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S. 2191

[Report No. 110–]

To direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to establish a program to decrease emissions of greenhouse gases, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

October 18, 2007

Mr. LIEBERMAN (for himself, Mr. WARNER, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. COLEMAN, Mrs. DOLE, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. CARDIN, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. CASEY, and Mr. NELSON of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

NOVEMBER _____ (legislative day, _____), 2007

Reported by Mr. LIEBERMAN, from the Subcommittee on Private Sector and Consumer Solutions to Global Warming and Wildlife Protection, to the Committee on Environment and Public Works, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

- To direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to establish a program to decrease emissions of greenhouse gases, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be eited as the

3 "America's Climate Security Act of 2007".

4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of

5 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Purposes.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.

TITLE I—CAPPING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Subtitle A—Tracking Emissions

- Sec. 1101. Purpose.
- Sec. 1102. Definitions.
- Sec. 1103. Reporting requirements.
- See. 1104. Data quality and verification.
- Sec. 1105. Federal greenhouse gas registry.
- Sec. 1106. Enforcement.

Subtitle B—Reducing Emissions

- Sec. 1201. Emission allowance account.
- See. 1202. Compliance obligation.
- Sec. 1203. Penalty for noncompliance.

TITLE II—MANAGING AND CONTAINING COSTS EFFICIENTLY

Subtitle A—Trading

- See. 2101. Sale, exchange, and retirement of emission allowances.
- Sec. 2102. No restriction on transactions.
- See. 2103. Allowance transfer system.
- See. 2104. Allowance tracking system.

Subtitle B—Banking

See. 2201. Indication of calendar year. See. 2202. Effect of time.

Subtitle C—Borrowing

See. 2301. Regulations.

- See. 2302. Term.
- See. 2303. Repayment with interest.

Subtitle D—Offsets

- See. 2401. Outreach initiative on revenue enhancement for agricultural producers.
- See. 2402. Establishment of domestic offset program.
- See. 2403. Eligible agricultural and forestry offset project types.

- Sec. 2404. Project initiation and approval.
- See. 2405. Offset verification and issuance of allowances for agricultural and forestry projects.
- See. 2406. Tracking of reversals for sequestration projects.
- See. 2407. Examinations.
- See. 2408. Timing and the provision of offset allowances.
- Sec. 2409. Offset registry.
- Sec. 2410. Environmental considerations.
- Sec. 2411. Program review.

Subtitle E—International Credits

- See. 2501. Use of international allowances or credits.
- Sec. 2502. Regulations.
- Sec. 2503. Facility certification.

Subtitle F-Carbon Market Efficiency Board

- Sec. 2601. Purposes.
- See. 2602. Establishment of Carbon Market Efficiency Board.
- Sec. 2603. Duties.
- Sec. 2604. Powers.

Sec. 2605. Estimate of costs to economy of limiting greenhouse gas emissions.

TITLE III—ALLOCATING AND DISTRIBUTING ALLOWANCES

Subtitle A—Early Auctions

See. 3101. Allocation for early auctions.

Subtitle B—Annual Auctions

Sec. 3201. Allocation for annual auctions.

Subtitle C—Early Action

Sec. 3301. Allocation. Sec. 3302. Distribution.

Subtitle D-States

Sec. 3401. Allocation for energy savings.

Sec. 3402. Allocation for States with programs that exceed Federal emission reduction targets. Sec. 3403. General allocation.

Subtitle E—Electricity Consumers

Sec. 3501. Allocation. Sec. 3502. Distribution. Sec. 3503. Use. Sec. 3504. Reporting.

Subtitle F—Bonus Allowances for Carbon Capture and Geological Sequestration

Sec. 3601. Allocation. Sec. 3602. Qualifying projects. Sec. 3603. Distribution.

See. 3604. 10-Year limit. See. 3605. Exhaustion of bonus allowance account.

Subtitle G—Domestic Agriculture and Forestry

See. 3701. Allocation.

Sec. 3702. Agricultural and forestry greenhouse gas management research.

See. 3703. Distribution.

Subtitle H-International Forest Protection

Sec. 3801. Findings.
Sec. 3802. Definition of forest carbon activities.
Sec. 3803. Allocation.
Sec. 3804. Definition and eligibility requirements.
See. 3805. International forest carbon activities.
See. 3806. Reviews and discount.

Subtitle I—Covered Facilities

Sec. 3901. Allocation.

Sec. 3902. Distribution system.

See. 3903. Distributing emission allowances within the electric power sector.

Sec. 3904. Distributing emission allowances within the industrial sector.

TITLE IV-AUCTIONS AND USES OF AUCTION PROCEEDS

Subtitle A—Funds

Sec. 4101. Establishment.

Sec. 4102. Amounts in Funds.

Sec. 4103. Transfers to Funds.

Subtitle B—Climate Change Credit Corporation

See. 4201. Establishment.

Sec. 4202. Applicable laws.

Sec. 4203. Board of directors.

Subtitle C—Auctions

See. 4301. Early auctions.

Sec. 4302. Annual auctions.

Subtitle D—Energy Technology Deployment

Sec. 4401. In general.

See. 4402. Zero- or low-carbon energy technologies deployment.

- See. 4403. Advanced coal and sequestration technologies program.
- See. 4404. Fuel from cellulosic biomass.
- See. 4405. Advanced technology vehicles manufacturing incentive program.

Subtitle E—Energy Consumers

Sec. 4501. Proportions of funding availability. Sec. 4502. Rural energy assistance program.

Subtitle F-Climate Change Worker Training Program

Sec. 4601. Funding.

Sec. 4602. Purposes. Sec. 4603. Establishment. Sec. 4604. Grants to States. Sec. 4605. Types of assistance.

Subtitle G—Adaptation Program for Natural Resources in United States and Territories

Sec. 4701. Definitions. Sec. 4702. Adaptation fund.

Subtitle H-Climate Change and National Security Program

Sec. 4801. Interagency Climate Change and National Security Council. Sec. 4802. Funding.

Subtitle I—Audits

See. 4901. Review and audit by Comptroller General of the United States.

TITLE V—ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Subtitle A—Appliance Efficiency

Sec. 5101. Residential boilers.

Sec. 5102. Regional variations in heating or cooling standards.

Subtitle B—Building Efficiency

See. 5201. Updating State building energy efficiency codes. See. 5202. Conforming amendment.

TITLE VI—GLOBAL EFFORT TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

- Sec. 6001. Definitions. Sec. 6002. Purposes.
- Sec. 6003. International negotiations.
- Sec. 6004. Interagency review.
- See. 6005. Presidential determinations.
- See. 6006. International reserve allowance program.
- See. 6007. Adjustment of international reserve allowance requirements.

TITLE VII—REVIEWS

Sec. 7001. National Academy of Sciences Review.

- Sec. 7002. Transportation sector review.
- Sec. 7003. Adaptation review.

TITLE VIII—FRAMEWORK FOR GEOLOGICAL SEQUESTRATION OF CARBON DIOXIDE

Sec. 8001. National drinking water regulations.

Sec. 8002. Assessment of geological storage capacity for carbon dioxide.

See. 8003. Study of the feasibility relating to construction of pipelines and geological carbon dioxide sequestration activities.

Sec. 8004. Liabilities for closed geological storage sites.

TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS

	 Sec. 9001. Paramount interest waiver. Sec. 9002. Corporate environmental disclosure of climate change risks. Sec. 9003. Administrative procedure and judicial review. Sec. 9004. Retention of State authority. Sec. 9005. Tribal authority. Sec. 9006. Authorization of appropriations.
1	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) unchecked global warming poses a signifi-
4	cant threat to—
5	(A) the national security and economy of
6	the United States;
7	(B) public health and welfare in the
8	United States;
9	(C) the well-being of other countries; and
10	(D) the global environment;
11	(2) under the United Nations Framework Con-
12	vention on Climate Change, done at New York on
13	May 9, 1992, the United States is committed to sta-
14	bilizing greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmos-
15	phere at a level that will prevent dangerous anthro-
16	pogenic interference with the elimate system;
17	(3) according to the Fourth Assessment Report
18	of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change,
19	stabilizing greenhouse gas concentrations in the at-
20	mosphere at a level that will prevent dangerous in-
21	terference with the elimate system will require a
22	global effort to reduce anthropogenic greenhouse gas

1	emissions worldwide by 50 to 85 percent below 2000
2	levels by 2050;
3	(4) prompt, decisive action is critical, since
4	global warming pollutants can persist in the atmos-
5	phere for more than a century;
6	(5) the ingenuity of the people of the United
7	States will allow the United States to become a lead-
8	er in curbing global warming;
9	(6) it is possible and desirable to cap green-
10	house gas emissions, from sources that together ac-
11	count for the majority of those emissions in the
12	United States, at the current level in 2012, and to
13	lower the cap each year between 2012 and 2050, on
14	the condition that the system includes—
15	(A) cost containment measures;
16	(B) periodic review of requirements;
17	(C) an aggressive program for deploying
18	advanced energy technology;
19	(D) programs to assist low- and middle-in-
20	come energy consumers; and
21	(E) programs to mitigate the impacts of
22	any unavoidable global elimate change;
23	(7) Congress may need to update the emissions
24	caps in order to account for continuing scientific

data and steps taken, or not taken, by foreign coun tries;
 (8) accurate emission data and timely compli-

ance with the requirements of the greenhouse gas
emission reduction and trading program established
under this Act are needed to ensure that reductions
are achieved and to provide equity, efficiency, and
openness in the market for allowances subject to the
program; and

10 (9) additional policies external to a cap-and 11 trade program may be required, including with re 12 spect to—

13 (A) the transportation sector, where reduc14 ing greenhouse gas emissions requires changes
15 in the vehicle, in the fuels, and in consumer be16 havior; and

17 (B) the built environment, where reducing
18 direct and indirect greenhouse gas emissions re19 quires changes in buildings, appliances, light20 ing, heating, cooling, and consumer behavior.

21 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

22 The purposes of this Act are—

23 (1) to establish the core of a Federal program
24 that will reduce United States greenhouse gas emis25 sions substantially enough between 2007 and 2050

1	to avert the catastrophic impacts of global climate
2	change; and
3	(2) to accomplish that purpose while preserving
4	robust growth in the United States economy and
5	avoiding the imposition of hardship on United States
6	citizens.
7	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
8	In this Act:
9	(1) Additional and additionality.—The
10	terms "additional" and "additionality" mean the ex-
11	tent to which reductions in greenhouse gas emissions
12	or increases in sequestration are incremental to busi-
13	ness-as-usual, measured as the difference between—
14	(A) baseline greenhouse gas fluxes of an
15	offset project; and
16	(B) greenhouse gas fluxes of the offset
17	project.
18	(2) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
19	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
20	mental Protection Agency.
21	(3) BASELINE.—The term "baseline" means
22	the greenhouse gas flux or carbon stock that would
23	have occurred in the absence of an offset allowance.
24	(4) BIOLOGICAL SEQUESTRATION; BIO-
25	LOGICALLY SEQUESTERED.—The terms "biological

1	sequestration" and "biologically sequestered"
2	mean—
3	(A) the removal of greenhouse gases from
4	the atmosphere by terrestrial biological means,
5	such as by growing plants; and
6	(B) the storage of those greenhouse gases
7	without reversal in the plants or related soils.
8	(5) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The term
9	"carbon dioxide equivalent" means, for each green-
10	house gas, the quantity of the greenhouse gas that
11	the Administrator determines makes the same con-
12	tribution to global warming as 1 metric ton of car-
13	bon dioxide.
14	(6) CORPORATION.—The term "Corporation"
15	means the Climate Change Credit Corporation es-
16	tablished by section 4201(a).
17	(7) COVERED FACILITY.—The term "covered
18	facility" means
19	(A) any facility within the electric power
20	sector that contains fossil fuel-fired electricity
21	generating units that together emit more than
22	10,000 carbon dioxide equivalents of green-
23	house gas in any year;

1	(B) any facility within the industrial sector
2	that emits more than 10,000 carbon dioxide
3	equivalents of greenhouse gas in any year;
4	(C) any facility that in any year produces,
5	or any entity that in any year imports,
6	petroleum- or coal-based transportation fuel,
7	the use of which will emit more than 10,000
8	carbon dioxide equivalents of greenhouse gas,
9	assuming no capture and permanent sequestra-
10	tion of that gas; or
11	(D) any facility that in any year produces,
12	or any entity that in any year imports, nonfuel
13	chemicals that will emit more than 10,000 car-
14	bon dioxide equivalents of greenhouse gas, as-
15	suming no capture and destruction or perma-
16	nent sequestration of that gas.
17	(8) DESTRUCTION.—The term "destruction"
18	means the conversion of a greenhouse gas by ther-
19	mal, chemical, or other means—
20	(A) to another gas with a low- or zero-
21	global warming potential; and
22	(B) for which credit given reflects the ex-
23	tent of reduction in global warming potential
24	actually achieved.

1	(9) ELECTRIC POWER SECTOR.—The term
2	"electric power sector" means the "Electric Power
3	Industry", as that term is used in Table ES-7 of
4	the Environmental Protection Agency document en-
5	titled "Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions
6	and Sinks: 1990–2005".
7	(10) Emission Allowance.—The term "emis-
8	sion allowance" means an authorization to emit 1
9	carbon dioxide equivalent of greenhouse gas.
10	(11) Emission Allowance Account.—The
11	term "Emission Allowance Account" means the ag-
12	gregate of emission allowances that the Adminis-
13	trator establishes for a calendar year.
14	(12) FACILITY.—The term "facility" means—
15	(A) a building, structure, or installation lo-
16	eated on 1 or more contiguous or adjacent
17	properties of an entity in the United States;
18	and
19	(B) at the option of the Administrator, any
20	activity or operation that has a technical con-
21	nection with the activities carried out at a facil-
22	ity, such as use of transportation fleets, pipe-
23	lines, transmission lines, and distribution lines,
24	but that is not conducted or located on the
25	property of the facility.

1	(13) FAIR MARKET VALUE.—The term "fair
2	market value" means the average price, in a par-
3	ticular calendar year, of an emission allowance auc-
4	tioned by the Corporation.
5	(14) Geological sequestration; geologi-
6	CALLY SEQUESTERED.—The terms "geological se-
7	questration" and "geologically sequestered" mean
8	the long-term isolation of greenhouse gases, without
9	reversal, in geological formations, in accordance with
10	section 1421(d) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
11	U.S.C. 300h(d)).
12	(15) Greenhouse Gas.—The term "green-
13	house gas" means any of—
14	(A) earbon dioxide;
15	(B) methane;
16	(C) nitrous oxide;
17	(D) sulfur hexafluoride;
18	(E) a hydrofluorocarbon; or
19	(F) a perfluorocarbon.
20	(16) INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.—The term "indus-
21	trial sector" means "Industry", as that term is used
22	in Table ES-7 of the Environmental Protection
23	Agency document entitled "Inventory of U.S. Green-
24	house Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990–2005".
25	(17) LEAKAGE.—The term "leakage" means—

	11
1	(A) a potentially unaccounted increase in
2	greenhouse gas emissions by a facility or entity
3	caused by an offset project that produces an ac-
4	counted reduction in greenhouse gas emissions;
5	O ľ
6	(B) a potentially unaccounted decrease in
7	sequestration that is caused by an offset project
8	that results in an accounted increase in seques-
9	tration.
10	(18) LOAD-SERVING ENTITY.—The term "load-
11	serving entity" means an entity, whether public or
12	private—
13	(A) that has a legal, regulatory, or con-
14	tractual obligation to deliver electricity to retail
15	consumers; and
16	(B) whose rates and costs are, except in
17	the case of a registered electric cooperative, reg-
18	ulated by a State agency, regulatory commis-
19	sion, municipality, or public utility district.
20	(19) New Entrant.—The term "new entrant"
21	means any facility that commences operation on or
22	after January 1, 2008.
23	(20) Offset allowance.—The term "offset
24	allowance" means a unit of reduction in the quantity
25	of emissions or an increase in sequestration equal to

1	1 carbon dioxide equivalent at a facility that is not
2	a covered facility, where the reduction in emissions
3	or increase in sequestration is eligible to be used as
4	an additional means of compliance for the submis-
5	sion requirements established under section 1202.
6	(21) Offset project.—The term "offset
7	project" means a project, other than a project at a
8	covered facility, that reduces greenhouse gas emis-
9	sions or increases sequestration of earbon dioxide.
10	(22) PROJECT DEVELOPER.—The term "project
11	developer" means an individual or entity imple-
12	menting an offset project.
13	(23) Retail rate for distribution serv-
14	ICE.
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "retail rate
16	for distribution service" means the rate that a
17	load-serving entity charges for the use of the
18	system of the load-serving entity.
19	(B) Exclusion.—The term "retail rate
20	for distribution service" does not include any
21	energy component of the rate.
22	(24) Retire an emission allowance.—The
23	term "retire an emission allowance" means to dis-
24	qualify an emission allowance for any subsequent
25	use, regardless of whether the use is a sale, ex-

1	change, or submission of the allowance in satisfying
2	a compliance obligation.
3	(25) REVERSAL.—The term "reversal" means
4	an intentional or unintentional loss of sequestered
5	carbon dioxide to the atmosphere.
6	(26) RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE.—The
7	term "rural electric cooperative" means a coopera-
8	tively-owned association that is eligible to receive
9	loans under section 4 of the Rural Electrification
10	Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 904).
11	(27) Sequestered and sequestration.—
12	The terms "sequestered" and "sequestration" mean
13	the capture, permanent separation, isolation, or re-
14	moval of greenhouse gases from the atmosphere.
15	(28) STATE REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The
16	term "State regulatory authority" means any State
17	agency that has ratemaking authority with respect
18	to the retail rate for distribution service.
19	(29) TRANSPORTATION SECTOR.—The term
20	"transportation sector" means "Transportation", as
21	that term is used in Table ES-7 of the Environ-
22	mental Protection Agency document entitled, "In-
23	ventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and
24	Sinks: 1990–2005".

	17
1	TITLE I—CAPPING GREENHOUSE
2	GAS EMISSIONS
3	Subtitle A—Tracking Emissions
4	SEC. 1101. PURPOSE.
5	The purpose of this subtitle is to establish a Federal
6	greenhouse gas registry that—
7	(1) is complete, consistent, transparent, and ac-
8	curate;
9	(2) will collect reliable and accurate data that
10	can be used by public and private entities to design
11	efficient and effective energy security initiatives and
12	greenhouse gas emission reduction strategies; and
13	(3) will provide appropriate high-quality data to
14	be used for implementing greenhouse gas reduction
15	policies.
16	SEC. 1102. DEFINITIONS.
17	In this subtitle:
18	(1) AFFECTED FACILITY.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "affected fa-
20	cility'' means—
21	(i) a covered facility;

(ii) another facility that emits a greenhouse gas, as determined by the Ad-ministrator; and

1	(iii) at the option of the Adminis-
2	trator, a vehicle fleet with emissions of
3	more than 10,000 carbon dioxide equiva-
4	lents per year, assuming no double-count-
5	ing of emissions.
6	(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "affected fa-
7	cility" does not include any facility that—
8	(i) is not a covered facility;
9	(ii) is owned or operated by a small
10	business (as described in part 121 of title
11	13, Code of Federal Regulations (or a suc-
12	cessor regulation)); and
13	(iii) emits fewer than 10,000 carbon
14	dioxide equivalents in any year.
15	(2) CARBON CONTENT.—The term "carbon con-
16	tent" means the quantity of earbon (in earbon diox-
17	ide equivalent) contained in a fuel.
18	(3) CLIMATE REGISTRY.—The term "Climate
19	Registry" means the greenhouse gas emissions reg-
20	istry jointly established and managed by more than
21	40 States and Indian tribes to collect high-quality
22	greenhouse gas emission data from facilities, cor-
23	porations, and other organizations to support var-
24	ious greenhouse gas emission reporting and reduc-

1	tion policies for the member States and Indian
2	tribes.
3	(4) FEEDSTOCK FOSSIL FUEL.—The term
4	"feedstock fossil fuel" means fossil fuel used as raw
5	material in a manufacturing process.
6	(5) Greenhouse gas emissions.—The term
7	"greenhouse gas emissions" means emissions of a
8	greenhouse gas, including
9	(Λ) stationary combustion source emissions
10	emitted as a result of combustion of fuels in
11	stationary equipment, such as boilers, furnaces,
12	burners, turbines, heaters, incinerators, engines,
13	flares, and other similar sources;
14	(B) process emissions consisting of emis-
15	sions from chemical or physical processes other
16	than combustion;
17	(C) fugitive emissions consisting of inten-
18	tional and unintentional emissions from equip-
19	ment leaks, such as joints, seals, packing, and
20	gaskets, or from piles, pits, cooling towers, and
21	other similar sources; and
22	(D) biogenic emissions resulting from bio-
23	logical processes, such as anaerobic decomposi-
24	tion, nitrification, and denitrification.

1 (6) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" 2 has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the 3 Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance 4 Act (25 U.S.C. 450b). (7) REGISTRY.—The term "Registry" means 5 6 the Federal greenhouse gas registry established 7 under section 1105(a). 8 (8) Source.—The term "source" means any 9 building, structure, installation, unit, point, oper-10 ation, vehicle, land area, or other item that emits or 11 may emit a greenhouse gas. 12 SEC. 1103. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to this section, each af-

14 feeted facility shall submit to the Administrator, for inclu-15 sion in the Registry, periodic reports, including annual 16 and quarterly data, that—

17 (1) include the quantity and type of fossil fuels,
18 including feedstock fossil fuels, that are extracted,
19 produced, refined, imported, exported, or consumed
20 at or by the facility;

21 (2) include the quantity of hydrofluorocarbons,
22 perfluorocarbons, sulfur hexafluoride, nitrous oxide,
23 carbon dioxide that has been captured and seques24 tered, and other greenhouse gases generated, pro-

1	duced, imported, exported, or consumed at or by the
2	facility;
3	(3) include the quantity of electricity generated,
4	imported, exported, or consumed by or at the facil-
5	ity, and information on the quantity of greenhouse
6	gases emitted when the imported, exported, or con-

sumed electricity was generated, as determined by

8 the Administrator;

7

9 (4) include the aggregate quantity of all green-10 house gas emissions from sources at the facility, in-11 eluding stationary combustion source emissions, 12 process emissions, and fugitive emissions;

13 (5) include greenhouse gas emissions expressed 14 in metric tons of each greenhouse gas emitted and 15 in the quantity of earbon dioxide equivalents of each 16 greenhouse gas emitted;

17 (6) include a list and description of sources of 18 greenhouse gas emissions at the facility;

19 (7) quantify greenhouse gas emissions in ac-20 cordance with the measurement standards estab-21 lished under section 1104:

22 (8) include other data necessary for accurate 23 and complete accounting of greenhouse gas emis-24 sions, as determined by the Administrator;

1	(9) include an appropriate certification regard-
2	ing the accuracy and completeness of reported data,
3	as determined by the Administrator; and
4	(10) are submitted electronically to the Admin-
5	istrator, in such form and to such extent as may be
6	required by the Administrator.
7	(b) DE MINIMIS EXEMPTIONS.—
8	(1) In GENERAL.—The Administrator may de-
9	termine-
10	(A) whether certain sources at a facility
11	should be considered to be eligible for a de
12	minimis exemption from a requirement for re-
13	porting under subsection (a); and
14	(B) the level of greenhouse gases emitted
15	from a source that would qualify for such an
16	exemption.
17	(2) FACTORS.—In making a determination
18	under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall con-
19	sider the availability and suitability of simplified
20	techniques and tools for quantifying emissions and
21	the cost to measure those emissions relative to the
22	purposes of this title, including the goal of collecting
23	complete and consistent facility-wide data.
24	(c) VERIFICATION OF REPORT REQUIRED.—Before
25	including the information from a report required under

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this section in the Registry, the Administrator shall verify
 the completeness and accuracy of the report using infor mation provided under this section, obtained under section
 9003(c), or obtained under other provisions of law.

5 (d) TIMING.

6 (1) CALENDAR YEARS 2004 THROUGH 2007.
7 For a baseline period of calendar years 2004
8 through 2007, each affected facility shall submit re9 quired annual data described in this section to the
10 Administrator not later than March 31, 2009.

11 (2) SUBSEQUENT CALENDAR YEARS.—For cal-12 endar year 2008 and each subsequent ealendar year, 13 each affected facility shall submit quarterly data de-14 seribed in this section to the Administrator not later 15 than 60 days after the end of the applicable quarter. 16 (e) NO EFFECT ON OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—Noth-17 ing in this title affects any requirement in effect as of the 18 date of enactment of this Act relating to the reporting 19 of—

20 (1) fossil fuel production, refining, importation,
21 exportation, or consumption data;

22 (2) greenhouse gas emission data; or

23 (3) other relevant data.

24 SEC. 1104. DATA QUALITY AND VERIFICATION.

25 (a) PROTOCOLS AND METHODS.

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-
2	tablish by regulation, taking into account the work
3	done by the Climate Registry, comprehensive proto-
4	cols and methods to ensure the accuracy, complete-
5	ness, consistency, and transparency of data on
6	greenhouse gas emissions and fossil fuel production,
7	refining, importation, exportation, and consumption
8	submitted to the Registry that include—
9	(A) accounting and reporting standards for
10	fossil fuel production, refining, importation, ex-
11	portation, and consumption;
12	(B) a requirement that, where techno-
13	logically feasible, submitted data are monitored
14	using monitoring systems for fuel flow or emis-
15	sions, such as continuous emission monitoring
16	systems or equivalent systems of similar rigor,
17	accuracy, quality, and timeliness;
18	(C) a requirement that, if a facility has al-
19	ready been directed to monitor emissions of a
20	greenhouse gas using a continuous emission
21	monitoring system under existing law, that sys-
22	tem be used in complying with this Act with re-
23	spect to the greenhouse gas;
24	(D) for cases in which the Administrator
25	determines that monitoring emissions with the

1	precision, reliability, accessibility, and timeli-
2	ness similar to that provided by a continuous
3	emission monitoring system are not techno-
4	logically feasible, standardized methods for cal-
5	culating greenhouse gas emissions in specific in-
6	dustries using other readily available and reli-
7	able information, such as fuel consumption, ma-
8	terials consumption, production, or other rel-
9	evant activity data, on the condition that those
10	methods do not underreport emissions, as com-
11	pared with the continuous emission monitoring
12	system;
13	(E) information on the accuracy of meas-
14	urement and calculation methods;
15	(F) methods to avoid double-counting of
16	greenhouse gas emissions;
17	(G) protocols to prevent an affected facility
18	from avoiding the reporting requirements of
19	this title; and
20	(H) protocols for verification of data sub-
21	mitted by affected facilities.
22	(2) Best practices.—The protocols and
23	methods developed under paragraph (1) shall incor-
24	porate and conform to the best practices from the
25	most recent Federal, State, and international proto-

1 cols for the measurement, accounting, reporting, and 2 verification of greenhouse gas emissions to ensure 3 the accuracy, completeness, and consistency of the 4 data. 5 (b) VERIFICATION; INFORMATION BY REPORTING 6 ENTITIES.—Each affected facility shall— 7 (1) provide information sufficient for the Ad-8 ministrator to verify, in accordance with the proto-9 cols and methods developed under subsection (a), 10 that the fossil fuel data and greenhouse gas emission 11 data of the affected facility have been completely 12 and accurately reported; and (2) ensure the submission or retention, for the 13 14 5-year period beginning on the date of provision of 15 the information, of— 16 (A) data sources; 17 (B) information on internal control activi-18 ties; 19 (C) information on assumptions used in re-20 porting emissions and fuels;

21 (D) uncertainty analyses; and
22 (E) other relevant data and information to
23 facilitate the verification of reports submitted to
24 the Registry.

1 (c) WAIVER OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator may waive reporting requirements for spe-2 eific facilities if the Administrator determines that suffi-3 eient and equally or more reliable data are available under 4 other provisions of law. 5 6 (d) MISSING DATA.—If information, satisfactory to 7 the Administrator, is not provided for an affected facility, 8 the Administrator shall— 9 (1) prescribe methods to estimate emissions for 10 the facility for each period for which data are miss-11 ing, reflecting the highest emission levels that may 12 reasonably have occurred during the period for 13 which data are missing; and 14 (2) take appropriate enforcement action pursu-15 ant to this section and section 9003(b).

16 SEC. 1105. FEDERAL GREENHOUSE GAS REGISTRY.

17 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall es18 tablish a Federal greenhouse gas registry.

19 (b) ADMINISTRATION.—In establishing the Registry,
20 the Administrator shall—

21 (1) design and operate the Registry;

22 (2) establish an advisory body that is broadly
23 representative of private enterprise, agriculture, en24 vironmental groups, and State, tribal, and local gov-

1	ernments to guide the development and management
2	of the Registry;
3	(3) provide coordination and technical assist-
4	ance for the development of proposed protocols and
5	methods, taking into account the duties carried out
6	by the Climate Registry, to be published by the Ad-
7	ministrator;
8	(4)(A) develop an electronic format for report-
9	ing under guidelines established under section
10	1104(a)(1); and
11	(B) make the electronic format available to re-
12	porting entities;
13	(5) verify and audit the data submitted by re-
14	porting entities;
15	(6) establish consistent policies for calculating
16	carbon content and greenhouse gas emissions for
17	each type of fossil fuel reported under section 1103;
18	(7) calculate carbon content and greenhouse gas
19	emissions associated with the combustion of fossil
20	fuel data reported by reporting entities;
21	(8) immediately publish on the Internet all in-
22	formation contained in the Registry, except in any
23	ease in which publishing the information would re-
24	sult in a disclosure of—

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1	(A) information vital to national security,
2	as determined by the President; or
3	(B) confidential business information that
4	cannot be derived from information that is oth-
5	erwise publicly available and that would cause
6	significant calculable competitive harm if pub-
7	lished (except that information relating to
8	greenhouse gas emissions shall not be consid-
9	ered to be confidential business information).
10	(c) THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION.—The Adminis-
11	trator may use the services of third parties that have no
12	conflicts of interest to verify reports required under see-
13	tion 1103.
14	(d) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator shall—
15	(1) not later than 180 days after the date of
16	enactment of this Act, propose regulations to carry
17	out this section; and
18	(2) not later than July 1, 2008, promulgate
19	final regulations to carry out this section.
20	SEC. 1106. ENFORCEMENT.
21	(a) CIVIL ACTIONS.—The Administrator may bring
22	a civil action in United States district court against the
23	owner or operator of an affected facility that fails to com-
24	ply with any requirement of this subtitle.

(b) PENALTY.—Any person that has violated or is
 violating this subtitle shall be subject to a civil penalty
 of not more than \$25,000 per day of each violation.

4 Subtitle B—Reducing Emissions

5 SEC. 1201. EMISSION ALLOWANCE ACCOUNT.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish
7 a separate quantity of emission allowances for each of cal8 endar years 2012 through 2050.

9 (b) IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS.—The Administrator 10 shall assign to each emission allowance established under 11 subsection (a) a unique identification number that in-12 eludes the calendar year for which that emission allowance 13 was established.

14 (c) Legal Status of Emission Allowances.—

- 15 (1) IN GENERAL.—An emission allowance shall
 16 not be a property right.
- 17 (2) TERMINATION OR LIMITATION. Nothing in
 18 this Act or any other provision of law limits the au19 thority of the United States to terminate or limit an
 20 emission allowance.

21 (3) OTHER PROVISIONS UNAFFECTED. Noth22 ing in this Act relating to emission allowances shall
23 affect the application of, or compliance with, any
24 other provision of law to or by a covered facility.

(d) ALLOWANCES FOR EACH CALENDAR YEAR.—The
 numbers of emission allowances established by the Admin istrator for each of calendar years 2012 through 2050
 shall be as follows:

Calendar Year	Number of Emission Allowances (in Millions)
$\frac{2012}{2012}$	5,200
2013	5,104
2014	5,008
2015	4,912
2016	4,816
2017	4,720
2018	4,624
2019	4,528
2020	4,432
2021	4,336
2022	4,240
2023	4,144
2024	4,048
2025	3,952
2026	3,856
2027	3,760
2028	3,664
2029	3,568
2030	3,472
2031	3,376
2032	3,280
2033	3,184

Calendar Year	Number of Emission Allowances (in Millions)
203 4	3,088
2035	2,992
2036	2,896
2037	2,800
2038	2.704
2039	2,608
2040	2,512
2041	2,416
2042	2,320
2043	2,224
20 44	2,128
2045	2,032
2046	1,936
2047	1,840
2048	1,744
2049	1,646
2050	1,560

1 SEC. 1202. COMPLIANCE OBLIGATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the 2 3 end of a calendar year, the owner or operator of a covered facility shall submit to the Administrator an emission al-4 lowance, an offset allowance awarded pursuant to subtitle 5 D of title II, or an international allowance or credit ob-6 tained in compliance with regulations promulgated under 7 section 2502, for each carbon dioxide equivalent of green-8 house gas that— 9

1	(1) was emitted by that facility during the pre-
2	ceding year;
3	(2) will, assuming no capture and permanent
4	geological sequestration of that gas, be emitted from
5	the use of any petroleum- or coal-based transpor-
6	tation fuel that was produced or imported at that fa-
7	cility during the preceding year; and
8	(3) will, assuming no capture and destruction
9	or permanent geological sequestration of that gas, be
10	emitted from any nonfuel chemical that was pro-
11	duced or imported at that facility during the pre-
12	ceding year.
13	(b) RETIREMENT OF ALLOWANCES.—Immediately
14	upon receipt of an emission allowance under subsection
15	(a), the Administrator shall retire the emission allowance.
16	(c) Determination of Compliance.—Not later
17	than July 1 of each year, the Administrator shall deter-
18	mine whether the owners and operators of all covered fa-
19	cilities are in full compliance with subsection (a) for the
20	preceding year.
21	SEC. 1203. PENALTY FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.
22	(a) Excess Emissions Penalty.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The owner or operator of
24	any covered facility that fails for any year to submit

25 to the Administrator by the deadline described in

1	section 1202(a) or 2303, 1 or more of the emission
2	allowances due pursuant to either of those sections
3	shall be liable for the payment to the Administrator
4	of an excess emissions penalty.
5	(2) AMOUNT.—The amount of an excess emis-
6	sions penalty required to be paid under paragraph
7	(1) shall be, as determined by the Administrator, an
8	amount equal to the product obtained by multi-
9	plying—
10	(A) the number of excess emission allow-
11	ances that the owner or operator failed to sub-
12	mit; and
13	(B) the greater of—
14	(i) \$200; or
15	(ii) a dollar figure representing 3
16	times the mean market value of an emis-
17	sion allowance during the calendar year for
18	which the emission allowances were due.
19	(3) TIMING.—An excess emissions penalty re-
20	quired under this subsection shall be immediately
21	due and payable to the Administrator, without de-
22	mand, in accordance with such regulations as shall
23	be promulgated by the Administrator by the date
24	that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this
25	Act.

1 (4) DEPOSIT.—The Administrator shall deposit 2 each excess emissions penalty paid under this sub-3 section in the Treasury of the United States. 4 (5) NO EFFECT ON LIABILITY.—An excess 5 emissions penalty due and payable by the owner or 6 operator of a covered facility under this subsection shall not diminish the liability of the owner or oper-7 8 ator for any fine, penalty, or assessment against the 9 owner or operator for the same violation under any 10 other provision of this Act or any other law. 11 (b) Excess Emission Allowance. 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—The owner or operator of a 13 covered facility that fails for any year to submit to 14 the Administrator by the deadline described in see-15 tion 1202(a) or 2303 1 or more of the emission al-16 lowances due pursuant to either of those sections 17 shall be liable to offset the excess emissions by an 18 equal quantity, in tons, during— 19 (A) the following calendar year; or 20 (B) such longer period as the Adminis-21 trator may prescribe. 22 (2) PLAN. 23 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days 24 after the end of the calendar year during which 25 a covered facility emits excess emissions, the

1owner or operator of the covered facility shall2submit to the Administrator, and to the State3in which the covered facility is located, a pro-4posed plan to achieve the required offsets for5the excess emissions.

6 (B) CONDITION OF OPERATION. Upon 7 approval of a proposed plan described in sub-8 paragraph (A) by the Administrator, the plan, 9 as submitted, modified, or conditioned, shall be 10 considered to be a condition of the operating 11 permit for the covered facility, without further 12 review or revision of the permit.

13 (C) DEDUCTION OF ALLOWANCES.—For 14 each covered facility that, in any calendar year, 15 emits excess emissions, the Administrator shall 16 deduct, from emission allowances allocated to 17 the covered facility for the calendar year, or for 18 succeeding years during which offsets are re-19 quired, emission allowances equal to the excess 20 quantity, in tons, of the excess emissions.

21 (c) PROIIIBITION.—It shall be unlawful for the owner
22 or operator of any facility liable for a penalty and offset
23 under this section to fail—

24 (1) to pay the penalty in accordance with this
25 section;

1	(2) to provide, and thereafter comply with, a
2	proposed plan for compliance as required by sub-
3	section $(b)(2)$; and
4	(3) to offset excess emissions as required by
5	subsection $(b)(1)$.
6	(d) NO EFFECT ON OTHER SECTION.—Nothing in
7	this subtitle limits or otherwise affects the application of
8	section $9003(b)$.
9	TITLE II-MANAGING AND CON-
10	TAINING COSTS EFFICIENTLY
11	Subtitle A—Trading
12	SEC. 2101. SALE, EXCHANGE, AND RETIREMENT OF EMIS-
13	SION ALLOWANCES.
14	Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the lawful
15	holder of an emission allowance may sell, exchange, trans-
16	fer, submit for compliance in accordance with section
17	1202, or retire the emission allowance.
18	SEC. 2102. NO RESTRICTION ON TRANSACTIONS.
19	The privilege of purchasing, holding, selling, exchang-
20	ing, and retiring emission allowances shall not be re-
21	stricted to the owners and operators of covered facilities.
22	SEC. 2103. ALLOWANCE TRANSFER SYSTEM.
23	(a) In GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after
24	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
25	promulgate regulations to carry out the provisions of this

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Act relating to emission allowances, including regulations
 providing that the transfer of emission allowances shall
 not be effective until such date as a written certification
 of the transfer, signed by a responsible official of each
 party to the transfer, is received and recorded by the Ad ministrator in accordance with those regulations.

7 (b) TRANSFERS.

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—The regulations promulgated
9 under subsection (a) shall permit the transfer of al10 lowances prior to the issuance of the allowances.

11 (2) DEDUCTION AND ADDITION OF TRANS 12 FERS.—A recorded pre-allocation transfer of allow 13 ances shall be—

14 (A) deducted by the Administrator from
15 the number of allowances that would otherwise
16 be distributed to the transferor; and

17 (B) added to those allowances distributed
18 to the transferee.

19 SEC. 2104. ALLOWANCE TRACKING SYSTEM.

The regulations promulgated under section 2103(a) shall include a system for issuing, recording, and tracking emission allowances that shall specify all necessary procedures and requirements for an orderly and competitive functioning of the emission allowance system.

39

Subtitle B—Banking

2 SEC. 2201. INDICATION OF CALENDAR YEAR.

An emission allowance submitted to the Administrator by the owner or operator of a covered facility in accordance with section 1202(a) shall not be required to indicate in the identification number of the emission allowance the calendar year for which the emission allowance is submitted.

9 SEC. 2202. EFFECT OF TIME.

10 The passage of time shall not, by itself, cause an 11 emission allowance to be retired or otherwise diminish the 12 compliance value of the emission allowance.

13 Subtitle C—Borrowing

14 SEC. 2301. REGULATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations under which, subject to subsection
(b), the owner or operator of a covered facility may—

19 (1) borrow emission allowances from the Ad20 ministrator; and

21 (2) for a calendar year, submit borrowed emis22 sion allowances to the Administrator in satisfaction
23 of up to 15 percent of the compliance obligation
24 under section 1202(a).

(b) LIMITATION.—An emission allowance borrowed
 under subsection (a) shall be an emission allowance estab lished by the Administrator for a specific future calendar
 year under subsection 1201(a).

5 SEC. 2302. TERM.

6 The owner or operator of a covered facility shall not 7 submit, and the Administrator shall not accept, a bor-8 rowed emission allowance in partial satisfaction of the 9 compliance obligation under section 1202(a) for any cal-10 endar year that is more than 5 years earlier than the cal-11 endar year included in the identification number of the 12 borrowed emission allowance.

13 SEC. 2303. REPAYMENT WITH INTEREST.

14 For each borrowed emission allowance submitted in 15 partial satisfaction of the compliance obligation under subsection 1202(a) for a particular calendar year (referred 16 to in this section as the "use year"), the number of emis-17 sion allowances that the owner or operator is required to 18 19 submit under section 1202(a) for the year from which the 20 borrowed emission allowance was taken (referred to in this section as the "source year") shall be increased by an 21 22 amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying-

23 (1) 1.1; and

24 (2) the number of years beginning after the use
25 year and before the source year.

Subtitle D—Offsets 2 SEC. 2401. OUTREACH INITIATIVE ON REVENUE ENHANCE

MENT FOR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCERS.

4 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Natural Resources Con-5 servation Service, the Chief of the Forest Service, the Ad-6 ministrator of the Cooperative State Research, Education, 7 8 and Extension Service, and land-grant colleges and univer-9 sities, in consultation with the Administrator and the heads of other appropriate departments and agencies, 10 11 shall establish an outreach initiative to provide information to agricultural producers, agricultural organizations, 12 foresters, and other landowners about opportunities under 13 14 this subtitle to earn new revenue.

15 (b) COMPONENTS.—The initiative under this sec-16 tion—

(1) shall be designed to ensure that, to the
maximum extent practicable, agricultural organizations and individual agricultural producers, foresters, and other landowners receive detailed practical information about—

22 (A) opportunities to earn new revenue
23 under this subtitle;

1	(B) measurement protocols, monitoring,
2	verifying, inventorying, registering, insuring,
3	and marketing offsets under this title;
4	(C) emerging domestic and international
5	markets for energy crops, allowances, and off-
6	sets; and
7	(D) local, regional, and national databases
8	and aggregation networks to facilitate achieve-
9	ment, measurement, registration, and sales of
10	offsets;
11	(2) shall provide—
12	(A) outreach materials, including the hand-
13	book published under subsection (c), to inter-
14	ested parties;
15	(B) workshops; and
16	(C) technical assistance; and
17	(3) may include the creation and development
18	of regional marketing centers or coordination with
19	existing centers (including centers within the Nat-
20	ural Resources Conservation Service or the Coopera-
21	tive State Research, Education, and Extension Serv-
22	ice or at land-grant colleges and universities).
23	(c) HANDBOOK.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
25	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of

1	Agriculture, in consultation with the Administrator
2	and after an opportunity for public comment, shall
3	publish a handbook for use by agricultural pro-
4	ducers, agricultural cooperatives, foresters, other
5	landowners, offset buyers, and other stakeholders
6	that provides easy-to-use guidance on achieving, re-
7	porting, registering, and marketing offsets.
8	(2) Distribution.—The Secretary of Agri-
9	culture shall ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
10	ticable, that the handbook—
11	(A) is made available through the Internet
12	and in other electronic media;
13	(B) includes, with respect to the electronic
14	form of the handbook described in subpara-
15	$\frac{1}{2}$ graph (A), electronic forms and ealculation
16	tools to facilitate the petition process described
17	in section 2404; and
18	(C) is distributed widely through land-
19	grant colleges and universities and other appro-
20	priate institutions.
21	SEC. 2402. ESTABLISHMENT OF DOMESTIC OFFSET PRO-
22	GRAM.
23	(a) Alternative Means of Compliance.—Begin-
24	ning with calendar year 2012, the owner or operator of
25	a covered entity may satisfy 15 percent of the total allow-

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ance submission requirement of the covered entity under
 section 1202(a) by submitting offset allowances generated
 in accordance with this subtitle.

(b) REGULATIONS REQUIRED.—Not later than 18 4 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Ad-5 ministrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Agri-6 7 culture, shall promulgate regulations authorizing the 8 issuance and certification of offset allowances from certain 9 agricultural, forestry, and other land use-related projects 10 undertaken within the United States, and certain other projects identified by the Administrator under section 11 2403(b)(4), including provisions that— 12

(1) ensure that those offsets represent real,
verifiable, additional, permanent, and enforceable reductions in greenhouse gas emissions or increases in
biological sequestration;

17 (2) specify the types of offset projects eligible
18 to generate offset allowances, in accordance with
19 section 2403;

20 (3) establish procedures for project initiation
21 and approval, in accordance with section 2404;

22 (4) establish procedures to monitor, quantify,
23 and discount reductions in greenhouse gas emissions
24 or increases in biological sequestration, in accord-

1ance with subsections (d) through (g) of section22404;

3 (5) establish procedures for verification, reg4 istration, and issuance of offset allowances, in ac5 cordance with section 2405; and

6 (6) ensure permanence of offsets by mitigating
7 and compensating for reversals, in accordance with
8 section 2406.

9 (c) OFFSET ALLOWANCES AWARDED.—The Adminis-10 trator shall issue offset allowances for qualifying emission 11 reductions and biological sequestrations from offset 12 projects that satisfy the applicable requirements of this 13 subtitle.

14 (d) OWNERSHIP.—Initial ownership of an offset al15 lowance shall lie with a project developer, unless otherwise
16 specified in a legally-binding contract or agreement.

17 (e) TRANSFERABILITY.—An offset allowance gen18 erated pursuant to this subtitle may be sold, traded, or
19 transferred, on the conditions that—

20 (1) the offset allowance has not expired or been
21 retired or canceled; and

(2) liability and responsibility for mitigating
and compensating for reversals of registered offset
allowances is specified in accordance with section
2406(b).

1 SEC. 2403. ELIGIBLE AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY OFF 2 SET PROJECT TYPES.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Offset allowances from agricul4 tural, forestry, and other land use-related projects shall
5 be limited to those allowances achieving an offset of 1 or
6 more greenhouse gases by a method other than a reduc7 tion of combustion of greenhouse gas-emitting fuel.

8 (b) CATEGORIES OF ELIGIBLE AGRICULTURAL, FOR-9 ESTRY, AND OTHER LAND USE-RELATED PROJECTS.— 10 Subject to the requirements promulgated pursuant to sec-11 tion 2402(b), the types of operations eligible to generate 12 offset allowances under this subtitle include—

13 (1) agricultural and rangeland sequestration
 14 and management practices, including—

15 (A) altered tillage practices;

(B) winter cover cropping, continuous
 cropping, and other means to increase biomass
 returned to soil in lieu of planting followed by
 fallowing;

20 (C) conversion of cropland to rangeland or
21 grassland, on the condition that the land has
22 been in nonforest use for at least 10 years be23 fore the date of initiation of the project;

24 (D) reduction of nitrogen fertilizer use or
25 increase in nitrogen use efficiency;

1	(E) reduction in the frequency and dura-
2	tion of flooding of rice paddies; and
3	(F) reduction in carbon emissions from or-
4	ganic soils;
5	(2) changes in carbon stocks attributed to land
6	use change and forestry activities limited to—
7	(A) afforestation or reforestation of acre-
8	age not forested as of the date of enactment of
9	this Act; and
10	(B) forest management resulting in an in-
11	crease in forest stand volume;
12	(3) manure management and disposal, includ-
10	
13	mg_
13 14	$\frac{\text{mg}}{(\Lambda)}$ waste aeration; and
14	(A) waste aeration; and
14 15	(A) waste acration; and (B) methane capture and combustion;
14 15 16	 (A) waste aeration; and (B) methane capture and combustion; (4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle,
14 15 16 17	 (A) waste aeration; and (B) methane capture and combustion; (4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle, any other terrestrial offset practices identified by the
14 15 16 17 18	 (A) waste aeration; and (B) methane capture and combustion; (4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle, any other terrestrial offset practices identified by the Administrator, including—
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (A) waste aeration; and (B) methane capture and combustion; (4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle, any other terrestrial offset practices identified by the Administrator, including— (A) the capture or reduction of noncovered
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (A) waste aeration; and (B) methane capture and combustion; (4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle, any other terrestrial offset practices identified by the Administrator, including— (A) the capture or reduction of noncovered fugitive emissions;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (A) waste aeration; and (B) methane capture and combustion; (4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle, any other terrestrial offset practices identified by the Administrator, including— (A) the capture or reduction of noncovered fugitive emissions; (B) methane capture and combustion at
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (A) waste aeration; and (B) methane capture and combustion; (4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle, any other terrestrial offset practices identified by the Administrator, including— (A) the capture or reduction of noncovered fugitive emissions; (B) methane capture and combustion at nonagricultural facilities; and

1	(5) combinations of any of the offset practices
2	described in paragraphs (1) through (4).
3	(c) Exclusion.—A project participating in a Fed-
4	eral, State, or local cost-sharing, competitive grant, or
5	technical assistance program shall not be eligible to gen-
6	erate offset allowances under this subtitle.
7	(d) Earned Allowances.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Any project approved by the
9	Administrator shall earn offset allowances in propor-
10	tion to the private investment in the project, as de-
11	scribed in paragraph (2).
12	(2) Private investment.
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
14	subparagraph (B), the private share of invest-
15	ment in the project shall be assumed to be 50
16	percent.
17	(B) DEMONSTRATION OF INVESTMENT.
18	Subparagraph (A) shall not apply in any case
19	in which a project elects to demonstrate the pri-
20	vate share of investment in the project in ac-
21	cordance with rules established by the Adminis-
22	trator.
23	SEC. 2404. PROJECT INITIATION AND APPROVAL.
24	(a) PROJECT APPROVAL.—A project developer—

1	(1) may submit a petition for offset project ap-
2	proval at any time following the effective date of
3	regulations promulgated under section 2402(b); but
4	(2) may not register or issue offset allowances
5	until such approval is received and until after the
6	emission reductions or sequestrations supporting the
7	offset allowances have actually occurred.
8	(b) PETITION PROCESS.—Prior to offset registration
9	and issuance of offset allowances, a project developer shall
10	submit a petition to the Administrator, consisting of—
11	(1) a copy of the monitoring and quantification
12	plan prepared for the offset project, as described
13	under subsection (d);
14	(2) a greenhouse gas initiation certification, as
15	described under subsection (e); and
16	(3) subject to the requirements of this subtitle,
17	any other information identified by the Adminis-
18	trator as necessary to meet the objectives of this
19	subtitle.
20	(c) Approval and Notification.—
21	(1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
22	after the date on which the Administrator receives a
23	complete petition under subsection (b), the Adminis-
24	trator shall—

1	(A) determine whether the monitoring and
2	quantification plan satisfies the applicable re-
3	quirements of this subtitle;
4	(B) determine whether the greenhouse gas
5	initiation certification indicates a significant de-
6	viation in accordance with subsection $(e)(3)$;
7	(C) notify the project developer of the de-
8	terminations under subparagraphs (A) and (B) ;
9	and
10	(D) issue offset allowances for approved
11	projects.
12	(2) APPEAL.—The Administrator shall establish
13	mechanisms for appeal and review of determinations
14	made under this subsection.
15	(d) Monitoring and Quantification.—
16	(1) In GENERAL.—A project developer shall
17	make use of the standardized tools and methods de-
18	scribed in this section to monitor, quantify, and dis-
19	count reductions in greenhouse gas emissions or in-
20	creases in sequestration.
21	(2) Monitoring and quantification
22	PLAN.—A monitoring and quantification plan shall
23	be used to monitor, quantify, and discount reduc-
24	tions in greenhouse gas emissions or increases in se-
25	questration as described by this subsection.

1	(3) Plan completion and retention.—A
2	monitoring and quantification plan shall be—
3	(A) completed for all offset projects prior
4	to offset project initiation; and
5	(B) retained by the project developer for
6	the duration of the offset project.
7	(4) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—Subject to section
8	2402, the Administrator shall specify the required
9	components of a monitoring and quantification plan,
10	including—
11	(A) a description of the offset project, in-
12	eluding project type;
13	(B) a determination of accounting periods;
14	(C) an assignment of reporting responsi-
15	bility;
16	(D) the contents and timing of public re-
17	ports, including summaries of the original data,
18	as well as the results of any analyses;
19	(E) a delineation of project boundaries,
20	based on methods and formats determined to be
21	acceptable to the Administrator;
22	(F) a description of which of the moni-
23	toring and quantification tools developed under
24	subsection (f) are to be used to monitor and

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1	quantify changes in greenhouse gas fluxes or
2	carbon stocks associated with a project;
3	(G) a description of which of the standard-
4	ized methods developed under subsection (g) to
5	be used to determine additionality, estimate the
6	baseline carbon, and discount for leakage;
7	(H) based on the standardized methods
8	chosen in subparagraphs (F) and (G), a deter-
9	mination of uncertainty in accordance with sub-
10	section (h);
11	(I) what site-specific data, if any, will be
12	used in monitoring, quantification, and the de-
13	termination of discounts;
14	(J) a description of procedures for use in
15	managing and storing data, including quality-
16	control standards and methods, such as redun-
17	dancy in case records are lost; and
18	(K) subject to the requirements of this
19	subtitle, any other information identified by the
20	Administrator as being necessary to meet the
21	objectives of this subtitle.
22	(e) Greenhouse Gas Initiation Certifi-
23	CATION.
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—In reviewing a petition sub-
25	mitted under subsection (b), the Administrator shall

1	seek to exclude each activity that undermines the in-
2	tegrity of the offset program established under this
3	subtitle, such as the conversion or clearing of land,
4	or marked change in management regime, in antici-
5	pation of offset project initiation.
6	(2) Greenhouse gas initiation certifi-
7	CATION REQUIREMENTS.—A greenhouse gas initi-
8	ation certification developed under this subsection
9	shall include—
10	(A) the estimated greenhouse gas flux or
11	carbon stock for the offset project for each of
12	the 4 complete calendar years preceding the ef-
13	fective date of the regulations promulgated
14	under section 2402(b); and
15	(B) the estimated greenhouse gas flux or
16	carbon stock for the offset project, averaged
17	across each of the 4 calendar years preceding
18	the effective date of the regulations promul-
19	gated under section 2402(b).
20	(3) Determination of significant devi-
21	ATION.—Based on standards developed by the Ad-
22	ministrator—
23	(A) each greenhouse gas initiation certifi-
24	cation submitted pursuant to this section shall
25	be reviewed; and

1 (B) a determination shall be made as to 2 whether, as a result of activities or behavior in-3 consistent with the purposes of this title, a sig-4 nificant deviation exists between the average 5 annual greenhouse gas flux or earbon stock and 6 the greenhouse gas flux or carbon stock for a 7 given year. 8 (f)DEVELOPMENT OF MONITORING AND QUAN-TIFICATION TOOLS FOR AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY 9 10 PROJECTS. 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 2402(b), 12 the Administrator, in consultation with the Sec-13 retary of Agriculture, shall develop standardized 14 tools for use in the monitoring and quantification of 15 changes in greenhouse gas fluxes or carbon stocks 16 for each offset project type listed under section 17 2403(b). 18 (2) TOOL DEVELOPMENT.—The tools used to 19 monitor and quantify changes in greenhouse gas 20 fluxes or earbon stocks shall, for each project type, include applicable-21 22 (A) statistically-sound field and remote 23 sensing sampling methods, procedures, tech-24 niques, protocols, or programs;

1	(B) models, factors, equations, or look-up
2	tables; and
3	(C) any other process or tool considered to
4	be acceptable by the Administrator, in consulta
5	tion with the Secretary of Agriculture.
6	(g) Development of Accounting and Dis
7	COUNTING METHODS.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in con
9	sultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall—
10	(A) develop standardized methods for use
11	in accounting for additionality and uncertainty
12	estimating the baseline, and discounting for
13	leakage for each offset project type listed under
14	section 2403(b); and
15	(B) require that leakage be subtracted
16	from reductions in greenhouse gas emissions or
17	increases in sequestration attributable to a
18	project.
19	(2) Additionality determination and
20	BASELINE ESTIMATION.—The standardized methods
21	used to determine additionality and establish base
22	lines shall, for each project type, at a minimum—
23	(A) in the case of a sequestration project
24	determine the greenhouse gas flux and carbor

1	stock on comparable land identified on the basis
2	of
3	(i) similarity in current management
4	practices;
5	(ii) similarity of regional, State, or
6	local policies or programs; and
7	(iii) similarity in geographical and bio-
8	physical characteristics;
9	(B) in the case of an emission reduction
10	project, use as a basis emissions from pre-
11	existing or comparable facilities; and
12	(C) in the case of a sequestration project
13	or emission reduction project, specify a selected
14	time period.
15	(3) LEAKAGE.—The standardized methods used
16	to determine and discount for leakage shall, at a
17	minimum, take into consideration—
18	(A) the scope of the offset system in terms
19	of activities and geography covered;
20	(B) the markets relevant to the offset
21	project;
22	(C) emission intensity per unit of produc-
23	tion, both inside and outside of the offset
24	project; and

	· ·
1	(D) a time period sufficient in length to
2	yield a stable leakage rate.
3	(h) Uncertainty for Agricultural and For-
4	ESTRY PROJECTS.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in con-
6	sultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall de-
7	velop standardized methods for use in determining
8	and discounting for uncertainty for each offset
9	project type listed under section 2403(b).
10	(2) BASIS.—The standardized methods used to
11	determine and discount for uncertainty shall be
12	based on—
13	(Λ) the robustness and rigor of the meth-
14	ods used by a project developer to monitor and
15	quantify changes in greenhouse gas fluxes or
16	carbon stocks;
17	(B) the robustness and rigor of methods
18	used by a project developer to determine
19	additionality and leakage; and
20	(C) an exaggerated proportional discount
21	that increases relative to uncertainty, as deter-
22	mined by the Administrator, to encourage bet-
23	ter measurement and accounting.
24	(i) Acquisition of New Data and Review of
25	Methods for Agricultural and Forestry

1	PROJECTS.—The Administrator, in consultation with the
2	Secretary of Agriculture, shall—
3	(1) establish a comprehensive field sampling
4	program to improve the scientific bases on which the
5	standardized tools and methods developed under this
6	section are based; and
7	(2) review and revise the standardized tools and
8	methods developed under this section, based on—
9	(Λ) validation of existing methods, proto-
10	cols, procedures, techniques, factors, equations,
11	or models;
12	(B) development of new methods, proto-
13	cols, procedures, techniques, factors, equations,
14	or models;
15	(C) increased availability of field data or
16	other datasets; and
17	(D) any other information identified by the
18	Administrator, in consultation with the See-
19	retary of Agriculture, that is necessary to meet
20	the objectives of this subtitle.
21	(j) EXCLUSION.—No activity for which any emission
22	allowances are received under subtitle G of title III shall
23	generate offset allowances under this subtitle.

1	SEC. 2405. OFFSET VERIFICATION AND ISSUANCE OF AL-
2	LOWANCES FOR AGRICULTURAL AND FOR-
3	ESTRY PROJECTS.
4	(a) IN GENERAL.—Offset allowances may be claimed
5	for net emission reductions or increases in sequestration
6	annually, after accounting for any necessary discounts in
7	accordance with section 2404, by submitting a verification
8	report for an offset project to the Administrator.
9	(b) OFFSET VERIFICATION.—
10	(1) Scope of verification.—A verification
11	report for an offset project shall—
12	(A) be completed by a verifier accredited in
13	accordance with paragraph (3); and
14	(B) shall be developed taking into consider-
15	ation—
16	(i) the information and methodology
17	contained within a monitoring and quan-
18	tification plan;
19	(ii) data and subsequent analysis of
20	the offset project, including—
21	(I) quantification of net emission
22	reductions or increases in sequestra-
23	tion;
24	(H) determination of
25	additionality;
26	(III) calculation of leakage;

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1	(IV) assessment of permanence;
2	(V) discounting for uncertainty;
3	and
4	(VI) the adjustment of net emis-
5	sion reductions or increases in seques-
6	tration by the discounts determined
7	under clauses (II) through (V); and
8	(iii) subject to the requirements of
9	this subtitle, any other information identi-
10	fied by the Administrator as being nec-
11	essary to achieve the purposes of this sub-
12	title.
13	(2) Verification report requirements.—
14	The Administrator shall specify the required compo-
15	nents of a verification report, including—
16	(A) the quantity of offsets generated;
17	(B) the amount of discounts applied;
18	(C) an assessment of methods (and the ap-
19	propriateness of those methods);
20	(D) an assessment of quantitative errors or
21	omissions (and the effect of the errors or omis-
22	sions on offsets);
23	(E) any potential conflicts of interest be-
24	tween a verifier and project developer; and

1	(F) any other provision that the Adminis-
2	trator considers to be necessary to achieve the
3	purposes of this subtitle.
4	(3) VERIFIER ACCREDITATION.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18
6	months after the date of enactment of this Act,
7	the Administrator shall promulgate regulations
8	establishing a process and requirements for ac-
9	creditation by a third-party verifier that has no
10	conflicts of interest.
11	(B) PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY.—Each verifier
12	meeting the requirements for accreditation in
13	accordance with this paragraph shall be listed
14	in a publicly-accessible database, which shall be
15	maintained and updated by the Administrator.
16	(c) Registration and Awarding of Offsets.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
18	the date on which the Administrator receives a com-
19	plete petition required under section 2404(b), the
20	Administrator shall—
21	(A) determine whether the offsets satisfy
22	the applicable requirements of this subtitle; and
23	(B) notify the project developer of that de-
24	termination.

1	(2) AFFIRMATIVE DETERMINATION.—In the
2	case of an affirmative determination under para-
3	graph (1), the Administrator shall—
4	(A) register the offset allowances in ac-
5	cordance with this subtitle; and
6	(B) issue the offset allowances.
7	(3) APPEAL AND REVIEW.—The Administrator
8	shall establish mechanisms for the appeal and review
9	of determinations made under this subsection.
10	SEC. 2406. TRACKING OF REVERSALS FOR SEQUESTRATION
11	PROJECTS.
12	(a) Reversal Certification.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 2402 , the
13 14	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 2402, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring
_	
14	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring
14 15	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring the submission of a reversal certification for each
14 15 16	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring the submission of a reversal certification for each offset project on an annual basis following the reg-
14 15 16 17	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring the submission of a reversal certification for each offset project on an annual basis following the reg- istration of offset allowances.
14 15 16 17 18	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring the submission of a reversal certification for each offset project on an annual basis following the reg- istration of offset allowances. (2) REQUIREMENTS.—A reversal certification
14 15 16 17 18 19	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring the submission of a reversal certification for each offset project on an annual basis following the reg- istration of offset allowances. (2) REQUIREMENTS.—A reversal certification submitted in accordance with this subsection shall
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring the submission of a reversal certification for each offset project on an annual basis following the reg- istration of offset allowances. (2) REQUIREMENTS.—A reversal certification submitted in accordance with this subsection shall state—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring the submission of a reversal certification for each offset project on an annual basis following the reg- istration of offset allowances. (2) REQUIREMENTS.—A reversal certification submitted in accordance with this subsection shall state— (A) whether any unmitigated reversal re-

1	(B) the quantity of each unmitigated re-
2	versal.
3	(b) Effect on Offset Allowances.—
4	(1) INVALIDITY.—The Administrator shall de-
5	elare invalid all offset allowances issued for any off-
6	set project that has undergone a complete reversal.
7	(2) PARTIAL REVERSAL.—In the case of an off-
8	set project that has undergone a partial reversal, the
9	Administrator shall render invalid offset allowances
10	issued for the offset project in direct proportion to
11	the degree of reversal.
12	(c) Accountability for Reversals.—Liability
13	and responsibility for compensation of a reversal of a reg-
14	istered offset allowance under subsection (a) shall lie with
15	the person that submitted the offset allowance to the Ad-
16	ministrator for the purpose of compliance with section
17	1202(a), unless otherwise specified in a legally-binding
18	contract or agreement.
19	(d) Compensation for Reversals.—The unmiti-
20	gated reversal of 1 or more registered offset allowances
21	shall require the submission of—
22	(1) an equal number of offset allowances; or
23	(2) a combination of offset allowances and
24	emission allowances equal to the unmitigated rever-

25 sal.

(e) ADJUSTMENT OF BASELINE.—
 (1) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator deter mines that, as a result of activities or behavior that
 is inconsistent with the purposes of this subtitle, a
 significant deviation exists between the average an nual greenhouse gas flux or earbon stock for a given
 year pursuant to the certification submitted under

8 subsection (a), the baseline for that project shall be 9 adjusted by a quantity equal to the difference be-10 tween—

(A) the estimated greenhouse gas flux or
carbon stock at the end of the year prior to the
year in which the significant deviation occurred;
and

15 (B) the estimated greenhouse gas flux or
16 earbon stock at the end of the year in which the
17 significant deviation occurred.

18 (2) PROJECT TERMINATION.—A project devel-19 oper may cease participation in the domestic offset 20 program established under this subtitle at any time, 21 on the condition that any registered allowances 22 awarded for increases in sequestration have been 23 compensated for by the project developer through 24 the submission of an equal number of offset allow-25 ances.

1	SEC. 2407. EXAMINATIONS.
2	(a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the
3	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall pro-
4	mulgate regulations governing the examination and audit-
5	ing of offset allowances.
6	(b) Requirements.—The regulations promulgated
7	under this section shall specifically consider—
8	(1) principles for initiating and conducting ex-
9	aminations;
10	(2) the type or scope of examinations, includ-
11	ing—
12	(A) reporting and recordkeeping; and
13	(B) site review or visitation;
14	(3) the rights and privileges of an examined
15	party; and
16	(4) the establishment of an appeal process.
17	SEC. 2408. TIMING AND THE PROVISION OF OFFSET ALLOW-
18	ANCES.
19	(a) INITIATION OF OFFSET PROJECTS.—An offset
20	project that commences operation on or after the effective
21	date of regulations promulgated under section 2407(a)
22	shall be eligible to generate offset allowances under this
23	subtitle if the offset project meets the other applicable re-
24	quirements of this subtitle.
25	(b) Pre-Existing Projects.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may
2	allow for the transition into the Registry of offset
3	projects and banked offset allowances operating
4	under other Federal, State, or private reporting pro-
5	grams or registries as of the effective date of regula-
6	tions promulgated under section 2407(a) if the Ad-
7	ministrator determines that the offset projects and
8	banked offset allowances satisfy the applicable re-
9	quirements of this subtitle.
10	(2) EXCEPTION.—An offset allowance that is
11	expired, retired, or canceled under any other offset
12	program, registry, or market as of the effective date
13	of regulations promulgated under section 2407(a)
14	shall be ineligible for transition into the Registry.
15	SEC. 2409. OFFSET REGISTRY.
16	In addition to the requirements established by section
17	2404, an offset allowance registered under this subtitle
18	shall be accompanied in the Registry by—
19	(1) a verification report submitted pursuant to
20	section $2405(a);$
21	(2) a reversal certification submitted pursuant
22	to section 2406(b); and
23	(3) subject to the requirements of this subtitle,
24	any other information identified by the Adminis-

trator as being necessary to achieve the purposes of
 this subtitle.

3 SEC. 2410. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS.

4 (a) COORDINATION TO MINIMIZE NEGATIVE EF-5 FECTS.—In promulgating regulations under this subtitle, the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of 6 7 Agriculture, shall act (including by rejecting projects, if 8 necessary) to avoid or minimize, to the maximum extent 9 practicable, adverse effects on human health or the envi-10 ronment resulting from the implementation of offset projects under this subtitle. 11

(b) REPORT ON POSITIVE EFFECTS.—Not later than
2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture,
shall submit to Congress a report detailing—

16 (1) the incentives, programs, or policies capable
17 of fostering improvements to human health or the
18 environment in conjunction with the implementation
19 of offset projects under this subtitle; and

20 (2) the cost of those incentives, programs, or
21 policies.

(c) USE OF NATIVE PLANT SPECIES IN OFFSET
PROJECTS.—Not later than 18 months after the date of
enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation
with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall promulgate regula-

tions for the selection, use, and storage of native and non native plant materials—

3 (1) to ensure native plant materials are given
4 primary consideration, in accordance with applicable
5 Department of Agriculture guidance for use of na6 tive plant materials;

7 (2) to prohibit the use of Federal- or State-des8 ignated noxious weeds; and

9 (3) to prohibit the use of a species listed by a 10 regional or State invasive plant council within the 11 applicable region or State.

12 SEC. 2411. PROGRAM REVIEW.

13 Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment 14 of this Act, and periodically thereafter, the Administrator 15 shall review and revise, as necessary, the regulations pro-16 mulgated under this subtitle.

17 Subtitle E—International Credits

18 SEC. 2501. USE OF INTERNATIONAL ALLOWANCES OR

19 CREDITS.

The owner or operator of a covered facility may satisfy up to 15 percent of the allowance submission requirement of the covered facility under section 1202(a) by submitting allowances or credits obtained on a foreign greenhouse gas emissions trading market, on the condition that the Administrator has certified the market in accordance with the regulations promulgated pursuant to section
 2 2502(a).

3 SEC. 2502. REGULATIONS.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the
5 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall pro6 mulgate regulations, taking into consideration protocols
7 adopted in accordance with the United Nations Frame8 work Convention on Climate Change, done at New York
9 on May 9, 1992—

10 (1) approving the use under this subtitle of
11 eredits from such foreign greenhouse gas emissions
12 trading markets as the regulations may establish;
13 and

14 (2) permitting the use of international credits
15 from the foreign country that issued the credits.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The regulations promulgated
under subsection (a) shall require that, in order to be approved for use under this subtitle—

(1) a credit shall have been issued by a foreign
country pursuant to a governmental program that
imposes mandatory absolute tonnage limits on
greenhouse gas emissions from the foreign country,
or 1 or more industry sectors in that country, pursuant to protocols described in subsection (a); and

(2) the governmental program be of comparable
 stringency to the program established by this Act,
 including comparable monitoring, compliance, and
 enforcement.

5 SEC. 2503. FACILITY CERTIFICATION.

6 The owner or operator of a covered facility who sub-7 mits an international allowance or credit under this sub-8 title shall certify that the allowance or credit has not been 9 retired from use in the registry of the applicable foreign 10 country.

Subtitle F—Carbon Market Efficiency Board

13 SEC. 2601. PURPOSES.

14 The purposes of this subtitle are—

15 (1) to ensure that the imposition of limits on
16 greenhouse gas emissions will not significantly harm
17 the economy of the United States; and

18 (2) to establish a Carbon Market Efficiency
19 Board to ensure the implementation and mainte20 nance of a stable, functioning, and efficient market
21 in emission allowances.

1	SEC. 2602. ESTABLISHMENT OF CARBON MARKET EFFI-
2	CIENCY BOARD.
3	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a board,
4	to be known as the "Carbon Market Efficiency Board"
5	(referred to in this subtitle as the "Board").
6	(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the Board are—
7	(1) to promote the achievement of the purposes
8	of this Act;
9	(2) to observe the national greenhouse gas
10	emission market and evaluate periods during which
11	the cost of emission allowances provided under Fed-
12	eral law might pose significant harm to the economy;
13	and
14	(3) to submit to the President and Congress
15	quarterly reports
16	(A) describing—
17	(i) the status of the emission allow-
18	ance market established under this Act;
19	(ii) the economic effects of the mar-
20	ket, regional, industrial, and consumer re-
21	sponses to the market;
22	(iii) where practicable, energy invest-
23	ment responses to the market;
24	(iv) any corrective measures that
25	should be carried out to relieve excessive
26	costs of the market; and

1	(v) plans to compensate for those
2	measures to ensure that the long-term
3	emission-reduction goals of this Act are
4	achieved;
5	(B) that are timely and succinct to ensure
6	regular monitoring of market trends; and
7	(C) that are prepared independently by the
8	Board.
9	(c) Membership.—
10	(1) Composition.—The Board shall be com-
11	posed of 7 members who are citizens of the United
12	States, to be appointed by the President, by and
13	with the advice and consent of the Senate.
14	(2) Requirements.—In appointing members
15	of the Board under paragraph (1), the President
16	shall—
17	(A) ensure fair representation of the finan-
18	cial, agricultural, industrial, and commercial
19	sectors, and the geographical regions, of the
20	United States, and include a representative of
21	consumer interests; and
22	(B) appoint not more than 1 member from
23	each such geographical region.
24	(3) Compensation.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Board 2 shall be compensated at a rate equal to the 3 daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay 4 prescribed for level H of the Executive Schedule 5 under section 5313 of title 5, United States 6 Code, for each day (including travel time) dur-7 ing which the member is engaged in the per-8 formance of the duties of the Board. 9 (B) CHAIRPERSON.—The Chairperson of 10 the Board shall be compensated at a rate equal 11 to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of 12 basic pay prescribed for level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5312 of title 5, United 13 14 States Code, for each day (including travel 15 time) during which the member is engaged in 16 the performance of the duties of the Board. 17 (4) PROHIBITIONS.

18 (A) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—An indi-19 vidual employed by, or holding any official rela-20 tionship (including any shareholder) with, any 21 entity engaged in the generation, transmission, 22 distribution, or sale of energy, an individual 23 who has any pecuniary interest in the genera-24 tion, transmission, distribution, or sale of en-25 ergy, or an individual who has a pecuniary in-

1	terest in the implementation of this Act, shall	
2	not be appointed to the Board under this sub-	
3	section.	
4	(B) NO OTHER EMPLOYMENT.—A member	
5	of the Board shall not hold any other employ-	
6	ment during the term of service of the member.	
7	(d) Term; Vacancies.—	
8	(1) TERM.—	
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term of a member	
10	of the Board shall be 14 years, except that the	
11	members first appointed to the Board shall be	
12	appointed for terms in a manner that ensures	
13	that—	
14	(i) the term of not more than 1 mem-	
15	ber shall expire during any 2-year period;	
16	and	
17	(ii) no member serves a term of more	
18	than 14 years.	
19	(B) OATH OF OFFICE.—A member shall	
20	take the oath of office of the Board by not later	
21	than 15 days after the date on which the mem-	
22	ber is appointed under subsection $(e)(1)$.	
23	(C) Removal.—	

1	(i) IN GENERAL.—A member may be		
2	removed from the Board on determination		
3	of the President for cause.		
4	(ii) NOTIFICATION.—The President		
5	shall submit to Congress a notification of		
6	any determination by the President to re-		
7	move a member of the Board for cause		
8	under elause (i).		
9	(2) VACANCIES.—		
10	(A) In GENERAL.—A vacancy on the		
11	Board-		
12	(i) shall not affect the powers of the		
13	Board; and		
14	(ii) shall be filled in the same manner		
15	as the original appointment was made.		
16	(B) Service until new appointment.—		
17	A member of the Board the term of whom has		
18	expired or otherwise been terminated shall con-		
19	tinue to serve until the date on which a replace-		
20	ment is appointed under subparagraph $(\Lambda)(ii)$,		
21	if the President determines that service to be		
22	appropriate.		
23	(e) Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson.—Of		
24	members of the Board, the President shall appoint—		

1	(1) 1 member to serve as Chairperson of the
2	Board for a term of 4 years; and
3	(2) 1 member to serve as Vice-Chairperson of
4	the Board for a term of 4 years.
5	(f) MEETINGS.—
6	(1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Board shall hold
7	the initial meeting of the Board as soon as prac-
8	ticable after the date on which all members have
9	been appointed to the Board under subsection
10	(e)(1).
11	(2) PRESIDING OFFICER.—A meeting of the
12	Board shall be presided over by—
13	(A) the Chairperson;
14	(B) in any case in which the Chairperson
15	is absent, the Vice-Chairperson; or
16	(C) in any case in which the Chairperson
17	and Vice-Chairperson are absent, a chairperson
18	pro tempore, to be elected by the members of
19	the Board.
20	(3) Quorum.—Four members of the Board
21	shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of the
22	Board.
23	(4) Open meetings.—The Board shall be sub-
24	ject to section 552b of title 5, United States Code

1	(commonly known as the "Government in the Sun-		
2	shine Act'').		
3	SEC. 2603. DUTIES.		
4	(a) INFORMATION GATHERING.		
5	(1) AUTHORITY.—The Board shall collect and		
6	analyze relevant market information to promote a		
7	full understanding of the dynamics of the emission		
8	allowance market established under this Act.		
9	(2) INFORMATION.—The Board shall gather		
10	such information as the Board determines to be ap-		
11	propriate regarding the status of the market, includ-		
12	ing information relating to—		
13	(A) emission allowance allocation and		
14	availability;		
15	(B) the price of emission allowances;		
16	(C) macro- and micro-economic effects of		
17	unexpected significant increases in emission al-		
18	lowance prices, or shifts in the emission allow-		
19	ance market, should those increases or shifts		
20	occur;		
21	(D) economic effect thresholds that could		
22	warrant implementation of cost relief measures		
23	described in section 2604(a) after the initial 2-		
24	year period described in section 2603(d)(2);		

1	(E) in the event any cost relief measures
2	described in section 2604(a) are taken, the ef-
3	feets of those measures on the market;
4	(F) maximum levels of cost relief measures
5	that are necessary to achieve avoidance of eco-
6	nomic harm and preserve achievement of the
7	purposes of this Act; and
8	(G) the success of the market in promoting
9	achievement of the purposes of this Act.
10	(b) Treatment as Primary Activity.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—During the initial 2-year pe-
12	riod of operation of the Board, information gath-
13	ering under subsection (a) shall be the primary ac-
14	tivity of the Board.
15	(2) Subsequent Authority.—After the 2-
16	year period described in paragraph (1), the Board
17	shall assume authority to implement the cost-relief
18	measures described in section 2604(a).
19	(c) STUDY.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—During the 2-year period be-
21	ginning on the date on which the emission allowance
22	market established under this Act begins operation,
23	the Board shall conduct a study of other markets for
24	tradeable permits to emit covered greenhouse gases.

1 (2) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after 2 the beginning of the period described in paragraph 3 (1), the Board shall submit to Congress a report de-4 scribing the status of the market, specifically with 5 respect to volatility within the market and the aver-6 age price of emission allowances during that 180-day 7 period.

8 (d) Employment of Cost Relief Measures.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—If the Board determines 10 that the emission allowance market established 11 under this Act poses a significant harm to the econ-12 omy of the United States, the Board shall carry out 13 such cost relief measures relating to that market as 14 the Board determines to be appropriate under sec-15 tion 2604(a).

16 (2) INITIAL PERIOD.—During the 2-year period
17 beginning on the date on which the emission allow18 ance market established under this Act begins oper19 ation, if the Board determines that the average daily
20 elosing price of emission allowances during a 18021 day period exceeds the upper range of the estimate
22 provided under section 2605, the Board shall—

23 (A) increase the quantity of emission al24 lowances that covered facilities may borrow

1	from the prescribed allocations of the covered
2	facilities for future years; and
3	(B) take subsequent action as described in
4	section $2604(a)(2)$.
5	(3) Requirements.—Any action carried out
6	pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the
7	requirements of section 2604(a)(3)(B).
8	(e) REPORTS.—The Board shall submit to the Presi-
9	dent and Congress quarterly reports—
10	(1) describing the status of the emission allow-
11	ance market established under this Act, the eco-
12	nomic effects of the market, regional, industrial, and
13	consumer responses to the market, energy invest-
14	ment responses to the market, any corrective meas-
15	ures that should be carried out to relieve excessive
16	costs of the market, and plans to compensate for
17	those measures; and
18	(2) that are prepared independently by the
19	Board, and not in partnership with Federal agen-
20	cies.
21	SEC. 2604. POWERS.
22	(a) Cost Relief Measures.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the day after
24	the date of expiration of the 2-year period described
25	in section 2603(b), the Board may carry out 1 or

1	more of the following cost relief measures to ensure
2	functioning, stable, and efficient markets for emis-
3	sion allowances:
4	(A) Increase the quantity of emission al-
5	lowances that covered facilities may borrow
6	from the prescribed allocations of the covered
7	facilities for future years.
8	(B) Expand the period during which a cov-
9	ered facility may repay the Administrator for
10	an emission allowance as described in subpara-
11	graph (A).
12	(C) Lower the interest rate at which an
13	emission allowance may be borrowed as de-
14	scribed in subparagraph (A).
15	(D) Increase the quantity of allowances or
16	credits obtained on a foreign greenhouse gas
17	emissions trading market that the owner or op-
18	erator of any covered facility may use to satisfy
19	the allowance submission requirement of the
20	covered facility under section 1202(a), on the
21	condition that the Administrator has certified
22	the market in accordance with the regulations
23	promulgated pursuant to section 2502(a).
24	(E) Increase the quantity of offset allow-
25	ances generated in accordance with subtitle D

1	that the owner or operator of any covered facil-
2	ity may use to satisfy the total allowance sub-
3	mission requirement of the covered facility
4	under section 1202(a).
5	(F) Expand the total quantity of emission
6	allowances made available to all covered facili-
7	ties at any given time by borrowing against the
8	total allowable quantity of emission allowances
9	to be provided for future years.
10	(2) SUBSEQUENT ACTIONS.—On determination
11	by the Board to carry out a cost relief measure pur-
12	suant to paragraph (1), the Board shall—
13	(A) allow the cost relief measure to be
14	used only during the applicable allocation year;
15	(B) exercise the cost relief measure incre-
16	mentally, and only as needed to avoid signifi-
17	eant economic harm during the applicable allo-
18	cation year;
19	(C) specify the terms of the relief to be
20	achieved using the cost relief measure, includ-
21	ing requirements for entity-level or national
22	market-level compensation to be achieved by a
23	specific date or within a specific time period;
24	(D) in accordance with section $2603(e)$,
25	submit to the President and Congress a report

1	describing the actions carried out by the Board	
2	and recommendations for the terms under	
3	which the cost relief measure should be author-	
4	ized by Congress and carried out by Federal en-	
5	tities; and	
6	(E) evaluate, at the end of the applicable	
7	allocation year, actions that need to be carried	
8	out during subsequent years to compensate for	
9	any cost relief measure carried out during the	
10	applicable allocation year.	
11	(3) Action on expansion of borrowing.—	
12	(A) In GENERAL.—If the Board carries	
13	out a cost relief measure pursuant to paragraph	
14	(1) that results in the expansion of borrowing	
15	of emission allowances under this Act, and if	
16	the average daily closing price of emission al-	
17	lowances for the 180-day period beginning on	
18	the date on which borrowing is so expanded ex-	
19	ceeds the upper range of the estimate provided	
20	under section 2605, the Board shall increase	
21	the quantity of emission allowances available for	
22	the applicable allocation year in accordance	
23	with this paragraph.	

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1	(B) REQUIREMENTS.—An increase in the	
2	quantity of emission allowances under subpara-	
3	graph (A) shall—	
4	(i) apply to all covered facilities;	
5	(ii) be allocated in accordance with	
6	the applicable formulas and procedures es-	
7	tablished under this Act;	
8	(iii) be equal to not more than 5 per-	
9	cent of the total quantity of emission al-	
10	lowances otherwise available for the appli-	
11	cable allocation year under this Act;	
12	(iv) remain in effect only for the ap-	
13	plicable allocation year;	
14	(v) specify the date by which the in-	
15	erease shall be repaid by covered facilities	
16	through a proportionate reduction of emis-	
17	sion allowances available for subsequent al-	
18	location years; and	
19	(vi) require the repayment under	
20	elause (v) to be made by not later than the	
21	date that is 15 years after the date on	
22	which the increase is provided.	
23	(b) Assessments.—Not more frequently than semi-	
24	annually, the Board may levy on owners and operators of	
25	covered facilities, in proportion to the capital stock and	

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surplus of the participants, an assessment sufficient to
 pay the estimated expenses of the Board and the salaries
 of members of and employees of the Board during the
 180-day period beginning on the date on which the assess ment is levied, taking into account any deficit carried for ward from the preceding 180-day period.

7 (c) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this section gives the
8 Board the authority—

9 (1) to consider or prescribe entity-level petitions 10 for relief from the costs of an emission allowance al-11 location or trading program established under Fed-12 eral law;

13 (2) to carry out any investigative or punitive
14 process under the jurisdiction of any Federal or
15 State court;

16 (3) to interfere with, modify, or adjust any
17 emission allowance allocation scheme established
18 under Federal law; or

19 (4) to modify the total quantity of allowances
20 issued under this Act for the period of calendar
21 years 2012 through 2050.

22 SEC. 2605. ESTIMATE OF COSTS TO ECONOMY OF LIMITING 23 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.

Not later than July 1, 2014, the Director of the Congressional Budget Office, using economic and scientific

1 analyses, shall submit to Congress a report that de-2 scribes—

3 (1) the projected price range at which emission
4 allowances are expected to trade during the 2-year
5 period of the initial greenhouse gas emission market
6 established under Federal law; and

7 (2) the projected impact of that market on the
8 economy of the United States.

9 TITLE III—ALLOCATING AND

10 **DISTRIBUTING ALLOWANCES**

11 Subtitle A—Early Auctions

12 SEC. 3101. ALLOCATION FOR EARLY AUCTIONS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall allocate 6 percent of the emission allowances established for calendar year 2012, 4 percent of the emission allowances established for calendar year 2013, and 2 percent of the emissions established for calendar 2014, to the Corporation for early auctioning in accordance with section 4301.

20 Subtitle B—Annual Auctions

21 SEC. 3201. ALLOCATION FOR ANNUAL AUCTIONS.

Not later than January 1, 2012, and annually thereafter through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall
allocate to the Corporation a percentage of emission allow-

1 ances for that calendar year, for annual auctioning, as fol-

2 lows:

Calendar Year	Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allocated to the Corporation
2012	18
2013	21
2014	24
2015	27
2016	28
2017	31
2018	33
2019	35
2020	37
2021	39
2022	41
2023	<u>43</u>
202 4	45
2025	47
2026	49
2027	51
2028	53
2029	55
2030	57
2031	59
2032	61
2033	63
2034	65
2035	67

Calendar Year	Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allocated to the Corporation
2036	73
2037	73
2038	73
2039	73
2040	73
2041	73
2042	73
2043	73
2044	73
2045	73
2046	73
2047	73
2048	73
2049	73
2050	73

1 Subtitle C—Early Action

2 SEC. 3301. ALLOCATION.

Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
of this Act, the Administrator shall allocate to owners or
operators of covered facilities, in recognition of actions of
the owners and operators taken since January 1, 1994,
that resulted in verified and credible reductions of greenhouse gas emissions—

9 (1) 5 percent of the emission allowances estab10 lished for calendar year 2012;

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1	(2) 4 percent of the emission allowances estab-
2	lished for calendar year 2013;
3	(3) 3 percent of the emission allowances estab-
4	lished for calendar year 2014;
5	(4) 2 percent of the emission allowances estab-
6	lished for calendar year 2015; and
7	(5) 1 percent of the emission allowances estab-
8	lished for calendar year 2016.
9	SEC. 3302. DISTRIBUTION.
10	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall es-
12	tablish, by regulation, procedures and standards for use
13	in distributing, to owners and operators of covered facili-
14	ties, emission allowances allocated under section 3301.
15	(b) Consideration.—The procedures and standards
16	established under subsection (a) shall provide for consider-
17	ation of verified and credible emission reductions reg-
18	istered before the date of enactment of this Act under-
19	(1) the Climate Leaders Program, or any other
20	voluntary greenhouse gas reduction program of the
21	United States Environmental Protection Agency and
22	United States Department of Energy;
23	(2) the Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse
24	Gases Program of the Energy Information Adminis-
25	tration;

(3) State or regional greenhouse gas emission
 reduction programs that include systems for track ing and verifying the greenhouse gas emission reduc tions; and

5 (4) voluntary entity programs that resulted in 6 entity-wide reductions in greenhouse gas emissions. 7 (e) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 4 years after the 8 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall dis-9 tribute all emission allowances allocated under section 10 3301.

11 Subtitle D—States

12 SEC. 3401. ALLOCATION FOR ENERGY SAVINGS.

(a) ALLOCATION.—Not later than January 1, 2012,
and annually thereafter through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall allocate 1 percent of the Emission Allowance Account among States that—

(1) have adopted regulations by not later than
the date on which the allowance allocations are
made, that subject regulated natural gas and electric
utilities that deliver gas or electricity in the State to
regulations that—

(A) automatically adjust the rates charged
by natural gas and electric utilities to fully recover fixed costs of service without regard to
whether their actual sales are higher or lower

1	than the	forecast	of sales	on	which	the	tariffed
2	rates wer	e based;	and				

3 (B) make cost-effective energy-efficiency
4 investments by investor-owned natural gas or
5 electric utilities at least as rewarding to their
6 shareholders, on a risk-adjusted basis for the
7 equity capital invested, as power or energy pur8 ehases, or investments in new energy supplies
9 or infrastructure; and

10 (2) have adopted, or whose political subdivisions 11 have adopted, regulations by not later than the date 12 on which allocations are made, that are as stringent 13 as, or more stringent than, the most recent energy 14 performance requirements of ASHRAE 90.1 and the 15 International Energy Conservation Code for new 16 buildings.

17 (b) ALLOCATION FOR BUILDING EFFICIENCY.—Not 18 later than January 1, 2012, and annually thereafter 19 through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall allocate 20 1 percent of the Emission Allowance Account among 21 States that are in compliance with section 304(c)(3) of 22 the Energy Conservation and Production Act (as amended 23 by section 5201).

24 (c) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 2 years after the
25 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall es-

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tablish procedures and standards for the distribution of
 emission allowances to States in accordance with sub sections (a) and (b).

4 (d) USE.—Any State receiving emission allowances
5 under this section for a calendar year shall retire or use,
6 in 1 or more of the ways described in section 3403(c)(1),
7 not less than 90 percent of the emission allowances allo8 cated to the State (or proceeds of the sale of those allow9 ances) under this section for the calendar year.

10 SEC. 3402. ALLOCATION FOR STATES WITH PROGRAMS 11 THAT EXCEED FEDERAL EMISSION REDUC 12 TION TARGETS.

(a) ALLOCATION.—Not later than January 1, 2012,
and annually thereafter through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall allocate 2 percent of the Emission Allowance Account for the year among States that have—

17 (1) before the date of enactment of this Act, en18 acted statewide greenhouse gas emission reduction
19 targets that are more stringent than the nationwide
20 targets established under title H; and

21 (2) by the time of an allocation under this sub22 section, imposed on covered facilities within the
23 States aggregate greenhouse gas emission limitations
24 more stringent than those imposed on covered facili25 ties under title H.

1 (b) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 2 years after the 2 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall es-3 tablish procedures and standards for use in distributing 4 emission allowances among States in accordance with sub-5 section (a).

6 (c) USE.—Any State receiving emission allowances 7 under this section for a calendar year shall retire or use, 8 in 1 or more of the ways described in section 3403(c)(1), 9 not less than 90 percent of the emission allowances allo-10 cated to the State (or proceeds of the sale of those allow-11 ances) under this section for the calendar year.

12 SEC. 3403. GENERAL ALLOCATION.

(a) ALLOCATION.—Subject to subsection (d)(3), not
later than January 1, 2012, and annually thereafter
through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall allocate
5 percent of the Emission Allowance Account for the year
among States.

18 (b) DISTRIBUTION.—The allowances available for al19 location to States under subsection (a) for a calendar year
20 shall be distributed as follows:

21 (1) For each calendar year, ¼3 of the quantity
22 of allowances available for allocation to States under
23 subsection (a) shall be allocated among individual
24 States based on the proportion that—

1	(A) the expenditures of a State for the
2	low-income home energy assistance program es-
3	tablished under the Low-Income Home Energy
4	Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621 et
5	seq.) for the preceding calendar year; bears to
6	(B) the expenditures of all States for that
7	program for the preceding calendar year.
8	(2) For each calendar year, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the quantity
9	of allowances available for allocation to States under
10	subsection (a) shall be allocated among the States
11	based on the proportion that—
12	(A) the population of a State, as deter-
13	mined by the most recent decennial census pre-
14	ceding the calendar year for which the alloca-
15	tion regulations are for the allocation year;
16	bears to
17	(B) the population of all States, as deter-
18	mined by that census.
19	(3) For each calendar year, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the quantity
20	of allowances available for allocation to States under
21	subsection (a) shall be allocated among the States
22	based on the proportion that—
23	(A) the quantity of carbon dioxide that
24	would be emitted assuming that all of the coal
25	that is mined, natural gas that is processed,

and petroleum that is refined within the bound-
aries of a State during the preceding year is
completely combusted and that none of the car-
bon dioxide emissions are captured, as deter-
mined by the Secretary of Energy; bears to
(B) the aggregate quantity of carbon diox-
ide that would be emitted assuming that all of
the coal that is mined, natural gas that is proc-
essed, and petroleum that is refined in all
States for the preceding year is completely com-
busted and that none of the carbon dioxide
emissions are captured, as determined by the
Secretary of Energy.
(c) USE
(c) USE.— (1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a
(1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a
(1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a State shall retire or use in 1 or more of the fol-
(1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a State shall retire or use in 1 or more of the fol- lowing ways not less than 90 percent of the allow-
(1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a State shall retire or use in 1 or more of the fol- lowing ways not less than 90 percent of the allow- ances allocated to the State (or proceeds of sale of
(1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a State shall retire or use in 1 or more of the fol- lowing ways not less than 90 percent of the allow- ances allocated to the State (or proceeds of sale of those emission allowances) under this section for
(1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a State shall retire or use in 1 or more of the fol- lowing ways not less than 90 percent of the allow- ances allocated to the State (or proceeds of sale of those emission allowances) under this section for that calendar year:
 (1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a State shall retire or use in 1 or more of the following ways not less than 90 percent of the allowances allocated to the State (or proceeds of sale of those emission allowances) under this section for that calendar year: (A) To mitigate impacts on low-income en-

1	mand reduction, waste minimization, and recy-
2	cling programs).
3	(C) To promote investment in nonemitting
4	electricity generation technology.
5	(D) To improve public transportation and
6	passenger rail service and otherwise promote re-
7	ductions in vehicle miles traveled.
8	(E) To encourage advances in energy tech-
9	nology that reduce or sequester greenhouse gas
10	emissions.
11	(F) To address local or regional impacts of
12	elimate change, including the relocation of com-
13	munities displaced by the impacts of elimate
14	change.
15	(G) To mitigate obstacles to investment by
16	new entrants in electricity generation markets
17	and energy-intensive manufacturing sectors.
18	(H) To address local or regional impacts of
19	elimate change policy, including providing as-
20	sistance to displaced workers.
21	(I) To mitigate impacts on energy-intensive
22	industries in internationally competitive mar-
23	kets.
24	(J) To reduce hazardous fuels, and to pre-
25	vent and suppress wildland fire.

1	(K) To fund rural, municipal, and agricul-
2	tural water projects that are consistent with the
3	sustainable use of water resources.
4	(2) DEADLINE.—A State shall distribute or sell
5	allowances for use in accordance with paragraph (1)
6	by not later than 1 year before the beginning of each
7	allowance allocation year.
8	(3) Return of Allowances.—Not later than
9	330 days before the beginning of each allowance al-
10	location year, a State shall return to the Adminis-
11	trator any allowances not distributed by the deadline
12	under paragraph (2).
13	(d) Program for Tribal Communities.—
14	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 3 years
15	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
16	trator, in consultation with the Secretary of the In-
17	terior, shall by regulation establish a program for
18	tribal communities—
19	(A) that is designed to deliver assistance to
20	tribal communities within the United States
21	that face disruption or dislocation as a result of
22	global climate change; and
23	(B) under which the Administrator shall
24	distribute 0.5 percent of the Emission Allow-
25	ance Account for each calendar among tribal

1	governments	of	the	tribal	communities	de -
2	seribed in sub	para	agrap	h (A).		

3 (2) ALLOCATION. Beginning in the first calendar year that begins after promulgation of the
regulations referred to in paragraph (1), and annually thereafter until calendar year 2050, the Administrator shall allocate 0.5 percent of the Emission
Allowance Account for each calendar year to the
program established under paragraph (1).

10 (3) ALLOCATIONS TO STATES.—For each calendar year for which the Administrator allocates 0.5
percent of the Emission Allowance Account to the
program established under paragraph (1), the general allocation for States under subsection (a) shall
be 4.5 percent of the Emission Allowance Account.

16 Subtitle E—Electricity Consumers

17 SEC. 3501. ALLOCATION.

18 Not later than April 1, 2012, and annually thereafter
19 through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall allocate
20 among load-serving entities 10 percent of the Emission Al21 lowance Account for the year.

22 SEC. 3502. DISTRIBUTION.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—For each calendar year, the emis24 sion allowances allocated under section 3501 shall be dis-

tributed by the Administrator to each load-serving entity
 based on the proportion that—

3 (1) the quantity of electricity delivered by the 4 load-serving entity during the 3 calendar years pre-5 eeding the calendar year for which the emission al-6 lowances are distributed, adjusted upward for elee-7 tricity not delivered as a result of consumer energy-8 efficiency programs implemented by the load-serving 9 entity and verified by the regulatory agency of the 10 load-serving entity; bears to

11 (2) the total quantity of electricity delivered by
12 all load-serving entities during those 3 calendar
13 years.

(b) BASIS.—The Administrator shall base the determination of the quantity of electricity delivered by a loadserving entity for the purpose of subsection (a) on the
most recent data available in annual reports filed with the
Energy Information Administration of the Department of
Energy

20 SEC. 3503. USE.

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Any load-serving entity that ac22 cepts emission allowances distributed under section 3502
23 shall—

1	(1) sell each emission allowance distributed to
2	the load-serving entity by not later than 1 year after
3	receiving the emission allowance; and
4	(2) pursue fair market value for each emission
5	allowance sold in accordance with paragraph (1).
6	(b) PROCEEDS.—All proceeds from the sale of emis-
7	sion allowances under subsection (a) shall be used solely—
8	(1) to mitigate economic impacts on low- and
9	middle-income energy consumers, including by re-
10	ducing transmission charges or issuing rebates; and
11	(2) to promote energy efficiency on the part of
12	energy consumers.
13	(c) Inclusion in Retail Rates.—To facilitate the
13 14	(c) INCLUSION IN RETAIL RATES.—To facilitate the prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis-
_	
14	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis-
14 15	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis- sion allowances to retail customers—
14 15 16	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis- sion allowances to retail customers— (1) any credit from the sale of allowances shall
14 15 16 17	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis- sion allowances to retail customers— (1) any credit from the sale of allowances shall be reflected in the retail rates of a load-serving enti-
14 15 16 17 18	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis- sion allowances to retail customers— (1) any credit from the sale of allowances shall be reflected in the retail rates of a load-serving enti- ty not later than 90 days after the sale of the allow-
14 15 16 17 18 19	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis- sion allowances to retail customers— (1) any credit from the sale of allowances shall be reflected in the retail rates of a load-serving enti- ty not later than 90 days after the sale of the allow- ances;
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis- sion allowances to retail customers— (1) any credit from the sale of allowances shall be reflected in the retail rates of a load-serving enti- ty not later than 90 days after the sale of the allow- ances; (2) the load-serving entity shall not be required
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis- sion allowances to retail customers— (1) any credit from the sale of allowances shall be reflected in the retail rates of a load-serving enti- ty not later than 90 days after the sale of the allow- ances; (2) the load-serving entity shall not be required to file a retail rate case in order to pass through the

(d) PROHIBITION ON REBATES.—No load-serving en tity may use any proceeds from the sale of emission allow ances under subsection (a) to provide to any consumer a
 rebate that is based on the quantity of electricity used by
 the consumer.

6 SEC. 3504. REPORTING.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each load-serving entity that ac8 cepts emission allowances distributed under section 3502
9 shall, for each calendar year for which the load-serving
10 entity accepts emission allowances, submit to the Adminis11 trator a report describing—

- 12 (1) the date of each sale of each emission allow13 ance during the preceding year;
- 14 (2) the amount of revenue generated from the
 15 sale of emission allowances during the preceding
 16 year; and
- 17 (3) how, and to what extent, the load-serving
 18 entity used the proceeds of the sale of the emission
 19 allowances during the preceding year.

20 (b) AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS.—The Administrator
21 shall make available to the public all reports submitted
22 by any load-serving entity under subsection (b), including
23 by publishing those reports on the Internet.

Subtitle F—Bonus Allowances for Carbon Capture and Geological Sequestration

4 SEC. 3601. ALLOCATION.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the
6 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall—

7 (1) establish a Bonus Allowance Account; and
8 (2) allocate 4 percent of the emission allow9 ances established for calendar years 2012 through
10 2035 to the Bonus Allowance Account.

(b) INITIAL NUMBER OF ALLOWANCES.—As of January 1, 2012, there shall be 3,932,160,000 emission allowances in the Bonus Allowance Account.

14 SEC. 3602. QUALIFYING PROJECTS.

To be eligible to receive emission allowances under
this subtitle, a carbon capture and sequestration project
shall—

(1) comply with such criteria and procedures as
the Administrator may establish, including a requirement for a minimum of an 85-percent capture
rate for carbon dioxide emissions on an annual basis
from any unit for which allowances are allocated;

23 (2) sequester in a geological formation per 24 mitted by the Administrator for that purpose in ac 25 cordance with regulations promulgated under section

1 1421(d) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
 2 300h(d)) earbon dioxide resulting from electric
 3 power generation; and

4 (3) have begun operation during the period be5 ginning on January 1, 2008, and ending on Decem6 ber 31, 2035.

7 SEC. 3603. DISTRIBUTION.

8 Subject to section 3604, for each of calendar years 9 2012 through 2039, the Administrator shall distribute 10 emission allowances from the Bonus Allowance Account 11 to each qualifying project under this subtitle in a quantity 12 equal to the product obtained by multiplying the number of metric tons of carbon dioxide geologically sequestered 13 by the project and the bonus allowance rate for that eal-14 15 endar year, as provided in the following table:

Year	Bonus Allowance Rate
$\frac{2012}{2012}$	4.5
2013	4.5
2014	4.5
2015	4.5
2016	$\frac{4.5}{2}$
2017	4.5
2018	4.2
2019	$\frac{3.9}{3.9}$
2020	3.6
$\frac{2021}{2021}$	$\frac{3.3}{2}$
2022	$\frac{3.0}{2}$
2023	2.7
2024	2.4
2025	2.1
2026	1.8
$\frac{2027}{2027}$	$\frac{1.5}{1.5}$
2028	$\frac{1.3}{1.3}$
2029	1.1
2030	0.9
$\frac{2031}{2031}$	0.7

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Year	Bonus Allowance Rate
2032	0.5
2033	0.5
$\frac{2034}{2034}$	0.5
2035	0.5
$\frac{2036}{2}$	0.5
$\frac{2037}{2}$	0.5
2038	0.5
2039	0.5
SEC. 3604. 10-YEAR LIMIT.	

A qualifying project may receive annual emission allowances under this subsection only for—

4 (1) the first 10 years of operation; or

5 (2) if the unit covered by the qualifying project
6 began operating before January 1, 2012, the period
7 of calendar years 2012 through 2021.

8 SEC. 3605. EXHAUSTION OF BONUS ALLOWANCE ACCOUNT.

9 If, at the beginning of a calendar year, the Adminis-10 trator determines that the number of emission allowances 11 remaining in the Bonus Allowance Account will be insuffi-12 eient to allow the distribution, in that calendar year, of 13 the number of allowances that otherwise would be distrib-14 uted under section 3603 for the calendar year, the Admin-15 istrator shall, for the calendar year—

(1) distribute the remaining bonus allowances
 only to qualifying projects that were already quali fying projects during the preceding calendar year;

19 (2) distribute the remaining bonus allowances
20 to those qualifying projects on a pro rata basis; and

(3) discontinue the program established under
 this subtitle as of the date on which the Bonus Al lowance Account is projected to be fully used based
 on projects already in operation.

5 Subtitle G—Domestic Agriculture 6 and Forestry

7 SEC. 3701. ALLOCATION.

8 Not later than January 1, 2012, and annually there-9 after through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall 10 allocate to the Secretary of Agriculture 5 percent of the 11 Emission Allowance Account for the calendar year for use 12 in—

13 (1) reducing greenhouse gas emissions from the
14 agriculture and forestry sectors of the United States
15 economy; and

16 (2) increasing greenhouse gas sequestration
17 from those sectors.

18 SEC. 3702. AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY GREENHOUSE

19

GAS MANAGEMENT RESEARCH.

20 (a) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
21 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture, in
22 consultation with scientific and agricultural and forestry
23 experts, shall prepare and submit to Congress a report
24 that describes the status of research on agricultural and

1	forestry greenhouse gas management, including a descrip-
2	tion of—
3	(1) research on soil earbon sequestration and
4	other agricultural and forestry greenhouse gas man-
5	agement that has been carried out;
6	(2) any additional research that is necessary;
7	(3) the proposed priority for additional re-
8	search;
9	(4) the most appropriate approaches for con-
10	ducting the additional research; and
11	(5) the manner in which carbon credits that are
12	specific to agricultural and forestry operations
13	should be valued and allotted.
14	(b) Standardized System of Soil Carbon Meas-
15	UREMENT AND CERTIFICATION FOR THE AGRICULTURAL
16	and Forestry Sectors.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after
18	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
19	Agriculture shall establish a standardized system of
20	carbon measurement and certification for the agri-
21	cultural and forestry sectors.
22	(2) ADMINISTRATION.—In establishing the sys-
23	tem, the Secretary of Agriculture shall—

1	(A) create a standardized system of meas-
2	urements for agricultural and forestry green-
3	house gases; and
4	(B) delineate the most appropriate system
5	of certification of credit by public or private en-
6	tities.
7	(c) RESEARCH.—After the date of submission of the
8	report described in paragraph (1), the President and the
9	Secretary of Agriculture (in collaboration with the member
10	institutions of higher education of the Consortium for Ag-
11	ricultural Soil Mitigation of Greenhouse Gases, institu-
12	tions of higher education, and research entities) shall ini-
13	tiate a program to conduct any additional research that
14	is necessary.
15	SEC. 3703. DISTRIBUTION.
16	Taking into account the report prepared under sub-
17	section 3702(a), the Secretary of Agriculture shall estab-
18	lish, by regulation, a program under which agricultural
19	and forestry sequestration allowances may be distributed
20	to entities that carry out sequestration projects on agricul-
21	tural and forest land that achieve long-term greenhouse
22	gas emission mitigation benefits.

Subtitle H—International Forest Protection

3 SEC. 3801. FINDINGS.

4 Congress finds that—

5 (1) land-use change and forest sector emissions
6 account for approximately 20 percent of global
7 greenhouse gas emissions;

8 (2) land conversion and deforestation are 2 of 9 the largest sources of greenhouse gas emissions in 10 the developing world, amounting to roughly 40 per-11 cent of the total greenhouse gas emissions of the de-12 veloping world;

13 (3) with sufficient data, deforestation rates and
14 forest carbon stocks can be measured with an ac15 ceptable level of uncertainty; and

16 (4) encouraging reduced deforestation and
17 other forest carbon activities in other countries
18 can—

19(A) provide critical leverage to encourage20voluntary developing country participation in21emission limitation regimes;

22 (B) facilitate greater overall reductions in
23 greenhouse gas emissions than would otherwise
24 be practicable; and

1(C) substantially benefit biodiversity, con-2servation, and indigenous and other forest-de-3pendent people in developing countries.

4 SEC. 3802. DEFINITION OF FOREST CARBON ACTIVITIES.

5 In this subtitle, the term "forest carbon activities" 6 means—

7 (1) activities directed at reducing greenhouse 8 gas emissions from deforestation and forest degrada-9 tion in countries other than the United States; and 10 (2) activities directed at increasing sequestra-11 tion of earbon through restoration of forests, and de-12 graded land in countries other than the United 13 States that has not been forested prior to restoration, afforestation, and improved forest manage-14 15 ment, that meet the eligibility requirements promulgated under section 3804(a). 16

17 SEC. 3803. ALLOCATION.

18 Not later than January 1, 2012, and annually there-19 after through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall 20 allocate and distribute 3 percent of the Emission Allow-21 ance Account for the calendar year for use in carrying out 22 forest carbon activities in countries other than the United 23 States. O:\DEC\DEC07762.xml

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1 SEC. 3804. DEFINITION AND ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.

2 (a) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR FOREST CAR-BON ACTIVITIES.—Not later than 2 years after the date 3 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consulta-4 5 tion with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall promulgate 6 7 eligibility requirements for forest earbon activities directed at sequestration of earbon through restoration of forests 8 9 and degraded land, afforestation, and improved forest management in countries other than the United States, 10 11 including requirements that those activities be-

(1) carried out and managed in accordance with
 widely-accepted environmentally sustainable forestry
 practices; and

15 (2) designed

16 (A) to promote native species and restora-17 tion of native forests, where practicable; and 19 (D) to promote native leading in the leading of the second secon

18 (B) to avoid the introduction of invasive
19 nonnative species.

20 (b) QUALITY CRITERIA FOR FOREST CARBON ALLO-21 CATIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enact-22 ment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation with 23 the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of State, and 24 the Secretary of Agriculture, shall promulgate regulations 25 establishing the requirements for eligibility to receive al-26 lowances under this section, including requirements that

1	ensure that the emission reductions or sequestrations are
2	real, permanent, additional, and verifiable, with reliable
3	measuring and monitoring and appropriate accounting for
4	leakage.
5	SEC. 3805. INTERNATIONAL FOREST CARBON ACTIVITIES.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in consulta-
7	tion with the Secretary of State, shall identify and periodi-
8	cally update a list of countries that have—
9	(1) demonstrated capacity to participate in
10	international forest carbon activities, including—
11	(A) sufficient historical data on changes in
12	national forest carbon stocks;
13	(B) technical capacity to monitor and
14	measure forest carbon fluxes with an acceptable
15	level of uncertainty; and
16	(C) institutional capacity to reduce emis-
17	sions from deforestation and degradation;
18	(2) capped greenhouse gas emissions or other-
19	wise established a national emission reference see-
20	nario based on historical data; and
21	(3) commenced an emission reduction program
22	for the forest sector.
23	(b) CREDITING AND ADDITIONALITY.
24	(1) REDUCTION IN DEFORESTATION AND FOR-
25	EST DEGRADATION.—A verified reduction in green-

1 house gas emissions from deforestation and forest 2 degradation under a cap or from a nationwide emis-3 sions reference scenario described in subsection (a) shall be-4 5 (A) eligible for crediting; and 6 (B) considered to satisfy the additionality 7 criterion. 8 (2) PERIODIC REVIEW OF NATIONAL LEVEL RE-9 DUCTIONS IN DEFORESTATION AND DEGRADA-10 TION.—The Administrator, in consultation with the 11 Secretary of State, shall identify and periodically update a list of countries described in subsection (a) 12 13 that have— 14 (A) achieved national-level reductions of 15 deforestation and degradation below a historical 16 reference scenario, taking into consideration the 17 average annual deforestation and degradation 18 rates of the country and of all countries during 19 a period of at least 5 years; and 20 (B) demonstrated those reductions using 21 remote sensing technology that meets inter-22 national standards. 23 (3) OTHER FOREST CARBON ACTIVITIES.—A 24 forest carbon activity, other than a reduction in de-25 forestation or forest degradation, shall be eligible for O:\DEC\DEC07762.xml

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crediting, subject to the quality criteria for forest
 carbon credits identified in this Act or in regulations
 promulgated under this Act.

4 (c) RECOGNITION OF CREDITS.—With respect to
5 countries other than countries described in subsection (a),
6 the Administrator—

7 (1) shall recognize credits from forest carbon
8 activities, subject to the quality criteria for forest
9 carbon credits identified in this Act and regulations
10 promulgated under this Act; and

(2) is encouraged to identify other incentives,
including economic and market-based incentives, to
encourage developing countries with largely-intact
native forests to protect those forests.

15 SEC. 3806. REVIEWS AND DISCOUNT.

(a) REVIEWS.—Not later than 3 years after the date
of enactment of this Act, and 5 years thereafter, the Administrator shall conduct a review of the credit program
under this subtitle.

(b) DISCOUNT.—If, after the date that is 10 years
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
determines that foreign countries that, in the aggregate,
generate greenhouse gas emissions accounting for more
than 0.5 percent of global greenhouse gas emissions have
not capped those emissions, established emissions ref-

erence scenarios based on historical data, or otherwise re duced total forest emissions, the Administrator may apply
 a discount to forest carbon credits imported into the
 United States from those countries.

5 Subtitle I—Covered Facilities

6 SEC. 3901. ALLOCATION.

Not later than April 1, 2012, and annually thereafter
8 through January 1, 2035, the Administrator shall allocate
9 percentages of the Emission Allowance Account for the
10 calendar year to owners or operators of covered facilities
11 within the electric power sector and the industrial sector,
12 as follows:

Calendar	Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allo- cated to the Electric Power Sector	Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allo- eated to the Industrial Sector
2012	2 0	20
2013	20	20
2014	20	20
2015	20	20
2016	20	20
2017	19	19
2018	18	18
2019	17	17
2020	16	16
2021	$\frac{15}{15}$	$\frac{15}{15}$
2022	14	14
2023	13	13
2024	12	12
2025	11	++
2026	10	10

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Description of Description	
Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allo- eated to the Electric Power Sector	Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allo- cated to the Industrial Sector
9	9
8	8
7	7
6	6
$\frac{5}{2}$	5
4	4
3	3
2	2
1	1
	Allowance Account Allo- eated to the Electric Power Sector 9 8 7 6 6 5 4 3 2 2

1 SEC. 3902. DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.

2 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment 3 of this Act, the Administrator shall establish a system for 4 distributing to covered facilities within the electric power 5 and industrial sectors the emission allowances allocated 6 under section 3901.

7 SEC. 3903. DISTRIBUTING EMISSION ALLOWANCES WITHIN

8

THE ELECTRIC POWER SECTOR.

9 (a) New ENTRANTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system established under section 3902, the Administrator shall,
for each calendar year, set aside, from the quantity
of emission allowances represented by the percentages described in the table contained in section 3901
for the electric power sector, a quantity of emission

1	allowances for distribution to new entrant cover	ed
2	electric power sector facilities.	

3 (2) CALCULATION OF ALLOWANCES.—The 4 quantity of emission allowances distributed by the 5 Administrator for a calendar year to a new covered 6 electric power sector facility under paragraph (1) 7 shall be equal to the product obtained by multi-8 plying—

9 (A) the average greenhouse gas emission 10 rate of all covered electric power sector facilities 11 that commenced operations during the 5 years 12 preceding the date of enactment of this Act; 13 and

14 (B) the electricity generated by the facility
15 during the calendar year, adjusted downward
16 on a pro rata basis for each new facility in the
17 event that insufficient allowances are available
18 under section 3901 for a calendar year.

19 (b) FACILITIES OWNED BY A RURAL ELECTRIC CO20 OPERATIVE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system established under section 3902, the Administrator shall,
for each calendar year, set aside, from the quantity
of emission allowances represented by the percentages described in the table contained in section 3901

for the electric power sector, a quantity of emission
 allowances for distribution to covered electric power
 sector facilities that are owned or operated by a
 rural electric cooperative.

5 (2)CALCULATION ΘF ALLOWANCES.—The 6 quantity of emission allowances distributed by the 7 Administrator in a calendar year under paragraph 8 (1) to a covered electric power sector facility that is 9 owned or operated by a rural electric cooperative 10 shall be equal to the quantity of earbon dioxide 11 equivalents that the covered electric power sector fa-12 cility emitted during calendar year 2006.

13 (c) INCUMBENTS.

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system estab-15 lished under section 3902, the Administrator shall, 16 for each calendar year, distribute to covered electric 17 power sector facilities (other than facilities owned or 18 operated by a rural electric cooperative) that were 19 operating during the calendar year preceding the 20 vear in which this Act was enacted the emission al-21 lowances represented by the percentages described in 22 the table contained in section 3901 for the electric 23 power sector that remain after the distribution of 24 emission allowances under subsections (a) and (b).

1	(2) CALCULATION OF ALLOWANCES.—The
2	quantity of emission allowances distributed to a cov-
3	ered electric power sector facility under paragraph
4	(1) shall be equal to the product obtained by multi-
5	plying
6	(A) the quantity of emission allowances
7	available for distribution under paragraph (1);
8	and
9	(B) the quotient obtained by dividing—
10	(i) the annual average quantity of car-
11	bon dioxide equivalents emitted by the cov-
12	ered electric power sector facility during
13	the 3 calendar years preceding the date of
14	enactment of this Act; by
15	(ii) the annual average of the aggre-
16	gate quantity of earbon dioxide equivalents
17	emitted by all covered electric power sector
18	facilities during those 3 calendar years.
19	SEC. 3904. DISTRIBUTING EMISSION ALLOWANCES WITHIN
20	THE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.
21	(a) New Entrants.
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system estab-
23	lished under section 3902, the Administrator shall,
24	for each calendar year, set aside, from the quantity
25	of emission allowances represented by the percent-

ages described in the table contained in section 3901
 for the industrial sector, a quantity of emission al lowances for distribution to new entrant covered in dustrial sector facilities.

5 (2)CALCULATION ALLOWANCES.—The ΘF 6 quantity of emission allowances distributed by the 7 Administrator in a calendar year to a new covered 8 industrial sector facility under paragraph (1) shall 9 be calculated pursuant to such formula as shall be 10 established under the system established under see-11 tion 3902.

12 (b) INCUMBENTS.

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system estab-14 lished under section 3902, the Administrator shall, 15 for each calendar year, distribute to covered indus-16 trial sector facilities that were operating during the 17 ealendar year preceding the year in which this Act 18 was enacted the emission allowances represented by 19 the percentages described in the table contained in 20 section 3901 for the industrial sector that remain 21 after the distribution of emission allowances under 22 subsection (a).

23 (2) CALCULATION OF ALLOWANCES.—The
 24 quantity of emission allowances distributed to a cov 25 ered industrial sector facility under paragraph (1)

1	shall be equal to the product obtained by multi-
2	plying
3	(A) the quantity of emission allowances
4	available for distribution under paragraph (1);
5	and
6	(B) the quotient obtained by dividing—
7	(i) the annual average quantity of car-
8	bon dioxide equivalents emitted by the cov-
9	ered industrial sector facility during the 3
10	calendar years preceding the date of enact-
11	ment of this Act; by
12	(ii) the annual average of the aggre-
13	gate quantity of carbon dioxide equivalents
14	emitted by all covered industrial sector fa-
15	cilities during those 3 calendar years.
16	(c) Revocation of Distribution Upon Facility
17	SHUTDOWN.—If a covered facility within the industrial
18	sector receives a distribution of emission allowances under
19	this section for a calendar year and is subsequently perma-
20	nently shut down during that calendar year, the owner or
21	operator of the facility shall promptly return to the Ad-
22	ministrator a number of emission allowances equal to the
23	difference between—

1	(1) the number of carbon dioxide equivalents
2	emitted by the facility in that calendar year prior to
3	the shutdown; and
4	(2) the number of emission allowances distrib-
5	uted to the facility by the Administrator for that cal-
6	endar year.
7	TITLE IV—AUCTIONS AND USES
8	OF AUCTION PROCEEDS
9	Subtitle A—Funds
10	SEC. 4101. ESTABLISHMENT.
11	There are established in the Treasury of the United
12	States the following funds:
13	(1) The Energy Assistance Fund.
14	(2) The Climate Change Worker Training
15	Fund.
16	(3) The Adaptation Fund.
17	(4) The Climate Change and National Security
18	Fund.
19	SEC. 4102. AMOUNTS IN FUNDS.
20	Each Fund established by section 4101 shall consist
21	of such amounts as are appropriated to the respective
22	Fund under section 4103.
23	SEC. 4103. TRANSFERS TO FUNDS.
24	There are appropriated to each Fund established by
25	section 4101, out of funds of the Treasury not otherwise

appropriated, amounts equivalent to amounts deposited in
 each respective Fund under section 4302(b)(2).

3 Subtitle B—Climate Change Credit 4 Corporation

5 SEC. 4201. ESTABLISHMENT.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established, as a non7 profit corporation without stock, a corporation to be
8 known as the "Climate Change Credit Corporation".

9 (b) TREATMENT.—The Corporation shall not be con-10 sidered to be an agency or establishment of the Federal 11 Government.

12 SEC. 4202. APPLICABLE LAWS.

13 The Corporation shall be subject to this title and, to 14 the extent consistent with this title, the District of Colum-15 bia Business Corporation Act (D.C. Code section 29-301 16 et seq.).

17 SEC. 4203. BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

(a) IN GENERAL. The Corporation shall have a
board of directors composed of 5 individuals who are citizens of the United States, of whom 1 shall be elected annually by the board to serve as Chairperson.

(b) POLITICAL AFFILIATION.—Not more than 3
members of the board serving at any time may be affiliated with the same political party.

1 (c) APPOINTMENT AND TERM.—A member of the 2 board shall be appointed by the President, by and with 3 the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of 5 4 years.

5 (d) QUORUM.—Three members of the board shall
6 constitute a quorum for a meeting of the board of diree7 tors.

8 Subtitle C—Auctions

9 SEC. 4301. EARLY AUCTIONS.

10 (a) INITIATION OF AUCTIONING.—Not later than 1 11 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Corpora-12 tion shall begin auctioning the emission allowances allo-13 eated to the Corporation under section 3101.

(b) COMPLETION OF AUCTIONING.—Not later than
December 31, 2011, the Corporation shall complete auctioning of all allowances allocated to the Corporation
under section 3101.

(c) PROCEEDS FROM EARLY AUCTIONING.—The
Corporation shall use to carry out programs established
under subtitle D all proceeds of early auctioning conducted
by the Corporation under this section.

22 SEC. 4302. ANNUAL AUCTIONS.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the
24 beginning of a calendar year identified in the table con25 tained in section 3201, and annually thereafter through

calendar year 2050, the Corporation shall auction all of
 the allowances allocated to the Corporation for that year
 by the Administrator under section 3201.

4 (b) PROCEEDS FROM ANNUAL AUCTIONING.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—For each of calendar years 6 2012 through 2050, the Corporation shall use to 7 carry out the programs established under subtitle D 8 55 percent of the proceeds from annual auctions 9 that the Corporation conducts for the calendar year 10 under this section.

11 (2) DEPOSIT OF FUNDS.—For each of calendar 12 years 2012 through 2050, the Corporation shall, 13 subject to subtitle H, deposit into the following 14 Funds established by section 4101 the following per-15 centages of the proceeds from auctions that the Cor-16 poration conducts for the calendar year under this 17 section:

Energy Assistance Fund	$\underline{20}$
Climate Change Worker Training Fund	$\overline{5}$
Adaptation Fund	$\underline{20}$

18 Subtitle D—Energy Technology 19 Deployment

20 SEC. 4401. IN GENERAL.

21 For each calendar year, the Corporation shall use the 22 amounts described in section 4301(c) and 4302(b) to

1	carry out the programs established under this subtitle, as
2	follows:
3	(1) Not more than 45 percent of the funds shall
4	be used to carry out the zero- or low-carbon energy
5	technologies program under section 4402.
6	(2) Not more than 35 percent of the funds shall
7	be used as follows:
8	(A) Not more than 28 percent shall be
9	used to carry out the advanced coal and seques-
10	tration technologies program under section
11	4403.
12	(B) Not more than 7 percent shall be used
13	to carry out the cellulosic biomass ethanol tech-
14	nology deployment programs under section
15	4404.
16	(3) Not more than 20 percent shall be used to
17	carry out the advanced technology vehicles manufac-
18	turing incentive program under section 4405.
19	SEC. 4402. ZERO- OR LOW-CARBON ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES
20	DEPLOYMENT.
21	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
22	(1) Energy savings.—The term "energy sav-
23	ings" means megawatt-hours of electricity or million
24	British thermal units of natural gas saved by a
25	product, in comparison to projected energy consump-

1	tion under an energy-efficiency standard applicable
2	to the product.
3	(2) High-efficiency consumer product.
4	The term "high-efficiency consumer product" means
5	a covered product to which an energy conservation
6	standard applies under section 325 of the Energy
7	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295), if
8	the energy efficiency of the product exceeds the en-
9	ergy efficiency required under the standard.
10	(3) Zero- or low-carbon generation.—The
11	term "zero- or low-carbon generation" means gen-
12	eration of electricity by an electric generation unit
13	that—
14	(A) emits no earbon dioxide into the at-
15	mosphere, or is fossil-fuel fired and emits into
16	the atmosphere not more than 250 pounds of
17	carbon dioxide per megawatt-hour (after adjust-
18	ment for any earbon dioxide from the unit that
19	is geologically sequestered); and
20	(B) was placed into commercial service
21	after the date of enactment of this Act.
22	(b) Financial Incentives Program.—During each
23	fiscal year beginning on or after October 1, 2008, the Cor-
24	poration shall competitively award financial incentives
25	under this subsection in the technology categories of—

1	(1) the production of electricity from new zero-
2	or low-carbon generation; and
3	(2) the manufacture of high-efficiency consumer
4	products.
5	(c) Requirements.—
6	(1) In GENERAL.—The Corporation shall make
7	awards under this section to producers of new zero-
8	or low-carbon generation and to manufacturers of
9	high-efficiency consumer products—
10	(A) in the case of producers of new zero-
11	or low-carbon generation, based on the bid of
12	each producer in terms of dollars per megawatt-
13	hour of electricity generated; and
14	(B) in the case of manufacturers of high-
15	efficiency consumer products, based on the bid
16	of each manufacturer in terms of dollars per
17	megawatt-hour or million British thermal units
18	saved.
19	(2) Acceptance of Bids.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—In making awards
21	under this subsection, the Corporation shall—
22	(i) solicit bids for reverse auction from
23	appropriate producers and manufacturers,
24	as determined by the Corporation; and

1	(ii) award financial incentives to the
2	producers and manufacturers that submit
3	the lowest bids that meet the requirements
4	established by the Corporation.
5	(B) Factors for conversion.—
6	(i) IN GENERAL.—For the purpose of
7	assessing bids under subparagraph (A), the
8	Corporation shall specify a factor for con-
9	verting megawatt-hours of electricity and
10	million British thermal units of natural
11	gas to common units.
12	(ii) Requirement. —The conversion
13	factor shall be based on the relative green-
14	house gas emission benefits of electricity
15	and natural gas conservation.
16	(d) Forms of Awards.—
17	(1) ZERO- AND LOW-CARBON GENERATORS.—
18	An award for zero- or low-carbon generation under
19	this subsection shall be in the form of a contract to
20	provide a production payment for each year during
21	the first 10 years of commercial service of the gen-
22	eration unit in an amount equal to the product ob-
23	tained by multiplying—
24	(A) the amount bid by the producer of the
25	zero- or low-carbon generation; and

1	(B) the megawatt-hours estimated to be
2	generated by the zero- or low-carbon generation
3	unit each year.
4	(2) High-efficiency consumer products.—
5	An award for a high-efficiency consumer product
6	under this subsection shall be in the form of a lump
7	sum payment in an amount equal to the product ob-
8	tained by multiplying—
9	(A) the amount bid by the manufacturer of
10	the high-efficiency consumer product; and
11	(B) the energy savings during the pro-
12	jected useful life of the high-efficiency consumer
13	product, not to exceed 10 years, as determined
14	by the Corporation.
15	SEC. 4403. ADVANCED COAL AND SEQUESTRATION TECH-
16	NOLOGIES PROGRAM.
17	(a) Advanced Coal Technologies.—
18	(1) DEFINITION OF ADVANCED COAL GENERA-
19	TION TECHNOLOGY.—In this subsection, the term
20	"advanced coal generation technology" means ad-
21	vanced a coal-fueled power plant technology that—
22	(A) achieves a minimum efficiency of 30
23	percent with respect to higher heating value of
23 24	percent with respect to higher heating value of the feedstock, after all parasitic requirements

2,000 pounds per square inch absolute have
 been subtracted;

3 (B) provides for the capture and geological
4 sequestration of at least 85 percent of carbon
5 dioxide produced at the facility, as determined
6 by the Corporation; and

7 (C) has an emission rate of not more than
8 250 pounds of carbon dioxide per megawatt9 hour of net electricity generation, after sub10 tracting the carbon dioxide that is captured and
11 sequestered.

12 (2) DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.—The Cor-13 poration shall use not less than ¹/₄ of the amounts 14 made available to carry out this section for each fis-15 cal year to support demonstration projects using ad-16 vanced coal generation technology, including retrofit 17 technology that could be deployed on existing coal 18 generation facilities.

19 (3) DEPLOYMENT INCENTIVES.—

20 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall
21 use not less than ¼ of the amounts made avail22 able to carry out this subsection for each fiscal
23 year to provide Federal financial incentives to
24 facilitate the deployment of not more than 20

1	gigawatts of advanced coal generation tech-
2	nologies.
3	(B) Administration.—In providing in-
4	centives under this paragraph, the Corporation
5	shall—
6	(i) provide appropriate incentives for
7	regulated investor-owned utilities, munic-
8	ipal utilities, electric cooperatives, and
9	independent power producers, as deter-
10	mined by the Secretary of Energy; and
11	(ii) ensure that a range of the domes-
12	tic coal types is employed in the facilities
13	that receive incentives under this para-
14	graph.
15	(C) Funding requirements.—
16	(i) SEQUESTRATION ACTIVITIES.—The
17	Corporation shall provide incentives only to
18	projects that will capture and sequester at
19	least 85 percent of the earbon dioxide pro-
20	duced by the project facilities.
21	(ii) Storage agreement re-
22	QUIRED.—The Corporation shall require a
23	binding storage agreement for the earbon
24	dioxide captured in a project under this
25	subsection, in a geological storage project

1	permitted by the Administrator under reg-
2	ulations promulgated pursuant to section
3	1421(d) of the Safe Drinking Water Act
4	(42 U.S.C. 300h(d)).
5	(iii) Projects using certain
6	COALS.—In providing incentives under this
7	paragraph, the Corporation shall set aside
8	not less than 25 percent of any amounts
9	made available to carry out this subsection
10	for projects using lower-rank coals, such as
11	subbituminous coal and lignite.
12	(4) Distribution of funds.—A project that
13	receives an award under this subsection may elect 1
14	of the following Federal financial incentives:
15	(A) A loan guarantee.
16	(B) A cost-sharing grant to cover the in-
17	cremental cost of installing and operating car-
18	bon capture and storage equipment (for which
19	utilization costs may be covered for the first 10
20	years of operation).
21	(C) Production payments of not more than
22	1.5 cents per kilowatt-hour of electric output
23	during the first 10 years of commercial service
24	of the project.

(5) LIMITATION.—A project may not receive an
 award under this subsection if the project receives
 an award under section 4402.

4 (b) SEQUESTRATION.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall use 6 not less than 1/2 of the amounts made available to carry out this subsection for each fiscal year for 7 8 large-scale geological carbon storage demonstration 9 projects that store earbon dioxide captured from fa-10 cilities for the generation of electricity using coal 11 gasification or other advanced coal combustion proc-12 esses, including facilities that receive assistance 13 under subsection (a).

14 (2)PROJECT CAPITAL **OPERATING** AND COSTS.—The Corporation shall provide assistance 15 16 under this paragraph to reimburse the project owner 17 for a percentage of the incremental project capital 18 and operating costs of the project that are attrib-19 utable to earbon capture and sequestration, as the 20 Secretary determines to be appropriate.

21 SEC. 4404. FUEL FROM CELLULOSIC BIOMASS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall provide deployment incentives under this section to encourage a variety of projects to produce transportation fuels from cel-

lulosic biomass, relying on different feedstocks in different 1 2 regions of the United States. 3 (b) **PROJECT** ELIGIBILITY.—Incentives under this 4 section shall be provided on a competitive basis to projects 5 that produce fuels that— 6 (1) meet United States fuel and emission speci-7 fications; 8 (2) help diversify domestic transportation en-9 ergy supplies; and 10 (3) improve or maintain air, water, soil, and 11 habitat quality, and protect scarce water supplies. 12 (c) INCENTIVES.—Incentives under this section may consist of-13 14 (1) loan guarantees for the construction of pro-15 duction facilities and supporting infrastructure; or 16 (2) production payments through a reverse auc-17 tion in accordance with subsection (d). 18 (d) REVERSE AUCTION. 19 IN GENERAL.—In providing incentives (1)20 under this section, the Corporation shall-21 (A) prescribe rules under which producers 22 of fuel from cellulosic biomass may bid for pro-23 duction payments under subsection (e)(2); and

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1	(B) solicit bids from producers of different
2	classes of transportation fuel, as the Corpora-
3	tion determines to be appropriate.
4	(2) REQUIREMENT.—The rules under section
5	4402 shall require that incentives shall be provided
6	to the producers that submit the lowest bid (in
7	terms of cents per gallon gasoline equivalent) for
8	each class of transportation fuel from which the Cor-
9	poration solicits a bid.
10	SEC. 4405. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY VEHICLES MANUFAC-
11	TURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM.
12	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
13	(1) Advanced technology vehicle.—The
14	term "advanced technology vehicle" means a hybrid
15	or advanced diesel light duty motor vehicle that
16	meets-
17	(A) the Tier H Bin 5 emission standard
18	
	established in rules prescribed by the Adminis-
19	
19 20	established in rules prescribed by the Adminis-
	established in rules prescribed by the Adminis- trator under section 202(i) of the Clean Air Act
20	established in rules prescribed by the Adminis- trator under section 202(i) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7521(i)), or a lower-numbered Bin
20 21	established in rules prescribed by the Adminis- trator under section 202(i) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7521(i)), or a lower-numbered Bin emission standard;
20 21 22	established in rules prescribed by the Adminis- trator under section 202(i) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7521(i)), or a lower-numbered Bin emission standard; (B) any new emission standard for fine

1	(C) at least 125 percent of the average
2	base year combined fuel economy, calculated on
3	an energy-equivalent basis, for vehicles of a
4	substantially similar footprint.
5	(2) Combined fuel economy.—The term
6	"combined fuel economy" means—
7	(A) the combined city-highway miles per
8	gallon values, as reported in accordance with
9	section 32908 of title 49, United States Code;
10	and
11	(B) in the case of an electric drive vehicle
12	with the ability to recharge from an off-board
13	source, the reported mileage, as determined in
14	a manner consistent with the Society of Auto-
15	motive Engineers recommended practice for
16	that configuration, or a similar practice rec-
17	ommended by the Secretary of Energy, using a
18	petroleum equivalence factor for the off-board
19	electricity (as defined by the Secretary of En-
20	ergy).
21	(3) Engineering integration costs.—The
22	term "engineering integration costs" includes the
23	cost of engineering tasks relating to—

1	(A) incorporating qualifying components
2	into the design of advanced technology vehicles;
3	and
4	(B) designing new tooling and equipment
5	for production facilities that produce qualifying
6	components or advanced technology vehicles.
7	(4) QUALIFYING COMPONENT.—The term
8	"qualifying component" means a component that the
9	Secretary of Energy determines to be—
10	(A) specially designed for advanced tech-
11	nology vehicles; and
12	(B) installed for the purpose of meeting
13	the performance requirements of advanced tech-
14	nology vehicles as specified in subparagraphs
15	(A), (B) , and (C) of paragraph (1) .
16	(b) Manufacturer Facility Conversion
17	AWARDS.—The Corporation shall provide facility conver-
18	sion funding awards under this subsection to automobile
19	manufacturers and component suppliers to pay up to 30
20	percent of the cost of—
21	(1) recquipping or expanding an existing manu-
22	facturing facility to produce—
23	(A) qualifying advanced technology vehi-
24	eles; or
25	(B) qualifying components; and

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1	(2) engineering integration of qualifying vehi-
2	eles and qualifying components.
3	(c) PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY.—An award under sub-
4	section (b) shall apply to—
5	(1) facilities and equipment placed in service
6	after the date of enactment of this Act and before
7	January 1, 2016; and
8	(2) engineering integration costs incurred after
9	the date of enactment of this Act.
10	Subtitle E—Energy Consumers
11	SEC. 4501. PROPORTIONS OF FUNDING AVAILABILITY.
12	All funds deposited into the Energy Assistance Fund
13	established by section 4101 shall be made available, with-
14	out further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, to the
15	following programs in the following proportions:
16	(1) 50 percent of the funds to the low-income
17	home energy assistance program established under
18	the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act of
19	1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621 et seq.).
20	(2) 25 percent of the funds to the Weatheriza-
21	tion Assistance Program for Low-Income Persons
22	established under part A of title IV of the Energy
22 23	established under part A of title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6861

(3) 25 percent of the funds to the rural energy
 assistance program described in section 4502.

3 SEC. 4502. RURAL ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

4 The Secretary of Energy shall carry out a program 5 to use the funds made available under section 4501(3) to 6 provide financial assistance to promote the availability of 7 reasonably-priced electricity in off-grid rural regions in 8 which electricity prices exceed 150 percent of the national 9 average, as determined by the Secretary of Energy.

10 Subtitle F—Climate Change 11 Worker Training Program

12 SEC. 4601. FUNDING.

13 All funds deposited into the Climate Change Worker 14 Training Fund established by section 4101 shall be made 15 available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limi-16 tation, to carry out the programs established under this 17 subtitle.

18 SEC. 4602. PURPOSES.

19 The purposes of this subtitle are—

20 (1) to provide quality job training to any work21 ers displaced by this Act;

22 (2) to provide assistance in the form of tem23 porary wages and health care benefits to workers in
24 training;

(3) to transition workers into jobs created as a
 result of this Act;
 (4) to provide skilled workers to enterprises de veloping and marketing advanced technologies and

5 practices that reduce greenhouse gas emissions of
6 the United States; and

7 (5) to provide funding for State worker training
8 programs.

9 SEC. 4603. ESTABLISHMENT.

10 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment 11 of this Act, the Secretary of Labor, in consultation with 12 the Administrator and the Secretary of Energy, shall es-13 tablish a climate change worker training program that 14 achieves the purposes of this subtitle.

15 SEC. 4604. GRANTS TO STATES.

16 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment 17 of this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall establish a pro-18 gram to award grants to States, for use in funding State 19 worker training programs, based on the impact of this Act 20 on the workforce of each State, as determined by the Sec-21 retary of Labor.

22 SEC. 4605. TYPES OF ASSISTANCE.

23 The types of assistance that workers may receive
24 under the elimate ehange worker training program shall
25 include, as determined by the Secretary of Labor—

1	(1) income replacement;
2	(2) health care credits;
3	(3) travel costs incidental to participation in a
4	training program under this subtitle; and
5	(4) a portion of the cost of relocating to a new
6	job.
7	Subtitle G—Adaptation Program
8	for Natural Resources in United
9	States and Territories
10	SEC. 4701. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this subtitle:
12	(1) Ecological process.—
13	(A) In GENERAL.—The term "ecological
14	process" means a biological, chemical, or phys-
15	ical interaction between the biotic and abiotic
16	components of an ecosystem.
17	(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "ecological
18	process" includes—
19	(i) nutrient cycling;
20	(ii) pollination;
21	(iii) predator-prey relationships;
22	(iv) soil formation;
23	(v) gene flow;
24	(vi) larval dispersal and settlement;
25	(vii) hydrological cycling;

1	(viii) decomposition; and
2	(ix) disturbance regimes, such as fire
3	and flooding.
4	(2) FISH AND WILDLIFE.—The term "fish and
5	wildlife'' means—
6	(A) any species of wild fauna, including
7	fish and other aquatic species; and
8	(B) any fauna in a captive breeding pro-
9	gram the object of which is to reintroduce indi-
10	viduals of a depleted indigenous species into
11	previously occupied range.
12	(3) HABITAT.—The term "habitat" means the
13	physical, chemical, and biological properties that are
14	used by wildlife (including aquatic and terrestrial
15	plant communities) for growth, reproduction, and
16	survival, food, water, cover, and space, on a tract of
17	land, in a body of water, or in an area or region.
18	(4) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe"
19	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
20	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
21	Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
22	(5) PLANT.—The term "plant" means any spe-
23	cies of wild flora.
24	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
25	the Secretary of the Interior.

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1	(7) STATE.—The term "State" means—
2	(A) a State;
3	(B) the District of Columbia;
4	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
5	and
6	(D) any other territory or possession of the
7	United States.
8	SEC. 4702. ADAPTATION FUND.
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—All amounts deposited in the Ad-
10	aptation Fund established by section 4101 shall be made
11	available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limi-
12	tation, to carry out activities (including research and edu-
13	cation activities) that assist fish and wildlife, fish and
14	wildlife habitat, plants, and associated ecological processes
15	in adapting to and surviving the impacts of elimate change
16	(referred to in this subtitle as "adaptation activities") pur-
17	suant to this subtitle.
18	(b) DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.—Of the
19	amounts made available to earry out this subtitle—
20	(1) 40 percent shall be allocated to the Sec-
21	retary, and subsequently made available to States
22	through the Wildlife Conservation and Restoration

Account established under section 3(a)(2) of the
Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16
U.S.C. 669b(a)(2)), to carry out adaptation activi-

1	ties in accordance with comprehensive wildlife con-
2	servation strategies and, where appropriate, other
3	fish and wildlife conservation strategies, including—
4	(A) plans under the National Fish Habitat
5	Initiative of the National Fish and Wildlife
6	Foundation;
7	(B) North American Wetlands Conserva-
8	tion Act (16 U.S.C. 4401 et seq.);
9	(C) the Federal, State, and local partner-
10	ship known as "Partners in Flight";
11	(D) coastal zone management plans;
12	(E) regional fishery management plans;
13	and
14	(F) recovery plans for threatened and en-
15	dangered species under section 6 of the Endan-
16	gered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1535);
17	(2) 20 percent shall be allocated to the Sec-
18	retary for use in funding adaptation activities car-
19	ried out—
20	(A) under endangered species, migratory
21	bird, and other fish and wildlife programs ad-
22	ministered by the United States Fish and Wild-
23	life Service;
24	(B) on wildlife refuges and other public
25	land under the jurisdiction of the United States

1	Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Land
2	Management, or National Park Service; or
3	(C) within Federal water managed by the
4	Bureau of Reelamation; and
5	(3) 5 percent shall be allocated to the Secretary
6	for adaptation activities carried out under coopera-
7	tive grant programs, including—
8	(A) the Tribal Wildlife Grants program of
9	the United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
10	(B) the cooperative endangered species
11	conservation fund authorized under section $6(i)$
12	of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
13	U.S.C. 1535(i));
14	(C) programs under the North American
15	Wetlands Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 4401 et
16	seq.);
17	(D) the Land and Water Conservation
18	Fund established under section 2 of the Land
19	and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16
20	U.S.C. 4601-5);
21	(\mathbf{E}) the multinational species conservation
22	fund established under the heading "MULTI-
23	NATIONAL SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND" of
24	title I of the Department of the Interior and

1	Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (16
2	U.S.C. 4246);
3	(F) the Neotropical Migratory Bird Con-
4	servation Fund established by section $9(a)$ of
5	the Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation
6	Act (16 U.S.C. 6108(a));
7	(G) the Coastal Program of the United
8	States Fish and Wildlife Service; and
9	(H) the National Fish Habitat Action
10	Plan.
11	(c) Forest Service.—Of the amounts made avail-
12	able each fiscal year to carry out this subtitle, 5 percent
13	shall be allocated to the Secretary of Agriculture for use
14	in funding adaptation activities carried out on National
15	Forests and National Grasslands under the jurisdiction of
16	the Forest Service.
17	(d) Environmental Protection Agency.—Of the
18	amounts made available to earry out this subtitle, 12.5
19	percent shall be allocated to the Administrator for use in
20	restoring and protecting—
21	(1) large-scale freshwater aquatic ecosystems,
22	such as the Everglades, the Great Lakes, Flathead
23	Lake, the Missouri River, and the Yellowstone River;
24	and

1	(2) large-scale estuarine ecosystems, such as
2	Chesapeake Bay and Long Island Sound.
3	(e) Corps of Engineers.—Of the amounts made
4	available to carry out this subtitle, 12.5 percent shall be
5	allocated to the Corps of Engineers for use in restoring-
6	(1) large-scale freshwater aquatic ecosystems,
7	such as the ecosystems described in subsection
8	(d)(1); and
9	(2) large-scale estuarine ecosystems, such as
10	Chesapeake Bay, California Bay Delta, Coastal Lou-
11	isiana, Long Island Sound, and Puget Sound.
12	(f) Department of Commerce.—Of the amounts
13	made available to carry out this subtitle, 5 percent shall
14	be allocated to the Secretary of Commerce for use in fund-
15	ing adaptation activities carried out in protecting and re-
16	storing coastal, estuarine, coral, and marine species and
17	habitats, including adaptation activities in cooperative
18	grant programs such as
19	(1) the Coastal and Estuarine Land Conserva-
20	tion Program and the Community-Based Restoration
21	Program of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
22	Administration; and
23	(2) programs under the Coastal Zone Manage-
24	ment Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.).

(g) COST SHARING.—Notwithstanding any other pro vision of law, a State or Indian tribe that receives a grant
 under this section shall be required to provide 10 percent
 of the costs of each activity carried out using funds from
 the grant.

6 (h) Comprehensive Adaptation Strategy.

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Effective beginning on the
8 date that is 18 months after the date of enactment
9 of this Act, funds made available to the Federal
10 agencies under this subtitle shall be used only for
11 activities that are consistent with a comprehensive
12 adaptation strategy that—

- 13 (A) is jointly approved by the head of each
 14 of the Federal agencies, after—
- 15 (i) consultation with States and In16 dian tribes; and
- 17 (ii) solicitation of public and inde18 pendent scientific input; and

(B) describes the manner in which the
Federal Government will assist fish and wildlife,
fish and wildlife habitat, plants, and associated
ecological processes in adapting to and surviving the impacts of climate change.

1	(2) UPDATING.—Each adaptation strategy de-
2	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be updated at least
3	every 5 years.
4	Subtitle H—Climate Change and
5	National Security Program
6	SEC. 4801. INTERAGENCY CLIMATE CHANGE AND NA-
7	TIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL.
8	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Cli-
9	mate Change and National Security Council (referred to
10	in this subtitle as the "Council").
11	(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall include—
12	(1) the Secretary of State, who shall serve as
13	Chairperson of the Council;
14	(2) the Administrator;
15	(3) the Secretary of Defense; and
16	(4) the Director of National Intelligence.
17	(c) DUTIES.—The Council shall—
18	(1) submit annual reports to the President, the
19	Committees on Environment and Public Works and
20	Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Commit-
21	tees on Energy and Commerce and Foreign Rela-
22	tions of the House of Representatives that de-
23	scribe—

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1	(A) the extent to which other countries are
2	committing to reducing greenhouse gas emis-
3	sions through mandatory programs;
4	(B) the extent to which global climate
5	change, through the potential negative impacts
6	of climate change on sensitive populations and
7	natural resources in different regions of the
8	world, may threaten, cause, or exacerbate polit-
9	ical instability or international conflict in those
10	regions; and
11	(C) the ramifications of any potentially de-
12	stabilizing impacts climate change may have on
13	the national security of the United States, in-
14	cluding —
15	(i) the creation of refugees; and
16	(ii) international or intranational con-
17	flicts over water, food, land, or other re-
18	sources; and
19	(2) include in each annual report submitted
20	under paragraph (1) recommendations on whether it
21	is necessary to enhance the national security of the
22	United States by funding programs with amounts
23	made available under section 4802 that the Council
24	determines would assist in avoiding the politically

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destabilizing impacts of climate change in volatile re gions of the world.

3 SEC. 4802. FUNDING.

4 Upon a determination for any calendar year by the 5 President, based on any report and recommendations sub-6 mitted by the Council under section 4801, that funds 7 should be made available to carry out the recommenda-8 tions—

- 9 (1) notwithstanding section 4302(b)(2), the 10 Corporation shall deposit 5 percent of the proceeds 11 from auctions that the Corporation conducts for that 12 calendar year under section 4302(a) into the Cli-13 mate Change and National Security Fund estab-14 lished by section 4101; and
- 15 (2) the President shall use those funds to im16 plement the recommendations.
- 17 Subtitle I—Audits

18 SEC. 4901. REVIEW AND AUDIT BY COMPTROLLER GEN-

19 ERAL OF

ERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

20 Not later than January 1, 2014, and at least every 21 3 years thereafter, the Comptroller General of the United 22 States shall review and audit the expenditures under this 23 title to determine the efficacy of the programs, expendi-24 tures, and projects funded under this title.

TITLE V—ENERGY EFFICIENCY 1 **Subtitle A—Appliance Efficiency** 2 3 SEC. 5101. RESIDENTIAL BOILERS. Section 325(f) of the Energy Policy and Conservation 4 Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(f)) is amended— 5 6 (1) in the subsection heading, by inserting 7 "AND BOILERS" after "FURNACES"; (2) in paragraph (1), by striking "except that" 8 9 and all that follows through subparagraph (A) and 10 inserting "except that"; 11 (3) in subparagraph (B)— 12 (A) by striking "(B) the Secretary" and 13 inserting "the Secretary"; and 14 (B) by redesignating clauses (i) through 15 (iii) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respec-16 tively, and indenting appropriately; 17 (4) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-18 graph (4); and 19 (5) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-20 lowing: 21 "(3) Bollers.— "(A) IN GENERAL. Subject to subpara-22 23 graphs (B) and (C), boilers manufactured on or 24 after September 1, 2012, shall meet the fol-25 lowing requirements:

Boiler Type Requirements	Minimum Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency	Design
Gas hot water	82 percent	No constant burning pilot, automatic means for adjust- ing water temperature
Gas steam	80 percent	No constant burning pilot
Oil hot water		Automatic means for adjusting temperature
Oil steam	82 percent	None
Electric hot water	None	Automatic means for adjusting temperature
Electric steam	None	None

1 "(B) AUTOMATIC MEANS FOR ADJUSTING 2 WATER TEMPERATURE.— 3 "(i) IN GENERAL.—The manufacturer

4 shall equip each gas, oil, and electric hot 5 water boiler (other than a boiler equipped 6 with tankless domestic water heating coils) 7 with an automatic means for adjusting the 8 temperature of the water supplied by the 9 boiler ensure that an incremental to 10 change in inferred heat load produces a 11 corresponding incremental change in the 12 temperature of water supplied.

13 "(ii) CERTAIN BOILERS.—For a boiler
14 that fires at 1 input rate, the requirements
15 of this subparagraph may be satisfied by
16 providing an automatic means that allows
17 the burner or heating element to fire only
18 when the means has determined that the

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1	inferred heat load cannot be met by the re-
2	sidual heat of the water in the system.
3	"(iii) NO INFERRED HEAT LOAD.
4	When there is no inferred heat load with
5	respect to a hot water boiler, the automatic
6	means described in clauses (i) and (ii)
7	shall limit the temperature of the water in
8	the boiler to not more than 140 degrees
9	Fahrenheit.
10	"(iv) Operation.—A boiler described
11	in clause (i) or (ii) shall be operable only
12	when the automatic means described in
13	clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) is installed.
14	"(C) EXCEPTION.—A boiler that is manu-
15	factured to operate without any need for elec-
16	tricity, any electric connection, any electric
17	gauges, electric pumps, electric wires, or electric
18	devices of any sort, shall not be required to
19	meet the requirements of this subsection.".
20	SEC. 5102. REGIONAL VARIATIONS IN HEATING OR COOL-
21	ING STANDARDS.
22	(a) In General.—Section 327 of the Energy Policy
23	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6297) is amended—
24	(1) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and
25	(g) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively; and

1	(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(e) Regional Standards for Space Heating
4	AND AIR CONDITIONING PRODUCTS.—
5	${}$ (1) Standards.—
6	"(A) In GENERAL.—The Secretary may es-
7	tablish regional standards for space heating and
8	air conditioning products, other than window-
9	unit air-conditioners and portable space heaters.
10	"(B) NATIONAL MINIMUM AND REGIONAL
11	STANDARDS.—For each space heating and air
12	conditioning product, the Secretary may estab-
13	lish—
14	<u>"(i)</u> a national minimum standard;
15	and
16	"(ii) 2 more stringent regional stand-
17	ards for regions determined to have signifi-
18	cantly differing elimatic conditions.
19	"(C) MAXIMUM SAVINGS.—Any standards
20	established for a region under subparagraph
21	(B)(ii) shall achieve the maximum level of en-
22	ergy savings that are technically feasible and
23	economically justified within that region.
24	"(D) Economic justifiability study.—

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1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—As a preliminary
2	step in determining the economic justifi-
3	ability of establishing a regional standard
4	under subparagraph (B)(ii), the Secretary
5	shall conduct a study involving stake-
6	holders, including—
7	"(I) a representative from the
8	National Institute of Standards and
9	Technology;
10	"(II) representatives of non-
11	governmental advocacy organizations;
12	${}$ (III) representatives of product
13	manufacturers, distributors, and in-
14	stallers;
15	${}$ (IV) representatives of the gas
16	and electric utility industries; and
17	"(V) such other individuals as
18	the Secretary may designate.
19	"(ii) Requirements.—The study
20	under this subparagraph—
21	${}$ (I) shall determine the potential
22	benefits and consequences of pre-
23	scribing regional standards for heat-
24	ing and cooling products; and

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1	"(II) may, if favorable to the
2	standards, constitute the evidence of
3	economic justifiability required under
4	this Act.
5	"(E) REGIONAL BOUNDARIES.—Regional
6	boundaries used in establishing regional stand-
7	ards under subparagraph (B)(ii) shall—
8	"(i) conform to State borders; and
9	"(ii) include only contiguous States
10	(other than Alaska and Hawaii), except
11	that on the request of a State, the See-
12	retary may divide the State to include a
13	part of the State in each of 2 regions.
14	"(2) Noncomplying products.—If the See-
15	retary establishes standards for a region, it shall be
16	unlawful under section 332 to offer for sale at retail,
17	sell at retail, or install within the region products
18	that do not comply with the applicable standards.
19	"(3) Distribution in commerce.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
21	subparagraph (B), no product manufactured in
22	a manner that complies with a regional stand-
23	ard established under paragraph (1) shall be
24	distributed in commerce without a prominent
25	label affixed to the product that includes—

1	"(i) at the top of the label, in print of
2	not less than 14-point type, the following
3	statement: 'It is a violation of Federal law
4	for this product to be installed in any
5	State outside the region shaded on the
6	map printed on this label.';
7	"(ii) below the notice described in
8	elause (i), an image of a map of the United
9	States with clearly defined State bound-
10	aries and names, and with all States in
11	which the product meets or exceeds the
12	standard established pursuant to para-
13	graph (1) shaded in a color or a manner
14	as to be easily visible without obscuring the
15	State boundaries and names; and
16	"(iii) below the image of the map re-
17	quired under clause (ii), the following
18	statement: 'It is a violation of Federal law
19	for this label to be removed, except by the
20	owner and legal resident of any single-fam-
21	ily home in which this product is in-
22	stalled.'.
23	"(B) Energy-efficiency rating.—A
24	product manufactured that meets or exceeds all
25	regional standards established under this para-

2the product that includes at the top of the lab3in print of not less than 14-point type, the f4lowing statement: 'This product has achieved5energy-efficiency rating under Federal law6lowing its installation in any State.'.7"(4) RECORDKEEPING.—A manufacturer8space heating or air conditioning equipment subje9to regional standards established under this st10section shall—11"(A) obtain and retain records on the interaction locations of the equipment13sold; and14"(B) make such records available to the interaction in the section shall in the such records available to the section interaction in the section interaction	ol- an al- of eet ab-
4 lowing statement: 'This product has achieved 5 energy-efficiency rating under Federal law 6 lowing its installation in any State.'. 7 "(4) RECORDKEEPING.—A manufacturer 8 space heating or air conditioning equipment subjector 9 to regional standards established under this state 10 section shall— 11 "(A) obtain and retain records on the installation locations of the equipment 13 sold; and	an al- of eet do-
5 energy-efficiency rating under Federal law 6 lowing its installation in any State.'. 7 "(4) RECORDKEEPING.—A manufacturer 8 space heating or air conditioning equipment subjector 9 to regional standards established under this state 10 section shall— 11 "(A) obtain and retain records on the installation locations of the equipment 13 sold; and	al- of et b-
6 lowing its installation in any State.'. 7 "(4) 8 space heating or air conditioning equipment subject 9 to regional standards established under this set 10 section shall— 11 "(A) obtain and retain records on the installation locations of the equipment 13 sold; and	of xet ib-
7 "(4) RECORDKEEPING.—A manufacturer 8 space heating or air conditioning equipment subject 9 to regional standards established under this set 10 section shall— 11 "(A) obtain and retain records on the installation locations of the equipment 13 sold; and	et b-
 space heating or air conditioning equipment subject to regional standards established under this set section shall— 11 "(A) obtain and retain records on the interval installation locations of the equipment sold; and 	et b-
9 to regional standards established under this standards establ	њ- т-
10 section shall— 11 "(A) obtain and retain records on the installation locations of the equipments 12 tended installation locations of the equipments 13 sold; and	n -
11 "(A) obtain and retain records on the installation locations of the equipment 12 tended installation locations of the equipment 13 sold; and	
 12 tended installation locations of the equipment 13 sold; and 	
13 sold; and	nt
14 "(B) make such records available to t	
	he
15 Secretary on request.".	
16 (b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 327 of t	he
17 Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6297)	is
18 amended—	
19 (1) in subsection (b)—	
20 (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "st	b -
21 section (e)" and inserting "subsection (f)"; a	nd
(B) in paragraph (3) -	
23 (i) by striking "subsection $(f)(1)$ " a	
24 inserting "subsection $(g)(1)$ "; and	nd

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(ii) by striking "subsection (f)(2)" 1 2 and inserting "subsection (g)(2)"; and 3 (2) in subsection (e)(3), by striking "subsection (f)(3)" and inserting "subsection (g)(3)". 4 Subtitle B—Building Efficiency 5 6 SEC. 5201. UPDATING STATE BUILDING ENERGY EFFI-7 **CIENCY CODES.** 8 Section 304 of the Energy Conservation and Produc-9 tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6833) is amended to read as follows: 10 "SEC. 304. UPDATING STATE BUILDING ENERGY EFFI-11 CIENCY CODES. 12 "(a) UPDATES. 13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall sup-14 port updating the national model building energy 15 codes and standards not later than 3 years after the 16 date of enactment of the America's Climate Security 17 Act of 2007, and not less frequently every 3 years 18 thereafter, to achieve overall energy savings, as com-19 pared to the IECC (2006) for residential buildings 20 and ASHRAE Standard 90.1 (2004) for commercial 21 buildings, of at least— 22 $\frac{(A)}{30}$ percent by 2010; 23 "(B) 50 percent by 2020; and 24 "(C) goals to be established by the See-25 retary in intermediate and subsequent years, at

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1	the maximum level of energy efficiency that is
2	technologically feasible and lifecycle cost effec-
3	tive.
4	${}$ (2) Revisions to held and ashrae.
5	${(A)}$ In <u>General.</u> If the HECC or
6	ASHRAE Standard 90.1 regarding building en-
7	ergy use is revised, not later than 180 days
8	after the date of the revision, the Secretary
9	shall determine whether the revision will—
10	"(i) improve energy efficiency in
11	buildings; and
12	"(ii) meet the energy savings goals de-
13	scribed in paragraph (1).
14	"(B) Modifications.—
15	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary
16	makes a determination under subpara-
17	graph $(A)(ii)$ that a code or standard does
18	not meet the energy savings goals estab-
19	lished under paragraph (1) or if a national
20	model code or standard is not updated for
21	more than 3 years, not later than 1 year
22	after the determination or the expiration of
23	the 3-year period, the Secretary shall pro-
24	pose a modified code or standard that
25	meets the energy savings goals.

"(ii) Requirements.—
"(I) ENERGY SAVINGS.—A modi-
fication to a code or standard under
clause (i) shall—
"(aa) achieve the maximum
level of energy savings that is
technically feasible and economi-
cally justified; and
"(bb) incorporate available
appliances, technologies, and con-
struction practices.
"(II) TREATMENT AS BASE-
LINE.—A modification to a code or
standard under elause (i) shall serve
as the baseline for the next applicable
determination of the Secretary under
subparagraph (A)(i).
"(C) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—The See-
retary shall—
"(i) publish in the Federal Register a
notice relating to each goal, determination,
and modification under this paragraph;
and

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1	"(ii) provide an opportunity for public
2	comment regarding the goals, determina-
3	tions, and modifications.
4	"(b) STATE CERTIFICATION OF BUILDING ENERGY
5	CODE UPDATES.—
6	"(1) GENERAL CERTIFICATION.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
8	after the date of enactment of the America's
9	Climate Security Act of 2007, each State shall
10	certify to the Secretary that the State has re-
11	viewed and updated the provisions of the resi-
12	dential and commercial building codes of the
13	State regarding energy efficiency.
14	"(B) ENERGY SAVINGS.—A certification
15	under subparagraph (A) shall include a dem-
16	onstration that the applicable provisions of the
17	State code meet or exceed, as applicable—
18	$\frac{((i)(I)}{(I)}$ the IECC (2006) for residen-
19	tial buildings; or
20	"(II) the ASHRAE Standard 90.1
21	(2004) for commercial buildings; or
22	"(ii) the quantity of energy savings
23	represented by the provisions referred to in
24	clause (i).
25	"(2) REVISION OF CODES AND STANDARDS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary
makes an affirmative determination under sub-
section (a)(2)(A)(i) or proposes a modified code
or standard under subsection $(a)(2)(B)$, not
later than 2 years after the determination or
proposal, each State shall certify that the State
has reviewed and updated the provisions of the
residential and commercial building codes of the
State regarding energy efficiency.
"(B) ENERGY SAVINGS.—A certification
under subparagraph (A) shall include a dem-
onstration that the applicable provisions of the
State code meet or exceed—
"(i) the modified code or standard; or
"(ii) the quantity of energy savings
represented by the modified code or stand-
ard.
"(C) FAILURE TO DETERMINE.—If the
Secretary fails to make a determination under
subsection $(a)(2)(A)(i)$ by the date specified in
subsection (a)(2), or if the Secretary makes a
negative determination, not later than 2 years
after the specified date or the date of the deter-
mination, each State shall certify that the State
has—

"(i) reviewed the revised code or
standard; and
"(ii) updated the provisions of the res-
idential and commercial building codes of
the State as necessary to meet or exceed,
as applicable —
"(I) any provisions of a national
code or standard determined to im-
prove energy efficiency in buildings; or
"(II) energy savings achieved by
those provisions through other means.
"(c) Achievement of Compliance by States.
"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years
after the date on which a State makes a certification
under subsection (b), the State shall certify to the
Secretary that the State has achieved compliance
with the national building energy code that is the
subject of the certification.
"(2) RATE OF COMPLIANCE.—The certification
shall include documentation of the rate of compli-
ance based on independent inspections of a random
sample of the new and renovated buildings covered
by the State code during the preceding calendar
year.

1	"(3) Compliance.—A State shall be considered
2	to achieve compliance for purposes of paragraph (1)
3	if
4	"(A) at least 90 percent of new and ren-
5	ovated buildings covered by the State code dur-
6	ing the preceding calendar year substantially
7	meet all the requirements of the code; or
8	"(B) the estimated excess energy use of
9	new and renovated buildings that did not meet
10	the requirements of the State code during the
11	preceding calendar year, as compared to a base-
12	line of comparable buildings that meet the re-
13	quirements of the code, is not more than 10
14	percent of the estimated energy use of all new
15	and renovated buildings covered by the State
16	code during the preceding calendar year.
17	"(d) FAILURE TO CERTIFY.—
18	"(1) EXTENSION OF DEADLINES.—The See-
19	retary shall extend a deadline for certification by a
20	State under subsection (b) or (c) for not more than
21	1 additional year, if the State demonstrates to the
22	satisfaction of the Secretary that the State has
23	made
24	"(A) a good faith effort to comply with the
25	certification requirement; and

1	"(B) significant progress with respect to
2	the compliance.
3	"(2) Noncompliance by state.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A State that fails to
5	submit a certification required under subsection
6	(b) or (c), and to which an extension is not pro-
7	vided under paragraph (1), shall be considered
8	to be out of compliance with this section.
9	"(B) Effect on local governments.—
10	A local government of a State that is out of
11	compliance with this section may be considered
12	to be in compliance with this section if the local
13	government meets each applicable certification
14	requirement of this section.
15	"(c) Technical Assistance.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
17	technical assistance (including building energy anal-
18	ysis and design tools, building demonstrations, and
19	design assistance and training) to ensure that na-
20	tional model building energy codes and standards
21	meet the goals described in subsection $(a)(1)$.
22	"(2) Assistance to states.—The Secretary
23	shall provide technical assistance to States—
24	${(A)}$ to implement this section, including
25	procedures for States to demonstrate that the

1	codes of the States achieve equivalent or great-
2	er energy savings than the national model codes
3	and standards;
4	"(B) to improve and implement State resi-
5	dential and commercial building energy effi-
6	ciency codes; and
7	"(C) to otherwise promote the design and
8	construction of energy-efficient buildings.
9	"(f) Incentive Funding.—
10	"(1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
11	incentive funding to States—
12	${(A)}$ to implement this section; and
13	"(B) to improve and implement State resi-
14	dential and commercial building energy effi-
15	ciency codes, including increasing and verifying
16	compliance with the codes.
17	"(2) AMOUNT.—In determining whether, and in
18	what amount, to provide incentive funding under
19	this subsection, the Secretary shall take into consid-
20	eration actions proposed by the State—
21	${(A)}$ to implement this section;
22	"(B) to implement and improve residential
23	and commercial building energy efficiency
24	codes; and

1	"(C) to promote building energy efficiency
2	through use of the codes.
3	"(3) Additional Funding.—The Secretary
4	shall provide additional funding under this sub-
5	section for implementation of a plan to demonstrate
6	a rate of compliance with applicable residential and
7	commercial building energy efficiency codes at a rate
8	of not less than 90 percent, based on energy per-
9	formance-
10	"(A) to a State that has adopted and is
11	implementing, on a statewide basis—
12	"(i) a residential building energy effi-
13	ciency code that meets or exceeds the re-
14	quirements of the IECC (2006) (or a suc-
15	cessor code that is the subject of an af-
16	firmative determination by the Secretary
17	under subsection (a)(2)(A)(i)); and
18	"(ii) a commercial building energy ef-
19	ficiency code that meets or exceeds the re-
20	quirements of the ASHRAE Standard 90.1
21	(2004) (or a successor standard that is the
22	subject of an affirmative determination by
23	the Secretary under subsection
24	(a)(2)(A)(i)); or

1	"(B) in the case of a State in which no
2	statewide energy code exists for residential
3	buildings or commercial buildings, or in which
4	the State code fails to comply with subpara-
5	graph (A), to a local government that has
6	adopted and is implementing residential and
7	commercial building energy efficiency codes, as
8	described in subparagraph (A).
9	<u>"(4)</u> TRAINING. Of the amounts made avail-
10	able to carry out this subsection, the Secretary may
11	use not more than \$500,000 for each State to train
12	State and local officials to implement State or local
13	energy codes in accordance with a plan described in
14	paragraph (3).".
15	SEC. 5202. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.
16	Section 303 of the Energy Conservation and Produc-
17	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6832) is amended by adding at the
18	end the following new paragraph:
19	"(17) IECC.—The term 'IECC' means the
20	International Energy Conservation Code.".
21	TITLE VI-GLOBAL EFFORT TO
22	REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS
23	EMISSIONS
24	SEC. 6001. DEFINITIONS.
25	In this title:

1	(1) BASELINE EMISSION LEVEL.—The term
2	"baseline emission level" means, as determined by
3	the Administrator, the total average annual green-
4	house gas emissions attributed to a category of cov-
5	ered goods of a foreign country during the period be-
6	ginning on January 1, 2012, and ending on Decem-
7	ber 31, 2014, based on—
8	(A) relevant data available for that period;
9	and
10	(B) to the extent necessary with respect to
11	a specific category of covered goods, economic
12	and engineering models and best available infor-
13	mation on technology performance levels for the
14	manufacture of that category of covered goods.
15	(2) Comparable action.—The term "com-
16	parable action" means any greenhouse gas regu-
17	latory programs, requirements, and other measures
18	adopted by a foreign country that, in combination,
19	are comparable in effect to actions carried out by
20	the United States to limit greenhouse gas emissions
21	pursuant to this Act, as determined by the Presi-
22	dent, taking into consideration the level of economic
23	development of the foreign country.
24	(3) Compliance year.—The term "compliance
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25 year" means each ealendar year for which the re-

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1	quirements of this title apply to a category of cov-
2	ered goods of a covered foreign country that is im-
3	ported into the United States.
4	(4) COVERED FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term
5	"covered foreign country" means a foreign country
6	that is included on the covered list prepared under
7	section $6006(b)(3)$.
8	(5) COVERED GOOD.—The term "covered good"
9	means a good that (as identified by the Adminis-
10	trator by rule)—
11	(A) is a primary product;
12	(B) generates, in the course of the manu-
13	facture of the good, a substantial quantity of
14	direct greenhouse gas emissions and indirect
15	greenhouse gas emissions; and
16	(C) is closely related to a good the cost of
17	production of which in the United States is af-
18	fected by a requirement of this Act.
19	(6) FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term "foreign
20	country" means a member of, or observer govern-
21	ment to, the World Trade Organization (WTO),
22	other than the United States.
23	(7) Indirect greenhouse gas emissions.—
24	The term "indirect greenhouse gas emissions"
25	means any emissions of a greenhouse gas resulting

1	from the generation of electricity that is consumed
2	during the manufacture of a good.
3	(8) INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT.—The term
4	"international agreement" means any international
5	agreement to which the United States is a party, in-
6	eluding the Marrakesh agreement establishing the
7	World Trade Organization, done at Marrakesh on
8	April 15, 1994.
9	(9) International reserve allowance.
10	The term "international reserve allowance" means
11	an allowance (denominated in units of metric tons of
12	carbon dioxide equivalent) that is—
13	(A) purchased from a special reserve of al-
14	lowances pursuant to section $6006(a)(2)$; and
15	(B) used for purposes of meeting the re-
16	quirements of section 6006.
17	(10) PRIMARY PRODUCT.—The term "primary
18	product" means—
19	(A) iron, steel, aluminum, cement, bulk
20	glass, or paper; or
21	(B) any other manufactured product
22	that—
23	(i) is sold in bulk for purposes of fur-
24	ther manufacture; and

1	(ii) generates, in the course of the
2	manufacture of the product, direct green-
3	house gas emissions and indirect green-
4	house gas emissions that are comparable
5	(on an emissions-per-dollar basis) to emis-
6	sions generated in the manufacture of
7	products by covered facilities in the indus-
8	trial sector.
9	SEC. 6002. PURPOSES.
10	The purposes of this title are—
11	(1) to promote a strong global effort to signifi-
12	cantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
13	(2) to ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
14	ticable, that greenhouse gas emissions occurring out-
15	side the United States do not undermine the objec-
16	tives of the United States in addressing global cli-
17	mate change; and
18	(3) to encourage effective international action
19	to achieve those objectives through—
20	(A) agreements negotiated between the
21	United States and foreign countries; and
22	(B) measures carried out by the United
23	States that comply with applicable international
24	agreements.

1 SEC. 6003. INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS.

2 (a) FINDING. Congress finds that the purposes de3 seribed in section 6002 can be most effectively addressed
4 and achieved through agreements negotiated between the
5 United States and foreign countries.

6 (b) NEGOTIATING OBJECTIVE.—

(1) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of
the United States to work proactively under the
United Nations Framework Convention on Climate
Change and, in other appropriate forums, to establish binding agreements committing all major greenhouse gas-emitting nations to contribute equitably to
the reduction of global greenhouse gas emissions.

14 (2) INTENT OF CONGRESS REGARDING OBJEC-15 TIVE.—To the extent that the agreements described 16 in subsection (a) involve measures that will affect 17 international trade in any good or service, it is the 18 intent of Congress that the negotiating objective of 19 the United States shall be to focus multilateral and 20 bilateral international agreements on the reduction 21 of greenhouse gas emissions to advance achievement 22 of the purposes described in section 6002.

23 SEC. 6004. INTERAGENCY REVIEW.

24 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.—

1	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall es-
2	tablish an interagency group to carry out this see-
3	tion.
4	(2) CHARPERSON.—The chairperson of the
5	interagency group established under paragraph (1)
6	shall be the Secretary of State.
7	(3) Requirement.—The Administrator shall
8	be a member of the interagency group.
9	(b) DETERMINATIONS.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
11	the interagency group established under subsection
12	(a)(1) shall determine whether, and the extent to
13	which, each foreign country has taken comparable
14	action to limit the greenhouse gas emissions of the
15	foreign country.
16	(2) EXEMPTION.—The interagency group may
17	exempt from a determination under paragraph (1)
18	any foreign country on the excluded list under see-
19	$\frac{1}{100} \frac{6006(b)(2)}{2}$
20	(c) Report to President.—Not later than Janu-
21	ary 1, 2018, and annually thereafter, the interagency
22	group shall submit to the President a report describing
23	the determinations of the interagency group under sub-
24	section (b).

1 SEC. 6005. PRESIDENTIAL DETERMINATIONS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2019,
3 and annually thereafter, the President shall determine
4 whether each foreign country that is subject to interagency
5 review under section 6004(b) has taken comparable action
6 to limit the greenhouse gas emissions of the foreign coun7 try, taking into consideration—

8 (1) the baseline emission levels of the foreign
9 country; and

10 (2) applicable reports submitted under section
11 6004(c).

12 (b) REPORTS.—The President shall—

(1) submit to Congress an annual report deseribing the determinations of the President under
subsection (a) for the most recent calendar year; and
(2) publish the determinations in the Federal
Register.

18 SEC. 6006. INTERNATIONAL RESERVE ALLOWANCE PRO-

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GRAM.

20 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish a program under which the Administrator,
during the 1-year period beginning on January 1,
2019, and annually thereafter, shall offer for sale to
United States importers international reserve allowances in accordance with this subsection.

1	(2) Council International management
1	(2) Source.—International reserve allowances
2	under paragraph (1) shall be issued from a special
3	reserve of allowances that is separate from, and es-
4	tablished in addition to, the quantity of allowances
5	established under section 1201.
6	(3) Price.
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
8	graph (B), the Administrator shall establish, by
9	rule, a methodology for determining the price of
10	international reserve allowances for each com-
11	pliance year at a level that does not exceed the
12	market price of allowances established under
13	section 1201 for the compliance year.
14	(B) MAXIMUM PRICE.—The price for an
15	international reserve allowance under subpara-
16	graph (A) shall not exceed the clearing price for
17	current compliance year allowances established
18	at the most recent auction of allowances by the
19	Corporation.
20	(4) SERIAL NUMBER.—The Administrator shall
21	assign a unique serial number to each international
22	reserve allowance issued under this subsection.
23	(5) TRADING SYSTEM.—The Administrator may
24	establish, by rule, a system for the sale, exchange,

purchase, transfer, and banking of international re serve allowances.

3 (6) REGULATED ENTITIES. International re4 serve allowances may not be submitted by regulated
5 entities to comply with the allowance submission re6 quirements of section 1202.

7 (7) PROCEEDS.—All proceeds from the sale of
8 international reserve allowances under this sub9 section shall be allocated to a program that the Ad10 ministrator, in coordination with the Secretary of
11 State, shall establish to mitigate the negative im12 paets of global climate change on disadvantaged
13 communities in other countries.

14 (b) FOREIGN COUNTRY LISTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1,
2020, and annually thereafter, the President shall
develop and publish in the Federal Register 2 lists
of foreign countries, in accordance with this subsection.

20 (2) EXCLUDED LIST.

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall
22 identify and publish in a list, to be known as
23 the "excluded list", each foreign country the
24 share of total global greenhouse gas emissions

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of which is below the de minimis percentage described in subparagraph (B).

3 (B) DE MINIMIS PERCENTAGE.—The de 4 minimis percentage referred to in subparagraph 5 (A) is a percentage of total global greenhouse 6 gas emissions of not more than 0.5, as deter-7 mined by the President, for the most recent cal-8 endar year for which emissions and other rel-9 evant data is available, taking into consider-10 ation, as necessary, the annual average defor-11 estation rate during a representative period for 12 a foreign country that is a developing country. 13 (3) COVERED LIST.

14(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall15identify and publish in a list, to be known as16the "covered list", each foreign country the cov-17ered goods of which are subject to the require-18ments of this section.

19(B) REQUIREMENT.—The covered list shall20include each foreign country that is not in-21cluded on the excluded list under paragraph22(2).

23 (c) WRITTEN DECLARATIONS.

24 (1) IN GENERAL. Effective beginning January
25 1, 2020, a United States importer of any covered

1	good shall, as a condition of importation or with-
2	drawal for consumption from a warehouse of the
3	covered good, submit to the Administrator and the
4	appropriate office of the U.S. Customs and Border
5	Protection a written declaration with respect to each
6	such importation or withdrawal.
7	(2) CONTENTS.—A written declaration under
8	paragraph (1) shall contain a statement that—
9	(A) the applicable covered good is accom-
10	panied by a sufficient number of international
11	reserve allowances, as determined under sub-
12	section (d); or
13	(B) the covered good is from a foreign
14	country on the excluded list under subsection
15	(b)(2).
16	(3) INCLUSION.—A written declaration de-
17	scribed in paragraph $(2)(A)$ shall include the unique
18	serial number of each emission allowance associated
19	with the importation of the applicable covered good.
20	(4) FAILURE TO DECLARE.
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
22	subparagraph (B), an imported covered good
23	that is not accompanied by a written declara-
24	tion under this subsection shall not be per-

1	mitted to enter the customs territory of the
2	United States.
3	(B) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN IMPORTS.—
4	Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a covered
5	good of a foreign country if the President deter-
6	mines that—
7	(i) the foreign country has taken com-
8	parable action to limit the greenhouse gas
9	emissions of the foreign country, in accord-
10	ance with section 6005;
11	(ii) the United Nations has identified
12	the foreign country as among the least-de-
13	veloped of developing countries; or
14	(iii) the foreign country is on the ex-
15	eluded list under subsection $(b)(2)$.
16	(5) Corrected declaration.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—If, after making a dee-
18	laration required under this subsection, an im-
19	porter has reason to believe that the declaration
20	contains information that is not correct, the im-
21	porter shall provide a corrected declaration by
22	not later than 30 days after the date of dis-
23	covery of the error, in accordance with subpara-
24	$\frac{\text{graph}}{(B)}$.

1	(B) METHOD.—A corrected declaration
2	under subparagraph (A) shall be in the form of
3	a letter or other written statement to the Ad-
4	ministrator and the office of the U.S. Customs
5	and Border Protection to which the original
6	declaration was submitted.
7	(d) Quantity of Allowances Required.—
8	(1) METHODOLOGY.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
10	shall establish, by rule, a method for calculating
11	the required number of international reserve al-
12	lowances that a United States importer must
13	submit, together with a written declaration
14	under subsection (c), for each category of cov-
15	ered goods of each covered foreign country.
16	(B) FORMULA.—The Administrator shall
17	develop a general formula for calculating the
18	international reserve allowance requirement
19	that applies, on a per unit basis, to each cov-
20	ered good of a covered foreign country that is
21	imported during each compliance year.
22	(2) Initial compliance year.—
23	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
24	graph (B), the methodology under paragraph
25	(1) shall establish an international reserve al-

1	lowance requirement (per unit imported into the
2	United States) for the initial compliance year
3	for each category of covered goods of each cov-
4	ered foreign country that is equal to the
5	quotient obtained by dividing—
6	(i) the excess, if any, of the total
7	emissions from the covered foreign country
8	that are attributable to the category of
9	covered goods produced during the most
10	recent year for which data are available,
11	over the baseline emission level of the cov-
12	ered foreign country for that category; and
13	(ii) the total quantity of the covered
14	good produced in the covered foreign coun-
15	try during the most recent calendar year.
16	(B) ADJUSTMENTS.—The Administrator
17	shall adjust the requirement under subpara-
18	$\frac{\text{graph}}{(\Lambda)}$
19	(i) in accordance with the ratio that—
20	(I) the quantity of allowances
21	that were allocated at no cost to enti-
22	ties within the industry sector manu-
23	facturing the covered goods for the
24	compliance year during which the cov-

1	ered goods were imported into the
2	United States; bears to
3	(II) the greenhouse gas emissions
4	of that industry sector; and
5	(ii) to take into account the level of
6	economic development of the covered for-
7	eign country in which the covered goods
8	were produced.
9	(3) Subsequent compliance years.—For
10	each subsequent compliance year, the Administrator
11	shall revise, as appropriate, the international reserve
12	allowance requirement applicable to each category of
13	imported covered goods of each covered foreign
14	country to reflect changes in the factors described in
15	paragraph (2)(B).
16	(4) PUBLICATION.—Not later than 90 days be-
17	fore the beginning of each compliance year, the Ad-
18	ministrator shall publish in the Federal Register a
19	schedule describing the required number of inter-
20	national reserve allowances for each category of im-
21	ported covered goods of each covered foreign coun-
22	try, as calculated under this subsection.
23	(e) Foreign Allowances and Credits.—
24	(1) Foreign Allowances.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—A United States im-2 porter may submit, in lieu of an international 3 reserve allowance issued under this section, a 4 foreign allowance or similar compliance instru-5 ment distributed by a foreign country pursuant 6 to a cap and trade program that represents a 7 comparable action. 8 (B) COMMENSURATE CAP AND TRADE PRO-9 GRAM.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), a 10 cap and trade program that represents a com-11 parable action shall include any greenhouse gas 12 regulatory program adopted by a covered for-13 eign country to limit the greenhouse gas emis-14 sions of the covered foreign country, if the 15 President certifies that the program— 16 (i)(I) places a quantitative limitation 17 on the total quantity of greenhouse gas 18 emissions of the covered foreign country 19 (expressed in terms of tons emitted per 20 calendar year); and 21 (II) achieves that limitation through 22 an allowance trading system; 23 (ii) satisfies such criteria as the Presi-24 dent may establish for requirements relat-25 ing to the enforceability of the cap and

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1	trade program, including requirements for
2	monitoring, reporting, verification proce-
3	dures, and allowance tracking; and
4	(iii) is a comparable action.
5	(2) Foreign credits.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—A United States im-
7	porter may submit, in lieu of an international
8	reserve allowance issued under this section, a
9	foreign credit or a credit for an international
10	offset project that the Administrator has au-
11	thorized for use under subtitle E of title II.
12	(B) APPLICATION.—The limitation on the
13	use of international reserve allowances by regu-
14	lated entities under subsection (a)(6) shall not
15	apply to a United States importer for purposes
16	of this paragraph.
17	(f) Retirement of Allowances.—The Adminis-
18	trator shall retire each international reserve allowance,
19	foreign allowance, and foreign credit submitted to achieve
20	compliance with this section.
21	(g) Consistency With International Agree-
22	MENTS.—The Administrator, in consultation with the Sec-
23	retary of State, shall adjust the international reserve al-
24	lowance requirements established under this section (in-
25	cluding the quantity of international reserve allowances re-

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quired for each category of covered goods of a covered for eign country) as the Administrator determines to be nee essary to ensure that the United States complies with all
 applicable international agreements.

5 (h) TERMINATION.—The international reserve allow-6 ance requirements of this section shall not apply to a cov-7 ered good of a covered foreign country in any case in 8 which the President makes a determination described in 9 subsection (b)(2) with respect to the covered goods of that 10 covered foreign country.

(i) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than January 1,
 2019, the Administrator shall promulgate such regulations
 as the Administrator determines to be necessary to carry
 out this section.

15 SEC. 6007. ADJUSTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL RESERVE AL 16 LOWANCE REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2023,
and annually thereafter, the President shall prepare and
submit to Congress a report that assesses the effectiveness
of the applicable international reserve allowance requirements under section 6006 with respect to the covered
goods of each covered foreign country.

23 (b) INADEQUATE REQUIREMENTS.—If the President
24 determines that an applicable international reserve allow25 ance requirement is not adequate to achieve the purposes

of this title, the President, simultaneously with the sub mission of the report under subsection (a), shall—

3 (1) adjust the requirement; or

4 (2) take such other action as the President de5 termines to be necessary to improve the effectiveness
6 of the requirement, in accordance with all applicable
7 international agreements.

8 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—An adjustment under sub-9 section (b)(1) shall take effect beginning on January 1 10 of the compliance year immediately following the date on 11 which the adjustment is made.

12 **TITLE VII—REVIEWS**

13 SEC. 7001. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REVIEW.

14 (a) <u>REPORT.</u>

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1,
2012, and every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator shall offer to enter into a contract with the
National Academy of Sciences under which the
Academy shall submit to Congress and the Administrator reports evaluating the implementation of this
Act.

22 (2) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—Each report sub 23 mitted to Congress under paragraph (1) shall in 24 elude an analysis of—

1(A) the extent to which the emission reduc-2tions required under this Act are being3achieved;

4 (B) the extent to which the emission re-5 ductions achieved under this Act, taken to-6 gether with actual steps taken by other coun-7 tries to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, is pre-8 dicted to stabilize atmospheric greenhouse gas 9 concentrations at a level adequate to forestall 10 dangerous anthropogenic interference with the 11 elimate system;

12 (C) whether an increase of global average 13 temperature in excess of 3.6 degrees Fahrenheit 14 (2 degrees Celsius) above the preindustrial av-15 erage has occurred or is more likely than not to 16 occur in the foreseeable future as a result of 17 anthropogenic climate change;

18 (D)(i) predicted changes in ocean acidity,
19 the extent of coral reefs, and other indicators of
20 ocean ecosystem health due to anthropogenic
21 carbon dioxide; and

22 (ii) any additional actions that should be
23 taken by the United States or other countries
24 to protect the health of the oceans;

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1	(E) the status of the best available science
2	and the status of technologies to reduce, se-
3	quester, or avoid greenhouse gas emissions;
4	(F) whether the percentage of allowances
5	for any calendar year that are auctioned, allo-
6	cated, or devoted to other purposes under this
7	Act should be modified;
8	(G) the effectiveness of auction revenues in
9	meeting the stated purposes of this Act; and
10	(H) whether additional measures, including
11	an increase in the earned income tax credit, a
12	reduction in payroll taxes, or the implementa-
13	tion of electronic benefit transfers by State
14	health and human services agencies to reach
15	low-income individuals who are not required to
16	file Federal income tax returns, are needed to
17	help low- and moderate-income individuals re-
18	spond to changes in the cost of energy-related
19	goods and services.
20	(b) Technology Reports.—
21	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term
22	"technologically infeasible," with respect to a tech-
23	nology, means that the technology—
24	(A) will not be demonstrated beyond lab-
25	oratory-scale conditions;

1	(B) would be unsafe;
2	
	(C) would not reliably reduce greenhouse
3	gas emissions; or
4	(D) would prevent the activity to which the
5	technology applies from meeting or performing
6	the primary purpose of the activity (such as
7	generating electricity or transporting goods or
8	individuals).
9	(2) REPORTS.—Not later than 180 days after
10	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
11	shall offer to enter into a contract with the National
12	Academy of Sciences under which the Academy, not
13	later than 2 years after the date of enactment of
14	this Act and every 3 years thereafter, shall submit
15	to Congress and the Administrator a report that de-
16	scribes or analyzes—
17	(A) the status of current greenhouse gas
18	emission reduction technologies, including—
19	(i) technologies for capture and dis-
20	posal of greenhouse gases;
21	(ii) efficiency improvement tech-
22	nologies;
23	(iii) zero-greenhouse gas emitting en-
24	ergy technologies; and

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1	(iv) above- and below-ground biologi-
2	cal sequestration technologies;
3	(B) whether the requirements of this Act
4	(including regulations promulgated under this
5	Act)—
6	(i) promote the development and de-
7	ployment of greenhouse gas emission re-
8	duction technologies; or
9	(ii) mandate a level of emission con-
10	trol or reduction that, based on available
11	or expected technology, will be techno-
12	logically infeasible at the time at which the
13	requirements become effective;
14	(C) the projected date on which any tech-
15	nology determined to be technologically infeasi-
16	ble will become technologically feasible;
17	(D) whether any technology determined to
18	be technologically infeasible cannot reasonably
19	be expected to become technologically feasible
20	prior to calendar year 2050; and
21	(E) the costs of available alternative green-
22	house gas emission reduction strategies that
23	could be used or pursued in lieu of any tech-
24	nologies that are determined to be techno-
25	logically infeasible.

1 SEC. 7002. TRANSPORTATION SECTOR REVIEW.

2 (a) REVIEW. Not later than January 1, 2010, the
3 Administrator shall conduct a comprehensive review and
4 analysis to determine whether any of the following have
5 occurred:

6 (1)(A) The motor vehicle fuel and motor vehicle 7 and nonroad regulations within the scope of Execu-8 tive Order 13432 (72 Fed. Reg. 27717; relating to 9 cooperation among agencies in protecting the envi-10 ronment with respect to greenhouse gas emissions 11 from motor vehicles, nonroad vehicles, and nonroad 12 engines) have been finalized and implemented by 13 Federal agencies and departments.

(B) Any other transportation-related programs,
including corporate average fuel economy standard
reform, greenhouse gas vehicle emissions standards,
renewable fuel volume mandates, low carbon fuel
standards, and activities to reduce vehicle miles traveled have been finalized and implemented by a Federal agency or department.

21 (2) Any regulation or program described in 22 paragraph (1) is expected to achieve at least 1 of the 23 following, as compared to the baseline greenhouse 24 gas emissions consistent with the reference case con-25 tained in the report of the Energy Information Ad-

ministration entitled "Annual Energy Outlook
 2006":

3 (A) At least a 6.2-percent reduction in eu4 mulative greenhouse gas emissions from the
5 light-duty motor vehicle sector, including light6 duty vehicles and light-duty trucks, during the
7 period beginning on January 1, 2010, and end8 ing on December 31, 2020.

9 (B) A cumulative reduction of approxi10 mately 1,140,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide
11 equivalent, measured on a full fuel cycle basis.
12 (b) REPORT.—If the Administrator determines that
13 a reduction described in subsection (a)(2)(A) will not be
14 achieved, the Administrator shall submit to Congress, not
15 later than January 1, 2010, a report describing—

16 (1) any additional action of the Administrator
17 that will be necessary to reduce greenhouse gas
18 emissions from the light-duty motor vehicle sector;
19 and

20 (2) recommendations of the Administrator with
21 respect to actions that could be established by Con22 gress to ensure that the United States transpor23 tation sector will achieve—

24 (A) the reductions described in subsection
25 (a)(2)(B); and

	100
1	(B) any additional reductions necessary for
2	that sector to assume an equitable share of re-
3	sponsibility for reducing greenhouse gas emis-
4	sions.
5	SEC. 7003. ADAPTATION REVIEW.
6	(a) Regional Estimates.
7	(1) Estimates.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in
9	consultation with the officials described in para-
10	graph (2) and relevant State agencies, shall
11	conduct 6 regional infrastructure cost assess-
12	ments in various regions of the United States,
13	and a national cost assessment, to provide esti-
14	mates of the range of costs that should be an-
15	ticipated for adaptation to the impacts of eli-
16	mate change.
17	(B) VARIOUS PROBABILITIES.—The Ad-
18	ministrator shall develop the estimates under
19	subparagraph (A) for low, medium, and high
20	probabilities of elimate change and the potential
21	impacts of climate change.
22	(2) Description of officials.—The officials
23	referred to in paragraph (1) are—
24	(Λ) the Secretary of Agriculture;
25	(B) the Secretary of Commerce;

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1	(C) the Secretary of Defense;
2	(D) the Secretary of Energy;
3	(E) the Secretary of Health and Human
4	Services;
5	(F) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
6	(G) the Secretary of Housing and Urban
7	Development;
8	(H) the Secretary of the Interior;
9	(I) the Secretary of Transportation;
10	(J) the Director of United States Geologi-
11	cal Survey; and
12	(K) the heads of such other Federal agen-
13	cies and departments as the Administrator de-
14	termines to be necessary.
15	(3) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than
16	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
17	Administrator shall submit to Congress a report de-
18	scribing the results of the assessments conducted
19	under this subsection.
20	(b) Adaptation Plan.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
22	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
23	trator shall submit to Congress a climate change ad-
24	aptation plan for the United States, based on—

1	(A) assessments performed by the United
2	Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate
3	Change in accordance with the Global Change
4	Research Act of 1990 (15 U.S.C. 2921 et seq.);
5	and
6	(B) any other scientific, peer-reviewed re-
7	gional assessments.
8	(2) INCLUSIONS.—The adaptation plan under
9	paragraph (1) shall include—
10	(A) a prioritized list of vulnerable systems
11	and regions in the United States;
12	(B) requirements for coordination between
13	Federal, State, and local governments to ensure
14	that key public infrastructure, safety, health,
15	and land use planning and control issues are
16	addressed;
17	(C) requirements for coordination among
18	the Federal Government, industry, and commu-
19	nities;
20	(D) an assessment of elimate change
21	science research needs, including probabilistic
22	assessments as an aid to planning;
23	(E) an assessment of climate change tech-
24	nology needs; and

1	(F) regional and national cost assessments
2	for the range of costs that should be anticipated
3	for adapting to the impacts of climate change.
4	(c) Impacts of Climate Change on Low-Income
5	Populations.
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall con-
7	duct research on the impact of climate change on
8	low-income populations in all countries, including—
9	(A) an assessment of the adverse impact of
10	climate change on—
11	(i) low-income populations in the
12	United States; and
13	(ii) developing countries;
14	(B)(i) an identification of appropriate cli-
15	mate change adaptation measures and pro-
16	grams for developing countries and low-income
17	populations;
18	(ii) an assessment of the impact of the
19	measures and programs on low-income popu-
20	lations; and
21	(C) an estimate of the costs of developing
22	and implementing those elimate change adapta-
23	tion and mitigation programs.
24	(2) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator

1	shall submit to Congress a report describing the re-
2	sults of the research conducted under paragraph (1).
3	TITLE VIII-FRAMEWORK FOR
4	GEOLOGICAL SEQUESTRA-
5	TION OF CARBON DIOXIDE
б	SEC. 8001. NATIONAL DRINKING WATER REGULATIONS.
7	(a) In General.—Section 1421 of the Safe Drink-
8	ing Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300h) is amended—
9	(1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "subsection
10	(d)(2)" and inserting "subsection $(e)(2)$ ";
11	(2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
12	section (c); and
13	(3) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(d) Carbon Dioxide.—
16	"(1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year
17	after the date of enactment of the America's Climate
18	Security Act of 2007, the Administrator shall pro-
19	mulgate regulations for permitting commercial-scale
20	underground injection of carbon dioxide for purposes
21	of geological sequestration to address elimate
22	change, including provisions—
23	${(A)}$ for monitoring and controlling the
24	long-term storage of carbon dioxide and avoid-
25	ing, to the maximum extent practicable, any re-

lease of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere,
 and for ensuring protection of underground
 sources of drinking water, human health, and
 the environment; and

5 ^{((B)} relating to long-term liability associ-6 ated with commercial-scale geological sequestra-7 tion.

"(2) SUBSEQUENT REPORTS.—Not later than 5 8 9 years after the date on which regulations are pro-10 mulgated pursuant to paragraph (1), and not less 11 frequently than once every 5 years thereafter, the 12 Administrator shall submit to Congress a report that 13 contains an evaluation of the effectiveness of the 14 regulations, based on current knowledge and experi-15 ence, with particular emphasis on any new informa-16 tion on potential impacts of commercial-scale geo-17 logical sequestration on drinking water, human 18 health, and the environment.

19 "(3) REVISION.—If the Administrator deter-20 mines, based on a report under paragraph (2), that 21 regulations promulgated pursuant to paragraph (1) 22 require revision, the Administrator shall promulgate 23 revised regulations not later than 1 year after the 24 date on which the applicable report is submitted to 25 Congress under paragraph (2).". (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1447(a)(4)
 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-6(a)(4))
 is amended by striking "section 1421(d)(2)" and inserting
 "section 1421(e)(2)".

5 SEC. 8002. ASSESSMENT OF GEOLOGICAL STORAGE CAPAC-

6

ITY FOR CARBON DIOXIDE.

7 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

8 (1) ASSESSMENT.—The term "assessment"
9 means the national assessment of capacity for car10 bon dioxide completed under subsection (f).

11 (2) CAPACITY.—The term "capacity" means the 12 portion of a storage formation that can retain car-13 bon dioxide in accordance with the requirements (in-14 cluding physical, geological, and economic require-15 ments) established under the methodology developed 16 under subsection (b).

17 (3) ENGINEERED HAZARD.—The term "engi18 neered hazard" includes the location and completion
19 history of any well that could affect a storage forma20 tion or capacity.

21 (4) RISK.—The term "risk" includes any risk
22 posed by a geomechanical, geochemical, hydrogeo23 logical, structural, or engineered hazard.

1	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
2	the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Di-
3	rector of the United States Geological Survey.
4	(6) STORAGE FORMATION.—The term "storage
5	formation" means a deep saline formation,
6	unmineable coal seam, or oil or gas reservoir that is
7	capable of accommodating a volume of industrial
8	carbon dioxide.
9	(b) METHODOLOGY.—Not later than 1 year after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop
11	a methodology for conducting an assessment under sub-
12	section (f), taking into consideration—
13	(1) the geographical extent of all potential stor-
14	age formations in all States;
15	(2) the capacity of the potential storage forma-
16	tions;
17	(3) the injectivity of the potential storage for-
18	mations;
19	(4) an estimate of potential volumes of oil and
20	gas recoverable by injection and storage of industrial
21	carbon dioxide in potential storage formations;
22	(5) the risk associated with the potential stor-
23	age formations; and
24	(6) the work performed to develop the Carbon
25	Sequestration Atlas of the United States and Can-

1	ada completed by the Department of Energy in April
2	2006.
3	(c) COORDINATION.—
4	(1) Federal coordination.—
5	(A) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall
6	consult with the Secretary of Energy and the
7	Administrator regarding data sharing and the
8	format, development of methodology, and con-
9	tent of the assessment to ensure the maximum
10	usefulness and success of the assessment.
11	(B) COOPERATION.—The Secretary of En-
12	ergy and the Administrator shall cooperate with
13	the Secretary to ensure, to the maximum extent
14	practicable, the usefulness and success of the
15	assessment.
16	(2) STATE COORDINATION.—The Secretary
17	shall consult with State geological surveys and other
18	relevant entities to ensure, to the maximum extent
19	practicable, the usefulness and success of the assess-
20	ment.
21	(d) EXTERNAL REVIEW AND PUBLICATION.—On
22	completion of the methodology under subsection (b), the
23	Secretary shall—

(1) publish the methodology and solicit com ments from the public and the heads of affected
 Federal and State agencies;

4 (2) establish a panel of individuals with exper-5 tise in the matters described in paragraphs (1) 6 through (5) of subsection (b) composed, as appro-7 priate, of representatives of Federal agencies, insti-8 tutions of higher education, nongovernmental organi-9 zations, State organizations, industry, and inter-10 national geosciences organizations to review the methodology and comments received under para-11 12 graph (1); and

13 (3) on completion of the review under para14 graph (2), publish in the Federal Register the re15 vised final methodology.

16 (e) PERIODIC UPDATES.—The methodology devel-17 oped under this section shall be updated periodically (in-18 cluding not less frequently than once every 5 years) to in-19 corporate new data as the data becomes available.

20 (f) NATIONAL ASSESSMENT.

(1) IN GENERAL. Not later than 2 years after
the date of publication of the methodology under
subsection (d)(3), the Secretary, in consultation with
the Secretary of Energy and State geological surveys, shall complete a national assessment of the ca-

1	pacity for carbon dioxide storage in accordance with
2	the methodology.
3	(2) Geological verification.—As part of
4	the assessment, the Secretary shall carry out a drill-
5	ing program to supplement the geological data rel-
6	evant to determining storage capacity in earbon di-
7	oxide in geological storage formations, including—
8	(A) well log data;
9	(B) core data; and
10	(C) fluid sample data.
11	(3) Partnership with other drilling pro-
12	GRAMS.—As part of the drilling program under
13	paragraph (2), the Secretary shall enter into part-
14	nerships, as appropriate, with other entities to col-
15	lect and integrate data from other drilling programs
16	relevant to the storage of carbon dioxide in geologic
17	formations.
18	(4) Incorporation into natcarb.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—On completion of the
20	assessment, the Secretary shall incorporate the
21	results of the assessment using, to the max-
22	imum extent practicable—
23	(i) the NatCarb database; or

1	(ii) a new database developed by the
2	Secretary, as the Secretary determines to
3	be necessary.
4	(B) RANKING.—The database shall include
5	the data necessary to rank potential storage
6	sites
7	(i) for capacity and risk;
8	(ii) across the United States;
9	(iii) within each State;
10	(iv) by formation; and
11	(v) within each basin.
12	(5) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after
13	the date on which the assessment is completed, the
14	Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy
15	and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Com-
16	mittee on Science and Technology of the House of
17	Representatives a report describing the results of the
18	assessment.
19	(6) PERIODIC UPDATES.—The assessment shall
20	be updated periodically (including not less frequently
21	than once every 5 years) as necessary to support
22	public and private sector decisionmaking, as deter-
23	mined by the Secretary.

1	SEC. 8003. STUDY OF THE FEASIBILITY RELATING TO CON-
2	STRUCTION OF PIPELINES AND GEOLOGICAL
3	CARBON DIOXIDE SEQUESTRATION ACTIVI-
4	TIES.
5	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy, in co-
6	ordination with the Administrator, the Federal Energy
7	Regulatory Commission, the Secretary of Transportation,
8	and the Secretary of the Interior, shall conduct a study
9	to assess the feasibility of the construction of—
10	(1) pipelines to be used for the transportation
11	of carbon dioxide for the purpose of sequestration or
12	enhanced oil recovery; and
13	(2) geological carbon dioxide sequestration fa-
14	cilities.
15	(b) Scope.—The study shall consider—
16	(1) any barrier or potential barrier in existence
17	as of the date of enactment of this Act, including
18	any technical, siting, financing, or regulatory bar-
19	rier, relating to—
20	(A) the construction of pipelines to be used
21	for the transportation of carbon dioxide for the
22	purpose of sequestration or enhanced oil recov-
23	ery; or
24	(B) the geological sequestration of carbon
25	dioxide;

1	(2) any market risk (including throughput risk)
2	relating to—
3	(A) the construction of pipelines to be used
4	for the transportation of earbon dioxide for the
5	purpose of sequestration or enhanced oil recov-
6	cry; or
7	(B) the geological sequestration of earbon
8	dioxide;
9	(3) any regulatory, financing, or siting option
10	that, as determined by the Secretary of Energy,
11	would—
12	(A) mitigate any market risk described in
13	paragraph (2); or
14	(B) help ensure the construction of pipe-
15	lines dedicated to the transportation of carbon
16	dioxide for the purpose of sequestration or en-
17	hanced oil recovery;
18	(4) the means by which to ensure the safe han-
19	dling and transportation of carbon dioxide;
20	(5) any preventive measure to ensure the inte-
21	gration of pipelines to be used for the transportation
22	of carbon dioxide for the purpose of sequestration or
23	enhanced oil recovery; and
24	(6) any other appropriate use, as determined by
25	the Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the

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Administrator, the Federal Energy Regulatory Com mission, the Secretary of Transportation, and the
 Secretary of the Interior.

4 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
5 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall
6 submit to the Congress a report describing the results of
7 the study.

8 SEC. 8004. LIABILITIES FOR CLOSED GEOLOGICAL STOR9 AGE SITES.

10 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the 11 12 Administrator shall establish a task force, to be composed of an equal number of stakeholders, the public, subject 13 matter experts, and members of the private sector, to con-14 15 duct a study of the legal framework, environmental and safety considerations, and cost implications of potential 16 Federal assumption of liability with respect to closed geo-17 logical storage sites. 18

19 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the 20 date of enactment of this Act, the task force established 21 under subsection (a) shall submit to Congress a report de-22 seribing the results of the study conducted under sub-23 section (a), including recommendations of the task force, 24 if any, with respect to the framework described in that 25 subsection.

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TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS

2 SEC. 9001. PARAMOUNT INTEREST WAIVER.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—If the President determines that a national security emergency exists and, in light of infor-4 mation that was not available as of the date of enactment 5 of this Act, it is in the paramount interest of the United 6 7 States to modify any requirement under this Act to minimize the effects of the emergency, the President may, 8 9 after opportunity for public notice and comment, tempo-10 rarily adjust, suspend, or waive any regulations promul-11 gated pursuant to this Act to achieve that minimization.

12 (b) CONSULTATION.—In making an emergency deter-13 mination under subsection (a), the President shall, to the 14 maximum extent practicable, consult with and take into 15 account any advice received from—

- 16 (1) the National Academy of Sciences;
- 17 (2) the Secretary of Energy; and
- 18 (3) the Administrator.

(e) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—An emergency determination
under subsection (a) shall be subject to judicial review in
accordance with section 307 of the Clean Air Act (42)
U.S.C. 7607).

1 SEC. 9002. CORPORATE ENVIRONMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF 2 CLIMATE CHANGE RISKS.

3 (a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Ex-4 5 change Commission (referred to in this section as the "Commission") shall promulgate regulations in accord-6 7 ance with section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 8 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m) directing each issuer of securities 9 under that Act, to inform, based on the current expectations and projections and knowledge of facts of the issuer, 10 11 securities investors of material risks relating to-

12 (1) the financial exposure of the issuer because
13 of the net global warming pollution emissions of the
14 issuer; and

15 (2) the potential economic impacts of global
16 warming on the interests of the issuer.

17 (b) UNIFORM FORMAT FOR DISCLOSURE. In ear-18 rying out subsection (a), the Commission shall enter into 19 an agreement with the Financial Accounting Standards 20 Board, or another appropriate organization that estab-21 lishes voluntary standards, to develop a uniform format 22 for disclosing to securities investors information on the 23 risks described in subsection (a).

24 (c) INTERIM INTERPRETIVE RELEASE.

25 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
26 the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission

1	shall issue an interpretive release clarifying that
2	under items 101 and 303 of Regulation S-K of the
3	Commission under part 229 of title 17, Code of Fed-
4	eral Regulations (as in effect on the date of enact-
5	ment of this Act)—
6	(Λ) the commitments of the United States
7	to reduce emissions of global warming pollution
8	under the United Nations Framework Conven-
9	tion on Climate Change, done at New York on
10	May 9, 1992, are considered to be a material
11	effect; and
12	(B) global warming constitutes a known
13	trend.
14	(2) PERIOD OF EFFECTIVENESS.—The inter-
14 15	(2) PERIOD OF EFFECTIVENESS.—The inter- pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re-
15	pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re-
15 16	pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re- main in effect until the effective date of the final
15 16 17	pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re- main in effect until the effective date of the final regulations promulgated under subsection (a).
15 16 17 18	pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re- main in effect until the effective date of the final regulations promulgated under subsection (a). SEC. 9003. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL
15 16 17 18 19	pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re- main in effect until the effective date of the final regulations promulgated under subsection (a). SEC. 9003. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.
 15 16 17 18 19 20 	pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re- main in effect until the effective date of the final regulations promulgated under subsection (a). SEC. 9003. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW. (a) RULEMAKING PROCEDURES.—Any rule, require-
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	pretive release issued under paragraph (1) shall re- main in effect until the effective date of the final regulations promulgated under subsection (a). SEC. 9003. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW. (a) RULEMAKING PROCEDURES.—Any rule, require- ment, regulation, method, standard, program, determina-

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dures described in sections 551 through 557 of title 5,
 United States Code.

3 (b) ENFORCEMENT. Each provision of this Act (in4 cluding provisions relating to mandatory duties of the Ad5 ministrator) shall be fully enforceable pursuant to sections
6 113, 303, and 304 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7413,
7 7603, 7604).

8 (c) RECORDKEEPING, INSPECTIONS, MONITORING, 9 ENTRY, AND SUBPOENAS.—The Administrator shall have 10 the same powers and authority provided under sections 11 114 and 307(a) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7414, 12 7607(a)) in carrying out, administering, and enforcing 13 this Act.

(d) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—A petition for judicial review
of any regulation promulgated, or final action carried out,
by the Administrator pursuant to this Act may be filed
only—

18 (1) in the United States Court of Appeals for
19 the District of Columbia; and

20 (2) in accordance with section 307(b) of the
21 Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7607(b)).

22 SEC. 9004. RETENTION OF STATE AUTHORITY.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
24 (b), in accordance with section 116 of the Clean Air Act
25 (42 U.S.C. 7416) and section 510 of the Federal Water

Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1370), nothing in this
 Act precludes or abrogates the right of any State to adopt
 or enforce—

4 (1) any standard, cap, limitation, or prohibition
5 relating to emissions of greenhouse gas; or

6 (2) any requirement relating to control, abate-7 ment, or avoidance of emissions of greenhouse gas. 8 (b) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), no 9 State may adopt a standard, cap, limitation, prohibition, 10 or requirement that is less stringent than the applicable 11 standard, cap, limitation, or requirement 12 under this Act.

13 SEC. 9005. TRIBAL AUTHORITY.

For purposes of this Act, the Administrator may treat any federally recognized Indian tribe as a State, in accordance with section 301(d) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7601(d)).

18 SEC. 9006. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

19 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
20 as are necessary to carry out this Act.

21 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
"America's Climate Security Act of 2007".

24 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this

25 Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Findings. Sec. 3. Purposes.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.

TITLE I—CAPPING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Subtitle A—Tracking Emissions

- Sec. 1101. Purpose.
- Sec. 1102. Definitions.
- Sec. 1103. Reporting requirements.
- Sec. 1104. Data quality and verification.
- Sec. 1105. Federal greenhouse gas registry.
- Sec. 1106. Enforcement.

Subtitle B—Reducing Emissions

- Sec. 1201. Emission allowance account.
- Sec. 1202. Compliance obligation.
- Sec. 1203. Penalty for noncompliance.
- Sec. 1204. Coverage of natural gas.

TITLE II—MANAGING AND CONTAINING COSTS EFFICIENTLY

Subtitle A—Trading

- Sec. 2101. Sale, exchange, and retirement of emission allowances.
- Sec. 2102. No restriction on transactions.
- Sec. 2103. Allowance transfer system.
- Sec. 2104. Allowance tracking system.

Subtitle B—Banking

- Sec. 2201. Indication of calendar year.
- Sec. 2202. Effect of time.

Subtitle C—Borrowing

- Sec. 2301. Regulations.
- Sec. 2302. Term.
- Sec. 2303. Repayment with interest.

Subtitle D—Offsets

- Sec. 2401. Outreach initiative on revenue enhancement for agricultural producers.
- Sec. 2402. Establishment of domestic offset program.
- Sec. 2403. Eligible agricultural and forestry offset project types.
- Sec. 2404. Project initiation and approval.
- Sec. 2405. Offset verification and issuance of allowances for agricultural and forestry projects.
- Sec. 2406. Tracking of reversals for sequestration projects.
- Sec. 2407. Examinations.
- Sec. 2408. Timing and the provision of offset allowances.
- Sec. 2409. Offset registry.
- Sec. 2410. Environmental considerations.
- Sec. 2411. Program review.

Subtitle E—International Emission Allowances

- Sec. 2501. Use of international emission allowances.
- Sec. 2502. Regulations.
- Sec. 2503. Facility certification.

Subtitle F—Carbon Market Efficiency Board

- Sec. 2601. Purposes.
- Sec. 2602. Establishment of Carbon Market Efficiency Board.
- Sec. 2603. Duties.
- Sec. 2604. Powers.
- Sec. 2605. Estimate of costs to economy of limiting greenhouse gas emissions.

TITLE III—ALLOCATING AND DISTRIBUTING ALLOWANCES

Subtitle A—Early Auctions

Sec. 3101. Allocation for early auctions.

Subtitle B—Annual Auctions

Sec. 3201. Allocation for annual auctions.

Subtitle C—Early Action

Sec. 3301. Allocation. Sec. 3302. Distribution.

Subtitle D—States

Sec. 3401. Allocation for energy savings.

Sec. 3402. Allocation for States with programs that exceed Federal emission reduction targets.

Sec. 3403. General allocation.

Subtitle E—Electricity Consumers

Sec. 3501. Allocation. Sec. 3502. Distribution. Sec. 3503. Use. Sec. 3504. Reporting.

Subtitle F-Bonus Allowances for Carbon Capture and Geological Sequestration

Sec. 3601. Allocation.
Sec. 3602. Qualifying projects.
Sec. 3603. Distribution.
Sec. 3604. 10-Year limit.
Sec. 3605. Exhaustion of bonus allowance account.

Subtitle G—Domestic Agriculture and Forestry

Sec. 3701. Allocation. Sec. 3702. Agricultural and forestry greenhouse gas management research. Sec. 3703. Distribution.

Subtitle H—International Forest Protection

Sec. 3801. Findings.

- Sec. 3802. Definition of forest carbon activities.
- Sec. 3803. Allocation.
- Sec. 3804. Definition and eligibility requirements.
- Sec. 3805. International forest carbon activities.
- Sec. 3806. Reviews and discount.

Subtitle I—Covered Facilities

- Sec. 3901. Allocation.
- Sec. 3902. Distribution system.
- Sec. 3903. Distributing emission allowances within the electric power sector.
- Sec. 3904. Distributing additional emission allowances to rural electric cooperatives.
- Sec. 3905. Distributing emission allowances within the industrial sector.

TITLE IV-AUCTIONS AND USES OF AUCTION PROCEEDS

Subtitle A—Funds

- Sec. 4101. Establishment.
- Sec. 4102. Amounts in Funds.
- Sec. 4103. Transfers to Funds.

Subtitle B—Climate Change Credit Corporation

- Sec. 4201. Establishment.
- Sec. 4202. Applicable laws.
- Sec. 4203. Board of directors.
- Sec. 4204. Review and audit by Comptroller General.

Subtitle C—Auctions

- Sec. 4301. Early auctions.
- Sec. 4302. Annual auctions.

Subtitle D—Energy Technology Deployment

- Sec. 4401. General allocations.
- Sec. 4402. Zero- or low-carbon energy technologies deployment.
- Sec. 4403. Advanced coal and sequestration technologies program.
- Sec. 4404. Fuel from cellulosic biomass.
- Sec. 4405. Advanced technology vehicles manufacturing incentive program.

Subtitle E—Energy Consumers

- Sec. 4501. Proportions of funding availability.
- Sec. 4502. Rural energy assistance program.

Subtitle F—Climate Change Worker Training Program

- Sec. 4601. Funding.
- Sec. 4602. Purposes.
- Sec. 4603. Establishment.
- Sec. 4604. Grants to States.
- Sec. 4605. Types of assistance.

- Subtitle G—Adaptation Program for Natural Resources in United States and Territories
- Sec. 4701. Definitions.

Sec. 4702. Adaptation fund.

Subtitle H—Climate Change and National Security Program

Sec. 4801. Interagency Climate Change and National Security Council. Sec. 4802. Funding.

Subtitle I—Emergency Firefighting Programs

Sec. 4901. Findings.

Sec. 4902. Bureau of Land Management emergency firefighting program.

Sec. 4903. Forest Service emergency firefighting program.

TITLE V—ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Subtitle A—Appliance Efficiency

Sec. 5101. Residential boilers.

Sec. 5102. Regional variations in heating or cooling standards.

Subtitle B—Building Efficiency

Sec. 5201. Updating State building energy efficiency codes. Sec. 5202. Conforming amendment.

TITLE VI—GLOBAL EFFORT TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

- Sec. 6001. Definitions.
- Sec. 6002. Purposes.
- Sec. 6003. International negotiations.
- Sec. 6004. Interagency review.
- Sec. 6005. Presidential determinations.
- Sec. 6006. International reserve allowance program.
- Sec. 6007. Adjustment of international reserve allowance requirements.

TITLE VII—REVIEWS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- Sec. 7001. National Academy of Sciences Reviews.
- Sec. 7002. Environmental Protection Agency recommendations.
- Sec. 7003. Adaptation assessments and plan.

TITLE VIII—FRAMEWORK FOR GEOLOGICAL SEQUESTRATION OF CARBON DIOXIDE

- Sec. 8001. National drinking water regulations.
- Sec. 8002. Assessment of geological storage capacity for carbon dioxide.
- Sec. 8003. Study of the feasibility relating to construction of pipelines and geological carbon dioxide sequestration activities.
- Sec. 8004. Liabilities for closed geological storage sites.

TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 9001. Paramount interest waiver.
- Sec. 9002. Corporate environmental disclosure of climate change risks.

	Sec. 9003. Administrative procedure and judicial review. Sec. 9004. Retention of State authority. Sec. 9005. Tribal authority. Sec. 9006. Authorization of appropriations.
1	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) unchecked global warming poses a significant
4	threat to—
5	(A) the national security and economy of
6	the United States;
7	(B) public health and welfare in the United
8	States;
9	(C) the well-being of other countries; and
10	(D) the global environment;
11	(2) under the United Nations Framework Con-
12	vention on Climate Change, done at New York on
13	May 9, 1992, the United States is committed to stabi-
14	lizing greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmos-
15	phere at a level that will prevent dangerous anthropo-
16	genic interference with the climate system;
17	(3) according to the Fourth Assessment Report of
18	the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, sta-
19	bilizing greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmos-
20	phere at a level that will prevent dangerous inter-
21	ference with the climate system will require a global
22	effort to reduce anthropogenic greenhouse gas emis-

1	sions worldwide by 50 to 85 percent below 2000 levels
2	<i>by 2050</i> ;
3	(4) prompt, decisive action is critical, since glob-
4	al warming pollutants can persist in the atmosphere
5	for more than a century;
6	(5) the ingenuity of the people of the United
7	States will allow the United States to become a leader
8	in curbing global warming;
9	(6) it is possible and desirable to cap greenhouse
10	gas emissions, from sources that together account for
11	the majority of those emissions in the United States,
12	at or slightly below the current level in 2012, and to
13	lower the cap each year between 2012 and 2050, on
14	the condition that the system includes—
15	(A) cost containment measures;
16	(B) periodic review of requirements;
17	(C) an aggressive program for deploying
18	advanced energy technology;
19	(D) programs to assist low- and middle-in-
20	come energy consumers; and
21	(E) programs to mitigate the impacts of
22	any unavoidable global climate change;
23	(7) Congress may need to update the emissions
24	caps in order to account for continuing scientific data
25	and steps taken, or not taken, by foreign countries;

1	(8) accurate emission data and timely compli-
2	ance with the requirements of the greenhouse gas
3	emission reduction and trading program established
4	under this Act are needed to ensure that reductions
5	are achieved and to provide equity, efficiency, and
6	openness in the market for allowances subject to the
7	program;
8	(9) additional policies external to a cap-and-
9	trade program may be required, including with re-
10	spect to—
11	(A) the transportation sector, where reduc-
12	ing greenhouse gas emissions requires changes in
13	the vehicle, in the fuels, and in consumer behav-
14	ior; and
15	(B) the built environment, where reducing
16	direct and indirect greenhouse gas emissions re-
17	quires changes in buildings, appliances, lighting,
18	heating, cooling, and consumer behavior;
19	(10) significant and sustained domestic invest-
20	ments are required to support an aggressive program
21	for developing and deploying advanced technologies to
22	reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
23	(11) all, or virtually all, emissions of greenhouse
24	gases from the combustion of natural gas in the
25	United States should be reduced through the inclusion

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1	in a cap-and-trade system of facilities that sell nat-
2	ural gas in the United States;
3	(12) including natural gas in a cap-and-trade
4	system in the United States should be carried out in
5	a way that minimizes, to the extent feasible, the num-
6	ber of facilities required to submit emission allow-

ances for the natural gas sold by the facilities; and
(13) including natural gas in a cap-and-trade
system in the United States promotes substantial reductions in total United States greenhouse gas emissions while also minimizing, to the extent feasible, the
activities within the industrial sector that necessitate
the submission of emission allowances.

14 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

15 The purposes of this Act are—

16 (1) to establish the core of a Federal program
17 that will reduce United States greenhouse gas emis18 sions substantially enough between 2007 and 2050 to
19 avert the catastrophic impacts of global climate
20 change; and

(2) to accomplish that purpose while preserving
robust growth in the United States economy, creating
new jobs, and avoiding the imposition of hardship on
United States citizens.

1 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3	(1) Additional and additionality.—The
4	terms "additional" and "additionality" mean the ex-
5	tent to which reductions in greenhouse gas emissions
6	or increases in sequestration are incremental to busi-
7	ness-as-usual, measured as the difference between—
8	(A) baseline greenhouse gas fluxes of an off-
9	set project; and
10	(B) greenhouse gas fluxes of the offset
11	project.
12	(2) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
13	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
14	mental Protection Agency.
15	(3) BASELINE.—The term "baseline" means the
16	greenhouse gas flux or carbon stock that would have
17	occurred in the absence of an offset allowance.
18	(4) BIOLOGICAL SEQUESTRATION; BIOLOGICALLY
19	SEQUESTERED.—The terms "biological sequestration"
20	and "biologically sequestered" mean—
21	(A) the removal of greenhouse gases from the
22	atmosphere by terrestrial biological means, such
23	as by growing plants; and
24	(B) the storage of those greenhouse gases
25	without reversal in the plants or related soils.

1	(5) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The term
2	"carbon dioxide equivalent" means, for each green-
3	house gas, the quantity of the greenhouse gas that the
4	Administrator determines makes the same contribu-
5	tion to global warming as 1 metric ton of carbon di-
6	oxide.
7	(6) CORPORATION.—The term "Corporation"
8	means the Climate Change Credit Corporation estab-
9	lished by section 4201(a).
10	(7) Covered facility.—The term "covered fa-
11	cility" means—
12	(A) any facility within the electric power
13	sector that contains fossil fuel-fired electricity
14	generating units that together emit more than
15	10,000 carbon dioxide equivalents of greenhouse
16	gas in any year;
17	(B) any facility within the industrial sector
18	that emits more than 10,000 carbon dioxide
19	equivalents of greenhouse gas in any year;
20	(C) any facility that in any year produces,
21	or any entity that in any year imports,
22	petroleum- or coal-based transportation fuel, the
23	use of which will emit more than 10,000 carbon
24	dioxide equivalents of greenhouse gas, assuming

1	no capture and permanent sequestration of that
2	gas; or
3	(D) any facility that in any year produces,
4	or any entity that in any year imports, nonfuel
5	chemicals that will emit more than 10,000 car-
6	bon dioxide equivalents of greenhouse gas, assum-
7	ing no capture and destruction or permanent se-
8	questration of that gas.
9	(8) DESTRUCTION.—The term "destruction"
10	means the conversion of a greenhouse gas by thermal,
11	chemical, or other means—
12	(A) to another gas with a low- or zero-glob-
13	al warming potential; and
14	(B) for which credit given reflects the extent
15	of reduction in global warming potential actu-
16	ally achieved.
17	(9) ELECTRIC POWER SECTOR.—The term "elec-
18	tric power sector" means the "Electric Power Indus-
19	try", as that term is used in Table ES-7 of the Envi-
20	ronmental Protection Agency document entitled "In-
21	ventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks:
22	1990–2005".
23	(10) Emission Allowance.—The term "emis-
24	sion allowance" means an authorization to emit 1
25	carbon dioxide equivalent of greenhouse gas.

1	(11) Emission Allowance Account.—The term
2	"Emission Allowance Account" means the aggregate
3	of emission allowances that the Administrator estab-
4	lishes for a calendar year.
5	(12) FACILITY.—The term "facility" means—
6	(A) a building, structure, or installation lo-
7	cated on 1 or more contiguous or adjacent prop-
8	erties of an entity in the United States; and
9	(B) at the option of the Administrator, any
10	activity or operation that has a technical connec-
11	tion with the activities carried out at a facility,
12	such as use of transportation fleets, pipelines,
13	transmission lines, and distribution lines, but
14	that is not conducted or located on the property
15	of the facility.
16	(13) FAIR MARKET VALUE.—The term "fair mar-
17	ket value" means the average market price, in a par-
18	ticular calendar year, of an emission allowance.
19	(14) Geological sequestration; geologi-
20	CALLY SEQUESTERED.—The terms "geological seques-
21	tration" and "geologically sequestered" mean the
22	long-term isolation of greenhouse gases, without rever-
23	sal, in geological formations, in accordance with sec-
24	tion $1421(d)$ of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
25	$U.S.C. \; 300h(d)).$

(15) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term "greenhouse
gas" means any of—
(A) carbon dioxide;
(B) methane;
(C) nitrous oxide;
(D) sulfur hexafluoride;
(E) a hydrofluorocarbon; or
(F) a perfluorocarbon.
(16) Industrial sector.—The term "indus-
trial sector" means "Industry", as that term is used
in Table ES-7 of the Environmental Protection Agen-
cy document entitled "Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse
Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990–2005".
(17) LEAKAGE.—The term "leakage" means—
(A) a potentially unaccounted increase in
greenhouse gas emissions by a facility or entity
caused by an offset project that produces an ac-
counted reduction in greenhouse gas emissions;
or
(B) a potentially unaccounted decrease in
sequestration that is caused by an offset project
that results in an accounted increase in seques-
tration.

1	(18) LOAD-SERVING ENTITY.—The term 'load-
2	serving entity" means an entity, whether public or
3	private—
4	(A) that has a legal, regulatory, or contrac-
5	tual obligation to deliver electricity to retail con-
6	sumers; and
7	(B) whose rates and costs are, except in the
8	case of a registered electric cooperative, regulated
9	by a State agency, regulatory commission, mu-
10	nicipality, or public utility district.
11	(19) New Entrant.—The term "new entrant"
12	means any facility that commences operation on or
13	after January 1, 2008.
14	(20) Offset allowance.—The term "offset al-
15	lowance" means a unit of reduction in the quantity
16	of emissions or an increase in sequestration equal to
17	1 carbon dioxide equivalent at an entity that is not
18	a covered facility, where the reduction in emissions or
19	increase in sequestration is eligible to be used as an
20	additional means of compliance for the submission re-
21	quirements established under section 1202.
22	(21) OFFSET PROJECT.—The term "offset
23	project" means a project, other than a project at a
24	covered facility, that reduces greenhouse gas emissions
25	or increases sequestration of carbon dioxide.

1	(22) Project developer.—The term "project
2	developer" means an individual or entity imple-
3	menting an offset project.
4	(23) Retail rate for distribution serv-
5	ICE.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "retail rate for
7	distribution service" means the rate that a load-
8	serving entity charges for the use of the system
9	of the load-serving entity.
10	(B) EXCLUSION.—The term "retail rate for
11	distribution service" does not include any energy
12	component of the rate.
13	(24) Retire an emission allowance.—The
14	term "retire an emission allowance" means to dis-
15	qualify an emission allowance for any subsequent use,
16	regardless of whether the use is a sale, exchange, or
17	submission of the allowance in satisfying a compli-
18	ance obligation.
19	(25) REVERSAL.—The term "reversal" means an
20	intentional or unintentional loss of sequestered carbon
21	dioxide to the atmosphere.
22	(26) RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE.—The term
23	"rural electric cooperative" means a cooperatively-
24	owned association that is in existence as of October
25	18, 2007, and is eligible to receive loans under section

1	4 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C.
2	904).
3	(27) Sequestered and sequestration.—The
4	terms "sequestered" and "sequestration" mean the
5	capture, permanent separation, isolation, or removal
6	of greenhouse gases from the atmosphere.
7	(28) State regulatory authority.—The term
8	"State regulatory authority" means any State agency
9	that has ratemaking authority with respect to the re-
10	tail rate for distribution service.
11	(29) TRANSPORTATION SECTOR.—The term
12	"transportation sector" means "Transportation", as
13	that term is used in Table $ES-7$ of the Environ-
14	mental Protection Agency document entitled, "Inven-
15	tory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks:
16	1990–2005".
17	TITLE I—CAPPING GREENHOUSE
18	GAS EMISSIONS
19	Subtitle A—Tracking Emissions
20	SEC. 1101. PURPOSE.
21	The purpose of this subtitle is to establish a Federal
22	greenhouse gas registry that—
23	(1) is complete, consistent, transparent, and ac-
24	curate;

1	(2) will collect reliable and accurate data that	
2	can be used by public and private entities to design	
3	efficient and effective energy security initiatives and	
4	greenhouse gas emission reduction strategies; and	
5	(3) will provide appropriate high-quality data to	
6	be used for implementing greenhouse gas reduction	
7	policies.	
8	SEC. 1102. DEFINITIONS.	
9	In this subtitle:	
10	(1) Affected facility.—	
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "affected facil-	
12	ity" means—	
13	(i) a covered facility;	
14	(ii) another facility that emits a green-	
15	house gas, as determined by the Adminis-	
16	trator; and	
17	(iii) at the option of the Adminis-	
18	trator, a vehicle fleet with emissions of more	
19	than 10,000 carbon dioxide equivalents in	
20	any year, assuming no double-counting of	
21	emissions.	
22	(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "affected facil-	
23	ity" does not include any facility that—	
24	(i) is not a covered facility;	

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1	(ii) is owned or operated by a small
2	business (as described in part 121 of title
3	13, Code of Federal Regulations (or a suc-
4	cessor regulation)); and
5	(iii) emits fewer than 10,000 carbon
6	dioxide equivalents in any year.
7	(2) CARBON CONTENT.—The term "carbon con-
8	tent" means the quantity of carbon (in carbon dioxide
9	equivalent) contained in a fuel.
10	(3) CLIMATE REGISTRY.—The term "Climate
11	Registry" means the greenhouse gas emissions registry
12	jointly established and managed by more than 40
13	States and Indian tribes to collect high-quality green-
14	house gas emission data from facilities, corporations,
15	and other organizations to support various greenhouse
16	gas emission reporting and reduction policies for the
17	member States and Indian tribes.
18	(4) FEEDSTOCK FOSSIL FUEL.—The term "feed-
19	stock fossil fuel" means fossil fuel used as raw mate-
20	rial in a manufacturing process.
21	(5) GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.—The term
22	"greenhouse gas emissions" means emissions of a
23	greenhouse gas, including—
24	(A) stationary combustion source emissions
25	emitted as a result of combustion of fuels in sta-

1	tionary equipment, such as boilers, furnaces,
2	burners, turbines, heaters, incinerators, engines,
3	flares, and other similar sources;
4	(B) process emissions consisting of emis-
5	sions from chemical or physical processes other
6	than combustion;
7	(C) fugitive emissions consisting of inten-
8	tional and unintentional emissions from equip-
9	ment leaks, such as joints, seals, packing, and
10	gaskets, or from piles, pits, cooling towers, and
11	other similar sources; and
12	(D) biogenic emissions resulting from bio-
13	logical processes, such as anaerobic decomposi-
14	tion, nitrification, and denitrification.
15	(6) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" has
16	the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian
17	Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25
18	U.S.C. 450b).
19	(7) REGISTRY.—The term "Registry" means the
20	Federal greenhouse gas registry established under sec-
21	tion 1105(a).
22	(8) SOURCE.—The term "source" means any
23	building, structure, installation, unit, point, oper-
24	ation, vehicle, land area, or other item that emits or
25	may emit a greenhouse gas.

1 SEC. 1103. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to this section, each affected
3 facility shall submit to the Administrator, for inclusion in
4 the Registry, periodic reports, including annual and quar5 terly data, that—

6 (1) include the quantity and type of fossil fuels,
7 including feedstock fossil fuels, that are extracted, pro8 duced, refined, imported, exported, or consumed at or
9 by the facility;

(2) include the quantity of hydrofluorocarbons,
perfluorocarbons, sulfur hexafluoride, nitrous oxide,
carbon dioxide that has been captured and sequestered, and other greenhouse gases generated, produced,
imported, exported, or consumed at or by the facility;

(3) include the quantity of electricity generated,
imported, exported, or consumed by or at the facility,
and information on the quantity of greenhouse gases
emitted when the imported, exported, or consumed
electricity was generated, as determined by the Administrator;

(4) include the aggregate quantity of all greenhouse gas emissions from sources at the facility, including stationary combustion source emissions, process emissions, and fugitive emissions;

25 (5) include greenhouse gas emissions expressed in
26 metric tons of each greenhouse gas emitted and in the

1	quantity of carbon dioxide equivalents of each green-	
2	house gas emitted;	
3	(6) include a list and description of sources of	
4	greenhouse gas emissions at the facility;	
5	(7) quantify greenhouse gas emissions in accord-	
6	ance with the measurement standards established	
7	under section 1104;	
8	(8) include other data necessary for accurate and	
9	complete accounting of greenhouse gas emissions, as	
10	determined by the Administrator;	
11	(9) include an appropriate certification regard-	
12	ing the accuracy and completeness of reported data,	
13	as determined by the Administrator; and	
14	(10) are submitted electronically to the Adminis-	
15	trator, in such form and to such extent as may be re-	
16	quired by the Administrator.	
17	(b) De Minimis Exemptions.—	
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may deter-	
19	mine—	
20	(A) whether certain sources at a facility	
21	should be considered to be eligible for a de mini-	
22	mis exemption from a requirement for reporting	
23	under subsection (a); and	

(B) the level of greenhouse gases emitted
 from a source that would qualify for such an ex emption.

4 (2) FACTORS.—In making a determination
5 under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall con6 sider the availability and suitability of simplified
7 techniques and tools for quantifying emissions and
8 the cost to measure those emissions relative to the
9 purposes of this title, including the goal of collecting
10 complete and consistent facility-wide data.

(c) VERIFICATION OF REPORT REQUIRED.—Before including the information from a report required under this
section in the Registry, the Administrator shall verify the
completeness and accuracy of the report using information
provided under this section, obtained under section 9003(c),
or obtained under other provisions of law.

17 (d) TIMING.—

18 (1) CALENDAR YEARS 2004 THROUGH 2007.—For
19 a baseline period of calendar years 2004 through
20 2007, each affected facility shall submit required an21 nual data described in this section to the Adminis22 trator not later than March 31, 2009.

23 (2) SUBSEQUENT CALENDAR YEARS.—For cal24 endar year 2008 and each subsequent calendar year,
25 each affected facility shall submit quarterly data de-

1	scribed in this section to the Administrator not later
2	than 60 days after the end of the applicable quarter.
3	(e) No Effect on Other Requirements.—Nothing
4	in this title affects any requirement in effect as of the date
5	of enactment of this Act relating to the reporting of—
6	(1) fossil fuel production, refining, importation,
7	exportation, or consumption data;
8	(2) greenhouse gas emission data; or
9	(3) other relevant data.
10	SEC. 1104. DATA QUALITY AND VERIFICATION.
11	(a) Protocols and Methods.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-
13	tablish by regulation, taking into account the work
14	done by the Climate Registry, comprehensive protocols
15	and methods to ensure the accuracy, completeness,
16	consistency, and transparency of data on greenhouse
17	gas emissions and fossil fuel production, refining, im-
18	portation, exportation, and consumption submitted to
19	the Registry that include—
20	(A) accounting and reporting standards for
21	fossil fuel production, refining, importation, ex-
22	portation, and consumption;
23	(B) a requirement that, where techno-
24	logically feasible, submitted data are monitored
25	using monitoring systems for fuel flow or emis-

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1	sions, such as continuous emission monitoring
2	systems or equivalent systems of similar rigor,
3	accuracy, quality, and timeliness;
4	(C) a requirement that, if a facility has al-
5	ready been directed to monitor emissions of a
6	greenhouse gas using a continuous emission
7	monitoring system under existing law, that sys-
8	tem be used in complying with this Act with re-
9	spect to the greenhouse gas;
10	(D) for cases in which the Administrator
11	determines that monitoring emissions with the
12	precision, reliability, accessibility, and timeli-
13	ness similar to that provided by a continuous
14	emission monitoring system are not techno-
15	logically feasible, standardized methods for calcu-
16	lating greenhouse gas emissions in specific in-
17	dustries using other readily available and reli-
18	able information, such as fuel consumption, ma-
19	terials consumption, production, or other rel-
20	evant activity data, on the condition that those
21	methods do not underreport emissions, as com-
22	pared with the continuous emission monitoring
23	system;
24	(E) information on the accuracy of meas-

25 *urement and calculation methods;*

1	(F) methods to avoid double-counting of			
2	greenhouse gas emissions;			
3	(G) protocols to prevent an affected facility			
4	from avoiding the reporting requirements of this			
5	title (such as by reorganizing into multiple enti-			
6	ties or outsourcing activities that result in green-			
7	house gas emissions); and			
8	(H) protocols for verification of data sub-			
9	mitted by affected facilities.			
10	(2) Best practices.—The protocols and meth-			
11	ods developed under paragraph (1) shall incorporate			
12	and conform to the best practices from the most recent			
13	Federal, State, and international protocols for the			
14	measurement, accounting, reporting, and verification			
15	of greenhouse gas emissions to ensure the accuracy,			
16	completeness, and consistency of the data.			
17	(b) Verification; Information by Reporting Enti-			
18	TIES.—Each affected facility shall—			
19	(1) provide information sufficient for the Admin-			
20	istrator to verify, in accordance with the protocols			
21	and methods developed under subsection (a), that the			
22	fossil fuel data and greenhouse gas emission data of			
23	the affected facility have been completely and accu-			
24	rately reported; and			

1	(2) ensure the submission or retention, for the 5-		
2	year period beginning on the date of provision of the		
3	information, of—		
4	(A) data sources;		
5	(B) information on internal control activi-		
6	ties;		
7	(C) information on assumptions used in re-		
8	porting emissions and fuels;		
9	(D) uncertainty analyses; and		
10	(E) other relevant data and information to		
11	facilitate the verification of reports submitted to		
12	the Registry.		
13	(c) WAIVER OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The Ad-		
14	ministrator may waive reporting requirements for specific		
15	facilities if the Administrator determines that sufficient		
16	and equally or more reliable data are available under other		
17	provisions of law.		
18	(d) MISSING DATA.—If information, satisfactory to the		
19	Administrator, is not provided for an affected facility, the		
20	Administrator shall—		
21	(1) prescribe methods to estimate emissions for		
22	the facility for each period for which data are miss-		
23	ing, reflecting the highest emission levels that may		
24	reasonably have occurred during the period for which		
25	data are missing; and		

1	(2) take appropriate enforcement action pursu-		
2	ant to this section and section 9003(b).		
3	SEC. 1105. FEDERAL GREENHOUSE GAS REGISTRY.		
4	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall estab-		
5	lish a Federal greenhouse gas registry.		
6	(b) Administration.—In establishing the Registry,		
7	the Administrator shall—		
8	(1) design and operate the Registry;		
9	(2) establish an advisory body that is broadly		
10	representative of private enterprise, agriculture, envi-		
11	ronmental groups, and State, tribal, and local govern-		
12	ments to guide the development and management of		
13	the Registry;		
14	(3) provide coordination and technical assistance		
15	for the development of proposed protocols and meth-		
16	ods, taking into account the duties carried out by the		
17	Climate Registry, to be published by the Adminis-		
18	trator;		
19	(4)(A) develop an electronic format for reporting		
20	under guidelines established under section 1104(a)(1);		
21	and		
22	(B) make the electronic format available to re-		
23	porting entities;		
24	(5) verify and audit the data submitted by re-		
25	porting entities;		

1	(6) establish consistent policies for calculating			
2	carbon content and greenhouse gas emissions for each			
3	type of fossil fuel reported under section 1103;			
4	(7) calculate carbon content and greenhouse gas			
5	emissions associated with the combustion of fossil fuel			
6	data reported by reporting entities;			
7	(8) immediately publish on the Internet all in-			
8	formation contained in the Registry, except in any			
9	case in which publishing the information would result			
10	in a disclosure of—			
11	(A) information vital to national security,			
12	as determined by the President; or			
13	(B) confidential business information that			
14	cannot be derived from information that is other-			
15	wise publicly available and that would cause sig-			
16	nificant calculable competitive harm if published			
17	(except that information relating to greenhouse			
18	gas emissions shall not be considered to be con-			
19	fidential business information).			
20	(c) THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION.—The Administrator			
21	may use the services of third parties that have no conflicts			
22	of interest to verify reports required under section 1103.			
23	(d) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator shall—			

(1) not later than 180 days after the date of en actment of this Act, propose regulations to carry out
 this section; and

4 (2) not later than July 1, 2008, promulgate final
5 regulations to carry out this section.

6 SEC. 1106. ENFORCEMENT.

7 (a) CIVIL ACTIONS.—The Administrator may bring a
8 civil action in United States district court against the
9 owner or operator of an affected facility that fails to comply
10 with any requirement of this subtitle.

(b) PENALTY.—Any person that has violated or is violating this subtitle shall be subject to a civil penalty of not
more than \$25,000 per day of each violation.

14 Subtitle B—Reducing Emissions

15 SEC. 1201. EMISSION ALLOWANCE ACCOUNT.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish
17 a separate quantity of emission allowances for each of cal18 endar years 2012 through 2050.

(b) IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS.—The Administrator
shall assign to each emission allowance established under
subsection (a) a unique identification number that includes
the calendar year for which that emission allowance was
established.

24 (c) Legal Status of Emission Allowances.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—An emission allowance shall	
2	not be a property right.	
3	(2) TERMINATION OR LIMITATION.—Nothing in	
4	this Act or any other provision of law limits the au-	
5	thority of the United States to terminate or limit an	
6	emission allowance.	
7	(3) Other provisions unaffected.—Nothing	
8	in this Act relating to emission allowances shall affect	
9	the application of, or compliance with, any other pro-	
10	vision of law to or by a covered facility.	
11	(d) Allowances for Each Calendar Year.—The	
12	numbers of emission allowances established by the Adminis-	
13	trator for each of calendar years 2012 through 2050 shall	
14	be as follows:	

Calendar Year	Number of Emission Allowances (in Millions)
2012	5,200
2013	5,104
2014	5,008
2015	4,912
2016	4,816
2017	4,720
2018	4,624
2019	4,528
2020	4,432
2021	4,336
2022	4,240

Calendar Year	Number of Emission Allowances (in Millions)
2023	4,144
2024	4,048
2025	3,952
2026	3,856
2027	3,760
2028	3,664
2029	3,568
2030	3,472
2031	3,376
2032	3,280
2033	3,184
2034	3,088
2035	2,992
2036	2,896
2037	2,800
2038	2.704
2039	2,608
2040	2,512
2041	2,416
2042	2,320
2043	2,224
2044	2,128
2045	2,032
2046	1,936
2047	1,840
2048	1,744
2049	1,646

Calendar Year	Number of Emission Allowances (in Millions)
2050	1,560

1 SEC. 1202. COMPLIANCE OBLIGATION.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the 3 end of a calendar year, the owner or operator of a covered facility shall submit to the Administrator an emission al-4 lowance, an offset allowance awarded pursuant to subtitle 5 D of title II, or an international emission allowance ob-6 7 tained in compliance with regulations promulgated under 8 section 2502, for each carbon dioxide equivalent of green-9 house gas that—

10 (1) was emitted by that facility during the pre11 ceding year;

(2) will, assuming no capture and permanent geological sequestration of that gas, be emitted from the
use of any petroleum- or coal-based transportation
fuel that was produced or imported at that facility
during the preceding year; and

(3) will, assuming no capture and destruction or
permanent geological sequestration of that gas, be
emitted from any nonfuel chemical that was produced
or imported at that facility during the preceding
year.

(b) RETIREMENT OF ALLOWANCES.—Immediately
 upon receipt of an emission allowance under subsection (a),
 the Administrator shall retire the emission allowance.

4 (c) DETERMINATION OF COMPLIANCE.—Not later than
5 July 1 of each year, the Administrator shall determine
6 whether the owners and operators of all covered facilities
7 are in full compliance with subsection (a) for the preceding
8 year.

9 SEC. 1203. PENALTY FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.

10 (a) EXCESS EMISSIONS PENALTY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The owner or operator of any
covered facility that fails for any year to submit to
the Administrator by the deadline described in section
1202(a) or 2303, 1 or more of the emission allowances
due pursuant to either of those sections shall be liable
for the payment to the Administrator of an excess
emissions penalty.

18 (2) AMOUNT.—The amount of an excess emis19 sions penalty required to be paid under paragraph
20 (1) shall be, as determined by the Administrator, an
21 amount equal to the product obtained by multi22 plying—

23 (A) the number of excess emission allow24 ances that the owner or operator failed to sub25 mit; and

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1	(B) the greater of—
2	(i) \$200; or
3	(ii) a dollar figure representing 3
4	times the mean market value of an emission
5	allowance during the calendar year for
6	which the emission allowances were due.
7	(3) TIMING.—An excess emissions penalty re-
8	quired under this subsection shall be immediately due
9	and payable to the Administrator, without demand,
10	in accordance with such regulations as shall be pro-
11	mulgated by the Administrator by the date that is 1
12	year after the date of enactment of this Act.
13	(4) DEPOSIT.—The Administrator shall deposit
14	each excess emissions penalty paid under this sub-
15	section in the Treasury of the United States.
16	(5) NO EFFECT ON LIABILITY.—An excess emis-
17	sions penalty due and payable by the owner or oper-
18	ator of a covered facility under this subsection shall
19	not diminish the liability of the owner or operator for
20	any fine, penalty, or assessment against the owner or
21	operator for the same violation under any other pro-
22	vision of this Act or any other law.
23	(b) Excess Emission Allowance.—
24	(1) In general.—The owner or operator of a
25	arrand facility that fails for any year to submit to

25 covered facility that fails for any year to submit to

1	the Administrator by the deadline described in section
2	1202(a) or 2303 1 or more of the emission allowances
3	due pursuant to either of those sections shall be liable
4	to offset the excess emissions by an equal quantity, in
5	tons, during—
6	(A) the following calendar year; or
7	(B) such longer period as the Administrator
8	may prescribe.
9	(2) PLAN.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days
11	after the end of the calendar year during which
12	a covered facility emits excess emissions, the
13	owner or operator of the covered facility shall
14	submit to the Administrator, and to the State in
15	which the covered facility is located, a proposed
16	plan to achieve the required offsets for the excess
17	emissions.
18	(B) Condition of operation.—Upon ap-
19	proval of a proposed plan described in subpara-
20	graph (A) by the Administrator, the plan, as
21	submitted, modified, or conditioned, shall be con-
22	sidered to be a condition of the operating permit
23	for the covered facility, without further review or
24	revision of the permit.

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1	(C) DEDUCTION OF ALLOWANCES.—For
2	each covered facility that, in any calendar year,
3	emits excess emissions, the Administrator shall
4	deduct, from emission allowances allocated to the
5	covered facility for the calendar year, or for suc-
6	ceeding years during which offsets are required,
7	emission allowances equal to the excess quantity,
8	in tons, of the excess emissions.
9	(c) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful for the owner
10	or operator of any facility liable for a penalty and offset
11	under this section to fail—
12	(1) to pay the penalty in accordance with this
13	section;
14	(2) to provide, and thereafter comply with, a
15	proposed plan for compliance as required by sub-
16	section $(b)(2)$; and
17	(3) to offset excess emissions as required by sub-
18	section $(b)(1)$.
19	(d) No Effect on Other Section.—Nothing in this
20	subtitle limits or otherwise affects the application of section
21	<i>9003(b)</i> .
22	SEC. 1204. COVERAGE OF NATURAL GAS.
23	Not later than January 1, 2010, the definition of the
24	term "covered facility", and the compliance obligations
25	under this Act, shall be such that emissions of greenhouse

gases from the use of natural gas in the United States shall
 be included within the Emission Allowance Account for
 each calendar year and accordingly limited.

4 TITLE II—MANAGING AND CON5 TAINING COSTS EFFICIENTLY 6 Subtitle A—Trading

7 SEC. 2101. SALE, EXCHANGE, AND RETIREMENT OF EMIS8 SION ALLOWANCES.

9 Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the lawful 10 holder of an emission allowance may sell, exchange, trans-11 fer, submit for compliance in accordance with section 1202, 12 or retire the emission allowance.

13 SEC. 2102. NO RESTRICTION ON TRANSACTIONS.

14 The privilege of purchasing, holding, selling, exchang15 ing, and retiring emission allowances shall not be restricted
16 to the owners and operators of covered facilities.

17 SEC. 2103. ALLOWANCE TRANSFER SYSTEM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act
relating to emission allowances, including regulations providing that the transfer of emission allowances shall not be
effective until such date as a written certification of the
transfer, signed by a responsible official of each party to

1	the transfer, is received and recorded by the Administrator
2	in accordance with those regulations.
3	(b) TRANSFERS.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The regulations promulgated
5	under subsection (a) shall permit the transfer of al-
6	lowances prior to the issuance of the allowances.
7	(2) Deduction and addition of transfers.—
8	A recorded pre-allocation transfer of allowances shall
9	be—
10	(A) deducted by the Administrator from the
11	number of allowances that would otherwise be
12	distributed to the transferor; and
13	(B) added to those allowances distributed to
14	the transferee.
15	SEC. 2104. ALLOWANCE TRACKING SYSTEM.
16	The regulations promulgated under section $2103(a)$
17	shall include a system for issuing, recording, and tracking
18	emission allowances that shall specify all necessary proce-
19	dures and requirements for an orderly and competitive
20	functioning of the emission allowance system.
21	Subtitle B—Banking
22	SEC. 2201. INDICATION OF CALENDAR YEAR.
23	An emission allowance submitted to the Administrator
24	by the owner or operator of a covered facility in accordance
25	with section 1202(a) shall not be required to indicate in

1 the identification number of the emission allowance the cal-

2 endar year for which the emission allowance is submitted.

3 **SEC. 2202. EFFECT OF TIME.**

4 The passage of time shall not, by itself, cause an emis5 sion allowance to be retired or otherwise diminish the com6 pliance value of the emission allowance.

7 Subtitle C—Borrowing

8 SEC. 2301. REGULATIONS.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the 10 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall pro-11 mulgate regulations under which, subject to subsection (b), 12 the owner or operator of a covered facility may—

13 (1) borrow emission allowances from the Admin14 istrator; and

(2) for a calendar year, submit borrowed emission allowances to the Administrator in satisfaction
of up to 15 percent of the compliance obligation under
section 1202(a).

(b) LIMITATION.—An emission allowance borrowed
under subsection (a) shall be an emission allowance established by the Administrator for a specific future calendar
year under subsection 1201(a).

23 SEC. 2302. TERM.

The owner or operator of a covered facility shall not
submit, and the Administrator shall not accept, a borrowed

emission allowance in partial satisfaction of the compliance
 obligation under section 1202(a) for any calendar year that
 is more than 5 years earlier than the calendar year in cluded in the identification number of the borrowed emis sion allowance.

6 SEC. 2303. REPAYMENT WITH INTEREST.

7 For each borrowed emission allowance submitted in 8 partial satisfaction of the compliance obligation under sub-9 section 1202(a) for a particular calendar year (referred to in this section as the "use year"), the number of emission 10 11 allowances that the owner or operator is required to submit 12 under section 1202(a) for the year from which the borrowed emission allowance was taken (referred to in this section 13 as the "source year") shall be increased by an amount equal 14 15 to the product obtained by multiplying—

16 *(1)* 1.1; and

17 (2) the number of years beginning after the use18 year and before the source year.

19 Subtitle D—Offsets

20 SEC. 2401. OUTREACH INITIATIVE ON REVENUE ENHANCE-

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21 MENT FOR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCERS.
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(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Agriculture,
acting through the Chief of the Natural Resources Conservation Service, the Chief of the Forest Service, the Administrator of the Cooperative State Research, Education, and

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Extension Service, and land-grant colleges and universities,
 in consultation with the Administrator and the heads of
 other appropriate departments and agencies, shall establish
 an outreach initiative to provide information to agricul tural producers, agricultural organizations, foresters, and
 other landowners about opportunities under this subtitle to
 earn new revenue.

8 (b) COMPONENTS.—The initiative under this section— 9 (1) shall be designed to ensure that, to the max-10 imum extent practicable, agricultural organizations 11 and individual agricultural producers, foresters, and 12 other landowners receive detailed practical informa-13 tion about—

14 (A) opportunities to earn new revenue
15 under this subtitle;

16 (B) measurement protocols, monitoring,
17 verifying, inventorying, registering, insuring,
18 and marketing offsets under this title;

19(C) emerging domestic and international20markets for energy crops, allowances, and offsets;21and

(D) local, regional, and national databases
and aggregation networks to facilitate achievement, measurement, registration, and sales of offsets;

201
(2) shall provide—
(A) outreach materials, including the hand-
book published under subsection (c), to interested
parties;
(B) workshops; and
(C) technical assistance; and
(3) may include the creation and development of
regional marketing centers or coordination with exist-
ing centers (including centers within the Natural Re-
sources Conservation Service or the Cooperative State
Research, Education, and Extension Service or at
land-grant colleges and universities).
(c) Handbook.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Ag-
riculture, in consultation with the Administrator and
after an opportunity for public comment, shall pub-
lish a handbook for use by agricultural producers, ag-
ricultural cooperatives, foresters, other landowners,
offset buyers, and other stakeholders that provides
easy-to-use guidance on achieving, reporting, reg-
istering, and marketing offsets.
(2) DISTRIBUTION.—The Secretary of Agri-
culture shall ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
ticable, that the handbook—

1	(A) is made available through the Internet
2	and in other electronic media;
3	(B) includes, with respect to the electronic
4	form of the handbook described in subparagraph
5	(A), electronic forms and calculation tools to fa-
6	cilitate the petition process described in section
7	2404; and
8	(C) is distributed widely through land-grant
9	colleges and universities and other appropriate
10	institutions.
11	SEC. 2402. ESTABLISHMENT OF DOMESTIC OFFSET PRO-
12	GRAM.
13	(a) Alternative Means of Compliance.—Begin-
14	ning with calendar year 2012, the owner or operator of a
15	covered entity may satisfy 15 percent of the total allowance
16	submission requirement of the covered entity under section

17 1202(a) by submitting offset allowances generated in ac-18 cordance with this subtitle.

(b) REGULATIONS REQUIRED.—Not later than 18
months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in conjunction with the Secretary of Agriculture,
shall promulgate regulations authorizing the issuance and
certification of offset allowances from certain agricultural,
forestry, and other land use-related projects undertaken
within the United States, and certain other projects identi-

fied by the Administrator under section 2403(b)(4), includ ing provisions that—

3 (1) ensure that those offsets represent real,
4 verifiable, additional, permanent, and enforceable re5 ductions in greenhouse gas emissions or increases in
6 biological sequestration;

7 (2) specify the types of offset projects eligible to
8 generate offset allowances, in accordance with section
9 2403;

(3) establish procedures for project initiation
and approval, in accordance with section 2404;

(4) establish procedures to monitor, quantify,
and discount reductions in greenhouse gas emissions
or increases in biological sequestration, in accordance
with subsections (d) through (g) of section 2404;

16 (5) establish procedures for verification, registra17 tion, and issuance of offset allowances, in accordance
18 with section 2405;

(6) ensure permanence of offsets by mitigating
and compensating for reversals, in accordance with
section 2406; and

22 (7) assign a unique serial number to each offset
23 allowance issued under this section.

24 (c) OFFSET ALLOWANCES AWARDED.—The Adminis25 trator shall issue offset allowances for qualifying emission

reductions and biological sequestrations from offset projects
 that satisfy the applicable requirements of this subtitle.

- 3 (d) OWNERSHIP.—Initial ownership of an offset allow4 ance shall lie with a project developer, unless otherwise spec5 ified in a legally-binding contract or agreement.
- 6 (e) TRANSFERABILITY.—An offset allowance generated
 7 pursuant to this subtitle may be sold, traded, or transferred,
 8 on the conditions that—

9 (1) the offset allowance has not expired or been
10 retired or canceled; and

(2) liability and responsibility for mitigating
and compensating for reversals of registered offset allowances is specified in accordance with section
2406(b).

15 SEC. 2403. ELIGIBLE AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY OFF16 SET PROJECT TYPES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Offset allowances from agricultural, forestry, and other land use-related projects shall be
limited to those allowances achieving an offset of 1 or more
greenhouse gases by a method other than a reduction of combustion of greenhouse gas-emitting fuel.

(b) CATEGORIES OF ELIGIBLE AGRICULTURAL, FOR23 ESTRY, AND OTHER LAND USE-RELATED PROJECTS.—Sub24 ject to the requirements promulgated pursuant to section

1	2402(b), the types of operations eligible to generate offset
2	allowances under this subtitle include—
3	(1) agricultural and rangeland sequestration and
4	management practices, including—
5	(A) altered tillage practices;
6	(B) winter cover cropping, continuous crop-
7	ping, and other means to increase biomass re-
8	turned to soil in lieu of planting followed by
9	fallowing;
10	(C) conversion of cropland to rangeland or
11	grassland, on the condition that the land has
12	been in nonforest use for at least 10 years before
13	the date of initiation of the project;
14	(D) reduction of nitrogen fertilizer use or
15	increase in nitrogen use efficiency;
16	(E) reduction in the frequency and duration
17	of flooding of rice paddies; and
18	(F) reduction in carbon emissions from or-
19	ganic soils;
20	(2) changes in carbon stocks attributed to land
21	use change and forestry activities limited to—
22	(A) afforestation or reforestation of acreage
23	not forested as of October 18, 2007; and
24	(B) forest management resulting in an in-
25	crease in forest stand volume;

1	(3) manure management and disposal, includ-
2	ing—
3	(A) waste aeration; and
4	(B) methane capture and combustion;
5	(4) subject to the requirements of this subtitle,
6	any other terrestrial offset practices identified by the
7	Administrator, including—
8	(A) the capture or reduction of noncovered
9	fugitive emissions;
10	(B) methane capture and combustion at
11	nonagricultural facilities; and
12	(C) other actions that result in the avoid-
13	ance or reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in
14	accordance with section 2402; and
15	(5) combinations of any of the offset practices de-
16	scribed in paragraphs (1) through (4).
17	(c) EXCLUSION.—A project participating in a Federal,
18	State, or local cost-sharing, competitive grant, or technical
19	assistance program shall not be eligible to generate offset
20	allowances under this subtitle.
21	SEC. 2404. PROJECT INITIATION AND APPROVAL.
22	(a) PROJECT APPROVAL.—A project developer—
23	(1) may submit a petition for offset project ap-
24	proval at any time following the effective date of regu-
25	lations promulgated under section 2402(b); but

1	(2) may not register or issue offset allowances
2	until such approval is received and until after the
3	emission reductions or sequestrations supporting the
4	offset allowances have actually occurred.
5	(b) PETITION PROCESS.—Prior to offset registration
6	and issuance of offset allowances, a project developer shall
7	submit a petition to the Administrator, consisting of—
8	(1) a copy of the monitoring and quantification
9	plan prepared for the offset project, as described
10	under subsection (d);
11	(2) a greenhouse gas initiation certification, as
12	described under subsection (e); and
13	(3) subject to the requirements of this subtitle,
14	any other information identified by the Adminis-
15	trator in the regulations promulgated under section
16	2402 as necessary to meet the objectives of this sub-
17	title.
18	(c) Approval and Notification.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after
20	the date on which the Administrator receives a com-
21	plete petition under subsection (b), the Administrator
22	shall—
23	(A) determine whether the monitoring and
24	quantification plan satisfies the applicable re-
25	quirements of this subtitle;

1	(B) determine whether the greenhouse gas
2	initiation certification indicates a significant
3	deviation in accordance with subsection $(e)(3)$;
4	(C) notify the project developer of the deter-
5	minations under subparagraphs (A) and (B) ;
6	and
7	(D) issue offset allowances for approved
8	projects.
9	(2) APPEAL.—The Administrator shall establish
10	mechanisms for appeal and review of determinations
11	made under this subsection.
12	(d) Monitoring and Quantification.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—A project developer shall make
14	use of the standardized tools and methods described in
15	this section to monitor, quantify, and discount reduc-
16	tions in greenhouse gas emissions or increases in se-
17	questration.
18	(2) Monitoring and quantification plan.—A
19	monitoring and quantification plan shall be used to
20	monitor, quantify, and discount reductions in green-
21	house gas emissions or increases in sequestration as
22	described by this subsection.
23	(3) PLAN COMPLETION AND RETENTION.—A
24	monitoring and quantification plan shall be—

1	
1	(A) completed for all offset projects prior to
2	offset project initiation; and
3	(B) retained by the project developer for the
4	duration of the offset project.
5	(4) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—Subject to section
6	2402, the Administrator, in conjunction with the Sec-
7	retary of Agriculture, shall specify the required com-
8	ponents of a monitoring and quantification plan, in-
9	cluding—
10	(A) a description of the offset project, in-
11	cluding project type;
12	(B) a determination of accounting periods;
13	(C) an assignment of reporting responsi-
14	bility;
15	(D) the contents and timing of public re-
16	ports, including summaries of the original data,
17	as well as the results of any analyses;
18	(E) a delineation of project boundaries,
19	based on acceptable methods and formats;
20	(F) a description of which of the monitoring
21	and quantification tools developed under sub-
22	section (f) are to be used to monitor and quan-
23	tify changes in greenhouse gas fluxes or carbon
24	stocks associated with a project;

1	(G) a description of which of the standard-
2	ized methods developed under subsection (g) to be
3	used to determine additionality, estimate the
4	baseline carbon, and discount for leakage;
5	(H) based on the standardized methods cho-
6	sen in subparagraphs (F) and (G) , a determina-
7	tion of uncertainty in accordance with sub-
8	section (h);
9	(I) what site-specific data, if any, will be
10	used in monitoring, quantification, and the de-
11	termination of discounts;
12	(J) a description of procedures for use in
13	managing and storing data, including quality-
14	control standards and methods, such as redun-
15	dancy in case records are lost; and
16	(K) subject to the requirements of this sub-
17	title, any other information identified by the Ad-
18	ministrator or the Secretary of Agriculture as
19	being necessary to meet the objectives of this sub-
20	title.
21	(e) Greenhouse Gas Initiation Certification.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—In reviewing a petition sub-
23	mitted under subsection (b), the Administrator shall
24	seek to exclude each activity that undermines the in-
25	tegrity of the offset program established under this

1	subtitle, such as the conversion or clearing of land, or
2	marked change in management regime, in anticipa-
3	tion of offset project initiation.
4	(2) GREENHOUSE GAS INITIATION CERTIFI-
5	CATION REQUIREMENTS.—A greenhouse gas initiation
б	certification developed under this subsection shall in-
7	clude—
8	(A) the estimated greenhouse gas flux or
9	carbon stock for the offset project for each of the
10	4 complete calendar years preceding the effective
11	date of the regulations promulgated under sec-
12	tion 2402(b); and
13	(B) the estimated greenhouse gas flux or
14	carbon stock for the offset project, averaged across
15	each of the 4 calendar years preceding the effec-
16	tive date of the regulations promulgated under
17	section 2402(b).
18	(3) DETERMINATION OF SIGNIFICANT DEVI-
19	ATION.—Based on standards developed by the Admin-
20	istrator, in conjunction with the Secretary of Agri-
21	culture—
22	(A) each greenhouse gas initiation certifi-
23	cation submitted pursuant to this section shall be
24	reviewed; and

clude applicable—

1	(B) a determination shall be made as to
2	whether, as a result of activities or behavior in-
3	consistent with the purposes of this title, a sig-
4	nificant deviation exists between the average an-
5	nual greenhouse gas flux or carbon stock and the
6	greenhouse gas flux or carbon stock for a given
7	year.
8	(4) Adjustment for projects with signifi-
9	CANT DEVIATION.—In the case of a significant devi-
10	ation, the Administrator shall adjust the number of
11	allowances awarded in order to account for the devi-
12	ation.
13	(f) Development of Monitoring and Quantifica-
14	TION TOOLS FOR AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY
15	Projects.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 2402(b), the
17	Administrator, in conjunction with the Secretary of
18	Agriculture, shall develop standardized tools for use
19	in the monitoring and quantification of changes in
20	greenhouse gas fluxes or carbon stocks for each offset
21	project type listed under section 2403(b).
22	(2) Tool development.—The tools used to
23	monitor and quantify changes in greenhouse gas
24	fluxes or carbon stocks shall, for each project type, in-

1	(A) statistically-sound field and remote
2	sensing sampling methods, procedures, tech-
3	niques, protocols, or programs;
4	(B) models, factors, equations, or look-up
5	tables; and
6	(C) any other process or tool considered to
7	be acceptable by the Administrator, in conjunc-
8	tion with the Secretary of Agriculture.
9	(g) Development of Accounting and Discounting
10	Methods.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in con-
12	sultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall—
13	(A) develop standardized methods for use in
14	accounting for additionality and uncertainty, es-
15	timating the baseline, and discounting for leak-
16	age for each offset project type listed under sec-
17	tion 2403(b); and
18	(B) require that leakage be subtracted from
19	reductions in greenhouse gas emissions or in-
20	creases in sequestration attributable to a project.
21	(2) Additionality determination and base-
22	LINE ESTIMATION.—The standardized methods used to
23	determine additionality and establish baselines shall,
24	for each project type, at a minimum—

1	(A) in the case of a sequestration project,
2	determine the greenhouse gas flux and carbon
3	stock on comparable land identified on the basis
4	of—
5	(i) similarity in current management
6	practices;
7	(ii) similarity of regional, State, or
8	local policies or programs; and
9	(iii) similarity in geographical and
10	biophysical characteristics;
11	(B) in the case of an emission reduction
12	project, use as a basis emissions from comparable
13	land or facilities; and
14	(C) in the case of a sequestration project or
15	emission reduction project, specify a selected
16	time period.
17	(3) LEAKAGE.—The standardized methods used
18	to determine and discount for leakage shall, at a min-
19	imum, take into consideration—
20	(A) the scope of the offset system in terms
21	of activities and geography covered;
22	(B) the markets relevant to the offset
23	project;

1	(C) emission intensity per unit of produc-
2	tion, both inside and outside of the offset project;
3	and
4	(D) a time period sufficient in length to
5	yield a stable leakage rate.
6	(h) Uncertainty for Agricultural and Forestry
7	Projects.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in con-
9	junction with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall de-
10	velop standardized methods for use in determining
11	and discounting for uncertainty for each offset project
12	type listed under section 2403(b).
13	(2) BASIS.—The standardized methods used to
14	determine and discount for uncertainty shall be based
15	om—
16	(A) the robustness and rigor of the methods
17	used by a project developer to monitor and quan-
18	tify changes in greenhouse gas fluxes or carbon
19	stocks;
20	(B) the robustness and rigor of methods
21	used by a project developer to determine
22	additionality and leakage; and
23	(C) an exaggerated proportional discount
24	that increases relative to uncertainty, as deter-
25	mined by the Administrator, in conjunction with

1	the Secretary of Agriculture, to encourage better
2	measurement and accounting.
3	(i) Acquisition of New Data and Review of
4	Methods for Agricultural and Forestry
5	PROJECTS.—The Administrator, in conjunction with the
6	Secretary of Agriculture, shall—
7	(1) establish a comprehensive field sampling pro-
8	gram to improve the scientific bases on which the
9	standardized tools and methods developed under this
10	section are based; and
11	(2) review and revise the standardized tools and
12	methods developed under this section, based on—
13	(A) validation of existing methods, proto-
14	cols, procedures, techniques, factors, equations, or
15	models;
16	(B) development of new methods, protocols,
17	procedures, techniques, factors, equations, or
18	models;
19	(C) increased availability of field data or
20	other datasets; and
21	(D) any other information identified by the
22	Administrator, in conjunction with the Secretary
23	of Agriculture, that is necessary to meet the ob-
24	jectives of this subtitle.

(j) EXCLUSION.—No activity for which any emission
 allowances are received under subtitle G of title III shall
 generate offset allowances under this subtitle.

4 SEC. 2405. OFFSET VERIFICATION AND ISSUANCE OF AL5 LOWANCES FOR AGRICULTURAL AND FOR6 ESTRY PROJECTS.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Offset allowances may be claimed
8 for net emission reductions or increases in sequestration an9 nually, after accounting for any necessary discounts in ac10 cordance with section 2404, by submitting a verification re11 port for an offset project to the Administrator.

12 (b) OFFSET VERIFICATION.—

13 (1) SCOPE OF VERIFICATION.—A verification re14 port for an offset project shall—
15 (A) be completed by a verifier accredited in

16 accordance with paragraph (3); and

17 (B) shall be developed taking into consider18 ation—

19(i) the information and methodology20contained within a monitoring and quan-21tification plan;22(ii) black b

(ii) data and subsequent analysis of
the offset project, including—

1	(I) quantification of net emission
2	reductions or increases in sequestra-
3	tion;
4	(II) determination of
5	additionality;
6	(III) calculation of leakage;
7	(IV) assessment of permanence;
8	(V) discounting for uncertainty;
9	and
10	(VI) the adjustment of net emis-
11	sion reductions or increases in seques-
12	tration by the discounts determined
13	under clauses (II) through (V); and
14	(iii) subject to the requirements of this
15	subtitle, any other information identified by
16	the Administrator as being necessary to
17	achieve the purposes of this subtitle.
18	(2) Verification report requirements.—The
19	Administrator shall specify the required components
20	of a verification report, including—
21	(A) the quantity of offsets generated;
22	(B) the amount of discounts applied;
23	(C) an assessment of methods (and the ap-
24	propriateness of those methods);

1	(D) an assessment of quantitative errors or
2	omissions (and the effect of the errors or omis-
3	sions on offsets);
4	(E) any potential conflicts of interest be-
5	tween a verifier and project developer; and
6	(F) any other provision that the Adminis-
7	trator considers to be necessary to achieve the
8	purposes of this subtitle.
9	(3) Verifier Accreditation.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18
11	months after the date of enactment of this Act,
12	the Administrator shall promulgate regulations
13	establishing a process and requirements for ac-
14	creditation by a third-party verifier that has no
15	conflicts of interest.
16	(B) Public Accessibility.—Each verifier
17	meeting the requirements for accreditation in ac-
18	cordance with this paragraph shall be listed in
19	a publicly-accessible database, which shall be
20	maintained and updated by the Administrator.
21	(c) Registration and Awarding of Offsets.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
23	the date on which the Administrator receives a com-
24	plete petition required under section 2404(b), the Ad-
25	ministrator shall—

1	(A) determine whether the offsets satisfy the
2	applicable requirements of this subtitle; and
3	(B) notify the project developer of that de-
4	termination.
5	(2) Affirmative determination.—In the case
6	of an affirmative determination under paragraph (1),
7	the Administrator shall—
8	(A) register the offset allowances in accord-
9	ance with this subtitle; and
10	(B) issue the offset allowances.
11	(3) APPEAL AND REVIEW.—The Administrator
12	shall establish mechanisms for the appeal and review
13	of determinations made under this subsection.
14	SEC. 2406. TRACKING OF REVERSALS FOR SEQUESTRATION
15	PROJECTS.
16	(a) Reversal Certification.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 2402, the
18	Administrator shall promulgate regulations requiring
19	function share promargane regulations requiring
	the submission of a reversal certification for each off-
20	
20 21	the submission of a reversal certification for each off-
	the submission of a reversal certification for each off- set project on an annual basis following the registra-
21	the submission of a reversal certification for each off- set project on an annual basis following the registra- tion of offset allowances.

1	(A) whether any unmitigated reversal relat-
2	ing to the offset project has occurred in the year
3	preceding the year in which the certification is
4	submitted; and
5	(B) the quantity of each unmitigated rever-
6	sal.
7	(b) Effect on Offset Allowances.—
8	(1) INVALIDITY.—The Administrator shall de-
9	clare invalid all offset allowances issued for any offset
10	project that has undergone a complete reversal.
11	(2) PARTIAL REVERSAL.—In the case of an offset
12	project that has undergone a partial reversal, the Ad-
13	ministrator shall render invalid offset allowances
14	issued for the offset project in direct proportion to the
15	degree of reversal.
16	(c) Accountability for Reversals.—Liability and
17	responsibility for compensation of a reversal of a registered
18	offset allowance under subsection (a) shall lie with the per-
19	son that submitted the offset allowance to the Administrator
20	for the purpose of compliance with section 1202(a), unless
21	otherwise specified in a legally-binding contract or agree-
22	ment.
23	(d) Compensation for Reversals.—The unmiti-

24 gated reversal of 1 or more registered offset allowances that

were submitted for the purpose of compliance with section
 1202(a) shall require the submission of—

3 (1) an equal number of offset allowances; or 4 (2) a combination of offset allowances and emis-5 sion allowances equal to the unmitigated reversal. 6 (e) PROJECT TERMINATION.—A project developer may 7 cease participation in the domestic offset program estab-8 lished under this subtitle at any time, on the condition that 9 any registered allowances awarded for increases in seques-10 tration have been compensated for by the project developer 11 through the submission of an equal number of any combina-12 tion of offset allowances and emission allowances.

13 SEC. 2407. EXAMINATIONS.

(a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in conjunction with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall promulgate
regulations governing the examination and auditing of offset allowances.

- 19 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—The regulations promulgated
 20 under this section shall specifically consider—
- 21 (1) principles for initiating and conducting ex22 aminations;
- 23 (2) the type or scope of examinations, includ24 ing—
- 25 (A) reporting and recordkeeping; and

1 (B) site review or visitation; 2 (3) the rights and privileges of an examined 3 party; and 4 (4) the establishment of an appeal process. 5 SEC. 2408. TIMING AND THE PROVISION OF OFFSET ALLOW-6 ANCES. 7 (a) INITIATION OF OFFSET PROJECTS.—An offset 8 project that commences operation on or after the effective 9 date of regulations promulgated under section 2407(a) shall 10 be eligible to generate offset allowances under this subtitle 11 if the offset project meets the other applicable requirements 12 of this subtitle. 13 (b) PRE-EXISTING PROJECTS.— 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may allow 15 for the transition into the Registry of offset projects

and banked offset allowances operating under other
Federal, State, or private reporting programs or registries as of the effective date of regulations promulgated under section 2407(a) if the Administrator determines that the offset projects and banked offset allowances satisfy the applicable requirements of this
subtitle.

23 (2) EXCEPTION.—An offset allowance that is ex24 pired, retired, or canceled under any other offset pro25 gram, registry, or market as of the effective date of

1	regulations promulgated under section 2407(a) shall
2	be ineligible for transition into the Registry.
3	SEC. 2409. OFFSET REGISTRY.
4	In addition to the requirements established by section
5	2404, an offset allowance registered under this subtitle shall
6	be accompanied in the Registry by—
7	(1) a verification report submitted pursuant to
8	section $2405(a)$;
9	(2) a reversal certification submitted pursuant to
10	section 2406(b); and
11	(3) subject to the requirements of this subtitle,
12	any other information identified by the Adminis-
13	trator as being necessary to achieve the purposes of
14	this subtitle.
15	SEC. 2410. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS.
16	(a) Coordination to Minimize Negative EF-
17	FECTS.—In promulgating regulations under this subtitle,
18	the Administrator, in conjunction with the Secretary of Ag-
19	riculture, shall act (including by rejecting projects, if nec-
20	essary) to avoid or minimize, to the maximum extent prac-
21	ticable, adverse effects on human health or the environment
22	resulting from the implementation of offset projects under
23	this subtitle.
24	(b) Report on Positive Effects.—Not later than
25	2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-

trator, in conjunction with the Secretary of Agriculture,
 shall submit to Congress a report detailing—

3 (1) the incentives, programs, or policies capable
4 of fostering improvements to human health or the en5 vironment in conjunction with the implementation of
6 offset projects under this subtitle; and

7 (2) the cost of those incentives, programs, or
8 policies.

9 (c) USE OF NATIVE PLANT SPECIES IN OFFSET 10 PROJECTS.—Not later than 18 months after the date of en-11 actment of this Act, the Administrator, in conjunction with 12 the Secretary of Agriculture, shall promulgate regulations 13 for the selection, use, and storage of native and nonnative 14 plant materials—

(1) to ensure native plant materials are given
primary consideration, in accordance with applicable
Department of Agriculture guidance for use of native
plant materials;

19 (2) to prohibit the use of Federal- or State-des20 ignated noxious weeds; and

21 (3) to prohibit the use of a species listed by a re22 gional or State invasive plant council within the ap23 plicable region or State.

1 SEC. 2411. PROGRAM REVIEW.

Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of
this Act, and periodically thereafter, the Administrator, in
conjunction with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall review
and revise, as necessary to achieve the purposes of this Act,
the regulations promulgated under this subtitle.

7 Subtitle E—International Emission 8 Allowances

9 SEC. 2501. USE OF INTERNATIONAL EMISSION ALLOW-10 ANCES.

11 The owner or operator of a covered facility may satisfy 12 up to 15 percent of the allowance submission requirement 13 of the covered facility under section 1202(a) by submitting 14 emission allowances obtained on a foreign greenhouse gas 15 emissions trading market, on the condition that the Admin-16 istrator has certified the market in accordance with the reg-17 ulations promulgated pursuant to section 2502(a).

18 SEC. 2502. REGULATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations, taking into consideration protocols
adopted in accordance with the United Nations Framework
Convention on Climate Change, done at New York on May
9, 1992—

25 (1) approving the use under this subtitle of emis26 sion allowances from such foreign greenhouse gas

1	emissions trading markets as the regulations may es-
2	tablish; and
3	(2) permitting the use of international emission
4	allowances from the foreign country that issued the
5	emission allowances.
6	(b) Requirements.—The regulations promulgated
7	under subsection (a) shall require that, in order to be ap-
8	proved for use under this subtitle—
9	(1) an emission allowance shall have been issued
10	by a foreign country pursuant to a governmental pro-
11	gram that imposes mandatory absolute tonnage limits
12	on greenhouse gas emissions from the foreign country,
13	or 1 or more industry sectors in that country, pursu-
14	ant to protocols described in subsection (a); and
15	(2) the governmental program be of comparable
16	stringency to the program established by this Act, in-
17	cluding comparable monitoring, compliance, and en-
18	forcement.
19	SEC. 2503. FACILITY CERTIFICATION.
20	The owner or operator of a covered facility who sub-
21	mits an international emission allowance under this sub-
22	title shall certify that the allowance has not been retired
23	from use in the registry of the applicable foreign country.

1Subtitle F—Carbon Market2Efficiency Board

3 SEC. 2601. PURPOSES.

4 The purposes of this subtitle are—

5 (1) to ensure that the imposition of limits on
6 greenhouse gas emissions will not significantly harm
7 the economy of the United States; and

8 (2) to establish a Carbon Market Efficiency
9 Board to ensure the implementation and maintenance
10 of a stable, functioning, and efficient market in emis11 sion allowances.

12SEC. 2602. ESTABLISHMENT OF CARBON MARKET EFFI-13CIENCY BOARD.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a board, to
be known as the "Carbon Market Efficiency Board" (referred to in this subtitle as the "Board").

17 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the Board are—

18 (1) to promote the achievement of the purposes of
19 this Act;

20 (2) to observe the national greenhouse gas emis21 sion market and evaluate periods during which the
22 cost of emission allowances provided under Federal
23 law might pose significant harm to the economy; and
24 (3) to submit to the President and Congress
25 quarterly reports—

1	(A) describing—
2	(i) the status of the emission allowance
3	market established under this Act;
4	(ii) the economic cost and benefits of
5	the market, regional, industrial, and con-
6	sumer responses to the market;
7	(iii) where practicable, energy invest-
8	ment responses to the market;
9	(iv) any corrective measures that
10	should be carried out to relieve excessive net
11	costs of the market; and
12	(v) plans to compensate for those meas-
13	ures to ensure that the long-term emission-
14	reduction goals of this Act are achieved;
15	(B) that are timely and succinct to ensure
16	regular monitoring of market trends; and
17	(C) that are prepared independently by the
18	Board.
19	(c) Membership.—
20	(1) Composition.—The Board shall be composed
21	of—
22	(A) 7 members who are citizens of the
23	United States, to be appointed by the President,
24	by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-
25	ate; and

1	(B) an advisor who is a scientist with ex-
2	pertise in climate change and the effects of cli-
3	mate change on the environment, to be appointed
4	by the President, by and with the advice and
5	consent of the Senate.
6	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In appointing members of
7	the Board under paragraph (1), the President shall—
8	(A) ensure fair representation of the finan-
9	cial, agricultural, industrial, and commercial
10	sectors, and the geographical regions, of the
11	United States, and include a representative of
12	consumer interests;
13	(B) appoint not more than 1 member from
14	each such geographical region; and
15	(C) ensure that not more than 4 members of
16	the Board serving at any time are affiliated with
17	the same political party.
18	(3) Compensation.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Board
20	shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily
21	equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay pre-
22	scribed for level II of the Executive Schedule
23	under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code,
24	for each day (including travel time) during

1	which the member is engaged in the performance
2	of the duties of the Board.
3	(B) CHAIRPERSON.—The Chairperson of the
4	Board shall be compensated at a rate equal to
5	the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic
6	pay prescribed for level I of the Executive Sched-
7	ule under section 5312 of title 5, United States
8	Code, for each day (including travel time) dur-
9	ing which the member is engaged in the perform-
10	ance of the duties of the Board.
11	(4) Prohibitions.—
12	(A) Conflicts of interest.—An indi-
13	vidual employed by, or holding any official rela-
14	tionship (including any shareholder) with, any
15	entity engaged in the generation, transmission,
16	distribution, or sale of energy, an individual
17	who has any pecuniary interest in the genera-
18	tion, transmission, distribution, or sale of en-
19	ergy, or an individual who has a pecuniary in-
20	terest in the implementation of this Act, shall
21	not be appointed to the Board under this sub-
22	section.
23	(B) No other employment.—A member
24	of the Board shall not hold any other employ-
25	ment during the term of service of the member.

1	(d) Term; Vacancies.—
2	(1) TERM.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term of a member of
4	the Board shall be 14 years, except that the
5	members first appointed to the Board shall be
6	appointed for terms in a manner that ensures
7	that—
8	(i) the term of not more than 1 mem-
9	ber shall expire during any 2-year period;
10	and
11	(ii) no member serves a term of more
12	than 14 years.
13	(B) OATH OF OFFICE.—A member shall
14	take the oath of office of the Board by not later
15	than 15 days after the date on which the member
16	is appointed under subsection $(c)(1)$.
17	(C) Removal.—
18	(i) IN GENERAL.—A member may be
19	removed from the Board on determination
20	of the President for cause.
21	(ii) NOTIFICATION.—The President
22	shall submit to Congress a notification of
23	any determination by the President to re-
24	move a member of the Board for cause
25	under clause (i).

1	(2) VACANCIES.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—A vacancy on the
3	Board—
4	(i) shall not affect the powers of the
5	Board; and
6	(ii) shall be filled in the same manner
7	as the original appointment was made.
8	(B) Service until New Appointment.—A
9	member of the Board the term of whom has ex-
10	pired or otherwise been terminated shall continue
11	to serve until the date on which a replacement
12	is appointed under subparagraph $(A)(ii)$, if the
13	President determines that service to be appro-
14	priate.
15	(e) Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson.—Of mem-
16	bers of the Board, the President shall appoint—
17	(1) 1 member to serve as Chairperson of the
18	Board for a term of 4 years; and
19	(2) 1 member to serve as Vice-Chairperson of the
20	Board for a term of 4 years.
21	(f) Meetings.—
22	(1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Board shall hold the
23	initial meeting of the Board as soon as practicable
24	after the date on which all members have been ap-
25	pointed to the Board under subsection $(c)(1)$.

1	(2) Presiding of the
2	Board shall be presided over by—
3	(A) the Chairperson;
4	(B) in any case in which the Chairperson
5	is absent, the Vice-Chairperson; or
6	(C) in any case in which the Chairperson
7	and Vice-Chairperson are absent, a chairperson
8	pro tempore, to be elected by the members of the
9	Board.
10	(3) QUORUM.—Four members of the Board shall
11	constitute a quorum for a meeting of the Board.
12	(4) Open meetings.—The Board shall be subject
13	to section 552b of title 5, United States Code (com-
14	monly known as the "Government in the Sunshine
15	Act").
16	SEC. 2603. DUTIES.
17	(a) Information Gathering.—
18	(1) AUTHORITY.—The Board shall collect and
19	analyze relevant market information to promote a full
20	understanding of the dynamics of the emission allow-
	what standing of the agrantice of the entiseton attott
21	ance market established under this Act.
21 22	
	ance market established under this Act.
22	ance market established under this Act. (2) INFORMATION.—The Board shall gather such

1	(A) emission allowance allocation and
2	availability;
3	(B) the price of emission allowances;
4	(C) macro- and micro-economic effects of
5	unexpected significant increases and decreases in
6	emission allowance prices, or shifts in the emis-
7	sion allowance market, should those increases,
8	decreases, or shifts occur;
9	(D) economic effect thresholds that could
10	warrant implementation of cost relief measures
11	described in section 2604(a) after the initial 2-
12	year period described in subsection (d)(2);
13	(E) in the event any cost relief measures de-
14	scribed in section 2604(a) are taken, the effects
15	of those measures on the market;
16	(F) maximum levels of cost relief measures
17	that are necessary to achieve avoidance of eco-
18	nomic harm and preserve achievement of the
19	purposes of this Act; and
20	(G) the success of the market in promoting
21	achievement of the purposes of this Act.
22	(b) TREATMENT AS PRIMARY ACTIVITY.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—During the initial 2-year pe-
24	riod of operation of the Board, information gathering

1	under subsection (a) shall be the primary activity of
2	the Board.
3	(2) SUBSEQUENT AUTHORITY.—After the 2-year
4	period described in paragraph (1), the Board shall as-
5	sume authority to implement the cost-relief measures
6	described in section $2604(a)$.
7	(c) Study.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—During the 2-year period be-
9	ginning on the date on which the emission allowance
10	market established under this Act begins operation,
11	the Board shall conduct a study of other markets for
12	tradeable permits to emit covered greenhouse gases.
13	(2) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the
14	beginning of the period described in paragraph (1),
15	the Board shall submit to Congress a report describ-
16	ing the status of the market, specifically with respect
17	to volatility within the market and the average price
18	of emission allowances during that 180-day period.
19	(d) Employment of Cost Relief Measures.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Board determines that
21	the emission allowance market established under this
22	Act poses a significant harm to the economy of the
23	United States, the Board shall carry out such cost re-
24	lief measures relating to that market as the Board de-
25	termines to be appropriate under section 2604(a).

(2) INITIAL PERIOD.—During the 2-year period
beginning on the date on which the emission allow-
ance market established under this Act begins oper-
ation, if the Board determines that the average daily
closing price of emission allowances during a 180-day
period exceeds the upper range of the estimate pro-
vided under section 2605, the Board shall—
(A) increase the quantity of emission allow-
ances that covered facilities may borrow from the
prescribed allocations of the covered facilities for
future years; and
(B) take subsequent action as described in
$section \ 2604(a)(2).$
(3) Requirements.—Any action carried out
pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the re-
quirements of section $2604(a)(3)(B)$.
(e) REPORTS.—The Board shall submit to the Presi-
dent and Congress quarterly reports—
(1) describing the status of the emission allow-
ance market established under this Act, the economic
effects of the market, regional, industrial, and con-
sumer responses to the market, energy investment re-
sponses to the market, any corrective measures that
should be carried out to relieve excessive costs of the

1	market, and plans to compensate for those measures;
2	and
3	(2) that are prepared independently by the
4	Board, and not in partnership with Federal agencies.
5	SEC. 2604. POWERS.
6	(a) Cost Relief Measures.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the day after
8	the date of expiration of the 2-year period described
9	in section 2603(b), the Board may carry out 1 or
10	more of the following cost relief measures to ensure
11	functioning, stable, and efficient markets for emission
12	allowances:
13	(A) Increase the quantity of emission allow-
14	ances that covered facilities may borrow from the
15	prescribed allocations of the covered facilities for
16	future years.
17	(B) Expand the period during which a cov-
18	ered facility may repay the Administrator for an
19	emission allowance as described in subparagraph
20	(A).
21	(C) Lower the interest rate at which an
22	emission allowance may be borrowed as described
23	in subparagraph (A).
24	(D) Increase the quantity of emission allow-
25	ances obtained on a foreign greenhouse gas emis-

1	sions trading market that the owner or operator
2	of any covered facility may use to satisfy the al-
3	lowance submission requirement of the covered
4	facility under section 1202(a), on the condition
5	that the Administrator has certified the market
6	in accordance with the regulations promulgated
7	pursuant to section 2502(a).
8	(E) Increase the quantity of offset allow-
9	ances generated in accordance with subtitle D
10	that the owner or operator of any covered facility
11	may use to satisfy the total allowance submission
12	requirement of the covered facility under section
13	1202(a).
14	(F) Expand the total quantity of emission
15	allowances made available to all covered facili-
16	ties at any given time by borrowing against the
17	total allowable quantity of emission allowances
18	to be provided for future years.
19	(2) Subsequent Actions.—On determination
20	by the Board to carry out a cost relief measure pursu-
21	ant to paragraph (1), the Board shall—
22	(A) allow the cost relief measure to be used
23	only during the applicable allocation year;
24	(B) exercise the cost relief measure incre-
25	mentally, and only as needed to avoid signifi-

1	cant economic harm during the applicable allo-
2	cation year;
3	(C) specify the terms of the relief to be
4	achieved using the cost relief measure, including
5	requirements for entity-level or national market-
6	level compensation to be achieved by a specific
7	date or within a specific time period;
8	(D) in accordance with section 2603(e), sub-
9	mit to the President and Congress a report de-
10	scribing the actions carried out by the Board
11	and recommendations for the terms under which
12	the cost relief measure should be authorized by
13	Congress and carried out by Federal entities;
14	and
15	(E) evaluate, at the end of the applicable al-
16	location year, actions that need to be carried out
17	during subsequent years to compensate for any
18	cost relief measure carried out during the appli-
19	cable allocation year.
20	(3) Action on expansion of borrowing.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Board carries out
22	a cost relief measure pursuant to paragraph (1)
23	that results in the expansion of borrowing of
24	emission allowances under this Act, and if the
25	average daily closing price of emission allow-

ances for the 180-day period beginning on the
date on which borrowing is so expanded exceeds
the upper range of the estimate provided under
section 2605, the Board shall increase the quan-
tity of emission allowances available for the ap-
plicable allocation year in accordance with this
paragraph.
(B) REQUIREMENTS.—An increase in the
quantity of emission allowances under subpara-
graph (A) shall—
(i) apply to all covered facilities;
(ii) be allocated in accordance with the
applicable formulas and procedures estab-
lished under this Act;
(iii) be equal to not more than 5 per-
cent of the total quantity of emission allow-
ances otherwise available for the applicable
allocation year under this Act;
(iv) remain in effect only for the appli-
cable allocation year;
(v) specify the date by which the in-
crease shall be repaid by covered facilities
through a proportionate reduction of emis-
sion allowances available for subsequent al-
location years; and

(vi) require the repayment under
 clause (v) to be made by not later than the
 date that is 15 years after the date on which
 the increase is provided.

5 (b) Assessments.—Not more frequently than semiannually, the Board may levy on owners and operators of 6 7 covered facilities an assessment sufficient to pay the esti-8 mated expenses of the Board and the salaries of members 9 of and employees of the Board during the 180-day period 10 beginning on the date on which the assessment is levied, 11 taking into account any deficit carried forward from the 12 preceding 180-day period.

13 (c) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this section gives the
14 Board the authority—

(1) to consider or prescribe entity-level petitions
for relief from the costs of an emission allowance allocation or trading program established under Federal
law;

19 (2) to carry out any investigative or punitive
20 process under the jurisdiction of any Federal or State
21 court;

(3) to interfere with, modify, or adjust any emission allowance allocation scheme established under
Federal law; or

1	(4) to modify the total quantity of allowances
2	issued under this Act for the period of calendar years
3	2012 through 2050.
4	SEC. 2605. ESTIMATE OF COSTS TO ECONOMY OF LIMITING
5	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.
6	Not later than July 1, 2014, the Director of the Con-
7	gressional Budget Office, using economic and scientific
8	analyses, shall submit to Congress a report that describes—
9	(1) the projected price range at which emission
10	allowances are expected to trade during the 2-year pe-
11	riod of the initial greenhouse gas emission market es-
12	tablished under Federal law; and
13	(2) the projected impact of that market on the
14	economy of the United States.
15	TITLE III—ALLOCATING AND
16	DISTRIBUTING ALLOWANCES
17	Subtitle A—Early Auctions
18	SEC. 3101. ALLOCATION FOR EARLY AUCTIONS.
19	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
20	of this Act, the Administrator shall allocate 6 percent of
21	the emission allowances established for calendar year 2012,
22	4 percent of the emission allowances established for calendar
23	year 2013, and 2 percent of the emissions established for
24	calendar 2014, to the Corporation for early auctioning in

25 accordance with section 4301.

1 Subtitle B—Annual Auctions

2 SEC. 3201. ALLOCATION FOR ANNUAL AUCTIONS.

Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter
through calendar year 2049, the Administrator shall allocate to the Corporation for annual auctioning a percentage
of emission allowances for the following calendar year, as
follows:

Calendar Year	Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allocated to the Corpora- tion
2012	18
2013	21
2014	24
2015	27
2016	28
2017	31
2018	33
2019	35
2020	37
2021	39
2022	41
2023	43
2024	45
2025	47
2026	49
2027	51
2028	53
2029	55

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001	

Calendar Year	Percentage of Emission Allowance Account Allocated to the Corpora- tion
2030	57
2031	59
2032	61
2033	63
2034	65
2035	67
2036	73
2037	73
2038	73
2039	73
2040	73
2041	73
2042	73
2043	73
2044	73
2045	73
2046	73
2047	73
2048	73
2049	73
2050	73

1 Subtitle C—Early Action

2 SEC. 3301. ALLOCATION.

Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of
this Act, the Administrator shall allocate to owners or operators of covered facilities, in recognition of actions of the

owners and operators taken since January 1, 1994, that 1 2 resulted in verified and credible reductions of greenhouse 3 gas emissions— 4 (1) 5 percent of the emission allowances estab-5 lished for calendar year 2012; 6 (2) 4 percent of the emission allowances estab-7 lished for calendar year 2013; 8 (3) 3 percent of the emission allowances estab-9 lished for calendar year 2014; 10 (4) 2 percent of the emission allowances estab-11 lished for calendar year 2015; and 12 (5) 1 percent of the emission allowances estab-13 lished for calendar year 2016. 14 SEC. 3302. DISTRIBUTION. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date 15 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish, 16 by regulation, procedures and standards for use in distrib-17 18 uting, to owners and operators of covered facilities, emission 19 allowances allocated under section 3301. 20 (b) CONSIDERATION.—The procedures and standards 21 established under subsection (a) shall provide for consider-22 ation of verified and credible emission reductions registered 23 before the date of enactment of this Act under— 24 (1) the Climate Leaders Program, or any other 25 voluntary greenhouse gas reduction program of the

1	United States Environmental Protection Agency and
2	United States Department of Energy;
3	(2) the Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse Gases
4	Program of the Energy Information Administration;
5	(3) State or regional greenhouse gas emission re-
6	duction programs that include systems for tracking
7	and verifying the greenhouse gas emission reductions;
8	and
9	(4) voluntary entity programs that resulted in
10	entity-wide reductions in greenhouse gas emissions.
11	(c) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 4 years after the
12	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall dis-
13	tribute all emission allowances allocated under section
14	3301.

15 **Subtitle D—States**

16 SEC. 3401. ALLOCATION FOR ENERGY SAVINGS.

(a) ALLOCATION.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and
annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Administrator shall allocate 1 percent of the Emission Allowance
Account for the following calendar year among States that
have adopted regulations by not later than the date on
which the allowance allocations are made, that subject regulated natural gas and electric utilities that deliver gas or
electricity in the State to regulations that—

1 (1) automatically adjust the rates charged by 2 natural gas and electric utilities to fully recover fixed 3 costs of service without regard to whether their actual 4 sales are higher or lower than the forecast of sales on 5 which the tariffed rates were based; and 6 (2) make cost-effective energy-efficiency invest-7 ments by investor-owned natural gas or electric utili-8 ties at least as rewarding to their shareholders, on a 9 risk-adjusted basis for the equity capital invested, as 10 power or energy purchases, or investments in new en-11 ergy supplies or infrastructure. 12 (b) Allocation for Building Efficiency.—Not 13 later than January 1, 2012, and annually thereafter through January 1, 2050, the Administrator shall allocate 14 15 1 percent of the Emission Allowance Account among States that are in compliance with subsection 304(c) of the Energy 16 17 Conservation and Production Act (as amended by section 18 5201). 19 (c) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 2 years after the 20 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall estab-21 lish procedures and standards for the distribution of emis-

22 sion allowances to States in accordance with subsections (a)23 and (b).

24 (d) USE.—Any State receiving emission allowances
25 under this section for a calendar year shall retire or use,

in 1 or more of the ways described in section 3403(c)(1),
 not less than 90 percent of the emission allowances allocated
 to the State (or proceeds of the sale of those allowances)
 under this section for the calendar year.

5 SEC. 3402. ALLOCATION FOR STATES WITH PROGRAMS
6 THAT EXCEED FEDERAL EMISSION REDUC7 TION TARGETS.

8 (a) ALLOCATION.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and 9 annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Admin-10 istrator shall allocate 2 percent of the Emission Allowance 11 Account for the following calendar year among States that 12 have—

(1) before the date of enactment of this Act, enacted statewide greenhouse gas emission reduction
targets that are more stringent than the nationwide
targets established under title II; and

17 (2) by the time of an allocation under this sub18 section, imposed on covered facilities within the
19 States aggregate greenhouse gas emission limitations
20 more stringent than those imposed on covered facili21 ties under title II.

(b) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 2 years after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish procedures and standards for use in distributing emis-

sion allowances among States in accordance with subsection
 (a).

3 (c) USE.—Any State receiving emission allowances
4 under this section for a calendar year shall retire or use,
5 in 1 or more of the ways described in section 3403(c)(1),
6 not less than 90 percent of the emission allowances allocated
7 to the State (or proceeds of the sale of those allowances)
8 under this section for the calendar year.

9 SEC. 3403. GENERAL ALLOCATION.

10 (a) ALLOCATION.—Subject to subsection (d)(3), not 11 later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through 12 calendar year 2049, the Administrator shall allocate 5 per-13 cent of the Emission Allowance Account for the following 14 calendar year among States.

(b) DISTRIBUTION.—The allowances available for allocation to States under subsection (a) for a calendar year
shall be distributed as follows:

18 (1) For each calendar year, ¹/₃ of the quantity of
19 allowances available for allocation to States under
20 subsection (a) shall be allocated among individual
21 States based on the proportion that—

(A) the expenditures of a State for the lowincome home energy assistance program established under the Low-Income Home Energy As-

1	sistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621 et seq.) for
2	the preceding calendar year; bears to
3	(B) the expenditures of all States for that
4	program for the preceding calendar year.
5	(2) For each calendar year, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the quantity of
6	allowances available for allocation to States under
7	subsection (a) shall be allocated among the States
8	based on the proportion that—
9	(A) the population of a State, as determined
10	by the most recent decennial census preceding the
11	calendar year for which the allocation regula-
12	tions are for the allocation year; bears to
13	(B) the population of all States, as deter-
14	mined by that census.
15	(3) For each calendar year, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the quantity of
16	allowances available for allocation to States under
17	subsection (a) shall be allocated among the States
18	based on the proportion that—
19	(A) the quantity of carbon dioxide that
20	would be emitted assuming that all of the coal
21	that is mined, natural gas that is processed, and
22	petroleum that is refined within the boundaries
23	of a State during the preceding year is com-
24	pletely combusted and that none of the carbon

1	diamida amigniona and contrined as determined by
	dioxide emissions are captured, as determined by
2	the Secretary of Energy; bears to
3	(B) the aggregate quantity of carbon dioxide
4	that would be emitted assuming that all of the
5	coal that is mined, natural gas that is processed,
6	and petroleum that is refined in all States for
7	the preceding year is completely combusted and
8	that none of the carbon dioxide emissions are
9	captured, as determined by the Secretary of En-
10	ergy.
11	(c) USE.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—During any calendar year, a
13	State shall retire or use in 1 or more of the following
14	ways not less than 90 percent of the allowances allo-
15	cated to the State (or proceeds of sale of those emis-
16	sion allowances) under this section for that calendar
17	year:
18	(A) To mitigate impacts on low-income en-
19	ergy consumers.
20	(B) To promote energy efficiency (including
21	support of electricity and natural gas demand
22	reduction, waste minimization, and recycling
23	programs).
24	(C) To promote investment in nonemitting
25	electricity generation technology.

1	(D) To improve public transportation and
2	passenger rail service and otherwise promote re-
3	ductions in vehicle miles traveled.
4	(E) To encourage advances in energy tech-
5	nology that reduce or sequester greenhouse gas
6	emissions.
7	(F) To address local or regional impacts of
8	climate change, including the relocation of com-
9	munities displaced by the impacts of climate
10	change.
11	(G) To mitigate obstacles to investment by
12	new entrants in electricity generation markets
13	and energy-intensive manufacturing sectors.
14	(H) To address local or regional impacts of
15	climate change policy, including providing as-
16	sistance to displaced workers.
17	(I) To mitigate impacts on energy-intensive
18	industries in internationally competitive mar-
19	kets.
20	(J) To reduce hazardous fuels, and to pre-
21	vent and suppress wildland fire.
22	(K) To fund rural, municipal, and agricul-
23	tural water projects that are consistent with the
24	sustainable use of water resources.

1	(2) DEADLINE.—A State shall distribute or sell
2	allowances for use in accordance with paragraph (1)
3	by not later than the beginning of each allowance al-
4	location year.
5	(3) Return of Allowances.—Not later than
6	330 days before the end of each allowance allocation
7	year, a State shall return to the Administrator any
8	allowances not distributed by the deadline under
9	paragraph (2).
10	(d) Program for Tribal Communities.—
11	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 3 years
12	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
13	trator, in consultation with the Secretary of the Inte-
14	rior, shall by regulation establish a program for trib-
15	al communities—
16	(A) that is designed to deliver assistance to
17	tribal communities within the United States that
18	face disruption or dislocation as a result of glob-
19	al climate change; and
20	(B) under which the Administrator shall
21	distribute 0.5 percent of the Emission Allowance
22	Account for each calendar among tribal govern-
23	ments of the tribal communities described in sub-
24	paragraph (A).

1	(2) Allocation.—Beginning in the first cal-
2	endar year that begins after promulgation of the regu-
3	lations referred to in paragraph (1), and annually
4	thereafter until calendar year 2050, the Adminis-
5	trator shall allocate 0.5 percent of the Emission Al-
6	lowance Account for each calendar year to the pro-
7	gram established under paragraph (1).
8	(3) Allocations to states.—For each cal-
9	endar year for which the Administrator allocates 0.5
10	percent of the Emission Allowance Account to the pro-
11	gram established under paragraph (1), the general al-
12	location for forest carbon activities under section 3803
13	shall be 2.5 percent of the Emission Allowance Ac-
14	count.
15	Subtitle E—Electricity Consumers

16 SEC. 3501. ALLOCATION.

Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter
through calendar year 2049, the Administrator shall allocate among load-serving entities 10 percent of the Emission
Allowance Account for the following calendar year.

21 SEC. 3502. DISTRIBUTION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For each calendar year, the emission allowances allocated under section 3501 shall be distributed by the Administrator to each load-serving entity,
including each rural electric cooperative that serves as a

load-serving entity in a State that is not a participant in
 the pilot program established under subsection 3904(a),
 based on the proportion that—

4 (1) the quantity of electricity delivered by the 5 load-serving entity during the 3 calendar years pre-6 ceding the calendar year for which the emission al-7 lowances are distributed, adjusted upward for elec-8 tricity not delivered as a result of consumer energy-9 efficiency programs implemented by the load-serving 10 entity and verified by the regulatory agency of the 11 load-serving entity; bears to

12 (2) the total quantity of electricity delivered by
13 all load-serving entities during those 3 calendar
14 years.

(b) BASIS.—The Administrator shall base the determination of the quantity of electricity delivered by a loadserving entity for the purpose of subsection (a) on the most
recent data available in annual reports filed with the Energy Information Administration of the Department of Energy

21 SEC. 3503. USE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Any load-serving entity that accepts emission allowances distributed under section 3502
shall—

1	(1) sell each emission allowance distributed to
2	the load-serving entity by not later than 1 year after
3	receiving the emission allowance; and
4	(2) pursue fair market value for each emission
5	allowance sold in accordance with paragraph (1).
6	(b) PROCEEDS.—All proceeds from the sale of emission
7	allowances under subsection (a) shall be used solely—
8	(1) to mitigate economic impacts on low- and
9	middle-income energy consumers, including by reduc-
10	ing transmission charges or issuing rebates; and
11	(2) to promote energy efficiency on the part of
12	energy consumers.
13	(c) Inclusion in Retail Rates.—To facilitate the
14	prompt pass-through of the benefits from the sale of emis-
15	sion allowances to retail customers—
16	(1) any credit from the sale of allowances shall
17	be reflected in the retail rates of a load-serving entity
18	not later than 90 days after the sale of the allowances;
19	(2) the load-serving entity shall not be required
20	to file a retail rate case in order to pass through the
21	credit; and
22	(3) the amount of the credit shall not be subject
23	to review by any State regulatory authority.
24	(d) PROHIBITION ON REBATES.—No load-serving enti-
25	ty may use any proceeds from the sale of emission allow-

ances under subsection (a) to provide to any consumer a
 rebate that is based on the quantity of electricity used by
 the consumer.

4 SEC. 3504. REPORTING.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each load-serving entity that ac6 cepts emission allowances distributed under section 3502
7 shall, for each calendar year for which the load-serving enti8 ty accepts emission allowances, submit to the Administrator
9 a report describing—

- 10 (1) the date of each sale of each emission allow11 ance during the preceding year;
- (2) the amount of revenue generated from the
 sale of emission allowances during the preceding year;
 and
- (3) how, and to what extent, the load-serving entity used the proceeds of the sale of the emission allowances during the preceding year.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS.—The Administrator
 shall make available to the public all reports submitted by
 any load-serving entity under subsection (b), including by
 publishing those reports on the Internet.

Subtitle F—Bonus Allowances for Carbon Capture and Geological Sequestration

4 SEC. 3601. ALLOCATION.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the
6 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall—

7 (1) establish a Bonus Allowance Account; and
8 (2) allocate 4 percent of the emission allowances
9 established for calendar years 2012 through 2035 to
10 the Bonus Allowance Account.

(b) INITIAL NUMBER OF ALLOWANCES.—As of January 1, 2012, there shall be 3,932,160,000 emission allowances in the Bonus Allowance Account.

14 SEC. 3602. QUALIFYING PROJECTS.

To be eligible to receive emission allowances under this
subtitle, a carbon capture and sequestration project shall—

(1) comply with such criteria and procedures as
the Administrator may establish, including a requirement for a minimum of an 85-percent capture rate
for carbon dioxide emissions on an annual basis from
any unit for which allowances are allocated;

(2) sequester in a geological formation permitted
by the Administrator for that purpose in accordance
with regulations promulgated under section 1421(d)
of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300h(d))

carbon dioxide resulting from electric power genera-1 2 tion; and

3 (3) have begun operation during the period be-4 ginning on January 1, 2008, and ending on Decem-5 ber 31, 2035.

6 SEC. 3603. DISTRIBUTION.

7 Subject to section 3604, for each of calendar years 2012 8 through 2039, the Administrator shall distribute emission 9 allowances from the Bonus Allowance Account to each qualifying project under this subtitle in a quantity equal 10 to the product obtained by multiplying the number of met-11 12 ric tons of carbon dioxide geologically sequestered by the 13 project and the bonus allowance rate for that calendar year, 14 as provided in the following table:

Year	Bonus Allowance Rate
2012	4.5
2013	4.5
2014	4.5
2015	4.5
2016	4.5
2017	4.5
2018	4.2
2019	3.9
2020	3.6
2021	3.3
2022	3.0
2023	2.7
2024	2.4
2025	2.1
2026	1.8
2027	1.5
2028	1.3
2029	1.1
2030	0.9
2031	0.7
2032	0.5
2033	0.5

Year	Bonus Allowance Rate
2034	0.5
2035	0.5
2036	0.5
2037	0.5
2038	0.5
2039	0.5

1 SEC. 3604. 10-YEAR LIMIT.

2	A qualifying project may receive annual emission al-
3	lowances under this subsection only for—

4 (1) the first 10 years of operation; or

5 (2) if the unit covered by the qualifying project
6 began operating before January 1, 2012, the period of
7 calendar years 2012 through 2021.

8 SEC. 3605. EXHAUSTION OF BONUS ALLOWANCE ACCOUNT.

9 If, at the beginning of a calendar year, the Adminis-10 trator determines that the number of emission allowances 11 remaining in the Bonus Allowance Account will be insuffi-12 cient to allow the distribution, in that calendar year, of 13 the number of allowances that otherwise would be distrib-14 uted under section 3603 for the calendar year, the Adminis-15 trator shall, for the calendar year—

(1) distribute the remaining bonus allowances
only to qualifying projects that were already qualifying projects during the preceding calendar year;

(2) distribute the remaining bonus allowances to
those qualifying projects on a pro rata basis; and

(3) discontinue the program established under
 this subtitle as of the date on which the Bonus Allow ance Account is projected to be fully used based on
 projects already in operation.
 Subtitle C Demostie Agriculture

Subtitle G—Domestic Agriculture and Forestry

7 SEC. 3701. ALLOCATION.

8 Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter 9 through calendar year 2049, the Administrator shall allo-10 cate to the Secretary of Agriculture 5 percent of the Emis-11 sion Allowance Account for the following calendar year for 12 use in—

(1) reducing greenhouse gas emissions from the
agriculture and forestry sectors of the United States
economy; and

16 (2) increasing greenhouse gas sequestration from
17 those sectors.

18 SEC. 3702. AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY GREENHOUSE

19

GAS MANAGEMENT RESEARCH.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with scientific and agricultural and forestry experts, shall prepare and submit to Congress a report that
describes the status of research on agricultural and forestry
greenhouse gas management, including a description of—

1	(1) research on soil carbon sequestration and
2	other agricultural and forestry greenhouse gas man-
3	agement that has been carried out;
4	(2) any additional research that is necessary;
5	(3) the proposed priority for additional research;
6	(4) the most appropriate approaches for con-
7	ducting the additional research; and
8	(5) the manner in which carbon credits that are
9	specific to agricultural and forestry operations should
10	be valued and allotted.
11	(b) Standardized System of Soil Carbon Meas-
12	UREMENT AND CERTIFICATION FOR THE AGRICULTURAL
13	AND FORESTRY SECTORS.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after
15	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Ag-
16	riculture shall establish a standardized system of car-
17	bon measurement and certification for the agricul-
18	tural and forestry sectors.
19	(2) Administration.—In establishing the sys-
20	tem, the Secretary of Agriculture shall—
21	(A) create a standardized system of meas-
22	urements for agricultural and forestry green-
23	house gases; and

(B) delineate the most appropriate system
 of certification of credit by public or private en tities.

4 (c) RESEARCH.—After the date of submission of the report described in paragraph (1), the President and the Sec-5 retary of Agriculture (in collaboration with the member in-6 7 stitutions of higher education of the Consortium for Agricul-8 tural Soil Mitigation of Greenhouse Gases, institutions of 9 higher education, and research entities) shall initiate a pro-10 gram to conduct any additional research that is necessary. 11 SEC. 3703. DISTRIBUTION.

12 Taking into account the report prepared under sub-13 section 3702(a), the Secretary of Agriculture shall establish, 14 by regulation, a program under which agricultural and for-15 estry sequestration allowances may be distributed to entities 16 that carry out sequestration projects on agricultural and 17 forest land that achieve long-term greenhouse gas emission 18 mitigation benefits.

19 Subtitle H—International Forest 20 Protection

21 SEC. 3801. FINDINGS.

- 22 Congress finds that—
- 23 (1) land-use change and forest sector emissions
- 24 account for approximately 20 percent of global green-
- 25 *house gas emissions;*

1	(2) land conversion and deforestation are 2 of
2	the largest sources of greenhouse gas emissions in the
3	developing world, amounting to roughly 40 percent of
4	the total greenhouse gas emissions of the developing
5	world;
6	(3) with sufficient data, deforestation rates and
7	forest carbon stocks can be measured with an accept-
8	able level of uncertainty; and
9	(4) encouraging reduced deforestation and other
10	forest carbon activities in other countries can—
11	(A) provide critical leverage to encourage
12	voluntary developing country participation in
13	emission limitation regimes;
14	(B) facilitate greater overall reductions in
15	greenhouse gas emissions than would otherwise
16	be practicable; and
17	(C) substantially benefit
18	(D) biodiversity, conservation, and indige-
19	nous and other forest-dependent people in devel-
20	oping countries.
21	SEC. 3802. DEFINITION OF FOREST CARBON ACTIVITIES.
22	In this subtitle, the term "forest carbon activities"
23	means—

1	(1) activities directed at reducing greenhouse gas
2	emissions from deforestation and forest degradation
3	in countries other than the United States; and
4	(2) activities directed at increasing sequestration
5	of carbon through restoration of forests, and degraded
6	land in countries other than the United States that
7	has not been forested prior to restoration,
8	afforestation, and improved forest management, that
9	meet the eligibility requirements promulgated under
10	section 3804(a).

11 SEC. 3803. ALLOCATION.

12 Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter 13 through calendar year 2049, the Administrator shall allo-14 cate and distribute 3 percent of the Emission Allowance Ac-15 count for the following calendar year for use in carrying 16 out forest carbon activities in countries other than the 17 United States.

18 SEC. 3804. DEFINITION AND ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.

(a) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR FOREST CAR20 BON ACTIVITIES.—Not later than 2 years after the date of
21 enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation
22 with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of State,
23 and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall promulgate eligi24 bility requirements for forest carbon activities directed at
25 reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degrada-

1	tion, and at sequestration of carbon through restoration of
2	forests and degraded land, afforestation, and improved for-
3	est management in countries other than the United States,
4	including requirements that those activities be—
5	(1) carried out and managed in accordance with
6	widely-accepted environmentally sustainable forestry
7	practices; and
8	(2) designed—
9	(A) to promote native species and restora-
10	tion of native forests, where practicable; and
11	(B) to avoid the introduction of invasive
12	nonnative species.
13	(b) Quality Criteria for Forest Carbon Alloca-
14	TIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
15	of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation with the Sec-
16	retary of the Interior, the Secretary of State, and the Sec-
17	retary of Agriculture, shall promulgate regulations estab-
18	lishing the requirements for eligibility to receive allowances
19	under this section, including requirements that ensure that
20	the emission reductions or sequestrations are real, perma-
21	nent, additional, and verifiable, with reliable measuring
22	and monitoring and appropriate accounting for leakage.

1	SEC. 3805. INTERNATIONAL FOREST CARBON ACTIVITIES.
2	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in consultation
3	with the Secretary of State, shall identify and periodically
4	update a list of countries that have—
5	(1) demonstrated capacity to participate in
6	international forest carbon activities, including—
7	(A) sufficient historical data on changes in
8	national forest carbon stocks;
9	(B) technical capacity to monitor and
10	measure forest carbon fluxes with an acceptable
11	level of uncertainty; and
12	(C) institutional capacity to reduce emis-
13	sions from deforestation and degradation;
14	(2) capped greenhouse gas emissions or otherwise
15	established a national emission reference scenario
16	based on historical data; and
17	(3) commenced an emission reduction program
18	for the forest sector.
19	(b) Additionality.—
20	(1) Reduction in deforestation and forest
21	DEGRADATION.—A verified reduction in greenhouse
22	gas emissions from deforestation and forest degrada-
23	tion under a cap or from a nationwide emissions ref-
24	erence scenario described in subsection (a) shall be-
25	(A) eligible for distribution of emission al-
26	lowances under this section; and

(B) considered to satisfy the additionality
criterion.
(2) Periodic review of national level re-
DUCTIONS IN DEFORESTATION AND DEGRADATION
The Administrator, in consultation with the Sec-
retary of State, shall identify and periodically update
a list of countries described in subsection (a) that
have—
(A) achieved national-level reductions of de-
forestation and $degradation$ $below$ a $historical$
reference scenario, taking into consideration the
average annual deforestation and degradation
rates of the country and of all countries during
a period of at least 5 years; and
(B) demonstrated those reductions using re-
mote sensing technology that meets international
standards.
(3) Other forest carbon activities.—A for-
est carbon activity, other than a reduction in deforest-
ation or forest degradation, shall be eligible for dis-
tribution of emission allowances under this section,
subject to the quality criteria for forest carbon activi-
ties identified in this Act or in regulations promul-
gated under this Act.

(c) RECOGNITION OF FOREST CARBON ACTIVITIES.—
 With respect to countries other than countries described in
 subsection (a), the Administrator—

4 (1) shall recognize forest carbon activities, subject
5 to the quality criteria for forest carbon activities
6 identified in this Act and regulations promulgated
7 under this Act; and

8 (2) is encouraged to identify other incentives, in-9 cluding economic and market-based incentives, to en-10 courage developing countries with largely-intact na-11 tive forests to protect those forests.

12 SEC. 3806. REVIEWS AND DISCOUNT.

(a) REVIEWS.—Not later than 3 years after the date
of enactment of this Act, and 5 years thereafter, the Administrator shall conduct a review of the program under this
subtitle.

17 (b) DISCOUNT.—If, after the date that is 10 years after 18 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator deter-19 mines that foreign countries that, in the aggregate, generate 20 greenhouse gas emissions accounting for more than 0.5 per-21 cent of global greenhouse gas emissions have not capped 22 those emissions, established emissions reference scenarios 23 based on historical data, or otherwise reduced total forest 24 emissions, the Administrator may apply a discount to distributions of emission allowances to those countries under
 this section.

3 Subtitle I—Covered Facilities

4 SEC. 3901. ALLOCATION.

5 (a) GENERAL ELECTRIC POWER SECTOR.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through Janu-6 7 ary 1, 2033, the Administrator shall allocate a percentage 8 of the Emission Allowance Account for the following cal-9 endar year to owners or operators of covered facilities within the electric power sector (including rural electric co-10 11 operatives that own or operate covered facilities in that sec-12 tor in any State that is not a participant in the pilot pro-13 gram established under section 3904(a)), as follows:

Calendar year	Percentage of Emission Allowance Ac- count
2012	19
2013	19
2014	19
2015	19
2016	19
2017	18
2018	17
2019	16
2020	15
2021	14
2022	13
2023	12
2024	11
2025	10
2026	9
2027	8
2028	7
2029	6
2030	5
2031	4
2032	3
2033	2
2034	1.

(b) RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVES.—Not later than 1 2 April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through January 1, 2034, the Administrator shall allocate 1 percent of the 3 4 quantity of emission allowances in the Emission Allowance 5 Account for the following year to rural electric cooperatives. (c) INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.—Not later than April 1, 6 7 2011, and annually thereafter through January 1, 2034, the Administrator shall allocate a percentage of the quantity 8 9 of emission allowances in Emission Allowance Account for 10 the following year to owners or operators of covered facili-11 *ties in the industrial sector, as follows:*

Calendar year	Percentage of Emission Allowance Ac- count
2012	20
2013	20
2014	20
2015	20
2016	20
2017	19
2018	18
2019	17
2020	16
2021	15
2022	14
2023	13
2024	12
2025	11
2026	10
2027	9
2028	8
2029	7
2030	6
2031	5
2032	4
2033	3
2034	2
2035	1.

1 SEC. 3902. DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of
this Act, the Administrator shall establish a system for distributing to covered facilities within the electric power and
industrial sectors the emission allowances allocated under
section 3901.

7 SEC. 3903. DISTRIBUTING EMISSION ALLOWANCES WITHIN 8 THE ELECTRIC POWER SECTOR.

9 (a) NEW ENTRANTS.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system estab-11 lished under section 3902, the Administrator shall, for 12 each calendar year, set aside, from the quantity of 13 emission allowances represented by the percentages 14 described in the table contained in section 3901(a) for 15 the general electric power sector, a quantity of emis-16 sion allowances for distribution to new entrant cov-17 ered electric power sector facilities (including new en-18 trant electric power sector facilities owned or operated 19 by rural electric cooperatives in any State that is not 20 a participant in the pilot program established under 21 section 3904(a)).

(2) CALCULATION OF ALLOWANCES.—The quantity of emission allowances distributed by the Administrator for a calendar year to a new covered electric
power sector facility under paragraph (1) shall be
equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

1	(A) the average greenhouse gas emission
2	rate of all covered electric power sector facilities
3	that commenced operations during the 5 years
4	preceding the date of enactment of this Act; and
5	(B) the electricity generated by the facility
6	during the calendar year, adjusted downward on
7	a pro rata basis for each new facility in the
8	event that insufficient allowances are available
9	under section 3901 for a calendar year.
10	(b) Incumbents.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system estab-
12	lished under section 3902, the Administrator shall, for
13	each calendar year, distribute to covered electric
14	power sector facilities (including covered electric
15	power sector facilities owned or operated by rural
16	electric cooperatives in any State that is not a partic-
17	ipant in the pilot program established under section
18	3904(a)) that were operating during the calendar
19	year preceding the year in which this Act was enacted
20	the emission allowances represented by the percentages
21	described in the table contained in section 3901(a) for
22	the general electric power sector that remain after the
23	distribution of emission allowances under subsection
24	(a).

1	(2) CALCULATION OF ALLOWANCES.—The quan-
2	tity of emission allowances distributed to a covered
3	electric power sector facility under paragraph (1)
4	shall be equal to the product obtained by multi-
5	plying—
6	(A) the quantity of emission allowances
7	available for distribution under paragraph (1);
8	and
9	(B) the quotient obtained by dividing—
10	(i) the annual average quantity of car-
11	bon dioxide equivalents emitted by the cov-
12	ered electric power sector facility during the
13	3 calendar years preceding the date of en-
14	actment of this Act; by
15	(ii) the annual average of the aggregate
16	quantity of carbon dioxide equivalents emit-
17	ted by all covered electric power sector fa-
18	cilities during those 3 calendar years.
19	SEC. 3904. DISTRIBUTING ADDITIONAL EMISSION ALLOW-
20	ANCES TO RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVES.
21	(a) Establishment of Pilot Program.—
22	(1) In General.—As part of the system estab-
23	lished under section 3902, the Administrator shall es-
24	tablish a pilot program for distributing to rural elec-
25	tric cooperatives in the States described in paragraph

1	(2), for each of calendar years 2012 through 2035, 15
2	percent of the total number of emission allowances al-
3	located for the calendar year to rural electric coopera-
4	tives under subsection 3901(b).
5	(2) Description of states.—The States re-
6	ferred to in subsection (a) are—
7	(A) 1 State east of the Mississippi River in
8	which 13 rural electric cooperatives sold to con-
9	sumers in that State electricity in a quantity of
10	9,000,000 to 10,000,000 MWh, according to En-
11	ergy Information Administration data for cal-
12	endar year 2005; and
13	(B) 1 State west of the Mississippi River in
14	which 30 rural electric cooperatives sold to con-
15	sumers in that State electricity in a quantity of
16	3,000,000 to 4,000,000 MWh, according to En-
17	ergy Information Administration data for cal-
18	endar year 2005.
19	(b) DISTRIBUTION TO OTHER STATES.—As part of the
20	system established under section 3902, the Administrator
21	shall establish a system for distributing to rural electric co-
22	operatives in all States other than the 2 States described
23	in subsection (a)(2), for each of calendar years 2012
24	through 2035, 85 percent of the total number of emission
25	allowances allocated for the calendar year to rural electric

cooperatives under section 3901(b), in proportion to the
 sales of each rural electric cooperative, as reported by the
 Energy Information Administration.

4 (c) LIMITATION.—No rural electric cooperative that re5 ceives emission allowances under subsection (a) shall receive
6 any emission allowance under subsection (b) or section
7 3903.

8 (d) REPORT.—Not later than January 1, 2015, and 9 every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to 10 Congress a report describing the success of the pilot program 11 established under subsection (a), including a description 12 of—

(1) the benefits realized by ratepayers of the
rural electric cooperatives that receive allowances
under the pilot program; and

16 (2) the use by those rural electric cooperatives of
17 advanced, low greenhouse gas-emitting electric genera18 tion technologies, if any.

19 SEC. 3905. DISTRIBUTING EMISSION ALLOWANCES WITHIN

20

THE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.

21 (a) NEW ENTRANTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system established under section 3902, the Administrator shall, for
each calendar year, set aside, from the quantity of
emission allowances represented by the percentages

described in the table contained in section 3901(c) for
 the industrial sector, a quantity of emission allow ances for distribution to new entrant covered indus trial sector facilities.

5 (2) CALCULATION OF ALLOWANCES.—The quan-6 tity of emission allowances distributed by the Admin-7 istrator in a calendar year to a new covered indus-8 trial sector facility under paragraph (1) shall be cal-9 culated pursuant to such formula as shall be estab-10 lished under the system established under section 11 3902.

12 (b) INCUMBENTS.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the system estab-14 lished under section 3902, the Administrator shall, for 15 each calendar year, distribute to covered industrial 16 sector facilities that were operating during the cal-17 endar year preceding the year in which this Act was 18 enacted the emission allowances represented by the 19 percentages described in the table contained in section 20 3901 for the industrial sector that remain after the 21 distribution of emission allowances under subsection 22 *(a)*.

23 (2) CALCULATION OF ALLOWANCES.—The quan24 tity of emission allowances distributed to a covered

1	industrial sector facility under paragraph (1) shall be
2	equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
3	(A) the quantity of emission allowances
4	available for distribution under paragraph (1);
5	and
6	(B) the quotient obtained by dividing—
7	(i) the annual average quantity of car-
8	bon dioxide equivalents emitted by the cov-
9	ered industrial sector facility during the 3
10	calendar years preceding the date of enact-
11	ment of this Act; by
12	(ii) the annual average of the aggregate
13	quantity of carbon dioxide equivalents emit-
14	ted by all covered industrial sector facilities
15	during those 3 calendar years.
16	(c) Revocation of Distribution Upon Facility
17	SHUTDOWN.—If a covered facility within the industrial sec-
18	tor receives a distribution of emission allowances under this
19	section for a calendar year and is subsequently permanently
20	shut down during that calendar year, the owner or operator
21	of the facility shall promptly return to the Administrator
22	a number of emission allowances equal to the difference be-
23	tween—

1	(1) the number of carbon dioxide equivalents
2	emitted by the facility in that calendar year prior to
3	the shutdown; and
4	(2) the number of emission allowances distrib-
5	uted to the facility by the Administrator for that cal-
6	endar year.
7	TITLE IV—AUCTIONS AND USES
8	OF AUCTION PROCEEDS
9	Subtitle A—Funds
10	SEC. 4101. ESTABLISHMENT.
11	There are established in the Treasury of the United
12	States the following funds:
13	(1) The Energy Assistance Fund.
14	(2) The Climate Change Worker Training Fund.
15	(3) The Adaptation Fund.
16	(4) The Climate Change and National Security
17	Fund.
18	(5) The Bureau of Land Management Emer-
19	gency Firefighting Fund.
20	(6) The Forest Service Emergency Firefighting
21	Fund.
22	SEC. 4102. AMOUNTS IN FUNDS.
23	Each Fund established by section 4101 shall consist
24	of such amounts as are appropriated to the respective Fund
25	under section 4103.

1 SEC. 4103. TRANSFERS TO FUNDS.

2 There are appropriated to each Fund established by
3 section 4101, out of funds of the Treasury not otherwise ap4 propriated, amounts equivalent to amounts deposited in
5 each respective Fund under section 4302(b).

6 Subtitle B—Climate Change Credit 7 Corporation

8 SEC. 4201. ESTABLISHMENT.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established, as a nonprofit
10 corporation without stock, a corporation to be known as the
11 "Climate Change Credit Corporation".

12 (b) TREATMENT.—The Corporation shall not be con13 sidered to be an agency or establishment of the Federal Gov14 ernment.

15 SEC. 4202. APPLICABLE LAWS.

16 The Corporation shall be subject to this title and, to 17 the extent consistent with this title, the District of Columbia 18 Business Corporation Act (D.C. Code section 29–301 et 19 seq.).

20 SEC. 4203. BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall have a board
of directors composed of 5 individuals who are citizens of
the United States, of whom 1 shall be elected annually by
the board to serve as Chairperson.

(b) POLITICAL AFFILIATION.—Not more than 3 mem bers of the board serving at any time may be affiliated with
 the same political party.

4 (c) APPOINTMENT AND TERM.—A member of the board
5 shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice
6 and consent of the Senate, for a term of 5 years.

7 (d) QUORUM.—Three members of the board shall con8 stitute a quorum for a meeting of the board of directors.

9 SEC. 4204. REVIEW AND AUDIT BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

10 Not later than January 1, 2014, and not less fre-11 quently than once every 3 years thereafter, the Comptroller 12 General of the United States shall conduct a review and 13 audit of each expenditure made pursuant to this title to 14 determine the efficacy of the programs, expenditures, and 15 projects funded under this title.

16 Subtitle C—Auctions

17 SEC. 4301. EARLY AUCTIONS.

(a) INITIATION OF AUCTIONING.—Not later than 1
year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Corporation
shall begin auctioning the emission allowances allocated to
the Corporation under section 3101.

(b) COMPLETION OF AUCTIONING.—Not later than December 31, 2010, the Corporation shall complete auctioning
of all allowances allocated to the Corporation under section
3101.

(c) PROCEEDS FROM EARLY AUCTIONING.—The Cor poration shall use to carry out programs established under
 subtitle D all proceeds of early auctioning conducted by the
 Corporation under this section.

5 SEC. 4302. ANNUAL AUCTIONS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 330 days before the
7 beginning of a calendar year identified in the table con8 tained in section 3201, the Corporation shall auction all
9 of the allowances allocated to the Corporation for that year
10 by the Administrator under section 3201.

11 (b) PROCEEDS FROM ANNUAL AUCTIONING.—

12 (1) BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY 13 FIREFIGHTING FUND.—For each of calendar years 14 2012 through 2050, the Corporation shall deposit into 15 the Bureau of Land Management Emergency Fire-16 fighting Fund established by section 4101(5) proceeds, 17 from annual auctions that the Corporation conducts 18 for the calendar year under this section, that are suf-19 ficient to ensure that the amount in the Fund equals 20 \$300,000,000.

21 (2) FOREST SERVICE EMERGENCY FIREFIGHTING
22 FUND.—For each of calendar years 2012 through
23 2050, the Corporation shall deposit into the Forest
24 Service Emergency Firefighting Fund established by
25 section 4101(6) proceeds, from annual auctions that

1	the Corporation conducts for the calendar year under
2	this section, that are sufficient to ensure that the
3	amount in the Fund equals \$800,000,000.
4	(3) Use of remaining proceeds.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subtitle H, for
6	each of calendar years 2012 through 2050, the
7	Corporation shall use the proceeds of the annual
8	auctions conducted by the Corporation for the
9	calendar year under this section in accordance
10	with this paragraph.
11	(B) Use of initial 55 percent.—
12	(i) Energy technology deploy-
13	MENT.—Subject to clause (ii), for each of
14	calendar years 2012 through 2050, the Cor-
15	poration shall use to carry out the pro-
16	grams established under subtitle D 55 per-
17	cent of the proceeds of the annual auctions
18	conducted by the Corporation for the cal-
19	endar year under this section.
20	(ii) Energy independence accel-
21	ERATION FUND.—In any of calendar years
22	2012 through 2050 during which there ex-
23	ists in the Treasury of the United States an
24	energy transformation acceleration fund ad-
25	ministered by the Director of the Advanced

1	Research Projects Agency within the De-
2	partment of Energy, of the proceeds of the
3	annual auctions conducted by the Corpora-
4	tion for the calendar year under this sec-
5	tion, the Corporation shall—
6	(I) deposit 5 percent of the pro-
7	ceeds into that fund; and
8	(II) use 50 percent of the proceeds
9	to carry out the programs established
10	under subtitle D.
11	(C) Use of remaining 45 percent.—For
12	each of calendar years 2012 through 2050, the
13	Corporation shall deposit into the following
14	funds established by section 4101 the following
15	percentages of the proceeds of the annual auc-
16	tions conducted by the Corporation for the cal-
17	endar year under this section:
	Energy Assistance Fund20Climate Change Worker Training Fund5Adaptation Fund20
18	Subtitle D—Energy Technology
19	Deployment
20	SEC. 4401. GENERAL ALLOCATIONS.
21	For each calendar year, the Corporation shall use the
22	amounts described in section $4301(c)$ and clause (i) or

1	(ii)(II) of section $4302(b)(3)(B)$, as applicable, to carry out
2	the programs established under this subtitle, as follows:
3	(1) Not more than 45 percent of the funds shall
4	be used to carry out the zero- or low-carbon energy
5	technologies program under section 4402.
6	(2) Not more than 35 percent of the funds shall
7	be used as follows:
8	(A) Not more than 28 percent shall be used
9	to carry out the advanced coal and sequestration
10	technologies program under section 4403.
11	(B) Not more than 7 percent shall be used
12	to carry out the cellulosic biomass ethanol tech-
13	nology deployment programs under section 4404.
14	(3) Not more than 20 percent shall be used to
15	carry out the advanced technology vehicles manufac-
16	turing incentive program under section 4405.
17	SEC. 4402. ZERO- OR LOW-CARBON ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES
18	DEPLOYMENT.
19	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
20	(1) ENERGY SAVINGS.—The term "energy sav-
21	ings" means megawatt-hours of electricity or million
22	British thermal units of natural gas saved by a prod-
23	uct, in comparison to projected energy consumption
24	under an energy-efficiency standard applicable to the
25	product.

1	(2) High-efficiency consumer product.—
2	The term 'high-efficiency consumer product" means a
3	covered product to which an energy conservation
4	standard applies under section 325 of the Energy Pol-
5	icy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295), if the en-
6	ergy efficiency of the product exceeds the energy effi-
7	ciency required under the standard.
8	(3) ZERO- OR LOW-CARBON GENERATION.—The
9	term "zero- or low-carbon generation" means genera-
10	tion of electricity by an electric generation unit
11	that—
12	(A) emits no carbon dioxide into the atmos-
13	phere, or is fossil-fuel fired and emits into the at-
14	mosphere not more than 250 pounds of carbon
15	dioxide per megawatt-hour (after adjustment for
16	any carbon dioxide from the unit that is geologi-
17	cally sequestered); and
18	(B) was placed into commercial service
19	after the date of enactment of this Act.
20	(b) FINANCIAL INCENTIVES PROGRAM.—During each
21	fiscal year beginning on or after October 1, 2008, the Cor-
22	poration shall competitively award financial incentives
23	under this subsection in the technology categories of—
24	(1) the production of electricity from new zero-
25	or low-carbon generation; and

1	(2) the manufacture of high-efficiency consumer
2	products.
3	(c) Requirements.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall make
5	awards under this section to producers of new zero-
6	or low-carbon generation and to manufacturers of
7	high-efficiency consumer products—
8	(A) in the case of producers of new zero- or
9	low-carbon generation, based on the bid of each
10	producer in terms of dollars per megawatt-hour
11	of electricity generated; and
12	(B) in the case of manufacturers of quali-
13	fying high-efficiency consumer products, based
14	on the bid of each manufacturer in terms of dol-
15	lars per megawatt-hour or million British ther-
16	mal units saved.
17	(2) Acceptance of Bids.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—In making awards
19	under this subsection, the Corporation shall—
20	(i) solicit bids for reverse auction from
21	appropriate producers and manufacturers,
22	as determined by the Corporation; and
23	(ii) award financial incentives to the
24	producers and manufacturers that submit

1	the lowest bids that meet the requirements
2	established by the Corporation.
3	(B) Factors for conversion.—
4	(i) In general.—For the purpose of
5	assessing bids under subparagraph (A), the
6	Corporation shall specify a factor for con-
7	verting megawatt-hours of electricity and
8	million British thermal units of natural gas
9	to common units.
10	(ii) REQUIREMENT.—The conversion
11	factor shall be based on the relative green-
12	house gas emission benefits of electricity
13	and natural gas conservation.
14	(d) FORMS OF AWARDS.—
15	(1) ZERO- AND LOW-CARBON GENERATORS.—An
16	award for zero- or low-carbon generation under this
17	subsection shall be in the form of a contract to pro-
18	vide a production payment for each year during the
19	first 10 years of commercial service of the generation
20	unit in an amount equal to the product obtained by
21	multiplying—
22	(A) the amount bid by the producer of the
23	zero- or low-carbon generation; and

1	(B) the megawatt-hours estimated to be gen-
2	erated by the zero- or low-carbon generation unit
3	each year.
4	(2) High-efficiency consumer products.—
5	An award for a high-efficiency consumer product
6	under this subsection shall be in the form of a lump
7	sum payment in an amount equal to the product ob-
8	tained by multiplying—
9	(A) the amount bid by the manufacturer of
10	the high-efficiency consumer product; and
11	(B) the energy savings during the projected
12	useful life of the high-efficiency consumer prod-
13	uct, not to exceed 10 years, as determined by the
14	Corporation.
15	SEC. 4403. ADVANCED COAL AND SEQUESTRATION TECH-
16	NOLOGIES PROGRAM.
17	(a) Advanced Coal Technologies.—
18	(1) Definition of advanced coal generation
19	TECHNOLOGY.—In this subsection, the term "ad-
20	vanced coal generation technology" means advanced a
21	coal-fueled power plant technology that—
22	(A) achieves a minimum efficiency of 30
23	percent with respect to higher heating value of
24	the feedstock, after all parasitic requirements for
25	carbon dioxide capture and compression to 2,000

1	pounds per square inch absolute have been sub-
2	tracted;
3	(B) provides for the capture and geological
4	sequestration of at least 85 percent of carbon di-
5	oxide produced at the facility, as determined by
6	the Corporation; and
7	(C) has an emission rate of not more than
8	250 pounds of carbon dioxide per megawatt-hour
9	of net electricity generation, after subtracting the
10	carbon dioxide that is captured and sequestered.
11	(2) Demonstration projects.—The Corpora-
12	tion shall use not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ of the amounts made
13	available to carry out this section for each fiscal year
14	to support demonstration projects using advanced
15	coal generation technology, including retrofit tech-
16	nology that could be deployed on existing coal genera-
17	tion facilities.
18	(3) Deployment incentives.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall
20	use not less than $^{1/4}$ of the amounts made avail-
21	able to carry out this subsection for each fiscal
22	year to provide Federal financial incentives to
23	facilitate the deployment of not more than 20
24	gigawatts of advanced coal generation tech-
25	nologies.

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1	(B) Administration.—In providing incen-
2	tives under this paragraph, the Corporation
3	shall—
4	(i) provide appropriate incentives for
5	regulated investor-owned utilities, munic-
6	ipal utilities, electric cooperatives, and
7	independent power producers, as determined
8	by the Secretary of Energy; and
9	(ii) ensure that a range of the domestic
10	coal types is employed in the facilities that
11	receive incentives under this paragraph.
12	(C) Funding requirements.—
13	(i) Sequestration activities.—The
14	Corporation shall provide incentives only to
15	projects that will capture and sequester at
16	least 85 percent of the carbon dioxide pro-
17	duced by the project facilities.
18	(ii) Storage agreement re-
19	QUIRED.—The Corporation shall require a
20	binding storage agreement for the carbon di-
21	oxide captured in a project under this sub-
22	section, in a geological storage project per-
23	mitted by the Administrator under regula-
24	tions promulgated pursuant to section

1421(d) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
$U.S.C. \ 300h(d)).$
(iii) Projects using certain
COALS.—In providing incentives under this
paragraph, the Corporation shall set aside
not less than 25 percent of any amounts
made available to carry out this subsection
for projects using coal with an energy con-
tent of not more than 10,000 British ther-
mal units per pound.
(4) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—A project that re-
ceives an award under this subsection may elect 1 of
the following Federal financial incentives:
(A) A loan guarantee.
(B) A cost-sharing grant to cover the incre-
mental cost of installing and operating carbon
capture and storage equipment (for which utili-
zation costs may be covered for the first 10 years
of operation).
(C) Production payments of not more than
1.5 cents per kilowatt-hour of electric output
during the first 10 years of commercial service of
the project.

(5) LIMITATION.—A project may not receive an
 award under this subsection if the project receives an
 award under section 4402.

4 (b) SEQUESTRATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall use not 5 6 less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of the amounts made available to carry 7 out this subsection for each fiscal year for large-scale 8 geological carbon storage demonstration projects that 9 store carbon dioxide captured from facilities for the 10 generation of electricity using coal gasification or 11 other advanced coal combustion processes, including 12 facilities that receive assistance under subsection (a).

(2) PROJECT CAPITAL AND OPERATING COSTS.—
The Corporation shall provide assistance under this
paragraph to reimburse the project owner for a percentage of the incremental project capital and operating costs of the project that are attributable to carbon capture and sequestration, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

20 SEC. 4404. FUEL FROM CELLULOSIC BIOMASS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall provide deployment incentives under this section to encourage a variety of projects to produce transportation fuels from cellulosic biomass, relying on different feedstocks in different
regions of the United States.

1	(b) PROJECT ELIGIBILITY.—Incentives under this sec-
2	tion shall be provided on a competitive basis to projects that
3	produce fuels that—
4	(1) meet United States fuel and emission speci-
5	fications;
6	(2) help diversify domestic transportation energy
7	supplies; and
8	(3) improve or maintain air, water, soil, and
9	habitat quality, and protect scarce water supplies.
10	(c) INCENTIVES.—Incentives under this section may
11	consist of—
12	(1) loan guarantees for the construction of pro-
13	duction facilities and supporting infrastructure; or
14	(2) production payments through a reverse auc-
15	tion in accordance with subsection (d).
16	(d) Reverse Auction.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—In providing incentives under
18	this section, the Corporation shall—
19	(A) prescribe rules under which producers of
20	fuel from cellulosic biomass may bid for produc-
21	tion payments under subsection $(c)(2)$; and
22	(B) solicit bids from producers of different
23	classes of transportation fuel, as the Corporation
24	determines to be appropriate.

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(2) REQUIREMENT.—The rules under section
4402 shall require that incentives shall be provided to
the producers that submit the lowest bid (in terms of
cents per gallon gasoline equivalent) for each class of
transportation fuel from which the Corporation solic-
its a bid.
SEC. 4405. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY VEHICLES MANUFAC-
TURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM.
(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
(1) Advanced technology vehicle.—The
term "advanced technology vehicle" means an electric
or plug-in hybrid electric vehicle, or an advanced die-
sel light duty motor vehicle, that meets—
(A) the Tier II Bin 5 emission standard es-
tablished in rules prescribed by the Adminis-
trator under section 202(i) of the Clean Air Act
(42 U.S.C. 7521(i)), or a lower-numbered Bin
emission standard;
(B) any new emission standard for fine
particulate matter prescribed by the Adminis-
trator under that Act; and
(C) a standard of at least 35 miles per gal-
lon combined fuel economy, calculated on an en-
ergy-equivalent basis.

1	(2) Combined fuel economy.—The term "com-
2	bined fuel economy" means—
3	(A) the combined city-highway miles per
4	gallon values, as reported in accordance with sec-
5	tion 32908 of title 49, United States Code; and
6	(B) in the case of an electric drive vehicle
7	with the ability to recharge from an off-board
8	source, the reported mileage, as determined in a
9	manner consistent with the Society of Auto-
10	motive Engineers recommended practice for that
11	configuration, or a similar practice rec-
12	ommended by the Secretary of Energy, using a
13	petroleum equivalence factor for the off-board
14	electricity (as defined by the Secretary of En-
15	ergy).
16	(3) Engineering integration costs.—The
17	term "engineering integration costs" includes the cost
18	of engineering tasks relating to—
19	(A) incorporating qualifying components
20	into the design of advanced technology vehicles;
21	and
22	(B) designing new tooling and equipment
23	for production facilities that produce qualifying
24	components or advanced technology vehicles.

1	(4) QUALIFYING COMPONENT.—The term "quali-
2	fying component" means a component that the Sec-
3	retary of Energy determines to be—
4	(A) specially designed for advanced tech-
5	nology vehicles; and
6	(B) installed for the purpose of meeting the
7	performance requirements of advanced technology
8	vehicles as specified in subparagraphs (A), (B),
9	and (C) of paragraph (1).
10	(b) MANUFACTURER FACILITY CONVERSION
11	AWARDS.—The Corporation shall provide facility conver-
12	sion funding awards under this subsection to automobile
13	manufacturers and component suppliers to pay up to 30
14	percent of the cost of—
15	(1) reequipping or expanding an existing manu-
16	facturing facility to produce—
17	(A) qualifying advanced technology vehicles;
18	or
19	(B) qualifying components; and
20	(2) engineering integration of qualifying vehicles
21	and qualifying components.
22	(c) PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY.—An award under sub-
23	section (b) shall apply to—

1 (1) facilities and equipment placed in service 2 after the date of enactment of this Act and before Jan-3 uary 1, 2020; and 4 (2) engineering integration costs incurred after 5 the date of enactment of this Act. Subtitle E—Energy Consumers 6 7 SEC. 4501. PROPORTIONS OF FUNDING AVAILABILITY. 8 All funds deposited into the Energy Assistance Fund 9 established by section 4101 shall be made available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, to the fol-10 11 lowing programs in the following proportions: 12 (1) 50 percent of the funds to the low-income 13 home energy assistance program established under the 14 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (42 15 $U.S.C. 8621 \ et \ seq.$). 16 (2) 25 percent of the funds to the Weatherization 17 Assistance Program for Low-Income Persons estab-18 lished under part A of title IV of the Energy Con-19 servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6861 et 20 seq.). 21 (3) 25 percent of the funds to the rural energy 22 assistance program described in section 4502. 23 SEC. 4502. RURAL ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. 24 The Secretary of Energy shall carry out a program 25 to use the funds made available under section 4501(3) to

provide financial assistance to promote the availability of
 reasonably-priced distributed electricity in off-grid rural re gions in which electricity prices exceed 150 percent of the
 national average, as determined by the Secretary of Energy.
 Subtitle F—Climate Change Worker
 Training Program

7 SEC. 4601. FUNDING.

8 All funds deposited into the Climate Change Worker 9 Training Fund established by section 4101 shall be made 10 available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limi-11 tation, to carry out the programs established under this sub-12 title.

13 SEC. 4602. PURPOSES.

14 The purposes of this subtitle are—

15 (1) to provide quality job training to any work16 ers displaced by this Act;

17 (2) to provide assistance in the form of tem18 porary wages and health care benefits to workers in
19 training;

20 (3) to transition workers into jobs created as a
21 result of this Act;

(4) to provide skilled workers to enterprises developing and marketing advanced technologies and
practices that reduce greenhouse gas emissions of the
United States; and

(5) to provide funding for State worker training
 programs.

3 SEC. 4603. ESTABLISHMENT.

4 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
5 of this Act, the Secretary of Labor, in consultation with
6 the Administrator and the Secretary of Energy, shall estab7 lish a climate change worker training program that
8 achieves the purposes of this subtitle.

9 SEC. 4604. GRANTS TO STATES.

10 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of 11 this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall establish a program 12 to award grants to States, for use in funding State worker 13 training programs, based on the impact of this Act on the 14 workforce of each State, as determined by the Secretary of 15 Labor.

16 SEC. 4605. TYPES OF ASSISTANCE.

17 The types of assistance that workers may receive under
18 the climate change worker training program shall include,
19 as determined by the Secretary of Labor—

20 (1) income replacement;

21 (2) health care credits;

(3) travel costs incidental to participation in a
training program under this subtitle; and

24 (4) a portion of the cost of relocating to a new25 job.

Subtitle G—Adaptation Program for Natural Resources in United States and Territories SEC. 4701. DEFINITIONS.

5 In this subtitle:

6 (1) ECOLOGICAL PROCESS.—

7 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "ecological
8 process" means a biological, chemical, or phys9 ical interaction between the biotic and abiotic
10 components of an ecosystem.

- 11 (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "ecological
 12 process" includes—
- 13 *(i) nutrient cycling;*
- 14 *(ii) pollination;*
- 15 *(iii) predator-prey relationships;*
- 16 *(iv) soil formation;*
- 17 (v) gene flow;
- 18 (vi) larval dispersal and settlement;
- 19 (vii) hydrological cycling;
- 20 (viii) decomposition; and
- 21 *(ix) disturbance regimes, such as fire*
- and flooding.
- 23 (2) FISH AND WILDLIFE.—The term "fish and
- 24 wildlife" means—

1	(A) any species of wild fauna, including
2	fish and other aquatic species; and
3	(B) any fauna in a captive breeding pro-
4	gram the object of which is to reintroduce indi-
5	viduals of a depleted indigenous species into pre-
6	viously occupied range.
7	(3) HABITAT.—The term "habitat" means the
8	physical, chemical, and biological properties that are
9	used by wildlife (including aquatic and terrestrial
10	plant communities) for growth, reproduction, and
11	survival, food, water, cover, and space, on a tract of
12	land, in a body of water, or in an area or region.
13	(4) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" has
14	the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian
15	Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25
16	U.S.C. 450b).
17	(5) PLANT.—The term "plant" means any spe-
18	cies of wild flora.
19	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
20	the Secretary of the Interior.
21	(7) STATE.—The term "State" means—
22	(A) a State;
23	(B) the District of Columbia;
24	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and

(D) any other territory or possession of the
 United States.

3 SEC. 4702. ADAPTATION FUND.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—All amounts deposited in the Adap-5 tation Fund established by section 4101 shall be made available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limi-6 7 tation, to carry out activities (including research and edu-8 cation activities) that assist fish and wildlife, fish and wild-9 life habitat, plants, and associated ecological processes in 10 adapting to and surviving the impacts of climate change 11 (referred to in this subtitle as "adaptation activities") pursuant to this subtitle. 12

13 (b) DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.—Of the amounts
14 made available to carry out this subtitle—

15 (1) 35 percent shall be allocated to the Secretary, 16 and subsequently made available to States through the 17 Wildlife Conservation and Restoration Account estab-18 lished under section 3(a)(2) of the Pittman-Robertson 19 Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669b(a)(2)), to 20 carry out adaptation activities in accordance with 21 comprehensive wildlife conservation strategies and, 22 where appropriate, other fish and wildlife conserva-23 tion strategies, including—

1	(A) plans under the National Fish Habitat
2	Initiative of the National Fish and Wildlife
3	Foundation;
4	(B) North American Wetlands Conservation
5	Act (16 U.S.C. 4401 et seq.);
6	(C) the Federal, State, and local partner-
7	ship known as "Partners in Flight";
8	(D) coastal zone management plans;
9	(E) regional fishery management plans;
10	and
11	(F) recovery plans for threatened and en-
12	dangered species under section 6 of the Endan-
13	gered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1535);
14	(2) 18 percent shall be allocated to the Secretary
15	for use in funding adaptation activities carried out—
16	(A) under endangered species, migratory
17	bird, and other fish and wildlife programs ad-
18	ministered by the United States Fish and Wild-
19	life Service;
20	(B) on wildlife refuges and other public
21	land under the jurisdiction of the United States
22	Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Land Man-
23	agement, or National Park Service; or
24	(C) within Federal water managed by the
25	Bureau of Reclamation; and

1	(3) 5 percent shall be allocated to the Secretary
2	for adaptation activities carried out under coopera-
3	tive grant programs, including—
4	(A) the Tribal Wildlife Grants program of
5	the United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
6	(B) the cooperative endangered species con-
7	servation fund authorized under section $6(i)$ of
8	the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
9	1535(i));
10	(C) programs under the North American
11	Wetlands Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 4401 et
12	seq.);
13	(D) the multinational species conservation
14	fund established under the heading "MULTI-
15	NATIONAL SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND" of title
16	I of the Department of the Interior and Related
17	Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (16 U.S.C.
18	4246);
19	(E) the Neotropical Migratory Bird Con-
20	servation Fund established by section $9(a)$ of the
21	Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation Act
22	(16 U.S.C. 6108(a));
23	(F) the Coastal Program of the United
24	States Fish and Wildlife Service; and
25	(G) the National Fish Habitat Action Plan.

1	(c) Land and Water Conservation Fund.—
2	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
3	graph (2), of the amounts made available for each fis-
4	cal year to carry out this subtitle, 10 percent shall be
5	deposited into the Land and Water Conservation
6	Fund established under section 2 of the Land and
7	Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
8	460l-5).
9	(2) EXCEPTION.—For any fiscal year in which
10	a deposit into the Land and Water Conservation
11	Fund under paragraph (1) would result in an
12	amount greater than \$900,000,000-
13	(A) \$900,000,000 of the amount shall be de-
14	posited into the Land and Water Conservation
15	Fund; and
16	(B) the remaining funds shall be distributed
17	on a pro rata basis as otherwise provided in this
18	section.
19	(d) Forest Service.—Of the amounts made avail-
20	able for each fiscal year to carry out this subtitle, 5 percent
21	shall be allocated to the Secretary of Agriculture for use in
22	funding adaptation activities carried out on National For-
23	ests and National Grasslands under the jurisdiction of the
24	Forest Service.

1 (e) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.—Of the 2 amounts made available to carry out this subtitle, 11 per-3 cent shall be allocated to the Administrator for use in restor-4 ing and protecting— 5 (1) large-scale freshwater aquatic ecosystems, 6 such as the Everglades, the Great Lakes, Flathead 7 Lake, the Missouri River, and the Yellowstone River: 8 and 9 (2) large-scale estuarine ecosystems, such as 10 Chesapeake Bay and Long Island Sound. 11 (f) CORPS OF ENGINEERS.—Of the amounts made 12 available to carry out this subtitle, 11 percent shall be allocated to the Corps of Engineers for use in restoring— 13 14 (1) large-scale freshwater aquatic ecosystems, 15 such as the ecosystems described in subsection (e)(1); 16 and 17 large-scale estuarine ecosystems, such as (2)18 Chesapeake Bay, California Bay Delta, Coastal Lou-19 isiana, Long Island Sound, and Puget Sound. 20 (g) DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.—Of the amounts 21 made available to carry out this subtitle, 5 percent shall 22 be allocated to the Secretary of Commerce for use in funding 23 adaptation activities carried out in protecting and restor-

24 ing coastal, estuarine, coral, and other marine species and

habitats, including adaptation activities in cooperative
 grant programs such as—

3 (1) the Coastal and Estuarine Land Conserva4 tion Program and the Community-Based Restoration
5 Program of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
6 Administration; and

7 (2) programs under the Coastal Zone Manage8 ment Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.).

9 (h) COST SHARING.—Notwithstanding any other pro-10 vision of law, a State or Indian tribe that receives a grant 11 under this section shall be required to provide 10 percent 12 of the costs of each activity carried out using funds from 13 the grant.

14 (i) Comprehensive Adaptation Strategy.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Effective beginning on the
16 date that is 18 months after the date of enactment of
17 this Act, funds made available to the Federal agencies
18 under this subtitle shall be used only for activities
19 that are consistent with a comprehensive adaptation
20 strategy that—

21 (A) is jointly approved by the head of each
22 of the Federal agencies, after—

23 (i) consultation with States and In-

24 dian tribes; and

1	(ii) solicitation of public and inde-
2	pendent scientific input; and
3	(B) describes the manner in which the Fed-
4	eral Government will assist fish and wildlife,
5	fish and wildlife habitat, plants, and associated
6	ecological processes in adapting to and surviving
7	the impacts of climate change.
8	(2) UPDATING.—Each adaptation strategy de-
9	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be updated at least
10	every 5 years.
11	Subtitle H—Climate Change and
12	National Security Program
13	SEC. 4801. INTERAGENCY CLIMATE CHANGE AND NATIONAL
14	SECURITY COUNCIL.
15	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Climate
16	Change and National Security Council (referred to in this
17	subtitle as the "Council").
18	(b) Membership.—The Council shall include—
19	(1) the Secretary of State, who shall serve as
20	Chairperson of the Council;
21	(2) the Administrator;
22	(3) the Secretary of Defense; and
23	(4) the Director of National Intelligence.

1	(1) submit annual reports to the President, the
2	Committees on Environment and Public Works and
3	Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committees
4	on Energy and Commerce and Foreign Relations of
5	the House of Representatives that describe—
6	(A) the extent to which other countries are
7	committing to reducing greenhouse gas emissions
8	through mandatory programs;
9	(B) the extent to which global climate
10	change, through the potential negative impacts of
11	climate change on sensitive populations and nat-
12	ural resources in different regions of the world,
13	may threaten, cause, or exacerbate political in-
14	stability or international conflict in those re-
15	gions; and
16	(C) the ramifications of any potentially de-
17	stabilizing impacts climate change may have on
18	the national security of the United States, in-
19	cluding—
20	(i) the creation of refugees; and
21	(ii) international or intranational con-
22	flicts over water, food, land, or other re-
23	sources; and
24	(2) include in each annual report submitted
25	under paragraph (1) recommendations on whether it

is necessary to enhance the national security of the
 United States by funding programs with amounts
 made available under section 4802 that the Council
 determines would assist in avoiding the politically de stabilizing impacts of climate change in volatile re gions of the world.

7 SEC. 4802. FUNDING.

8 Upon a determination for any calendar year by the 9 President, based on any report and recommendations sub-10 mitted by the Council under section 4801, that funds should 11 be made available to carry out the recommendations—

(1) notwithstanding section 4302(b)(3), the Corporation shall deposit 5 percent of the proceeds from
auctions that the Corporation conducts for that calendar year under section 4302(a) into the Climate
Change and National Security Fund established by
section 4101; and

18 (2) the President shall use those funds to imple-

19 *ment the recommendations.*

20 Subtitle I—Emergency Firefighting
 21 Programs

22 SEC. 4901. FINDINGS.

- 23 Congress finds that—
- 24 (1) since 1980, wildfires in the United States
 25 have burned almost twice as many acres per year on

1	average than the average burned acreage during the
2	period beginning on January 1, 1920, and ending on
3	December 31, 1979;
4	(2) the wildfire season in the western United
5	States has increased by an average of 78 days during
6	the 30-year period preceding the date of enactment of
7	this Act;
8	(3) researchers predict that the area subject to
9	wildfire damage will increase during the 21st century
10	by up to 118 percent as a result of climate change;
11	(4) of the annual budget of the Forest Service,
12	the Forest Service used for wildfire suppression ac-
13	tivities—
14	(A) 13 percent in 1991; and
15	(B) 45 percent in 2007; and
16	(5) 1 percent of the largest escaped fires—
17	(A) burn 95 percent of all burned acres; and
18	(B) consume 85 percent of all wildfire fight-
19	ing costs.
20	SEC. 4902. BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY
21	FIREFIGHTING PROGRAM.
22	(a) USE OF FUNDS.—The amounts deposited into the
23	Bureau of Land Management Emergency Firefighting
24	Fund established by section 4101(5) shall be made avail-
25	able, without further appropriation or fiscal year limita-

tion, to pay for wildland fire suppression activities the costs
 of which are in excess of amounts annually appropriated
 to the Secretary of the Interior for normal, nonemergency
 wildland fire suppression activities.

5 (b) Accounting and Reporting.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after 7 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the 8 Interior shall establish an accounting and reporting 9 system, in accordance and compatible with National 10 Fire Plan reporting procedures, for the activities car-11 ried out under this section.

12 (2) REQUIREMENT.—The system established 13 under paragraph (1) shall require that the Secretary 14 of the Interior shall submit to the Committee on Nat-15 ural Resources of the House of Representatives and 16 the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of 17 the Senate—

(A) a monthly report describing each expenditure made from the Bureau of Land Management Emergency Firefighting Fund during
the preceding month; and

(B) a report at the end of each fiscal year
describing the expenditures made from the Bureau of Land Management Emergency Firefighting Fund during the preceding fiscal year.

1SEC. 4903. FOREST SERVICE EMERGENCY FIREFIGHTING2PROGRAM.

3 (a) USE OF FUNDS.—The amounts deposited into the Forest Service Emergency Firefighting Fund established by 4 5 section 4101(6) shall be made available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, to pay for wildland 6 7 fire suppression activities the costs of which are in excess 8 of amounts annually appropriated to the Secretary of Agri-9 culture for normal, nonemergency wildland fire suppression 10 activities.

11 (b) ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after
the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall establish an accounting and reporting
system, in accordance and compatible with National
Fire Plan reporting procedures, for the activities carried out under this section.

18 (2) REQUIREMENT.—The system established
19 under paragraph (1) shall require that the Secretary
20 of Agriculture shall submit to the Committee on Nat21 ural Resources of the House of Representatives and
22 the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of
23 the Senate—

24 (A) a monthly report describing each ex25 penditure made from the Forest Service Emer-

1	gency Firefighting Fund during the preceding
2	month; and
3	(B) a report at the end of each fiscal year
4	describing the expenditures made from the Forest
5	Service Emergency Firefighting Fund during the
6	preceding fiscal year.
7	TITLE V—ENERGY EFFICIENCY
8	Subtitle A—Appliance Efficiency
9	SEC. 5101. RESIDENTIAL BOILERS.
10	Section 325(f) of the Energy Policy and Conservation
11	Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(f)) is amended—
12	(1) in the subsection heading, by inserting "AND
13	Boilers" after "FURNACES";
14	(2) in paragraph (1), by striking "except that"
15	and all that follows through subparagraph (A) and
16	inserting "except that";
17	(3) in subparagraph (B)—
18	(A) by striking "(B) the Secretary" and in-
19	serting "the Secretary"; and
20	(B) by redesignating clauses (i) through
21	(iii) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respec-
22	tively, and indenting appropriately;
23	(4) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
24	graph (4); and

1	(5) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(3) Boilers.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
5	graphs (B) and (C), boilers manufactured on or
6	after September 1, 2012, shall meet the following
7	requirements:

Boiler Type Requirements	Minimum Annual Fuel Utili- zation Effi- ciency	Design
Gas hot water	82 percent	No constant burning pilot, auto- matic means for adjusting water temperature
Gas steam	80 percent	No constant burning pilot
Oil hot water	84 percent	Automatic means for adjusting temperature
Oil steam	82 percent	None
Electric hot water	None	Automatic means for adjusting temperature
Electric steam	None	None

8 "(B) AUTOMATIC MEANS FOR ADJUSTING
9 WATER TEMPERATURE.—

10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The manufacturer
11	shall equip each gas, oil, and electric hot
12	water boiler (other than a boiler equipped
13	with tankless domestic water heating coils)
14	with an automatic means for adjusting the
15	temperature of the water supplied by the
16	boiler to ensure that an incremental change
17	in inferred heat load produces a cor-

1	responding incremental change in the tem-
2	perature of water supplied.
3	"(ii) Certain boilers.—For a boiler
4	that fires at 1 input rate, the requirements
5	of this subparagraph may be satisfied by
6	providing an automatic means that allows
7	the burner or heating element to fire only
8	when the means has determined that the in-
9	ferred heat load cannot be met by the resid-
10	ual heat of the water in the system.
11	"(iii) No inferred heat load.—
12	When there is no inferred heat load with re-
13	spect to a hot water boiler, the automatic
14	means described in clauses (i) and (ii) shall
15	limit the temperature of the water in the
16	boiler to not more than 140 degrees Fahr-
17	enheit.
18	"(iv) Operation.—A boiler described
19	in clause (i) or (ii) shall be operable only
20	when the automatic means described in
21	clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) is installed.
22	"(C) EXCEPTION.—A boiler that is manu-
23	factured to operate without any need for elec-
24	tricity, any electric connection, any electric
25	gauges, electric pumps, electric wires, or electric

1	devices of any sort, shall not be required to meet
2	the requirements of this subsection.".
3	SEC. 5102. REGIONAL VARIATIONS IN HEATING OR COOL-
4	ING STANDARDS.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 327 of the Energy Policy
6	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6297) is amended—
7	(1) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g)
8	as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively; and
9	(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(e) Regional Standards for Space Heating and
12	Air Conditioning Products.—
13	"(1) Standards.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may es-
15	tablish regional standards for space heating and
16	air conditioning products, other than window-
17	unit air-conditioners and portable space heaters.
18	"(B) NATIONAL MINIMUM AND REGIONAL
19	STANDARDS.—For each space heating and air
20	conditioning product, the Secretary may estab-
21	lish—
22	"(i) a national minimum standard;
23	and

1	"(ii) 2 more stringent regional stand-
2	ards for regions determined to have signifi-
3	cantly differing climatic conditions.
4	"(C) MAXIMUM SAVINGS.—Any standards
5	established for a region under subparagraph
6	(B)(ii) shall achieve the maximum level of en-
7	ergy savings that are technically feasible and
8	economically justified within that region.
9	"(D) Economic justifiability study.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—As a preliminary
11	step in determining the economic justifi-
12	ability of establishing a regional standard
13	under subparagraph $(B)(ii)$, the Secretary
14	shall conduct a study involving stake-
15	holders, including—
16	"(I) a representative from the Na-
17	tional Institute of Standards and
18	Technology;
19	"(II) representatives of nongovern-
20	mental advocacy organizations;
21	"(III) representatives of product
22	manufacturers, distributors, and in-
23	stallers;
24	"(IV) representatives of the gas
25	and electric utility industries; and

1	((V) such other individuals as the
2	Secretary may designate.
3	"(ii) Requirements.—The study
4	under this subparagraph—
5	((I) shall determine the potential
6	benefits and consequences of pre-
7	scribing regional standards for heating
8	and cooling products; and
9	"(II) may, if favorable to the
10	standards, constitute the evidence of
11	economic justifiability required under
12	this Act.
13	"(E) REGIONAL BOUNDARIES.—Regional
14	boundaries used in establishing regional stand-
15	ards under subparagraph (B)(ii) shall—
16	"(i) conform to State borders; and
17	"(ii) include only contiguous States
18	(other than Alaska and Hawaii), except
19	that on the request of a State, the Secretary
20	may divide the State to include a part of
21	the State in each of 2 regions.
22	"(2) Noncomplying products.—If the Sec-
23	retary establishes standards for a region, it shall be
24	unlawful under section 332 to offer for sale at retail,

1	sell at retail, or install within the region products
2	that do not comply with the applicable standards.
3	"(3) DISTRIBUTION IN COMMERCE.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
5	subparagraph (B), no product manufactured in
6	a manner that complies with a regional stand-
7	ard established under paragraph (1) shall be dis-
8	tributed in commerce without a prominent label
9	affixed to the product that includes—
10	"(i) at the top of the label, in print of
11	not less than 14-point type, the following
12	statement: 'It is a violation of Federal law
13	for this product to be installed in any State
14	outside the region shaded on the map print-
15	ed on this label.';
16	"(ii) below the notice described in
17	clause (i), an image of a map of the United
18	States with clearly defined State boundaries
19	and names, and with all States in which
20	the product meets or exceeds the standard
21	established pursuant to paragraph (1)
22	shaded in a color or a manner as to be eas-
23	ily visible without obscuring the State
24	boundaries and names; and

1	"(iii) below the image of the map re-
2	quired under clause (ii), the following state-
3	ment: 'It is a violation of Federal law for
4	this label to be removed, except by the owner
5	and legal resident of any single-family
6	home in which this product is installed.'.
7	"(B) ENERGY-EFFICIENCY RATING.—A
8	product manufactured that meets or exceeds all
9	regional standards established under this para-
10	graph shall bear a prominent label affixed to the
11	product that includes at the top of the label, in
12	print of not less than 14-point type, the fol-
13	lowing statement: 'This product has achieved an
14	energy-efficiency rating under Federal law al-
15	lowing its installation in any State.'.
16	"(4) Recordkeeping.—A manufacturer of
17	space heating or air conditioning equipment subject
18	to regional standards established under this subsection
19	shall—
20	"(A) obtain and retain records on the in-
21	tended installation locations of the equipment
22	sold; and
23	"(B) make such records available to the Sec-
24	retary on request.".

1	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 327 of the
2	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6297) is
3	amended—
4	(1) in subsection (b)—
5	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "sub-
6	section (e)" and inserting "subsection (f)"; and
7	(B) in paragraph (3)—
8	(i) by striking "subsection $(f)(1)$ " and
9	inserting "subsection $(g)(1)$ "; and
10	(ii) by striking "subsection $(f)(2)$ " and
11	inserting "subsection $(g)(2)$ "; and
12	(2) in subsection (c)(3), by striking "subsection
13	(f)(3)" and inserting "subsection $(g)(3)$ ".
14	Subtitle B—Building Efficiency
15	SEC. 5201. UPDATING STATE BUILDING ENERGY EFFI-
16	CIENCY CODES.
17	Section 304 of the Energy Conservation and Produc-
18	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6833) is amended to read as follows:
19	"SEC. 304. UPDATING STATE BUILDING ENERGY EFFI-
20	CIENCY CODES.
21	"(a) UPDATES.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall support
23	updating the national model building energy codes
24	and standards not later than 3 years after the date
25	of enactment of the America's Climate Security Act of

1	2007, and not less frequently every 3 years thereafter,
2	to achieve overall energy savings, as compared to the
3	IECC (2006) for residential buildings and $ASHRAE$
4	Standard 90.1 (2004) for commercial buildings, of at
5	least—
6	"(A) 30 percent, with respect to each edition
7	of a model code or standard published during the
8	period beginning on January 1, 2010, and end-
9	ing on December 31, 2019;
10	"(B) 50 percent, with respect to each edi -
11	tion of a model code or standard published on or
12	after January 1, 2020; and
13	(C) targets for intermediate and subse-
14	quent years, to be established by the Secretary
15	not less than 3 years before the beginning on
16	each target year, in coordination with IECC and
17	ASHRAE Standard 90.1 cycles, at the max-
18	imum level of energy efficiency that is techno-
19	logically feasible and lifecycle cost-effective.
20	"(2) Revisions to iecc and ashrae.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the IECC or
22	ASHRAE Standard 90.1 regarding building en-
23	ergy use is revised, not later than 1 year after
24	the date of the revision, the Secretary shall deter-
25	mine whether the revision will—

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1	"(i) improve energy efficiency in build-
2	ings; and
3	"(ii) meet the energy savings goals de-
4	scribed in paragraph (1).
5	"(B) Modifications.—
6	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary
7	makes a determination under subparagraph
8	(A)(ii) that a code or standard does not
9	meet the energy savings goals established
10	under paragraph (1) or if a national model
11	code or standard is not updated for more
12	than 3 years, not later than 1 year after the
13	determination or the expiration of the 3-
14	year period, the Secretary shall establish a
15	modified code or standard that meets the
16	energy savings goals.
17	"(ii) Requirements.—
18	"(I) ENERGY SAVINGS.—A modi-
19	fication to a code or standard under
20	clause (i) shall—
21	"(aa) achieve the maximum
22	level of energy savings that is
23	technically feasible and lifecycle
24	cost-effective;

	303
1	"(bb) be achieved through an
2	amendment or supplement to the
3	most recent revision of the IECC
4	or ASHRAE Standard 90.1 and
5	taking into consideration other
6	appropriate model codes and
7	standards; and
8	"(cc) incorporate available
9	appliances, technologies, and con-
10	struction practices.
11	"(II) TREATMENT AS BASE-
12	LINE.—A modification to a code or
13	standard under clause (i) shall serve as
14	the baseline for the next applicable de-
15	termination of the Secretary under
16	subparagraph (A)(i).
17	"(C) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—The Sec-
18	retary shall—
19	"(i) publish in the Federal Register a
20	notice relating to each goal, determination,
21	and modification under this paragraph;
22	and
23	"(ii) provide an opportunity for public
24	comment regarding the goals, determina-
25	tions, and modifications.

"(b) STATE CERTIFICATION OF BUILDING ENERGY
 CODE UPDATES.—

3	"(1) General certification.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
5	after the date of enactment of the America's Cli-
6	mate Security Act of 2007, each State shall cer-
7	tify to the Secretary that the State has reviewed
8	and updated the provisions of the residential and
9	commercial building codes of the State regarding
10	energy efficiency.
11	"(B) ENERGY SAVINGS.—A certification
12	under subparagraph (A) shall include a dem-
13	onstration that the applicable provisions of the
14	State code meet or exceed, as applicable—
15	"(i)(I) the IECC (2006) for residential
16	buildings; or
17	"(II) the ASHRAE Standard 90.1
18	(2004) for commercial buildings; or
19	"(ii) the quantity of energy savings
20	represented by the provisions referred to in
21	clause (i).
22	"(2) Revision of codes and standards.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary makes
24	an affirmative determination under subsection
25	(a)(2)(A)(i) or establishes a modified code or

1	standard under subsection $(a)(2)(B)$, not later
2	than 2 years after the determination or proposal,
3	each State shall certify that the State has re-
4	viewed and updated the provisions of the resi-
5	dential and commercial building codes of the
6	State regarding energy efficiency.
7	"(B) ENERGY SAVINGS.—A certification
8	under subparagraph (A) shall include a dem-
9	onstration that the applicable provisions of the
10	State code meet or exceed—
11	"(i) the modified code or standard; or
12	"(ii) the quantity of energy savings
13	represented by the modified code or stand-
14	ard.
15	"(C) Failure to determine.—If the Sec-
16	retary fails to make a determination under sub-
17	section $(a)(2)(A)(i)$ by the date specified in sub-
18	section (a)(2), or if the Secretary makes a nega-
19	tive determination, not later than 2 years after
20	the specified date or the date of the determina-
21	tion, each State shall certify that the State has—
22	"(i) reviewed the revised code or stand-
23	ard; and
24	"(ii) updated the provisions of the resi-
25	dential and commercial building codes of

1	the State as necessary to meet or exceed, as
2	applicable—
3	"(I) any provisions of a national
4	code or standard determined to im-
5	prove energy efficiency in buildings; or
6	"(II) energy savings achieved by
7	those provisions through other means.
8	"(c) Achievement of Compliance by States.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after
10	the date on which a State makes a certification under
11	subsection (b), the State shall certify to the Secretary
12	that the State has achieved compliance with the build-
13	ing energy code that is the subject of the certification.
14	"(2) RATE OF COMPLIANCE.—The certification
15	shall include documentation of the rate of compliance
16	based on independent inspections of a random sample
17	of the new and renovated buildings covered by the
18	State code during the preceding calendar year.
19	"(3) Compliance.—A State shall be considered
20	to achieve compliance for purposes of paragraph (1)
21	if—
22	"(A) at least 90 percent of new and ren-
23	ovated buildings covered by the State code dur-
24	ing the preceding calendar year substantially
25	meet all the requirements of the code; or

1	``(B) the estimated excess energy use of new
2	and renovated buildings that did not meet the re-
3	quirements of the State code during the pre-
4	ceding calendar year, as compared to a baseline
5	of comparable buildings that meet the require-
6	ments of the code, is not more than 10 percent
7	of the estimated energy use of all new and ren-
8	ovated buildings covered by the State code dur-
9	ing the preceding calendar year.
10	"(d) Failure to Certify.—
11	"(1) EXTENSION OF DEADLINES.—The Secretary
12	shall extend a deadline for certification by a State
13	under subsection (b) or (c) for not more than 1 addi-
14	tional year, if the State demonstrates to the satisfac-
15	tion of the Secretary that the State has made—
16	"(A) a good faith effort to comply with the
17	certification requirement; and
18	``(B) significant progress with respect to the
19	compliance.
20	"(2) Noncompliance by state.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A State that fails to
22	submit a certification required under subsection
23	(b) or (c), and to which an extension is not pro-
24	vided under paragraph (1), shall be considered to
25	be out of compliance with this section.

1	"(B) EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—A
2	local government of a State that is out of compli-
3	ance with this section may be considered to be in
4	compliance with this section if the local govern-
5	ment meets each applicable certification require-
6	ment of this section.
7	"(e) Technical Assistance.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
9	technical assistance (including building energy anal-
10	ysis and design tools, building demonstrations, and
11	design assistance and training) to ensure that na-
12	tional model building energy codes and standards
13	meet the goals described in subsection $(a)(1)$.
14	"(2) Assistance to states.—The Secretary
15	shall provide technical assistance to States—
16	((A) to implement this section, including
17	procedures for States to demonstrate that the
18	codes of the States achieve equivalent or greater
19	energy savings than the national model codes
20	and standards;
21	"(B) to improve and implement State resi-
22	dential and commercial building energy effi-
23	ciency codes; and
24	(C) to otherwise promote the design and
25	construction of energy-efficient buildings.

1	"(f) Incentive Funding.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
3	incentive funding to States—
4	"(A) to implement this section; and
5	"(B) to improve and implement State resi-
6	dential and commercial building energy effi-
7	ciency codes, including increasing and verifying
8	compliance with the codes.
9	"(2) Amount.—In determining whether, and in
10	what amount, to provide incentive funding under this
11	subsection, the Secretary shall take into consideration
12	actions proposed by the State—
13	"(A) to implement this section;
14	``(B) to implement and improve residential
15	and commercial building energy efficiency codes;
16	and
17	(C) to promote building energy efficiency
18	through use of the codes.
19	"(3) ADDITIONAL FUNDING.—The Secretary shall
20	provide additional funding under this subsection for
21	implementation of a plan to demonstrate a rate of
22	compliance with applicable residential and commer-
23	cial building energy efficiency codes at a rate of not
24	less than 90 percent, based on energy performance—

1	"(A) to a State that has adopted and is im-
2	plementing, on a statewide basis—
3	"(i) a residential building energy effi-
4	ciency code that meets or exceeds the re-
5	quirements of the IECC (2006) (or a suc-
6	cessor code that is the subject of an affirma-
7	tive determination by the Secretary under
8	subsection $(a)(2)(A)(i))$; and
9	"(ii) a commercial building energy ef-
10	ficiency code that meets or exceeds the re-
11	quirements of the ASHRAE Standard 90.1
12	(2004) (or a successor standard that is the
13	subject of an affirmative determination by
14	the Secretary under subsection $(a)(2)(A)(i))$;
15	OT
16	(B) in the case of a State in which no
17	statewide energy code exists for residential build-
18	ings or commercial buildings, or in which the
19	State code fails to comply with subparagraph
20	(A), to a local government that has adopted and
21	is implementing residential and commercial
22	building energy efficiency codes, as described in
23	subparagraph (A).
24	"(4) TRAINING.—Of the amounts made available
25	to carry out this subsection, the Secretary may use

not more than \$500,000 for each State to train State
 and local officials to implement State or local energy
 codes in accordance with a plan described in para graph (3).".
 SEC. 5202. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.

6 Section 303 of the Energy Conservation and Produc7 tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6832) is amended by adding at the
8 end the following new paragraph:

9 "(17) IECC.—The term 'IECC' means the Inter10 national Energy Conservation Code.".

TITLE VI—GLOBAL EFFORT TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

14 SEC. 6001. DEFINITIONS.

15 In this title:

16 (1) BASELINE EMISSION LEVEL.—The term
17 "baseline emission level" means, as determined by the
18 Administrator, the total average annual greenhouse
19 gas emissions attributed to a category of covered goods
20 of a foreign country during the period beginning on
21 January 1, 2012, and ending on December 31, 2014,
22 based on—

23 (A) relevant data available for that period;
24 and

1	(B) to the extent necessary with respect to
2	a specific category of covered goods, economic
3	and engineering models and best available infor-
4	mation on technology performance levels for the
5	manufacture of that category of covered goods.
6	(2) Comparable action.—The term "com-
7	parable action" means any greenhouse gas regulatory
8	programs, requirements, and other measures adopted
9	by a foreign country that, in combination, are com-
10	parable in effect to actions carried out by the United
11	States to limit greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to
12	this Act, as determined by the President, taking into
13	consideration the level of economic development of the
14	foreign country.
15	(3) Compliance year.—The term "compliance
16	year" means each calendar year for which the re-
17	quirements of this title apply to a category of covered
18	goods of a covered foreign country that is imported
19	into the United States.
20	(4) Covered foreign country.—The term
21	"covered foreign country" means a foreign country
22	that is included on the covered list prepared under

23 section 6006(b)(3).

1	(5) COVERED GOOD.—The term "covered good"
2	means a good that (as identified by the Administrator
3	by rule)—
4	(A) is a primary product;
5	(B) generates, in the course of the manufac-
6	ture of the good, a substantial quantity of direct
7	greenhouse gas emissions and indirect greenhouse
8	gas emissions; and
9	(C) is closely related to a good the cost of
10	production of which in the United States is af-
11	fected by a requirement of this Act.
12	(6) FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term "foreign
13	country" means a member of, or observer government
14	to, the World Trade Organization (WTO), other than
15	the United States.
16	(7) Indirect greenhouse gas emissions.—
17	The term "indirect greenhouse gas emissions" means
18	any emissions of a greenhouse gas resulting from the
19	generation of electricity that is consumed during the
20	manufacture of a good.
21	(8) INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT.—The term
22	"international agreement" means any international
23	agreement to which the United States is a party, in-
24	cluding the Marrakesh agreement establishing the

1	World Trade Organization, done at Marrakesh on
2	April 15, 1994.
3	(9) INTERNATIONAL RESERVE ALLOWANCE.—The
4	term "international reserve allowance" means an al-
5	lowance (denominated in units of metric tons of car-
6	bon dioxide equivalent) that is—
7	(A) purchased from a special reserve of al-
8	lowances pursuant to section $6006(a)(2)$; and
9	(B) used for purposes of meeting the re-
10	quirements of section 6006.
11	(10) PRIMARY PRODUCT.—The term "primary
12	product" means—
13	(A) iron, steel, aluminum, cement, bulk
14	glass, or paper; or
15	(B) any other manufactured product that—
16	(i) is sold in bulk for purposes of fur-
17	ther manufacture; and
18	(ii) generates, in the course of the man-
19	ufacture of the product, direct greenhouse
20	gas emissions and indirect greenhouse gas
21	emissions that are comparable (on an emis-
22	sions-per-dollar basis) to emissions gen-
23	erated in the manufacture of products by
24	covered facilities in the industrial sector.

1 SEC. 6002. PURPOSES. 2 The purposes of this title are— 3 (1) to promote a strong global effort to signifi-4 cantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions: 5 (2) to ensure, to the maximum extent prac-6 ticable, that greenhouse gas emissions occurring out-7 side the United States do not undermine the objectives 8 of the United States in addressing global climate 9 change; and 10 (3) to encourage effective international action to 11 achieve those objectives through— 12 agreements negotiated between (A)the13 United States and foreign countries; and 14 (B) measures carried out by the United 15 States that comply with applicable international 16 agreements. 17 SEC. 6003. INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS. 18 (a) FINDING.—Congress finds that the purposes de-19 scribed in section 6002 can be most effectively addressed 20 and achieved through agreements negotiated between the 21 United States and foreign countries. 22 (b) NEGOTIATING OBJECTIVE.— 23 (1) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of 24 the United States to work proactively under the 25 United Nations Framework Convention on Climate

26 Change and, in other appropriate forums, to establish

1	binding agreements committing all major greenhouse
2	gas-emitting nations to contribute equitably to the re-
3	duction of global greenhouse gas emissions.
4	(2) INTENT OF CONGRESS REGARDING OBJEC-
5	TIVE.—To the extent that the agreements described in
6	subsection (a) involve measures that will affect inter-
7	national trade in any good or service, it is the intent
8	of Congress that the negotiating objective of the
9	United States shall be to focus multilateral and bilat-
10	eral international agreements on the reduction of
11	greenhouse gas emissions to advance achievement of
12	the purposes described in section 6002.
10	
13	SEC. 6004. INTERAGENCY REVIEW.
13 14	(a) Interagency Group.—
_	
14	(a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.—
14 15	(a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall estab-
14 15 16	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall estab- lish an interagency group to carry out this section.
14 15 16 17	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an interagency group to carry out this section. (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The chairperson of the
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an interagency group to carry out this section. (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The chairperson of the interagency group established under paragraph (1)
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an interagency group to carry out this section. (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The chairperson of the interagency group established under paragraph (1) shall be the Secretary of State.
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an interagency group to carry out this section. (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The chairperson of the interagency group established under paragraph (1) shall be the Secretary of State. (3) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator shall be
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an interagency group to carry out this section. (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The chairperson of the interagency group established under paragraph (1) shall be the Secretary of State. (3) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator shall be a member of the interagency group.
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an interagency group to carry out this section. (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The chairperson of the interagency group established under paragraph (1) shall be the Secretary of State. (3) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator shall be a member of the interagency group. (b) DETERMINATIONS.—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 (a) INTERAGENCY GROUP.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an interagency group to carry out this section. (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The chairperson of the interagency group established under paragraph (1) shall be the Secretary of State. (3) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator shall be a member of the interagency group. (b) DETERMINATIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the

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foreign country has taken comparable action to limit

2 the greenhouse gas emissions of the foreign country. 3 (2) EXEMPTION.—The interagency group may 4 exempt from a determination under paragraph (1) 5 any foreign country on the excluded list under section 6 6006(b)(2).7 (c) REPORT TO PRESIDENT.—Not later than January 8 1, 2018, and annually thereafter, the interagency group 9 shall submit to the President a report describing the determinations of the interagency group under subsection (b). 10 11 SEC. 6005. PRESIDENTIAL DETERMINATIONS. 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2019, 13 and annually thereafter, the President shall determine 14 whether each foreign country that is subject to interagency 15 review under section 6004(b) has taken comparable action to limit the greenhouse gas emissions of the foreign country, 16 17 taking into consideration— 18 (1) the baseline emission levels of the foreign 19 country; and 20 (2) applicable reports submitted under section 21 6004(c).22 (b) REPORTS.—The President shall— 23 (1) submit to Congress an annual report describ-

- 24 ing the determinations of the President under sub-
- 25 section (a) for the most recent calendar year; and

1	(2) publish the determinations in the Federal
2	Register.
3	SEC. 6006. INTERNATIONAL RESERVE ALLOWANCE PRO-
4	GRAM.
5	(a) Establishment.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-
7	tablish a program under which the Administrator,
8	during the 1-year period beginning on January 1,
9	2019, and annually thereafter, shall offer for sale to
10	United States importers international reserve allow-
11	ances in accordance with this subsection.
12	(2) Source.—International reserve allowances
13	under paragraph (1) shall be issued from a special re-
14	serve of allowances that is separate from, and estab-
15	lished in addition to, the quantity of allowances es-
16	tablished under section 1201.
17	(3) PRICE.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph
19	(B), the Administrator shall establish, by rule, a
20	methodology for determining the price of inter-
21	national reserve allowances for each compliance
22	year at a level that does not exceed the market
23	price of allowances established under section
24	1201 for the compliance year.

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1	(B) MAXIMUM PRICE.—The price for an
2	international reserve allowance under subpara-
3	graph (A) shall not exceed the clearing price for
4	current compliance year allowances established
5	at the most recent auction of allowances by the
6	Corporation.
7	(4) Serial number.—The Administrator shall
8	assign a unique serial number to each international
9	reserve allowance issued under this subsection.
10	(5) TRADING SYSTEM.—The Administrator may
11	establish, by rule, a system for the sale, exchange,
12	purchase, transfer, and banking of international re-
13	serve allowances.
14	(6) REGULATED ENTITIES.—International re-
15	serve allowances may not be submitted by regulated
16	entities to comply with the allowance submission re-
17	quirements of section 1202.
18	(7) PROCEEDS.—All proceeds from the sale of
19	international reserve allowances under this subsection
20	shall be allocated to a program that the Adminis-
21	trator, in coordination with the Secretary of State,
22	shall establish to mitigate the negative impacts of
23	global climate change on disadvantaged communities
24	in other countries.
25	(b) Foreign Country Lists.—

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1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1,
2	2020, and annually thereafter, the President shall de-
3	velop and publish in the Federal Register 2 lists of
4	foreign countries, in accordance with this subsection.
5	(2) Excluded list.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall iden-
7	tify and publish in a list, to be known as the
8	"excluded list"—
9	(i) each foreign country determined by
10	the President under section 6005(a) to have
11	taken action comparable to that taken by
12	the United States to limit the greenhouse
13	gas emissions of the foreign country; and
14	(ii) each foreign country the share of
15	total global greenhouse gas emissions of
16	which is below the de minimis percentage
17	described in subparagraph (B).
18	(B) DE MINIMIS PERCENTAGE.—The de
19	minimis percentage referred to in subparagraph
20	(A) is a percentage of total global greenhouse gas
21	emissions of not more than 0.5, as determined by
22	the President, for the most recent calendar year
23	for which emissions and other relevant data is
24	available, taking into consideration, as nec-
25	essary, the annual average deforestation rate

1	during a representative period for a foreign
2	country that is a developing country.
3	(3) Covered list.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall iden-
5	tify and publish in a list, to be known as the
6	"covered list", each foreign country the covered
7	goods of which are subject to the requirements of
8	this section.
9	(B) Requirement.—The covered list shall
10	include each foreign country that is not included
11	on the excluded list under paragraph (2).
12	(c) Written Declarations.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Effective beginning January
14	1, 2020, a United States importer of any covered good
15	shall, as a condition of importation or withdrawal for
16	consumption from a warehouse of the covered good,
17	submit to the Administrator and the appropriate of-
18	fice of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection a
19	written declaration with respect to each such impor-
20	tation or withdrawal.
21	(2) Contents.—A written declaration under
22	paragraph (1) shall contain a statement that—
23	(A) the applicable covered good is accom-
24	panied by a sufficient number of international

1	reserve allowances, as determined under sub-
2	section (d); or
3	(B) the covered good is from a foreign coun-
4	try on the excluded list under subsection $(b)(2)$.
5	(3) INCLUSION.—A written declaration described
6	in paragraph (2)(A) shall include the unique serial
7	number of each emission allowance associated with
8	the importation of the applicable covered good.
9	(4) Failure to declare.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
11	subparagraph (B), an imported covered good
12	that is not accompanied by a written declaration
13	under this subsection shall not be permitted to
14	enter the customs territory of the United States.
15	(B) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN IMPORTS.—
16	Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a covered
17	good of a foreign country if the President deter-
18	mines that—
19	(i) the foreign country has taken com-
20	parable action to limit the greenhouse gas
21	emissions of the foreign country, in accord-
22	ance with section 6005;
23	(ii) the United Nations has identified
24	the foreign country as among the least-de-
25	veloped of developing countries; or

1	(iii) the foreign country is on the ex-
2	cluded list under subsection $(b)(2)$.
3	(5) Corrected declaration.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—If, after making a dec-
5	laration required under this subsection, an im-
6	porter has reason to believe that the declaration
7	contains information that is not correct, the im-
8	porter shall provide a corrected declaration by
9	not later than 30 days after the date of discovery
10	of the error, in accordance with subparagraph
11	(B).
12	(B) Method.—A corrected declaration
13	under subparagraph (A) shall be in the form of
14	a letter or other written statement to the Admin-
15	istrator and the office of the U.S. Customs and
16	Border Protection to which the original declara-
17	tion was submitted.
18	(d) Quantity of Allowances Required.—
19	(1) Methodology.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
21	establish, by rule, a method for calculating the
22	required number of international reserve allow-
23	ances that a United States importer must sub-
24	mit, together with a written declaration under

1	subsection (c), for each category of covered goods
2	of each covered foreign country.
3	(B) FORMULA.—The Administrator shall
4	develop a general formula for calculating the
5	international reserve allowance requirement that
6	applies, on a per unit basis, to each covered good
7	of a covered foreign country that is imported
8	during each compliance year.
9	(2) Initial compliance year.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph
11	(B), the methodology under paragraph (1) shall
12	establish an international reserve allowance re-
13	quirement (per unit imported into the United
14	States) for the initial compliance year for each
15	category of covered goods of each covered foreign
16	country that is equal to the quotient obtained by
17	dividing—
18	(i) the excess, if any, of the total emis-
19	sions from the covered foreign country that
20	are attributable to the category of covered
21	goods produced during the most recent year
22	for which data are available, over the base-
23	line emission level of the covered foreign
24	country for that category; and

1	(ii) the total quantity of the covered
2	good produced in the covered foreign coun-
3	try during the most recent calendar year.
4	(B) ADJUSTMENTS.—The Administrator
5	shall adjust the requirement under subparagraph
6	(A)—
7	(i) in accordance with the ratio that—
8	(I) the quantity of allowances that
9	were allocated at no cost to entities
10	within the industry sector manufac-
11	turing the covered goods for the compli-
12	ance year during which the covered
13	goods were imported into the United
14	States; bears to
15	(II) the greenhouse gas emissions
16	of that industry sector; and
17	(ii) to take into account the level of
18	economic development of the covered foreign
19	country in which the covered goods were
20	produced.
21	(3) Subsequent compliance years.—For each
22	subsequent compliance year, the Administrator shall
23	revise, as appropriate, the international reserve allow-
24	ance requirement applicable to each category of im-
25	ported covered goods of each covered foreign country

1	to reflect changes in the factors described in para-
2	graph (2)(B).
3	(4) PUBLICATION.—Not later than 90 days before
4	the beginning of each compliance year, the Adminis-
5	trator shall publish in the Federal Register a schedule
6	describing the required number of international re-
7	serve allowances for each category of imported covered
8	goods of each covered foreign country, as calculated
9	under this subsection.
10	(e) Foreign Allowances and Credits.—
11	(1) FOREIGN ALLOWANCES.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—A United States im-
13	porter may submit, in lieu of an international
14	reserve allowance issued under this section, a for-
15	eign allowance or similar compliance instrument
16	distributed by a foreign country pursuant to a
17	cap and trade program that represents a com-
18	parable action.
19	(B) Commensurate cap and trade pro-
20	GRAM.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), a
21	cap and trade program that represents a com-
22	parable action shall include any greenhouse gas
23	regulatory program adopted by a covered foreign
24	country to limit the greenhouse gas emissions of

1	the covered foreign country, if the President cer-
2	tifies that the program—
3	(i)(I) places a quantitative limitation
4	on the total quantity of greenhouse gas
5	emissions of the covered foreign country (ex-
6	pressed in terms of tons emitted per cal-
7	endar year); and
8	(II) achieves that limitation through
9	an allowance trading system;
10	(ii) satisfies such criteria as the Presi-
11	dent may establish for requirements relating
12	to the enforceability of the cap and trade
13	program, including requirements for moni-
14	toring, reporting, verification procedures,
15	and allowance tracking; and
16	<i>(iii) is a comparable action.</i>
17	(2) Foreign credits.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—A United States im-
19	porter may submit, in lieu of an international
20	reserve allowance issued under this section, a for-
21	eign credit or a credit for an international offset
22	project that the Administrator has authorized for
23	use under subtitle E of title II.
24	(B) APPLICATION.—The limitation on the
25	use of international reserve allowances by regu-

lated entities under subsection (a)(6) shall not
 apply to a United States importer for purposes
 of this paragraph.

4 (f) RETIREMENT OF ALLOWANCES.—The Adminis5 trator shall retire each international reserve allowance, for6 eign allowance, and foreign credit submitted to achieve com7 pliance with this section.

8 (q)CONSISTENCY WITH INTERNATIONAL AGREE-9 MENTS.—The Administrator, in consultation with the Sec-10 retary of State, shall adjust the international reserve allowance requirements established under this section (including 11 12 the quantity of international reserve allowances required for 13 each category of covered goods of a covered foreign country) as the Administrator determines to be necessary to ensure 14 that the United States complies with all applicable inter-15 national agreements. 16

(h) TERMINATION.—The international reserve allowance requirements of this section shall not apply to a covered good of a covered foreign country in any case in which
the President makes a determination described in subsection
(b)(2) with respect to the covered goods of that covered foreign country.

23 (i) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than January 1,
24 2019, the Administrator shall promulgate such regulations

as the Administrator determines to be necessary to carry
 out this section.

3 SEC. 6007. ADJUSTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL RESERVE AL-4 LOWANCE REQUIREMENTS.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2023,
6 and annually thereafter, the President shall prepare and
7 submit to Congress a report that assesses the effectiveness
8 of the applicable international reserve allowance require9 ments under section 6006 with respect to the covered goods
10 of each covered foreign country.

(b) INADEQUATE REQUIREMENTS.—If the President
determines that an applicable international reserve allowance requirement is not adequate to achieve the purposes
of this title, the President, simultaneously with the submission of the report under subsection (a), shall—

16 (1) adjust the requirement; or

17 (2) take such other action as the President deter18 mines to be necessary to improve the effectiveness of
19 the requirement, in accordance with all applicable
20 international agreements.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—An adjustment under subsection (b)(1) shall take effect beginning on January 1 of
the compliance year immediately following the date on
which the adjustment is made.

1TITLE VII—REVIEWS AND2RECOMMENDATIONS

3 SEC. 7001. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REVIEWS.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date 5 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall offer to enter into a contract with the National Academy of Sciences 6 under which the Academy shall, not later than January 1, 7 8 2012, and every 3 years thereafter, submit to Congress and 9 the Administrator a report that includes an analysis of— 10 (1) the latest scientific information and data rel-11 evant to global climate change; and 12 (2) the performance of this Act and other policies 13 in reducing greenhouse gas emissions and mitigating 14 the adverse impacts of global climate change. 15 (b) LATEST SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION.—The analysis 16 required under subsection (a)(1) shall—

17 (1) address existing reports, including the most
18 recent assessment report of the Intergovernmental
19 Panel on Climate Change; and

- 20 (2) include a description of—
- 21 (A) trends in and projections for total
 22 United States greenhouse gas emissions;
- 23 (B) trends in and projections for total
 24 worldwide greenhouse gas emissions;

1	(C) current and projected future atmos-
2	pheric concentrations of greenhouse gases;
3	(D) current and projected future global av-
4	erage temperature, including an analysis of
5	whether an increase of global average tempera-
6	ture in excess of 3.6 degrees Fahrenheit (2 de-
7	grees Celsius) above the preindustrial average
8	has occurred or is more likely than not to occur
9	in the foreseeable future as a result of anthropo-
10	genic climate change;
11	(E) current and projected future adverse
12	impacts of global climate change on human pop-
13	ulations, wildlife, and natural resources; and
14	(F) trends in and projections for the health
15	of the oceans and ocean ecosystems, including
16	predicted changes in ocean acidity, temperatures,
17	the extent of coral reefs, and other indicators of
18	ocean ecosystem health, resulting from anthropo-
19	genic carbon dioxide and climate change.
20	(c) Performance of This Act and Existing Tech-
21	NOLOGIES.—The analysis required under subsection $(a)(2)$
22	shall include a description of—
23	(1) the extent to which this Act, in concert with
24	other policies, will prevent a dangerous increase in
25	global average temperature;

1	(2) the extent to which this Act, in concert with
2	other policies, will prevent dangerous atmospheric
3	concentrations of greenhouse gases;
4	(3) the current and future projected deployment
5	of technologies and practices that reduce or limit
6	greenhouse gas emissions, including—
7	(A) technologies for capture and disposal of
8	greenhouse gases;
9	(B) efficiency improvement technologies;
10	(C) zero-greenhouse gas emitting energy
11	technologies, including solar, wind and geo-
12	thermal technologies; and
13	(D) above- and below-ground biological se-
14	questration technologies;
15	(4) the extent to which this Act and other poli-
16	cies are accelerating the development and commercial
17	deployment of technologies and practices that reduce
18	and limit greenhouse gas emissions;
19	(5) the extent to which the allocations and dis-
20	tributions of emission allowances and auction pro-
21	ceeds under this Act are advancing the purposes of
22	this Act, and whether any of those allocations and
23	distributions should be modified, including by in-
24	creasing the percentage of annual Emission Allowance

Account being auctioned, to better carry out the pur poses of this Act;

3 (6) whether the motor vehicle fuel and motor ve-4 hicle and nonroad regulations within the scope of Ex-5 ecutive Order 13432 (72 Fed. Reg. 27717; relating to 6 cooperation among agencies in protecting the environ-7 ment with respect to greenhouse gas emissions from 8 motor vehicles, nonroad vehicles, and nonroad en-9 gines) have been finalized and implemented by Fed-10 eral agencies and departments;

(7) whether any other transportation-related programs, including fuel economy standard reform,
greenhouse gas vehicle emissions standards, renewable
fuel volume mandates, low-carbon fuel standards, and
activities to reduce vehicle miles traveled have been finalized and implemented by any Federal agencies or
departments;

(8) whether any regulation or program described
in paragraph (11) or (12) is expected to achieve, as
compared to the baseline greenhouse gas emissions
consistent with the reference case contained in the report of the Energy Information Administration entitled "Annual Energy Outlook 2006", at a minimum—

1	(A) at least a 6.2-percent reduction in cu-
2	mulative greenhouse gas emissions from the
3	light-duty motor vehicle sector, including light-
4	duty vehicles and light-duty trucks, during the
5	period beginning on January 1, 2010, and end-
6	ing on December 31, 2020; or
7	(B) a cumulative reduction of approxi-
8	mately 1,140,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide
9	equivalent, measured on a full fuel cycle basis;
10	(9) whether additional measures, including an
11	increase in the earned income tax credit, a reduction
12	in payroll taxes, or the implementation of electronic
13	benefit transfers by State health and human services
14	agencies to reach low-income individuals who are not
15	required to file Federal income tax returns, are need-
16	ed to help low- and moderate-income individuals re-
17	spond to changes in the cost of energy-related goods
18	and services;
19	(10) the feasibility of expanding the definition of
20	the term "covered facility" under this Act;
21	(11) the feasibility of reducing the number of
22	emission allowances comprising the Emission Allow-
23	ance Account for 1 or more calendar years under this
24	Act; and

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1	(12) the feasibility of establishing policies for re-
2	ducing greenhouse gas emissions over and above those
3	policies established by this Act.
4	SEC. 7002. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REC-
5	OMMENDATIONS.
6	(a) REVIEW.—Not later than January 1, 2013, and
7	every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to
8	Congress recommendations for action in response to the
9	most recent report submitted by the National Academy of
10	Sciences under section 7001.
11	(b) CATEGORIES OF ACTION.—The categories of action
12	eligible for inclusion in the recommendations submitted
13	under subsection (a) include—
14	(1) expansion of the definition of the term "cov-
15	ered facility" under this Act;
16	(2) adjustment of the number of emission allow-
17	ances comprising the Emission Allowance Account for
18	1 or more calendar years under this Act; and
19	(3) establishment of policies for reducing green-
20	house gas emissions over and above those policies es-
21	tablished under this Act.
22	(c) Consistency With Reviews.—The Adminis-
23	trator shall include with each submission of recommenda-
24	tions under subsection (a) an explanation of any inconsist-

25 encies between the recommendations and the reviews sub-

mitted by the National Academy of Sciences under section
 7001.

3	SEC. 7003. ADAPTATION ASSESSMENTS AND PLAN.
4	(a) Regional Estimates.—
5	(1) Estimates.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in
7	consultation with the officials described in para-
8	graph (2) and relevant State agencies, shall con-
9	duct 6 regional infrastructure cost assessments in
10	various regions of the United States, and a na-
11	tional cost assessment, to provide estimates of the
12	range of costs that should be anticipated for ad-
13	aptation to the impacts of climate change.
14	(B) VARIOUS PROBABILITIES.—The Admin-
15	istrator shall develop the estimates under sub-
16	paragraph (A) for low, medium, and high prob-
17	abilities of climate change and the potential im-
18	pacts of climate change.
19	(2) Description of officials.—The officials
20	referred to in paragraph (1) are—
21	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture;
22	(B) the Secretary of Commerce;
23	(C) the Secretary of Defense;
24	(D) the Secretary of Energy;

1	(E) the Secretary of Health and Human
2	Services;
3	(F) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
4	(G) the Secretary of Housing and Urban
5	Development;
6	(H) the Secretary of the Interior;
7	(I) the Secretary of Transportation;
8	(J) the Director of United States Geological
9	Survey; and
10	(K) the heads of such other Federal agencies
11	and departments as the Administrator deter-
12	mines to be necessary.
13	(3) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than
14	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Ad-
15	ministrator shall submit to Congress a report describ-
16	ing the results of the assessments conducted under this
17	subsection.
18	(b) Adaptation Plan.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after
20	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
21	shall submit to Congress a climate change adaptation
22	plan for the United States, based on—
23	(A) assessments performed by the United
24	Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate
25	Change in accordance with the Global Change

1	Research Act of 1990 (15 U.S.C. 2921 et seq.);
2	and
3	(B) any other scientific, peer-reviewed re-
4	gional assessments.
5	(2) Inclusions.—The adaptation plan under
6	paragraph (1) shall include—
7	(A) a prioritized list of vulnerable systems
8	and regions in the United States;
9	(B) requirements for coordination between
10	Federal, State, and local governments to ensure
11	that key public infrastructure, safety, health, and
12	land use planning and control issues are ad-
13	dressed;
14	(C) requirements for coordination among
15	the Federal Government, industry, and commu-
16	nities;
17	(D) an assessment of climate change science
18	research needs, including probabilistic assess-
19	ments as an aid to planning;
20	(E) an assessment of climate change tech-
21	nology needs; and
22	(F) regional and national cost assessments
23	for the range of costs that should be anticipated
24	for adapting to the impacts of climate change.

1	(c) Impacts of Climate Change on Low-Income
2	POPULATIONS.—
3	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall con-
4	duct research on the impact of climate change on low-
5	income populations in all countries, including—
6	(A) an assessment of the adverse impact of
7	climate change on—
8	(i) low-income populations in the
9	United States; and
10	(ii) developing countries;
11	(B)(i) an identification of appropriate cli-
12	mate change adaptation measures and programs
13	for developing countries and low-income popu-
14	lations;
15	(ii) an assessment of the impact of the
16	measures and programs on low-income popu-
17	lations; and
18	(C) an estimate of the costs of developing
19	and implementing those climate change adapta-
20	tion and mitigation programs.
21	(2) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
23	submit to Congress a report describing the results of
24	the research conducted under paragraph (1).

1 TITLE VIII—FRAMEWORK FOR 2 GEOLOGICAL SEQUESTRA 3 TION OF CARBON DIOXIDE 4 SEC. 8001. NATIONAL DRINKING WATER REGULATIONS.

4 SEC. 8001. NATIONAL DRINKING WATER REGULATIONS.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1421 of the Safe Drinking
6 Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300h) is amended—

7 (1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "subsection
8 (d)(2)" and inserting "subsection (e)(2)";

9 (2) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection
10 (e); and

11 (3) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol12 lowing:

13 "(d) CARBON DIOXIDE.—

14 "(1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after 15 the date of enactment of the America's Climate Secu-16 rity Act of 2007, the Administrator shall promulgate 17 regulations for permitting commercial-scale under-18 ground injection of carbon dioxide for purposes of geo-19 logical sequestration to address climate change, in-20 cluding provisions—

21 "(A) for monitoring and controlling the
22 long-term storage of carbon dioxide and avoid23 ing, to the maximum extent practicable, any re24 lease of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere, and
25 for ensuring protection of underground sources of

1	drinking water, human health, and the environ-
2	ment; and
3	"(B) relating to long-term liability associ-
4	ated with commercial-scale geological sequestra-
5	tion.
б	"(2) Subsequent reports.—Not later than 5
7	years after the date on which regulations are promul-
8	gated pursuant to paragraph (1), and not less fre-
9	quently than once every 5 years thereafter, the Ad-
10	ministrator shall submit to Congress a report that
11	contains an evaluation of the effectiveness of the regu-
12	lations, based on current knowledge and experience,
13	with particular emphasis on any new information on
14	potential impacts of commercial-scale geological se-
15	questration on drinking water, human health, and the
16	environment.
17	"(3) REVISION.—If the Administrator deter-
18	mines, based on a report under paragraph (2), that
19	regulations promulgated pursuant to paragraph (1)
20	require revision, the Administrator shall promulgate
21	revised regulations not later than 1 year after the
22	date on which the applicable report is submitted to
23	Congress under paragraph (2).".
24	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1447(a)(4) of
25	the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. $300j-6(a)(4)$) is

amended by striking "section 1421(d)(2)" and inserting
 "section 1421(e)(2)".

3	SEC. 8002. ASSESSMENT OF GEOLOGICAL STORAGE CAPAC-
4	ITY FOR CARBON DIOXIDE.
5	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
6	(1) Assessment.—The term "assessment"
7	means the national assessment of capacity for carbon
8	dioxide completed under subsection (f).
9	(2) CAPACITY.—The term "capacity" means the
10	portion of a storage formation that can retain carbon
11	dioxide in accordance with the requirements (includ-
12	ing physical, geological, and economic requirements)
13	established under the methodology developed under
14	subsection (b).
15	(3) Engineered hazard.—The term "engi-
16	neered hazard" includes the location and completion
17	history of any well that could affect a storage forma-
18	tion or capacity.
19	(4) RISK.—The term "risk" includes any risk
20	posed by a geomechanical, geochemical,
21	hydrogeological, structural, or engineered hazard.
22	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
23	the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Di-
24	rector of the United States Geological Survey.

1	(6) Storage formation.—The term "storage
2	formation" means a deep saline formation,
3	unmineable coal seam, oil or gas reservoir, or other
4	geological formation that is capable of accommodating
5	a volume of industrial carbon dioxide.
6	(b) Methodology.—Not later than 1 year after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop
8	a methodology for conducting an assessment under sub-
9	section (f), taking into consideration—
10	(1) the geographical extent of all potential stor-
11	age formations in all States;
12	(2) the capacity of the potential storage forma-
13	tions;
14	(3) the injectivity of the potential storage forma-
15	tions;
16	(4) an estimate of potential volumes of oil and
17	gas recoverable by injection and storage of industrial
18	carbon dioxide in potential storage formations;
19	(5) the risk associated with the potential storage
20	formations; and
21	(6) the work performed to develop the Carbon Se-
22	questration Atlas of the United States and Canada
23	completed by the Department of Energy in April
24	2006.
25	(c) COORDINATION.—

1	(1) FEDERAL COORDINATION.—
2	(A) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall
3	consult with the Secretary of Energy and the Ad-
4	ministrator regarding data sharing and the for-
5	mat, development of methodology, and content of
6	the assessment to ensure the maximum usefulness
7	and success of the assessment.
8	(B) COOPERATION.—The Secretary of En-
9	ergy and the Administrator shall cooperate with
10	the Secretary to ensure, to the maximum extent
11	practicable, the usefulness and success of the as-
12	sessment.
13	(2) STATE COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall
14	consult with State geological surveys and other rel-
15	evant entities to ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
16	ticable, the usefulness and success of the assessment.
17	(d) EXTERNAL REVIEW AND PUBLICATION.—On com-
18	pletion of the methodology under subsection (b), the Sec-
19	retary shall—
20	(1) publish the methodology and solicit comments
21	from the public and the heads of affected Federal and
22	State agencies;
23	(2) establish a panel of individuals with exper-
24	tise in the matters described in paragraphs (1)
25	through (5) of subsection (b) composed, as appro-

1	priate, of representatives of Federal agencies, institu-
2	tions of higher education, nongovernmental organiza-
3	tions, State organizations, industry, and inter-
4	national geosciences organizations to review the meth-
5	odology and comments received under paragraph (1);
6	and
7	(3) on completion of the review under paragraph
8	(2), publish in the Federal Register the revised final
9	methodology.
10	(e) PERIODIC UPDATES.—The methodology developed
11	under this section shall be updated periodically (including
12	not less frequently than once every 5 years) to incorporate
13	new data as the data becomes available.
14	(f) NATIONAL ASSESSMENT.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
16	the date of publication of the methodology under sub-
17	section $(d)(3)$, the Secretary, in consultation with the
18	Secretary of Energy and State geological surveys,
19	shall complete a national assessment of the capacity
20	for carbon dioxide storage in accordance with the
21	methodology.
22	(2) GEOLOGICAL VERIFICATION.—As part of the
23	assessment, the Secretary shall carry out a character-
24	ization program to supplement the geological data

1	relevant to determining storage capacity in carbon
2	dioxide in geological storage formations, including—
3	(A) well log data;
4	(B) core data; and
5	(C) fluid sample data.
6	(3) PARTNERSHIP WITH OTHER DRILLING PRO-
7	GRAMS.—As part of the drilling characterization
8	under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall enter into
9	partnerships, as appropriate, with other entities to
10	collect and integrate data from other drilling pro-
11	grams relevant to the storage of carbon dioxide in geo-
12	logic formations.
13	(4) Incorporation into natcarb.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—On completion of the as-
15	sessment, the Secretary shall incorporate the re-
16	sults of the assessment using, to the maximum
17	extent practicable—
18	(i) the NatCarb database; or
19	(ii) a new database developed by the
20	Secretary, as the Secretary determines to be
21	necessary.
22	(B) RANKING.—The database shall include
23	the data necessary to rank potential storage
24	sites—
25	(i) for capacity and risk;

	121
1	(ii) across the United States;
2	(iii) within each State;
3	(iv) by formation; and
4	(v) within each basin.
5	(5) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the
6	date on which the assessment is completed, the Sec-
7	retary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and
8	Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee
9	on Science and Technology of the House of Represent-
10	atives a report describing the results of the assess-
11	ment.
12	(6) PERIODIC UPDATES.—The assessment shall
13	be updated periodically (including not less frequently
14	than once every 5 years) as necessary to support pub-
15	lic and private sector decisionmaking, as determined
16	by the Secretary.
17	SEC. 8003. STUDY OF THE FEASIBILITY RELATING TO CON-
18	STRUCTION OF PIPELINES AND GEOLOGICAL
19	CARBON DIOXIDE SEQUESTRATION ACTIVI-
20	TIES.
21	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy, in coordi-
22	nation with the Administrator, the Federal Energy Regu-
23	latory Commission, the Secretary of Transportation, and
24	the Secretary of the Interior, shall conduct a study to assess
25	

25 the feasibility of the construction of—

1	(1) pipelines to be used for the transportation of
2	carbon dioxide for the purpose of sequestration or en-
3	hanced oil recovery; and
4	(2) geological carbon dioxide sequestration facili-
5	ties.
6	(b) SCOPE.—The study shall consider—
7	(1) any barrier or potential barrier in existence
8	as of the date of enactment of this Act, including any
9	technical, siting, financing, or regulatory barrier, re-
10	lating to—
11	(A) the construction of pipelines to be used
12	for the transportation of carbon dioxide for the
13	purpose of sequestration or enhanced oil recov-
14	ery; or
15	(B) the geological sequestration of carbon
16	dioxide;
17	(2) any market risk (including throughput risk)
18	relating to—
19	(A) the construction of pipelines to be used
20	for the transportation of carbon dioxide for the
21	purpose of sequestration or enhanced oil recov-
22	ery; or
23	(B) the geological sequestration of carbon
24	dioxide;

1	(3) any regulatory, financing, or siting option
2	that, as determined by the Secretary of Energy,
3	would—
4	(A) mitigate any market risk described in
5	paragraph (2); or
6	(B) help ensure the construction of pipelines
7	dedicated to the transportation of carbon dioxide
8	for the purpose of sequestration or enhanced oil
9	recovery;
10	(4) the means by which to ensure the safe han-
11	dling and transportation of carbon dioxide;
12	(5) any preventive measure to ensure the inte-
13	gration of pipelines to be used for the transportation
14	of carbon dioxide for the purpose of sequestration or
15	enhanced oil recovery; and
16	(6) any other appropriate use, as determined by
17	the Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Ad-
18	ministrator, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commis-
19	sion, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Sec-
20	retary of the Interior.
21	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
22	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall sub-
23	mit to the Congress a report describing the results of the
24	study.

SEC. 8004. LIABILITIES FOR CLOSED GEOLOGICAL STORAGE
 SITES.

3 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Ad-4 5 ministrator shall establish a task force, to be composed of an equal number of stakeholders, the public, subject matter 6 7 experts, and members of the private sector, to conduct a 8 study of the legal framework, environmental and safety con-9 siderations, and cost implications of potential Federal assumption of liability with respect to closed geological stor-10 11 age sites.

12 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date 13 of enactment of this Act, the task force established under 14 subsection (a) shall submit to Congress a report describing 15 the results of the study conducted under subsection (a), in-16 cluding recommendations of the task force, if any, with re-17 spect to the framework described in that subsection.

18 TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS

19 SEC. 9001. PARAMOUNT INTEREST WAIVER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If the President determines that a
national security emergency exists and, in light of information that was not available as of the date of enactment of
this Act, it is in the paramount interest of the United States
to modify any requirement under this Act to minimize the
effects of the emergency, the President may, after opportunity for public notice and comment, temporarily adjust,

suspend, or waive any regulations promulgated pursuant
 to this Act to achieve that minimization.

3 (b) CONSULTATION.—In making an emergency deter4 mination under subsection (a), the President shall, to the
5 maximum extent practicable, consult with and take into ac6 count any advice received from—

7 (1) the National Academy of Sciences;

8 (2) the Secretary of Energy; and

9 (3) the Administrator.

(c) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—An emergency determination
under subsection (a) shall be subject to judicial review in
accordance with section 307 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
7607).

14SEC. 9002. CORPORATE ENVIRONMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF15CLIMATE CHANGE RISKS.

16 (a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange 17 18 Commission (referred to in this section as the "Commission") shall promulgate regulations in accordance with sec-19 tion 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 20 21 78m) directing each issuer of securities under that Act, to 22 inform, based on the current expectations and projections 23 and knowledge of facts of the issuer, securities investors of 24 material risks relating to—

(1) the financial exposure of the issuer because of
 the net global warming pollution emissions of the
 issuer; and

4 (2) the potential economic impacts of global
5 warming on the interests of the issuer.

6 (b) UNIFORM FORMAT FOR DISCLOSURE.—In carrying 7 out subsection (a), the Commission shall enter into an 8 agreement with the Financial Accounting Standards 9 Board, or another appropriate organization that establishes 10 voluntary standards, to develop a uniform format for dis-11 closing to securities investors information on the risks de-12 scribed in subsection (a).

13 (c) INTERIM INTERPRETIVE RELEASE.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
15 the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission
16 shall issue an interpretive release clarifying that
17 under items 101 and 303 of Regulation S-K of the
18 Commission under part 229 of title 17, Code of Fed19 eral Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment
20 of this Act)—

21 (A) the commitments of the United States to
22 reduce emissions of global warming pollution
23 under the United Nations Framework Conven24 tion on Climate Change, done at New York on

1	May 9, 1992, are considered to be a material ef-
2	fect; and
3	(B) global warming constitutes a known
4	trend.
5	(2) Period of effectiveness.—The interpre-
6	tive release issued under paragraph (1) shall remain
7	in effect until the effective date of the final regulations
8	promulgated under subsection (a).
9	SEC. 9003. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL
10	REVIEW.
11	(a) RULEMAKING PROCEDURES.—Any rule, require-
12	ment, regulation, method, standard, program, determina-
13	tion, or final action made or promulgated pursuant to any
14	title of this Act, with the exception of sections 3101, 3201,
15	3301, and 3901, shall be subject to the rulemaking proce-
16	dures described in sections 551 through 557 of title 5,
17	United States Code.
18	(b) ENFORCEMENT.—Each provision of this Act (in-
19	cluding provisions relating to mandatory duties of the Ad-
20	ministrator) shall be fully enforceable pursuant to sections
21	113, 303, and 304 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7413,
22	7603, 7604).
23	(c) Recordkeeping, Inspections, Monitoring,
24	ENTRY, AND SUBPOENAS.—The Administrator shall have
25	the same powers and authority provided under sections 114

and 307(a) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7414, 7607(a))
 in carrying out, administering, and enforcing this Act.

3 (d) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—A petition for judicial review
4 of any regulation promulgated, or final action carried out,
5 by the Administrator pursuant to this Act may be filed
6 only—

7 (1) in the United States Court of Appeals for the
8 District of Columbia; and

9 (2) in accordance with section 307(b) of the
10 Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7607(b)).

11 SEC. 9004. RETENTION OF STATE AUTHORITY.

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection 13 (b), in accordance with section 116 of the Clean Air Act 14 (42 U.S.C. 7416) and section 510 of the Federal Water Pol-15 lution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1370), nothing in this Act 16 precludes or abrogates the right of any State to adopt or 17 enforce—

18 (1) any standard, cap, limitation, or prohibition
19 relating to emissions of greenhouse gas; or

20 (2) any requirement relating to control, abate-

21 *ment, or avoidance of emissions of greenhouse gas.*

(b) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), no
State may adopt a standard, cap, limitation, prohibition,
or requirement that is less stringent than the applicable

standard, cap, limitation, prohibition, or requirement
 under this Act.

3 SEC. 9005. TRIBAL AUTHORITY.

4 For purposes of this Act, the Administrator may treat
5 any federally recognized Indian tribe as a State, in accord6 ance with section 301(d) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
7 7601(d)).

8 SEC. 9006. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

9 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as10 are necessary to carry out this Act.