Table 16. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Underground Coal Mines by State and Mining Method, 2007

Coal-Producing State	Continuous ¹		Conventional and Other ²		Longwall ³		Total	
	Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines	Average Recovery Percentage						
Alabama	W	W	-	-	W	W	275	52.75
Arkansas	W	W	-	-	-	-	W	W
Colorado		W	-	-	W	W	W	W
Illinois		W	-	-	W	W	1,253	61.57
Indiana	272	62.34	-	-	-	-	272	62.34
Kentucky Total		W	W	53.59	W	W	886	50.81
Eastern	483	W	W	53.59	W	W	503	46.23
Western	383	W	-	-	-	-	383	56.80
Maryland	W	W	-	-	-	-	W	W
Montana		W	-	-	-	-	W	W
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	W	W	W	W
Ohio		54.89	W	W	W	W	230	67.12
Oklahoma	W	W	-	-	-	-	W	W
Pennsylvania Total		61.03	W	W	W	W	427	70.16
Anthracite		W	W	W	-	-	W	W
Bituminous	W	W	-	-	W	W	W	W
Tennessee	2	44.98	-	-	-	-	2	44.98
Utah	W	W	-	-	W	W	211	57.92
Virginia	W	W	-	-	W	W	208	49.27
West Virginia Total	812	48.56	-	-	473	49.97	1,285	49.08
Northern	128	53.30	-	-	143	65.78	271	59.89
Southern	685	47.68	-	-	330	43.12	1,014	46.19
Wyoming		-	-	-	W	W	W	W
U.S. Total	3,012	55.98	24	59.04	2,791	61.62	5,827	58.69

(Million Short Tons)

¹ Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of their coal by continuous mining methods.

² Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of their coal by conventional mining methods or mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other methods or a 50/50 percent continuous conventional split in mining method.

³ Mines that have any production from the longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

-= No data are reported.

W = Data withheld to avoid disclosure.

Note: • Recoverable coal reserves at producing mines represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e. mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic

area. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data and refuse recovery.

Source: • Energy Information Administration Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."