005	761,349 <sup>R</sup>	118,874 <sup>R</sup>	2,134,859 <sup>R</sup>	91
2006	753,390	71,624	2,478,396	358
<b>Electricity Generators, Independent Power Producers</b>				
1995	3,921	2,342	91,064	87
1996	4,143	2,169	91,617	71
1997	3,884	4,010	70,774	642
1998	9,486	9,676	285,878	1,345
1999	30,572	30,037	615,756	696
2000	107,745	45,011	1,049,636	1,951
2001	139,799	60,489	1,477,643	92
2002	192,274	44,993	1,998,782	354
2003	226,154	68,817	2,016,550	171
2004	222,550	63,060	2,332,092	86
2005	254,291 <sup>R</sup>	72,953 <sup>R</sup>	2,457,412 <sup>R</sup>	43
2006	251,379	26,873	2,612,653	49
<b>Combined Heat and Power, Electric Power</b>				
1995	17,302	14,149	948,954	23,510
1996	18,096	13,744	983,177	20,406
1997	17,118	13,512	1,025,575	23,457
1998	16,266	13,632	1,044,352	27,735
1999	16,230	13,864	1,090,356	18,062
2000	18,741	14,559	1,113,595	23,512
2001	18,365	12,346	1,178,371	15,201
2002	17,430	12,783	1,413,431	27,406
2003	21,578	10,028	1,354,901	34,918
2004	21,494	10,897	1,322,228	53,256
2005	21,845	10,357	1,276,874	83,858 <sup>R</sup>
2006	21,867	8,867	1,131,051	64,136
<b>Combined Heat and Power, Commercial</b>				
1995	1,419	1,245	77,664	--
1996	1,660	1,246	82,455	*
1997	1,738	1,584	86,915	48
1998	1,443	1,807	87,220	95
1999	1,490	1,613	84,037	*
2000	1,547	1,615	84,874	*
2001	1,448	1,832	78,655	*
2002	1,405	1,250	73,975	*
2003	1,816	1,449	58,453	--
2004	1,917	2,009	72,072	--
2005	1,922	1,630	75,215	--
2006	1,886	935	82,261	1
<b>Combined Heat and Power, Industrial</b>				
1995	29,363	34,448	1,258,063	289,818
1996	29,434	38,661	1,288,876	325,373
1997	29,853	37,265	1,281,620	282,945
1998	28,553	38,910	1,354,986	304,641
1999	27,763	37,312	1,401,374	331,342
2000	28,031	30,520	1,385,546	330,590
2001	25,755	26,817	1,309,636	248,176
2002	26,232	25,163	1,240,209	245,171
2003	24,846	26,212	1,143,734	252,975
2004	26,613	28,857	1,190,844	295,564
2005	25,875	27,380	1,083,607	264,319
2006	25,262	22,706	1,114,597	276,585

<sup>1</sup> Includes anthracite, bituminous, subbituminous and lignite coal. Waste and synthetic coal were included starting in 2002.

<sup>2</sup> Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils), residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil), jet fuel, kerosene, petroleum coke (converted to liquid petroleum, see Technical Notes for conversion methodology), and waste oil.

<sup>3</sup> Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

\* = Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure.

R = Revised.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," Form EIA-920 "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report;" and predecessor forms.