

**CATEGORY 5 -
TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND
“INFORMATION SECURITY”**

License Requirement Notes: See §743.1 of the EAR for reporting requirements for exports under License Exceptions.

Part I. TELECOMMUNICATIONS

License Exceptions

Notes: 1. The control status of components, “lasers”, test and “production” equipment, and “software” therefor which are specially designed for telecommunications equipment or systems is determined in Category 5, Part 1.

- LVS: N/A for 5A001.a, b.5, .e
\$5000 for 5A001b.1, b.2, b.3, b.6,
and .d \$3000 for 5A001.c
- GBS: Yes, except 5A001.a, b.5, .e
- CIV: Yes, except 5A001.a, b.3, b.5, .e

2. “Digital computers”, related equipment or “software”, when essential for the operation and support of telecommunications equipment described in this Category, are regarded as specially designed components, provided they are the standard models customarily supplied by the manufacturer. This includes operation, administration, maintenance, engineering or billing computer systems.

List of Items Controlled

**A. SYSTEMS, EQUIPMENT AND
COMPONENTS**

Unit: Equipment or antennae in number; cable and fiber in meters/feet, components and accessories in \$ value

● **5A001 Telecommunications systems, equipment, components and accessories, as follows (see List of Items Controlled).**

Related Controls: Telecommunications equipment defined in [5A001.a.1](#) through [5A001.a.3](#) for use on board satellites is subject to the export licensing authority of the Department of State, Directorate of Defense Trade Controls (22 CFR part 121). Direction finding equipment defined in [5A001.e](#) is subject to the export licensing authority of the Department of State, Directorate of Defense Trade Controls (22 CFR part 121). See also [5A101](#) and [5A991](#).

License Requirements

Related Definitions: N/A

Reason for Control: NS, AT

● **Items:**

Control(s) Country Chart

a. Any type of telecommunications equipment having any of the following characteristics, functions or features:

NS applies to 5A001.a, and .e NS Column 1

a.1. Specially designed to withstand transitory electronic effects or electromagnetic pulse effects, both arising from a nuclear explosion;

NS applies to 5A001.b, .c, .d, .f, .g NS Column 2

a.2. Specially hardened to withstand gamma, neutron or ion radiation; *or*

AT applies to entire entry AT Column 1

a.3. Specially designed to operate outside the temperature range from 218 K (-55°C) to 397 K (124°C).

Note: 5A001.a.3 applies only to electronic

equipment.

Note: 5A001.a.2 and 5A001.a.3 do not apply to equipment designed or modified for use on board satellites.

b. Telecommunication systems and equipment, and specially designed components and accessories therefor, having any of the following characteristics, functions or features:

b.1 Being underwater untethered communications systems having any of the following:

b.1.a. An acoustic carrier frequency outside the range from 20 kHz to 60 kHz;

b.1.b. Using an electromagnetic carrier frequency below 30 kHz; *or*

b.1.c. Using electronic beam steering techniques; *or*

b.1.d. Using “lasers” or light-emitting diodes (LEDs) with an output wavelength greater than 400 nm and less than 700 nm, in a “local area network”;

b.2. Being radio equipment operating in the 1.5 MHz to 87.5 MHz band and having all of the following:

b.2.a.. Automatically predicting and selecting frequencies and “total digital transfer rates” per channel to optimize the transmission; *and*

b.2.b. Incorporating a linear power amplifier configuration having a capability to support multiple signals simultaneously at an output power of 1 kW or more in the frequency range of 1.5 MHz or more but less than 30 MHz, or 250 W or more in the frequency range of 30 MHz or more but not exceeding 87.5 MHz, over an “instantaneous bandwidth” of one octave or more and with an output harmonic and distortion content of better than -80 dB;

b.3. Being radio equipment employing “spread spectrum” techniques, including “frequency hopping” techniques, not controlled in 5A001.b.4 and having any of the following :

b.3.a. User programmable spreading codes; *or*

b.3.b. A total transmitted bandwidth which is 100 or more times the bandwidth of any one information channel and in excess of 50 kHz;

Note: 5A001.b.3.b does not control radio equipment specially designed for use with civil cellular radio-communications systems.

Note: 5A001.b.3 does not control equipment operating at an output power of 1 W or less.

b.4 Being radio equipment employing ultra-wideband modulation techniques, having user programmable channelizing codes, scrambling codes, or network identification codes and having any of the following:

b.4.a. A bandwidth exceeding 500 MHz; *or*

b.4.b. A “fractional bandwidth” of 20% or more;

b.5. Being digitally controlled radio receivers having all of the following:

b.5.a. More than 1,000 channels;

b.5.b. A “frequency switching time” of less than 1 ms;

b.5.c. Automatic searching or scanning of a part of the electromagnetic spectrum; *and*

b.5.d. Identification of the received signals or the type of transmitter; *or*

Note: 5A001.b.5 does not control radio equipment specially designed for use with civil

cellular radio-communications systems.

b.6. Employing functions of digital “signal processing” to provide ‘voice coding’ output at rates of less than 2,400 bit/s.

Technical Notes:

1. For variable rate ‘voice coding’, 5A001.b.6 applies to the ‘voice coding’ output of continuous speech.

2. For the purpose of 5A001.b.6, ‘voice coding’ is defined as the technique to take samples of human voice and then convert these samples of human voice into a digital signal taking into account specific characteristics of human speech.

c. Optical fiber communication cables, optical fibers and accessories, as follows:

c.1. Optical fibers of more than 500 m in length specified by the manufacturer as being capable of withstanding a ‘proof test’ tensile stress of 2×10^9 N/m² or more;

Technical Note: ‘Proof Test’: on-line or off-line production screen testing that dynamically applies a prescribed tensile stress over a 0.5 to 3 m length of fiber at a running rate of 2 to 5 m/s while passing between capstans approximately 150 mm in diameter. The ambient temperature is a nominal 293 K (20°C) and relative humidity 40%. Equivalent national standards may be used for executing the proof test.

c.2. Optical fiber cables and accessories, designed for underwater use;

Note: 5A001.c.2 does not control standard civil telecommunication cables and accessories.

N.B. 1: For underwater umbilical cables, and connectors thereof, see 8A002.a.3.

N.B. 2: For fiber-optic hull penetrators or

connectors, see 8A002.c.

d. “Electronically steerable phased array antennae” operating above 31.8 GHz;

Note: 5A001.d does not control “electronically steerable phased array antennae” for landing systems with instruments meeting ICAO standards covering Microwave Landing Systems (MLS).

e. Radio direction finding equipment operating at frequencies above 30 MHz and having all of the following, and specially designed components therefor:

e.1. “Instantaneous bandwidth” of 10 MHz or more; and

e.2. Capable of finding a Line Of Bearing (LOB) to non-cooperating radio transmitters with a signal duration of less than 1 ms;

f. Jamming equipment specially designed or modified to intentionally and selectively interfere with, deny, inhibit, degrade or seduce mobile telecommunication services and having any of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefore:

f.1. Simulating the functions of Radio Access Network (RAN) equipment; or

f.2. Detecting and exploiting specific characteristics of the mobile telecommunications protocol employed (e.g., GSM);

N.B. : For GNSS jamming equipment see the Munitions List.

g. Passive Coherent Location (PCL) systems or equipment, specially designed for detecting and tracking moving objects by measuring reflections of ambient radio frequency emissions, supplied by non-radar transmitters.

Technical Note: Non-radar transmitters may

include commercial radio, television or cellular telecommunications base stations.

Note: 5A001.g. does not control:

- a. Radio-astronomical equipment; or
- b. Systems or equipment, that require any radio transmission from the target.

5A101 Telemetry and telecontrol equipment, including ground equipment, designed or modified for unmanned aerial vehicles or rocket systems (including ballistic missile systems, space launch vehicles, sounding rockets, cruise missile systems, target drones, and reconnaissance drones) capable of a maximum “range” equal to or greater than 300 km.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: MT, AT

Control(s) Country Chart

MT applies to entire entry MT Column 1

AT applies to entire entry AT Column 1

License Exceptions

- LVS: N/A
- GBS: N/A
- CIV: N/A

List of Items Controlled

- Unit:* Number
- Related Controls:* N/A
- Related Definitions:* N/A
- Items:*

The list of items controlled is contained in the ECCN heading.

***NOTE:* 5A101 does not control:**

- 1. Telecontrol equipment specially designed to be used for remote control of recreational model planes, boats or vehicles and having an electric field strength of not more than 200 microvolts per meter at a distance of 500 meters;
- 2. Equipment designed or modified for manned aircraft or satellites;
- 3. Ground based equipment designed or modified for terrestrial or marine applications;
- 4. Equipment designed for commercial, civil, or safety of life (e.g., data integrity or flight safety) Global Navigation Satellite System services.

***NOTE:* ECCN 5A101 does not include items not designed or modified for unmanned aerial vehicles or rocket systems (including ballistic missile systems, space launch vehicles, sounding rockets, cruise missile systems, target drones, and reconnaissance drones) capable of a maximum “range” equal to or greater than 300km (e.g., telemetry circuit cards limited by design to reception only and designed for use in personal computers).**

5A980 Devices primarily useful for the surreptitious interception of wire, oral, or electronic communications; and parts and accessories therefor.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: SL, AT

Control(s): SL and AT apply to entire entry. A license is required for all destinations, as specified in §742.13 of the EAR. Accordingly, a column specific to this control does not appear on the Commerce Country Chart (Supplement No. 1 to Part 738 of the EAR).

Note: This licensing requirement does not supersede, nor does it implement, construe or limit the scope of any criminal statute, including, but

not limited to the Omnibus Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended.

Note: These items are subject to the United Nations Security Council arms embargo against Rwanda described in §746.8 of the EAR.

License Exceptions

LVS: N/A
 GBS: N/A
 CIV: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value
Related Controls: N/A
Related Definitions: N/A
Items:

The list of items controlled is contained in the ECCN heading.

5A991 Telecommunication equipment, not controlled by 5A001.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: AT

<i>Control(s)</i>	<i>Country Chart</i>
AT applies to entire entry	AT Column 1

License Exceptions

LVS: N/A
 GBS: N/A
 CIV: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value
Related Controls: Telecommunication equipment defined in [5A991](#) for use on board satellites is subject to the export licensing

authority of the Department of State, Directorate of Defense Trade Controls (22 CFR part 121). See also [5E101](#) and [5E991](#)
Related Definitions: 1) ‘Asynchronous transfer mode’ (‘ATM’) is a transfer mode in which the information is organized into cells; it is asynchronous in the sense that the recurrence of cells depends on the required or instantaneous bit rate. 2) ‘Bandwidth of one voice channel’ is data communication equipment designed to operate in one voice channel of 3,100 Hz, as defined in CCITT Recommendation G.151. 3) ‘Communications channel controller’ is the physical interface that controls the flow of synchronous or asynchronous digital information. It is an assembly that can be integrated into computer or telecommunications equipment to provide communications access. 4) ‘Datagram’ is a self-contained, independent entity of data carrying sufficient information to be routed from the source to the destination data terminal equipment without reliance on earlier exchanges between this source and destination data terminal equipment and the transporting network. 5) ‘Fast select’ is a facility applicable to virtual calls that allows data terminal equipment to expand the possibility to transmit data in call set-up and clearing ‘packets’ beyond the basic capabilities of a virtual call. 6) ‘Gateway’ is the function, realized by any combination of equipment and “software”, to carry out the conversion of conventions for representing, processing or communicating information used on one system into the corresponding, but different conventions used in another system. 7) ‘Integrated Services Digital Network’ (ISDN) is a unified end-to-end digital network, in which data originating from all types of communication (e.g., voice, text, data, still and moving pictures) are transmitted from one port (terminal) in the exchange (switch) over one access line to and from the subscriber. 8) ‘Packet’ is a group of binary digits including data and call control signals that is switched

as a composite whole. The data, call control signals, and possible error control information are arranged in a specified format.

Items:

a. Any type of telecommunications equipment, not controlled by 5A001.a, specially designed to operate outside the temperature range from 219 K (-54 °C) to 397 K (124 °C).

b. Telecommunication transmission equipment and systems, and specially designed components and accessories therefor, having any of the following characteristics, functions or features:

Note: *Telecommunication transmission equipment:*

a. *Categorized as follows, or combinations thereof:*

1. *Radio equipment (e.g., transmitters, receivers and transceivers);*

2. *Line terminating equipment;*

3. *Intermediate amplifier equipment;*

4. *Repeater equipment;*

5. *Regenerator equipment;*

6. *Translation encoders (transcoders);*

7. *Multiplex equipment (statistical multiplex included);*

8. *Modulators/demodulators (modems);*

9. *Transmultiplex equipment (see CCITT Rec. G701);*

10. *“Stored program controlled” digital crossconnection equipment;*

11. *‘Gateways’ and bridges;*

12. *“Media access units”; and*

b. *Designed for use in single or multi-channel communication via any of the following:*

1. *Wire (line);*

2. *Coaxial cable;*

3. *Optical fiber cable;*

4. *Electromagnetic radiation; or*

5. *Underwater acoustic wave propagation.*

b.1. Employing digital techniques, including digital processing of analog signals, and designed to operate at a “digital transfer rate” at the highest multiplex level exceeding 45 Mbit/s or a “total digital transfer rate” exceeding 90 Mbit/s;

Note: *5A991.b.1 does not control equipment specially designed to be integrated and operated in any satellite system for civil use.*

b.2. Modems using the ‘bandwidth of one voice channel’ with a “data signaling rate” exceeding 9,600 bits per second;

b.3. Being “stored program controlled” digital cross connect equipment with “digital transfer rate” exceeding 8.5 Mbit/s per port.

b.4. Being equipment containing any of the following:

b.4.a. ‘Network access controllers’ and their related common medium having a “digital transfer rate” exceeding 33 Mbit/s; *or*

b.4.b. “Communication channel controllers” with a digital output having a “data signaling rate” exceeding 64,000 bit/s per channel;

Note: *If any uncontrolled equipment contains a “network access controller”, it cannot have any*

type of telecommunications interface, except those described in, but not controlled by 5A991.b.4.

b.5. Employing a “laser” and having any of the following characteristics:

b.5.a. A transmission wavelength exceeding 1,000 nm; *or*

b.5.b. Employing analog techniques and having a bandwidth exceeding 45 MHz;

Note: *5A991.b.5.b does not control commercial TV systems.*

b.5.c. Employing coherent optical transmission or coherent optical detection techniques (also called optical heterodyne or homodyne techniques);

b.5.d. Employing wavelength division multiplexing techniques; *or*

b.5.e. Performing “optical amplification”;

b.6. Radio equipment operating at input or output frequencies exceeding:

b.6.a. 31 GHz for satellite-earth station applications; *or*

b.6.b. 26.5 GHz for other applications;

Note: *5A991.b.6. does not control equipment for civil use when conforming with an International Telecommunications Union (ITU) allocated band between 26.5 GHz and 31 GHz.*

b.7. Being radio equipment employing any of the following:

b.7.a. Quadrature-amplitude-modulation (QAM) techniques above level 4 if the “total digital transfer rate” exceeds 8.5 Mbit/s;

b.7.b. QAM techniques above level 16 if

the “total digital transfer rate” is equal to or less than 8.5 Mbit/s;

b.7.c. Other digital modulation techniques and having a “spectral efficiency” exceeding 3 bit/s/Hz; *or*

b.7.d. Operating in the 1.5 MHz to 87.5 MHz band and incorporating adaptive techniques providing more than 15 dB suppression of an interfering signal.

Notes:

1. *5A991.b.7 does not control equipment specially designed to be integrated and operated in any satellite system for civil use.*

2. *5A991.b.7 does not control radio relay equipment for operation in an ITU allocated band:*

a. *Having any of the following:*

a.1. *Not exceeding 960 MHz; or*

a.2. *With a “total digital transfer rate” not exceeding 8.5 Mbit/s; and*

b. *Having a “spectral efficiency” not exceeding 4 bit/s/Hz.*

c. “Stored program controlled” switching equipment and related signaling systems, having any of the following characteristics, functions or features, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:

Note: *Statistical multiplexers with digital input and digital output which provide switching are treated as “stored program controlled” switches.*

c.1. “Data (message) switching” equipment or systems designed for “packet-mode operation” and assemblies and components therefor, n.e.s.

●c.2. [RESERVED];

c.3. Routing or switching of ‘datagram’ packets;

●c.4. [RESERVED]

●**Note:** *The restrictions in 5A991.c.3 do not apply to networks restricted to using only ‘network access controllers’ or to ‘network access controllers’ themselves.*

c.5. Multi-level priority and pre-emption for circuit switching;

Note: *5A991.c.5 does not control single-level call preemption.*

c.6. Designed for automatic hand-off of cellular radio calls to other cellular switches or automatic connection to a centralized subscriber data base common to more than one switch;

c.7. Containing “stored program controlled” digital cross connect equipment with “digital transfer rate” exceeding 8.5 Mbit/s per port.

c.8. “Common channel signaling” operating in either non-associated or quasi-associated mode of operation;

c.9. ‘Dynamic adaptive routing’;

Note: *5A991.c.10 does not control packet switches or routers with ports or lines not exceeding the limits in 5A991.c.10.*

c.10. Being packet switches, circuit switches and routers with ports or lines exceeding any of the following:

c.10.a. A “data signaling rate” of 64,000 bit/s per channel for a ‘communications channel controller’; *or*

Note: *5A991.c.10.a does not control multiplex composite links composed only of communication channels not individually*

controlled by 5A991.b.1.

c.10.b. A “digital transfer rate” of 33 Mbit/s for a ‘network access controller’ and related common media;

c.11. “Optical switching”;

c.12. Employing ‘Asynchronous Transfer Mode’ (‘ATM’) techniques.

d. Optical fibers and optical fiber cables of more than 50 m in length designed for single mode operation;

e. Centralized network control having all of the following characteristics:

e.1. Receives data from the nodes; *and*

e.2. Process these data in order to provide control of traffic not requiring operator decisions, and thereby performing ‘dynamic adaptive routing’;

Note: *5A991.e does not preclude control of traffic as a function of predictable statistical traffic conditions.*

f. Phased array antennae, operating above 10.5 GHz, containing active elements and distributed components, and designed to permit electronic control of beam shaping and pointing, except for landing systems with instruments meeting International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) standards (microwave landing systems (MLS)).

g. Mobile communications equipment, n.e.s., and assemblies and components therefor; *or*

h. Radio relay communications equipment designed for use at frequencies equal to or exceeding 19.7 GHz and assemblies and components therefor, n.e.s.

B. TEST, INSPECTION AND PRODUCTION EQUIPMENT

5B001 Telecommunication test, inspection and production equipment, as follows (See List of Items Controlled).

License Requirements

Reason for Control: NS, AT

<i>Control(s)</i>	<i>Country Chart</i>
NS applies to entire entry	NS Column 2
AT applies to entire entry	AT Column 1

License Requirement Notes: See §743.1 of the EAR for reporting requirements for exports under License Exceptions.

License Exceptions

- LVS: \$5000
- GBS: Yes
- CIV: Yes

List of Items Controlled

Unit: Equipment in number; components and accessories in \$ value
Related Controls: See also [5B991](#).
Related Definition: N/A
Items:

a. Equipment and specially designed components or accessories therefor, specially designed for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment, functions or features controlled by 5A001, 5D001 or 5E001.

Note: 5B001.a. does not control optical fiber characterization equipment.

b. Equipment and specially designed components or accessories therefor, specially designed for the

“development” of any of the following telecommunication transmission or switching equipment:

b.1. Equipment employing digital techniques designed to operate at a “total digital transfer rate” exceeding 15 Gbit/s;

Technical Note: For switching equipment the “total digital transfer rate” is measured at the highest speed port or line.

b.2. Equipment employing a “laser” and having any of the following:

b.2.a. A transmission wavelength exceeding 1750 nm;

b.2.b. Performing “optical amplification”;

b.2.c. Employing coherent optical transmission or coherent optical detection techniques (also called optical heterodyne or homodyne techniques); *or*

b.2.d. Employing analog techniques and having a bandwidth exceeding 2.5 GHz;

Note: 5B001.b.2.d. does not include equipment specially designed for the “development” of commercial TV systems.

b.3. Equipment employing “optical switching”;

b.4. Radio equipment employing quadrature-amplitude-modulation (QAM) techniques above level 256; *or*

b.5. Equipment employing “common channel signaling” operating in non-associated mode of operation.

5B991 Telecommunications test equipment, n.e.s.

controlled by 5A001.b.5.

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value

Related Controls: See also [5D991](#)

Related Definitions: N/A

Items:

a. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment, functions or features controlled by 5A001 or 5B001.

b. “Software” specially designed or modified to support “technology” controlled by 5E001.

c. Specific “software” specially designed or modified to provide characteristics, functions or features of equipment controlled by 5A001 or 5B001.

d. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development” of any of the following telecommunication transmission or switching equipment:

d.1. Equipment employing digital techniques, including designed to operate at a “total digital transfer rate” exceeding 15 Gbit/s;

Technical Note: For switching equipment the “total digital transfer rate” is measured at the highest speed port or line.

d.2. Equipment employing a “laser” and having any of the following:

d.2.a. A transmission wavelength exceeding 1750 nm; *or*

d.2.b. Employing analog techniques and having a bandwidth exceeding 2.5 GHz;

Note: 5D001.d.2.b. does not control “software” specially designed or modified for the “development” of commercial TV systems.

d.3. Equipment employing “optical switching”; *or*

d.4. Radio equipment employing quadrature-amplitude-modulation (QAM) techniques above level 256.

5D101 “Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of items controlled by 5A101.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: MT, AT

<i>Control(s)</i>	<i>Country Chart</i>
MT applies to entire entry	MT Column 1
AT applies to entire entry	AT Column 1

License Exceptions

CIV: N/A

TSR: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value

Related Controls: N/A

Related Definitions: N/A

Items:

The list of items controlled is contained in the ECCN heading.

5D980 Other “software”, as follows (see List of Items Controlled).

License Requirements

Reason for Control: SL, AT

Controls: SL and AT apply to entire entry. A license is required for all destinations, as specified in §742.13 of the EAR. Accordingly, a column specific to this control does not appear on the Commerce Country Chart (Supplement No. 1 to Part 738 of the EAR).

Note: This licensing requirement does not supersede, nor does it implement, construe or limit the scope of any criminal statute, including, but not limited to the Omnibus Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended.

Note: These items are subject to the United Nations Security Council arms embargo against Rwanda described in §746.8 of the EAR.

License Exceptions

CIV: N/A
TSR: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value
Related Controls: N/A
Related Definitions: N/A
Items:

a. “Software” primarily useful for the surreptitious interception of wire, oral, and electronic communications.

b. “Software” primarily useful for the “development”, “production”, or “use” of equipment controlled by 5A980.

5D991 “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production”, or “use” of equipment controlled by 5A991 and 5B991, and dynamic adaptive routing software as described in the List of Items Controlled.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: AT

Control(s) Country Chart

AT applies to entire entry AT Column 1

License Exceptions

CIV: N/A
TSR: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value
Related Controls: N/A
Related Definitions: N/A
Items:

a. “Software”, other than in machine-executable form, specially designed for “dynamic adaptive routing”.

b. [RESERVED]

E. TECHNOLOGY

5E001 “Technology”, (see List of Items Controlled).

License Requirements

Reason for Control: NS, AT

Control(s) Country Chart

NS applies to entire entry NS Column 1

AT applies to entire entry AT Column 1

License Requirement Notes: See §743.1 of the EAR for reporting requirements for exports under License Exceptions.

License Exceptions

CIV: N/A

TSR: Yes, except for exports or reexports to destinations outside of Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, or the United Kingdom of “technology” controlled by 5E001.a for the “development” or “production” of the following:

- 1) Items controlled by 5A001.b.5; or
- 2) “Software” controlled by 5D001.a that is specially designed for the “development” or “production” of equipment, functions or features controlled by 5A001.b.5.

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value

Related Controls: Technology defined in [5E001.b.1](#), [5E001.b.2](#), [5E001.b.4](#), or [5E001.c](#) for use on board satellites is subject to the export licensing authority of the Department of State, Directorate of Defense Trade Controls (22 CFR part 121). See also [5E101](#) and [5E991](#)

Related Definitions: N/A

Items:

a. “Technology” according to the General Technology Note for the “development”, “production” or “use” (excluding operation) of equipment, functions or features or “software” controlled by 5A001, 5B001 or 5D001.

b. Specific “technologies”, as follows:

b.1. “Required” “technology” for the “development” or “production” of telecommunications equipment specially designed to be used on board satellites;

b.2. “Technology” for the “development” or

“use” of “laser” communication techniques with the capability of automatically acquiring and tracking signals and maintaining communications through exoatmosphere or sub-surface (water) media;

b.3. “Technology” for the “development” of digital cellular radio base station receiving equipment whose reception capabilities that allow multi-band, multi-channel, multi-mode, multi-coding algorithm or multi-protocol operation can be modified by changes in “software”;

b.4. “Technology” for the “development” of “spread spectrum” techniques, including “frequency hopping” techniques.

c. “Technology” according to the General Technology Note for the “development” or “production” of any of the following telecommunication transmission or switching equipment, functions or features:

c.1. Equipment employing digital techniques designed to operate at a “total digital transfer rate” exceeding 15 Gbit/s;

Technical Note: For switching equipment the “total digital transfer rate” is measured at the highest speed port or line.

c.2. Equipment employing a “laser” and having any of the following:

c.2.a. A transmission wavelength exceeding 1750 nm;

c.2.b. Performing “optical amplification” using praseodymium-doped fluoride fiber amplifiers (PDFFA);

c.2.c. Employing coherent optical transmission or coherent optical detection techniques (also called optical heterodyne or homodyne techniques);

c.2.d. Employing wavelength division

multiplexing techniques exceeding 8 optical carriers in a single optical window; *or*

c.2.e. Employing analog techniques and having a bandwidth exceeding 2.5 GHz;

Note: 5E001.c.2.e. does not control “technology” for the “development” or “production” of commercial TV systems.

c.3. Equipment employing “optical switching”; *or*

c.4. Radio equipment having any of the following:

c.4.a. Quadrature-amplitude-modulation (QAM) techniques above level 256; *or*

c.4.b. Operating at input or output frequencies exceeding 31.8 GHz; *or*

Note: 5E001.c.4.b. does not control “technology” for the “development” or “production” of equipment designed or modified for operation in any frequency band which is “allocated by the ITU” for radio-communications services, but not for radio-determination.

c.4.c. Operating in the 1.5 MHz to 87.5 MHz band and incorporating adaptive techniques providing more than 15 dB suppression of an interfering signal; *or*

c.5. Equipment employing “common channel signaling” operating in non-associated mode of operation.

5E101 “Technology” according to the General Technology Note for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment or software controlled by 5A101 or 5D101.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: MT, AT

Control(s) Country Chart

MT applies to entire entry MT Column 1

AT applies to entire entry AT Column 1

License Exceptions

CIV: N/A

TSR: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: \$ value

Related Controls: N/A

Related Definitions: N/A

Items:

The list of items controlled is contained in the ECCN heading.

5E980 “Technology” primarily useful for the “development”, “production”, or “use” of equipment controlled by 5A980.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: SL, AT

Controls: SL and AT apply to entire entry. A license is required for all destinations, as specified in §742.13 of the EAR. Accordingly, a column specific to this control does not appear on the Commerce Country Chart (Supplement No. 1 to Part 738 of the EAR).

Note: These items are subject to the United Nations Security Council arms embargo against Rwanda described in §746.8 of the EAR.

License Exceptions

CIV: N/A

TSR: N/A

