

Small Business Profile: WEST VIRGINIA

Small businesses make a significant contribution to the U.S. economy, and in 2003, they were the engine of West Virginia's economic performance. Nationally, half of U.S. non-farm private output and employment is generated by small firms with 500 or fewer employees; in West Virginia, small business owners—including women, minorities, and home based individuals—were leaders in the state's economy in 2003. The Office of Advocacy's *Small Business Profile* reports on small businesses in the state using the most currently available data.

Number of Businesses. The estimated total number of small businesses in West Virginia in 2003 was 118,700.¹ Of the 37,144 employer firms in 2003, 96.6 percent or an estimated 35,900 were small firms. The estimated number of employer businesses decreased by 0.6 percent in 2003. The most recent data available show that non-employer businesses numbered 82,791 in 2001. Self-employment increased by 8.5 percent, from 45,614 in 2002 to 49,481 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Women-Owned Businesses. Self-employment by women increased by 13.2 percent, from 14,714 in 2002 to 16,654 in 2003 and represented 33.9 percent of self-employed persons in the state. Women-owned businesses generated \$3.3 billion in revenues, employed 33,724 workers, and constituted 30,200 firms or 27.1 percent of all firms in 1997. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Minority-Owned Businesses. In 1997, 25.6 percent or 1,100 of the minority-owned businesses in the state were employer firms, and they generated 91.9 percent of the total minority-owned business revenue of \$0.8 billion. There were 900 Hispanic-owned businesses; 1,100 Black-owned businesses; 1,200 Asian and Pacific Islander-owned businesses; and 1,000 American Indian and Alaskan Native-owned businesses in 1997. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Business Turnover. The estimated number of new employer businesses was 4,126 in 2003, which is 4.6 percent more than

¹ The Office of Advocacy's estimate of the total number of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2001 Census Bureau firm size data) multiplied by the total number of employer businesses in 2003 (Dept. of Labor). To this total, we add the 2001 number of non-employer firms (Census Bureau).

the previous year. Business bankruptcies decreased by 18.8 percent, and totaled 290 in 2003. Business terminations decreased by 0.8 percent and numbered 5,550 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Employment. Small businesses with fewer than 500 employees numbered 31,786 in 2001 and employed 300,070 people or 54 percent of the state's non-farm private workforce (Table 1).² Total net employment loss in the state amounted to 3,060 between 2000 and 2001. Of that number, 1,139 are attributable to MSAs (metropolitan statistical areas). During the same time period, firms with fewer than 20 employees gained 1,300 jobs. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses. Note: Urban (MSA) and rural (non-MSA) employment data is available at: www.sba.gov/advo/stats/data.html.)

Small Business Income. Small business proprietors' income in 2003 increased by 3.7 percent, from \$2.9 billion in 2002 to \$3 billion in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

Finance. Small firms typically use commercial bank lenders and rely on local bank services. Over the last five years there has been a gradual decline in the number of banks in West Virginia (Table 3). The Office of Advocacy has identified banks in each state that make the most loans to small businesses. This information is available in its banking studies available at www.sba.gov/advo/stats.

To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's research, data, and analyses of small businesses, visit www.sba.gov/advo, call (202) 205-6533 or email advocacy@sba.gov.

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 $^{^2}$ The number of employers listed in Table 1 is not directly comparable to the figures listed in the *Number of Businesses* section due to different data sources.

Table 1. Firms and Employment in West Virginia by Industry and Firm Size, 2001 (Thousands)

Industry	Non-employer	Employer Firms			En	Employment		
Industry	Firms	Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500	
Total	82.79	32.92	31.11	31.79	555.61	224.83	300.07	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1.42	0.36	0.36	0.36	*	*	[g]	
Mining	3.07	0.55	0.5	0.53	19.96	5.4	8.91	
Utilities	0.11	0.1	0.09	0.09	7.65	*	0.61	
Construction	9.83	4.27	4.21	4.24	27.54	22.26	25.07	
Manufacturing	1.27	1.37	1.12	1.22	72.45	15.21	25.18	
Wholesale trade	1.59	1.5	1.26	1.32	21.63	1.26	14.98	
Retail trade	11.52	5.2	4.87	4.95	87.62	4.87	42.25	
Transportation and warehousing	4	1.36	1.27	1.3	13.73	1.27	9.63	
Information	0.75	0.34	0.28	0.3	12.38	2.54	3.49	
Finance and insurance	2.36	1.23	1.11	1.13	21.79	6.78	7.94	
Real estate; rental and leasing	6.74	1.25	1.18	1.2	6.52	4.62	6.52	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	8.03	2.7	2.58	2.63	20.68	14.95	17.75	
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.16	0.05	0.1	5.14	0.77	1.67	
Admin., support, waste mngt., and remed., services	4.02	1.29	1.18	1.21	29.93	1.18	12.72	
Educational services	1.37	0.25	0.23	0.24	8.89	2.34	4.54	
Health care and social assistance	7.6	3.5	3.29	3.42	104.49	31.2	54.53	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.7	0.52	0.5	0.51	7.94	3.78	5.02	
Accommodation and food services	1.17	2.47	2.32	2.39	52.96	24.77	33.51	
Other services	15.23	4.68	4.6	4.62	27.92	23.36	25.21	
Auxilary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional								
managing offices	N/A	0.06	0.01	0.02	4.41	*	0.13	
Unclassified	N/A	0.28	0.28	*	*	*	*	

^{*}Data suppressed to protect the confidentially of individual firms.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2000–2001 (Thousands)

•	•	Firm Size (N	rees)	
	Total	1–19	1–499	500+
Job Gains:				
New establishments	23.53	8.52	16.6	6.92
Expanding establishments	51.27	15.06	30.37	20.9
Job Losses:				
Downsized establishments	-51.04	-12.48	-30.48	-20.56
Closed establishments	-26.82	-9.8	-15.51	-11.31
Net change in employment	-3.06	1.3	0.99	-4.05

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2001.

Table 3. Number of Banks in West Virginia by Asset Size, 1995 – 2003

Number of Banks Per Year				Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2003					
1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	Below \$100M	\$100M-\$500M	\$500 – \$1B	\$1B – \$10B	Over \$10B
119	79	71	70	69	30	35	0	4	0

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board. The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at www.sba.gov/advo/lending.