Table 1.
 2006 Summary Statistics

	MRO/WECC
	Hydroelectric
2,933	46
2,889	36
44	50
7,132,243	47
6,989,062	38
143,181	49
12	42
14	42
3,526	47
3.6	27
4.3	5
1,090	39
10,056,387	48
10,056,387	44
-	50
6.70	40
	2,889 44 7,132,243 6,989,062 143,181 12 14 3,526 3.6 4.3 1,090 10,056,387

Table 2. Ten Largest Plants by Generating Capacity, 2006

Plant	Primary Energy Source or Technology	Operating Company	Net Summer Capacity (MW)
South Dakota			
1. Oahe	Hydroelectric	USCE-Missouri River District	640
2. Big Bend	Hydroelectric	USCE-Missouri River District	520
3. Big Stone	Coal	Otter Tail Power Co	471
4. Angus Anson	Gas	Northern States Power Co	384
5. Fort Randall	Hydroelectric	USCE-Missouri River District	356
6. Spirit Mound	Petroleum	Basin Electric Power Coop	100
7. Ben French	Coal	Black Hills Power Inc	100
8. Groton Generating Station	Gas	Basin Electric Power Coop	96
9. Huron	Gas	NorthWestern Energy	55
10. Watertown Power Plant	Petroleum	Missouri Basin Muni Power Agny	52

Table 3. Top Five Retailers of Electricity, with End Use Sectors, 2006 (Megawatthours)

Entity	Type of Provider	All Sectors	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Transportation
South Dakota						
1. Northern States Power Co	Investor-Owned	1,847,003	613,421	895,233	338,349	-
2. Black Hills Power Inc	Investor-Owned	1,455,456	479,628	676,900	298,928	-
3. NorthWestern Energy	Investor-Owned	1,269,343	473,718	590,331	205,294	-
4. Sioux Valley Energy	Cooperative	476,152	231,894	112,674	131,584	-
5. Otter Tail Power Co	Investor-Owned	365,025	108,784	256,241	-	-
Total Sales, Top Five Providers		5,412,979	1,907,445	2,531,379	974,155	-
Percent of Total State Sales		54	47	62	50	-

Table 4. Electric Power Net Summer Capacity by Primary Energy Source and Industry Sector, 1990, 1995, and 2001 Through 2006

M	[ega	aw	att	(2)
(TAT		u vv	au	o,

E C	1990	1995	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentag	ge Share
Energy Source		1995	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	1990	2006
South Dakota										
Electric Utilities	2,708	2,950	2,814	2,854	2,650	2,618	2,759	2,889	100.0	98.5
Coal	495	475	477	477	476	477	482	492	18.3	16.8
Petroleum	298 ^R	291 ^R	296	238	237	228	221	229	11.0	7.8
Natural Gas	93 ^R	363 ^R	360	459	385	385	553	649	3.5	22.1
Hydroelectric	1,821	1,820	1,678	1,678	1,549	1,526	1,500	1,516	67.2	51.7
Other Renewables	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	0.1
Independent Power Producers and Combined Heat and Power	-	-	-	-	41	41	44	44	-	1.5
Petroleum	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0.1
Other Renewables	-	-	-	-	41	41	41	41	-	1.4
Total Electric Industry	2,708	2,950	2,814	2,854	2,690	2,659	2,802	2,933	100.0	100.0
Coal	495	475	477	477	476	477	482	492	18.3	16.8
Petroleum	298 ^R	291 ^R	296	238	237	228	224	232	11.0	7.9
Natural Gas	93 ^R	363 ^R	360	459	385	385	553	649	3.5	22.1
Hydroelectric	1,821	1,820	1,678	1,678	1,549	1,526	1,500	1,516	67.2	51.7
Other Renewables	-	-	3	3	43	43	43	43	-	1.5

Table 5. Electric Power Net Generation by Primary Energy Source and Industry Sector, 1990, 1995, and 2001 Through 2006 (Megawatthours)

Energy Source	1990	1995	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage Share	
									1990	2006
South Dakota										
Electric Utilities	6,427,473	8,811,793	7,400,743	7,721,958	7,904,755	7,357,617	6,368,442	6,989,062	100.0	98.0
Coal	2,472,514	2,721,295	3,611,680	3,271,523	3,431,203	3,620,001	2,996,347	3,315,911	38.5	46.5
Petroleum	8,149	17,488	51,524	4,961	16,058	22,771	20,785	4,660	0.1	0.1
Natural Gas	12,408	63,139	304,803	85,778	176,024	112,255	270,946	265,817	0.2	3.7
Hydroelectric	3,934,402	6,009,871	3,431,865	4,353,653	4,276,303	3,597,509	3,074,566	3,396,833	61.2	47.6
Other Renewables	-	-	871	6,043	5,167	5,081	5,777	5,784	-	0.1
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	57	-	*
Independent Power Producers and Combined Heat and Power	-	-	-	-	39,082	152,597	152,327	143,181	-	2.0
Other Renewables	-	-	-	-	39,082	152,597	152,327	143,181	-	2.0
Total Electric Industry	6,427,473	8,811,793	7,400,743	7,721,958	7,943,837	7,510,214	6,520,769	7,132,243	100.0	100.0
Coal	2,472,514	2,721,295	3,611,680	3,271,523	3,431,203	3,620,001	2,996,347	3,315,911	38.5	46.5
Petroleum	8,149	17,488	51,524	4,961	16,058	22,771	20,785	4,660	0.1	0.1
Natural Gas	12,408	63,139	304,803	85,778	176,024	112,255	270,946	265,817	0.2	3.7
Hydroelectric	3,934,402	6,009,871	3,431,865	4,353,653	4,276,303	3,597,509	3,074,566	3,396,833	61.2	47.6
Other Renewables	-	-	871	6,043	44,249	157,678	158,104	148,965	-	2.1
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	57	-	*

Table 6. Electric Power Delivered Fuel Prices and Quality for Coal, Petroleum, and Natural Gas, 1990, 1995, and 2001 Through 2006

Fuel, Quality	1990	1995	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
South Dakota								
Coal (cents per million Btu)	115	103	103	130	134	139	142	151
Average heat value (Btu per pound)	6,096	6,972	8,540	8,550	8,560	8,523	8,711	8,534
Average sulfur Content (percent)	0.90	0.87	0.33	0.37	0.33	0.34	0.31	0.32
Petroleum (cents per million Btu)	565	-	-	-	804	822	1,245	1,546
Average heat value (Btu per gallon)	140,000	-	-	-	138,210	138,536	139,083	138,988
Average sulfur Content (percent)	0.31	-	-	-	0.22	0.18	0.22	0.25
Natural Gas (cents per million Btu)	-	158	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average heat value (Btu per cubic foot)	-	1,002	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 7. Electric Power Industry Emissions Estimates, 1990, 1995, and 2001 Through 2006 (Thousand Metric Tons)

Emission Type	1990	1995	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
South Dakota								
Sulfur Dioxide								
Coal	28	25	13	23	11	13	10	11
Petroleum	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Natural Gas	-	-	*	-	*	-	-	-
Other	-	*	-	1	*	1	1	1
Total	28	25	13	24	12	14	10	12
Nitrogen Oxide								
Coal	9	8	15	24	15	16	13	13
Petroleum	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Natural Gas	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other	-	*	-	*	*	*	*	*
Total	9	9	16	25	15	16	13	14
Carbon Dioxide								
Coal	2,710	2,853	3,608	3,321	3,518	3,770	3,088	3,340
Petroleum	14	20	45	8	18	24	22	8
Natural Gas	13	49	244	66	115	87	190	178
Other Renewables	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	*
Total	2,736	2,922	3,898	3,394	3,651	3,881	3,300	3,526

Table 8. Retail Sales, Revenue, and Average Retail Prices by Sector, 1990, 1995, and 2001 Through 2006

Sector	1990	1995	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percenta	ge Share
Section	1550			2002	2000	2001	2005	2000	1990	2006
South Dakota										
Retail Sales (thousand megawatthours)										
Residential	2,866	3,268	3,580	3,733	3,740	3,696	3,973	4,051	45.3	40.3
Commercial	1,450	2,088	2,915	3,062	3,713	3,627	3,998	4,054	22.9	40.3
Industrial	1,657	1,722	1,666	1,604	1,627	1,891	1,840	1,952	26.2	19.4
Other	361	335	465	538	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.7	NA
All Sectors	6,334	7,414	8,627	8,937	9,080	9,214	9,811	10,056	100.0	100.0
Retail Revenue (million dollars)										
Residential	199	231	266	276	280	283	309	317	51.3	47.1
Commercial	97	137	191	191	224	224	248	262	25.0	38.9
Industrial	77	76	74	73	73	87	91	94	19.9	14.0
Other	15	15	17	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.8	NA
All Sectors	388	460	548	560	577	594	648	674	100.0	100.0
Average Retail Prices (cents/KWh)										
Residential	6.95	7.08	7.42	7.40	7.47	7.65	7.77	7.83	NA	NA
Commercial	6.68	6.55	6.55	6.24	6.04	6.18	6.20	6.47	NA	NA
Industrial	4.66	4.43	4.46	4.54	4.51	4.59	4.95	4.84	NA	NA
Other	4.11	4.58	3.71	3.63	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
All Sectors	6.13	6.20	6.35	6.26	6.35	6.44	6.60	6.70	NA	NA

Table 9. Retail Electricity Sales Statistics, 2006

_		Full	Service Provid	lers		Other 1		
Item	Investor- Owned	Public	Federal	Cooperative	Facility	Energy	Delivery	Total
South Dakota								
Number of Entities	6	35	1	30	NA	NA	NA	72
Number of Retail Customers	221,069	57,407	21	140,999	NA	NA	NA	419,496
Retail Sales (thousand megawatthours)	5,265	1,413	316	3,061	NA	NA	NA	10,056
Percentage of Retail Sales	52.36	14.05	3.15	30.44	NA	NA	NA	100.00
Revenue from Retail Sales (million dollars)	378	77	6	213	NA	NA	NA	674
Percentage of Revenue	56.07	11.47	0.87	31.60	NA	NA	NA	100.00
Average Retail Price (cents/kWh)	7.18	5.47	1.84	6.96	NA	NA	NA	6.70

Table 9 Notes: Data are shown for All Sectors. Full Service Providers sell bundled electricity services (e.g., both energy and delivery) to end users. Full Service Providers may purchase electricity from others (such as independent Power Producers or other full service providers) prior to delivery. Other Providers sell either the energy or the delivery services, but not both. Sales volumes and customer counts shown for Other Providers refer to delivered electricity, which is a joint activity of both energy and delivery providers; for clarity, they are reported only in the Energy column in this table. The revenue shown under Other Providers represents the revenue realized from the sale of the energy and the delivery services distinctly. "Public" entities include municipalities, State power agencies, and municipal marketing authorities. "Federal" entities are either owned or financed by the Federal Government. "Cooperatives" are electric utilities legally established to be owned by and operated for the benefit of those using its services. The cooperative will generate, transmit and/or distribute supplies of electric energy to a specified area not being serviced by another utility. "Facility" sales represent direct electricity transactions from independent generators to end use consumers.

Table 10. Supply and Disposition of Electricity, 1990, 1995, and 2001 Through 2006 (Million Kilowatthours)

Category	1990	1995	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
South Dakota	1								
Supply									
Generation									
Electric Utilities	6,427	8,812	7,401	7,722	7,905	7,358	6,368	6,989	
Independent Power Producers	-	-	-	-	39	153	152	143	
Electric Power Sector Generation Subtotal	6,427	8,812	7,401	7,722	7,944	7,510	6,521	7,132	
Total Net Generation	6,427	8,812	7,401	7,722	7,944	7,510	6,521	7,132	
Total International Imports	=	-	*	*	-	-	-	=	
Total Supply	6,427	8,812	7,401	7,722	7,944	7,510	6,521	7,132	
Disposition									
Retail Sales									
Full Service Providers	6,334	7,414	8,627	8,937	9,080	9,214	9,811	10,056	
Total Electric Industry Retail Sales	6,334	7,414	8,627	8,937	9,080	9,214	9,811	10,056	
Total International Exports	-	-	-	-	-	1	*	-	
Estimated Losses	475	563	553	858	947	1,094	908	872	
Total Disposition	6,809	7,976	9,180	9,795	10,027	10,308	10,719	10,928	
Net Interstate Trade	-381	835	-1,779	-2,073	-2,083	-2,798	-4,198	-3,796	
Net Trade Index (ratio)	0.94	1.10	0.81	0.79	0.79	0.73	0.61	0.65	

R = Revised.

Table 10 Notes: Estimated Losses are reported at the utility level, and then allocated to States based on the utility's retail sales by State. Reported losses may include electricity unaccounted for by the utility. Net Interstate Trade represents the difference between the amount of electricity produced in the State and consumed in the State. Positive values indicate a State that is a net interstate exporter of electricity; negative values indicate a State that is a net interstate importer of electricity. The Net Trade Index represents a State's electricity self-sufficiency. Values greater than 1 indicate that, on an annual net basis, the State supplied electricity consumed outside the State; values less than 1 indicate that, on an annual net basis, the State consumed electricity produced outside the State.

General Notes: Table 4 "Other Renewables" includes wood, black liquor, other wood waste, municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind. The "Other" category includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuels and miscellaneous technologies. However, Table 5 "Other Renewables" includes only biogenic municipal solid waste, in addition to wood, black liquor, other wood waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind. In Table 5 "Other" includes Non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuels and miscellaneous technologies. In Table 7, "Other Renewables" emissions include biogenic municipal solid waste, and other renewable waste.

Direct use is commercial or industrial use of electricity that (1) is self-generated (2) is produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and (3) is used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that houses the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of station use.

NA = Not applicable; NM = Not meaningful.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

^{- =} Data not available

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is 1 and values under 0.5 are shown as *.)

Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.